NANDI COUNTY STD 5 TERM 1 SCIENCE

9.

smooth?

A. Sandy soil

Which one of the following organs is **NOT** involved

B. Bronchioles

in breathing?

A. Diaphragm

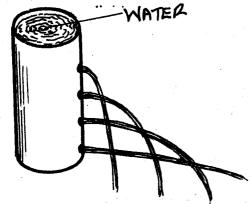
TIME: 1Hr. 40Mins.

Which one of the following soils is **LIKELY** to feel

B. Clay soil

| | C. Oesophagus | D. Windpipe | C. Loam soil | D. Mix | ture of sand and loa | m soils |
|----|---|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|---------|
| 2. | The amount of medicine | e to be taken at one time is | 10. Standard 4 cla | ss perform | ed the below exper | iment. |
| | known as:- | | They added wa | ater into a | glass with soil. Wha | at were |
| | A. Medicinal quantity | B. Dosage | they investigat | ng? | | |
| | C. Prescription | D. First aid | | TA | | |
| 3. | Which one of the follow | ving is NOT a use of heat? | | | . | • |
| | A. Seeing clearly | B. Drying | | | • | |
| | C. Ironing | D. Cooking | | | | |
| 4. | The degree of hotness or is called:- | coldness of the atmosphere | | • | | |
| | A. Air temperature | B. Humidity | | | | |
| _ | C. Air pressure | D. Weather change | | | | |
| 5. | • | ors affecting floating and | - water and | | | |
| | sinking. Which one doe | | A. Water in so | il | B. Bubbles in wa | iter |
| | A. Shape C. Type | B. Size D. Density | C. Air in soil | | D. Humus in soil | |
| 6. | Proteins are also called: | _ | 11. When pupils | | all talk at the same | e time, |
| ٠. | A. Body building foods | * | they produce: | • | | |
| | B. Protective foods | | A. Noise | _ | B. Soft sound | |
| | C. Energy giving foods | | C. Melodious | sound | D. Pleasant soun | d |
| | D. Fibre foods | | 12. Which one of | the follow | ring DOES NOT p | roduce |
| 7. | In the initials AIDS lette | D -tand- f | its own light? | | | |
| 1. | | | A. Sun | | B. Firefly | |
| | A. Acquired C. Deficiency | B. Immune D. Dead | C. Moon | | D. Stars | |
| | C. Deficiency | D. Deau | | | | |
| 8. | _ | g is <u>NOT</u> a use of saliva in | 13. Which of the maintaining to | | is <u>NOT</u> a proper w | ay of |
| | the human digestive syst | æm? | A. Using the t | ool for the | right purpose | |
| | A. Moistening food | 1. ** | B. Proper stor | rage of the | tool | |
| | B. Breaking down starc | :n | C. Using the t | ool for the | wrong purpose | |
| | C. Making food hard D. Making food slipper | | D. Sharpening | | | |
| | LL Making tood clinner | V | 1 | - | , | |

14.. Std 5 pupils conducted the experiment shown below.



They concluded that pressure in liquids:-

- A. Decreases with depth
- B. Is equal at equal depth
- C. Remains constant
- D. Increase with depth
- 15. Which one of the following is a non flowering plant?
- A. Maize B. Beans C. Mango
- D. Algae
- 16. Which of the following plants is edible to human beings?
 - A. Cabbage
- B. Oxalis
- C. Datura
- D. Sodom apple
- 17. The following are uses of water at home EXCEPT:-
 - A. Cleaning our bodies
- B. Drinking
- C. Cooking
- D. Rearing fish
- 18. The following are ways of storing water **EXCEPT:**-

 - A. Drums B. Pots
- C. Taps
- D. Dams
- 19. Which of the following list of food consist of a balanced diet?
 - A. Beef, maize, potatoes
 - B. Mutton, beans, pawpaw
 - C. Potatoes, maize, mangoes
 - D. Fish, oranges, rice
- 20. Which of the following is **NOT** a deficiency disease?
 - A. Kwashiorkor
- B. Marasmus
- C. Whooping Cough
- D. Anaemia
- 21. The following are useful animals **EXCEPT:-**
 - A. Lady bird
- B. Fish C. Camel
- D. Flea
- 22. Three of the following are components of soil · EXCEPT:-
 - A. Mineral particles
- B. Organic matter
- C. Plastic bottles
- D. Water

23. Which type of teeth is shown in the diagram below?



- A. Premolar
- B. Canine
- C. Molar
- D. Incisors
- 24. Which one of the following organs is **NOT** involved in the digestion of food?
 - A. Salivary glands
- B. Pancreas
- C. Diaphragm
- D. Ileum

Use the diagram below to answer the question below

| Day | Morning | Afternoon |
|-----|--------------|-----------|
| 1 | | |
| 2 | THE STATE OF | |

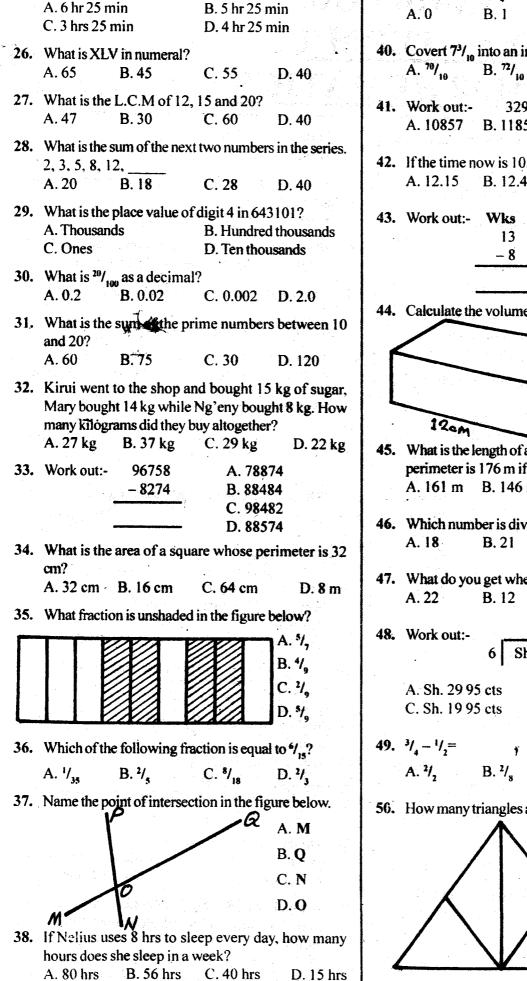
- 25. In which of the following days will Mwangi carry an umbrella when going to school in the evening?
 - A. Day 2
- B. Day 1
- C. Day 1 and 2
- D. None
- 26. Three of the following are food crops **EXCEPT:**
 - A. Fruits
- B. Beverages
- C. Vegetables
- D. Cereals
- 27. Which one of the following substances is a sinker?
 - A. Maize cob
- B. Cork
- C. Paper
- D. Coin
- 28. Which one of the following weeds is edible?
 - A. Sodom apple
- B. Wandering jew
- C. Pig weed
- D. Oxalis
- 29. Which of the following is **NOT** a material used when cleaning a urinal?
 - A. Clean water
- B. Disinfectant
- C. Hard brush
- D. Mop
- 30. Which is the second stage of HIV/AIDS infection?
 - A. Window
- B. Asymptomatic
- C. Symptomatic
- D. Full blown
- 31. Which of the following types of soil can make a long ribbon?
 - A. Silt
- B. Loam
- C. Clay
- D. Sand

