



# HIGH FLYER SERIES TRIAL EXAMINATION

## STANDARD SIX – 2016

### MATHEMATICS



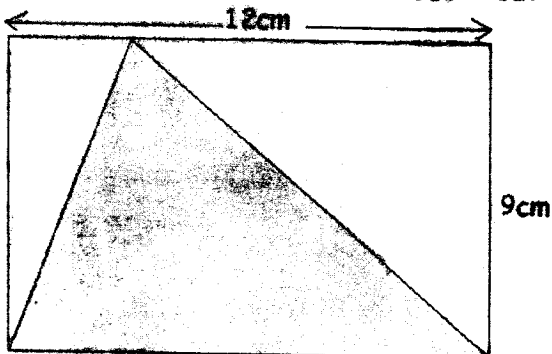
Time: 2 hours

1. Write in words 6030410.
  - A. Six hundred and three thousand four hundred and ten
  - B. Six million thirty thousand four hundred and ten
  - C. Six million thirty four thousand and ten
  - D. Six million three hundred and four thousand and ten

2. What is the place value of 6 in 8.063?
  - A. Ones
  - B. Tens
  - C. Hundredths
  - D. Thousandths

3. Which number among the following is divisible by both 6 and 8?
  - A. 5360
  - B. 1624
  - C. 4952
  - D. 7152

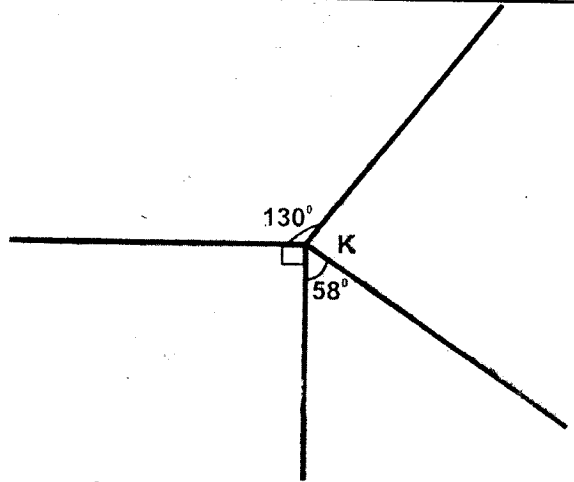
4. What is the area of the shaded area?



- |                    |                     |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| A. $54\text{cm}^2$ | B. $98\text{cm}^2$  |
| C. $49\text{cm}^2$ | D. $108\text{cm}^2$ |

5. The area of a square is  $256\text{cm}^2$ . What is the perimeter of the square?
 

A. 16cm	B. 64cm
C. 32cm	D. 48cm
6. What is the value of K in the figure below?



- |               |               |               |                |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| A. $90^\circ$ | B. $92^\circ$ | C. $82^\circ$ | D. $102^\circ$ |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|

7. How many days are there in 576 hours?
 

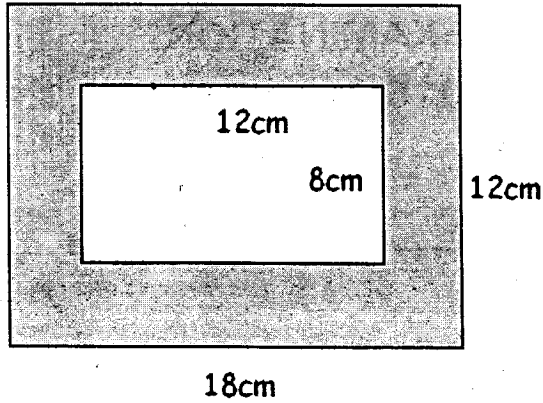
A. 24	B. 57
C. 18	D. 26
8. A shopkeeper bought 60 litres of milk and then packed the milk in  $\frac{1}{4}$  litre packets. How many packets did she get?
 

A. 15	B. 320
C. 180	D. 240
9. What is the GCD of 36, 54 and 90?
 

A. 12	B. 6	C. 9	D. 18
-------	------	------	-------
10. Work out  $3\frac{1}{4} + 4\frac{2}{3}$ .
 

A. $7\frac{7}{12}$	B. $7\frac{11}{12}$
C. $7\frac{3}{7}$	D. $7\frac{3}{4}$
11. Wekulo bought 7m of cloth. He used 3m 45cm. How much material was he left with?
 

A. 3m 65cm	B. 3m 45cm
C. 3m 55cm	D. 10m 45cm
12. What is the area of the shaded part in the figure below?

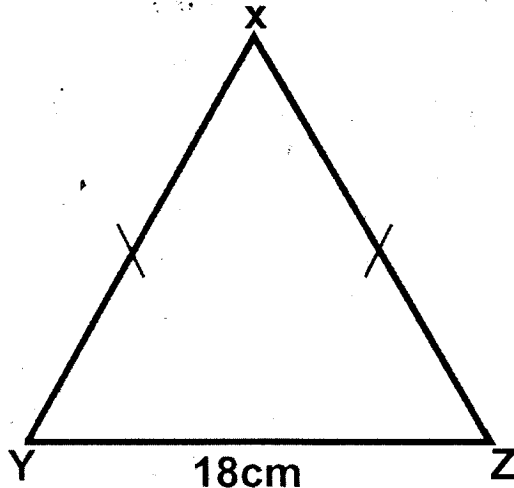


- A.  $120\text{cm}^2$                       B.  $130\text{cm}^2$   
 C.  $96\text{cm}^2$                         D.  $216\text{cm}^2$

13. Work out  
 $171.8 + 33.051 + 0.88$   
 A. 205.731  
 B. 195.731  
 C. 204.731  
 D. 205.631

14. Write 43 in Roman numbers.  
 A. IVIII                              B. LXIII  
 C. XLIII                             D. XLIV

15. The triangle XYZ below is isosceles. Line  $YZ = 18\text{cm}$ . If the perimeter of the triangle is  $68\text{cm}$ , what is the measure of line XZ?



