



KENYA INSTITUTE OF CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

A skilled and ethical society

UPPER PRIMARY SCHOOL CURRICULUM DESIGN

CREATIVE ARTS

GRADE 4



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TABLE OF CONTENTS

NATIONAL GOALS OF EDUCATION	iv
LESSON ALLOCATION AT UPPER PRIMARY	vi
LEVEL LEARNING OUTCOMES	vii
ESSENCE STATEMENT	viii
SUBJECT GENERAL LEARNING OUTCOMES	
SUMMARY OF STRANDS AND SUB-STRANDS	1
STRAND 1.0 CREATING AND EXECUTION	
STRAND 2.0 PERFORMANCE AND DISPLAY	15
STRAND 3.0 APPRECIATION IN CREATIVE ARTS	29
APPENDIX I: COMMUNITY SERVICE LEARNING AT UPPER PRIMARY	35
APPENDIX II: SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES ASSESSMENT METHODS AND NON-FORMAL ACTIVITIE	ES38



NATIONAL GOALS OF EDUCATION

1. Foster nationalism, patriotism, and promote national unity

Kenya's people belong to different communities, races and religions and should be able to live and interact as one people. Education should enable the learner to acquire a sense of nationhood and patriotism. It should also promote peace and mutual respect for harmonious coexistence.

2. Promote social, economic, technological and industrial needs for national development

Education should prepare the learner to play an effective and productive role in the nation.

- a) Social Needs
 - Education should instil social and adaptive skills in the learner for effective participation in community and national development.
- b) Economic Needs
 - Education should prepare a learner with requisite competencies that support a modern and independent growing economy. This should translate into high standards of living for every individual.
- c) Technological and Industrial Needs
 Education should provide the learner with necessary competences for technological and industrial development in tandem with changing global trends.

3. Promote individual development and self-fulfilment

Education should provide opportunities for the learner to develop to the fullest potential. This includes development of one's interests, talents and character for positive contribution to the society.



4. Promote sound moral and religious values

Education should promote acquisition of national values as enshrined in the Constitution. It should be geared towards developing a self- disciplined and ethical citizen with sound moral and religious values.

5. Promote social equity and responsibility

Education should promote social equity and responsibility. It should provide inclusive and equitable access to quality and differentiated education; including learners with special educational needs and disabilities. Education should also provide the learner with opportunities for shared responsibility and accountability through service Learning.

6. Promote respect for and development of Kenya's rich and varied cultures

Education should instill in the learner appreciation of Kenya's rich and diverse cultural heritage. The learner should value own and respect other people's culture as well as embrace positive cultural practices in a dynamic society.

7. Promote international consciousness and foster positive attitudes towards other nations

Kenya is part of the interdependent network of diverse peoples and nations. Education should therefore enable the learner to respect, appreciate and participate in the opportunities within the international community. Education should also facilitate the learner to operate within the international community with full knowledge of the obligations, responsibilities, rights and benefits that this membership entails.

8. Good health and environmental protection

Education should inculcate in the learner the value of physical and psychological well-being for self and others. It should promote environmental preservation and conservation, including animal welfare for sustainable development.



LESSON ALLOCATION AT UPPER PRIMARY

S/No	Learning Area	Number of Lessons
1.		
	English	5
2.	TZ' 1''' / TZ	
2	Kiswahili / Kenya Sign Language	4
3.	Mathematics	5
4.	Religious Education	3
5.	Trongroup Zuvounon	
	Science & Technology	4
6.	Agriculture and Nutrition	4
7.	Social Studies	3
8.	Creative Arts	6
9.		
	Pastoral/Religious Instruction Programme	1
Total		35



LEVEL LEARNING OUTCOMES

By the end of the Primary Education, the learner should be able to:

- a) Communicate appropriately using verbal and or non-verbal modes in a variety of contexts
- b) Demonstrate mastery of number concepts to solve problems in day to day life
- c) Demonstrate social skills, moral and religious values for positive contribution to society
- d) Develop one's interests and talents for personal fulfilment
- e) Make informed decisions as local and global citizens of a diverse, democratic society in an interdependent world
- f) Explore, manipulate, manage and conserve the environment effectively for learning and sustainable development
- g) Acquire digital literacy skills for learning and enjoyment
- h) Appreciate the country's rich, diverse cultural heritage for harmonious living



ESSENCE STATEMENT

Creative Arts is an integrated learning area that consists of Art and Craft, Music and Physical Health Education. This design provides an avenue for symbiotic relationship in the triad where learning areas mutually benefit from each other from resource development to skill execution (inter/ multidisciplinary integration).

The learning area is organised in three strands namely; Creating and Execution, Performing and Display and Appreciation in Creative Arts. The learning experiences are structured to develop learners' creativity, nurture functional and aesthetic sensitivity that leads to the acquisition of transferable skills useful in other learning areas and contexts. This is supported by Howard Gardner's theory of multiple intelligence that each person has different ways of learning and different intelligences they use in their daily lives and also Dewey's social constructivism theory, which emphasises an experiential and participatory approach.

Digital literacy as a 21st-century skill, has been embedded to enable the learner to interact, create, store and disseminate knowledge and skills (product) using emerging technologies and trends in education. Subsequently, this will prepare the learner to acquire the knowledge, skills and attitudes to transit to the Junior School.