| 32. | Which of the followi moisture in the soil? | ng is a way of conserving | | g type of teeth is WRONGLY |
|-------|--|---|--|---|
| | • | D 117 P | matched with its function | • |
| | A. Mulching | B. Weeding | Type of teeth | <u>Function</u> |
| | C. Deforestation | D. Clearing the bush | A. Pre-molars | cutting |
| 33. | Sound from the source | travels in directions. | B. Incisors | biting |
| | A. Two B. All | C. Four D. Three | C. Molars | grinding |
| | D.I.M. | C. Tour D. Tinec | D. Canines | tearing |
| 34. | | ving materials can catch fire | 44. Temperature is measu | ured using a:- |
| | easily? | | A. Thermometer | B. Rain-gauge |
| | A. Glass | B. Metal strip | C. Conductor | D. Metal ball |
| | C. Plastic | D. Nails | | |
| 35 | Atoy wheel ma | kas things maya agaily | 45. Which of the follow | ing is <u>NOT</u> a proper way o |
| 55. | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | using medicines? | |
| | A. Mangulai B. Sq | uare C. Oval D. Round | A. Use the medicine | as instructed by the doctor |
| 36. | When you weighton | kilogram of salt and one | B. Use expired medic | |
| ٠ | kilogram of feathers, y | | | ine meant for another person |
| | A. The salt has more m | | D. Throw away expir | ed medicine |
| | B. The salt has less ma | | 46 77 | |
| | | thers have the same mass | | ives, branches and stems ar |
| | | s have different masses | green are called:- | |
| | • | | A. Non-flowering pla | |
| 37. | = ·*, | ve the same shape of leaves | C. Non-green | D. Mosses |
| | EXCEPT: | D 14.1 | 47. Use the diagram bel | ow to answer the question |
| | A. Napier grass | B. Maize | below. | |
| | C. Sugarcane | D. Beans | Plant | S . |
| 38. | Which of the followi | ng plants would be ODD | | |
| , 00, | growing on a farm? | ing plants would be <u>obb</u> | Non-flowering | Flowering |
| | A. Sodom apple | B. Coffee bushes | | |
| | C. Rice | D. Maize | Pine Moss Cypress | Cotton Fern Maize |
| 39. | Which of the following | g lists consists of protective | Which crop is WRO | NGLY grouned? |
| | food only? | 5 | A. Cypress | B. Maize |
| | A. Beef, maize, potato | es | C. Fern | D. Moss |
| | B. Fish, beans, termite | | | |
| | C. Kales, spinach, tom | | 48. Which of the following | g foods has no nutritive value |
| | D. Mutton, Cassava, p | | A. Milk | B. Fish |
| | D. Matton, Cassava, p | awpaw | C. Matoke | D. Fibre |
| 40. | If fats are eaten in large | e amounts, some are:- | 40' 1171 1 0 1 0 11 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| | | | 49. Which of the follows | ing animals is WRONGLY |
| • | A. Dissolved in the boo | dy | 3 | |
| • | A. Dissolved in the boo | • | matched with its prod | luct? |
| • | A. Dissolved in the boo | body as waste product | 3 | |
| • | A. Dissolved in the boo B. Removed from the | body as waste product for later use | matched with its prod | luct? |
| • | A. Dissolved in the book B. Removed from the C. Stored in the body to D. Turned into proteins | body as waste product for later use | matched with its prod <u>Animal</u> | luct? Product mohair |
| 41. | A. Dissolved in the book B. Removed from the C. Stored in the body to D. Turned into proteins Which one of the follow | body as waste product for later use | matched with its prod Animal A. Goat B. Turkey | luct? Product mohair eggs |
| 41. | A. Dissolved in the book B. Removed from the C. Stored in the body to D. Turned into proteins Which one of the follow at night? | body as waste product for later use s | matched with its prod Animal A. Goat B. Turkey C. Dairy cattle | Product mohair eggs beef |
| 41. | A. Dissolved in the book B. Removed from the C. Stored in the body to D. Turned into proteins Which one of the follow | body as waste product for later use | matched with its prod Animal A. Goat B. Turkey | luct? Product mohair eggs |
| | A. Dissolved in the book B. Removed from the C. Stored in the body in D. Turned into proteins Which one of the followat night? A. Stars B. Moon | body as waste product for later use s wing is NOT seen at the sky C. Clouds D. Sun | matched with its prod Animal A. Goat B. Turkey C. Dairy cattle D. Sheep | Product mohair eggs beef |
| | A. Dissolved in the book B. Removed from the C. Stored in the body to D. Turned into proteins Which one of the followat night? A. Stars B. Moon Birds have inste | body as waste product for later use s wing is NOT seen at the sky C. Clouds D. Sun ead of teeth. | matched with its prod Animal A. Goat B. Turkey C. Dairy cattle D. Sheep | Product mohair eggs beef mutton |
| | A. Dissolved in the book B. Removed from the C. Stored in the body in D. Turned into proteins Which one of the followat night? A. Stars B. Moon | body as waste product for later use s wing is NOT seen at the sky C. Clouds D. Sun | matched with its prod Animal A. Goat B. Turkey C. Dairy cattle D. Sheep 50. Which of the following | luct? Product mohair eggs beef mutton g animals moves by crawling |