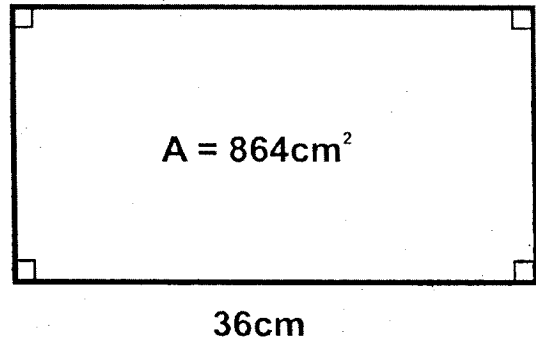
- A. 50cm                              B. 25cm  
 C. 86cm                              D. 30cm

16. What is the sum of the squares of 11 and 15?  
 A. 121                                B. 225  
 C. 104                                D. 346

17. Solve for n in  
 $3n + 24 = 48$

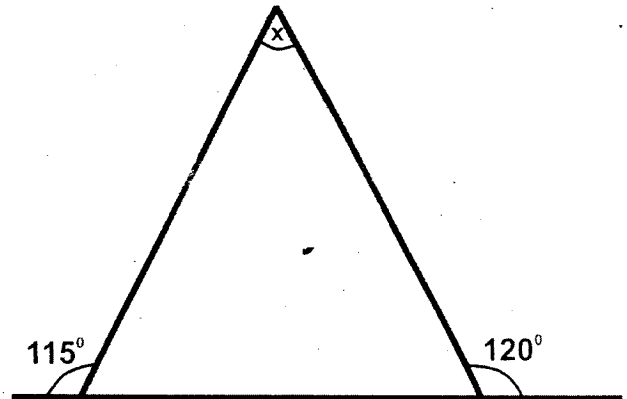
- A. 24                                  B. 16  
 C. 18                                  D. 8

18. If the area of the rectangle below is  $864\text{cm}^2$ , find the width of the rectangle.



- A. 396cm                            B. 28cm  
 C. 24cm                             D. 32cm

19. What is the value of x in the figure below?



- A.  $65^\circ$                                 B.  $75^\circ$   
 C.  $60^\circ$                                 D.  $55^\circ$

20. Which digit is in the thousandths place value in 376.0814?

- A. 8                                  B. 1                                  C. 4                                  D. 3

21. In a bus, there are 64 passengers. If  $\frac{3}{8}$  of them are children, how many adults are there?

- A. 48                                  B. 56                                  C. 40                                  D. 24

22. Add  $\frac{2}{3}$  to the difference between  $4\frac{1}{2}$  and  $2\frac{1}{4}$

- A.  $2\frac{1}{4}$                                   B.  $2\frac{11}{12}$   
 C.  $\frac{11}{12}$                                   D.  $6\frac{11}{12}$

23. Two right angles make

- A. Straight line  
 B. Obtuse angle  
 C. Reflex angle  
 D. Acute angle

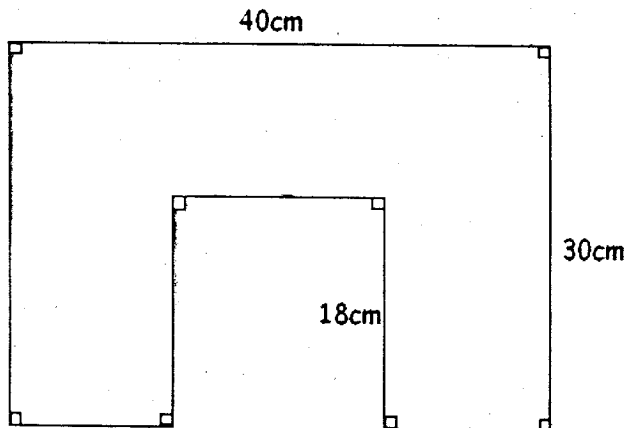
24. Arrange the following fractions in descending order i.e.  $\frac{2}{3}, \frac{7}{8}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{4}$ .

- A.  $\frac{7}{8}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{2}{3}$   
 B.  $\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{7}{8}$



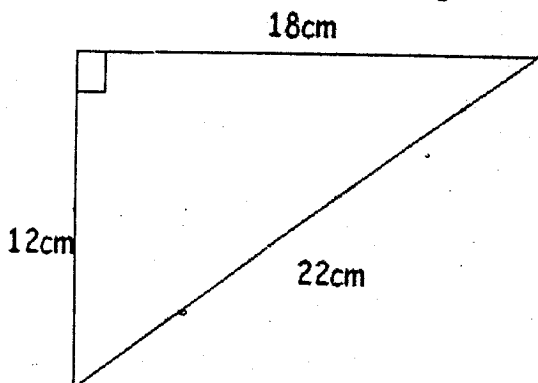
- C.  $\frac{7}{8}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{2}{3}$   
 D.  $\frac{5}{6}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{2}{3}$

25. What is the reciprocal of  $8\frac{3}{5}$ ?  
 A.  $\frac{43}{5}$                       B.  $\frac{5}{43}$   
 C.  $\frac{5}{40}$                         D.  $\frac{5}{3}$
26. What is the sum of all prime numbers between 10 and 30?  
 A. 102                              B. 133  
 C. 139                              D. 112
27. What is the perimeter of the figure below?



- A. 88cm                              B. 158cm  
 C. 176cm                            D. 136cm

28. Simplify  
 $13t + 4y - 8t - 3y$   
 A.  $5t + y$                         B.  $5t - y$   
 C.  $21t - 7y$                       D.  $21 + 7y$
29. Change 4.6 litres into millilitres  
 A. 4060                              B. 4600  
 C. 406                                D. 460
30. What is the area of the triangle below?



- A.  $132\text{cm}^2$   
 B.  $99\text{cm}^2$   
 C.  $216\text{cm}^2$   
 D.  $108\text{cm}^2$

31. Work out  
 $4 \frac{1}{2} \text{ km } 34\text{m } 96\text{cm}$   
 A. 4km 258m 24cm  
 B. 4km 248m 64cm  
 C. 4km 258m 74cm  
 D. 4km 248m 74cm

32. Work out
- | Weeks | Days |
|-------|------|
| 3     | 6    |
| + 6   | 4    |

- A. 10wks 3 days  
 B. 10wks 0 days  
 C. 9wks 3 days  
 D. 10wks 5 days

33. Wesonga ordered 46 chicks. If each chick cost sh 95, how much did he pay?  
 A. Sh 4170                        B. Sh 4270  
 C. Sh 4370                        D. Sh 4070
34. What is 2.20am in 24 hour clock?  
 A. 1420h                            B. 0022h  
 C. 1220h                            D. 0220h

35. Mueni got 21 marks out of 30 in CRE test. What percentage was this?  
 A. 21%                                B. 70%  
 C. 60%                                D. 30%

