#### Chagua jibu sahihi la kujaza nafasi 1-15

Umaskini 1changamoto kubwa	a zaidi ambayo husukuma	na kusababisha
2 kwa banati ambao baadhi yao huw upande mwingine zingali zinalemaza juhudi kaban	va katika snule za msingi. obe za serikali kubusiana n	Mila3 kwa
5hujipata katika hali ngumu6_	baadhi ya yiongozi w	a suala4
mkono nyendo7 za kuwafanya wato	oto kuuziwa majibaba	8 mali. Je.
9?		
A B	С	D
1. ndiyo ndio	ndilo	ndizo
2. kuozwa kuchumbia	kuoleshwa	kuoana
3. baya ushenzi	aibu	potovu
4. hili lilivyo	haya	hii
5. Wanaharakati Wahamasishaji	Wanamazingira	Wachunguzaji
6. pasi na ijapo	mathalan	madhali
7. zinazostahili zisizofaa	inayofaa	isiyostahili
8. yenye zenye	wenye	mwenye
9. haya si maisha huu ni ungwana	huu si ubinafsi	hii si mikosi
10 inayosema kufaana kama	11 ni muhimu sana	Mfano ni
12 ambayo husaidia kuitakasa ngeu	kwa kuondoa uchafu	13 zino
fani nyinginezo kama vile14ambayo	ni takriri 15	ni maana kuwa
anayeweza kukutendea mawi ni anayekujua vyem	na.	, III IIIaalia kuwa
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
10. tashdidi tanakani	tashbihi	isitiara
11. sahani na kawa kiko na moshi	viungo vya mwili	kaburi la baniani
12. nswi kibofu	kidari	figo
13. ingawa aidha	kaifa	ijapokuwa
14. hapiki hapakui yeye ni ngiri	lewa leuleu	piga mbweu
15. A. asiyekujua hakudhamini		
<li>B. fimbo ya mbali haifungi kuni</li>		
C. ndugu si jirani		
<ul> <li>D. kikulacho ki nguoni mwako</li> </ul>		
Kutaka awali la 40 20 ah ang	1	
Kutoka swali la 16-30,chagua jibu kulingana	1	ata yaliwawezesha
na maagizo	kufaulu maisha	
16. Ni orodha ipi iliyo na nomino dhahania	D. Ulezi waliopata	uliwawezesha maishani
pekee	10.0	
A. Maji, madhara, mazingira, maridhiano	18. Chagua sentensi	
B. Meza, pete, nchi, Tarakilishi		va macho yaliyojaa
C. Wema, uchungu, mapenzi, ukali,	hasira	
<ul> <li>D. Batamzinga, pakashume, bibiarusi, kirukanjia</li> </ul>	B. Wanafunzi wal	iingia kwa darasa
Kilukanjia	wakatulia	
17. Chagua wingi wa:		kwa rununga zinatutia
Ulezi aliopata ulimwezesha kufaulu	wasiwasi	
maishani		gazeti la Taifa leo
A. Malezi waliopata iliwawezesha kufaulu	tumeshinda	
maishani	10 Ni kifoo kini ak-	ufumali kine = !:= == ! !
B. Ulezi waliopata uliwazesha kufaulu		ufundi kimelinganishwa
maishani	na kazi yake bara	narar ma urefu wa ukuta
***********	The Hilliagi - Kupi	na aitiu wa UKULA

- B. Nyundombao kugongomelea misumari
- C. Fuawe kufungia parafujo
- D. Patasi kutoboa matundu
- 20. Msemo `piga ramli' una maana
  - A. Pigana na adui
  - B. Tazamiwa na mganga
  - C. Kuuza vitu rejareja
  - D. Maliza shughuli fulani
- 21. Kanusha sentensi:

Ukweli wa mambo ni kwamba wameridhika

- A. Uongo wa mambo si kwamba wameridhika
- B. Ukweli wa mambo ni kwamba hawajaridhika
- C. Si kweli kwamba wao hawajaridhika
- D. Ukweli wa mambo si kwamba hawajaridhika
- 22. Neno `wakereketwa lina silabi?
  - A. Sita
  - B. Tano
  - C. Saba
  - D. Kumi na moja
- 23. Geuza katika kauli halisi:

Mzazi alimkanya mwanawe aache kuandamana na vijana watukutu

- A. "usiandamane na vijana watukutu," mzazi alimkanya mwanawe
- B. "unaandamana na vijana watukutu," mzazi alimwambia mwanawe
- C. "usiwahi andamana na vijana watukutu," mzazi alimwonya mwanawe
- D. "wacha kuandamana na vijana watukutu," mzazi alimkanya mwanawe
- 24. Chagua neno lililolinganishwa na ngeli yake vilivyo
  - A. Mbuzi I-ZI
  - B. Mifugo YA-YA
  - C. Magonjwa U-YA

D	. ۱	/la	liα	ha	fi .	_ \	14	۱-۱	Y	Α	
_				, iu				`	1.	_	•

 Bainisha aina ya kiwakilishi kilichotumiwa katika sentensi

Huyo ndiye alitumiwa na mgeni wangu kumbebea mkoba

- A. Kiwakilishi kionyeshi
- B. Kiwakilishi cha sifa
- C. Kiwakilishi kimilikishi
- D. Kiwakilishi cha idadi
- 26. Tegua kitendawili kifuatacho Viziwi wawili wanakokotana
  - A. Usiku na mchana
  - B. Wachezaji wa jugwe
  - C. Jahazi na tanga
  - D. Mume na mke
- 27. Sakafu ya nyumba ya juu huitwa

A.	paa	B. mabati
C.	ghorofa	D dari

- 28. Maskini! Mtoto wa watu atasaidiwa na nani? Neno lililopigiwa mstari ni \_\_\_na hutumiwa kuonyesha hisia za
  - A. Kihusishi/ wasiwasi
  - B. Kiingizi/ woga
  - C. Kiigizi/ huzuni
  - D. Kihisishi/ huruma
- 29. Kipande cha tatu katika mshororo wa shairi huitwa
  - A. mwandamizi

B. mleo

C. utao

D. kipokeo

- 30. Teua sentensi iliyo na matumizi ya <u>karibu</u> ya makisio.
  - A. Wenyeji wa pwani walitukaribisha kwao.
  - B. Mwanafunzi alizoa karibu alama mia nne.
  - C. Nyumba ile ilikua karibu kuangukiwa na mti.
  - D. Kwenu na kwao ni karibu kama pua na mdomo.

#### Soma ufahamu ufuatao kisha ujibu swali la 31 - 40

Utovu wa nidhamu na mienendo bulibuli ni mojawapo ya changamoto kuu katika jamii yetu. Hali hii imekithiri na kupita mipaka miezi ya hivi punde. Habari zilizogonga vichwa vya magazeti na taarifa za idhaa za redio na runinga ni za kuatua na kuvunja mioyo.

Asili ya visa na mikasa hii ni nini hasa? Ni mpaka lini tutaipakata mikono, kufumba macho na hata kuyatia masikio yetu komango kuhusu matukio haya ya kishenzi? Jahazi letu la ujamaa linayumbishwa na tufani kali la tabia benibeni. Msingi thabiti wa malezi aali ya kijamii unatishwa na u karibu kuangamizwa na nduli huyu. Misukosuko katika aila inatishia kuvunja familia huku ikibainika bayana kuwa wanandoa hawaaminiani wala kuthaminiana. Wengi huelekezana vidole vya lawana huku wakitaja kuwepo kwa mmojawapo kuwa na jicho la nje.

Isitoshe,fedha zimekuwa kizingiti badala ya kuboresha maisha katika familia. Zao la udhia huu limekuwa ni talaka na hata mauaji ya kikatili yanayowaacha wengi midomo achama.

Mwana hufuata kisogo cha nina au sivyo? Ya nini basi tushangae tunaposhuhudia matendo mawi ya wanafunzi shuleni na vyuoni? Uteketezaji wa mabweni katika shule za upili na uharibu wa mali ya watu binafsi wanafunzi wanaposhiriki katika migomo ndiyo taswira halisi tunayokumbana nayo kila uchao. Uozo huu wa jamii sharti utafutiwe tiba kamili kabla ya chombo kwenda mrama.

Teknolojia kwa upande mwingine imetoa mchango wake katika kutoa mafunzo yasiyofaa kwa kizazi cha sasa. Vijulanga wengi wameyakumbatia mageni haya kana kwamba ni injili takatifu. Hali hii ya bendera kufuata upepo imesababisha mtafaruku na ukosefu wa muamala katika jamii.

Samaki mmoja akioza na mtungo pia. Ni vyema tukiwaeleza vijana wetu kwa kuonyesha mfano mwema. Maisha ya halafu yatajengeka vyema ikiwa sote tutakuwa waadilifu chombo huongozwa na dira. Mimi na wewe hatuna budi kuwa kielelezo mwafaka ili kesho yetu isipate kiza cha kaniki.

