The	passage below conta	<u>ins blank spaces nun</u>	nbered 1	to 15. For each bi	ank space choose the
cori	ect anemative				
	Kenya and Egypt to	eams1 be	en playin	g for nearly an ho	ur, and both2
look	c very tired. Kenya is	leading by twenty foi	ur points	to twenty two in t	he final 3.
if th	iey win this play, they	will win the 4			
	Amina is preparing	to 5	the servi	ce. No she is ser	ving using6
ove	r arm style. The ball	is high in the	7	An Fayatian als	war vallava it atraight
<u> </u>	to Kenyan Side o	I the court but Natula	a (it with a fina	dia Aniva madica de
10	nit, and now N	igendo leaps up and	spikes it	down on the Favr	otion 11
11011	ya vvo	ni the match! The sp	pectators	and the team	13 in chaore
son	gs and dances. The _	14 team ga	ither	15 the Sou	thern part of the field.
1	A	В		С	, D
1.	Has	had		was	have
2.	Players	troops		countries	teams
3.	Set	run		play	lap
4.	March	play	i	match	pray
5.	Bring	take		through	has
6.	a	the	1	un	some
7.	net	field		game	air
8.	onto	through		back	inside
9.	safe	saves	;	safes	save
	second	great	1	last	first
	side	country	•	field	area
	have	has		had	was
	breaks	jump		break	jumps
	opposition	opposing	1	tough	opponent
15.	at	off	i	in	over
- :					
	question 16 to 18, cho	ose the BEST		The doctor said he	
aitei	<u>rnative</u>			enough to join the	
1.0	NA-1-2-	•		A. strong	
10.	Makrine f	or the states next	•	C. fit	D. suitable
	week.	D 1.6			
	A. leaves	B. left	21. 1	Mimo was encoura	iged to have another
	C. comes	D. reaches		try.	÷
17	The many			A. rehearsal	
	The geese	_ a hundred eggs		B. chance	
	last month.	D 111	1	C. turn	
	A. lied	B. laid		D. attempt	
	C. lain	D. lay			
10	A loof of barrel		!	For question 22 –	23 write the opposite
10.	A loaf of bread			of the underlined w	
	shillings ten years ago		1	This room is wond	erfully spacious .
	A. costed	B. cost	1	A. large	
	C. had cost	D. has costed	1	B. smart	
	F			C. few	
	For question 19 – 21,			D. small	
10	with same meaning w				
19.	All the pupils will be	at the <u>occasion.</u>		The pupils met to p	protest about the
	A. competition		1	food.	
	B. match		1	A. blame	
	C. event		1	B. praise	
	D. meeting		1	C. consider	
				D. criticize	

For questions 24 - 25 complete the sentence correctly.

- 24. This sheep is too weak
 - A. And so it will die.
 - B. To stand.
 - C. Than its other
 - D. That it can hardly stand.

~-				11.00
25.	Kiroa	71	is	different
				QQ.O

- A. From his friend
- B. By his father.
- C. With my son
- D. Than most pupils.

READ THE PASSAGE BELOW AND ANSWER QUESTIONS 26 - 38

People living with HIV / AIDS require love and care. They are still our brothers and sisters. We need to make them feel wanted and useful in the society.

People living with AIDS suffer from many diseases. They require regular medical attention. However, some of them may be too feeble to go to the hospital. We can help them by getting them medicine from the hospital. The medicine helps to treat many opportunistic diseases such as malaria, cough, herpes, tuberculosis and diarrhea. Treatment helps the patients feel comfortable and live longer.

The AIDS patients also need a balanced diet. The diet should be rich in proteins, carbohydrates and vitamins. The patients nee to eat well, so as to prevent many other diseases which can affect them due to their weakened immune system. Many of these patients lose appetite. It is therefore important to give them well - prepared food in small quantities but at regular intervals. They should also be given plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Some of the patients may not be able to eat well because of the sores in the mouth. Such people should be given soft food which is easy to chew and swallow.

Most of the people living with AIDS feel ashamed and often get depressed. We, therefore, need to show them love, kindness and concern. We should not treat them as outcast in the society. We should encourage them to continue being useful and productive members in the community. Some of the AIDS patients may be too weak to do some chores. We should support them as they walk, cook for them, wash their clothes and sometimes just keep them company.

Relatives of people living with AIDS / HIV need encouragement and support from friends and those around them. They also need spiritual strength to enable them love, help and care for the AIDS patients. Neighbours and friends of the affected families can offer financial assistance. They can also help by fetching water and preparing food for the patient. In addition to that, neighbours and friends can help with digging the farm, washing clothes and caring for the patient's children. It is equally important to spend time with the affected family in order to show concern. This also helps them feel accepted and that they are still part and parcel of the community.

- 26. It is FALSE to say that _ A. HIV / AIDS patients need care B. HIV / AIDS patients need love.
 - C. HIV / AIDS patients need to feel
 - wanted.
 - D. HIV / AIDS need to be kept away.
- 27. HIV / AIDS patients suffer from many diseases because
 - A. They do not go for treatment.
 - B. Their immune system is not weak.
 - C. Their immunity is very strong.
 - D. Their immunity is not strong.

- 28. The word feeble has been underlined, it means same as __
 - A. weak
- B. tired
- C. such
- D. thin
- 29. According to the passage, AIDS patients need the following except
 - A. vitamins
 - B. proteins
 - C. plenty of food
 - D. carbohydrates

35. We should be _____ towards AIDS 30. According to the passage, which one of patients. these is not an opportunity disease? A. Unconcerned, kind and loving. A. cough B. Loving, kind and mean. B. tuberculosis C. Unkind, caring and loving. C. typhoid D. Concerned, caring and loving. D: malaria 36. We should do all the following except 31. Which one of the following is a balanced diet? A. Help them walk. A. Beef, rice, chapatti B. Cook for them. B. Mangoes, pawpaw, grapes C. Keep them company. C. Rice, beans, kales D. Wash our clothes. D. Porridge, bread, margarine 37. We should spend time with affected 32. It is TRUE to say that HIV patients family to_ should be given _ A. Make them feel unacceptable. A. Large amounts of food once. B. Make them feel acceptable. B. Small amounts of food regularly. C. Show them we are unconcerned. C. Small amounts of food occasionally D. Make them feel insignificant. D. Large amounts of food regularly. 38. The word helps has been underlined, 33. "----- to prevent dehydration ----which of the following do not mean the "in the passage means to same as the word. A. Prevent loss of blood. A. encourages B. Prevent the body from weakness. B. brings C. Prevent drying of the skin. C. supports D. Prevent loss of water. D. aids 34. Patients with sore mouth should be given A. Soft food that isn't easy to swallow. B. Hard food easy to swallow. C. Soft food that can hardly to be swallowed. D. Soft food easy to swallow.

Read the passage below and answer questions 39 - 50

Siamese are town cats and it is hard to think of them going out into the fields to hunt for mice. Nobody is quite sure where their first home was, but it does seem that they have come to us from siam, where they were regarded as royal animals. With short smooth hair, pale body and dark feet, face, ears and tail, the Siamese is a very good looking cat, with beautiful blue eyes.

In some ways, Siamese seem rather more like dogs though, of course, they are true cats in every way. For instance, they attach themselves to people rather than to the home, and they enjoy going for walks or rides in the car. They have quite a different voice from other cats, not a miaow, and they are very talkative. Some Siamese cats also like watching television, especially animal programmes, and others, surprisingly they like to go for a swim. The seal point Siamese is the kind most people know. They have darker ears, paws, tail and face marks. There are however chocolate, lilac, blue, red and even tabby point Siamese.

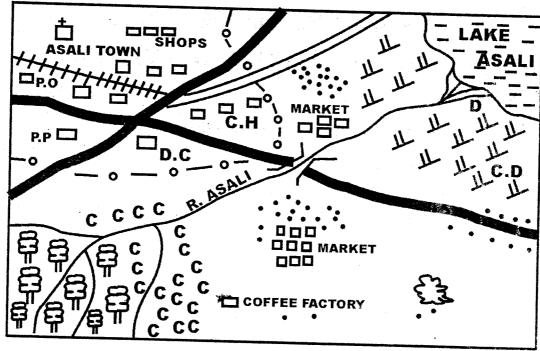
Their short coats need little attention for they can never get into a tangle, but Siamese cats must be looked after properly, just like any other kind. Sometimes they may enjoy a few table scraps but it is much better to give regular food, either tinned or cooked. Twice a day, at about the same time; give just as much as they can finish up. Siamese hardly ever drink milk. They must always have a bowl of clean water.