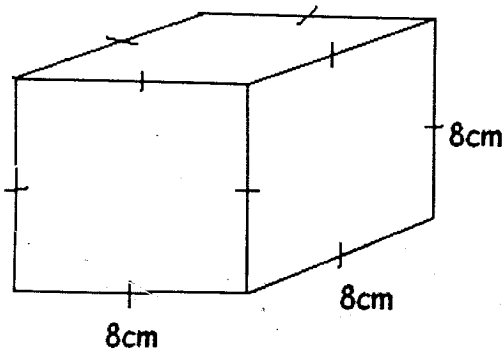
36. Complete the series  
 4, 5, 7, 10, 14, \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. 19                                B. 20  
 C. 21                                D. 22

37. Work out  
 $2.6 \times 0.48$   
 A. 0.1248                            B. 12.48  
 C. 124.8                            D. 1.248

38. Write 55% as a simplified fraction  
 A.  $\frac{55}{100}$                             B.  $\frac{11}{20}$   
 C.  $\frac{5}{11}$                                 D.  $\frac{11}{25}$

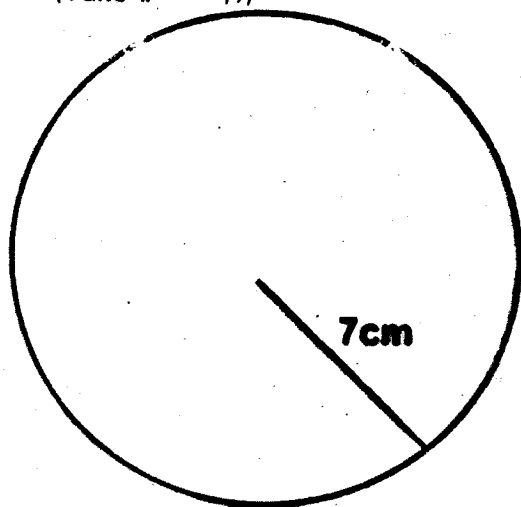
39. Convert 18m 35cm into centimetres  
 A. 18035cm                        B. 18350cm  
 C. 1835cm                         D. 18.35cm

40. What is the volume of the cube below?



- A.  $512\text{cm}^3$                       B.  $888\text{cm}^3$   
 C.  $64\text{cm}^3$                         D.  $24\text{cm}^3$

41. What is the circumference of the circle below?  
 (Take  $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$ )



- A. 22cm                              B. 44cm  
 C. 36cm                              D. 58cm

42. What is 30% of 80 girls?

- A. 30                                  B. 32  
 C. 40                                  D. 24

43. Which of the following angles is the supplement of  $65^\circ$ ?

- A.  $125^\circ$                               B.  $35^\circ$   
 C.  $115^\circ$                               D.  $25^\circ$

DAY	SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
No. OF TOURISTS	2460	3018	2895	3210	1855	2150	3767

49. On which day were the number of tourists highest?

- A. Monday  
 B. Wednesday  
 C. Saturday

44. Work out  
 $13039 \div 13$

- A. 1003                              B. 103  
 C. 13                                  D. 1300

45. What is the LCM of 8, 12 and 15?

- A. 120                                B. 240  
 C. 60                                  D. 72

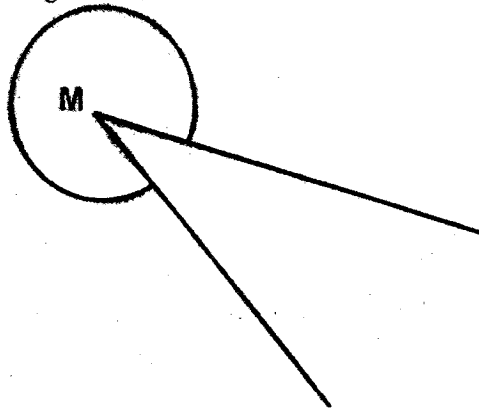
46. Which statement below is TRUE?

- A.  $3^2 > 9$   
 B.  $\sqrt{64} = 4^2$   
 C.  $0.13 > 0.013$   
 D.  $\frac{2}{5} > \frac{1}{2}$

47. What is the square root of  $6\frac{19}{25}$ ?

- A.  $\frac{13}{25}$                                 B.  $2\frac{3}{5}$   
 C.  $4\frac{3}{5}$                                 D.  $3\frac{4}{5}$

48. Angle m is



- A. Right angle  
 B. Obtuse angle  
 C. Acute angle  
 D. Reflex angle

The table below shows the number of tourists who witnessed the migration of wild beasts at the Mara National Park in a week.

- D. Sunday

50. How many more tourists visited the park on Monday than on Thursday?

- A. 1163                                B. 4873  
 C. 1912                                D. 868



# HIGH FLYER SERIES TRIAL EXAMINATION STANDARD SIX – 2016 ENGLISH

Time: 1 hour 40 minutes

Read the cloze text below and fill in the gaps

Our football 1 is now preparing for this 2 competition which 3 on Monday the 28th September. We would like to 4 a practice game before the competition 5.

Our school 6 two important functions every year, prize giving and sports. Parents and guests 7 to this function and it is 8 these functions that we 9 our best behavior. The head teacher and the teachers 10 our parents and 11 one another. We are pleased and proud that our parents have come to visit our school. The 12 parents are those whose children have won prizes. Everyone cannot come 13 hence the rest of parents are not disappointed 14 their own children. There 15 tea party for the guests.

- | A              | B            | C          | D           |
|----------------|--------------|------------|-------------|
| 1. match       | team         | teams      | march       |
| 2. terms       | years        | term's     | terms'      |
| 3. start       | begin        | starts     | began       |
| 4. play        | pray         | played     | match       |
| 5. go          | begins       | begin      | began       |
| 6. holds       | helds        | hold       | held        |
| 7. are invited | were invited | is invited | invited     |
| 8. with        | onto         | within     | at          |
| 9. show        | shows        | showed     | are showing |
| 10. welcome    | welcoming    | welcomed   | welcomes    |
| 11. fight      | knowing      | know       | get to know |
| 12. proudest   | proudly      | sad        | unhappy     |
| 13. second     | firstly      | first      | last        |
| 14. at         | on           | to         | with        |
| 15. is a       | was          | had been   | been        |

For question 16-17 choose the correct question tag

16. Elizabeth is not serious with her classwork, \_\_\_\_\_ ?  
 A. is he  
 B. are they  
 C. was he  
 D. is she
17. Get me a plastic seat from the dining hall, \_\_\_\_\_ ?  
 A. shall you  
 B. can you  
 C. will you  
 D. isn't you