NANDI COUNTY STD 5 - TERM 1 MATHEMATICS

Time: 2Hours

| 1. | Weite two hundred | and thirty four thous | and two | 3. Work out: 3 | 39 - 2 R = | | |
|-----|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| 1. | hundred and twenty is | | | A. 36.2 | B. 11 | C. 39.8 | D. 41.8 |
| | A. 20034220 | B. 234220 | | | | • | |
| | C. 23422 | D. 2003420020 | , 1 | 4. How many | | in the last tr | ree monus of |
| _ | | C 1: | 422 | last year 20 A. 90 | и: В. 91 | C. 92 | D. 93 |
| 2. | A. 7000 B. 71 | ne of digit seven in 5471 | 20000 | | | | |
| | | | 1 | 5. What is the | | | |
| 3. | What is 7,00 as a deci | | | A. 150 m | B. 150 cm | i C. 150 ki | m D. 15 cm |
| | A. 0.7 B. 0.0 | C. 0.07 | D. 7- | 6. How many | quarter kilogr | ammes wou | ld fill a sack of |
| 4. | What is the place va | ue of digit 7 in 1001.0 | 17? | 50 kg? | | | • |
| | A. Ones | B. Hundredths | | A. 100 | B. 200 | C. 50 | D. 5000 |
| | C. Thousandths | D. Thousands | 1. | 7. How many | meters are the | ere in 1100 c | m? |
| 5. | Which of the follow | ing numbers is divisib | | A. 11 m | B. 110 m | C. 100 cm | |
| ٠, | and 10? | | | o 11/l | | | . 40 m 48 cm |
| | A. 20 and 25 | B. 45 and 55 | | 8. Work out: | m cm 5 64 | | . 5 m 71 cm |
| | C. 5 and 10 | D. 50 and 90 | | | x 7 | | . 35 m 448 cm |
| 6. | Work out:- | 26427 A. 6 | 0800 | | | | . 39 m 48 cm |
| · · | | | 0890 | - | | | |
| | ******* | | 07910 | 9. Which of t | hese angles is | an obtuse an | gie? |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | D. 5 | 0800 4 | | B. | C. | |
| | | | | | \ | | ` ` |
| 7. | Work out: | 7503 A. 4 | • | ~ | · \ | h | |
| | | - 3690 B 48 | | | | | 11 72 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| | | C. 3 | 1 | 20. One side | | | g. What is the |
| | • | D. 3 | 813 | A. 170 m | of the square in | B. 85 m | |
| 8. | Kipng'eno gets 27 l | itres of milk from his t | wo cows. | C. 3.4 m | | D. 3 m 4 | 00 cm |
| | | he get in the month of Ju | me 2011? | | | | , iii |
| | A. 810 litres | B. 54 litres | | 21. How man | cubes will m | nke the stack | |
| | C. 837 litres | D. 1620 litres | | | +// | | A. 72 |
| 9. | What is the area of t | he following figure? | | | | | B. 45 |
| | 15cm | Α. | 25 cm | | | 1) | C. 18 |
| | | | 150 cm | | | y | D. 54 |
| | | 1 000 00 | | | | | |
| | | · · | 150 cm ² | 22. Which of t | he following f | ractions is ea | quivalent to $\frac{4}{3}$? |
| | | D. | . 50 cm ² | A. 4, | B. 10/16 | C. 15/16 | D. 4/ ₄ |
| 10 | . Work out: 15 225 | | | 23. Divide Sh | . 397 35 cts b | y 9? | |
| | A. 5 B. 15 | | 1 R 75 | A. Sh. 44 | | | 4 135 cents |
| | | | 1 | * C. Sh. 44 | | D. Sh. 4 | 4 40 cts |
| 11. | | ing fractions is two fifth | | 24. Musyoka | had Sh 200 I | de houeht s | bread at Sh 4 |
| | A. $\frac{3}{2}$ B. $\frac{2}{5}$ | C. 1/ ₅ D | . 7/50 | and 1/ kg | sugar at Sh 1 | 10. How mi | uch balance di |
| 12 | . Work out:- 5 x | ² / ₁₁ = | | he get? | on Sur Ar ar . | च्याच्याच्याः इत्र. व्यक्ति | |
| | | C. ² / ₈₅ D | 10/ | A. Sh. 15 | 0 B. Sh. 35 | 0 C. Sh. | 50 D. Sh. 90 |
| | /11 /25 25 /11 | 55 | 11 | | | | |



25. How many hours are there in 325 minutes?

C. 7

D. 6

NANDI COUNTY STD 5 TERM 1 ENGLISH

TIME: 1 HR 40 MIN

| - | | | | | | | | | 1111 TO 11111 |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------|--|--------------------|---|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <u>Fil</u> | l in the bla | ink spaces | numbered | l-15 with the | corre | <u>ct choice j</u> | from the o | nes given. | |
| | Once1 | was an | old poor ma | n 2 Johr | ison, w | vho <u>3</u> | in a small | 4_ in a | village. After |
| the | death of | <u>5</u> wife, h | e was staying | g alone as he _ | 6 n | o children. | Though Jol | hnson was ol | d, he was7 |
| and | strong. He | was alway | s busy in hel | ping his neigh | bours | in one way | or another | and in8_ | they used to |
| giv | e him food. | 9 he v | vas polite an | d <u>10</u> , eve | rybody | y <u>11</u> h | im and 1 | 2 refused l | nim anything. |
| He | liked child | ren very m | uch and whe | never he 1; | 3_fre | e, he used | to tell <u>14</u> | to childre | en. So he was |
| ver | y popular_ | 15 chil | dren and the | y used to addr | ess hir | n "Babu." | | | |
| 1 | A . 41 | D. Alien | * 4 | 5 | 1 | | | | • |
| | A. then | B. this | C. that | | 21. | | s as fat as a | | D 1 1 |
| , | A. names | | C. named | • | | | | C. buffalo of the following | - |
| 3. | A. lives | B. lived | C. liven | d D. stays | 22 | Send Send | pasi iense i | <u>I ine Jouowa</u> | ne worus. |
| 4. | A. hut | B. hat | C. hart | D. hole | 22. | | B. sented | C. sent | D. sending |
| 5. | A. his | B. her | C. their | D. him | 23. | Lose | | | D. Soliding |
| 6. | A. has | B. had | C. hand | D. have | | | B. losed | C. loses | D. lost |
| 7. | A. healthy | B. heelth | y C. heathy | D. healthe | 24. | Cry | | | |
| 8. | A. end | B. thanky | ou C. inste | ad D. return | | | B. cryed | C. cries | D. cry |
| 9. | A. of | B. us | C. due | D. As | | Fill in th | e blanks su | naces with th | e CORRECT |
| 10. | A. rude | B. humble | C. cruel | D. hamble | | prepositio | | | <u> </u> |
| 11. | A. likes | B. liken | C. liked | D. hated | 25. | The thief j | umped | the fence. | |
| 12. | A. nobody | | B. some | ebody | | A. aside | B. below | C. over | D. at |
| | C. body | | D. anyb | | Rea | d the follow | ing passage | and answer as | estions 26-38. |
| 13. | A. was | B. were | C. is | D. wasn't | | Aisha had | visited Taat | u dispensary | a week before. |
| 14. | A. stores | B. storie | s C. lies | D. story's | The clinical officer had examined her and taken so | | | | nd taken some |
| 15. | A. between | n B. at | C. amon | g D. in | | | | | to him and got |
| | For questi | ons 16-18, | choose the i | right word to | | | | | ea, abdominal general body |
| | fill in the l | blank space | <u>25.</u> | | 1 - | akness. | .,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | -, | Bulletia body |
| 16. | The cow ha | s a stone in | hoof. | • | | Later she h | nad heen aska | ed to visit the c | listrict hospital |
| | A. it's | B. its | C. their | D. her | for | | | | not have the |
| 17. | They have I | eft boo | oks in the class | S | • | | | - | ne got worried |
| | A. there | B. his | C. her | D. their | | | _ | | ormed her she |
| 18. | Talking | in the libra | ary is not allow | ed. | | | | | nd HIV/AIDS. |
| | A. allowed B. aloud C. loud D. alloud | | 1 | | | | t then waited. d wounds that | | |
| | Complete i | the followin | ig sentences. | | | | - | | mothers had |
| 19. | Omolo owr | | of cattle. | | | | | | doctor called |
| • | A. herd | B. flock | C. heard | D. troop | | | | | e was told that |
| 20 | | | | | she | had typho | id. She was | told to alway | ' s wash hand s |
| 2 0. | | | cked by a C. swam | - | | | od. She wen | t home happy t | that her disease |
| - | r v. ourien | D. KIUUD | C. Swaiii | D. swarm | I had | a cura | | | |

