GATUNDU DISTRICT EXAMINATION
STANDARD FIVE END TERM I - 2016
SOCIAL STUDIES & CRE

SOWE AREA

SCALE

KEY
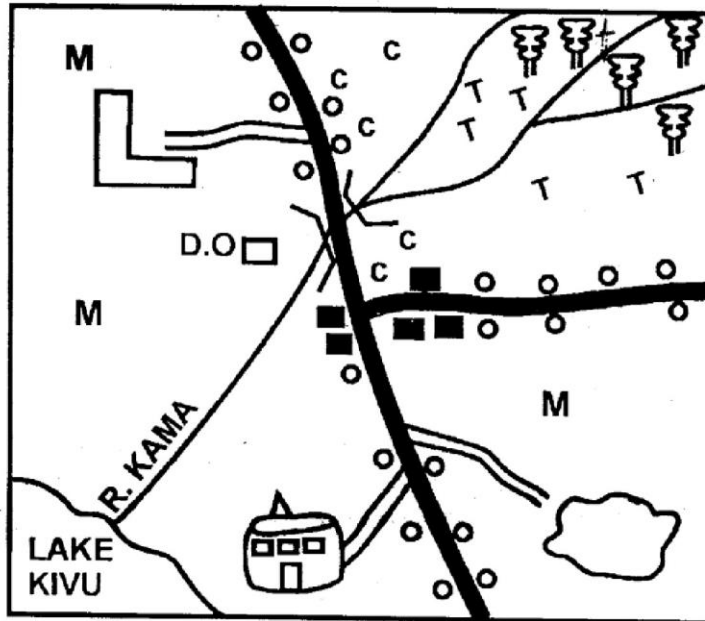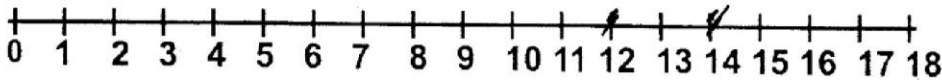
L	— School	M —— Maize
Quarry		oo — Settlement
Mosque		Forest
D.O —— District Officer		Bridge
■ ■ —— Town		Tarmac road
CC —— Coffee		Murram road
T T —— Tea		

1. The region of the people of Solwe area is
   A. Christians
   B. Pagans
   C. Muslims
   D. Hindus

2. The direction of the mosque from the forest is_____
   A. South west
   B. South
   C. North east
   D. North west

3. The main means of transport in the area is
   A. Railway   B. Air
   C. Water   D. Road

4. The MAIN economic activity in Solwe area is_____
   A. Fishing
   B. Farming
   C. Mining
   D. Tourism

5. Most people in the area have settled
   A. Around the rivers
   B. Along the rivers
   C. Along the roads
   D. In the forest

6. River KAMA flows towards_____
   A. South west
   B. North west
   C. Eastwards
   D. South

7. Solwe area is administered by
   A. Governor
   B. Chief
   C. President
   D. D.O

8. The relief region that covers the largest area in Kenya is
   A. The Rift valley
   B. plateaus
   C. Highlands
   D. mountains

9. Which one of the features below is the odd one out?
   A. Oceans
   B. plains
   C. swamps
   D. rivers

10. The following is not an importance of vegetation. Which one is it?
    A. Provide minerals
    B. provide timber
    C. Makes the land beautiful
    D. Holding soil together

11. Rain gauge is used to measure_____
    A. temperature
    B. speed of wind
    C. Humidity
    D. Rainfall

12. Which one of the following is NOT an element of weather?
    A. Rain
    B. soil
    C. sunshine
    D. wind

13. Which one of the following is NOT a human right?
    A. right to life
    B. right to shelter
    C. right to kill
    D. right to education

14. The following are ways of child abuse except_____
    A. helping parents
    B. Sexual misuse
    C. Severe beating
    D. Over working the child

15. Areas where papyrus reeds are grown are called__
    A. Savannah
    B. Grassland
    C. deserts
    D. swamps

16. Forests which grow on their ~~forests~~ are called_____
    A. planted forest
    B. Agroforestry
    C. Natural forests
    D. Assisted forests

17. Which one of the following is NOT a milk product?
    A. Glue   B. Ghee
    C. Butter   D. Cheese

18. Semites originated from_____
    A. Southern Ethiopia
    B. South Sudan
    C. Congo forest
    D. Arabia

19. In traditional African education, the youth were taught through the following ways except_____
    A. Story telling
    C. Apprenticeship
    B. Reading
    D. imitation

Use the diagram below to answer questions 20-21



20. The type of rainfall shown above is called_____
    A. conventional rainfall
    B. heavy rainfall
    C. relief rainfall
    D. mountain rainfall

21. The side marked by letter Z is known as
    _____
    A. Leeward side
    B. windward side
    C. windblow side
    D. Z side

22. Dairy farming in Kenya is practiced in_____
    A. The Nyika plateau
    B. central highlands
    C. The coastal plains
    D. The lake basin

23. Free-range rearing of chicken is practiced by many people because_____
    A. The chicken have better birds.
    B. It is recommended by veterinary doctors.
    C. It is cheap to keep the birds
    D. The chicken are easily attacked by diseases.

24. Which one of the following is the cheapest method of fish preservation?
    A. Refrigeration
   B. Frying
    C. Sun drying
    D. Canning

25. Forests increase the fertility in the soil because_____

    A. Dead leaves and branches rot and humus is formed in the soil.

    B. They transfer minerals to the soil.

    C. They attract animals.

    D. They give out carbon dioxide which makes the soil fertile.

Use the map of Kenya below to answer question 26-28
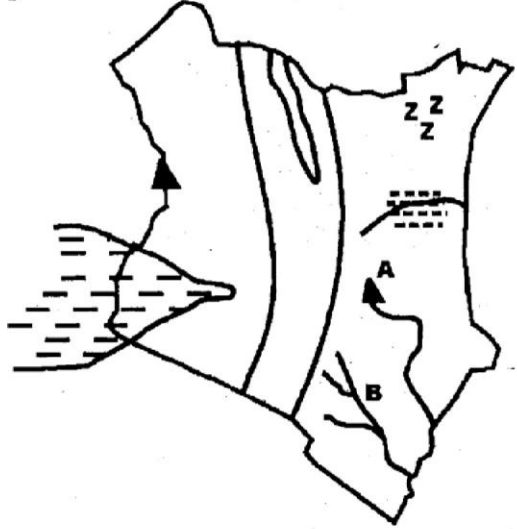
26. The mountain marked A is called
_____
   A. Mt. Elgon
   B. Mt. Kenya
   C. Aberdare ranges
   D. Mt. Kilimanjaro

27. Name the river marked B
   A. nzoia   B. Rufiji
   C. Tana   D. Athi

28. The plains marked zzz is called _____
   A. Litikipi plains   B. Kano plains
   C. Awara plains   D. Yatta plains

29. River Ewaso nyiro drains in _____
   A. Lorian swamp   B. L. Turkana
   C. Yala swamp   D. Indian ocean

30. Growing of crops and keeping of animals
is called ____ farming.
   A. Subsistence
   B. commercial
   C. arable
   D. Mixed

31. The movement of people with their
animals from one place to another in
search of water and pastures for their
animals is known as _____
   A. migration
   B. Transhumance
   C. settlement
   D. Shifting

32. The second president of Kenya was
called _____
   A. Uhuru Kenyatta
   B. Mwai Kibaki
   C. Daniel Moi
   D. Raila Odinga

33. Members of parliament represents areas
called _____
   A. Contituencies
   B. wards
   C. county
   D. districts

34. Lawlessness in the society will lead
to _____
   A. Rapid development.
   B. Harmony
   C. High population
   D. Loss of life and property

35. A responsible citizen in Kenya is the one
who _____
   A. Owns a lot of property.
   B. Takes part in development projects
   C. Assaults others for no reason.
   D. Goes to religious ceremonies.