SUBJECT GENERAL LEARNING OUTCOMES

By the end of the upper primary school, the learner should be able to:

- 1. Perform and display alone and with others different Creative Arts works to promote diverse cultural knowledge and expression.
- 2. Create artworks to share their ideas, emotions, thoughts, feelings and experiences for learning and enjoyment.
- 3. Perform Physical and health activities for enjoyment, survival and self-fulfillment,
- 4. Apply environmental conservation values of re-use and recycle of materials for creative and improvisation purposes.
- 5. Evaluate Creative Arts works to make meaningful connections to Creating, Execution, Performing, Display and Appreciation of Art works.



- 6. Use emerging technologies as a learning tool to explore creative ideas in the process of making, performing, displaying and appreciation of Creative Arts' works.
- 7. Acquire a variety of developmentally appropriate Creative Arts experiences within the social, cultural, national and international context.
- 8. Address pertinent and contemporary issues in society through Creative Arts effectively.



SUMMARY OF STRANDS AND SUB-STRANDS

Strand	Sub Strand			
1.0 Creating and Execution	1.1 Indigenous Kenyan Percussion Instruments			
	1.2 Netball			
	1.3 Composing rhythm			
	1.4 Composing melody			
2.0 Performance and Display	2.1 Athletics			
	2.2 Gymnastics			
	2.3 Descant Recorder			
	2.4 Swimming (OPTIONAL)			
	2.5 Songs			
3.0 Appreciation in Creative Arts	3.1 Critique of an Art work			



STRAND 1.0 CREATING AND EXECUTION

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question (s)
1.0 Creating	1.1 Indigenous	By the end of the sub	Learner is guided to;	How is a
and	Kenyan	strand, the learner	• watch virtual or actual samples of percussion	percussion
Execution	Percussion	should be able to;	instruments to;	instrument
	Instruments	a) classify indigenous	 identify (name of instrument, community, method of playing) and 	made?
	(20 lessons)	Kenyan percussion instruments as melodic and non- melodic, b) make a percussion instrument using locally available materials,	 classify (melodic or non-melodic), research and discuss the parts of a percussion instrument and their roles, assemble tools and material from the locality for making one percussion instrument (rattles, shakers, drums, gourds or marimba), observing environmental conservation, in groups, make and tune the percussion instruments using appropriate technique observing safety, 	



using locally available resources for drawing, d) draw a percussion instrument using the smudging technique, e) appreciate percussion instruments from different Kenyan communities.	 putting it on the fire to burn, cooling. individually, experiment by drawing simple shapes and shade them using charcoal with focus on;
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- Communication and Collaboration: Learner speaks clearly and listens keenly while critiquing peers' works and work together to collect materials and tools used to make charcoal sticks, drawings and percussion instruments.
- Digital literacy: Learner interacts with digital devices to source information on percussion instruments.

Values:

- Social justice: Learner critiques own and others' pictures justly.
- Responsibility: Learner cares for own and peers' items and observes safety precautions when making charcoal sticks.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

- Social Cohesion: Learner acquires skill of working with others while making charcoal sticks in groups.
- Safety and security: Learner observes fire safety when burning charcoal sticks.
- Environmental conservation: Learner conserve the environment by carefully picking sticks for making charcoal sticks.

Link to Other Subjects: Social studies: Learner exploits natural resources responsibly to make charcoal sticks.



**Strand, the learner should be able to; a) describe the skills of passing, catching and shooting, in Netball through demonstration, b) improvise a ball for use in performing shooting, passing and catching in Netball, c) Perform the skills of Execution **Strand, the learner should be able to; should be able to; a) describe the skills of passing, catching (a) describe the skills of passing (chest, overhead and underarm), catching (double-handed) and shooting, passing a catching in passing a catching in passing and catching in groups while observing the stance, grip, release and follow through, collect reusable material with the guidance of parents and improvise a ball using macramé technique (overhand knot) classificate important of passing, catching and shooting) skills in groups while observing safety, mix primary colours to create secondary	Strand	Sub Strand Specific Learni Outcomes	ng Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question (s)
passing, catching and shooting, in Netball, d) classify colours into primary and secondary, e) paint a picture of a colours, mix white with a secondary colour to create light tones on a scale strip, mix black with a secondary colour to create dark tones on a scale strip and clean the working area, paint a picture of a ball from observation using	and	Netball strand, the learn should be able to a) describe the passing, cate and shooting Netball through demonstration b) improvise a use in perform shooting, parand catching Netball, c) Perform the passing, cate and shooting Netball, d) classify color primary and secondary,	 observe/participate in a demonstration of the netball skills; passing (chest, overhead and underarm), catching (double-handed) and shooting(standing) explain/practise while observing the stance, grip, release and follow through, collect reusable material with the guidance of parents and improvise a ball using macramé technique (overhand knot) play a mini game of Netball applying the skills of passing, catching and shooting) skills in groups while observing safety, mix primary colours to create secondary colours, mix white with a secondary colour to create light tones on a scale strip, mix black with a secondary colour to create dark tones on a scale strip and clean the working area, 	shooting, passing and catching important in the game of Netball?



ball to bring out colour value, f) value netball as a game and the skill of painting.	secondary colours with emphasis on colour value, • store the balls in an improvised storage such as; recyclable gunny bags, boxes, crates, carton boxes and woven baskets. • display and critique own and others' portfolios
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- Creativity and Imagination: Learner explores with varied materials to use when improvising balls.
- Communication and Collaboration: The learner listens and speaks clearly to each other when demonstrating the skills of shooting, passing and catching as they play the game of Netball and while sharing material as they improvise and paints balls.