Complete the sentences below with the correct similes

18. The old man was ~~as~~ mean as \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. grand                      B. ant  
 C. miser                      D. mouse
19. I could not lift the stone it was as heavy as a \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. stone                      B. lark  
 C. lead                      D. iron

Change the sentence below into singular

20. They have bought mice traps  
 A. I was bought a mice trap.  
 B. He was bought a mice trap  
 C. I have bought a mouse trap  
 D. He has bought a mouse trap

21. We \_\_\_\_\_ keep our promise.  
A. shall                      B. does  
C. are                         D. will

22. A place where birds are kept is called \_\_\_\_\_  
A. nest                         B. cage  
C. aviary                      D. museum

**Replace the underlined word with the best choices**

23. The crime in the country has STOPPED  
A. started  
B. seized  
C. sized  
D. ceased

**Read the information below and answer the question that follows**

Anna and Rajab like lemonade, Konje and Delila like milk shake. Mildreb and Annas like milo. There is lemonade and milo on the table.

24. Who gets no drink at all? \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Delila  
B. Mildreb  
C. Anna  
D. Rajab

**Apply the correct preposition**

25. The head teacher congratulated me \_\_\_\_\_ the good performance.  
A. at                             B. on  
C. to                             D. for

**Read the following passage and answer the questions**

Vampire bats are blood sucking demons that feed on blood but won't attack a human and suck blood from the neck. The vampire bat has a wingspan of about eight inches a body about the size of an adult's thumb. Vampire bats feed on blood of large birds, cattle, horses and pigs. However, they don't suck the blood of their 'victims' using their sharp teeth, the bats make tiny cuts in the skin of a sleeping animal. The bat's saliva contains a chemical that keeps the blood from clotting. The bats then lap up blood that Oozes from the wound. Another chemical in their saliva numbs the animal's skin and keeps them from waking up.

Scientists have discovered that vampire bat saliva is better at keeping blood from clotting than any known medicine and they believe that these bats may one day help prevent heart attacks and stroke.....

A vampire bat finds its prey with smell and sound. They fly about one meter above the ground. They then use special heat sensors in their noses to find veins that are very close to the skin. Vampire bats are one of the few bat species that are considered a pest.

26. Vampire bats are considered as \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. animals  
B. pests  
C. insects  
D. mammals

27. The body size of a vampire is the size of \_\_\_\_\_  
A. eight inches  
B. an adult finger  
C. adult thumb  
D. ten inches

28. How do vampires get blood from victims? By \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. sucking the blood  
B. attacking wounds  
C. Trying to kill the victims  
D. making tiny cuts

29. What makes vampire bats continue sucking blood from the victim for long?  
A. they keep blood from clotting  
B. they make the victims skin numb  
C. they don't use their sharp teeth  
D. they hide from the victim

30. How do vampire bats move from place to place?  
A. flying  
B. walking  
C. climbing  
D. none of the above

31. For the vampire bats to find their prey they find them with \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Sound and sight  
B. Smell and movement  
C. Smelling and sound



D. Sound and smell

32. What do vampire bats use to find veins on the skin?
- A. Nose
  - B. Special heat sensors
  - C. Mouth
  - D. Wings
33. How far do vampire bats fly from the ground?
- A. Two meters
  - B. One meter
  - C. Three meters
  - D. They Don't fly
34. What unique thing has been discovered by scientists about the vampire bats?
- A. Attack human
  - B. Attack victim while asleep
  - C. Their saliva contains a chemical which keeps blood from clotting
  - D. That bats may one day prevent Heart attack
35. The word OOZE is underlined, what does it mean?

- A. Humming sound
- B. Blood coming out
- C. Blood flowing away
- D. None of the above

36. What statement is true according to the passage?
- A. Vampire bats are not considered as pests
  - B. Few bat species are considered pests
  - C. Medicines are better than vampire bat's saliva
  - D. Vampire bats strike and attack the heart
37. From the passage, prey means \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. Communicating with God
  - B. Animal eating another
  - C. Animals being eaten
  - D. Vulture
38. The best title for the passage would be
- A. Some bat species
  - B. Blood
  - C. Scientists
  - D. Vampire bats

**Read the following passage and answer the questions that follows**

Sometimes I travel with people who start dozing as soon as the vehicle starts moving. I like being awake during my day journeys so that I can admire the scenery along the way. But sometimes I have had the misfortune of sitting beside people who tend to sleep on other people's shoulders. It would not be bad if they slept peacefully but some go on to snore very loudly. Now imagine snoring on your ear! When this happens to me, I usually shake the person awake or I move my shoulder so that the person has nowhere to rest her head. If I had my way, I would ask the vehicle manufacturers to make vehicles that have sleeping compartments so that passengers can sleep without disturbing others.

Why should some people fall asleep like that? Perhaps it is because they have not had enough sleep, making them to be irritating. We shall be unable to work well due to fatigue. Sleep makes us refreshed both physically and mentally.

39. Sitting beside people means sitting \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. With people
  - B. next to people
  - C. On people
  - D. Away from people
- 40 According to the passage, the writer has \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. A problem with people snoring loudly
  - B. No problem with anything at all
  - C. No problem if people sleep and snore during a journey

- D. A problem with people who sleep peacefully

41. What does the writer do to a sleeping passenger?
- A. Help passengers to sit well
  - B. Help sleepy passengers
  - C. Cause disturbance
  - D. Created peace
42. Sleeping compartments \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. Help passengers to sit well
  - B. Help sleepy passengers

- C. Cause disturbance  
D. Create peace
43. People sleep on a journey because of sleeping for \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Eight hours  
B. Less than eight hours  
C. More than eight hours  
D. Exactly eight hours
44. The word PERHAPS is similar to \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Certain  
B. Maybe  
C. Not sure  
D. Uncertain
45. Lack of sleep affects?  
A. Only our work  
B. Work and relations  
C. Play  
D. Our well being
46. Enough sleep helps us in the following ways except  
A. Being refreshed  
B. Our well being  
C. Being irritable  
D. Being alert
47. Who requires eight hours of sleep?  
\_\_\_\_\_

- A. Everybody  
B. Adults  
C. Children  
D. Toddlers
48. The writer \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Always travels with people who doze during the journey  
B. Never travels with people who doze during the journey  
C. Avoids travelling with people who doze during a journey  
D. Occasionally travels with people who doze during a journey
49. The writer prefers to keep awake during day journeys so as to \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Know the distance covered  
B. Avoid people who fall asleep  
C. Watch the beautiful scenery  
D. Discourage people from snoring loudly
50. The best title for the passage is \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Travelling  
B. Importance of sleep  
C. How to stop sleeping during the day  
D. How to keep oneself refresh