- 31. Chagua maelezo yasiyo sawa kulingana na aya ya kwanza
  - A. Tabia mbi zimeongezeka maradufu
  - B. Mwandishi anakumbwa na masikitiko
  - C. Visa vyenye vitendo benibeni vimekithiri
  - D. Waja wachache hawana nidhamu bora
- 32. Ni kundi gani limeathirika zaidi na utovu wa nidhamu?
  - A. Vijana
  - B. Wanaoishi mijini
  - C. Watu wote
  - D. Wazee
- 33. Katika aila kulingana na taarifa hii ni kweli kusema kuwa:
  - A. Wanandoa hawatalikiani na wanauana
  - B. Baadhi ya wahusika si wastahiki na hawaaminiani
  - C. Ndoa zote zinavunjika na hali iliyopo
  - D. Mahaba yanazidishwa na hali iliyopo

- 34. Katika aya ya pili, tunaarifiwa kuwa jahazi letu la ujamaa linayumbishwa maana kuwa:
  - A. Upo mtafaruku katika jamaa na hata jamii
  - B. Jahazi linayumbishwa na mawimbi baharini
  - C. Watu wote ni wadanganyifu katika ndoa zao
  - D. Wazazi hawachukui majukumu yao ipasavyo
- 35. Mwandishi wa makala hasa halaumu;
  - A. Wazazi

B. Jamii

C. Vijana

D. Teknolojia

36. Methali nazi mbovu harabu ya nzima inajitokeza dhahiri shahiri katika aya ya

A. 40

B. 6

C. 50

D. 3

- 37. Kulingana na aya ya nne, ni bayana mwana hufuata kisogo cha nina mandhali:
  - A. Tabia za wazazi hulandana na za wana
  - B. Wazazi ndio huwa vielelezo kwa wana
  - C. Mtoto huiga nyendo za mzazi wake
  - D. Mienendo ya mzazi na mwana hufanana
- 38. Asili ya visa na mikasa iliyotajwa hasa ni
  - A. Kubezwa kwa nidhamu bora
  - B. Kutojali kwa wazazi wa wazawa
  - C. Kuimarika kwa nyendo za wazazi
  - D. Mmomonyoko wa maandili

- 39. Katika aya ya tano neno muamala limetumiwa. Maana yake kimatumizi ni:
  - A. Hali ya uelewano baina ya watu
  - B. Tendo la kuaminika na kutimiza ahadi
  - C. Msaada unaotolewa ili kuwafaidi watu
  - D. Uzuaji wa vurugu miongoni mwa jamii
- 40. Mtazamo wa mwandishi wa makala haya si:
  - A. Jamii imezembea dhima yake
  - B. Wazazi na walezi hawajawajibika
  - C. Banati hawajahasirika kama ghulamu
  - D. Mitambo ya kiteknolojia ina madhara

#### Soma taarifa ifuatayo kisha ujibu swali la 41 - 5

Kila mmoja wetu alikuwa na hamu kuu ya kufika mjini bila kumaizi kilichotusubiri. Kitu cha kwanza kilichotulaki ilikuwa ni mvua iliyonyesha bila kupusa. Mimi na wandani wangu wawili tulikuwa tumekata shauri kukigura kitongoji chetu kidogo, Tulia na kupiga kambi jijini Angaza.

Tulishawishika kuwa elimu kichele tuliyopata ingetufaa kwa hali na mali. Tuliishikilia kikiki mikoba yetu ili kuhakikisha kuwa faranga chache tulizokuwa nazo za kujikimu zilikuwa zingali ndani. Waama, lisilo budi hutendwa.llitubidi kutafuta mahali pa kujibari mvua iliyozidisha makeke yake. Nani asiyejua mbwa hafi maji aonapo ufukwe?

Japo tulikuwa tumelowa rovurovu tulijibanza kwenye uchochoro. Tukiwa pale huku nikitetema kwa kibaridi kilichopenya mwilini, nilianza kuvuta taswira jinsi mambo yalivyokuwa kule kariani.

Wanakitongoji wenzetu walikuwa adinasi wenye utu. Usingekosa kumpata mtu wa kukuauni ingawaje uchochole uliwagandamiza na kuwavunja wengi moyo. Kumbe umoja na utangamano wa wakata unaweza kumithilishwa na mti mkavu ama niseme tasa usioangua matunda wala kupukutisha majani! Badala ya uzee kuula ujana, waliokula chumvi si haba walizitegemea nguvukazi za barobaro angalau wapate cha kutia tumboni. Hili ndilo lilitupelekea kuhamia jijini kwa nia na azma ya kutafuta gange.

Kelele za vijana waliovalia mademu ndizo zilinizindua kutoka katika fikra zilizonirejesha manzilini. Mungu wangu! Walipita pale marika zetu waliovalia nusu uchi. Si kwa kutaka bali kukosa lahaula la kwata! Kumbe tulitoka kufiwako na kujitoma kuliwako nyama mbichi? Ombaomba wale walitunyoshea mikono eti tuwasaidie. Nilitaka kucheka nikalia badala yake. Kibindoni nilikuwa na sarafu chache. Shufaka zilinighubika nikajipata na uwezo kuliko wao.

Haya yakijiri, majanadume yenye mataluma manne yalijisukumisha hadi tulipokuwa. Nia yao haikuwa bayana awali awali. Pindi tu walipotufikia, tulijipata chini huku mikoba yetu ikiwa haki yao. Audhubilahi! "huu ni mji mkuu ama pango la afriti waliotokwa na utu?'' nilijisaili. Kilio chetu kilikuwa bure baktata.

The passage below contains blank spaces numbered 1 - 15. For each blank space, choose the BEST alternative from the choices provided. \_1\_\_\_ the other animals \_\_\_\_\_2\_\_ to arrive and make 3\_\_\_\_ in their different fashions. First came three dogs, Blue Belt, Jessie and Pinches, and then the pigs who \_\_\_\_\_4\_\_\_ down in the straw immediately \_\_\_\_\_5\_ of the platform. The hens 6 themselves on the window sills, the pigeon filtered \_\_\_\_\_\_\_the rafter, the sheep and cows \_\_\_\_\_\_8\_\_\_\_down behind the pigs and began to chew cud. The two cart horses, Boxer and Clover came 9\_\_\_\_\_ together, walking very slowly and settling down\_\_\_\_\_10\_\_\_\_ vast hoofs with great care \_\_\_\_\_11\_\_\_\_ there should be some small animals\_\_\_\_\_12\_\_\_\_ in the straw. Clover was stout, motherly and approaching middle life, \_\_\_\_13\_\_\_\_ had never quite\_\_\_\_\_14\_\_\_ her figure back after her fourth \_\_15\_\_\_\_. Α С D their long 1. there wrong 2. begun began begins begin 3. straight serious forward comfortable 4. settled went brought bought in case incase 5. in front infront perched 6. iumped flew stays off up 7. over across lied lie lain 8. lay offer after 9. over along them 10. there their they off of 11. rest lest concluded 12. concealed contained complained where who whom 13. whose got take get 14. took foal 15. child kid calf A. Why haven't you had your cut finger In questions 16 to 18, complete the treated as I would have done in sentence with the BEST choices. 16. It is common to find an exception your place B. I think you got to ask someone to almost every rule. treat your cut finger B. to A. in C. If I had my finger cut like you I C. from D. about should be treated

17. If you read the description of that animal you will find several differences

what you see in this

- photograph. A. with
- B. from
- C. between
- D. to
- 18. The peacemakers were seeking a the two compromise conflicting rivals.
  - A. among
- B. between
- D. to

For question 19 to 21, choose the sentence that mean the same as the underlined sentence.

19. If I were you, I should have that cut on your finger treated.

- D. Why not ask someone to treat your cut finger as I do?
- 20. Akiru said, "My brother isn't well today."
  - A. Akiru described he brother to be ill that day.
  - B. My brother is ill today. Akiru told us.
  - C. Akiru said that his brother was ill
  - D. Akiru said that her brother was ill today.
- 21. The pool was so muddy that we couldn't see the bottom.
  - A. The pool was very muddy for us to be able to see the bottom.

- B. It was such muddy pool that the bottom couldn't be seen.
- C. The pool was far too much muddy to see the bottom.
- D. We were unable to see the bottom of the pool because there was so much mud.

For questions 22 and 23, use words that are mixed to make correct sentences and then answer the questions.

22. Write Nyaliki this can than better The fourth word is?

A. this

B. better

C. write

D. can

23. himself a Khamari sharp cutlass cut with

The fifth word is?

A. with

B. a

C. sharp

D. cutlass

## In questions 24 and 25, choose the sentence that is correctly puncturated.

- 24. A. What a beautiful suit you have!
  - B. What a beautiful suit you have?
  - C. What a beautiful suit you have.
  - D. What a beautiful suit You have?
- 25. A. Oh dear "he shouted" what do I do now?
  - B. "Oh! dear" he shouted." What do I do now?"
  - C. "Oh dear he shouted." What do I do now?
  - D. "Oh dear!" he shouted. "What do I do now?"

#### Read the passage below and answer questions 26 - 38

Getting a good rest results into better health. Sleep and heath are closely connected. Cells come to life during the sleep cycle and if the body is not fully relaxed, these cells will not be efficiently replaced. This causes a person to feel tired and during the day they will feel as though they never had enough sleep. Therefore a good bed is the gateway to good sleep. A good bed is one that offers the correct support, comfort and healthy space to sleep in. It should be fitted with a good mattress that is neither hard nor too soft and easily yields to the natural contours of the body. A good mattress enables one to have good sleep which is equally important for improved health. Timely replacement of mattress leads to positive results on sleep and overall quality of life.