Values:

- Social justice: Learner demonstrates fairness as they take turns in practising the netball skills of shooting, catching and passing
- Responsibility: Learner takes initiative to clean the working area and store the balls in an improvised storage.
- Unity: Learner works together with peers when painting, improvising a ball and performing the Netball skills of shooting, catching and passing.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

- Resource mobilisation and utilisation: Learner seeks parental assistance when collecting locally available materials to improvise a Netball, add to a portfolio.
- Self-esteem: learner displays confidence in demonstrating new skills through practice and playing a Netball mini game.

Link to Other Subjects: Mathematics: Learner takes part in passing the Netball to a teammate while applying ball trajectory visualisation.



Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question (s)
1.0 Creating and Execution	1.3 Composing rhythm (17 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) interpret rhythmic patterns involving the crotchet and a pair of quavers using French rhythm names, b) write the French rhythm names taa, ta-te using free hand lettering, c) describe the qualities of a good rhythmic pattern, d) create a simple rhythmic pattern using the French rhythm names taa, ta-te, e) value creating	 The learner is guided to: clap/tap rhythms of words involving taa and ta-te maintaining a steady beat, clap/tap the pulse of the clock and heartbeat and associate it to the crotchet French rhythm name, listen to/sing familiar topical songs and is guided in identifying the notes (crotchet, a pair of quavers) using their French rhythm names (taa, ta-te), sing familiar songs then clap the rhythm of the song while reciting using French rhythm names, practice writing letters of the alphabet in lowercase using free hand(ascenders and descenders), use free hand lettering to write French rhythm name taa and ta-te, listen to rhythmic patterns in familiar tunes and discuss the techniques used in composing rhythmic patterns (variation of note values, repetition of patterns, ending 	 How can a rhythm be created? How are rhythms applied in daily life?



	rhythmic patterns using French rhythm names.	 on taa), apply the composition techniques to compose own original rhythmic patterns using the French rhythm names taa and tate observing integrity, critique rhythms created by self and peers respecting each other's views fairly.
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- Communication and Collaboration: Learner works with others in groups and speaks clearly during critique of their own and others' rhythms.
- Creativity and Imagination: Learner applies the techniques of composition and comes up with unique rhythmic patterns.

Values:

- Respect: Learner accommodates others' views during critique of their own and others' original rhythmic compositions.
- Integrity: Inculcated as the learner creates their own original rhythmic patterns.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

- Social Cohesion: Learner acquires the skill of working with others during group composition of rhythmic patterns.
- Social Justice: Learner fairly critiques melodies created by others and self.

Link to other Subjects:

- English: Learner applies the concept of syllabic division in reciting French rhythm names of words and writing letters of the alphabet in lowercase using free hand.
- Mathematics: Learner will use the concept of numbers when relating the value of the quaver in relation to the quaver and while creating rhythms using note values.



Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question (s)
1.0 Creating and Execution	1.4 Composing Melody (18 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify solfa syllables <i>d</i> , <i>r</i> , and <i>m</i> in a simple melody, b) interpret hand signs for the solfa syllables <i>d</i> , <i>r</i> , and <i>m</i> for pitch discrimination, c) describe the qualities of a good melody, d) create short melodies using solfa syllables <i>d</i> ,	 Learner is guided to: individually and in groups sing familiar songs based on solfa syllables d r m, and identify the solfa syllables, watch videos/demonstrations of execution of the Kodaly hand signs for the solfa syllables d, r m and practice performing the hand signs, perform the hand signs for solfa syllables (d r m) in familiar songs, write solfa syllables (d r m) using free hand lettering (ascenders and descenders) recognize solfa syllables (d r m) in familiar songs by ear individually and in groups, listen and identify solfa pitches (d r m) as sounded on a melodic instrument/voice, recognize solfa syllables (d r m) in familiar songs by ear, brainstorm on and discuss the qualities of a good 	How can one create interesting melodies?



r and m, e) model clay slabs with solfa syllables, f) enjoy creating short melodies using solfa syllables.	 melody, (use of stepwise motion, variation of the solfa syllables and sound duration, starting and ending on d), in groups apply various techniques to create short melodies using the solfa syllables d, r, m and the French rhythm names taa and ta-te, roll clay into slab and cut out three rectangular pieces of three different sizes, Attach clay models (coiling technique) of solfa syllables (d, r, m) to the rectangular slabs, allow to dry and paint using primary colours, perform vocal warm ups in preparation to perform melodies created by self and others, sing melodies (using solfa syllables) created by self and peers and talk in turns respecting each other's opinions.
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- Creativity and Imagination: Developed as the learner uses unique and new ideas to compose melodies and while using free hand lettering to write the solfa syllables.
- Self -efficacy Learner develops self-efficacy through free hand lettering, modelling and composing melodies.

Values:

• Unity: Learner works with peers when writing using free hand, modelling, creating and performing various melodies.



• Love: Will be realised as the learner respects others while critiquing each other's performance.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

- Life skills: Learner acquires interpersonal skills through interacting with peers in groups as they model and create melodies.
- Mentorship and peer education: Learner shares their compositions with peers who give feedback for improvement.

Link to other subjects: Mathematics- Learner applies the skill of sequencing of solfa syllables when creating simple melodies using stepwise motion.

ASSESSMENT RUBRIC

Level	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches	Below Expectations
			Expectations	
Indicator				
Ability to identify and	Identifies a variety of	Identifies percussion	Identifies most of the	Identifies few of the
classify percussion	percussion instruments	instruments by origin	percussion instruments	percussion instruments
instruments as melodic	by origin and name and	and name, and	by origin and name,	by origin and name,
and non-melodic	accurately classifies	classifies them as	and classifies most of	and has difficulties
	them as melodic and	melodic and non-	them as melodic and	classifying them as
	non-melodic.	melodic.	non-melodic.	melodic and non-
				melodic.