36. Who resisted the British Colonial rule?
   A. Nabongo Mumia
   B. Kabaka
   C. Koitalel arap Samoei
   D. Waiyaki.

37. Three of the following factors influence
population distribution. Which one does
NOT?
   A. Religion   B. Rainfall
   C. Soil   D. Transport

38. Which of the following lakes is NOT
located in the Rift Valley?
   A. L.Turkana   B. L.Victoria
   C. L.Magadi   D. L.Bogoria

39. Planting of crops and trees in the same
plot is known as
   A. Aforestation
   B. Deforestation
   C. Reaforestation
   D. Agroforestry

40. The main economic activity of the Bantus
is
   A. Pastoralism
   B. Farming
   C. Fishing
   D. Cattle keeping

41. The original homeland of the Bantus was
   A. Congo forest
   C. Horn of Africa
   B. Southern Sudan
   D. Ethiopia

42. This fishing method is known as _____
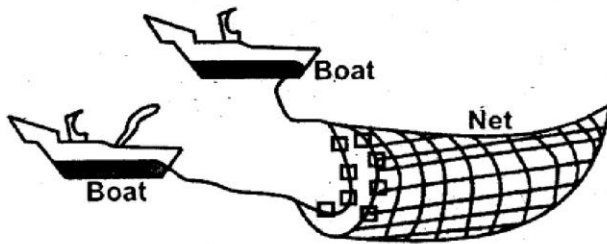
A. Purse-seining   B. Basket
C. Trawling   D. Long lining

43. The road sign below means_____

A. No entry
B. Zebra crossing
C. Bump ahead
D. Roundabout

44. A pupil who has been raped should be
A. Taken to hospital
B. Taken to the chief
C. Taken to the head teacher
D. Told to keep quiet

45. The arm of government that implements
government policies is called
A. Executive
B. Judiciary
C. Legislature
D. Parliament

46. The Maasai warriors decorated their head
by applying _____
A. Oil
B. Red-ochre
C. Dye
D. Ornament

47. Below are modern methods of
communication. Which is NOT?
A. Radio
B. Smoke
C. Telephone
D. Newspapers

48. Census in Kenya is done after _____
years
A. 5   B. 8
C. 10   D. 20

49. The MAIN tourist attraction along the
Kenyan Coast is _____
A. Sandy beaches   B. Forests
C. Wildlife   D. Crops

50. Lines which are drawn on a map from
North to South are called
A. Latitudes
B. Equator
C. Tropics
D. Longitudes

51. The best form of transporting oil is
A. Water
B. Pipeline
C. Road
D. Air

52. Which one of the following is associated
with a Sea port?
A. Nakuru   B. Eldoret
C. Mombasa   D. Thika

53. The army of the Abawanga was called
A. Olukuyaba
B. Orkoiyot
C. Nambogo
D. Omwanika

54. Mekatilili wa Menza was arrested and
deported to_____
A. Fort hall
B. Machakos
C. Mombasa prison
D. Gusii land

55. Who among the following is an ex-
official member of parliament?
A. Town clerk
B. Speaker
C. The president
D. The government chief whip

56. Semi-desert type of vegetation is found in one of the following towns. Which one is it?
A. Naivasha
B. Kitale
C. Garissa
D. Malindi

57. Limestone is mined using _____ method
A. Open cast
B. Shaft mining
C. Drilling
D. Dredge mining

58. Most of the fish in Kenya are caught in
A. L.Jipe
B. L.Victoria
C. L.Naivasha
D. L. Turkana

59. Lions, leopards, elephants, rhinos and buffaloes are known as
A. Game animals
B. Marine animals
C. Reserved animals
D. The big five

60. Which one of the following is a drainage feature?
A. Plateau
B. Highland
C. Swamp
D. Mountain

C.R.E

61. The miracle of Jesus calming a storm teaches us that Jesus has power over___
A. healing
B. Nature
C. Death
D. Evil spirits.

62. The miracles of feeding five thousand people took place in the town of____
A. Jerusalem
B. Jericho
C. Bethsaida
D. Bethlehem

63. Which of the following is not true why Christians should follow Jesus?
A. Jesus us a perfect leader.
B. He loves us.
C. He forgives our sins.
D. He curses us when we repent.

64. Who among the following sold a field he owned, brought the money and handed it over to the apostles in Acts 4:32-37
A. Anania and Sapphira
B. Eutychus
C. Paul
D. Barnabas (Joseph)

65. According to Mark 14:32-41 who among the following did not go with Jesus to pray in the garden of Gethsemane.
A. John
B. Andrew
C. Peter
D. James

66. "Your people will be my people and your God will be my God" These words were said by___
A. Ruth to Naomi
B. Elizabeth to Mary
C. Naomi to Ruth
D. Orpah to Naomi

67. The second temptation of Jesus was
A. Turning stones into bread.
B. Throwing himself down from the highest point of the temple.
C. Being given power and wealth.
D. Being given authority and power.

68. Living in peace means being at peace with oneself and with_____
A. Others
B. Yourself
C. Your teachers only
D. Your parents only

69. Who among the following made peace when communities quarreled or fought in traditional African communities.
A. Warriors
B. Elders
C. God
D. Ancestors

70. Jesus was conceived when Elizabeth was_____ months pregnant.
   A. Nine
   B. Seven
   C. Six
   D. Four

71. Jochebed was mother to
   A. Terah
   B. Abraham
   C. Moses
   D. Jethro

72. The story of Lydiah in Acts 16: 13-15 teaches us about.
   A. Kindness
   B. Love
   C. honesty
   D. humility

73. Which book in the Bible talks about the life of Jesus?
   A. genesis
   B. Daniel
   C. Luke
   D. Job

74. _____Prophet prophesied that Jesus would be born in Bethlehem.
   A. Isaiah
   B. Jeremiah
   C. Hezekiel
   D. Micah

75. People who are selfish are_____
   A. kind
   B. happy
   C. unkind
   D. Live forever

76. Which of the following is not a reason why boys and girls grew up separately in the Traditional African Society.
   A. To avoid pre-marital relations.
   B. to exercise self control.
   C. To be taught different roles.
   D. They are different.

77. Irresponsible sexual behavior can lead to
   A. Excelling in exams.
   B. Becoming famous.
   C. Dropping out of school.
   D. Getting good friends.

78. Among the following commandments which one has a promise?
   A. 10th
   B. 5th
   C. 7th
   D. 4th

79. What did the twelve stones built by Moses represent.
   A. The disciples of Jesus.
   B. The fore fathers of Israel.
   C. Tribes of Israel.
   D. Tribes of Egypt.