It is also necessary that a mattress is changed every five years even if it is still good. This is because it loses its quality with time and also the composition collects much dust and dirt in course of time which is bad for health. A good night's sleep is priceless. However, the way people align themselves in bed makes the difference in the quality of sleep that they get. Experts say that the best way to sleep is on the back without a pillow. This allows the spine to rest with its natural curves in place. Side sleeping is not the best as it causes numb fingers due to strain on the nerves through the shoulder. Stomach sleeping is the worst position of all. It affects the lower back, neck and the lungs. It keeps the head turned to one side all night, which affects the alignment of the spine in the neck. A lot of things are therefore to be considered if one has to achieve quality sleep.

- 26. From the passage we learn that good rest will yield
  - A. Better health
  - B. Good sleep
  - C. Good cells
  - D. Good relaxation
- 27. According to the passage, it is TRUE to state that
  - A. Sleep causes good mattress
  - B. Sleep facilitates replacement of cells
  - C. Sleep causes tiredness
  - D. Sleep reduces cells

- 28. "A good bed is the gateway to good sleep" means
  - A. sleep has a gateway
  - B. a good sleep depends on the type of bed
  - C. beds have passages to sleep
  - D. good sleep comes from a gate
- 29. According to the passage, a good bed has the following except
  - A. comfort

B. colour

C. space

D. support

30. From the passage, qualities of a good mattress are	34. From the passage, which one of the following causes bad health?
A. Soft but too soft	A. Dust B. Contours
B. Either too hard or too soft C. Neither hard nor too soft	C. Time D. Composition
D. Both hard and very soft	35. According to the passage back sleeping
31. In the passage, the word yields has	A. rests the spine naturally
been underlined. It means same as	B. has natural cure
	C. strains the nerves
A. opposes B. rejects	D. hurts the spine
C. result D. refuses	
	36. The word quality has been underlined in
32. According to the passage, it is TRUE to	o the last paragraph. It means same as?
state that	A. Great B. Nice
<ul> <li>A. Mattress must not be changed</li> </ul>	C. Long D. Needed
every five years	
B. Good sleep and health have no	37. According to the passage stomach
connections	sleeping is the worst method because it
C. A mattress can be used as long as	
remains good	A. Affects lungs
D. Timed replacement of a mattress	B. Affects finger
leads to good quality of life	C. Strains nerves
	D. Relaxes the body
33. One of the following sentences is	
FALSE.	38. The BEST title for this passage is?
A. A mattress loses quality over time	A. Quality mattress
<li>B. A good mattress is associated with</li>	B. A good bed
good health	C. Quality sleep
C. A mattress need replacement afte	D. Sleeping position
five years	
D. A mattress must be replaced	
frequently	

#### Read the passage below and then answer questions 39 to 50.

Udueze went into his inner compound and soon returned with his goat skin bag and a sheltered machete. "I shall take you to the man who will receive your message," he said. He led the way and the three emissaries followed silently. He took them to the house of Otikpo, who was preparing seed yams for the market. He rose to greet his visitors whom he shook hands with, then went into an inner room and returned with a rolled mat. He spread it on the mud bed for his visitors. He then went again and brought a Kola nut in a wooden bowl. Akukalia thanked him but said that they could neither eat nor drink until their mission was over.

"Can this mission you speak of be heard by me and Udueze, or does it require the elders of Okperi?" Otikpo asked. "It requires, "said Akukalia. "Then you came a bad time. Everybody in Igboland knows that Okperi people do not have business on their market day. You should have come yesterday or the day before or tomorrow." Otikpo went outside and raising his voice, he called a neighbour, Ebo, and came in again. Ebo came in and saluted generally. He began to shake hands with the visitors, but when Akukalia's turn came, he refused to take Ebo's hand.

"Sit down," said Otikpo. "Akukalia has a message for Okperi which forbids him to eat Kolanut or shake hands. He wants to see the elders and I have told him it is not possible today. I have not yet heard of a message that cannot wait. Or have you brought us news that 'chuku', the high god, is about to remove the foot that holds the world? Do you people think that a market like the one we have today will break up because three men have come to Okperi?" Otikpo went on. Ebo and Otikpo burst into laughter. The three men from Umuaro exchanged

glances. Akukalia's face began to look dangerous. Udueze sat as he had done since they first came in, his chin in his left hand.

"Are you telling us that you people regard us as market women? I've borne your insults patiently. Let me remind you that my name is Okeke Akukalia of Umuaro." "Oooh, of Umuara," said Ebo, still smarting from the rebuffed handshake. "Iam happy you have said Umuaro. The name of this town is Okperi!" "Go back to your house!" shouted Akukalia. "Or I will make you curse the day you were born!" "If you want to shout like a castrated bull, you must wait until you return to Umuaro. I have told you this place is called Okperi," replied Ebo sarcastically. Perhaps it was deliberated, perhaps accidental. But Ebo had just said the one thing that nobody should have told Akukalia who was impotent and whose wives were secretly given to other men to bear his children.

men to bear his children.		•			
39. In the first paragraph sheltered has been ur the following word m the underlined word?  A. Covered  C. Concealed	nderlined. Which of leans the same as B. Hidden	B	. A visitor from . An emissarie . A village elde . A resident of	s er	
40. According to the pass arrived when Otikpo A. Was ready to go t B. Was waiting for t C. Was preparing ya D. Was preparing sec	? to the market he visitors ms and Kola nuts	ro A	ebuffed handsh L. Ebo was pair contempt S. Ebo was a sr C. Ebo was avo		·•
<ul> <li>41. The visitors did not v drink before</li> <li>A. Achieving their go</li> <li>B. Listening to Odue</li> <li>C. Buying yams</li> <li>D. Going to the mark</li> </ul>	oal ze	p A	urpose of A. surprise C. anger	B. fear	
<ul> <li>42. From the passage, w</li> <li>A. Otikpo and Eduez elders</li> <li>B. Udeueze and Otik</li> <li>C. Udueze was very</li> <li>D. The visitors were</li> </ul>	e were the only  po were not elders unfriendly	t A E	o say A. Akukalia lool B. The emissari elders C. Akukalia rais	ed like a bull es regarded the Okr ed his voice against ed being compared	oeri ≅Ebo
<ul> <li>43. According to the past to say that</li> <li>A. Messages were rebefore</li> <li>B. Umuare men wer market people</li> <li>C. No other business their market day</li> <li>D. People could lister</li> </ul>	eceived on day e regarded a s takes place on	E	A. Comparing A bull  B. The castrate  C. Ebo's sarcas  D. Akukalia's sl	kukalia with a cast d bull tic tone	rated
44. From the passage we Akukalia asA. arrogant C. daring	e can describe  B. shy D. humble	1	castrated bull  A. Was acciden  B. Was obvious  C. May have be  D. Was by mist	ital sly deliberate een deliberaté	

- 1. In Kenya the population in 2015 was 47588092. What was the population to the nearest hundred thousand?
  - A. 47500000
  - B. 47590000
  - C. 47600000
  - D. 48000000
- 2. What is the value of

$$\frac{48 + 6^2 + 12^2 - 84 \div 12 \times 4}{12 + 8}$$

A. 10

- B. 2
- C.  $2^2/_5$
- D.  $2^4/_5$
- 3. What is the value of

$$\frac{8}{9} + \frac{1}{3} (\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{4})$$
 of  $\frac{4}{5} \div \frac{1}{2}$ ?

- A.  $\frac{1}{2}$
- B. 2
- c.  $17/_{18}$
- D.  $1^{1}/_{9}$
- 4. The following are prime factors of three numbers:
  - (i)  $2^3 \times 3^3 \times 5$
  - (ii)  $2^2 \times 3^3 \times 5^2$
  - (iii)  $2^4 \times 3 \times 7$

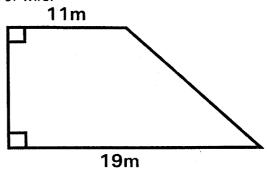
What is the GCD of the three numbers?

- A. 75600
- B. 12

C. 6

- D. 36
- 5. In the number 9735926, the total value of digit 3 is added to the total value of digit 2. Which one of the following is the correct answer?
  - A. 30002
- B. 30020
- C. 3020
- D. 320
- 6. The following describes a certain quadrilateral:
- (i) Opposite sides are parallel
  - (ii) All angles are equal
  - (iii) Diagonals are equal and do not bisect each other at right angles
  - (iv) Diagonals do not bisect the angles What is the name of the quadrilateral?
  - A. Rectangle
  - B. Square
  - C. Rhombus
  - D. Trapezium
- 7. The perimeter of a rectangular plot of land is 113.14m. If the length of the plot is 36.14m, what is the width?
  - A. 77m
  - B. 38.5m
- 009/Std. 8

- C. 20.43m
- D. 10.125m
- 8. The area of the trapezium below is 90m<sup>2</sup>. It was fenced using three strands of wire.



What was the length of the wire used?

- A. 46m
- B. 144m
- C. 108m
- D. 138m
- 9. Which one of the following statements is correct?
  - A. 0.55 is greater than  $\frac{5}{9}$
  - B. 0.55 is equal to 5/9
  - C.  $\frac{5}{9}$  is greater than 0.55
  - D.  $\frac{5}{9}$  is less than 0.55
- 10. Which one of the following statements is true about the number of faces and edges of a triangular prism?
  - A. 4 faces and 6 edges
  - B. 9 faces and 5 edges
  - C. 6 faces and 9 edges
  - D. 5 faces and 9 edges
- 11. A rectangular tank is 4.8m long, 3.2m wide and 2.5m high. How many litres of water can it hold when half full?
  - A. 38400
- B. 19200
- C. 38.4
- D. 19.2
- 12. What is the value of m in the equation  $\frac{2(m^2 + 15)}{2} = 24$ ?
  - ``
  - A. 9

- B. 81
- C. 111
- D. 222
- 13. Ojwang spent  $^1/_6$  of his income on school fees,  $^1/_4$  on food,  $^5/_7$  of the reminder on rent and saved the rest. What total fraction of his money did he save?