	1	T		T
Ability to interpret	Interprets a variety of	Interprets rhythmic	Interprets rhythmic	Interprets rhythmic
rhythms using french	rhythmic patterns using	patterns using the	patterns using the	patterns using the
rhythm names and write	the French rhythm	French rhythm names	French rhythms names	French rhythms names
them using free hand	names 'taa' and 'ta-te'	<i>'taa'</i> and <i>'ta-te'</i> and	taa or ta-te, and writes	taa or ta-te, and writes
lettering	accurately and writes	writes them using free	them using free hand	them using free hand
	the rhythms neatly	hand lettering.	lettering with minor	lettering with major
	using free hand		flaws.	flaws.
	lettering.			
Ability to identify and	Identifies and interprets	Identifies and interprets	Identifies and	Identifies and
interpret solfa syllables	all the solfa syllables d,	all the solfa syllables d,	interprets 2 of the solfa	interprets 1 of the solfa
(d, r, m) and hand signs	r, m with utmost	r, m. and their	syllables and their	syllables and its
_	precision and	corresponding hand	corresponding hand	corresponding hand
	accurately relates them	signs.	signs.	signs.
	to their corresponding	_	_	_
	hand signs.			
Ability to make a	Makes a functional	Makes a functional	Makes two functional	Makes one functional
Percussion instrument,	Percussion instrument,	Percussion instrument,	items(Percussion	item (Percussion
charcoal sticks and a	charcoal sticks and a	charcoal sticks and a	instrument, charcoal	instrument, charcoal
ball using the macrame	ball, demonstrating	ball	sticks and a ball)	sticks and a ball)
technique	utmost skill.		,	,



Ability to create a still-	Creates a still-life	Creates a still-life	Creates a still-life	Creates a still-life
life drawing, rhythm and	drawing, rhythm and	drawing, rhythm and	drawing, rhythm and	drawing, rhythm and
melody using	melody applying all the	melody applying the	melody applying most	melody applying few
appropriate technique;	required techniques	required technique.	of the required	of the required
- smudging	artistically.		techniques.	techniques.
- stepwise motion				
- variation songs				
- repetition				
- starting and				
ending on d				
Ability to execute the	Executes the Netball	Executes the three	Executes two of the	Executes one or none
three Netball skills of	skills of passing,	Netball skills of	Netball skills of	of the Netball skills of
passing, catching and	catching and shooting	passing, catching and	passing, catching and	passing, catching and
shooting with the correct	with high precision and	shooting with the	shooting with the	shooting with no
progression and	skillful progression and	correct progression and	minor faults in the	definite progression
technique	technique.	technique	progression and	nor techniques.
• passing (<i>chestpass</i> ,			execution of the	
overhead and			techniques.	
underarm)				
• catching (double-				
handed)				
• shooting (standing)				
while observing the				
progression; stance,				
grip, release and follow				



through				
Ability to classify colours and bring out the colour value in painting a picture of a Netball	Classifies colours into primary and secondary colours creatively and appropriately uses them to clearly bring out the colour value in painting a picture of a Netball.	Classifies colours into primary and secondary colours and appropriately uses them to bring out the colour value in painting a picture of a Netball.	Classifies colour confusing some primary with secondary colours and has minor challenges in bringing out the colour value in painting a picture of a Netball.	Classifies colour confusing most of the primary with secondary colours and has major challenges in bringing out the colour value in painting a picture of a Netball.



STRAND 2.0 PERFORMANCE AND DISPLAY

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question (s)
2.0 Performance and Display	2.1 Athletics (22 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learners should be able to: a) explain the performance of the skills of sprint starts and sprinting techniques, b) perform the skill of medium and elongated sprint starts and sprinting techniques for knowledge and skill development, c) sing the Kenya National Anthem applying performance techniques,	 Learner is guided to: explain/demonstrate a medium and elongated sprint start technique, (onto your marks, set position, stance and body alignment, reaction and take off), explain/demonstrate the sprinting technique with a focus body posture, acceleration, transition and finish, read through the words of the Kenya National Anthem and discuss the meaning/message, sing the Kenya National Anthem in groups applying performance techniques (with accuracy in tune, proper pronunciation of words, appropriate tempo and observing the appropriate etiquette), search for images of the Kenyan flag from virtual sources to study colours and their arrangement, sketch and paint the Kenyan Flag on paper using the six colours, 	1. Why is appropriate posture important in sprinting? 2. Why is the Kenya National Anthem performed during an athletic event?



	d)	paint the Kenyan	•	attach the flag to a suitable l
		flag for athletic		during an athletics performa
		event,	•	in pairs practice:
	e)	perform a sprint in		- the medium start (on you
		an athletics event,		sprinting technique, focu
	f)	recognise the value		leg action and finish

- recognise the value of flying the Kenyan flag and singing the Kenya National Anthem during an athletics event.
- handle to be used ance,
 - our marks-set-go),cus on start, arm and leg action and finish,
- practise a sprint in an athletics competition in groups while observing safety,
- record a sprint competition and critique the application of the techniques used (starting and sprinting)

- Citizenship: the learner understands collective responsibility while singing the Kenya National Anthem and as they paint and fly the Kenyan flag.
- Digital literacy: Learner uses digital technology to search for information on the Kenyan flag from online sources.