80. According to Jeremiah 11:1-11. God promised the Israelites that if they obeyed him
   A. They will have many children.
   B. They will become rich.
   C. Their sons would be kings
   D. He would be their God.

81. Which one of the following groups of people made up the fist disciples of Jesus
   A. Simon, Judah, James, Andrew.
   B. Andrew, John, James, Simon.
   C. levi, Thomas, John, Simon
   D. Matthew, John, Philip, Andrew

82. Which one of the following statements is found in the Apostles' creed?
   A. Hallowed by they name.
   B. Observe the Sabbath and keep it holy.
   C. He descended into hell.
   D. Bless this our land and Nation.

83. Which one of the following does not show that someone has began new life?
   A. When one is baptized.
   B. When one gets married.
   C. When one moves to a new place.
   D. When one attends church services.

84. According to Matthew 7:24-27. The wise builder put up his house on the
    A. sand
    B. land
    C. rock
    D. peace

85. Which one is not a fruit of the Holy Spirit
    A. Wisdom
    B. Joy
    C. Love
    D. peace

86. Which among the following was NOT a way of showing peace in the African Traditional society.
    A. Dancing.
    B. Obeying the Holy Spirit.
    C. Working together.
    D. Sharing

·87. John is a class five pupil. He is HIV positive. What should his classmates do?
    A. Tell him goodbye.
    B. avoid him.
    C. Care and comfort him.
    D. Announce his HIV status.

88. How many jars of water did Jesus turn into water at Cana of Galilee.
    A. 12
    B. 4
    C. 10
    D. 6

89. During the call of Moses on Mount Sinai the presence of God was symbolized by
    A. Pillar of cloud.
    B. Mighty wind
    C. Burning bush
    D. Thunder.

90. David committed adultery with
    A. Zipporah
    B. Bathsheba
    C. Mirriam
    D. Hannah

GATUNDU DISTRICT EXAMINATION
STANDARD FIVE – END TERM I 2016
KISWAHILI

Time: 1 Hour 40 minutes

Chagua jibu lifaalo zaidi kati ya yale uliyopewa.

Jambo __1__ ajabu ni kwamba, pendo __2__ alimshinda kabisa. __3__ kama babake alivyokuwa akiwaeleza wanakijiji. Pendo alikuwa mzembe. Hakutaka kufanya kazi __4__ shuleni wala nyumbani. Mara __5__ hakuhudhuria shule hata ingawa nyumbani alijulikana alikwenda shuleni. Aliishia kujificha sokoni __6__ vichakani. Wakati wanafunzi __7__ walipotoka shuleni, Pendo __8__ wa kwanza kufika nyumbani. Likizoni hakuwasaidia wazazi __9__ kwa jambo lolote. Alitoroka nyumbani __10__ sana na kurudi jioni.

Tabia yake ilizidi __11__ mbaya. Mzee Pondamali alishindwa kumrekebisha. Hatimaye aliacha shule na kutorokea mjini. Alijiunga na __12__. Huko mjini ali__13__ akapelekwa jela na kufungwa __14__ kumi na kupewa kazi ngumu. Kweli, asiyefunzwa na mamaye hufunzwa na __15__.

	A.	B.	C.	D.
1.	cha	la	za	mwa
2.	mwanaye	mwanao	mwanake	mwanawe
3.	Hakufanya	angefanya	hufanya	anafanya
4.	Lolote	yeyote	yoyote	chochote.
5.	nyingi	mingi	mengi	miingi
6.	kama	mwa	kwenye	au
7.	mwengineo	wengine	wengineyo	wengineko
8.	alikuwa	alikua	atakuwa	anakua
9.	Wao	Wake	Wenu	Wetu
10.	usiku kucha	alfajiri	usiku	adhuhuri
11.	kuwa	kukua	kukuwa	kuua
12.	genge la wezi	genge la watoto	genge la vijana	genge la watu
13.	Sikwa	shikwa	shikana	sikiwa
14.	miyaka	myaka	miaka	mwaka
15.	ulimwengu	ardhi	nchi	dunia

Kutoka swali la 16-30 jibu kulingana na maagizo.

16. Kanusha sentensi hii; Nyinyi mnapiga deki.
    A. Wewe haupigi deki.
    B. Nyinyi hampigi deki.
    C. Nyinyi mtapiga deki.
    D. Nyinyi mlipiga deki.

17. Tumia '-ote' katika sentensi hii.
    Nyua_____zimebomoka
    A. Zote
    B. lote
    C. wote
    D. yote

18. Tegua kitendawili hiki "Dhahabu yangu haishuki bei"
    A. pesa   B. kitanda
    C. usingizi   D. shamba

Eleza maana ya msemo ufuatao;
19. Tupa mkono
    A. kufa   B. salimia
    C. kamata   D. rusha mkono

20. Chombo kinachotumiwa kupimia uzito wa bidhaa ni
    A. Dira   B. utepe
    C. mizani   D. timanzi

21. Kamilisha tashbihi hii
    Mwaminifu kama_____
    A. Paka   B. mchana
    C. usiku   D. sungura

22. Andika wingi wa sentensi hii;
    Mparachichi wenye parachichi ni wangu.
    A. Miparachichi yenye maparachichi ni yetu.
    B. Maparachichi yenye miparachichi ni yetu.
    C. Mparachichi wenye mapachichi ni wangu.
    D. Miparachichi yenye parachichi ni wangu.

23. Andika kwa tarakimu
    Elfu moja mia tano thelathini na sita.
    A. 15036   B. 156
    C. 1536   D. 10536

24. Sehemu moja ya sita huitwa_____
    A. subui
    B. khumusi
    C. ushuri
    D. sudusi

25. Tumia-enye kwa usahihi.
    Kucheza_____kelele hakupendezi.
    A. Wenye
    B. kwenye
    C. zenye
    D. vyenye

26. Kamilisha methali ifuatayo
    Chema chajiuza kibaya_____
    A. Chajitembeza   B. chajiuza
    C. chajionea   D. chajitupa

27. Andika neno hili katika udogo. *Sahani*
    A. kisahani   B. jisahani
    C. kijisahani   D. kajisahani

28. Umbo hili huitwaje?
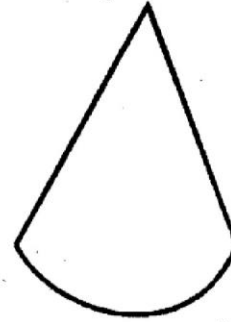
    A. Duara   B. kopa
    C. tao   D. pia

29. Kati ya magonjwa yafuatayo ni upi hauna tiba?
    A. kichocho   B. ukimwi
    C. kipindupindu   C. malaria

30. Mke wa mjomba wangu nitamwitaje?
    A. mkaza mjomba
    B. mama wa kambo
    C. shangazi
    D. mkoi

Soma kifungu hiki kisha ujibu maswali 31-40 kwa usahihi.

Katika kijiji cha Kwangule palikuwa na mtu aliyeitwa kurati. Mtu huyo alijulikana sana kwa wizi wa kuku wa jirani zake. Kwa sababu ya ujanja wake hakushikwa akiiba kuku hao.

Usiku mmoja jogoo wa pekee katika kijiji hicho hakuwika. Mwenye jogoo huyo alipowafungulia kuku wake asubuhi hakumwona jogoo huyo. Bila shaka **alimshuku** mzee Kurati kwa wizi wa jogoo wake.