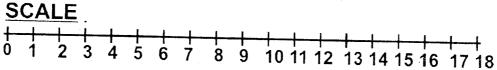
39. Siamese catsA. Do not hurt rats.B. Do not eat rats.C. Hurt rats in the fields.D. Fear field rats.	46. Which one of the following is not common with Siamese cats? A. Going for a walk. B. Going for a swim. C. Drinking milk D. Watching television.
40. Where is the first home of Siamese cats? A. Siam B. Town	47. Which of the following is not true about Siamese cats?
C. Siamese D. Field	A. They must always have a bowl of clean water.
41. Siamese cats are different form other cats because theyA. Go for walksB. Attach themselves to people.	B. They are very talkative.C. Sometimes eat a few table scraps.D. They are neither dogs nor cats.
C. Enjoy going for a ride.D. Have quite a different voice.	48. According to the passage, which of the following is untrue? A. Some of Siamese have darker ears,
42. The type of Siamese cats known by most people are A. Lilac point B. Seal point C. Blue point D. Tabby point	paws and face marks. B. All Siamese cats are Tabby point. C. Siamese cats must always have a bowl of clean water. D. Siamese cats hardly drink milk.
 43. One of the following is not very necessary for Siamese feeding. Which one is it? A. Tinned food B. Milk C. Cooked food 	 49. Siamese cats are considered as royal animals because
D. Clean water	50. The most suitable title for this passage is
44. Where do Siamese cats live? A. homes B. holes C. bushes D. fields	A. Types of cats. B. Origin of cats. C. Cats D. Siamese cats.
 45. Siamese cats are considered beautiful because they A. Have big blue eyes. B. Have short coat. 	D. Glamese dats.

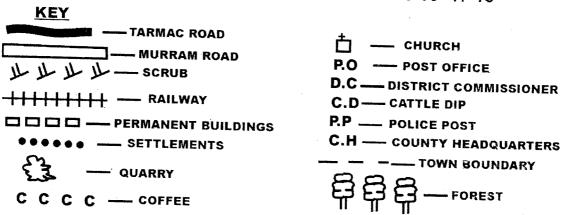
eyes.

C. Like watching television.D. Are good looking with beautiful

ASALI AREA







Use the map of Asali area to answer questions 1 - 7

- The most widely used form of transport in the area covered by the map is ______.
 - A. Road transport.
 - B. Railway transport.
 - C. Pipeline transport.
 - D. Air transport.

- 2. The climatic conditions experienced near Lake Asali are likely to be
 - A. Cool and wet conditions.
 - B. Hot and wet conditions.
 - C. Hot and dry conditions.
 - D. Cool and dry conditions.

- 3. Asali town has mainly developed where it is because of
 - A. The transport network.
 - B. The nearness to a lake.
 - C. The shops found in the area.
 - D. The nearby forest.
- 4. What is the general direction of Lake Asali from the forest?
 - A. South-West.
 - B. South-East.
 - C. North-West.
 - D. North-West.
- The kind of settlements found near the markets in the area represented by the map is known as ______.
 - A. Dispersed settlement.
 - B. Clustered settlement.
 - C. Linear settlement.
 - D. Sparse settlement.
- 6. Three of the following economic activities are carried out in the area covered by the map. Which one is NOT?
 - A. Fishing.
- B. Trading.
- C. Mining.
- D. Transportation.
- 7. One of the following statements is true of the area covered by the map. Which one is it?
 - A. The head of administration in the area is the District Commissioner.
 - B. All parts of Asali area receive heavy and reliable rainfall.
 - C. River Asali forms a delta at its mouth.
 - D. The kinds of soils found in the South Western part of map are mainly black cotton soils.
- 8. In which of these months of the year is a solstice experienced?
 - A. March.
- B. April.
- C. June.
- D. September.
- 9. What is the direction of the Asian Continent from Africa?
 - A. South-east.
 - B. North-East.
 - C. South-West.
 - D. North-West.

- 10. Three of the following island countries of Africa are in the Indian Ocean. Which one is NOT?
 - A. Seychelles.
 - B. Comoros.
 - C. Madagascar.
 - D. Cape Verde.
- 11. The time at Bissau 15° West is 3.00 p.m. What will be the time in a town Z located at 30° East?
 - A. 6.00 p.m.
- B. 12.00 noon.
- C. 6.00 a.m.
- D. 12.00 Midnight.
- 12. Which of these plateau areas is matched correctly with the country it is located in Africa?
 - A. Nyika plateau Zimbabwe.
 - B. Bandiagara plateau Mali.
 - C. Jos plateau Niger.
 - D. Bie plateau Mali.
- 13. The following describes a physical region in Kenya.
 - i. It lies between 1000 to 2000 metres above the sea levels.
 - ii. It has some plateaus and hills.
 - iii. Some areas in this region are affected by floods during the rainy seasons.
 - iv. It experiences convectional rainfall. The region described above is the
 - A. Nyika plateau.
 - B. Highlands.
 - C. Lake basin.
 - D. Coastal plains.
- 14. Which of these types of soils found in Kenya is useful in the glass making industry?
 - A. Sandy soils.
 - B. Alluvial soils.
 - C. Loam soils.
 - D. Red volcanic soils.
- 15. Lake Kanyaboli along River Yala, Lake Gambi along River Tana and Lake Utange on River Rufiji were all formed as a result of _______.
 - A. Faulting process.
 - B. Down warping process.
 - C. River deposition.
 - D. Glaciation.

3

- 16. Which of these rivers found in Kenya is matched correctly with its source?
 - A. River Tana Mount Kilimanjaro.
 - B. River Athi Nyandarua ranges.
 - C. River Mara Mau Ranges.
 - D. River Nzoia Mount Marsabit.
- 17. One of the following was a leap year. Which one is it?
 - A. 2005.
- B. 2009.
- C. 2011.
- D. 2004.
- The winds that encourage formation of rain in the Cape region of South Africa during winter are known as the
 - A. Harmattan winds.
 - B. South Westerly winds.
 - C. South East Monsoon winds.
 - D. Westerly winds.
- 19. Three of the following statements are true of the tropical climate in Africa. Which one is NOT?
 - A. The region experiences high temperatures.
 - B. The region's humidity is high during the hot-wet season.
 - C. The region experiences two wet and two dry seasons.
 - D. The region is hot and dry throughout the year.
- 20. The following mountains are found in Africa.
 - i. Mount Cameroon.
 - ii. Danakil Alps.
 - iii. Mount Ras Dashen.
 - iv. Mount Pare.
 - v. Mount Karas.

Which of the above mountains were formed as a result of faulting?

- A. i, ii and iii.
- B. ii, iii and iv.
- C. ii, iv and v.
- D. iii, iv and v.
- 21. Which of these elements of weather is measured in units known as millibars?
 - A. Atmospheric pressure.
 - B. Speed of wind.
 - C. Amount of rainfall received.
 - D. Humidity of the air.

- 22. Three of the following are characteristics of tropical rainforests. Which one is NOT?
 - A. Trees are tall with broad leaves.
 - B. Most of the trees are hardwoods.
 - C. The forests have heavy undergrowth.
 - D. Trees form buttress roots.
- 23. One of these sets of communities consists of Kwa speaking communities of Western Africa. Which one is it?
 - A. Yoruba, Wassa and Akyem.
 - B. Tukolor, Fulani and Dendi.
 - C. Yoruba, Temme and Serer.
 - D. Pygmies, Malinke and Susu.
- 24. The Hadza, Gorowa, Aramanik and Dahalo are communities found in Eastern Africa. They are generally referred to as
 - A. Plains nilotes.
 - B. Semitic speakers.
 - C. Southern cushites.
 - D. Eastern cushites.
- 25. Which of the following Bantu speaking communities mainly settled in Rwanda and Burundi after their migration in the pre-colonial period?
 - A. Ngoni.
 - B. Wasukuma.
 - C. Wazaramo.
 - D. Hutu.
- 26. One of these sets consists of river-lake nilotes of Eastern Africa. Which one is it?
 - A. Luo, Nandi and Iteso.
 - B. Lugbara, Iteso and Marakwet.
 - C. Nuer, Karamojong and Kunam.
 - D. Alur, Langi and Dinka.
- 27. Which of these communities found in Sothern Africa were involved in the Great trek?
 - A. The Afrikaners.
 - B. The coloureds.
 - C. The Xhosa.
 - D. The Tswana.