| 20. | Why did Aisha visit the clinic? | Read the following passage and answer questions |
|-----|---|---|
| | A. She was sick | <u>39-50.</u> |
| | B. She had been called | The cohra is the most noisenesse analysis. In It. |
| | C. She was well | The cobra is the most poisonous snake in India. Its |
| | D. She was about to die | colour is sometimes yellowish, sometimes brown with a |
| 27. | When had Aisha visted the dispensary? | dirty underside. It is about five feet long. When it is |
| | A. A week after B. Seven days before | irritated, it raises up the front part of its body, spreads |
| | C. Two weeks before D. A month before | out the eight front pairs of its ribs at the sides so that a |
| 28. | The clinical officer took down some | shield shaped hood is formed below the head. The rest |
| | A. drugs B. books C. notes D. bottles | of the body is curled round and gives the snake firm |
| 29. | Aisha was told to visit the district hospital for | support. On the back of its hood are yellow markings. |
| | test. | Cobras live in old walls or heaps of stones, and timber |
| | A. Urine B. T.B. C. Status D. Blood | and anywhere they can find sheltered holes. Therefore |
| 30. | What did Aisha see at the District dispensary? | people should avoid sheltering near the walls. |
| | A. A few patients B. several patients | 39. What colour is cobra? |
| - | C. parents D. good doctors | A. yellow B. yellow or brown |
| 31. | Which disease was Aisha suffering from? | C. very dirty colour D. brown |
| | A. Typhoid B. T.B. | 40. The underside of a cobrais |
| | C. Malaria D. AIDS | A. clean B. dirty |
| 32. | Why was she advised to go to the district hospital? | C. yellow D. brown |
| | A. It was nearer | 41. People should avoid seeking shelter near |
| | B. She was afraid of the results | A. houses B. walls |
| | C. Taabu had no necessary equipment | C. big trees D. shades |
| | D. She decided to do so | 42. The cobra is the snake in India. |
| 33. | Which one of the following was <u>NOT</u> one of her | A. most harmless B. most harmful |
| | symptoms? | C. most poisonous D. longest |
| | | 43. Irritated means the same as |
| | A. Diarrhoea B. Abdominal pains C. Loss of appetite D. Good health | A. joyful B. excited |
| 34 | | C. happy D. angry |
| 54. | What was Aisha told to do to prevent typhoid? | 44. Where would you find a cobra? |
| | A. Do a lot of practice B. Visit the dentist always | A. In the branches of a tree |
| 35 | C. Eat a lot of carrots D. Wash hands always A dispensary is a place where | B. Underground |
| 33. | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | C. In a cave |
| | A. sick people are admitted B. nurses meet for tea | D. In any protected hole |
| | C. sick people are treated | 45. What gives it a firm support? |
| | D. drugs are kept | |
| 36 | A blood test refers to the | |
| J. | A. removal of blood for testing | C. Its hood -D. Its curled body 46. The opposite of the word long is |
| | B. removal of blood for donation | A lengther D shorter C short D C |
| | C. removal of blood for sale | A. lengther B. shorter C. short D. far 47. To curl means to |
| | D. addittion of blood | |
| 37 | | C hass |
| 57. | Why do you think Aisha was worried when she heard she would be tested for various diseases? | C. hear , D. die 48. A cobra is a |
| | | |
| | A. She thought she could be having AIDS which is incurable | 2.014 |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| | B. She would waste a lot of time in hospitals | 49. How long is a cobra? |
| | C. She could be having malaria then die | A. About five feet |
| 20 | D. She could feel pain | B. About five centimetres |
| JÖ. | Why did Aisha go home happy? | C. About five metres |
| | A. Her disease had not been found | D. About five kilometres |
| | B. Her disease was curable | 50. The MOST appropriate title for this passage would |
| | C. She had bought medicine | be:- |
| | D. She was healed | A. Types of snakes B. The cobra |
| | | C. The Indian snakes D. How to shelter |

| | | • |
|---------------------|-----|---|
| YOUR NAME | | • |
| | | , |
| NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL | 3.1 | · |
| | | |

NANDI COUNTY STD 5 TERM 1 COMPOSITION

| | <u>C</u> | COMPOSIT | ION | TIME. 40 Minutes | | |
|--------------|---|-----------|---------------------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Write | TIME: 40 Minutes Write an interesting composition about:- | | | | | |
| | | MY FAMILY | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| · | | | | | | |
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| | | TUNA JIBU | KWA ELIMU BORA - | | | |

NANDI COUNTY DARASA LA TANO MUHULA WA KWANZA

KISWAHILI

MUDA: Saa 1 Dak. 40

| - | | 2. |
|-----------------|--|--|
| <u>So</u> ya | ma kif <mark>ungu kifuatacho kisha ujaze nafasi ziliz</mark> le ulioyopewa. | zoachwa wazi kuanzia 1-15 kwa jibu sahihi kati ya |
| nil | "Nisamehe jini 1 msonobari. Miye natafut | ta kazi <u>2</u> kuchanja kuni. Chungu <u>3</u> kitambo <u>6</u> . Leo nimerudia, <u>7</u> tena, kazi yangu" |
| HIC | changa wao usibebwe tena na kitu 14 kile. C | pangia. <u>10</u> kwa mapanga, majembe <u>11</u> hata iro, <u>13</u> matuta, wakapanda miti <mark>na nyasi</mark> ili kuzuia hifu alikuweko kuzisimamia shughuli <u>15</u> . |
| | A. ya B. la C. kwa D. wa | 19. Kamilisha tashbihi hii. Chuma hii ni nzito |
| 2. 3. | A. na B. ya C. za D. kwa | kama |
| J. | A. alichonipa B. ulichonipa C. unapacho D. anipacho | A. pamba B. gundi C. shubiri D. nanga 20. Nyumba ya kuku huitwaje? |
| 4. | A. nyingine B. zingine C. kingine D. ingine | A. Kiota B. Kizimba C. Zizi D. Kombe |
| 5. | A. yangu B. mwangu C. kwengu D. zangu | Tumia jina la makundi lifaalo |
| 6. | A. walinibadilisha B. walibadilishwa | 21. Fatuma alikutana na cha waimbaji. |
| _ | C. alibadili D. alimabadili | A. Kikoa B. kikosi C. kipeto D. kibunda |
| 7. | A. aliralamika B. alilalamika C. aliraramika D. alilaramika | 22. Nomino redio iko katika ngeli ya |
| Q | | A. U- ZI B. A - WA C. I - ZI D. A - YA 23. Baba ya mumeo utamwita |
| o. | A. iliyopita B. ijayo C. iliyofuata D. inayofuata | A. umbu B. bavyaa C. mavyaa D. ami |
| 9. | A. wa B. za C. kwa D. ya | Kamilisha methali hii. |
| | A. walijitoleza B. walirudi | 24. Ukiona vyaelea |
| | C. walijitokesha D. walirundi | A. vyamelemeta B. vikojuu |
| | A. bali B. na C. kwa D. pia | C. vyaundwa D. vimeundwa |
| 12. | A. mbalimbali B. balibali | 25. Kati ya viumbe hawa yupi si ndege? |
| | C. mbalimbari D. baribari | A. Popo B. Kunguru C. Chiriku D. Kanga |
| 13. | A. wakavuna B. wakala | 26. Tumia 'ndi' kwa usahihi. Magari hayo. A. ndio B. ndiye C. ndiyo D. ndipo |
| 14 | C. wakapiga D. wakaweka A. vyovyote B. chochote | 27. Ukitaka kupima urefu wa nyumba utatumia |
| 17. | A. vyovyote B. chochote C. kwokwote D. popote | A. kekee B. utepe C. bisibisi D. patasi |
| 15. | A. hii B. ile C. hiyo D. hizi | 28. Lima ni kwa mkulima kama vile choka ni kwa:- |
| | Kutoka swali la 16-30, jibu kulingana na | A. mchokaji B. mchovu |
| | maagizo. | C. mchozi D. mchokizi / 29. Mafuriko mengi hutokea wakati wa |
| | Ni neno lipi linaloonyesha kivumishi cha | A. vuli B. kipupwe |
| 6 | idadi katika sentensi hii. Mkutano huo ulikuwa na watu wengi. | C. masika D. kiangazi |
| | A. mkutano B. wengi C. ulikuwa D. watu | 30. Umbo hili linaitwa |
| 7. | lpi kati ya hizi si ala ya muziki? | A. mtari mshazari |
| 8 | A. Manati B. Tari C. Ngoma D. Zeze | |
| | Kanusha: Mwanafunzi alienda shuleniA. Mwanafunzi haendi shuleni. | B. zigzagi |
| | B. Mwanafunzi hajaenda shuleni | C. pia |
| | C. Mwanfunzi hakuenda shuleni D. Mwanafunzi hataenda shuleni | D. duara |
| | | |