Alipowaambia wanakijiji wenzake, juu ya kupotea kwa jogoo wake, walimhimiza apige ripoti kwa chifu mara moja. Alikwenda kwa chifu na kumwambia kuwa mzee Kurati alikuwa amemwibia kuku wake.

Punde si punde, chifu na askari wake waliwasili. Ndipo hapo Kurati akajificha mvunguni mwa kitanda chake "Baba yako yuko wapi," chifu alimwuuliza mtoto wake Kurati. "baba yangu alikwenda safari ya mbali sana." Mtoto alijibu. "baba yako atarudi lini?" Chifu aliendelea kumwuliza mtoto huyo kwa sababu hakumweleza mtoto wake ni lini angerudi, mtoto huyo alijinama mvunguni mwa kitanda na kumwuliza baba yake kwa sauti ya juu, "baba chifu anauliza atarudi lini?"

31. Mzee Kutari alikuwa mtu wa tabia gani?
    A. alikuwa mhubiri
    B. alikuwa chifu wa kijiji
    C. alikuwa mwizi wa kuku
    D. alikuwa askari.

32. Ni kuku gani aliyepotea usiku mmoja?
    A. Jogoo wa pekee kijijini
    B. Jogoo wa chifu
    C. Jogoo wa mwandishi
    D. Jogoo wa Kurati.

33. Kuku huyo alikuwa na umuhimu gani kijijini?
    A. Kulia kijijini
    B. Kuwika kijijini na kuwaamsha watu.
    C. Kutaga mayai
    D. kupiga mbawa zake.

34. Wizi wa kuku huyo uliripotiwa wapi?
    A. kwa askari
    B. kwa wanakijiji
    C. kwa chifu
    D. kwa daktari

35. Ni watu gani waliokwenda kwa mzee Kurati?
    A. chifu na askari wake
    B. chifu na wanakijiji
    C. watoto na chifu
    D. watoto na askari.

36. Kamilisha methali; _____ ya shamba, hawiki mjini.
    A. pora
    B. Jogoo
    C. koo
    D. ndege

37. Maana ya neno lililopogiwa mstari "alimshuku" ni?
    A. alimdhania
    B. tia fujo
    C. ondoa lawama
    D. alimkimbiza

38. Toa neno jingine lenye maana sawa na kijiji?
    A. bafuni
    B. nyumbani
    C. kiongozi
    D. kitongoji

39. Maana ya fani "punde si punde" ni_____
    A. munda mfupi
    B. muda mrefu
    C. kuchongoana
    D. kufyatulia

40. Ni methali gani inayofaa kwa kisa ulichokisoma?
    A. Baada ya dhiki faraja.
    B. Siku za mwizi ni arobaini
    C. haraka haraka haina Baraka.
    D. Mui huwa mwema

Soma kisa kifuatacho kisha ujibu maswali 41-50

Hapo zamani za kale katika kijiji kimoja palikuwa na dada wawili pacha. Wa kwanza aliitwa Mwanaimani na wa pili Mwanatule. Mwanaimani alikuwa msichana mtulivu na mwenye heshima.

Dada yake mwanatule alikuwa mlafi na asiye na heshima. Alikuwa mwenye tamaa na hakuwa na subira. Kila siku aligombana na watu kwa sababu alijifanya ombaomba kwa vile alivyokuwa mzembe. Wakati mmoja, kwao kulitokea njaa na wananchi wengi wakateseka sana kwa <u>dhiki</u> hiyo. Watu wengi walibadilisha mali zao kwa vyakula mpaka <u>wakafilisika</u>, miongoni mwao walikuwa wazazi wa Mwanaimani na dada yake. Ikawa taabu nyingi na mateso yaliyosababisha watu wengi <u>kusafiri jongomeo</u> bila nauli.

41. Maana ya neno pacha ni
    A. watoto waliozaliwa katika pacha.
    B. watoto waliozaliwa na mama mmoja na wakati mmoja.
    C. Watoto waliozaliwa na mama mmoja lakini baba tofauti.
    D. Watoto waliozaliwa na baba mmoja lakini mama tofauti.

42. Mwanaimani hakuwa _____
    A. mtulivu
    B. mwenye heshima
    C. mlafi
    D. mpole

43. Mwanatule hakuwa_____
    A. mwenye tamaa   B. mlafi
    C. mgomvi   D. mtulivu

44. Kutokana na uzembe wake, Mwanatule alijifanya_____
    A. ombaomba
    B. mwenye tama
    C. mtulivu
    D. mgomvi

45. Neno jingine lenye maana sawa na mzembe ni_____
    A. mvuvi
    B. mvivu
    C. pacha
    D. mtulivu

46. Wakati mmoja, wananchi wengi waliteseka kwa sababu ya_____
    A. Dhiki   B. shibe
    C. njaa   D. faraja

47. Kamilisha methali hii.
    Baada ya dhiki ni _____
    A. Nja   B. shida
    C. furaha   D. faraja

48. Wakafilisika maana yake ni_____
    A. wakawa maskini
    B. wakawa tajiri
    C. wakafurahi
    D. wakakasirika

49. Kusafiri jongomeo maana yake ni__
    A. Kuenda mahali panapoitwa jongomeo.
    B. kulazwa hospitalini.
    C Kuaga dunia
    D. Kusafirisha vyombo vinavyoitwa jongomeo.

50. Ni kweli kusema
    A. Mwanaimani na Mwanatule walikuwa na sifa zilizofanana.
    B. Sifa za Mwanaimani zilikuwa nzuri kuliko za Mwanatule.
    C. Sifa za Mwanatule zilikuwa nzuri kuliko za mwanatule.
    D. Sifa za Mwanaimani zilikuwa mbaya kuliko za Mwanatule.

GATUNDU DISTRICT EXAMINATION
STANDARD FIVE – END TERM I 2016
SCIENCE

Time: 1 hour 40 minutes

1. Which one of the following diagrams shows the position of windsock on a calm weather.

A.   B.

C   D
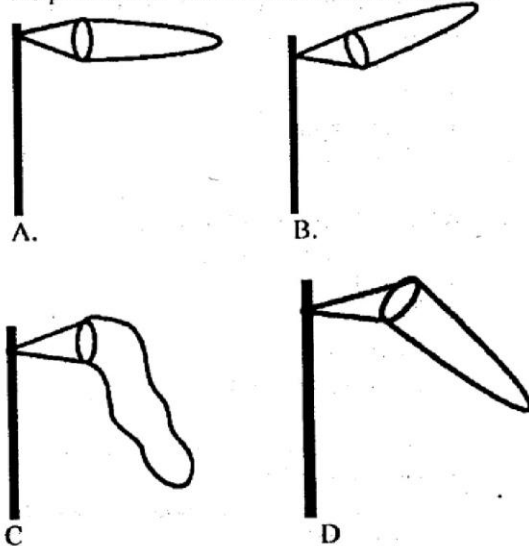
2. Which one of the following can be done to prevent water on the ground from splashing into the funnel of a rain gauge.
   A. Place the rain gauge under a shade
   B. Place the rain gauge in a hole 30cm below ground level.
   C. Place the collecting bottle about 30cm above ground level.
   D. Place the rain gauge on top of a tall building.