Values:

- Integrity: learner adheres to the rules of starting a sprint and sprinting to avoid disqualification during a race
- Patriotism: Learner draws, paints the Kenyan flag and sings the Kenya National Anthem.
- Love: learner will show love when working together with peers to demonstrate the techniques of starting sprints and sprinting.



Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

- Safety and security: Learner performs sprints while observing safety of self and others.
- Social cohesion: Learner works with peers as they practise the medium sprint start and participate in the singing of the Kenya National Anthem during an athletics event.



Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question (s)
2.0 Performance and Display	2.2 Gymnastics (20 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learners should be able to; a) perform the balances and rolls in gymnastics b) sing patriotic songs during warm ups before performance of gymnastics with proper diction, c) perform the crab balance and side roll accompanied by a percussion instrument performance, d) perform a side roll and crab balance to a rhythmic pattern, e) appreciate performing warm and gymnastics skills accompanied with	 Learner is guided to: demonstration/illustration of the head balance, crab balance Explain/demonstrate the head balance, crab balance (start, weight distribution, balancing, leg extension, descent) and backward and side roll (stance, initiation, rolling phase, compilation, spotting) skill progression in gymnastics in groups, sing relevant patriotic songs during general warm up with proper diction, In pairs, practise the crab balance and side roll and get feedback from peers, play rhythmic percussion instruments (shakers, rattles, drum) to accompany gymnastic activities, in pairs, practise the side roll and crab balance and get feedback from each other while observing safety measures 	 How does performanc e of rolls and balances enhance gymnastics? How does music support the performanc e of gymnastics?



rhythmic patterns and percussion instruments for enjoyment.	 in gymnastics, take turns to perform the side roll in pairs as they recite French rhythm names of a rhythmic pattern involving taa (stance), and ta-te (progression), use digital device to take several photographs of a person performing crab balance and side roll on centre of interest,
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- Citizenship: Learner gets to engage with others as they sing Kenyan patriotic songs.
- Creativity and imagination: learner creates unique rhythmic movements while performing the side roll and crab balance
- Critical thinking and problem solving: the learner follows simple instructions and seeks help when need be to select suitable songs and folk songs to accompany a gymnastic performance.

• Values:

Love: Expressed when the learner takes turn to support a peer during performance of the crab balance.

• Responsibility: as learners put into practise the aspects of safety of self and others when performing the rolls and balances.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

- Safety: Learner observes safety of self and others as they perform the rolls and balances.
- Social cohesion: Learner works in pairs to perform the side roll, crab balance and sing patriotic songs.

Link to other subjects: mathematics- using the number and sequence concept in performing gymnastics.



Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question (s)
2.0 Performance and Display	2.3 Descant Recorder (18 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learners should be able to: a) identify the parts of a descant recorder in readiness for playing, b) care for and maintain a descant recorder, c) play notes G A B on the descant recorder using correct techniques, d) make a decorated case for a descant recorder, e) play simple	 assemble and disassemble the descant recorder, in groups, brainstorm on ways of caring for and maintaining a descant recorder and its importance; observing hygiene proper storage proper handling practice holding and blowing the descant recorder with appropriate fingering, 	How can a good tone be produced on the descant recorder?



	melodies based on notes G A B on the descant recorder, f) enjoy playing melodies on the descant recorder.	 individually and in groups, practice playing notes <i>G A</i> and <i>B</i> using appropriate techniques (<i>posture</i>, fingering <i>and blowing</i>), individually and in groups, play simple melodies based on <i>G A B</i> on the descant recorder with accuracy in pitch and rhythm, watch peers play melodies on the descant recorder, critique and give feedback to peers for improvement.
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- Digital literacy: Learner uses digital devices to search and watch how to play notes on the descant recorder using appropriate fingering.
- Learning to learn: Learner searches for and acquires skills of how to play new notes on the descant recorder.
- Critical thinking and problem solving: developed as learner searchers for appropriate materials to use for making a descant recorder case.

Values:

- Respect: is instilled during group discussions as the learner listens to and accommodates peers' views.
- Responsibility: is developed through taking care of the descant recorder and using digital devices.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

- Communicable diseases: Prevented by observation of hygiene measures in the use of the descant recorder.
- Social cohesion: enhanced through playing the descant recorder in groups.

Link to Other Subjects: Agriculture and Nutrition: Concepts and knowledge learnt in agriculture and Nutrition on prevention of communicable diseases is applied in the use of the descant recorder.



Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question (s)
2.0 Performance and Display	2.4 Swimming (22 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learners should be able to; a) explain the skills of crouch and standing surface dives in swimming, b) perform the skills of crouch and standing surface dives in swimming, c) take a photograph of the crouch and standing surface dives with focus on centre of interest, d) appreciate your own and others' efforts in performing the crouch surface dive and standing surface dive.	 Learner is guided to: watch an actual or virtual performance/illustration of crouch surface dive and standing surface dive, explain/demonstrate the crouch surface dive and the standing surface dive considering the progression (stance, push-off, descent, entry, transition), explain the procedure/practise the execution of a crouch surface dive and standing surface dive for water entry while observing water safety rules warm up safe entry safe skill execution safety of others NB. establish the depth of the pool before diving. use digital device to take several photographs of a person performing a crouch and standing surface dives 	 Why is Swimming an essential life skill? Why is the centre of interest important in photography?



·	
	focusing on centre of interest,
	select appropriate photographs and store
	them in an e- folder/ portfolio,
	show and talk about your own and
	others photographs in the e portfolio

- Self efficacy: Happily execute a sitting dive and front crawl stroke in swimming while paying attention to safety.
- Creativity and Imagination: Learner makes thoughtful choices that support creativity when they select appropriate positions when taking photos of each other with a focus on the centre of interest.