Soma ufahamu kisha ujibu maswali kutoka 31-40.

Familia ya Bwana Ojwang' ina watu wanne. Mama, baba na watoto wao wawili. Faidafu ni mtoto wao wa kike. Faidaka ni mtoto wao wa kiume.

Baba ni mkulima pia ni mfugaji mwenye mbuzi wawili na punda mmoja. Mama ni mfanyi biashara. Anauza vyakula vidogo mitaani kwenye kibanda chake. Ni muuzaji wa kunde, vitumbua, maandazi na chai ya mkandaa iliyotiwa tangawizi. Wateja ni wengi. Wanamwita kwa jina Mama Kayai.

Pesa anazopata mama Faidafu hazitoshi kwa matumizi na mahitaji yote ya nyumbani pamoja na ada ya shuleni. Madaftari, kalamu, vitabu, malipo ya ujenzi, malipo ya bawabu wa shule, malipo ya mlo shuleni, pamoja na ujira wa wapishi. Fedha zote hizi zikiwekwa kwa jumla zikawa zaidi ya uwezo wa wazazi hawa. Wazo likaja kuwa heri wamwelimishe mtoto mmoja tu kati ya hao wawili.

31. Familia ya Ojwang' ina na watoto wangapi?

A. Wawili B. Mmoja C. Wanne D. Watano

32. Je, mtoto wa kike aliitwaje?

A. Faidafu B. Faidaka C. Ojwang' D. Mama

33. Baba yao mzee Ojwang' alifunga nini na nini? B. Punda na ngamia A. Mbuzi na kuku

C. Punda na mbuzi D. Kuku, punda na kondoo

34. Mama yao alifanya kazi gani?

A. Ukulima B. Ufugaji C. Ualimu D. Uuzaji

35. Kati ya hizi nini mama hakuhusika nayo?

A. Tangawizi

B. Kunde

C. Maharagwe

- D. Vitumbua
- 36. Je, kwa nini pesa alizopata mama watoto hazikutosha mahitaji yao kwa sababu

A. alikuwa na watoto wengi

B. matumizi yalikuwa mengi nyumbani na malipo mengi shuleni

C. kazi yake haikupata wateja wengi

- D. Mama Kayai alikuwa na tabia ya kutumia pesa ovyo
- 37. Kulingana na ufahamu, ni matumizi gani pesa za mama watoto zilitumika kutimiza?

A. Kulipia watoto shule

- B. Kulipia wafanyi kazi wake
- C. Kusaidia wasio bahatika katika jamii

D. Kupeleka familia kula anasa

- 38. Ni wazo gani lililokujia wazazi kulingana na taarifa?
 - A. Kuachisha Faidaka shule
 - B. Kuachisha Faidafu masomo
 - C. Kuelimisha mtoto mmoja tu
 - D. Hakuna wazo liliwakujia
- 39. Kwa nini watoto wa mzee Ojwang' wakasoma kwa shida?
 - A. Wazazi wao hawakuwa na uwezo mwingi wa
 - B. Walikuwa hawaelewi masomo
 - C. Walisumbuliwa na wazazi
 - D. Walikuwa wanafaulu kila mtihani
- 40. Je, kama ni wewe mzazi wa watoto hawa, nani alifaa sana kuachishwa shule
 - A. Faidafu

B. Faidaka

C. Wote wawili

D. Hakuna aliyestahili

Soma ufahamu ufuatao kisha ujibu maswali kutoka 41-50.

Usiri alikuwa kijana mvivu sana. Kila siku mama yake alikuwa akimpa chakula. Kazi yake Usiri ilikuwa ni kula na kulala tu. Siku moja mamake alimwambia, "kuanzia leo usipofanya kazi basi ujue hakuna chakula chako humu nyumbani".

Siku ya pili Usiri aliamka asubuhi na mapema. Alitoka nyumbani akaenda kutafuta kazi. Huko mashambani akakutana na mkulima ambaye alimpa kazi. Mkulima akampa Usiri sarafu ya shilingi arobaini. Aliporudi nyumbani, sarafu hiyo ikaanguka na kutumbukia mtoni alipokuwa anaruka mto.

Mamake Usiri alikasirika sana. Akamwambia kwa hasira "kwa nini ukipewa kitu hukitii mfukoni?" Siku ya pili Usiri alipata kazi kwa muuzaji maziwa. Mwisho wa siku Usiri akapewa jagi zima la maziwa. Usiri akayatia maziwa yake mfukoni mwake. Alipofika nyumbani maziwa yote yalikuwa yamemwagika.

41. Taja tabia moja ya Usiri

A. uvivu

B. miania

C. mpole

- D. mwenye bidii
- 42. Kwa nini mama alikasirikia Usiri?
 - A. Kwa sababu ya uvivu wake
- B. Kwa sababu ya upole wake
 - €. Alikuwa mtukutu
 - D. Hakufaulu masomoni
- 43. Usiri alianzia kutafuta kazi ya siku ya ngapi?

A. Tatu B. Pili C. Nne

D. Tano

44. Usiri alipata kazi ya kwanza kwa nani baada ya kugombezwa na mamake?

A. muuzaji maziwa B. mfinyazi

C. iirani

D. mkulima mmoja

45. Je, Usiri alilipwa pesa ngapi na mkulima?

A. Sarafu mbili na shilingi ishirini

- B. Noti ya shilingi arobaini
- C. Sarafu ya shilingi arobaini
- D. Noti ya shilingi hamsini
- 46. Je, kwa nini Usiri hakufika na sarafu ile nyumbani?

A. Ilipotea njiani

B. Ilianguka mtoni

C. Iliibiwa na wezi

D. Aliirusha mtoni

47. Kwa nini ile sarafu ilipotea?

- A. Hakuiweka mfukoni na bahati mbaya ikanguka mtoni
- B. Alianza kucheza nayo mtoni
- C. Aliogelea ikiwa nfukoni
- D. Aliirusha mtoni
- 48. Je, Usiri alipata kazi ingine ipi?