- A.  $\frac{1}{6}$  C.  $\frac{1}{4}$
- B.  $\frac{5}{12}$ D.  $\frac{2}{7}$

- 14. In a certain year 3600 pupils scored above 400 marks in KCPE. The following year those who scored above 400 marks were 4050. What was the percentage increase in the number of candidates who scored above 400
  - A.  $11^{1}/_{9}\%$
- B.  $88^{8}/_{9}\%$
- C. 1.25%
- D.  $12^{1/2}\%$
- 15. Nadimo bought a smart phone by paying a deposit of sh. 6000 plus 15 equal monthly instalments of sh 1250. The hire purchase price was 10% more than the marked price. What was the marked price?
  - A. Sh. 22275
  - B. Sh. 22500
  - C. Sh. 24750
  - D. Sh. 27500
- 16. The table below shows the number of bags of cereals in two stores during a certain month. The number of bags of rice in the two stores is not shown.

NAME OF STORE	CEREALS							
	Number of bags of wheat	Number of bags of maize	Number of bags of rice	Number of bags of barley	Total			
Juma store	24	120		270	630			
Mbugua store	16	240		168	554			

How many more bags of rice did Juma store have more than Mbugua store?

- A. 130
- B. 216
- C. 86

D. 346

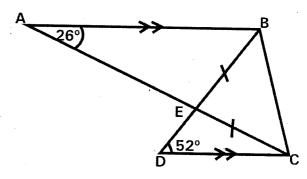
- 17. A wheelbarrow dealer was left with sh. 171000 after paying out a 5% commission to an agent for the sale of the wheelbarrows. What was the selling price of the wheelbarrows?
  - A. Sh. 162450
  - B. Sh. 179550
  - C. Sh. 180000
  - D. Sh. 3420000
- 18. What is the next number in the pattern 3, 7, 13, 21, 31, \_\_\_\_?
  - A. 41
- B. 45
- C. 42
- D. 43
- 19. What is the value of

$$\frac{y^2 + n}{q + n}$$

Given that n = q + y,  $q = \frac{1}{3}y$  and y = 6?

- A.  $4^2/_5$
- C. 4
- D.  $1^9/_{11}$
- 20. What is the smallest number possible formed from the digits 9, 7, 0, 4, 2?
  - A. 24790
- B. 02479
- C. 20479
- D. 24079
- 009/Std. 8

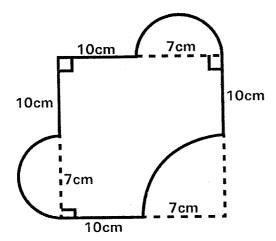
21. AB is parallel to DC and BE = EC. Angle  $BAC = 26^{\circ}$  and  $BDC = 52^{\circ}$ 



What is the size of angle BCD?

- A. 78<sup>0</sup>
- B. 51<sup>0</sup>
- C. 77°
- D. 102<sup>0</sup>
- 22. The mean mass of 8 body builders is 91kg. The mean mass of 6 of the bodybuilders is 89kg. The remaining two bodybuilders' difference in mass is 6kg. What is the mass of the lighter bodybuilder?
  - A. 97kg
- B. 94kg
- C. 100kg
- D. 91kg

23. A design was made up of straight edges of length 10cm and arcs of circles as shown in the figure below.



What is the area of the design? (Take  $\pi = {}^{22}/_7$ )

A. 250.5cm<sup>2</sup>

B. 212cm<sup>2</sup>

C. 289cm<sup>2</sup>

D. 366cm<sup>2</sup>

24. Opondo paid sh 7640 to buy a phone after getting 4½% discount. How much less would he have paid had he been offered a 7% discount?

A. Sh. 200

B. Sh. 560

C. Sh. 360

D. Sh. 920

- 25. A bus left Eldoret on Wednesday at 2235h and took 6hrs 40min to reach Nairobi. On what day and at what time in am/pm system did the bus arrive at Nairobi?
  - A. Thursday 5.15am
  - B. Thursday 5.15pm
  - C. Wednesday 5.15am
  - D. Wednesday 5.15pm
- 26. The area of a square garden is 4096m<sup>2</sup>. What is the length of one side of the garden in metres?

A. 16m

B.1024m

C. 2048m

D. 64m

27. An open cylindrical tank has an internal diameter of 4.2m and an internal height of 5m. The inside of the tank was painted. What area of the tank in square metres was painted? (Take  $\pi = {}^{22}/7$ )

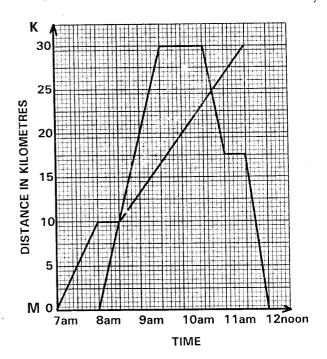
A. 93.72

B. 79.86

C. 46.86

D. 60.72

28. The graph below shows the distances covered by a cyclist travelling from town M to town K and a motorist travelling from town M to town K and back to town M.



What was the motorist's average speed for the whole journey?

A.  $6^2/_3$ km/h

B. 15km/h

C.  $7^{1}/_{2}$ km/h

D. 30km/h

29. Wambugu had 300 two hundred shillings notes. He then changed all of the money into shilling 1000 and shilling 500 notes in the ratio 1:4 respectively. How much money was in shilling 500 notes?

A. Sh. 20,000

B. Sh. 48,000

C. Sh. 12,000

D. Sh. 40,000

30. Khatioli invested sh. 80000 in a bank which paid compound interest at the rate of 8% per annum. How much money did Khatioli have in the bank after two years, altogether?

A. Sh. 13,312

B. Sh. 12,800

C. Sh. 92,800

D. Sh. 93,312

31. What is the area of a rhombus whose diagonal are 48cm and 14cm long?

A. 336cm<sup>2</sup>

B. 672cm<sup>2</sup>

C. 168cm<sup>2</sup>

D. 600cm<sup>2</sup>

32. Koech makes strides of an average length of 0.85m. How many such strides will he make to cover 3.4km?

A. 2500

B. 40000

C. 4000

D. 400

33. There are 202 trees planted on both sides of a road at intervals of 5m apart. What is the distance from the first tree to the last one?

A. 500m C. 1010m B. 505m

D. 1005m

34. Two men can do a piece of work in 30 days. Six women can do the same piece of work in 15 days. How long would it take to do the same piece of work if all the two men and the six women worked together?

A.  $7^{1}/_{2}$  days

B. 10 days

C. 12 days

D. 8 days

35. A school received 264 litres of milk packed into 2 decilitre packets. If the packets were in crates each holding 24 packets, how many crates were received?

A. 5.5

B. 11

C. 22

D. 55

36. The table below shows international postage charges for surface mail

TYPE OF ARTICLE AND MAXIMUM MASS	Countries within East African zone		Countries within the rest of African zone		Countries within Europe, Middle & Near East zone		Australia, America & far East zone		
LETTER	Sh	cts	Sh	cts	Sh	cts	Sh	cts	
Maximum mass 2kg									
Up to 20g	45	00	55	00	60	00	70	00	
Over 20g up to 100g	90	00	105	00	115	00	150	00	
Over 100g up to 250g	150	00	180	00	205	00	260	00	
Over 250g up to 500g	270	00	315	00	360	00	465	00	
Over 500g up to 1kg	450	00	525	00	600	00	770		
Over 1kg up to 2kg	735	00	835	00	970	00	1335		

Mwanzia sent a 20g letter to his cousin in Iraq (Middle East) a 160g letter to his friend in America and 1 34 kg letter to his uncle in Cameroon. How much did he pay for the postage of the letters?

A. Sh. 1055

B. Sh. 1110

C. Sh. 1155

D. Sh. 1210

37. Construct triangle NPQ such that NPQ  $= 50^{0}$  and line NP = 7cm and NQ =5.5cm. Bisect angle PNQ and draw the bisector to meet PQ at R. What is the size of angle NRQ?

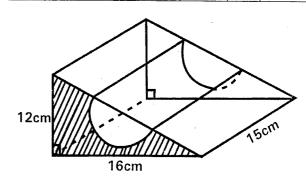
A. 103<sup>0</sup>

B. 82°

C.  $56^{\circ}$ 

D. 77<sup>0</sup>

38. The diagram below represents a triangular prism. A semi-circular groove of radius 3.5cm has been curved out.



What is the volume of the solid? (Take

 $\pi = {}^{22}/_7)$ 

A. 1151.25cm<sup>3</sup>

B. 862.50cm<sup>3</sup>

C. 288.75cm<sup>3</sup>

D. 1440cm<sup>3</sup>

39. In a car park, there were cars, vans and buses. The number of buses was b. The number of cars was four times the

number of buses. The number of vans was twelve less than buses. How many vehicles were in the parking area?