- 28. Three of the following factors are likely to lead to a high population density in an area. Which one does NOT?
 - A. Suitable climate.
 - B. Fertile soils.
 - C. Mining activities in an area.
 - D. Presence of pests and diseases.
- 29. Three of the following statements are true of religious types of marriages. Which one is FALSE?
 - A. Most religious marriages are monogamous.
 - B. All religious marriages are monogamous.
 - C. Some religions allow polygamy in marriage.
 - D. Religious marriages are conducted according to religious beliefs of the spouses.
- 30. One of the duties of a deputy head teacher in a public primary school in Kenya is to ______.
 - A. Write minutes during the school committee meetings.
 - B. Chair the school committee meetings.
 - C. Receive information from the ministry of education and pass it to the other members of staff.
 - D. Ensure that discipline is maintained among pupils and the staff.
- 31. Which one of the following is NOT likely to be a cultural artifact?
 - A. A beaded leather belt.
 - B. A traditional beehive.
 - C. A digging stick and a hoe.
 - D. An old oil drum.
- 32. In the traditional African society people who were born at around the same time and initiated together formed
 - A. A clan.
 - B. A generation.
 - C. An age-group.
 - D. A society.

- 33. One of the following skills was not obtained through apprenticeship method in the traditional African Society. Which one is it?
 - A. Iron-smelting.
 - B. Wood carving.
 - C. Honey-harvesting.
 - D. Grazing cattle.
- 34. Three of the following statements about the Fulani pastoralists are true. Which one is NOT?
 - A. Livestock is their main source of wealth.
 - B. The Fulani sell livestock in order to buy other products of their desire.
 - C. The Fulani live in highland areas of West Africa.
 - D. Young men are sent on horse backs to go in advance to search for pasture.
- 35. Which of these is NOT LIKELY to be a pyrethrum growing area in Kenya?
 - A. Ol-Joroorok.
 - B. Sotik.
 - C. Mwatate.
 - D. Molo.
- 36. The following dams are part of the Seven Forks Project in Kenya along River Tana?
 - i. Kiambere.
 - ii. Gitaru.
 - iii. Kindaruma.
 - iv. Masinga.

Which of the above dams was the earliest to be established?

- A. iii.
- B. i.
- C. ii.

- D. iv.
- 37. Mangrove forests are likely to be found in the following African countries except one. Which one is it?
 - A. Kenya.
- B. Zimbabwe.
- C. Tanzania.
- D. Mozambique.
- 38. Which of the following minerals mined in Kenya is used in strengthening aluminium and making of toothpaste?
 - A. Limestone.
 - B. Diatomite.
 - C. Flourspar.
 - D. Soda ash.

- 39. The MAIN contribution of oil to the economy of Nigeria is _____.
 - A. The development of oil related industries.
 - B. The improvement of infrastructure in the country.
 - C. The earning of foreign exchange for the country.
 - D. The growth of various urban centres.
- 40. Which of these factors has led to a cement factory MAINLY being established at Bamburi in Mombasa?
 - A. Presence of a large market for cement.
 - B. Presence of raw materials in the region.
 - C. Presence of efficient transport in the region.
 - D. Presence of constant supply of water in the region.
- 41. The following are types of fish.
 - i. Kingfish.
 - ii. Barracuda.
 - iii. Nile Perch.
 - iv. Dagaa.
 - v. Parrot Fish.

Which of the above fish are mainly caught using the lamp attraction method at night?

- A. iv.
- B. iii.
- C. ii.
- D. i.
- 42. Three of the following are wildlife conservation measures in Kenya. Which one is NOT?
 - A. Encouraging game ranching amongst the citizens.
 - B. Creating public awareness on the importance of wildlife.
 - C. Erecting electric fences around the parks and game reserves.
 - D. Removing animals that prey on others from all the National Parks.

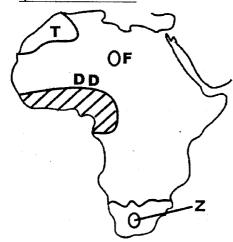
- 43. One of the following lists consists of COMESA member states in Africa only. Which one is it?
 - A. Tanzania, Zambia and South Africa.
 - B. Malawi, Mauritius and Uganda.
 - C. Uganda, Tanzania and Angola.
 - D. Gambia, Swaziland and Egypt.
- 44. Which of these is an advantage of road transport over rail transport?
 - A. Road transport is cheaper than railway when transporting bulky goods.
 - B. Road transport is safer than rail transport.
 - C. Road transport is more flexible than rail transport.
 - D. Road transport cannot be affected by weather conditions.
- 45. Which of the following forms of communication in Africa is the latest?
 - A. Use of telegram.
 - B. Use of radio.
 - C. Use of newspapers.
 - D. Use of the internet.
- 46. The following describes a town in Eastern Africa.
 - i. It is a port town.
 - ii. It is located on the shores of Lake Victoria.
 - iii. It is located at a point where River Nile flows out of Lake Victoria.
 - iv. It is a major industrial centre.
 - v. It is an agricultural collection centre.

The town described above is

- A. Jinja.
- B. Kisumu.
- C. Dodoma.
- D. Kampala.
- 47. Three of the following officials were appointed by the Kabaka in the traditional Buganda government. Who was NOT?
 - A. Omulamuzi.
 - B. Omwanika.
 - C. Ssaza chief.
 - D. Kikoma.

- 48. Three of the following statements are true of the social organization of the San in the pre-colonial period. Which one is NOT?
 - A. They lived in caves and temporary shelters.
 - B. They were ruled by chiefs who were assisted by clan elders.
 - C. They believed in the supreme God.
 - D. They married at an early age.

Use the map of Africa to answer questions 49 - 52



- 49. The capital city of the country marked
 - A. N'Djamena.
 - B. Algiers.
 - C. Rabat.
 - D. Nouakchott.
- 50. The physical feature marked F
 - A. Was formed through glacial action.
 - B. Is known as Lake Chala.
 - C. Was formed through down warping.
 - D. is known as Lake Ngami.
- One characteristic of the climatic region shaded and marked DD on the map is that
 - A. It experiences cool temperatures throughout the year.
 - B. It experiences hot and dry conditions throughout the year.
 - C. It receives heavy convectional rainfall.
 - D. It experiences one wet season and one dry season.

- 52. The small country marked Z on the map of Africa was formerly colonized by
 - A. Germany.
 - B. Portugal.
 - C. France.
 - D. Britain.
- 53. The capital city of the ancient Kingdom of Old Ghana in West Africa was
 - A. Wagadu.
 - B. Kumbi Saleh.
 - C. Kankan.
 - D. Awdaghast.
- 54. The system of colonial administration used by the British in Northern Nigeria was
 - A. Direct rule.
 - B. Indirect rule.
 - C. Assimilation.
 - D. Association.
- 55. The following describes a traditional African leader.
 - i. He was a trader.
 - ii. He resisted colonialism.
 - iii. He signed a treaty with Europeans.
 - iv. He was captured by Europeans soldiers in 1898 and died in 1900.The leader described above is
 - A. Samori Toure.
 - B. Mwanawina Lewanika.
 - C. Nabongo Mumia.
 - D. Mukite Wa Nameme.
- 56. The nationalist who formed United Gold Coast Convection (U.G.C.C) in Ghana was known as
 - A. Kwame Nkrumah.
 - B. Nnandi Azikiwe.
 - C. Ndabaningi Sithole.
 - D. J.B Danquah.
- 57. Who among the following was involved in trading activities in Africa?
 - A. Vasco Da Gama.
 - B. Cecil Rhodes.
 - C. Richard Burton.
 - D. David Livingstone.

- 58. Kenyans have a right to relate with any person of their choice because they enjoy the
 - A. Freedom of movement.
 - B. Freedom of association.
 - C. Right to liberty.
 - D. Right to fair treatment.
- 59. Three of the following are functions of the body in charge of elections in Kenya. Which one is NOT?
 - A. Registering citizens as voters.
 - B. Providing civic education to the voters.
 - C. Providing election materials.
 - D. Campaigning on behalf of candidates who are popular.

- 60. One of the following will not undermine peace in the society. Which one is it?
 - A. Nepotism.
 - B. Poverty.
 - C. Equality.
 - D. Poor governance.

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

- 61. On what day of God's creation were the earth, sea and all kinds of plants created by God?
 - A. Fifth day.
 - B. Fourth day.
 - C. Third day.
 - D. Second day.
- 62. The disobedience of Adam and Eve after being tricked by the serpent is recorded in one of the following books of the Bible. Which one is it?
 - A. Genesis.
 - B. Exodus.
 - C. Leviticus.
 - D. Numbers.
- 63. Who among the following fed Prophet Elijah with bread and gave him water?
 - A. The widow at Nain.
 - B. The rich woman at Shunnem.
 - C. The widow at Zarephath.
 - D. The widow at Shunnem.
- 64. "I chose you before I gave you life, and before you were born I selected you to be a Prophet to the nations". These words were spoken by God to
 - A. Prophet Elisha.
 - B. Prophet Elijah.
 - C. Prophet Samuel.
 - D. Prophet Jeremiah.