A. Kuuza mboga

B. Kuuza sarafu

C. Kuuza maziwa

- D. Kuuza hotelini
- 49. Kwa nini aliweka maziwa kwenye mfuko wake? A. Hakuwa na pahali pengine pa kuibebea
 - B. Kwa sababu ya uzembe

 - C. Ili isipotee
 - D. Ili aiifurahishe
- 50. Je, ni ipi kati ya hizi si tabia ya Usiri?
 - A. Mjinga B. Mwerevu C. Mzembe D. Mvivu

| JINA LA SHULE YAKO: | JINA LAKO: | |
|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| | JINA LA SHULE YAKO: | |

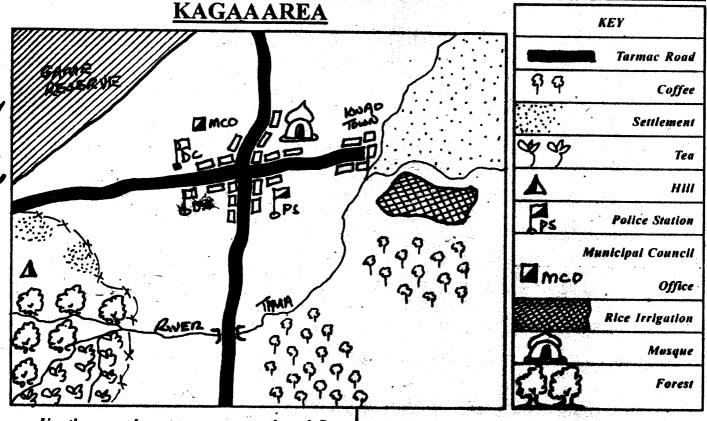
NANDI COUNTY

| INSHA MUDA: Dakika 40 | | | | | | |
|---|---|----------------|----------|---------------------------------------|--|---|
| ndika insha j | uu ya:- | | | | | |
| ¥ | SIKU | J YA MI | CHEZO S | HULEN1 | | |
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NANDI COUNTY STD 5 - TERM 1

SOCIAL STUDIES & C.R.E.

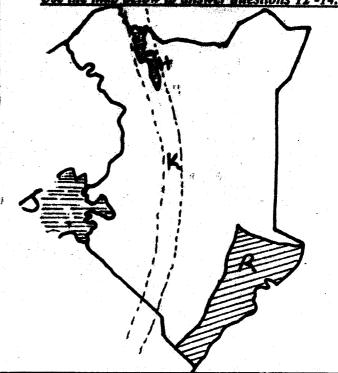
Time: 2Hrs. 15Min.



Use the map above to answer questions 1-7,

- 1. What is the general direction of flow of R. Tima?
 - A. South to East C. N.E. to S.E.
- B. S.E. to N.W D. S.W. to N.E.
- 2. The crop grown under irrigation on the map is
- A. Coffee B. Sugarcane C. Rice D. Tea
- 3. What is the economic activity that takes place at the S.E. part of the Kagaa area?
 - A. Crop farming
- B. Fishing
- C. Tourism
- D. Lumbering
- 4. The two cash crops grown on the map are ____
- A. Maize and sisal
- B. Tea and cocoa
- C. Coffee and tea
- D. Coffee and rice
- 5. Mr. Maina wanted to start a shop business. He is required to get a trading licence from the
 - A. D.C's office
- B. D.O's office
- C. Police station
- D. Municipal Council's office
- 6. Which is the highest area in the map?
- A. North B. N.W (
- C. S.W D. W
- 7. People in Kaagaa area are
 - A. Christians B. Hindus C. Muslims D. Pagans
- 8. Which one is a product of traditional pottery?
 - A. Iron spoon B. Baskets C. Axes D. Pots
- 9. The traditional exchange of goods for other goods is called
 - A. Barter trade
- B. Common trade
- C. Culture trade
- D. Economic trade

- 10. Physical features include all the following EXCEPT:-
 - A. Bridges B. Hills (
 - C. Rivers D. Lakes
- 11. Which is NOT an element of a map?
 - A. Title B. Direction C. Time D. Key Use the man below to answer questions 12-14.



| | The feature marked J neighbours | 25. Which one of the following is NOT a right of a |
|-------------|--|--|
| | A. Somali B. Uganda C. Sudan D. Ethiopia | Kenyan citizen? |
| 13. | The type of vegetation found along the shaded area | A. Right to own property |
| - | marked R is:- | B. Right to move freely to any part of the country |
| | A. Grassland B. Papyrus reeds | C. Freedom to choose the religion to belong |
| | C. Mangrove forest D. Riverine vegetation | D. Right to forcefully |
| 14. | The lake marked H is called | 26. The major cause of accident on our Kenyan roads |
| | A. L. Naivasha B. L. Victoria | today is:- |
| | C. L. Nakuru D. L. Turkana | A. Careless of traffic officers |
| 15. | Pyrethrin which is removed from pyrethrum flowers | |
| | is used for making | B. Careless use of roads |
| | A. Cement B. Cocoa | C. Bad weather |
| | C. Insecticides D. Cow feeds | D. Use of unroadworthy vehicles |
| 16 | Which among the following is NOT a social service? | 27. The most convenient method of transporting flowers |
| 10. | A. Education B: Housing | is by:- |
| | C. Electricity supply D. Farming | A. Road B. Sea C. Railway D. Air |
| 17 | Which one of the following is NOT an importance | 28. Which one of the following is NOT a modern means |
| 1/~ | of forests? | of communication? |
| | | A. Postal services B. Telephone |
| | A. Influence on climate positively | C. Ululations D. Radio |
| | B. Source of timber | 0,01 |
| | C. Source of firewood | 29. The type of democracy where we vote in an MP is |
| | D. Making of car's and spare parts | called:- |
| 18. | The government encourages | A. Representative B. Nomination |
| | A. Afforestation B. Deforestation | C. Liberal D. Partition - |
| | C. Desertification D. Soil erosion | 30. Which of the following is NOT a drainage feature? |
| 19. | There are many problems affecting wildlife in Kenya | A. Hills B. Lakes C. Oceans D. Rivers |
| | EXCEPT: | 31. One of the following is NOT a responsibility of a |
| | A. Fire outbreaks B. Destruction of forests | Kenyan citizen. Which one? |
| | C. Employment D. Illegal killing of animals | A. Taking part in community projects |
| 20. | Which one of the following is NOT a benefit of | . B. Contributing in harambee projects |
| | peace in the society? | C. Engaging in corrupt deals |
| | A. People love and assist each other | D. Maintaining peace |
| | B. There is democracy | |
| | C. Corruption is encouraged | 32. When laws are put in one document they form a:- |
| | D. Foreigners invest in the society | A. Syllabus B. Constitution |
| 21. | Which one of the following may NGT lead to | C. Curriculum D. Timetable |
| | conflict in a society? | 33. In our school law and order should be maintained |
| | A. Failure to share resources | by the following EXCEPT: - |
| | B. Equal distribution of resources | A. Head-teacher B. Teacher |
| | C. Denying people their right | C. Prefect D. Assistant Chief |
| | D. Lack of respect | 34. The road sign shown below means:- |
| 22. | Which of the following industries encourages self | |
| | employment? | A. No overtaking |
| • | A. Jua kali industries | B. Bumps ahead |
| | B. Service industries | |
| | C. Processing industries | C. No entry |
| | D. Manufacturing industries | D. Road closed to all users |
| 23 | The following are ways of becoming a Kenyan | |
| <i>20.0</i> | citizen EXCEPT by:- | 35. The most commonly used form of transport in most |
| | A. Birth B. Corruption | parts of our country is:- |
| | 1 . | A. Air B. Water C. Road D. Rail |
| 24 | C. Registration D. Naturalization | 36. General elections in Kenya are held after every |
| 24. | Which one of the following is a responsibility of a | years. |
| | Kenyan citizen? | A. Ten B. Five C. Twenty D. Three |
| | A. Participating in general election | 37. When the population of Kenya is in danger of HIV |
| | B. Hating the country | and AIDS, the government should provide:- |
| | C. Engaging in corruption | A. Money B. Health care C. Roads D. Water |
| | D. Breaking of laws | A. Money D. Health care C. Roads D. Water |