# JARIBIO LA MTHANI WA HIGH FLYER SERIES

## DARASA LA SITA – 2016

### LUGHA YA KISWAHILI

Muda: Saa 1 dakika 40

**Soma vifungu vifuatavyo. Vina nafasi 1 hadi 15. Umepewa majibu manne hapo. Chagua jibu lifaalo zaidi kati ya yale uliyopewa.**

Teknolojia mpya imeboresha mawasiliano \_\_\_\_\_ 1 \_\_\_\_\_ watu wanaoishi katika \_\_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_\_\_ mbalimbali ulimwenguni. Vyombo \_\_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_\_\_ mawasiliano kama vile rununu, tarakilishi vinaendelea kuimarisha mawasiliano. Ujumbe sasa \_\_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_\_ upesi kuliko hapo \_\_\_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_\_\_. Hakuna masika yasiyokuwa na \_\_\_\_\_ 6 \_\_\_\_\_. Teknolojia mpya pia ina \_\_\_\_\_ 7 \_\_\_\_\_ chungu \_\_\_\_\_ 8 \_\_\_\_\_. Kwanza kabisa visa vya \_\_\_\_\_ 9 \_\_\_\_\_ vimeongezeka. Wizi wa mali ya \_\_\_\_\_ 10 \_\_\_\_\_ unaendelezwa kupitia teknolojia hii mpya. Utekaji nyara unatekelezwa kupitia mawasiliano \_\_\_\_\_ 11 \_\_\_\_\_ mitandao. \_\_\_\_\_ 12 \_\_\_\_\_ mema \_\_\_\_\_ 13 \_\_\_\_\_ kutokana na matumizi mabaya ya mitandao kama vile Facebook, Twitter na WhatsApp. Si ajabu kuziona picha za watu walio uchi zikiwa \_\_\_\_\_ 14 \_\_\_\_\_ viwamboni. Chuki ya ukabila na siasa \_\_\_\_\_ 15 \_\_\_\_\_ pia huejuzwa kupitia kwenye mitandao ya mawasiliano.

A	B	C	D
1. baada ya	kati ya	katikati	D
2. eneo	taifa	dunia	karibu na
3. ya	za	vya	sehemu
4. hutumwa	huitwa	huigiza	wa
5. baadaye	awali	kabla	hutoweka
6. mbu	nzige	mafuniko	usoni
7. madhara	mawaidha	mema	faida
8. nzima	zima	mzima	faida
9. uharibifu	uhandishi	uhalibifu	kinga
10. uma	umma	mambo	uhalifu
11. mwa	za	wa	mema
12. Mapito	Maadili	Uhondo	ya
13. yameimarika	yameboreka	yamezorota	Ukaidi
14. zimetundikwa	zimefutwa	zimevutwa	yamesambaa
15. thabiti	duni	ubwabwa	yametandaza
			thumni

**Kutoka swali la 16 hadi 30, chagua jibu sahihi kulingana na maagizo.**

16. Kukanusha kwa:

Viatu ambavyo vimeraruka vimeshonwa

- A. Viatu ambavyo vimeraruka havijashonwa  
B. Viatu ambavyo havijaruka vimeshonwa  
C. Viatu ambavyo havijaruka havijashonwa  
D. Viatu ambavyo viliraruka havikushonwa

17. Kimelea anayeuma na anayependa kurukaruka na kukaa vumbini huitwa

- A. Kupe  
B. Kunguni  
C. Chawa  
D. Kiroboto

18. Chagua kundi la vimilikishi pekee

- A. Kwenye, karibu na, kando ya, mbali na  
B. Kile, hayo, hawa, hivyo  
C. Polepole, jioni, taratibu, kesho  
D. Langu, chake, wao, yenu

19. Msimu wa baridi kali huitwa

- A. Vuli  
B. Masika  
C. Mchoo  
D. Kipupwe

20. Kamilisha methali

- Kinywa ni jumba la \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Ufisadi  
B. Maneno  
C. Ulimi  
D. Meno

21. Andika tarakimu ifuatayo kwa nambari  
Elfu sabini na sita, mia tisa sitini na sita

- A. 76,696                      B. 76,969  
C. 70,669                      D. 76,966
22. Jina kiroboto linapatikana katika ngeli gani  
A. KI-VI                      B. A-WA  
C. LI-YA                      D. I-I
23. Chagua sentensi iliyokatika wakati timilifu.  
A. Manyani watachupa matawini  
B. Nyani hajachupa tawini  
C. Nyani walichupa tawini  
D. Manyani wamechupa matawini
24. Chagua sentensi sahihi  
A. Mtoto mwenye analia ni wangu  
B. Vyombo visafi viko mezani  
C. Jona ni mrefu kumliko Tande  
D. Makobe wameingia majini
25. Chagua wingi wa:  
Ua wa nyumbani kwangu ni mkubwa  
A. Maua ya nyumbani kwangu ni makubwa  
B. Nyua za nyumbani kwetu ni kubwa  
C. Maua ya nyumbani kwetu ni kubwa  
D. Nyua za nyumbani kwetu ni Mkubwa
26. Ni sehemu gani iliyo tofauti na nyingine miongoni mwa sehemu hizi za mwili.  
A. Ufizi
- B. Ndewe  
C. Kisogo  
D. Kipaji
27. Ni gani maelezo sahihi ya methali "Usitukane wakunga na uzazi ungalipo"  
A. Usitumie mali ovyo ovyo kesho pia utahitaji  
B. Ni vyema kuwa na nidhamu kwa kila mtu  
C. Haifai kuwadharau watu waliokusaidia hapo awali, huenda ukawahitaji tena.  
D. Hakuna jema lisilo na ubaya wake
28. Kitenzi kimbiba katika hali ya kutendesha ni \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Kimbisha                      B. Kimbilia  
C. Kimbiza                      D. Kimbilia
29. Pale ndipo \_\_\_\_\_ nyasi.  
A. Mlimofyekwa  
B. Kulimofyekwa  
C. Kulikofyekwa  
D. Palipofyekwa
30. Ni lipi ambalo ni tunda? \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Alizeti  
B. Asmini  
C. Pareto  
D. Karakara

**Soma kisa kifuatacho kisha ujibu swali la 31-50**

Mahulo alikuwa nyumbani ametulia tuli kama maji ya mtungi. Shule zilikuwa zimefungwa na likizo ndefu ilimruhusu kufanya mengi. Wazazi wake walikuwa wameshampeleka kijijini. Sayo kukaa na nyanyake. Alipenda maisha ya jijini Nairobi lakini wazazi wake hawakutaka azoe maisha hayo tu. Walitaka mwanao pia ayafahamu mazingira ya mashambani. Kwa hivyo, punde shule zilipofungwa alikuwa anakwenda mashambani. Alizipenda sana hadithi za kale alizokuwa akisimuliwa na nyanyake mjane.