- 65. The following were Patriarchs among the Israelites. Who was NOT?
 - A. Joseph.
- B. Moses.
- C. Lot.
- D. Abraham.
- 66. Who among the following Kings had ordered that nobody was to pray to any god or Supreme Being except him for thirty days?
 - A. King Herod.
 - B. King Ahab.
 - C. King Nebuchadnezzar.
 - D. King Darius.
- 67. Why was Gideon threshing wheat secretly at the time of his call?
 - A. His father had instructed him to do so.
 - B. He feared the Midianites.
 - C. His father had instructed to do so.
 - D. He did not want to be seen working on a day of worship.
- 68. During the Passover night in the land of Egypt the Israelites_____.
 - A. Ate bitter herbs.
 - B. Ate bread with yeast.
 - C. Ate meat from slaughtered cattle.
 - Smeared blood of slaughtered animals on their faces as a cleansing sign.

- 69. King David made Jerusalem the worship capital when he
 - A. Built the sacred Tent for the Lord.
 - B. He built a temple in the city.
 - C. He brought the Ark of the Covenant
 - D. He brought his entire family to live there.
- 70. Which of these books found in the Bible is put in a wrong group?
 - A. Genesis Book of law.
 - B. 1 Kings Historical book.
 - C. Job Poetic book.
 - D. Nehemiah Prophetic book.
- 71. The parents of Mahlon were
 - A. Elimelech and Naomi.
 - B. Elimelech and Ruth.
 - C. Chillion and Orpah.
 - D. Elkanah and Peninah.
- 72. The family of Jacob went to Egypt mainly
 - A. To look for Joseph.
 - B. To escape hunger in the land of Caanan.
 - C. To escape from war in the land of Caanan.
 - D. To conquer the land for the future descendants.
- 73. Which life skill enabled Joseph to overcome the temptations from the wife of Potiphar in Egypt?
 - A. The skill of creative thinking.
 - B. The skill of listoning and responding.
 - C. The skill of critical thinking.
 - D. The skill of assertiveness.
- 74. One of the following is a similarity of Christianity and traditional African religion. Which one is it?
 - A. Praying to God through the ancestors.
 - B. Approaching diviners for help.
 - C. Praying to God through His son, Jesus Christ.
 - D. Giving offerings to God.

- 75. In the African traditional religion people prayed in the following holy places except one. Which one is it?
 - A. Under trees.
- B. In caves.
- C. In cathedrals.
- D. On mountains:
- 76. Three of the following names given to God by traditional African communities in Kenya except one. Which one is it?
 - A. Shammah.
- B. Tororok.
- C. Nyasaye.
- D. Mulungu.
- 77. Which parable of Jesus teaches Christians to be humble?
 - A. The parable of the prodigal son.
 - B. The parable of the ten young women.
 - C. The people of a friend at midnight.
 - D. The parable of the Pharisee and the tax collector.
- 78. "Happy are those who know they are spiritually poor, the kingdom of heaven belongs to them! (Matthew 5:3). Jesus taught this
 - A. While in a boat.
 - B. When he went to a synagogue.
 - C. When he was teaching in the temple.
 - D. During His sermon on the mount.
- 79. Jesus performed the miracle of healing the paralysed man in a town known as
 - A. Carpenaum.
- B. Jerusalem.
- C. Jericho.
- D. Sychar.
- 80. Who among the following follows: Jesus was with Him during the raising of Jairus' daughter back to life?
 - A. Andrew.
- B. John.
- C. Levi.
- D. Judas Iscariot.
- 81. Which of these statements is true according to the Apostles' Creed?
 - A. Jesus suffered under the chief Priest.
 - B. Jesus is our Lord.
 - C. Jesus is the Creator.
 - D. Jesus will come to judge those living only.

- 82. Simon of Cyrene helped Jesus to carry a heavy cross to a place called
 - A. Mount of Olives.
 - B. Mount Nebo.
 - C. Mount Ararat.
 - D. The place of Skull.
- 83. Who among the disciples of Jesus was called from a tax office?
 - A. Simon.
 - B. Levi.
 - C. Bartholomew.
 - D. Philip.
- 84. A voice of God was heard in one of the following occasions in the life of Jesus. Which one is it?
 - A. During His crucifixion.
 - B. During His transfiguration.
 - C. During His arrest at Gethsemane.
 - D. During His preaching on a hill.
- 85. Lake Galilee was also known as _
 - A. Lake Superior.
 - B. Lake Bethzatha.
 - C. Lake Tiberias.
 - D. Lake Nazareth.
- 86. Prophet Isaiah described Jesus by the following names except one. Which one is it?
 - A. Wonderful Counsellor.
 - B. Mighty God.
 - C. Eternal Father.
 - D. Kings of kings.

- 87. The following are members of the laity in the church except ______.
 - A. The Sunday school teachers.
 - B. The church elders.
 - C. The church bishops.
 - D. The church ushers.
- 88. Who among the following was not chosen in the early church to help in handling finances?
 - A. Nicanor.
 - B. Stephen.
 - C. Andrew.
 - D. Nicolaus.
- 89. Who among the following is associated with the establishment of the Flying Doctor Service in Kenya?
 - A. Michael Wood.
 - B. Ludwig Krapf.
 - C. Johann Rebmann.
 - D. Bishop Hannington.
- 90. The church leader of your local church has asked the youth to come up with an activity for leisure time. Which of the following is the BEST for them to be involved in?
 - A. Organising a football tournament.
 - B. Visiting and helping the elderly in the local villages.
 - C. Organising a crusade in the local trading centre.
 - D. Organising a drama competition in the church.

- 1. What is 7080634 written in words?
 - A. Seventy million eighty thousand six hundred and thirty four
 - B. Seven million eighty thousand six hundred and thirty four
 - C. Seventy million eight thousand six hundred and thirty four
 - D. Seven million eight thousand six hundred and thirty four
- 2. What is 789461 rounded off to the nearest ten thousand?
 - A. 789000
 - B. 780000
 - C. 800000
 - D. 790000
- 3. What is the value of
 - $0.64 \div (0.2 \times 0.8)$?
 - A. 4

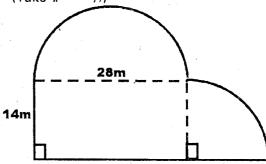
- B. 0.4
- C. 0.04
- D. 0.004
- 4. What is 1.4781 correct to 2 decimal places?
 - A. 1.47
- B. 1.50
- C. 1.48
- D. 1.4800
- 5. What is the Greatest Common Divisor of 160 and 240?
 - A. 10
- B. 40
- C. 80
- D. 20
- 6. What is the total value of digit 2 in the number 826431?
 - A. 200000
 - B. 20000
 - C. 2000
 - D. 200
- 7. What is the square of 21/4?
 - A. 1½
- B. $4^{1}/_{16}$
- C. 21/2
- $D. 5^{1}/_{16}$
- 8. What is the next number in the pattern
 - 1, 3, 4, 7, 11, 18, ?
 - A. 29
- B. 27
- C. 28
- D. 30
- 9. The area of a square room is 676m². What is the perimeter?
 - A. 26m
 - B. 104m
 - C: 169m
 - D. 96m
- 009 / STD 7

- 10. What is the least number that must be added to 228683 to make it divisible by
 - 11?
 - A. 5

B. 6 D. 4

- C. 7
- 11. What is the value of $3^{1}/8 \times {}^{3}/_{4} \div {}^{3}/_{8} - {}^{5}/_{6}$?
 - A. 61/4
- B. $6^{7}/12$
- $C. 5^7/12$
- D. $5^{5}/12$
- 12. What is the perimeter of the figure below?

(Take $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$)



- A. 122m
- B. 66m
- C. 80m
- D. 108m
- 13. What is the value of

$$^{2}/_{3}$$
 of 60 - 16 x $\frac{3}{4}$ + 8?