| 38. | The counting of people in a country is known as | 50. The compass direction between North east and | | | |
|--------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| | census. A census is carried out after every:- | North is:- | | | |
| | A. Year B. Four years | A. North East North B. North East East | | | |
| | C. Five years D. Ten years | C. North North West D. North North East | | | |
| 39. | Which one of the following was NOT used in | 51. The conditions of the atmosphere over a long period | | | |
| | traditional trade? | of time is known as:- | | | |
| | A. Money B. Honey | A. Weather B. Environment | | | |
| | C. Livestock products D. Cereals | C. Climate D. Temperature | | | |
| 40. | According to the new constitution, Kenya is divided | 52. Which one of the following DOES NOT lead to | | | |
| * | into countries. | soil erosion? | | | |
| | A. 37 B. 47 C. 20 D. 57 | A. Contour ploughing B. Forest fires | | | |
| 41. | Three of the following items are made in Jua kali | C. De-forestation D. Poor farming methods | | | |
| | industries EXCEPT: - | 53. Chicken, ducks, geese and turkeys are collectively | | | |
| | A. Wheelbarrow B. Lanterns | called:- | | | |
| | C. Pans D. Glassware | A. Beef B. Poultry C. Dairy D. Layers | | | |
| 42. | The following are traditional industries EXCEPT: - | 54. Three of the following are beverage crops | | | |
| | A. Vehicle assembling B. Mat making | EXCEPT:- | | | |
| | C. Wood carving D. Iron working | A. Tea B. Coffee C. Cocoa D. Cotton | | | |
| 43. | C. Wood carving D. Iron working The major tourists attraction in Kenya is:- | 55. Which one of the following is NOT a responsibility | | | |
| | A. Good climate B. Wildlife | of parents at home? | | | |
| | C. Sandy beaches D. Historical sites | A. Going to school | | | |
| 44. | A national reserve is set up and controlled by the:- | B. Buying school uniform | | | |
| | A. Government B. Kenya Wildlife service | C. Paying school fees | | | |
| | C. County council D. Tourist board | D. Providing to families basic needs | | | |
| 45. | The MAIN problem affecting wildlife conservation | 56. A family consisting of parents, children and relatives | | | |
| | is:- | is called:- | | | |
| | A. Desertification B. Deforestation | A. Nuclear family B. Street family | | | |
| | C. Forest fires D. Poaching | C. Extended family D. Single parent family | | | |
| 46. | The careless cutting down of trees is called:- | 57. Traditional doctors who used plant extracts to treat | | | |
| | A. Afforestation B. Agro-forestry | people were called a:- | | | |
| | C. Re-afforestation D. Deforestation | A. Prophets B. Herbalists | | | |
| | Study the diagram below and answer questions | C. Rainmakers D. Priests | | | |
| | 47-49. | 58. Three of the following are elements of weather. | | | |
| | - Cherry | Which one is NOT? | | | |
| | | A. Soil B. Rainfall C. Temperature D. Wind | | | |
| | | 59. The weather instrument shown below is used to | | | |
| • . | | measure:- | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | A. Temperature | | | |
| | | B. Amount of rainfall | | | |
| | RISING MIR | I NA | | | |
| | LAND | C. Speed of wind | | | |
| | WATER BODY | D. Atmospheric pressure | | | |
| 47. | The type of rainfall illustrated above is called:- | 60. Which one of the following is NOT a child light? | | | |
| | A. Relief rainfall B. Frontal rainfall | A. Right to education | | | |
| | C. Cyclonic rainfall D. Conventional rainfall | B. Freedom of association | | | |
| 48. | The above type of rainfall mainly falls:- | C. Right to medical care | | | |
| | A. At night | D. Right to marry | | | |
| | B. In the afternoon | D. Right to marry | | | |
| • | C. During the dry season | C.R.E. | | | |
| | D. During the rainy season | *I | | | |
| 49 | Which of the following towns in Kenya does NOT | 61. The different roles done by members of the society | | | |
| ~ <i>/</i> / | experience the above type of rainfall? | being either male or female are called:- | | | |
| | A. Meru B. Malindi C. Kisumu D. Mombasa | A. Community roles B. Gender roles C. Boy roles D. Girls roles | | | |
| | A STATE OF MAINING C. KISHING D. MOHIDASA | C. Boy roles D. Girls roles | | | |