3. The chart below represents a simple classification of crops
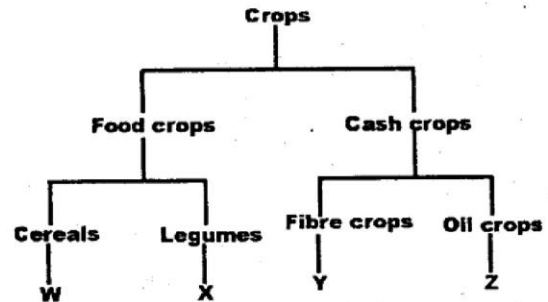
Which one of the following crops are correctly represented by W,X,Y,Z?

	W	X	Y	Z
A.	Sorghum	Peas	Sisal	Sunflower
B.	Peas	Wheat	Sunflower	Cotton
C.	Green grams	Wheat	Sisal	Pawpaw
D.	Rice	Green grams	Kales	Cotton

4. Which one of the following groups consists only of cash crops.
   A. Maize, tea, yams
   B. Arrow roots, groundnuts, cotton
   C. Bananas, irish potatoes, sorghum
   D. Sunflower, sisal, coffee

5. Which one of the following is not a state of matter?
   A. Soils
   B. Liquids
   C. Solids
   D. Gases

6. The pressure of water increases with
   A. Size
   B. Material of the container.
   C. Depth
   D. Weight

7. Which one of the following is not an amphibians?
   A. Newt
   B. Salamander
   C. Chameleon
   D. Toad

8. The best way of removing weeds is by_____
   A. Digging them out.
   B. Slashing
   C. Using chemicals
   D. Mulching

9. Which one of the following is a beverage crop?
   A. Sunflower.
   B. Coffee
   C. Yams
   D. Potatoes

10. A_____ diet contains food from all the three basic food groups.
   A. Protective
   B. Energy giving
   C. Balanced
   D. Mixed

11. Subtances that are contained in foods and keep us in good health are called_____
   A. Medicines
   B. Nutrients
   C. Poisons
   D. Balanced diet

12. The best point to fix a tap on a tank is at the___
   A. Top
   B. Bottom
   C. Middle
   D. Side

13. Which one of the following plants is green and non flowering?
   A. Mould
   B. Onion
   C. Sisal
   D. Moss

14. Which one of the following is a domestic use of water?
   A. Swimming
   B. Mixing chemicals
   C. Washing utensils
   D. Cooling machines

15. Which one of the following uses of water is correctly matched?

A.	Surfing	Domestic use
B.	Watering crops	Industrial use
C.	Bathing	Recreational use
D.	Mixing chemicals	Farm use

16. Which one of the following domestic birds likes playing in water?
   A. Ducks   B. Hen
   C. Turkey   D. Cock

17. During the rainy season, three of the following small animals come out to the soil surface. Which one does not?
   A. Termites
   B. Safari ants
   C. Grasshoppers
   D. Earthworms

18. Which one of the following is a natural way of lighting a house? Using a_____
   A. Candle
   B. Torch
   C. Hurricane lamp
   D. Translucent roof.

19. Three of the following sentences are correct. Which one is not?
   A. All sources of heat should be turned off when not in use.
   B. Too bright light is the best for reading.
   C. Sources of heat should be used without waste.
   D. All sources of light should be turned off when not in use.

20. Organic matter in the soil is made up of the following except one. Which one is not?
   A. Dead parts of animals.
   B. Dead rotting plants.
   C. Waste from animals
   D. Broken glass and pots.

21. Which simple tool is used when digging on hard grounds?
   A. An axe
   B. A jembe
   C. A panga
   D. A forked jembe

22. Which type of clouds are dark grey in colour and bring heavy rainfall.
   A. Cumulus
   B. Nimbus
   C. White clouds
   D. High clouds

23. Which one of the following is not correct about the moon.
    A. It is commonly seen at night
    B. Sometimes it is seen during the day.
    C. It appears in different shapes at different times.
    D. It causes lightning.

24. Which one of the following cannot be seen during the day?
    A. Clouds   B. The sun
    C. Stars   D. The moon

25. Which one of the following pairs of teeth has uneven tops
    A. Molar and canines
    B. Premolars and molars
    C. Canines and incisors
    D. Premolars and incisors

26. Falling off teeth is called_____
    A. Grinding
    B. Crushing
    C. Shedding
    D. Tooth decay

27. Artificial teeth are also called____teeth
    A. Milk
    B. Decidious
    C. Permanent
    D. Dentures

28. Which of the following is not part of digestive system.
    A. Colon
    B. Trachea
    C. Gullet
    D. Rectum

29. Which of the following is not involved in breathing.
    A. Lungs
    B. Air passages
    C. The diaphragm
    D. The lips

30. Three of the following plants have common characteristics. Which one does not?
    A. Puff balls
    B. Toadstools
    C. Mushrooms
    D. Algae

31. Which of the following is not a stage of H.I.V infection
    A. Asymptomatic stage
    B. Full blown Aids
    C. Symptomatic stage
    D. Death stage

32. The following are stages of HIV infection.
    (i)   Symptomatic stage
    (ii) Window period
    (iii) Full blown Aids
    (iv) Asymptomatic stage

    Which of the following shows the correct order of the stages.
    A. iii i   ii   iv
    B. ii   i   iv   iii
    C. ii   iv i   iii
    D. i   iv ii   iii

33. Which one of the following cannot be dried in the sun.
    A. Cooking oil and fats
    B. Meat and fish
    C. Maize and beans
    D. Wet cloths and blankets

34. Which one below is not a use of light?
    It_____
    A. Brings fresh air to the house.
    B. Enables us to see clearly
    C. Enables us to take good photographs
    D. Is needed for plant growth.

35. Which one of the following is not a way of lighting a house?
    A. Using windows and doors.
    B. Using lightning
    C. Using artificial sources like candles and lamps
    D. Using translucent roofs or skylights

36. Three of the following are uses of heat. Which one is not
    A. Warming
    B. Drying
    C. Cooking
    D. Lighting

37. Which one of the following sentences is not correct?
    A. Organic manure makes the soil infertile.
    B. Living organisms are contained in the soil.
    C. Soil contains air.
    D. Chemical substances can harm the soil.