A. 20

B. 36

C. 28

- D. 24
- 14. Write 31/2 % as a decimal
 - A. 3.5
 - B. 0.35
 - C. 0.035
 - D. 0.0035
- 15. Work out

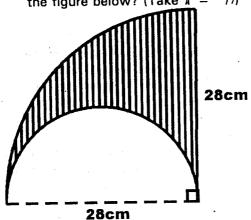
$$18.001 - 6.425 + 1.768$$

- A. 11.576
- B. 9.808
- C. 19.768
- D. 13.344
- 16. Work out
- - 6.6×0.45
 - 0.15×3.6 A. 5.5
 - B. 0.55
 - C. 19.8
 - D. 2.97

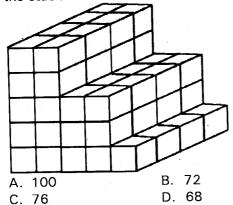
- 17. The marked price of a pair of shoes is sh 900. A man bought the shoe for sh 720. What was the percentage discount?
 - A. 25%
- B. 20%
- C. 80%
- D. 75%
- 18. Work out

$$117117 \div 13$$

- A. 9009
- B. 909
- C. 99
- D. 9900
- 19. What is the area of the shaded part in the figure below? (Take $\pi = {}^{22}/7$)



- A. 616cm²
- B. 924cm²
- C. 308cm²
- D. 1232cm²
- 20. What is the surface area of the closed cylinder whose diameter is 14cm and height 25cm? Take $\pi = {}^{22}/7$
 - A. 1254cm²
 - B. 924cm²
 - C. 2332cm²
 - D. 1408cm²
- 21. How many cubes were used to make the stack below?

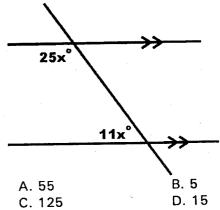


009 / STD 7

- 22. How many kilograms are in 0.0865 tonnes?
 - A. 8650
 - B. 865
 - C. 86.5
 - D. 8.65
- 23. What is the value of x in the equation

$$\frac{4(2x-2)}{5} = 16?$$

- A. 11
- B. 9
- C. 101/4
- D. 93/4
- 24. What is the value of x in the figure below?



25. What is the simplified form of the expression

$$2(2n - m + 1) + 3(n + m + 2)$$
?

- A.7n m + 8
- B. 7n + m + 8
- C. 7m 5m + 8
- D. 7m + 5m + 8
- 26. Mwadzala fenced a rectangular piece of land measuring 40m by 80m. He used 4 strands of wire, leaving a space of 5m for the gate. What was the total length of the wire used?
 - A. 235m
 - B. 960m
 - C. 940m
 - D. 935m
- 27. The volume of water in a bucket is 25000cm³. What is the amount of water in litres?
 - A. 25
 - B. 250
 - C. 2500
 - D. 2.5

28. The area of the curved surface of a cylinder is 330cm². The height of the cylinder is 15cm. What is the radius of the cylinder in centimetres?

Take $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$

A. 21

B. 14

C. 7

D. 3.5

29. What is the difference in value between the largest and the smallest 6 digit number formed using the digits 8, 3, 5,

2, 9, 6?

A. 986532

B. 235689

C. 751943

D. 750843

30. Construct a triangle ABC in which angle $ABC = 70^{\circ}$, AB = 6cm and BC = 8cm. What is the measure of angle BAC?

A. 44⁰

B. 66°

C. 58°

D. 72°

31. What is the value of n in the inequality 3n + 6 < 8 + n?

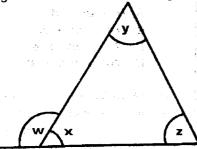
A.n = 1

B. n < 7

C.n < 1

 $D.n < 3\frac{1}{2}$

32. The diagram below shows a triangle



Which one of the following is the correct statement?

A.y + x = w

B. x + z = w

C.w-z=y

D.y - z = w

33. The following items were bought by Adhiambo.

4 loaves of bread @ sh 50

6 eggs @ sh 10

2 litres of milk for sh 100

50g packet of tea leaves for sh 30

She paid for the items using a sh 500 note, what balance did she receive?

A. Sh 10

B. Sh 90

C. Sh 390

D. Sh 110

34. Swaleh sold a coat at sh 2700 making a loss of 10%. At what price could he have sold the coat to make a profit of 20%?

A. Sh 3600

B. Sh 3240

C. Sh 3000

D. Sh 3510

35. A family bought three 500ml packets of milk daily. How many litres did the family buy in the month of August?

A. 46.5

B. 45

C. 42

D. 43.5

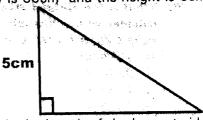
36. Which one of the following statements is true about the number of faces and edges of a triangular prism?

A. 3 faces and 9 edges

B. 5 faces and 9 edges

C. 5 faces and 6 edges

- D. 3 faces and 6 edges
- The area of the right angled triangle below is 30cm² and the height is 5cm.



What is the length of the longest side?

A. 12cm

B. 13cm

C. 17cm

D. 30cm

38. Omtata bought a T.v set by paying a deposit of sh 2,400 plus 5 equal monthly instalments of sh 1500 each. The hire purchase price was 10% more than the marked price. What was the marked price?

A. Sh 8910

B. Sh 9900

C. Sh 9000

D. Sh 11000

39. A road measuring 3cm on a map has an actual distance of 18km. What is the scale used in drawing the map?

A. 1:600

B. 1:6000

C. 1:60000

D. 1:600000

40. A land owner was left with sh 475000 after paying out a 5% commission to an agent for the sale of a plot. What was the selling price of the plot?

A. Sh 500000

B. Sh 498750

C. Sh 451250

D. Sh 9500000

41. What is the value of

 $y(x - m)^2$

 $x - m^2$

If y = 4, x = 6 and m = 2?

A. 32

B. 128

C. 64

D. 16

42. Wario and Ababu shared some money in the ratio 2:3 Wario received sh 200 less than Ababu. How much did Wario get?

A. Sh 600

B. Sh 400

C. Sh 1000

D. Sh 300

43. Jethro earns sh 15000 in a month. His salary was increased by 40%. How much does he earn now?

A. Sh 6000

B. Sh 24000

C. Sh 18000

D. Sh 21000

44. The circumference of a wheel is 220cm. How many times will it turn to cover a distance of 11km?

A. 50

B. 500

C. 5000

D. 50000

45. Rukia borrowed sh 40000 from a bank. She repaid the money after 2 years at the rate of 15% p.a simple interest. How much interest did she pay?

A. Sh 52000

B. Sh 6000

C. Sh 12000

D. Sh 15000

46. Kalonzo is four years older than Chege and eight years younger than Wepukhulu. The sum of their ages is 67 years. If Kalonzo's age is x, write an expression that can be used to find the value of x.

A. 3x - 4 = 67

B. 3x - 12 = 67

C. 3x + 12 = 67

D. 3x + 4 = 67

47. The table below shows inland postal charges for letters

Unarges for letters	
Weight	Shcts
Up to 20g	45 00
Over 20g up to 50g	60 00
Over 50g up to 100g	90 00
Over 100g up to 250g	115 00
Over 250g up to 500g	150 00
Over 500g up to 1kg	270 00
Over 1kg up to 2kg	450 00

Chakava sent three letters weighing 150g, 1.5kg and 1kg. How much did he pay for the postage of the letters?

A. Sh 1015

B. Sh 835

C. Sh 810

D. Sh 655

48. Nine people can do a certain job in 8 days. Three of the people did not turn up. How many more days did it take the remaining people to complete the job?

A. 4

B. 12

C. 6

D. 3

49. Which of the properties below is NOT true about a trapezium?

A. It has one pair of parallel sides

B. The sum of the interior angles is 360°

C. It is a quadrilateral

D. The diagonals bisect each other but not at right angle

50. The figure below shows a pattern of shapes









Which shape below should be drawn in the blank box above?

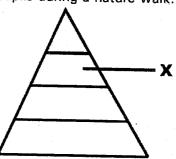
- One of the following lists has beverage crops only. Which one is it?
 - A. Coffee, coconut, flax
 - B. Tea, coffee, cocoa
 - C. Flax, sisal, cotton
 - D. Sunflower, coconut, macadamia
- 2. Which one of the following shows the path taken by air during inhalation?
 - A. Nose, trachea, bronchi, lungs
 - B. Trachea, bronchi, lungs, diaphragm
 - C. Nose, bronchi, trachea, lungs
 - D. Lungs, bronchi, trachea, nose
- 3. The diagram below shows a type of tooth in man.