Values:

- Respect: Learner respect others work and opinions as they show and talk about own and others photographs presented in the portfolio
- Responsibility: Learner observes own and others safety while performing and practising the crouch and standing surface dive

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

- Safety and security: Learner takes water safety precautions while practising the crouch and standing surface dives.
- Environmental awareness: learner is made more aware of pool environment and safe use of water and pool hygiene

Link to Other Subjects: Integrated science: Learner develops a practical understanding of correct body posture when diving.



Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question (s)
2.0 Performance and Display	2.3 Songs (20 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learners should be able to: a) sing different types of songs expressively to convey the mood of the piece, b) identify types of folk songs performed by indigenous Kenyan communities, c) decorate a costume for a folk song using an appropriate technique, d) perform an	 Learner is guided to: listen to different types of songs (sacred, patriotic and topical songs) and sing with accuracy in tempo, pitch, rhythm and dynamics, discuss the messages of the songs and demonstrate how the mood of the songs can be expressed while singing, sing different types of songs with appropriate gestures, facial expressions and diction to convey the message, watch a variety of live/recorded folk songs from different indigenous Kenyan communities, identify them (name, community) and classify them as work, funeral, naming, initiation, marriage and worship songs, explore indigenous methods of decorating costumes within Kenyan community (tie-dye or beadwork) identify the fabric decoration techniques used by the local community, (tie -dye or 	1. What contributes towards a good performance? 2. How do Kenyan communities decorate costumes for performing folk songs?





- Citizenship: Learner performs folk songs drawn from different Kenyan communities developing and appreciating cultural diversity within the Kenyan context.
- Critical thinking and problem solving: Learner listens to and discusses different aspects of folk songs enhancing critical thinking and problem-solving skills.
- Communication and Collaboration: Learner sings different types of songs expressively using appropriate gestures, facial expressions and diction to convey the message in the songs.

Values:

- Responsibility: is instilled when the learner takes different roles in folk songs.
- Patriotism: acquired through performing folk songs from diverse Kenyan communities.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues to be developed:

- Social Cohesion: Learner performs different types of songs and folk songs drawn from diverse Kenyan communities with peers.
- Environmental education- climate change: the learner uses recyclable resources that can be harmful to the environment to decorate costumes for use in performance of a Kenyan folk song.

Link to Other Subjects:

Indigenous Languages: Learner uses indigenous language when singing songs drawn from different communities in Kenya.



ASSESSMENT RUBRIC

Level Indicator	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Ability to demonstrate the skills; - explain/sprint (elongated and medium sprint start techniques and sprint) - explain/perform the head and crab balance, side and backward roll - singing (Kenya National Anthem patriotic, sacred and topical, Kenyan folk song)	Performs/explains all the seven skills of Creative Arts consistently, with precision, coordination and balance	Performs/explains all the seven skills of Creative Arts, with precision, coordination and balance	Performs/explain 4 to 6 of the skills of creative art with minor lapses in presion, coordination and balance	Performs/explain 1 to 3 of the seven skills of Creative Art with major lapses in presion, coordination and balance
Ability to make and	Makes and decorates a	Makes and decorates a	Makes and	Makes and
decorate;	Kenyan flag, descant recorder	Kenyan flag, descant	decorates a Kenyan	decorates a Kenyan
 Kenyan flag 	case and a costume applying a	recorder case and a	flag, descant	flag, descant
 Descant recorder 	fine craftsmanship.	costume.	recorder case, and	recorder case,



case			costume with minor	costume with major
- A costume			flaws in	flaws in
11 costanie			craftsmanship.	craftsmanship.
Ability to demonstrate care and maintenance of the descant recorder.	Applies all care and maintenance practices on the descant recorder consistently (safety, hygiene measures, and storage).	Apply all care and maintenance practices on the descant recorder (safety, hygiene measures and storage).	Applies two of the three care and maintenance practices on the descant recorder (safety, storage and	Applies only one of three of the care and maintenance practices on the descant recorder (safety, storage and
			hygiene measures).	hygiene measures).
Ability to take a	Take a photograph of the	Take a photograph of	Takes a photograph	Take a photograph
photograph of the crouch	crouch surface dive and	the crouch surface dive	of the crouch	of the crouch
and standing surface	standing surface dive	and standing surface	surface dive and	surface dive and
dives with focus on	accurately positioning the	dive showing the	standing surface	standing surface
centre of interest	centre of interest.	centre of interest.	dive with competing	dive with an unclear
			centres of interest	centre of interest.
Ability to play simple melodies based on GAB on the descant recorder	Plays wide variety of simple melodies based on notes G A B on the descant recorder with correct holding, blowing, fingering, posture	Plays simple melodies based notes G A B on the descant recorder with correct holding, blowing, fingering, posture	Plays simple melodies based notes G A B on the descant recorder with minimal errors in holding, blowing, fingering, posture	Plays simple melodies based notes G A B on the descant recorder with many errors in holding, blowing, fingering, posture



STRAND 3.0 APPRECIATION IN CREATIVE ARTS

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question (s)
3.0 Appreciation in Creative Arts	3.1 Analysis of Creative Arts works (20 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learners should be able to: a) describe the concept of appreciation in Creative Arts, b) showcase own and peers' artworks in a gallery, c) critique displayed artworks for appreciation, d) describe a Kenyan folk song performance using appropriate terminologies,	Learners are guided to: • in groups, research and brainstorm concept of appreciation in creative arts with focus on; - behaviour - aesthetic, - skills, - message - behaviour - feedback - care • in groups, select and prepare previously created artworks for display, (drawings, painting, photographs, musical instruments, balls, clay slabs, recorder cases among others) • prepare display areas, boards and props, • display works of Creative Arts in	What is the importance of analysis in Creative Arts?