38. Which one of the following is not a reason why tools should be stored properly?__
    A. To last longer.
    B. To prevent rusting
    C. To make them sharp.
    D. To keep the house tidy

39. Oiling and greasing helps to prevent___
    A. Tools from being stolen.
    B. Breaking of tools
    C. Rusting
    D. Ugly marks

40. Which one of the following tools is not sharpened as a maintenance practice?
    A. Panga
    B. A knife
    C. An axe
    D. Fishing rod

41. Simple tools are also referred to as
    A. Simple machines
    B. Simple utensils
    C. Simple gears
    D. Simple equipment

42. The handle of a jembe should be smooth to___
    A. Make it more expensive
    B. Make it last longer
    C. Make it attractive
    D. Avoid injuries

43. When using a saw, you should move it_____and_____
    A. Upwards and downwards
    B. Backwards and upwards
    C. Forward and backwards
    D. Forward and upwards

44. A standard four pupil put an object in water. The object did not float. The object must have been made of;
    A. Plastic.
    B. Paper
    C. Feather
    D. Metal

45. Chicken and frogs share one factors in common. It is that they both
    A. Have constant body temperature.
    B. Breathe by lungs
    C. Lay fertilized eggs
    D. Have scales

46. A standatd four pupil made three holes along a height of a tin. She then poured water into the tin. The largest jet of water was from the hole at the
    A. Middle
    B. Bottom
    C. Top
    D. Top and bottom

47. Which one of the following plant is a cereal
    A. Millet
    B. Coffee
    C. Sunflower
    D. Peas

48. A standard four pupil heated some soil in a covered tin. He was trying to find out whether
    A. Air contains water
    B. Soil contains water
    C. Soil contains air
    D. Soil contains living organisms

49. Three of the following are birds which do not fly-except
    A. Emu
    B. Penguin
    C. Kite
    D. Ostrich

50. Which one of the following is not a characteristics of animals?
    A. All animals reproduce
    B. All animals make their own food.
    C. All animals grow
    D. All animals move

GATUNDU DISTRICT EXAMINATION
STANDARD FIVE END TERM I - 2016
MATHEMATICS

Time: 2 hours

1. Which of the following number is sixty nine thousand four hundred and thirty five?
   A. 69435
   B. 6094035
   C. 96435
   D. 69405

2. Work out:- 906 542 − 789 653 = _____
   A. 110898
   B. 1 696 195
   C. 116 889
   D. 889 116

3. Work out:- 31 043 + 473 705 = _____
   A. 442 162
   B. 784 135
   C. 748 504
   D. 504 748

4. A family uses 3 packets of milk in a day. How many packets does the family use in 6 days?
   A. 9   B. 18   C. 3   D. 12

5. Find the L.C.M of 6 and 24.
   A. 24
   B. 6
   C. 12
   D. 30

6. Write $\frac{9}{100}$ as a decimal.
   A. 0.9
   B. 900
   C. 0.09
   D. 0.009

7. Find the sum of the fractions
   $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{8}$ = _____
   A. $\frac{4}{12}$
   B. $\frac{4}{8}$
   C. $\frac{2}{4}$
   D. $\frac{7}{8}$

8. Write the following as fraction in its simplest form.   0.8_____
   A. $\frac{8}{10}$
   B. $\frac{4}{5}$
   C. $\frac{4}{10}$
   D. $\frac{5}{4}$

9. What is the place value of digit 6 in the number 962 435?
   A. Ten of thousands
   B. Thousands
   C. 60,000
   D. Hundred thousands

10. Find the total value of digit 3 in the number 356 079.
    A. hundred of thousands
    B. 30,000
    C. 300,000
    D. Thousands

11. Find the G.C.D of 12 and 30.
    A. 60
    B. 42
    C. 18
    D. 6

12. Round off 6 485 to the nearest hundreds.
    A. 6490
    B. 6500
    C. 6000
    D. 6480

13. Work out: $5\frac{1}{3} + 2\frac{1}{4}$
    A. $7\frac{7}{12}$
    B. $7\frac{2}{7}$
    C. $8\frac{7}{12}$
    D. $3\frac{2}{7}$

14. What is the perimeter of the figure below?

    A. 192cm
    B. 40 cm
    C. 32cm
    D. 64cm

15. What is the value of x if ¾ = $\frac{9}{x}$?
    A. 7
    B. 12
    C. 8
    D. 10

16. Which of the angles below is an obtuse angle?

    A.

    B.

    C.

    D.
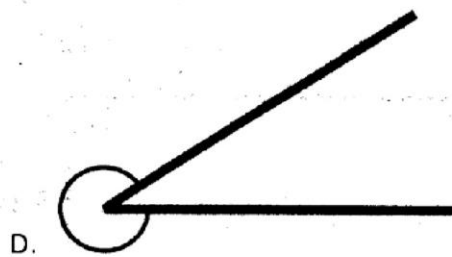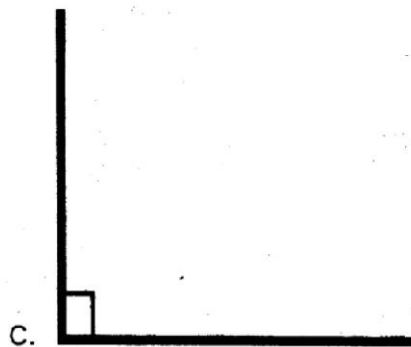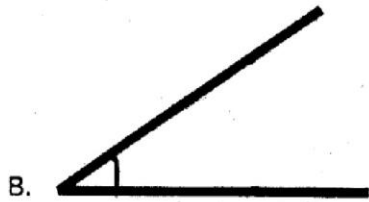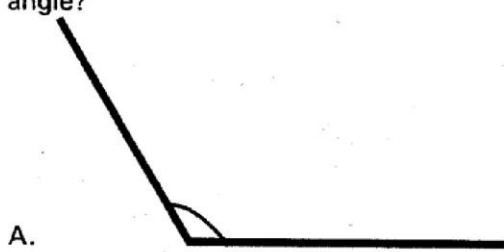
17. Work out:

Weeks	Days
7	4
+ 3	6

    A. 10 weeks 10 days
    B. 11 weeks 10 days
    C. 4 weeks 2 days
    D. 11 weeks 3 days

18. A baker bakes 12 cakes in one day. How many days will she take to bake 300 cakes?
    A. 25   B. 312   C. 288   D. 20

19. Work out 16⟌1263
    A. 78 rem 51
    B. 58 rem 5
    C. 68 rem 15
    D. 78 rem 15

20. What is the sum of the next two number in the pattern? 4, 6, 8, 10 ___ , ___
    A. 12   B. 26
    C. 14   D. 62

21. Write $\frac{18}{30}$ in the simplest form.
    A. $\frac{3}{5}$ B. $\frac{9}{15}$
    C. $\frac{5}{3}$ D. $1\frac{2}{3}$

22. In a class of 165 pupils, 90 are girls. How many boys are there?
    A. 255   B. 65
    C. 95   D. 75

23. Work out 0.34 x 4 = _____.
    A 13.6   B. 1.36
    C. 0.136   D. 136

24. Kamau walked around the triangle field below three times. What distance did he
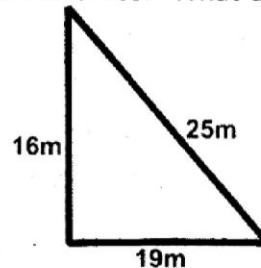
    cover?
    A. 180m   B. 120m
    C. 60m   D. 35m

25. Multiply 3 x 2 ¼
    A. 6 ¼   B. 5 ¼
    C. 6 ¾   D. $\frac{9}{12}$

26. Work out 256 x 16 = _____
    A. 4096   B. 272
    C. 1536   D. 256

27. How many ¼ kg are ther in 5kg?
    A. 10   B. 9
    C. 15   D. 20

28. How many cubes are in the stack below?

   A. 12   B. 60
   C. 47   D. 120

29. What is the time shown on the clock face below?

   A.   4:45
   B.   9:25
   C.   5:45
   D.   8:25

30. Which one of the following numbers is divisible by 3?
   A. 463
   B. 824
   C. 924
   D. 836

31. What is ¼ of 36?
   A. 6   B. 12
   C. 18   D. 9

32. Work out $3 - \frac{7}{9} =$ _____.
   A. $1\frac{2}{9}$ B. $2\frac{2}{9}$
   C. $3\frac{7}{9}$ D. $\frac{4}{9}$

33. Write xxxix in Arabic numerals.
   A. 39
   B. 49
   C. 55
   D. 34

34. A bus carried 7659 people in 23 trips. How many people were carried in one trip? _____
   A. 323   B. 303
   C. 333   D. 313