The tooth shown is used for_

- A. Chewing food
- B. Cutting food
- C. Tearing food
- D. Grinding food
- 4. Which one is not true about the aorta?
 - A. Has a thick wall
 - B. Carries scarlet blood
 - C. Has a pulse
 - D. Carries blood to the heart
- The following are effects of abusing bhang except
 - A. Hallucinations
 - B. Withdrawals
 - C. Drowsiness
 - D. Addiction
- 6. Which one is not a common communicable disease?
 - A. Tetanus
 - B. Malaria
 - C. Flue
 - D. Tuberculosis

- 7. Preventive drugs are also called
 - A. Antibiotics
 - B. Pain killers
 - C. Stimulants
 - D. Vaccines
- 8. Which one is a triple vaccine?
 - A. BCG
 - B. DPT
 - C. Oral polio
 - D. Antimeasles
- 9. Standard five pupils placed a young bean plant in coloured water for some time and then cut the base of the stem. What were the pupils investigating?
 - A. Photosynthesis
 - B. Transpiration
 - C. Absorption
 - D. Transport
- 10. Which plant below does not have two seed leaves?
 - A. Ground nuts
 - B. Maize
 - C. Cow peas
 - D. Mango
- The diagram below shows a food pyramid observed by standard seven pupils during a nature walk.

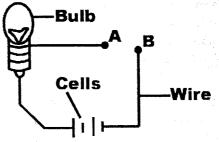


Which component would be placed at part marked X?

- A. Elephant
- B. Vulture
- C. Spider
- D. Grass

- 24. The following are reasons of using organic mulches. Which one is not?
 - A. Improves the physical properties of a soil
 - B. It is cheap to make
 - C. It has specific plant nutrients
 - D. It does not pollute the soil
- 25. Which one is an example of a compound fertilizer?
 - A. CAN
- B. DAP
- C. Urea
- D. SSP
- 26. Which use of water is the odd one out?
 - A. Bathing
 - B. Watering animals
 - C. Drinking
 - D. Washing
- 27. Among the following water borne disease, which one does a patient have itchy bowels?
 - A. Bilharzia
 - B. Cholera
 - C. Typhoid
 - D. Cholera and typhoid
- 28. The following help in conserving water except
 - A. Recycling water
 - B. Harvesting water
 - C. Mulching
 - D. Using sprinkler irrigation
- 29. Which one has foods that protect the body against diseases?
 - A. Ripe banana, orange, carrot
 - B. Eggs, milk, beef
 - C. Maize, rice, bread
 - D. Green banana, milk, orange
- 30. Which foods below can be preserved by using ash?
 - A. Tubers and cereals
 - B. Fish and meat
 - C. Vegetables and cereals
 - D. Cereals and fish

- 31. Lack of calcium and vitamin D in the diet can cause
 - A. Marasmus
 - B. Kwashiorkor
 - C. Rickets
 - D. Anaemia
- 32. The diagram below shows an electric circuit.

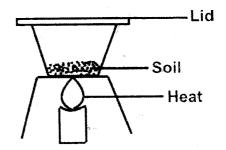


Which material when placed between points A and B will make the bulb to light?

- A. Dry stick
- B. Plastic ruler
- C. Glass rod
- D. Carbon rod
- 33. Which material is not needed in an experiment used to demonstrate how heat travels through liquids?
 - A. Small pieces of paper
 - B. Heat
 - C. Water
 - D. Sand
- 34. The part of a thermos flask that prevents heat loss by radiation is
 - A. Shiny surface
 - B. Cork stopper
 - C. Vacuum
 - D. Plastic casing
- 35. Which one of the following only has natural sources of light?
 - A. Moon, sun and stars
 - B. Fireflies, glow worm and bulb
 - C. Glow worms, sun and stars
 - D. Candles, blub and lamp

- 12. Which one has only field pests?
 - A. Cut worms and weevils
 - B. Stalk borers and aphids
 - C. Lady birds and weevils
 - D. Termites and moles
- 13. The following materials are needed when constructing a wind vane. Which one is not?
 - A. Metal sheet
 - B. Nails
 - C. Plastic cups
 - D. Wood frames
- 14. Which activity below would be last when making a model of the solar system?
 - A. Drawing orbits
 - B. Fixing the name tags
 - C. Mounting manila paper on the soft board
 - D. Modeling the sun and the eight planets
- 15. The clouds that indicate heavy rain fall are not likely to be
 - A. Dark grey in colour
 - B. Like mountains
 - C. Formed high in the sky
 - D. Cover the whole sky
- 16. Which one is not true about all animals?
 - A. They excrete
 - B. They give birth
 - C. They respond to stimuli
 - D. They die
- 17. Which pair below has animals that belong to the same group?
 - A. Lizard and toad
 - B. Turtle and shark
 - C. Frog and newt
 - D. Salamander and chameleon

- 18. On which part of a bee are spiracles located?
 - A. Head
 - B. Thorax
 - C. Legs
 - D. Abdomen
- 19. A farmer practicing zero grazing is likely to feed his animals on
 - A. Fodder and pasture
 - B. Concentrates and fodder
 - C. Pasture and concentrates
 - D. Pasture and silage
- 20. Which practice will not help in controlling parasites?
 - A. Drenching
 - B. Pruning
 - C. Rotational grazing
 - D. Spraying
- 21. Which one is not a major component of the environment?
 - A. Soil
- B. Air
- C. Water
- D. Buildings
- 22. From the diagram shown below, it is true to say that soil has



- A. Moisture
- B. Air
- C. Humus
- D. Animals
- 23. Which statement below is not true about a soil collected from the river bank?
 - A. It is light in weight
 - B. It has the highest capillarity
 - C. It has small air spaces
 - D. It has a fine texture

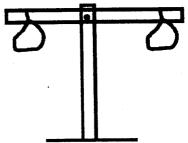
- 36. During thunderstorms we should do all the following except
 - A. Wear rubber shoes
 - B. Lean on the wall
 - C. Avoid open fields
 - D. Shelter in the living room
- 37. Which substance below has neither definite volume nor shape?
 - A. Water vapour
 - B. Chalk dust
 - C. Wax
 - D. Spirit
- 38. Pressure exerted by a solid depends on
 - A. Volume
 - B. Surface area
 - C. Depth
 - D. Weight
- 39. The diagram below shows changes of state.

Solid $\frac{M}{Q}$ Liquid $\frac{N}{P}$ Gas

Which two processes need an increase in temperature?

- A. P and O
- B. N and P
- C. M and O
- D. M and N
- 40. Which one of the following will not increase the rate of solubility?
 - A. Crushing the solid
 - B. Stirring the mixture
 - C. Increasing amount of the solid
 - D. Heating the mixture
- 41. Which one has only methods used to separate solid mixtures?
 - A. Sieving and filtering
 - B. Winnowing and sieving
 - C. Decanting and filtering
 - D. Use of a magnet and decanting

- 42. Which one has a list of magnetic materials?
 - A. Tin and Carbon
 - B. Steel and Cobalt
 - C. Copper and Iron
 - D. Iron and Silver
- 43. The following are ways of maintaining simple tools. Which one is not?
 - A. Storing them properly
 - B. Sharpening cutting tools
 - C. Cleaning tools after use
 - D. Using them regularly
- 44. Standard five pupils made the instrument shown below.



The instrument is used to measure

- A. Weight
- B. Mass
- C. Volume
- D. Force
- 45. Which one is not an example of a force?
 - A. Weight
 - B. Effort
 - C. Friction
 - D. Mass
- 46. Which lever below has the position of fulcrum load and effort as a claw hammer?
 - A. Wheel barrow
 - B. Spade
 - C. See saw
 - D. Bottle opener

- 47. Which one is not an advantage of a force that opposes motion?
 - A. Hinders work
 - B. Lighting a match stick
 - C. Braking of a car
 - D. Keeping us warm
- 48. Which one of the following materials does not increase friction?
 - A. Sand
 - B. Murram
 - C. Soap
 - D. Gravel

- 49. Which one of the following explains why toadstools grow on dead trees?
 - A. Habitat
 - B. Shade
 - C. Support
 - D. Protection
- 50. Which one of the planet is nearer to the centre of solar system?
 - A. Uranus
 - B. Earth
 - C. Jupiter
 - D. Mercury