A. 6b + 12

B.3b + 8

C. 6b - 12

D.3b - 8

40. Asha bought 10 crates of tomatoes @ sh. 2000. All tomatoes in two of the crates got damaged. She sold the remaining crates @ sh. 2300. What percentage loss did she make?

A.  $8^{16}/_{23}\%$ 

B. 8%

C. 15%

D.  $13^{1}/_{13}\%$ 

41. In a certain year a farmer sold 90 bags of cabbages, 225 bags of maize, 360 bags of wheat and 135 bags of beans. If these items were to be represented in a pie chart, what angle would represent the number of beans?

A. 100<sup>0</sup>

B. 60<sup>0</sup>

C. 40<sup>0</sup>

D. 160<sup>0</sup>

42. The fractions  ${}^6/_7$ ,  ${}^9/_{11}$ ,  ${}^{11}/_{13}$  and  ${}^{14}/_{17}$  are to be arranged in order from the smallest to the largest. Which one of the following is the correct order?

A. 
$$\frac{6}{7}$$
,  $\frac{11}{13}$ ,  $\frac{14}{17}$ ,  $\frac{9}{11}$ 

B. 
$$9/_{11}$$
,  $11/_{13}$ ,  $14/_{17}$ ,  $6/_{7}$ 

C. 
$$\frac{6}{7}$$
,  $\frac{9}{11}$ ,  $\frac{11}{13}$ ,  $\frac{14}{17}$ 

D. 
$$9/_{11}$$
,  $14/_{17}$ ,  $11/_{13}$ ,  $6/_{7}$ 

43. Sosion left school by bicycle at 10.15am and took 2hrs 10min to reach town 40km away. Mudzo left the school for town by matatu at 12.05pm. The average speed of the matatu was 60km/h. What was the difference between their arrival times?

A. 20 minutes

B. 40 minutes

C. 1hr 30 min

D. 1hr 50 min

44. Which one of the expressions below is the simplest form of

$$\frac{5(2m + n) + 10m}{3(2m + 5n) + 4m}$$

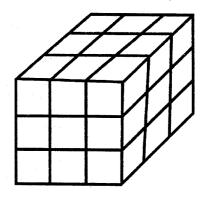
A. <u>20m + 5n</u> 10m + 15n

B. 
$$\frac{20n + 5m}{10m + 15n}$$

C. 
$$\frac{4m + n}{2m + 3n}$$

D. 
$$\frac{20m + n}{10m + 15n}$$

45. The figure below represents a stack of cubes. The surface of the stack excluding the base was painted.



How many cubes were painted on two faces only?

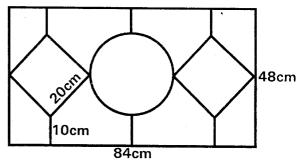
A. 12

B. 8

C. 14

D. 10

46. The figure below represents a design of a window. The design consists of a circle of diameter 28cm, squares of sides 20cm and a rectangular frame measuring 84cm by 48cm. The squares and circle are joined to the frame by lines each 10cm long.



What is the total length in cm of the metal needed to make the design? (Take  $\pi = {}^{22}/7$ )

A. 404cm

B. 308cm

C. 572cm

D. 488cm

47. Construct a triangle ABC such that line AB = 7cm, angle ABC =  $65^{\circ}$  and angle ACB =  $40^{\circ}$ . What is the measure of line BC?

A. 9.8cm

B. 10.4cm

C. 4.7cm

D. 6.6cm

48. During an election the winning candidate got 0.615 of the votes cast while the other two candidates got 0.198 and 0.183 respectively. There were 240 spoilt votes. How many votes did the winning candidate get?

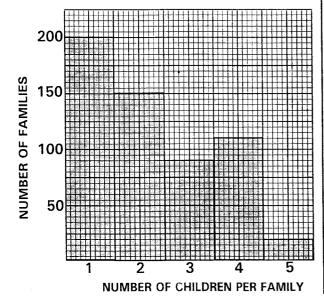
A. 60,000

B. 59,760

C. 11,880

D. 36,900

49. The graph below shows the number of school going children in each family in Karagita location.



How many school going children are in Karagita location?

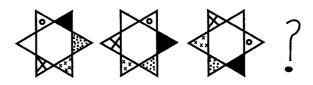
A. 570

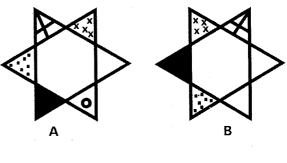
B. 1310

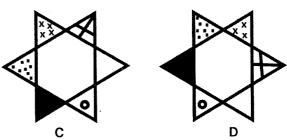
C. 1240

D. 1210

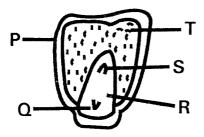
50. The figure below shows a pattern of shapes







- 1. Which list below has crops that belong to the same group?
  - A. Coffee, simsim, flax
  - B. Cotton, flax, sisal
  - C. Coconut, sisal, macadamia
  - D. Coffee, tea, sunflower
- 2. The diagram below shows a maize grain.



Which letter represents the seed leaf?

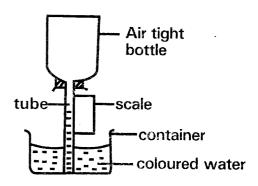
A. T

B. S

C. R

- D. Q
- 3. Which component of blood is NOT matched with its function?
  - A. Plasma- transport of food
  - B. Red blood cells- transport carbon dioxide
  - C. Platelets- prevent excess bleeding
  - D. White blood cells- fight micro organisms
- 4. Which one of the following is not a function of the amniotic fluid?
  - A. Nourish the foetus
  - B. Prevent drying of the foetus
  - C. Facilitate free movement of the foetus
  - D. Protect the foetus from shock
- 5. Which one of the following is ideal for prevention of STIs among the youth?
  - A. Use of condoms
  - B. Being faithfull
  - C. Avoiding premarital sex
  - D. Seeking medical treatment promptly
- 6. The vaccines given to a baby at the age of 14 weeks do not protect the baby against?
  - A. Whooping cough
  - B. Tuberculosis
  - C. Polio
  - D. Tetanus

7. The diagram below shows a simple weather instrument constructed by standard 5 pupils.

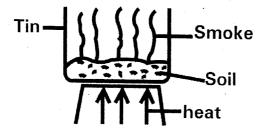


From the diagram it is true to say that

- A. It works on the fact that air occupies space
- B. It works on the fact that liquids expand on heating
- C. It works on the fact that air contracts on cooling
- D. It works on the fact that air exerts pressure
- 8. Which statement below is false about clouds that indicate fine weather?
  - A. They are mountainous
  - B. They are white in colour
  - C. They resemble cotton wool
  - D. They have flat bottoms
- 9. When modelling the solar system which planets are placed furthest from the centre of the solar system?
  - A. Mercury and Venus
  - B. Earth and Mars
  - C. Jupiter and Saturn
  - D. Uranus and Neptune
- 10. Which one is NOT a common feature between a frog and a hen?
  - A. Both lay eggs
  - B. Both have lungs for breathing
  - C. Both have varying body temperature
  - D. Both have a back bone
- 11. The following are features of a certain beak of a bird:
  - (i) Very strong
  - (ii) Short
  - (iii) Conical in shape

Which bird has the beak described above?

- A. Duck
- B. Hen
- C. Flamingo
- D. Hawk
- 12. Which one of the following will help in controlling both tapeworms and ticks in livestock?
  - A. Drenching the livestock
  - B. Spraying the livestock
  - C. Dusting the livestock
  - D. Practicing rotational grazing
- 13. Which one is NOT a disadvantage of hard water?
  - A. Does not lather with soap
  - B. Promotes healthy teeth
  - C. Deposits scale in kettle
  - D. Discolours clothes
- 14. The following are industrial uses of water. Which one is NOT?
  - A. Fountain
  - B. Cooling engines
  - C. Mixing herbicides
  - D. Cleaning raw materials
- 15. The set up below was used by standard four pupils to investigate a certain component of soil.



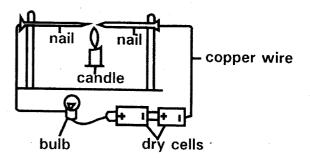
The component being investigated comes from \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Mineral particles
- B. Decaying plants
- C. Inorganic matter
- D. Moisture
- 16. Which one of the following is NOT a macro nutrient needed by plants?
  - A. Zinc
  - B. Nitrogen
  - C. Carbon
  - D. Potassium

- 17. Which of these practices carried by farmers will help in controlling sheet erosion?
  - A. Mulching
  - B. Construction of gabions
  - C. Planting cover crops
  - D. Practicing contour farming
- 18. Which list below has foods that provide the body with energy?
  - A. Green banana, groundnuts, sugar cane
  - B. Arrow roots, pawpaw, millet
  - C. Carrots, spinach, kales
  - D. Meat, fish, pork
- 19. The following are signs of a certain deficiency disease:
  - (i) Feeling dizzy
  - (ii) Pale body
  - (iii) Fainting and feeling tired

Which pair has foods recommended to prevent the above disease?

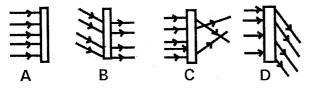
- A. Carrot and oranges
- B. Meat and eggs
- C. Kales and green grams
- D. Spinach and liver
- 20. The following are micro-organisms that cause food poisoning except?
  - A. Bacteria
- B. Penicillin
- C. Mould
- D. Mucor
- 21. Standard 5 pupils carried out the activity shown below.