35. Which of the following represents the factors of 48?
   A. 7 x 6   B. 9 x 6
   C. 7 x 7   D. 8 x 6

36. Convers 4m 25 cm to cm.
   A. 4025cm   B. 425cm
   C. 245cm   D. 4.25cm

37. How many points of intersections are there in the figure below?

   A.   4
   B.   6
   C.   5
   D.   3

38. Work out 35m 05cm – 24m 76m =
   _____.
   A. 11m   29 cm
   B. 10m   39 cm
   C. 10m   29 cm
   D. 11m   39 cm

39. Kagio had 33 half kg packets of maize flour. He gave out 26 half kg of the flour. How many halves did he remain with?
   A. 14   B. 9
   C. 8   D. 7

40. How many days are in 5 weeks and 4 days?
   A. 29
   B. 39
   C. 54
   D. 93

41. What fraction of the figure below is shaded?
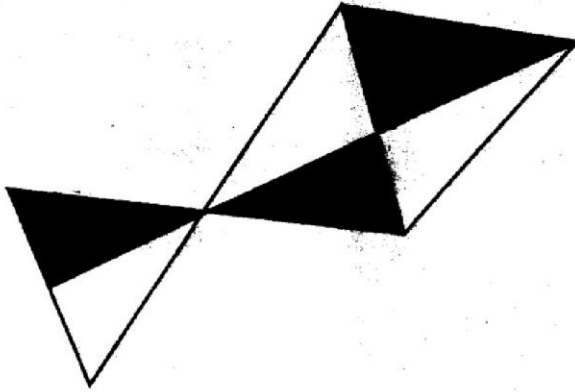
A. $\frac{3}{6}$

B. $\frac{3}{4}$

C. $\frac{4}{6}$

D. $\frac{3}{5}$

42. Which of the following months has 30 days?
A. October
B. May
C. November
D. July

43. Work out

```
    Sh          cts
    19          45
  + 17          60
  _____
```

A. Sh 36 05 cts
B. Sh. 4 03 cts
C. Sh. 36 105 cts
D. Sh. 37 05 cts

44. Work out 12.04 + 8.31 + 2.11 = _____
A. 20.35
B. 22.46
C. 14.15
D. 22.45

45. How many minutes are there in 4 hours?
A. 240 mins
B. 120 mins
C. 60 mins
D. 180 mins

46. Janet covers 2 km 640 m on a bicycle. 1km 140m on foot and 15km 700m by bus. What distance did she travel in total?
A. 3 km 880m
B. 18km 340m
C. 18km 850 m
D. 19km 480m

The table below shows the sport chosen by pupils in std 5.

Sport	Tally mark	Number of pupils
Hockey	‖‖ ‖‖ ‖	12
Football	‖‖ ‖‖ ‖‖ ‖‖	20
Chess	‖‖ ‖‖	8
Athletics	‖‖ ‖‖ ‖‖	15

47. Which sport was chosen by most pupils?
A. athletics
B. Hockey
C. Football
D. chess

48. How many more pupils chose athletics than hockey?
A. 15
B. 3
C. 12
D. 27

49. Which sport is least liked by pupils?
A. Chess
B. Hockey
C. Football
D. Athletics

50. What is the total number of pupils who chose the sports in std. 5?
A. 32
B. 20
C. 50
D. 55

GATUNDU DISTRICT EXAMINATION
STANDARD FIVE – END TERM I 2016
ENGLISH

Time: 1 hour 40 minutes

Fill in the blank spaces 1 to 15 using the best answer from the choices given

Kamau's father __1__ him a new bicycle because he had __2__ well in his end of term exams. Kamau was in __3__ five but he did not __4__ how to ride a bicycle. Luckily, __5__ friend kamande agreed to __6__ him. Kamande __7__ showed Kamau how to hold the handle bars and get on the bicycle. Secondly, Kamande showed __8__ how to pedal properly. Kamande __9__ showed Kamau the __10__. These are the ones Kamau __11__ to use to stop his bicycle. Slowly by slowly, Kamau rode __12__ bicycle down the road.

'Who are these people going on foot instead of using a vehicle __13__' Kamau asked. Kamande __14__, 'they are called __15__' Kamau was happy because soon he would learn how to ride a bicycle well.

	A	B	C	D
1.	Buys	buyed	bought	bout
2.	Done	do	did	doing
3.	Stadard	standard	standad	starndad
4.	No	now	knew	know
5.	Her	him	his	thier
6.	Teach	taught	teached	teacher
7.	Lastly	only	fast	first
8.	His	him	her	he
9.	Or	unless	also	but
10.	Brakes	breaks	blakes	bleaks
11.	Am	are	were	was
12.	It	his	him	her
13.	,	.	?	!
14.	Answered	cried	shouted	asked
15.	Cyclists	pedestrians	motorists	travellers

For questions 16 to 17 choose the correct word to fill the blanks

16. Somebody has _____ my pen.
   - A. Stole
   - B. stealed
   - C. still
   - D. stolen

17. The dog has _____ a boy.
   - A. Bites
   - B. bit
   - C. bitten
   - D. bitted

18. Drivers are advised to drive _____
    A. Carefully
    B. care
    C. carelessly
    D. careful

19. We do not fear our class teacher because she is _____
    A. Quite
    B. Angry
    C. True
    D. Friendly

Choose he correct question tag for questions 20 and 21

20. We went to school, _____?
    A. Do we
    B. didn't we
    C. doesn't we
    D. did we

21. She could not do the work alone, _____?
    A. Do she
    B. couldn't she
    C. could she
    D. did she

Change into plurals

22. That is his ox
    A. These are his ox
    B. These are his oxes
    C. Those are their oxen
    D. These are their oxen.

23. He has taken his luggage
    A. He has taken his luggages
    B. They have taken their luggage
    C. They have taken their luggages
    D. They have taken his luggage

For questions 24 to 26 choose the opposite of the underlined word

24. The customer thought that the cooker was dangerous
    A. Unsafe
    B. risky
    C. danger
    D. safe

25. The shopkeeper sold cheap radios
    A. New
    B. modern
    C. expensive
    D. hard

26. The basket she carried was empty
    A. Full
    B. fool
    C. heavy
    D. bare

Choose the correct answer for question 27 and 28

27. The daughter of my aunt is my _____
    A. Aunt
    B. cousin
    C. sister
    D. niece

28. The son to your sister is your _____
    A. Niece
    B. brother
    C. cousin
    D. nephew

Choose the correct punctuation mark to fill in the blanks

29. Wow _____ what a beautiful landscape
    A. .
    B. ,
    C. !
    D. ?

30. Alas! Is that a mountain or a hill
    A. ?
    B. .
    C. !
    D. ,

Read the following passage carefully then answer questions 31 to 40

The ostrich was a very beautiful bird with a short fluffy neck. She had a friend, the crocodile that she really trusted. The crocodile looked cheerful. They had been friends for over five years. The ostrich visited her friend more often and they basked in the warm sunshine every morning.