Soma vifungu vifuatavyo, vina nafasi 1-15. Jaza kila nafasi kwa jibu sahihi

Duniani1	michezo ya aina r	ıyingi <u> 2</u>	kukimbia, kuogelea, mpira
wa miguu uitwao kandar	ida na mingine mingi	. Mimi hupenda	michezo yote lakini naupenda
mchezo wa kabumbu zaidi	i. Kandanda au	3 ni mchez	o4 hupendwa na
watu wengi sana. Mchez	o huu uchezwa na tii	mu mbili zenye wa	achezaji <u>5</u> katika kila
			u. Hao huitwa <u>6</u> .
Wengine hupigana na kutu	ukanana timu zao zina	poshindwa. Ama	kweli Anayeshinda
ni mshindi na aliyeshindwa	a ni <u> 8 .</u>		
1. A. yana	B. kuna		na D. mna
2. A. seuze			ya D. fakaifa
	B. gozi	C. kibe	
4. A. ambayo	B. ambako	C. amba	o D. ambawa
 A. kumi na wawili A. wasanii 	B. kumi na moja	C. moja	na moja D. kumi na mmoja
6. A. wasanii	B. wahenga	C. ripota	D. mashabiki
7. A. kipendacho moyo	ni dawa	B. harak	aharaka haina baraka
C. mchumia juani hu	lia kivulini		ya moto ni moto
8. A. mshinde	B. mshindani	C. mshir	ndwa D. mshindi
			vanayotoa huduma <u>10</u> ni
· -			magari ya <u>12</u> kama
vile, teksi, mabasi na mal	ori. Kila mojawapo w	ra magari haya hu	uwa na kiwango cha idadi ya
			piria kupita kiasi <u>14</u> sheria
	wasafiri. <u>15</u>	la busara kuabii	'i gari ambalo tayari limejaa au
linaloendeshwa kasi.			
9. A. kwa nchi	B. inchini	C. nchini	D. katika nchi
10. A., huu	B. hizi	C. ii	D. hii
11. A. koto	B. ada	C. kiingilio	D. nauli
12. A. uma	B. kibinafsi	C. umma	D. wananchi
13. A. limepaswa	B. yamepaswa	C. inapaswa	D. zinapaswa
14. A. hufunja	B. hufuja	C. huvuja	D. huvunja
15. A. Si jambo	B. Ni jambo	C. Tu jambo	D. Mjambo
Kutoka swali la 16-30,	chagua jibu sahihi	18. Zozote,	kwingine, mwenye na penyewe
kulingana na maagizo		ni vivum	ishi vya aina gani?
16. Andika wingi wa sent		A. vibac	lala
Mkunga aliyevuliwa a	alinunuliwa na	B. vya s	ifa
mkunga		C. vya p	oekee
A. Wakunga waliovul	iwa walinunuliwa	D. viwa	kilishi
na mikunga			
B. Akina wakunga w	aliovuliwa	19. Chagua r	methali inayomaanisha kuwa
walinunuliwa na m	nikunga	tunafaa	kujitayarisha mapema ili
C. Mikunga waliovuli	wa walinunuliwa na	kukabilia	na na jambo fulani
wakunga		A. Safa	ari ya kesho hufungwa leo
D. Mikunga iliyovuliv	va ilinunuliwa na	B. Mga	gaa na upwa hali wali mkavu
wakunga			ımulivu hula mbivu
<u> </u>		D. Dun	ia mti mkavu kiumbe siegeme
17. Rangi ya mvi ni?			
A. Nyeupe	B. Hudhurungi		
C. Nyekundu	D. Manjano		

- 20. Chagua sentensi sahihi;
 - A. Ungemwona mgeni usingemsalimia
 - B. Wangefika mapema wasingempata
 - C. Asingefanya mazoezi asingefaulu katika riadha
 - D. Msingalipalilia shamba mapema msingelipata mavuno mengi
- 21. Chagua nomino iliyo katika ngeli tofauti na nyingine
 - A. Upishi
 - B. Ulemavu
 - C. Ukulima
 - D. Uwanja
- 22. Kitendo kimbia katika kauli ya kutendesha ni
 - A. Kimbilia
 - B. Kimbisha
 - C. Kimbiliana
 - D. Kimbiza
- 23. Chagua usemi taarifa wa:

"Huku ni kwa nani?" Chifu aliuliza.

- A. Chifu aliuliza huku kulikuwa kwa nani.
- B. Chifu alitaka kujua huko kulikuwa kwa nani.
- C. Mwenye huko alikuwa nani chifu alitaka kujua.
- D. Huku ni kwa nani chifu aliuliza swali.
- Kazi yangu mahakamani ni kueleza yale niliyoshuhudia. Mimi ni____
 - A. wakili
 - B. shahidi
 - C. mkalimani
 - D. shuhudia

25. Andika udogo wa:

Mbwa huyo amevuka mto upesi

- A. Kijibwa huyo amevuka mto upesi
- B. Kijibwa hicho kimevuka kijito upesi
- C. Jibwa hilo limevuka jito upesi
- D. Majibwa hao yamevuka mto upesi
- 26. Chagua jibu sahihi.

Tabitha alifaulu katika mtihani kutohudhuria shule siku nyingi.

- A. ila
- B. ilhali
- C. licha ya
- D. ilimradi
- 27. Mtu anayefanya kazi ya kubeba mizigo kwa malipo huitwa:
 - A. hamali
 - B. mzegazega
 - C. mchuuzi
 - D. mshenga
- 28. Sina budi kwenda nyumbani: Ni

kusema____

- A. Si lazima niende
- B. Nitaenda kwa niaba ya mwenzangu
- C. Ninaweza kwenda
- D. Ni lazima niende
- 29. Maneno yafuatayo Lo! Salaale! Aka! , ni tamathali gani ya lugha?
 - A. vihisishi
 - B. tanakali
 - C. vihusishi
 - D. vielezi
- 30. Andika wingi wa sentensi Jitu hilo lilivunjika dole
 - A. Vijitu hivyo vilivunjika vidole
 - B. Majitu hayo yalivunjika madole
 - C. Majitu hayo yalivunjika vijidole
 - D. Jitu hilo lilivunjika madole

Soma ufahamu ufuatao kisha ujibu swali la 31-40

Kijiji cha Witole kilijukana kwa ukosefu wa mvua.Ilipokuwa ikinyesha, ilikuwa ya mnyonyoto tu. Siku moja idara ya hali ya anga ilikuja kutabiri ku wa mvua ingenyesha. Tena mvua hiyo eti ingekuwa ya mafuriko.

Watu walibung'aa na kuduwaa. Walijiuliza maswali yasiyojua kikomo. Mvua kunyesha huko tena ya mafuriko ilikuwa sawa na kuwaambia wenyeji kuwa maziwa yangekamwa kwa kuku. Hayawi hayawi mwisho huwa na ukistaajabu ya Musa utayaona ya Firauni.

Hatimaye mvua ilianza kunyesha mwezi wa nne katika kijiji cha Witole. Mwanzoni watu walidhani kuwa ingetokea tu mara moja na kuadimika tena. Kumbe mambo kangaja huenda yakaja. Ilizidi kunyesha siku baada ya siku.

Wanakijiji cha Witole walikuwa wamekaidi amri ya kuhamia katika kijiji jirani cha Wisakulire ambacho kilikuwa katika maeneo ya milimani.Maji yalipoanza kuzidi unga ndipo wakaanza kujuta. Kumbe majuto ni mjukuu.

Utabiri uligeuka kuwa ukweli.Mvua ilinyesha ya mafuriko.Ilisomba nyumba za watu. Ilisomba mifugo yao.Watu wengi walifariki kutokana na mafuriko hayo.Wengine wakaanza kudhani kuwa siku za safina ya Nuhu zilikuwa zimefika.

Shirika la Msalaba Mwekundu lilikuja kuwasaidia wanakijiji hao kwa ushirikiano na serikali. Walioachwa bila makao walihamishwa kwingine na kujengewa mahema. Walipewa vyakula ,malazi na matibabu. Mvua ilipoisha, wanakijiji hao waliapa kutopuuza maagizo tena. Mafuriko yalikuwa yamewaondolea nta kwenye masikio.