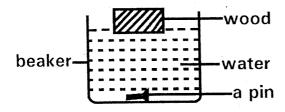
What were the pupils investigating from the above activity?

- A. Good conductors of electricity
- B. How to make a simple circuit
- C. Expansion of solids
- D. Poor conductors of heat

- 22. Which one of the following shows the energy changes take place when a solar panel is used to light the house?
  - A. Light→electrical→heat→light
  - B. Chemical→electrical→heat→light
  - C. Light→heat→electrical→light
  - D. Chemical→electrical→light→heat
- 23. Which diagram below shows how light behaves when it meets a translucent material?



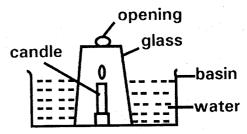
- 24. Which one of the following describes the volume of a sound?
  - A. Loudness and highness of a sound
  - B. Highness and lowness of a sound
  - C. Softness and loudness of a sound
  - D. Loudness and lowness of a sound
- 25. Which pair below has substances that have a definite shape and volume?
  - A. Chalk dust and flour
  - B. Smoke and water vapour
  - C. Spirit and ink
  - D. Ice and cooking oil
- 26. The diagram below shows a demonstration carried out by standard four pupils.



From the activity the pupils concluded that one of the following affects sinking and floating. Which one is it?

- A. Weight
- B. Shape
- C. Size
- D. Material
- 27. Magnetism will pass through all the following material except?
  - A. Plastic ruler
  - B. Polythene paper
  - C. Iron sheet
  - D. Copper coin

- 28. Njoki accidentally mixed cooking oil and water. Which method would she use to separate the two liquids?
  - A. Decantation
  - B. Filtration
  - C. Evaporation
  - D. Sieving
- 29. Standard six pupils carried out the activity shown below.



What observation did the pupils make from the activity?

- A. The candle went off after sometime
- B. The level of water rose in the glass
- C. The candle continued to light
- D. The level of water dropped in the basin
- 30. Which one of the following machine does not make work easier by increasing the effort distance?
  - A. Stair case
  - B. Road winding up a hill
  - C. Ramp
  - D. Flag post
- 31. The force that opposes motion cannot be reduced by
  - A. Streamlining bodies
  - B. Applying adhesives between surfaces
  - C. Placing rollers between surfaces
  - D. Making surfaces smooth
- 32. The correct unit for measuring gravity

is \_\_\_\_\_ A. Kilogram

- B. Cubic centimetres
- C. Newtons
- D. Grams
- 33. Which one of the following explains why we should use simple tools safely?

B. Prevent accidents

C. To apply force conviently

D. To make them more efficient

34. Which pair of plants below belongs to the same group as a mould?

A. Toad stool and yeast

B. Fern and moss

C. Mushroom and fern

D. Puff balls and moss

35. Which crop pest below is not matched with its harmful effect on crops?

A. Aphids- sucking sap from leaves

B. Cut worms- eating young plant leaves

C. Stalk borer- sucking juice from plant leaves

D. Weevils- boring into maize grains

36. The following are parts of the breathing system that clean the air we inhale.
Which one are they?

A. Nose and lungs

B. Trachea and nose

C. Air sacs and bronchioles

D. Lungs and trachea

37. During adolescent stage, both boys and girls

A. Experience wet dreams

B. Have wet dreams

C. Grow beards

D. Grow pubic hair

38. The following are effects of a certain drug:

(i) Breathing problems

(ii) Dizziness

(iii) Vomiting

Which drug has the effects shown above?

A. Cobbler's glue

B. Mandrax

C. Bhang

D. Cocaine

39, Which disease below is both immunisable and communicable?

A. Malaria

B. Tetanus

C. Tuberculosis

D. Bilharzias

40. Rotational grazing does not involve

A. Stall feeding

B. Tethering

C. Strip grazing

D. Paddocking

41. Which one of the following should not be done during a thunderstorm?

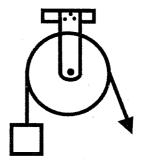
A. Shelter under the tree

B. Wear shoes with rubber soles

C. Avoid open fields

D. Avoid carrying sharp pointed metallic objects

42. The diagram below shows a pulley in use.



Which statement is not true about the pulley?

A. Effort used is twice the load

B. Load distance is equal to the effort distance

C. It changes direction of effort

D. Effort applied is equal to the load

43. Which one of the following is NOT a factor influencing soil erosion?

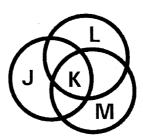
A. Afforestation

B. Over grazing

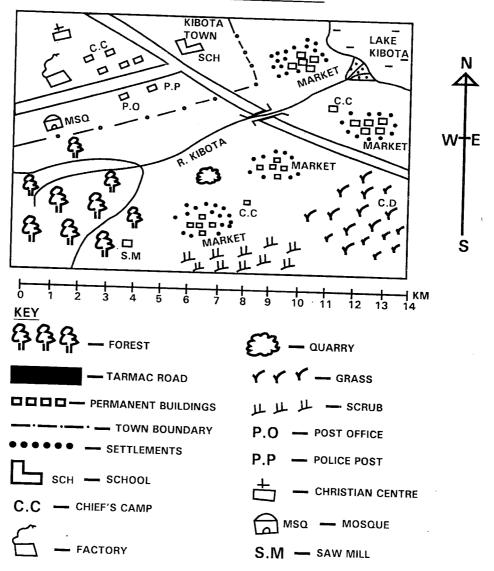
C. Ploughing along the slope

D. Heavy rainfall

44. The diagram below shows the various components of the environment.



#### KIBOTA AREA



## Use the map of Kibota area to answer questions 1 - 7

- 1. Kibota area slopes towards one of the following directions. Which one is it?
  - A. North West
- B. North East
- C. South West
- D. South East
- 2. Which of the following influenced the settlement pattern in Kibota area?
  - A. The transport network
  - B. Farming activities
  - C. Trading activities
  - D. Fishing activities
- 3. The Residents of Kibota area belong to
  - A. Christian religion only
  - B. Islamic religion only
  - C. Hindu religion only
  - D. Two religions

009/Std. 8

- 4. The head of administration in Kibota area is likely to be \_\_\_
  - A. An assistant chief
  - B. A County Commissioner
  - C. A District Officer
  - D. A District Commissioner
- 5. The following are functions of the town found in Kibota area. Which one is NOT?
  - A. The town is an industrial centre
  - B. The town is a health centre
  - C. The town is a religious centre
  - D. The town is a transport and communication centre
- 6. What is the approximate length of the tarmac road from the junction in the town to the Western edge of the map?
  - A. 6.2 km
- B. 14.2 km
- C. 10.2 km
- D. 2.2 km

- 7. One of the following statements about Kibota area is true. Which one is it?
  - A. The feature formed at the mouth of River Kibota marked D was formed as a result of deposition of silt
  - B. There are only two economic activities in the area represented by the map
  - C. Kibota area represents an administrative county
  - D. All parts of Kibota area receive heavy and reliable rainfall
- 8. Which of these mountains found in Eastern Africa is NOT of volcanic origin?
  - A. Mount Meru
  - B. Mount Loolmalasin
  - C. Mount Marsabit
  - D. Mount Pare
- 9. The following countries are found in Africa. Which among them is NOT correctly matched with its capital city?
  - A. Equatorial Guinea Conakry
  - B. Liberia Monrovia
  - C. Lesotho Maseru
  - D. Niger Niamey
- 10. The equinox is experienced in one of the following months of the year. Which one is it?
  - A. March
- B. February
- C. April
- D. October
- The following statements relate to a river in Africa.
  - (i) It carries a large volume of water.
  - (ii) It ends in the Atlantic Ocean in form of an estuary.
  - (iii) It has many tributaries.
  - (iv) It forms a boundary between countries.
  - (v) It flows through an area that receives high rainfall.

The river described above is

- A. River Congo
- B. River Nile
- C. River Matandu
- D. River Niger
- 12. Three of the following islands are located in the Atlantic Ocean. Which one is NOT?
  - A. Canary Islands
  - B. St Helena islands
  - C. Sao Tome and Principe islands
  - D. Re-union islands
- 13. Which of the following is NOT a positive effect of mountains on human activities?
  - A. Mountains attract rainfall that is useful in crop farming

- B. It is difficult to build roads and railways in mountainous areas
- C. High points of mountains are used for telecommunication
- Some sports can be carried out in mountainous areas
- 14. Which of these consists of lakes that were formed through the process of volcanicity?
  - A. Lakes Volta, Masinga and Kariba.
  - B. Lakes Chala, Shala and Tana.
  - C. Lakes Kivu, Chilwa and Bangweulu.
  - D. Lakes Paradise, Chad and Wum
- 15. The time in a town P located at 40° East is 2.00 p.m. What will be the time in a town X located at 25° East?
  - A. 1.00 p.m

B.1.00 a.m

C. 3.00 a.m

D.3.00 p.m

- 16. The weather instrument with a wet bulb thermometer and a dry bulb thermometer is used in measuring the \_\_\_\_\_\_
  - A. Air pressure.
  - B. Humidity of the air.
  - C. Temperature.
  - D. Speed of wind.
- 17. All the following countries found in Eastern Africa are crossed by the Rift Valley except one. Which one is it?
  - A. Rwanda

B. Uganda

C. Ethiopia

- D. Sudan
- 18. One of these Ocean currents has led to arid conditions in the areas around the South-Western part of Africa. Which one is it?
  - A. Equatorial Guinea current
  - B. Canary current
  - C. Benguela current
  - D. Agulhas current
- 19. In which climatic region of Africa is the Congo basin located?
  - A. Equatorial climatic region
  - B. High Veld climatic region
  - C. Semi-desert climatic region
  - D. Mediterranean climatic region
- 20. The following describes a kind of vegetation found in Africa.
  - (i) Vegetation consists of short scattered thorny shrubs.
  - (ii) There are scattered patches of grass.
  - (iii) Plants have shinny leaves.