After a few months, there was drought in the village. All food was eaten up and all animals were very hungry and grew thinner each day. Ostrich would drag her feet to see her weak friend crying. She asked, "What's the matter with my friend?" "I have a bad toothache. Come and check for me which tooth is aching," he replied. "it will be well my friend stop crying now." Ostrich comforted him. The crocodiles' strong jaw snapped closed as soon as his friend's head was in his mouth.

Ostrich was shocked. She struggled to pull herself out. It was not easy because the crocodile was very strong. They pulled each other for long. With every pull, the ostrich's neck grew longer and longer. She got too tired to pull and pretended to be dead. At that very moment the crocodile stopped pulling to smile at the great meal he thought he had got. 'hureeh! Fled the ostrich, never to return to the village again. Crocodile was left with only feathers in his mouth.

31. What is the opposite of the word **beautiful** as underlined in the passage?
    A. Good   B. nice
    C. pretty   D. ugly

32. How many animals were friends in the story
    A. Four   B. two
    C. six   D. ten

33. After a few months there was _____
    A. Food   B. flood
    C. drought   D. harvest

34. Which animal trusted the friend very much?
    A. Ostrich   B. lion
    C. crocodile   D. mouse

35. Was the crocodile crying for real?
    A. Yes   B. I don't know
    C. yes, of course   D. no

36. Whose neck grew longer and longer?
    A. Ostrich's   B. crocodiles'
    C. monkey's   D. lions'

37. The ostrich pretended to be _____
    A. Smiling   B. alive
    C. dead   D. sick

38. Crocodile thought he would have a good _____
    A. Meal   B. soup
    C. mill   D. soap

39. What did the ostrich do when the crocodile stopped pulling her head?
    A. Flew   B. fled
    C. smiled   D. slept

40. The crocodile was a _____ friend
    A. Good   B. humble
    C. clever   D. bad

Read the following passage and then answer question 41-50

School holidays are a time for fun for school going children. It is time to learn to be responsible. We have so much time to ourselves that we may end up doing practically nothing. This is not good.

With all the time we have we should try to practise being responsible. What does being responsible mean? It means making wise choices and doing the right thing always.

When you are responsible you respect others and take charge of your actions. Responsible people make good decisions. They act independently and consider how their actions will affect others. Are you responsible? It may not be easy to answer this question. Do you do your homework in time? Do you assist your parents in household work? Are you untidy or dirty?

Learning to be responsible must start early. Assist in domestic work; make sure you have different duties. This will help you learn different skills. By completing your work, you will gain confidence and feel responsible. Once you realize the importance of doing your work well, it will make you grow as a responsible person. This will help you in your school work as well.

41. What happens during school holidays?
    A. It is time to work hard
    B. It is time to stay out of school
    C. It is time for fun for school going children
    D. It is time for children to go to school

42. How does the writer advise us to behave?
    A. To be responsible
    B. To keep time in our hands
    C. To be good
    D. To use our time wisely

43. What does being responsible mean?
    A. To make wise decisions
    B. To make decisions
    C. To be careless occasionally
    D. To spend your time with responsibility

44. When should we start learning how to be responsible?
    A. At teenage
    B. At an early age
    C. When we are old and wise
    D. When we are adults

45. Responsible people according to the passage
    _____
    A. Respect their rights
    B. Do not have answers to their actions
    C. Do not respect other's right
    D. Take charge of their actions

46. A person who works hard is hardworking but a person who does not work hard is _____
    A. Lazy
    B. jobless
    C. a worker
    D. poor

47. An untidy and dirty person _____
    A. Is not responsible
    B. Needs to continue
    C. Is responsible
    D. Has responsibility

48. To gain confidence one needs to
    A. Feel responsible
    B. Do more work
    C. Learn many skills
    D. Complete their work

49. If you are responsible
    A. You will live longer
    B. You will get a gift
    C. Your school work will be good
    D. You will be a future leader

50. The best title for the above passage is
    A. Being responsible
    B. Gaining skill;
    C. How to spend your holiday
    D. Completing school work

ATUNDU DISTRICT EXAMINATION

STANDARD FIVE – END TERM I – 2016

MARKING SCHEME

ENGLISH	KISWAHILI	MATHS	SCIENCE	SOCIAL STUDIES	
1. C	1. B	1. A	1. C	1. C	
2. A	2. D	2. C	2. C	2. A	51. B
3. B	3. A	3. D	3. A	3. D	52. C
4. D	4. C	4. B	4. D	4. B	53. A
5. C	5. A	5. A	5. A	5. C	54. D
6. A	6. D	6. C	6. C	6. A	55. B
7. D	7. B	7. D	7. C	7. D	56. C
8. B	8. A	8. B	8. A	8. B	57. A
9. C	9. B	9. A	9. B	9. B	58. B
10. A	10. B	10. C	10. C	10. A	59. D
11. D	11. A	11. D	11. B	11. D	60. C
12. B	12. A	12. B	12. B	12. B	
13. C	13. B	13. A	13. D	13. C	**C.R.E**
14. A	14. C	14. D	14. C	14. A	
15. B	15. A	15. B	15. D	15. D	61. B
16. D	16. B	16. A	16. A	16. C	62. C
17. C	17. A	17. D	17. C	17. A	63. D
18. A	18. D	18. A	18. D	18. D	64. D
19. D	19. A	19. D	19. B	19. B C	65. B
20. B	20. C	20. B	20. D	20. C	66. A
21. C	21. B	21. A	21. D	21. A	67. C
22. C	22. A	22. D	22. B	22. B	68. A
23. B	23. C	23. B	23. D	23. C	69. B
24. D	24. D	24. A	24. C	24. C	70. C
25. C	25. B	25. C	25. B	25. A	71. C
26. A	26. A	26. A	26. C	26. B	72. A
27. B	27. C	27. D	27. D	27. D	73. C
28. D	28. D	28. B	28. B	28. C	74. D
29. C	29. B	29. A	29. D	29. A	75. C
30. A	30. A	30. C	30. D	30. D	76. D
31. D	31. C	31. D	31. D	31. B	77. C
32. B	32. A	32. B	32. C	32. C	78. B
33. C	33. B	33. A	33. A	33. A	79. C
34. A	34. C	34. C	34. A	34. D	80. D
35. D	35. A	35. D	35. B	35. B	81. B
36. A	36. B	36. B	36. D	36. C	82. C
37. C	37. A	37. A	37. A	37. A	83. D
38. A	38. D	38. C	38. C	38. B	84. C
39. B	39. A	39. D	39. C	39. D	85. A
40. D	40. B	40. B	40. D	40. B	86. B
41. C	41. B	41. A	41. A	41. A	87. C
42. A	42. C	42. C	42. D	42. A	88. D
43. A	43. D	43. D	43. C	43. D	89. C
44. B	44. A	44. B	44. D	44. A	90. B
45. D	45. B	45. A	45. B	45. A	
46. A	46. C	46. D	46. B	46. B	
47. A	47. D	47. C	47. A	47. B	
48. A	48. A	48. B	48. B	48. C	
49. C	49. C	49. A	49. C	49. A	
50. A	50. B	50. D	50. B	50. D	