Kule mashambani, nyanyake Mahulo, Bi. Masizi alikuwa akifurahia kukaa na mjukuu wake. Bi. Masizi alikuwa na mtoto mmoja wa kiume tu aliyekuwa babake Mahulo. Sadfa nyingine ikawa kuwa mamake Mahulo alipokuwa anajifungua, ililazimu aende afanyiwe upasuaji. Tathmini ya daktari aliyemhudumia ikawa kuwa asipate mimba nyingine maana anaweza aga dunia wakati wa kujifungua. Mahulo akawa mwana wa pekee kwa wazazi wake.

Kwa sababu hiyo, alidekezwa mno ikawa kuwa hangeweza kukaripiwa hata chembe. Na hilo lilifanyika hata alipokuwa na nyanyake. Hawakujua kuwa kumdekeza mtoto hakukuwa kuzuri. Tena walisahau kuwa mchelea mwana kulia hulia mwenyewe.

Hayawi hayawi huwa. Siku ya mwana kulia ilitimia. Mahulo alikuwa hasikii lolote aliloonywa na majirani zake akiwa nyumbani kwa nyanyake. Aliwafitini watoto wa majirani na kila bibi yake alipoambiwa kuhusu fitina ya Mahulo alisema kuwa watu walikuwa wakimwonea mjukuu wake. Hata kule Nairobi hali ilikuwa ile ile **wazazi wake** Mahulo hawakupatana na yeyote aliyekosoa matendo ya mwanao. Siku moja akiwa ameambiwa na nyanyake asiondoke nyumbani hakutii. Siku hiyo nyanyake alikuwa ameenda kumzika jirani mmoja aliyekuwa amekufa kutokana na ajali barabarani.

Mahulo alikwenda sokoni Matete kutembea. Ilikuwa alasiri. Alipokwenda huko alizurura tu huku na kule kama mbwa koko. Alipok wa amechoka tiki, alipita karibu na muuzaji wa samosa sokoni. Wakati huo, watu walikuwa wamekizingira kibanda cha mfanyibiashara yule. Walijaa kama nzi karibu na taka. Hapo, alienda na kuchukua samosa moja akiwa hana lengo la kulipa. Alitia kinywani, akatimka mbio. Hakuwa ameimeza vizuri. Ilimsakama kooni akashindwa kupumua. Alianguka barabarani akazimia.

31. Kwa nini Mahulo hakwenda shuleni siku ile?  
 A. wazazi wake walikuwa wamempeleka kwa nyanya yake  
 B. Hakupenda maisha ya jijini Nairobi  
 C. Kulikuwa wakati wa likizo  
 D. Alikuwa amechoka baada ya kufanya kazi nyingi
32. Kulingana na taarifa hii ni kweli kusema:  
 A. Bibi wa Mahulo alikuwa amefiwa na mume  
 B. Mahulo alizaliwa na kulelewa kijijini  
 C. Bi. Masizi hakufurahia kuwa na mjukuu wake  
 D. Mahulo hakupenda maisha ya jiji la Nairobi
33. Kwa nini Mahulo alipeleka mashambani punde tu shule zilipofungwa?  
 A. Mahulo alipenda kucheza na watoto wa mashambani  
 B. Bi. Masizi alimtaka Mahulo amtembelee  
 C. Wazazi wa Mahulo walisafiri ng'ambo kila shule zilipofungwa  
 D. Wazazi wake walitaka ayafahamu mazingira ya mashambani
34. Kwa nini Mahulo alidekezwa?  
 A. Alikuwa mtoto mtiifu sana  
 B. Nyanya yake alimtetee  
 C. Alikuwa kijana mtanashati aliyependa hadithi  
 D. Alikuwa mtoto wa pekee kwa wazazi wake
35. Neno kukaripiwa limepigwiwa mstari linamaanisha nini?  
 A. Kumwonya au kumtolea mtu maneno makali kwa hasira  
 B. Kumdekeza mtoto sana  
 C. Kumbembeleza na kumpatia mwana chochote atakacho  
 D. Kumkaribia mtu hasa wakati unamshauri
36. Mahulo alienda sokoni kufanya nini?  
 A. Alimfuata nyanya yake  
 B. Alienda kununua samosa  
 C. Alikuwa anatangatanga tu  
 D. Alikuwa mfanyibiashara
37. Mwandishi anamaanisha nini anaposema siku ya mwana kulia ilitimia?  
 A. Siku ya Mahulo kupata taabu ilifika  
 B. Siku ya Mahulo kuzingatia maagizo iliwadia  
 C. Siku ya mazishi ilifika nyanya wa Mahulo akaondoka  
 D. Siku ya Mahulo kuadhibiwa na wazazi wake ilifika
38. Ni jambo lipi halikutokea baada ya Mahulo kutimua mbio sokoni?  
 A. Alisakamwa na samosa  
 B. Alizirai  
 C. Alishindwa kupumua  
 D. Alichukua samosa kadhaa
39. Ni jambo gani Mahulo alikataa kutii siku aliyoiba samosa?  
 A. Alikataa kuandamana na nyanya yake  
 B. Alikataa kwenda shuleni  
 C. Alikataa kurudi Nairobi  
 D. Alikataa kusalia nyumbani
40. Kisa hiki kinaweza kufupishwa kwa kutumia methali \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Asiyekujua hakuthamini  
 B. Mtoto wa nyoka ni nyoka  
 C. Mgeni njoo mwenyeji apona  
 D. Mtoto umleavyo ndivyo akuavyo

**Soma ufahamu ufuatao kisha ujibu swali la 41-50**

Seferio alizaliwa katika familia maskini. Alikuwa ni kitindamimba kwa wazazi wake waliojaliwa watoto watatu wa kiume. Marko na Petero walishindwa kuendelea na masomo yao kutokana na ukata wa familia yao uliokithiri zaidi. Wakaamua kuungana na wazazi wao kufanya kika cha kulimia watu mashamba ili kupata mahitaji ya kimsingi ya kuwakidhi.