	e) participate in games and sports event as a class, f) value appreciation of Creative Arts works drawn from various cultural backgrounds.	appropriate areas within the school, take a gallery walk to observe artworks, talk about own and peers' work for appreciation focussing on; type of artwork, materials used, media used and craftsmanship. in groups, brainstorm on how to undertake critical analysis of Kenyan folk songs focusing on; community of origin type/occasion, instrumentation, participants (soloist, instrumentalist, singers) Participate in folk song performances drawn from communities in Kenya in an event/festival in school Talk about own and peers' folk song performances for analysis participate in netball, athletics and gymnastics events for fun and for inter class/inter school championships
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				 appreciate the performances with focus on; teamwork safety for self and others 	
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Core Competencies to be developed:

- Self-efficacy: The learner exhibits their music and art works and sports work responsibly for appreciation.
- Citizenship: Learner get to appreciate Kenyan music as they listen to and analyse Kenyan folk songs.
- Learning to learn: Developed as the learner takes initiative to understand how art, music and sports work and to understand how art, music and sports work
- Digital Literacy: The learner appreciates different works of art displayed through multimedia

Values:

- Unity: Instilled when learner collaborates with others when analysing in groups the execution of sports skills
- Peace: Learner respects others while analysing the execution of sports skills in groups
- Integrity: Learner observes sportsmanship during mini games

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

- Analytical and creative thinking learners analyse the execution of sports skills critically
- Social cohesion: learner analyse in groups the execution of sports skills
- Analytical and creative thinking learners analyse music and sports events, critique art works
- Cultural awareness learners analyse folk songs and indigenous art from different parts of the world

Link to Other Subjects:

- Social studies: Learner integrates with others while undertaking various tasks in groups
- English: Use of English in discussing the music listened to enhance the language skills.



ASSESSMENT RUBRIC

Level	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Indicator				
Ability to describe the concept of appreciation in creative arts with focus on; - behaviour - aesthetic, - skills, - message - feedback - care	Describes the concept of appreciation based on all the seven areas of focus with clear explanations and elaborate examples.	Describes the concept of appreciation based on all the areas of focus with clear explanation and elaborate examples.	Describes the concept of appreciation based on most of the areas of focus.	Describes the concept of appreciation based on few of the areas of focus.
Ability to showcase own and peers' artworks in a gallery, - Drawings - Painting, - Photographs, - Decorated costumes - Clay slabs - Recorder case	Showcases 6 own artworks in a gallery neatly and creatively.	Showcases 5 own artworks in a gallery neatly	Showcases 4 own artworks in a gallery with minor flaws on neatness.	Showcases 3 and below own artworks in a gallery without focus on neatness



Ability to critique displayed artworks; - type of artwork, - materials used, - media used - craftsmanship	Critiques displayed artworks based on all the four components elaborately	Critiques displayed artworks based on all the four components.	Critiques displayed artworks based on 2-3 of the four.	Critiques displayed artworks based on less than 2 of the four components(type of artwork, materials used, media used, and craftsmanship.
Ability to describe a Kenyan folk song performance using appropriate terminologies	Elaborately and comprehensively describes all the components of a Kenyan folk song performance (community of origin, type/occasion, instrumentation, participants (soloist, instrumentalist, singers)correctly citing other examples of folk songs with similar aspects correctly using appropriate terminologies	Describes all the components a Kenyan folk song performance(community of origin, type/occasion, instrumentation, participants (soloist, instrumentalist, singers) correctly using appropriate terminologies	Describes 2-3 of the components of a Kenyan folk song performance (community of origin, type/occasion, instrumentation, participants (soloist, instrumentalist, singers)correctly with few inaccurate terminologies	Describes only one or none of the components of a Kenyan folk song performance (community of origin, type/occasion, instrumentation, participants (soloist, instrumentalist, singers) using wrong terminologies



Ability to participate in	Ability to actively	Ability to participate in	Ability to participate	Ability to participate
- Netball,	participate in	- Netball,	in two or more of the	in one of the games
- Athletics,	- Netball,	- Athletics,	- Netball,	and sports events
- Gymnastics	- Athletics,	- Gymnastics	- Athletics,	- Netball,
Games and sports events	- Gymnastics	Games and sports	- Gymnastics	- Athletics,
and show an	Events and consistently	events and show an	and shows some	- Gymnastics
understanding of the	analyse and display an	understanding of the	understanding of some	
exhibited skills	understanding of a	exhibited skills	of the skills	
	variety of skills in sports			



APPENDIX I: COMMUNITY SERVICE LEARNING AT UPPER PRIMARY

At this level, the goal of the CSL activity is to provide linkages between concepts learnt in the various Learning Activities and the real life experiences. Learners begin to make connections between what they learn and the relevance to their daily life. CSL is hosted in the Social studies learning area. The implementation of the CSL activity is a collaborative effort where the class teacher coordinates and works with other subject teachers to design and implement the integrated CSL activity. Though they are teacher-guided, the learners should progressively be given more autonomy to identify problems and come up with solutions. The safety of the learners should also be taken into account when selecting the CSL activity. The following steps for the integrated CSL activity should be staggered across the school terms:

Steps in carrying out the integrated CSL activity

1) Preparation

- Map out the targeted core competencies, values and specific learning areas skills for the CSL activity
- Identify resources required for the activity (locally available materials)
- Stagger the activities across the term (Set dates and time for the activities)
- Communicate to learners, parents/caregivers/guardians, school administration, teachers and other relevant stakeholders in the school community
- Identify and develop assessment tools



2) Implementation CSL Activity

- Assigning roles to learners
- Ensure every learner actively participates in the activity
- Observe learners as they carry out the CSL activity and record feedback
- Use an appropriate assessment tool to assess both the process and the product (Assess learner's work from the beginning to the end product)
- Assess the targeted core competencies, values and subject skills

3) Reflection on the CSL Activity

Conduct a self-evaluation session with learners on the integrated CSL activity undertaken by discussing the following:

- what went well and why
- what did not go well and why
- what can be done differently next time
- what they have learnt

There will be one integrated CSL activity that will be conducted annually. The thematic areas for the integrated CSL activity will be derived from the broader categories of the PCIs and concepts from the various Learning Areas. Teachers are expected to vary the themes yearly to allow learners to address different PCIs within their contexts. There should be a linkage between the skills from the learning areas and the themes.

The integrated CSL activity will take a Whole School Approach (WSA) where the entire school community is involved (learners, parents/caregivers/guardians, school administration, teachers). Parents/caregivers/guardians are key stakeholders in the



planning and execution of the CSL activity. Although the teacher takes the lead role in the planning and integration of the CSL activity, learners will be expected to participate actively in the whole process.

The CSL activity provides an opportunity for the development of core competencies and the nurturing of various values. The teacher is expected to vary the core competencies and values emphasised in the activity yearly.

Assessment of the CSL Activity

Assessment of the integrated CSL activity will focus on 3 components namely: skills from various learning areas applied in carrying out the activity, and core competencies and values demonstrated. Assessment should focus on both the process and end product of the CSL activity. The teacher will assess learners in groups using various tools such as an observation schedule, checklist or rating scale or any other appropriate tool.



APPENDIX II: SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES, ASSESSMENT METHODS AND NON-FORMAL ACTIVITIES

Strand	Sub Strand	Suggested Resources	Suggested Assessment	Suggested Non-formal activities to support learning
1.0 Creating and Execution	1.1 Indigenous Kenyan Percussion Instruments	Melodic and non-melodic Percussion instruments, charcoal sticks, bottle tops, pebbles, tins, wires, threads, Y-sticks, gourds, wood, rubber, manila papers, paints, brushes, hides/membranes, cutting tools	Portfolio, observation schedule, aural/oral questions, checklist, rating scale, project, display and critique.	Performance in the school choir/ festivals, Creative Arts club activities.
	1.2 Netball Chestpass, Overhead pass Underarm pass Double handed catching Standing shot (21 lessons)	Digital devices, yarns/threads, sponge/fabric/recyclable material, Netball balls, open places or marked fields, goal posts, markers, whistle, storage, paints, brushes, papers, palettes, rags,	Portfolio, project, observation schedule, written tests, checklist, exit tickets, skill progression charts, self- assessment worksheet	Research, watch Netball matches, participate in ball games championships in and out of school



	1.3 Composing rhythm	Coloured pens, papers	Portfolio, project, observation schedule, written tests, checklist, exit tickets, skill progression charts, self- assessment worksheet	Music festivals, School music and cultural festivals and events, Music club.
	1.4 Composing melody	Clay, rolling pins, water-based paint, brushes, clay cutting tools.	Portfolio, project, observation schedule, written tests, checklist, exit tickets, skill progression charts, self- assessment worksheet	Music festivals, School music and cultural festivals and events, Music club.
2.0 Performance and Display	2.1 Athletics	Athletics track, open places or marked fields with marked lines and lanes, digital devices, whistle, clapper,	Portfolio, observation schedule, checklist, project, exit tickets, skill progression charts	Watch various Athletics championships on digital media, join school athletics team, participate in community and interschool championships and other levels, participate in Athletics events and activities



2.2 Gymnastics	Repertoire of patriotic songs,	Observation schedule, written tests, checklist, exit tickets, skill progression charts, self- assessment worksheet	Inter school gymnastic championship, gymnastic club
2.3 Descant Recorder	Descant recorder, Baroque fingering chart, Recorder melodies based on G, A B. yarns, pieces of cloth, leather, crochet, needles, threads,	Aural tests, observation schedule, checklist, portfolio, project, written tests, checklist, self- assessment worksheet	Music club, Art club activities
2.4 Swimming	Swimming facility such as standard pool, inflatable pools; clothing and gear- such as swimsuits, goggles; safety equipment- such as life jackets, rescue tubes, first aid kit, spine board; swimming aids- such as kickboards, pull buoys, fins, swim noodles, floatation devices; other materials such as markers and lanes, ropes, buoys, digital devices	Portfolio, observation schedule, exit tickets, skill progression charts, swimming performance analysis	Participate in swimming galas and competitions, join swimming clubs and fun days
2.5 Songs	Recording of sacred, patriotic and topical and Kenyan folk songs,	Observation schedule, aural and oral tests.	Music festivals, School events, Music club,



		resource person, pitching instrument		
3.0 Appreciation in Creative Arts	3.1 Critique of an Art work	Audio visual equipment, display boards, display props, mounting papers, masking tapes/glue	Portfolio, observation schedule, exit tickets, analysis, display and critique	Participating in community festivals and sporting events, Exhibitions, Participating in music festivals, school games, sports club, Art club, visiting community galleries, music club/choir, Singing the East African Anthems during school assemblies, sports events and school functions.