(iv) Some plants have deep roots that enable them to reach the underground water.

The vegetation described above is known as

- A. Coniferous vegetation.
- B. Temperate grassland vegetation.
- C. The tropical rainforests.
- D. Semi-desert and desert vegetation.
- 21. Which kind of soil found in Kenya has large particles, large airspaces and allows water to pass through it fast?
  - A. Sandy soil
  - B. Volcanic soil
  - C. Red earth soil
  - D. Alluvial soil
- 22. Three of the following are soil conservation measures. Which one is NOT?
  - A. Contour ploughing
  - B. Construction of cut-off drains
  - C. Over cropping
  - D. Terracing
- 23. Which of these Kenyan communities have a myth that Mwambu and Sela are their ancestors?
  - A. Akamba
- B. Abagusii
- C. Ababukusu
- D. Pokomo
- 24. The following are pre-historic sites in Eastern Africa.
  - (i) Isimilia.
  - (ii) Hyrax hill.
  - (iii) Olorgesaille.
  - (iv) Ntusi.
  - (v) Biggo.
  - (vi) Nuri.

Which of the above sites are found in Uganda?

- A. (i) and (ii)
- B. (ii) and (iii)
- C. (v) and (vi)
- D. (iv) and (v)
- 25. The following are features of the German population. Which among them is NOT true?
  - A. Life expectancy among Germans is high
  - There is shortage of labour in Germany because the population is ageing
  - C. Majority of the people live in urban centres
  - D. The population of Germany is evenly distributed

- 26. One of the following is the largest group of people in West Africa. Which one is it?
  - A. Kwa speakers
  - B. Nilo-Saharan group
  - C. Mande speakers
  - D. West Atlantic group
- 27. Which of these sets of communities consist of the plains nilotes of Eastern Africa?
  - A. Iteso, Jie and Karamojong
  - B. Pokot, Luo and Dinka
  - C. Shilluk, Sebei and Iteso
  - D. Ogiek, Kipsigis and Gumuz
- 28. In which of these types of marriage is polygamy allowed?
  - A. Civil marriage
  - B. Customary marriage
  - C. Christian marriage
  - D. Hindu marriage
- 29. Who among the following is NOT a member of the school management committee?
  - A. The head teacher
  - B. A class representative
  - C. The treasurer
  - D. The deputy head teacher
- 30. Which of the following was NOT a cultural artifact among traditional African communities in Kenya?
  - A. A grind stone
  - B. Bows and arrows
  - C. Calabashes
  - D. Old tyres
- 31. In traditional African communities' skills such as iron-making, woodcarving, medicine and honey harvesting were taught to young people through
  - A. Writing notes
  - B. Story telling
  - C. Apprenticeship
  - D. Proverbs
- 32. The following conditions are favourable for growth of a crop in Africa.
  - (i) It requires heavy rainfall ranging between 2000 mm and 2500 mm.
  - (ii) High temperatures of between 24° c to 28° c.
  - (iii) Low altitude upto 750 metres above the sea level.
  - (iv) Protection from strong winds when the crop is young.

The above conditions favour the growth of

- A. Cocoa
- B. Tea
- C. Sisal
- D. Cloves
- 33. In which of these places was settlers farming not practised in Kenya?
  - A. Trans Nzoia
- B. Lodwar
- C. Limuru
- D. Sotik
- 34. Three of the following facts about Perkerra irrigation scheme are true. Which one is NOT?
  - A. It is located in Baringo County
  - B. Water from a river is used in irrigating the scheme
  - C. Furrow irrigation method is used in growing crops
  - D. The main crops grown in the scheme are cucumbers and rice
- 35. Horticultural farming in Netherlands is mainly practised
  - A. In the highlands.
  - B. In urban centres
  - C. In reclaimed land
  - D. In large scale farms
- 36. One true statement about fish farming in both Kenya and Japan is that
  - A. Marketing of fish in both countries is done through co-operatives
  - B. Fish farming in both countries is carried out in sheltered areas along the coast
  - Fish farming has increased food production in both countries
  - D. Most fish are reared in ponds and tanks
- 37. Diatomite is mined in the following areas found in Kenya except one. Which one is it?
  - A. Kimwarer
- B. Eburru
- C. Kariandusi
- D. Gicheru
- 38. Which of the following is NOT a tertiary industry?
  - A. Tyre re-treading
  - B. Advertising
  - C. Tourism
  - D. Flour milling
- 39. The following towns are found in Kenya.
  - (i) Mombasa.
  - (ii) Kisumu
  - (iii) Eldoret
  - (iv) Nakuru
  - (v) Malindi

Which of the above towns began as early trading centres in the pre-colonial period?

009/Std. 8

- A. (i) and (ii)
- B. (ii) and (iii)
- C. (iv) and (v
- D. (i) and (v)
- 40. The following are ports around Lake Victoria. Which among them is in Tanzania?
  - A. Karungu bay port
  - B. Shirati port
  - C. Majanji port
  - D. Port Bell port
- 41. One of the following communities found in Africa does not practise nomadic pastoralism. Which one is it?
  - A. The Fulani
  - B. The Baganda
  - C. The Bedouins
  - D. The Tswana
- 42. The following describes a form of transport.
  - (i) It is cheap for transporting bulky goods over continents.
  - (ii) It is very slow.
  - (iii) It faces stiff competition from faster forms of transport.

The form of transport described above is

- A. Water transport
- B. Railway transport
- C. Road transport
- D. Air transport
- 43. Which of these minerals is MAINLY obtained through the drilling method?
  - A. Soda ash
- B. Petroleum
- C. Gold
- D. Copper

Use the map of Africa to answer questions 44 – 47



44.	in t	ich of these trees are he natural vegetation the map of Africa?	n zone marked V
		Camphor Teak	B. Ebony D. Beech
45.	ma A. B. C.	e development project p was MAINLY estable To enhance industri To put more land ur To create a major to site To create a major fi	olished in order al development nder cultivation purist attraction
46.	reg est	e kingdom that exist gion marked Z by 100 ablished by The Fulani	
		The Berbers	D. The Tuaregs
47.	Afı A. B. C.	e country marked T rica? Is known as Zimbal Is known as Botsw Was a former Germ Was a former Belgia	owe ana an colony
48.	a t A.	e ancient town knov ourist attraction in Morocco Tunisia	
49.	tra A. B. C.	hich of these pairs o embers of both COM ding blocs? Kenya and Uganda Zimbabwe and Uga Tanzania and Seyo Tanzania and Moza	ESA and SADC anda helles
50	of fo A. B. C.	ne first chairperson o African Unity (O.A.U rmed was Abubakar Tafawa I Kwame Nkrumah Sekou Toure Haile Selassie	J) when it was
51	Αf	tho among the follow frican leaders led his ollaborating with the	community in

- 52. One of the following early visitors to Eastern Africa was NOT involved in trading activities. Whom is it?
  - A. Carl Peters
  - B. John Speke
  - C. William MAckinon
  - D. Seyyid Said
- 53. Who among the following represented the Rift Valley region in the Legislative Council (LEGCO) after the 1957 elections in which Africans were involved?
  - A. Ronald Ngala
  - B. James Gichuru
  - C. DanielArap Moi
  - D. Bernard Mate
- 54. The following were officials of Kavirondo Taxpayers Welfare Association (K.T.W.A). Who was NOT?
  - A. Jonathan Okwiri
  - B. Owuor Gumba
  - C. Simon Nyende
  - D. Tom Mboya
- 55. In which of the following circumstances is one assumed to be a Kenyan citizen by birth?
  - A. If a foreigner lives in Kenya for a continuous period of six years, he or she is assumed to be a citizen by birth.
  - B. A foreigner married to a Kenyan citizen automatically becomes a citizen by birth.
  - C. A child below eight years found in Kenya and whose parents are not known.
  - D. A child from a foreign country and adopted by a Kenyan citizen.
- 56. One achievement of Haile Selassie is that
  - A. He led his country to achieve independence.
  - B. He abolished the ownership of slaves in his country.
  - C. He defeated the Italians during the battle of Adowa.
  - D. He started the communal land ownership in his country
- 57. Kenyans should not be arrested without a reasonable cause by the members of the Kenya Police Service because they enjoy the
  - A. Freedom of association.
  - B. Right to life.
  - C. Right to liberty.
  - D. Right to Assembly

the colonial period?