Seferio alifanikiwa kwa sababu alikuwa na akili pevu kuliko kaka zake wawili. Walimu wake wa shule ya msingi waliamua kumsaidia kulipa karo. Aliongoza katika mtihani wa darasa

na nane. Alipata ufadhili wa hazina ya eneo bunge lake alipokuwa katika shule ya upili. Mungu alizidi kumfungulia milango ya heri na fanaka mpaka akajiunga na chuo kikuu alikosomea udaktari. Papo hapo baada ya kufuzu, alipata kazi katika hospitali ya taifa.

Seferio aliyekuwa maskini hohehahe sasa alikuwa tajiri wa kupindukia. Akajenga nyumba nzuri, kasri hasa. Akanunua shamba kwingine. Gari la kisasa alinunua pia. **Akawa ni mtu wa nafasi yake katika jamii.** Nyumbani kwao alikusahau. Alikuwa kama aliyetupa jongoo na mti wake. Yeye na kaka zake wakabaidika kama ardhi na mbingu.

Hakutaka kuhusishwa nao hata chembe. Akawa anatembea na watu wa tabaka lake. Siku moja kitumbua kiliingia mchanga. Alipatakina na kosa la ufisadi katika hospitali. Kutokana na **kashfa** hiyo aliachishwa kazi. Wakati anatafuta nyingine, akaanza kulewa ajabu na kusahau kuwa alikuwa na uhitaji. Akawa amesahau hilo. Akawa mlevi chakari. Hakutafuta kazi tena. Akafilisika na hata kupata ugonjwa wa moyo. Marafiki wake hawakuwa naye. **Walimwambaa** kama mgonjwa wa ukoma. Mkewe alimtoroka vilevile.

Jamaa akawa na ukiwa. Ugonjwa usioeleweka ukamshika. Kaka zake aliowadharau ndio waliokuja kumsaidia kumtafutia matibabu japo ya gharama nafuu. Alipoona, Seferio akagundua kuwa kweli mla nawe hafi nawe ila mzaliwa nawe.

41. Changamoto kuu katika familia ya akina Seferio hasa ilikuwa nini?
- Kuwa katika hali ya ubwanyenye
  - Kuwa katika hali ya ufukara
  - kulimia majirani
  - Seferio kujiunga na shule ya upili
42. Kwa nini Seferio kuendelea na masomo?
- Alikuwa anapendwa zaidi na wazazi wake
  - Alikuwa mtoto wa pekee
  - Alipata wafadhili
  - Elimu nchini mwao haikuwa ya malipo
43. Ni sentensi gani si kweli kulingana na taarifa hii:
- Seferio alikuwa mwana wa mkata
  - Seferio alikuwa mwanafunzi mwerevu sana
  - Kaka wa Saferio waliwacha kusoma ili watafute mahitaji ya msingi
  - Saferio alibaki katika tabaka la uchochole baada ya kusomea udaktari
44. Ni nini maana ya **walimwambaa** katika taarifa hii?
- Walimpenda mno
  - Walijitenga naye
  - Walimchukia sana
  - Walimfitini sana
45. Maneno "Akawa mtu wa nafasi yake katika jamii," yamepigwiwa mstari. Yanamaanisha nini?
- Akawa mtu mwenye mali
  - Akawa mtu asiyetambulika
  - Akawa mtu ovyo
  - Akawa si lolote si chochote
46. Badala ya mwandishi kusema Seferio aliachishwa kazi angesema
- Alijiuzuru
  - Aliambulia patupu
  - Alipigwa kalamu
  - Alipandishwa cheo
47. Ni tukio lipi halikumkumba Seferio
- Kupata maradhi ya moyo
  - Kula kalenda
  - Kuwa mlevi kupindukia
  - Kufilisika sana
48. Unadhani ni kwa nini Seferio hakutaka kuhusishwa na watu wa familia yake
- Alidharau hali yao
  - Walimkosea sana akiwa mtoto
  - Hakuwa amepewa mali yoyote na baba yake
  - Aliogopwa sana na kaka zake
49. Hatimaye ni nani aliyemwokoia Saferio kutokana na dhiki iliyomkumba?
- mkewe
  - marafiki na majirani
  - aila yake
  - madaktari wenzake
50. Kisa hiki kinatufunza nini?
- Tukisoma tuwasahau wenye elimu duni
  - Ni heri rafiki kuliko ndugu
  - Damu ni nzito kuliko maji
  - ulevi huleta hufisadi

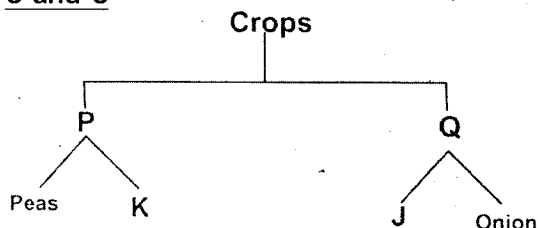


# HIGH FLYER SERIES TRIAL EXAMINATION STANDARD 6 – 2016 SCIENCE

Time: 1 Hour 40 minutes

- When breathing out \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Lungs get deflated  
B. Diaphragm flattens  
C. Ribs are raised upwards  
D. Volume in the chest cavity increases
- The part of the female reproductive system that receives sperms during sexual intercourse is \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Cervix  
B. Uterus  
C. Vagina  
D. Oviduct
- Which one is not a reason for visiting a VCT centre? \_\_\_\_\_  
A. To change behaviour  
B. To get treatment  
C. To decide on marriage  
D. To plan future of dependents
- At the age of nine months a child is given vaccines that prevent  
A. Polio and Yellow fever  
B. Measles and Hepatitis B  
C. Tuberculosis and Polio  
D. Yellow fever and measles

Use the chart below to answer questions 5 and 6



- Which one of the following would represent P and Q respectively?  
A. Cereals and fruits  
B. Legumes and tubers  
C. Legumes and vegetables  
D. Cereals and vegetables
- Examples of K and J would be \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Maize and egg plant  
B. Beans and tomato