- 31. Kijiji cha Witole kilijukana kwa:
 - A. Mavuno mengi kila baada ya mvua
 - B. Wanakijiji walioyatunza mazingira
 - C. Ukame wa muda mrefu
 - D. Michezo michezo mingi
- 32. Kulingana na taarifa hii ni sawa kusema kuwa:
 - A. Wanakijiji cha Witole walikuwa wakaidi
 - B. Witole kilikuwa kijiji cha wachochole
 - C. Hakuna mtu aliyejua kuwa watu wa Witole wangekumbwa na mafuriko
 - D. Mafuriko yalikikumba kijiji cha Witole kila mwaka
- 33. Ni nini haikusombwa na maji katika kifungu hiki?
 - A. mifugo
 - B. baiti
 - C. watu
 - D. makonde
- 34. Nini maana ya maji yalipoanza kuzidi unga katika taarifa hii?
 - A. maji yalikuwa mengi katika sufuria
 - B. maji ya kupikia yaliadimika
 - C. mambo yalipoanza kuharibika zaidi
 - D. Hakuna shida yoyote
- 35. Walioachwa bila makao:
 - A. Walinunuliwa nyumba na serikali
 - B. Walipelekwa nchi nyingine
 - C. Walipiga kambi katika kitongoji kingine
 - D. Waligoma ili serikali iwasaidie

- 36. Hapo awali wanakijiji cha Witole walidhani kuwa:
 - A. Mvua ingenyesha kwa muda wa wiki moja
 - B. Waliotabiri kuhusu mvua hawakuwa na ujuzi
 - C. Mvua ingenyesha mara moja tu na kupusa
 - D. Nyumba zao zingewakinga kutokana na mvua kubwa
- 37. Gani si baadhi ya vitu walivyopewa wanakijiji cha Witole?
 - A. pesa, magari, elimu
 - B. vyakula, matibabu, malazi
 - C. malazi, usalama, matibabu
 - D. chakula, mahema, matibabu
- 38. Ni methali gani inafaa kifungu hiki:
 - A. Asiyekujua hakudhamini
 - B. Aisifuje mvua imemnyea
 - C. Mchelea mwana kulia hulia mwenyewe
 - D. Asiyesikia la mkuu huvunjika guu
- 39. Ni jambo gani liliwashangaza wakazi wa kijiji cha Witole?
 - A. Juhudi za shirika la Msalaba mwekundu
 - B. maafa ya mifugo
 - C. Juhudi za serikali kuwaokoa
 - D. Habari kuwa kijiji chao kingekumbwa na mafuriko

- 40. Mwandishi anamaanisha nini anaposema "mafuriko yalikuwa yamewaondolea nta kwenye masikio."
 - A. Mafuriko yalikuwa yamewafanya wakaidi

Soma shairi hili kisha ujibu maswali 41-50 Sikieni niwambile, nyote mlo hadharani Uadilifu msikile, utiliwe maanani Wataka songa mbele, adilika duniani Uadilifu ni utu, tenda haki na wema

Nyote mlo shuleni, heshimu wote walimu Mboreke masomoni, ujuzi wenu hudumu Elimu iwe kichwani, ni ngao mnafahamu Uadilifu ni utu, tenda haki na wema

Wananchi nawaambia, amani ni audilifu Mwenzako pana bagua, nyote muwe sanifu Nawaombea Jalia, mhubiri uongofu Uadilifu ni utu, tenda haki na wema

Kaditama na tamati, ulingoni naondoka Uongofu tudhibiti, Kenya ipate sifika Tuunganeni kwa dhati, uovu pewe talaka Uadilifu ni utu, tenda haki na wema

- 41. Shairi hili ni la haina gani
 - A. Ngonjera
 - B. Tarbia
 - C. Tathlitha
 - D. Takhmisa
- 42. Katika ubeti wa pili, mwandishi analinganisha elimu na
 - A. Kutenda haki na wema
 - B. Mojawapo wa zana za vita
 - C. Aina ya ala za mziki
 - D. Kuungana kwa dhati nchini
- 43. Vina vya kati na vya mwisho katika ubeti wa nne ni
 - A. ia,fu
 - B. tu, wa
 - C. ti, ka
 - D. fu, a

- B. Mafuriko yaliwafanya wafahamu ukweli wa waliowatabiria
- C. Mafuriko yaliwatia nta masikioni
- D. Mafuriko yaliwakumba ghafla

44.	Mtu anayetunga	masna	airi
	huitwa	naye	anayetunga
	nyimbo huitwa		·
	A Malamaa Coo		

- A. Malenga, Sogora
- B. Manju, Mutribu
- C. Malenga, Manju
- D. Ustadhi, Malenga
- 45. Neno hadharani limetumika katika kifungu hiki. Linamaanisha haya yote isipokuwa
 - A. Watu wengi
 - B. Mkutano wa watu wote
 - C. Mbele ya watu
 - D. Mwito wa tahadhari
- 46. Ni bayana kusema kuwa mwandishi wa shairi hili
 - A. Ni mwanafunzi
 - B. Ni mzalendo
 - C. Anapenda kubagua watu wabaya
 - D. Anasema wema haufai duniani

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- 47. Mshororo wa tatu ubeti wa tatu una mizani ngapi
 - A. 64
 - B. 16
 - C. 8
 - D. 2
- 48. Ni nini maana ya uadilifu
 - A. Kutenda haki bila kumbagua mtu yeyote
 - B. Kuadimika sana katika masomo
 - C. Kutotenda haki lakini kutenda wema
 - D. Ni kinyume cha uongofu

- 49. Ni majina mangapi yametumiwa kumtajia Mungu katika shairi hili
 - A. Mawili
 - B. Manne
 - C. Moja
 - D. matatu
- 50. Kulingana na taarifa hii ni nani anayestahili kuadilika
 - A. Kila mwananchi
 - B. Waja walio hadharani pekee
 - C. Wanafunzi wote shuleni
 - D. Anayetenda haki kwa watoto



HIGH FLYER TRIAL EXAM 2016 STANDARD SEVEN

MARKING SCHEME

ENGLISH	KISWAHILI	MATHS	SCIENCE		CIAL STUDIES	3
1. D	1. B	1. B	1. B	1. A	51. C	
2. D	2. B	2. D	2. A	2. C	52. D	I.R.E
3. A	3. B	3. A	3. B	3. A	53. B	1. B
4. C	4. C	4. C	4. D	4. D	54. B	
5. B	5. D	5. C	5. C	5. B	55. A	2. A
6. B 7. D	6. D	6. B 7. D	6. A 7. D	6. A 7. C	56. D	3. C
8. C	7. A 8. A	8. A	8. B	7. C 8. C	57. B	4. D
9. B	9. C	9. B	9. C	9. B	58. B	5. C
10. A	10. D	10. C	10. B	10. D	59. D	
11. A	11. D	11. D	11. C	11. A	60. C	6. B
12. B	12. C	12. A	12. B	12. B	00. C	7. B
13. C	13. A	13. B	13. C	13. C		8. D
14. D	14. D	14. C	14. B	14. A	C.R.E	9. C
15. A	15. A	15. D	15. C	15. C	61. C	
16. A	16. C	16. A	16. B	16. C	62. A	10. B
17. B	17. A	17. B	17. C	17. D	63. C	11. C
18. B 19. C	18. C 19. C	18. A 19. C	18. D 19. B	18. D 19. D	64 . D	12. C
20. C	20. C	20. D	20. B	20. C	65. C	
21. D	21. A	21. D	21. D	21. A	66. D	13. C
22. D	22. D	22. C	22. A	22. C	67. B	14. D
23. B	23. B	23. A	23. A	23. A	68. A	15. A
24. B	24. B	24. B	24. C	24. C	69. C 70. D	16.B
25. A	25. B	25. B	25. B	25. D	70. <i>D</i> 71. A	
26. D	26. C	26. C	26 . B	26. D	72. B	17. D
27. D	27. A	27. A	27. A	27. A	73. D	18. B
29. A	28. D	28. D	28. D	28. D	74. D	19. B
29. C 30. C	29. A 30. B	29. D 30. B	29. A 30. A	29. B 30. D	75. C	20. C
31. C	30. B	31. C	31. C	30. D	76. A	1
32. B	32. A	32. C	32. D	32. C	77. D	21. C
33. D	33. D	33. D	33. A	33. D	78. D	22. B
34. D	34. C	34. A	34. A	34. C	79. A	23. B
35. D	35. C	35. A	35. C	35. C	80. B 81. B	24. B
36. D	36. C	36. B	36. B	36. A	82. D	
37. B	37. A	37. B	37. A	37. B	83. B	25. A
38. B	38. D	38. C	38. B	38. C	84. B	26. B
39. A	39. D	39. D	39. D	39. C	85. C	27. B
40. A 41. A	40. B 41. B	40. A 41. A	40. C 41. B	40. B 41. A	86. D	28. B
41. A 42. B	41. B	41. A 42. B	41. B 42. B	41. A 42. D	87. C	
43. B	43. C	43. D	43. D	43. B	88. C	29. D
44. A	44. C	44. C	44. B	44. C	89. A	30. D
45. D	45. D	45. C	45. D	45, D	90. B	
46. C	46. B	46. D	46. C	46. A		
47. C	47. B	47. B	47. A	47. D		
48. B	48. A	48. A	48. C	48. B		
49. A	49. C	49. D	49. A	49. C	t _y	
50. D	50. A	50. C	50. D	50. C		
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