STD 5 SOCIAL STUDIES & C.R.E - CZ-1

| 62. | How old was Noah when it rained for forty days and forty nights? | | We can know a true Christian witness from: | | |
|-------------|---|-----------|---|--|--|
| | A. Six thousand years B. Sixty six years | | A. The way he goes to church B. His works only | | |
| | C. Six hundred years D. Sixty six years D. Sixty three years |]. | C. His works and deeds | | |
| 63 | The man who was helped by the good samaritan | 1 | D. His word and prayers | | |
| 00. | was going from Jerusalem to:- | 77 | Who baptised Jesus? | | |
| | A. Jericho B. Emmaus C. Damascus D. Nazareth | ''' | A. Moses B. John the baptist C. Peter D. James | | |
| 64 | | 78: | In Mathew 5:4 says, "Happy are those who mour | | |
| 04. | According to Galatians 6:2 whose law do we obey when we share work? | | for:- | | |
| | | | A. God will comfort them | | |
| 65 | A. Paul B. Christ C. Our teachers D. Our parents | 1 | B. God will judge them | | |
| 03. | Which one of the following is NOT a part of the covenant? | | C. God will call them his sons | | |
| | | İ | D. God will reward them | | |
| | | 79. | Jesus healed the centurion servant because:- | | |
| | C. No obligations D. Memorial | 1 | A. The centurion loved Jesus | | |
| 00. | Which one of the following commandments teaches | | B. The centurion's servant had faith | | |
| | on respect for human life? | | C. The centurion had faith | | |
| | A. Do not commit adultery | | D. The centurion ordered Jesus to do so | | |
| | B. Do not covet your paighbours property | 80. | In washing His disciples feet, Jesus taught that:- | | |
| | C. Do not commit murder | | A. Good leaders should be brave | | |
| | D. Keep the sabbath day holy | | B. Good leaders should serve others | | |
| 67. | By delivering the Israelites out of bondage, God | | C. Good leaders should be proud | | |
| | showed that He was:- | | D. Good leaders should be fair | | |
| | A. Loving and caring B. The Messiah | 81. | All the following are gifts of the Holy spiri | | |
| | C. The powerful D. The overall boss | | EXCEPT:- | | |
| 68. | Which one of the following Christian actions shows | 00 | A. Wisdom B. Knowledge C. Healing D. Love | | |
| | kindness, a fruit of the Holy Spirit? | 82. | As Christians we should:- | | |
| | A. Attending church services regularly | | A. Hate our enemies B. Love our friends only | | |
| | B. Inviting the hungry for meals | 02 | C. Love our enemies D. Hate our friends | | |
| | C. Playing with other friends | 03. | We can overcome the feelings of envy and dislike | | |
| | D. Visiting our relatives | | by asking the help from:- A. Our parents B. Our friends | | |
| 69. | Who among the following is referred to as the father | | C. Our pastors D. The holy spirit | | |
| | of faith? | 84. | Abraham chose to God. | | |
| | A. Abraham B. Moses C. Noah D. Isaac | " | A. Obey B. Disobey C. Disagree D. Hate | | |
| 70. | A Christian community is a group of people who:- | 85. | Jesus stayed in the desert for days and nights | | |
| | A. Believe in Jesus and his teachings | | A. 7 B. 10 C. 40 D. 30 | | |
| | B. Believe in working together in industries | 86. | In traditional African society people:- | | |
| | C. Sing together in church halls | l | A. Liked wars B. Were overworked | | |
| | D. Contribute in harambee meetings | <u> </u> | C. Shared work D. Liked easy work | | |
| 71. | Which one of the following is NOT a fruit of the | 87. | The leaders of the early church shared work with | | |
| | Holy Spirit? | | helpers. | | |
| | A. Faith B. Love C. Faithfulness D. Patience | | A. Three B. Six C. Seven D. Twelve | | |
| 72. | Christians mark Christ victory over death during:- | 88. | Kamau was playing with his sisters in the house | | |
| | A. Easter B. Pentecost | 1 | They broke their mother's vase. You would advice | | |
| | C. Ascension D. Christmas | 1 | them to:- | | |
| 73. | The ten commandments were given to Moses at:- | | A. Hide the broken pieces | | |
| | A. Mt. Sinai B. Mt. Zion C. Mt. Horeb D. Egypt | | B. Tell their mother the truth and apologize | | |
| 74. | Who of the following helps Christians to overcome | | C. Pretend that they do not know | | |
| | the challenges in life? | 00 | D. Keep silent and hope their mother would not notice | | |
| . * | A. The angels B. The Holy Spirit | 09. | Jesus is also known as the prince of | | |
| | C. Disciples D. Fellow Christians | 00 | A. Peace B. Joy C. Love D. Unity | | |
| 75. | In John 6:47 Jesus said, "I am telling the truth he | 70. | What should Christians do with their wealth? | | |
| | who believes in me has:- | 1 | A. Use it to mistreat the poor B. Be boastful about it | | |
| | A. Holy Spirit B. External life | | C. Use it to campaign in politics | | |
| | C. Eternal life D. No truth | ' | D. Use it to help the needy | | |
| Name of the | | | D. Ose it to help the needy | | |

NANDI COUNTY STD 5 TERM 1

MARKING SCHEME

| ENGLISH | MATHS | LICIVATULE | COLDINA | | |
|-------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1. C 31. A | | KISWAHILI | SCIENCE | S/STUDIES | C.R.E |
| 2. C 31. A | | 1. D 31. A 2. B 32. A | 1. C 31. C | 1. D 31. C | 61. A |
| 3. B 33. D | | 7, | 2. B 32. A | 2. C 32. B | 62. C |
| 4. A 34. D | , | | 3. A 33. B | 3. A 33. D | 63. A |
| 5. A 35. C | | 1 | 4. A 34. C | 4. C 34. D | 64. A |
| 6. B 36. A | 5. D 35. A 6. A 36. B | 00.0 | 5. B 35. D | 5. D 35. C | 65. C |
| 7. A 37. A | | | 6. A 36. C | 6. C 36. B | 66. C |
| 8. D 38. B | 7. D 37. D 8. A 38. B | | 7. C 37. D | 7. C 37. B | 67. A |
| 9. D 39. B | 9. C 39. B | 1 | 8. C 38. A | 8. D 38. D | 68. B |
| 10. B 40. B | 10. B 40. C | 1 | 9. B 39. C | 9. A 39. A | 69. A |
| 11. C 41. B | . \ | | 10. C 40. C | 10. A 40. B | 70. A |
| 12. A 42. C | 12. D 42. C | 11. B 41. A 12. A 42. A | 11. A 41. D 12. C 42. B | 11. C 41. D | 71. A |
| 13. A 43. D | 13. A 43. D | 13. C 43. B | | 12. B 42. A | 72. A |
| 14. B 44. D | 14. C 44. B | 14. B 44. D | | 13. C 43. B | 73. A |
| 15. C 45. D | 15. B 45. C | 15. D 45. C | 1 | 14. D 44. C | 74. A |
| 16. B 46. C | 16. B 46. A | 16. B 46. B | 1 2 | 15. C 45. D 16. D 46. D | 75. B |
| 17. D 47. B | 17. A 47. D | 17. A 47. A | | | 76. C |
| 18. B 48. C | 18. D 48. C | 18. C 48. C | 17. D 47. C 18. C 48. D | | 77. B 78. A |
| 19. A 49. A | 19. C 49. D | 19. D 49. C | 19. D 49. C | 18. A 48. B 19. C 49. A | 79. C |
| 20. D 50. B | 20. C 50. C | 20. B 50. B | 20. C 50. D | 20. C 50. D | 80. B |
| 21. B | 21. D | 21. B | 21. D | 21. B 51. C | 81. D |
| 22. C | 22. B | 22. C | 22. C | 22. A 52. A | 82. C |
| 23. D | 23. A | 23. B | 23. A | 23. B 53. B | 83. D |
| 24. A | 24. C | 24. D | 24. C | 24. A 54. D | 84. A |
| 25. C | 25. B | 25. A | 25. B | 25. D 55. A | 85. C |
| 26. A | 26. B | 26. C | 26. B | 26. B 56. C | 86. C |
| 27. B | 27. C | 27. B | 27. D | 27. D 57. B | 87. A |
| 28. C | 28. D | 28. B | 28. C | 28. C 58. A | 88. B |
| 29. D | 29. D | 29. C | 29. D | 29. A 59. B | 89. A |
| 30. B | 30. A | 30. A V | 30. B | 30. A 60. D | 90. D |
| | 1 | | L | , vv. D | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , |

COMPOSITION / INSHA MARKING SCHEME

MARKING CRITERION

- 1. The composition will be assessed according to the flowing general guidelines.
 - The maximum mark will be 40 and the minimum mark 01
 - Does the script show that the candidate can communicate accurately, fluently and imaginatively in English (

Accuracy (16marks)

- (a) Correct tense and agreement of verbs (4 marks)
- (b) Accurate use of vocabulary (4 marks)

(c) Correct spelling (4 marks)

(d) Correct punctuation (4 marks)

Fluency (16 marks)

- (a) Work in the correct order (4 marks)
- (b) Sentences connected and paragraphs (4 marks)
- (c) Correct spelling (4 marks)
- (d) Ideas developed in logic sequence (4 marks)

Imagination (8 marks)

- (a) Unusual but appropriate use of words and phrases (4 marks)
- (b) Variety of structure (4marks)

NB. Please, teachers are requested to scrutinize this marking scheme before use, it is worth.