B. Kabaka Mwanga

C. Mwanawina Lewanika

D. Mukite Wa Nameme

A. Samori Toure

- 58. Three of the following are factors that undermine national unity. Which one is NOT?
  - A. Nepotism.
  - B. Political intolerance
  - C. Regionalism
  - D. National curriculum
- 59. Who among the following officers who work in the National Assembly is incharge of security?
  - A. The Parliament accountant
  - B. The clerk of the National Assembly
  - C. The deputy speaker
  - D. The sergent-at-arms
- 60. Which of the following circumstances cannot lead to a member of parliament losing his or her seat?
  - A. If the member misses six consecutive sittings in parliament without notifying the speaker.
  - B. If the member is appointed by the President to become a Cabinet Secretary.
  - C. If the member is elected the speaker of the national Assembly.
  - D. If the member is declared bankrupt by a court of law.

#### CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

- 61. When Adam and Eve ate the forbidden fruit in the garden of Eden it resulted to
  - A. Them developing a closer relationship with God.
  - B. Them becoming as wise as God.
  - C. Them being thrown out of the Garden of Eden.
  - D. Them naming all the animals in the Garden of Eden.
- 62. When Abraham left Haran to unknown land he built an altar where he worshipped God at
  - A. Bethel
- B. Gilgal
- C. Jerusalem
- D. Shiloh
- 63. Who among the following was a son of Naomi and Elimelech?
  - A. Mahlon
- B. Jesse
- C. Joel
- D. Abijah
- 64. Which of the following activities was performed by Israelites on the Passover night in Egypt?
  - A. They prayed in the temples.
  - B. They made altars for God.
  - C. They ate bread that had no yeast.

- D. They collected manna that was freely given by God.
- 65. Who among the following personalities in the Bible never served as a Judge?
  - A. Deborah
- B. Ehud
- C. Gideon
- D. Nathan
- 66. One of these books of the Bible is put in its right group. Which one is it?
  - A. Joshua Torah book
  - B. 1 Samuel Minor prophetic book
  - C. Job Historical book
  - D. Daniel Major prophetic book
- 67. King Saul of Israel died during the war against the
  - A. Midianites
- B. Amalekites
- C. Philistines
- D. Hittites
- 68. When King Solomon asked for wisdom from God, he was added one of the following. Which one is it?
  - A. Wealth
  - B. Many women
  - C. Victory over enemies
  - D. Many children
- 69. Prophet Isaiah foretold that the Messiah would be called
  - A. The king of kings
  - B. The creator
  - C. The son of the most high
  - D. The Eternal Father
- 70. One of the miracles performed by prophet Elisha was
  - A. Bringing back to life the son of the widow.
  - B. Healing Naaman of Leprosy.
  - C. Multiplying the flour for a widow at Zarephath.
  - D. Healing the paralysed man
- 71. The Ark of the Covenant was brought to Jerusalem by one of the following Kings. Whom is it?
  - A. King Hosea
- B. King Saul
- C. King David
- D. King Solomon
- 72. Who among the following sons of Jacob saved Joseph when the brothers wanted to kill him?
  - A. Simeon
- B. Benjamin
- C. Reuben
- D. Naphtali
- Naboth refused to sell his vineyard to King Ahab mainly because
  - A. The king offered little money.
  - B. The king's wife was wicked.

- C. The land belonged to the family. C. Simon Peter's mother-in-law D. He hated the king's greed. D. The centurion's servant 74. Who among the following was present 83. Jesus was accused of claiming to be the during the trial of Jesus? Messiah and a king before one of the A. Barnabas B. Levi following officials. Whom was it? C. Judas Iscariot D. Peter A. Pontius Pilate B. Governor Quirinius 75. According to the Apostles' Creed Jesus C. Augustus Caesar suffered under D. The Chief priest A. Pontius Pilate B. King Herod C. The Pharisees D. The Chief Priest 84. Peter had a vision in which he learned that all people are equal before God at 76. 'There will be a bad smell lord. He has been buried four days!' Who said these A. Troas B. Lydda words during the raising of Lazarus back C. Nazareth D. Joppa to life? A. Mary B. Martha 85. Three of the following are forms of sexual C. Phoebe D. Lazarus' mother misuse. Which one is NOT? A. Lesbianism 77. Who among the following women was B. Beastiality C. Defilement D. Truancy present during the presentation of Jesus in the temple? 86. Which of the following was a form of A. Prophetess Anna cleansing in traditional African religion? B. Mary, mother of James A. Sprinkling people with blood of goats C. Lydia of Thyatira B. Leading people in reciting verses in D. Mary, sister of Lazarus the bible C. Leading the people in reciting creeds 78. Which of these books in the New D. Baptising people with water in rivers Testament give us the life of Jesus here on earth? 87. The following are Christian beliefs about A. Prophetic books God. Which one is acceptable in B. Historical books traditional African religion? C. The epistles A. Salvation comes through God's son D. The gospel books B. God exists in trinity C. God will send Jesus to judge sinners 79. Jesus healed a paralytic and forgave the D. God is the father man's sin in one of the following towns. Which one is it? 88. The names Africans gave to God in A. Cana B. Carpenaum traditional African societies MAINLY C. Nazareth D. Jerusalem describe His A. Mercy B. Temper 80. The parable of Jesus that teaches on C. Character D. Absence bringing back sinners to salvation is
  - A. The mustard seed.
    - B. The lost coin.
    - C. The sower.
    - D. The ten young women.
- 81. Who among the following members of the early church preached the gospel mostly to non-Jews?
  - A. Peter

B. James

C. Paul

D. John

- 82. One of the following people was healed by Jesus on a Sabbath?
  - A. The blind man
  - B. A man with a paralysed hand

009/Std. 8

A. Attending church retreatsB. Over indulging in the same leisure

89. Christians in the early church best

C. Sharing their possessionsD. Baptising new converts

90. Which of the following is a misuse of

showed their unity by

B. Performing miracles

A. Singing songs

Leisure?

- B. Over indulging in the same leisure activity
- C. Listening to Christian music
- D. Visiting prisoners in correctional institutions

## Below is the beginning of a story. Complete it making it as interesting as possible.

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# HIGH FLYER TRIAL EXAM 2016 STANDARD EIGHT MARKING SCHEME

ENGLISH	KISWAHILI	MATHS	SCIENCE	SOCIA	L STUD S	
1. D	1. A	1. C	1. B	1. B	51. 🛴	I.R.E
2. C	2. A	2. A	2. C	2. C	<b>5</b> 2. 5	1. C
3. B	3. D	3. D	3. B	3. D	53. €	2. B
4. A	4. A	4. B	4. A	4. C	54. D	3. A
5. A	5. B	5. B	5. C	5. B	55. C	4. D
6. D	6. D	6. A	6. B	6. A	56. B	5. C
7. D	7. B	7. C	7. C	7. A	<b>57</b> C	6. C
8. A	8. A	8. D	8. A	8. D	<b>58</b> . D	7. A
9. C	9. B	9. C	9. D	9. A	59. D	8. C
10. B	10. C	10. D	10. C	10. A	.60, A	9. B
11. B	11. C	11. B	11. B	11. A		10. B
12. A	12. D	12. A	12. D	12. D	C.R.E	11. B
13. D	13. B	13. A	13. B	13. B	61. C	12. B
14. D	14. A	14. D	14. C	14. B	62. A	13. C
15. D	15. D	15. B	15. B	15. A	63. A	14. A
16. B	16. C	16. C	16. A	16. B	64. C	15. C
17. B	17. C	17. C	17. C	17. D	65. D	16. B
18. B	18. A	18. D	18. A	18. C	66. D	17. A
19. C	19. D	19. A	19. D	19. A	67. C	18. A
20. C	20. B	20. C	20. B	20. D	68. A	19. C
21. D	21. B	21. C	21. C	21. A	69. D	20. C
22. B	22. B	22. B	22. A	22. C	70. B	21. C
23. B	23. D	23. C	23. C	<b>23</b> . C	71. C	22. C
24. A	24. A	24. A	24. C	24. D	72. C	23. A
25. D	25. A	25. A	25. A	25. D	73. C	24. B
26. A	26. C	26. D	26. D	26. A	74. D	25. C
27. B	27. D	27. B	27. C	27. A	75. A	26. C
28. B	28. D	28. B	28. A	28 B	76. B	27. C
29. B	29. A	29. D	29. C	29.0	77. A	28. C
30. C	30. B	30. D	30. D	30.0	78. D	29. C
31 C	31. D	31. A	31. B	31 C	79. B	30. B
32. D	32. C	32. C	32. C	32. A	80.3	
33. D	33. B	33. A	: 33.B	33.8	81. C	
34. A	34. A	34. B	, 34. A	34 C	82.3	
35. A	35. B	35. D	35. C	35- C	83. A	
36. B	36. B	36. C	36.B	36 C	84. D	1
37. A	37. C	37. D	37. D	37 A	85. D	
38. C	38. D	38. A	38. A	38. D	86. A	1
39. A	39. A	39. C	39. C	<b>3</b> 9. D	87. D	
40. D	40. C	40. B	40. A	40. B	88. C	
41. A	41. B	41. B	41. A	41.B	89. C	
42. B	42. A	42. D	42. A	42 A	90. B	
43. C	43. B	43. A	43. A	43. B	1	
44. A	44. D	44. C	44. C	44. D		Anna Paris
45. D	45. A	45. A	45. B	45. B		
46. A	46. C	46. C	46. C	46. B		
47. D	47. C	47. B	47. C	47. C		100
48. A	48. D	48. D	48. D	48. A	1	
49. A	49. B	49 B	49. B	49. C		and the state of t
50. B	50. A	50 C	50. D	50. D		8 4 1 1
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