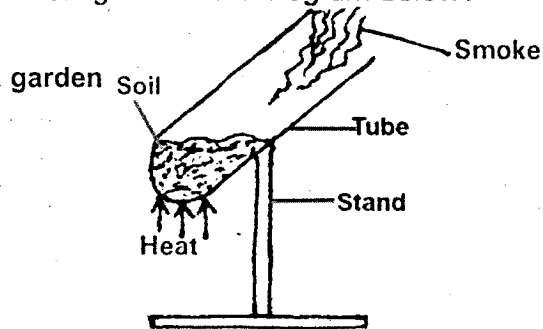
- Ground nuts and wheat  
D. Green grams and pawpaw
- Which one of the following is a green non flowering plant?  
A. Algae  
B. Mould  
C. Sisal  
D. Toadstool
- Products obtained from sheep are  
A. Milk and mutton  
B. Mutton and mohair  
C. Milk and wool  
D. Mutton and wool
- Which pair of small animals listed below belongs to the same group?  
A. Bee and spider  
B. Tick and spider  
C. Crab and flea  
D. Locust and mite
- Which statement below is false about cumulus clouds? \_\_\_\_\_  
A. They resemble cotton wool  
B. They are white in colour  
C. They indicate fine weather  
D. They are mountainous
- Standard five pupils wanted to make a liquid thermometer, which of the following materials was not needed?  
A. Glass bottle  
B. Coloured water  
C. Container  
D. Manila paper
- Which one of the following planets can easily be seen early in the morning?  
A. Mercury  
B. Venus  
C. Jupiter  
D. Mars
- The following are uses of water:  
(i) Washing latrines  
(ii) Watering animals

- (iii) Boat racing
  - (iv) Mixing raw materials
- Which one shows a domestic use of water?
- A. i
  - B. ii
  - C. iii
  - D. iv

14. The best method of storing water for production of electricity is by using \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Earth dams
- B. Dams
- C. Reservoirs
- D. Terricans

15. Which component of soil is being investigated in the diagram below?



- A. Water
- B. Humus
- C. Air
- D. Animals

16. Which one of the following will not change when sandy soil is mixed with clay soil?

- A. Drainage
- B. Water retention
- C. Colour
- D. Capillarity

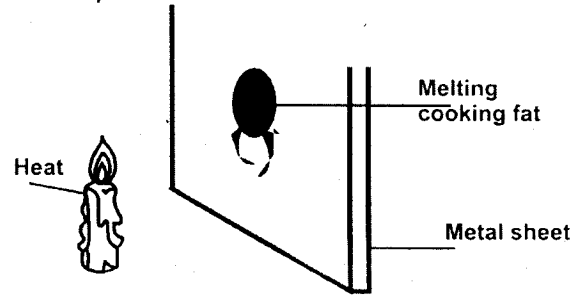
17. Which list below has only foods that protect the body against diseases?

- A. Milk, Beans, eggs
- B. Pawpaw, carrots, spinach
- C. Bread, rice, yams
- D. Rice, beans, cabbage

18. Which of the following diseases is caused by starvation? \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Kwashiorkor
- B. Rickets
- C. Anaemia
- D. Marasmus

19. Standard five pupils carried out the activity shown below.



From the activity the melting of the cooking fat was as a result of \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Convection and radiation
- B. Radiation and conduction
- C. Convection and conduction
- D. Conduction only

20. Which one of the following describes reflected sound?

- A. Noise
- B. Volume
- C. Pitch
- D. Echo

21. The following are sources of light:

- (i) Sun
- (ii) Bulb
- (iii) Firewood
- (iv) Glow worm

Which of the above are only natural sources of light?

- A. i and iii
- B. i and iv
- C. ii and iii
- D. iii and iv

22. Which one of the following occurs when light moves from water to air? It is \_\_\_\_\_

- A. reflected
- B. dispersed
- C. refracted
- D. absorbed

23. Which one of the following is not true about gases?

- A. They have no definite shape
- B. They expand least when heated
- C. They have a definite mass
- D. They have no definite volume

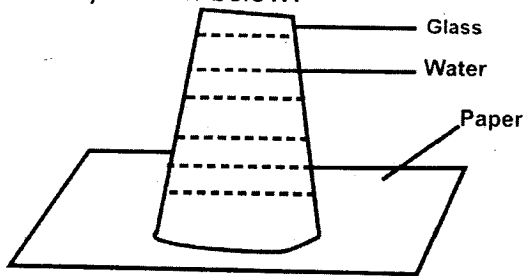
24. Which list below shows materials that float on water?

- A. Ruler, stone, pin



- B. Wood, feather, chalk
- C. Bottle top, glass, plastic
- D. Plastic, feather, wood

25. Standard five pupils carried out the activity shown below.



What conclusion did the pupils make from the activity?

- A. Matter has weight
- B. Matter exerts pressure
- C. Matter has mass
- D. Matter occupies space

26. Melting occurs when \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. A gas changes to a liquid
- B. A liquid changes to a solid
- C. A liquid changes to a gas
- D. A solid changes to a liquid

27. In which of the following diagrams will water exert the greatest pressure?



28. A beam balance is used to measure

- A. Weight
- B. Mass
- C. Pressure
- D. Force

29. Which activity prevents rusting of simple tools made of iron metal?

- A. Sharpening
- B. Proper storage
- C. Cleaning after use
- D. Oiling

30. Which one of the following is the heaviest?

- A. 1 kg of cotton wool
- B. 1 kg of iron nails
- C. 1 kg of stones
- D. They are equal

31. The following are reasons for lighting the house. Which one is not?

- A. See clearly
- B. Prevent accidents
- C. Warm the house
- D. Discourage pests

32. Which list below has materials that conduct heat?

- A. Iron nail, wood, polythene bag
- B. Candle, glass, wood
- C. Metal spoon, iron nail, copper coin
- D. Plastic, wood, rubber

33. The following are uses of heat. Which one is not?

- A. Communication
- B. Germination
- C. Warming
- D. Ironing

34. Which list below has foods that prevent anaemia?

- A. Liver, spinach, kales
- B. Eggs, beans, meat
- C. Cassava, yams, maize
- D. Orange, pawpaw, carrot

35. The method of food preservation that when used acts like a mild pesticide is

- A. Use of honey
- B. Use of salt
- C. Use of ash
- D. Smoking

36. Which statement is false about HIV and AIDS?

- A. It can be prevented
- B. It has no cure
- C. It can be spread through kissing
- D. It is a curse from God

37. Medicines that reduce pain are called

- A. Vaccines
- B. Analgesics
- C. Antibiotics
- D. Stimulants

38. Which one of the following water borne disease is caused by a fluke?

- A. Typhoid
- B. Cholera
- C. Bilharzia
- D. Dysentery

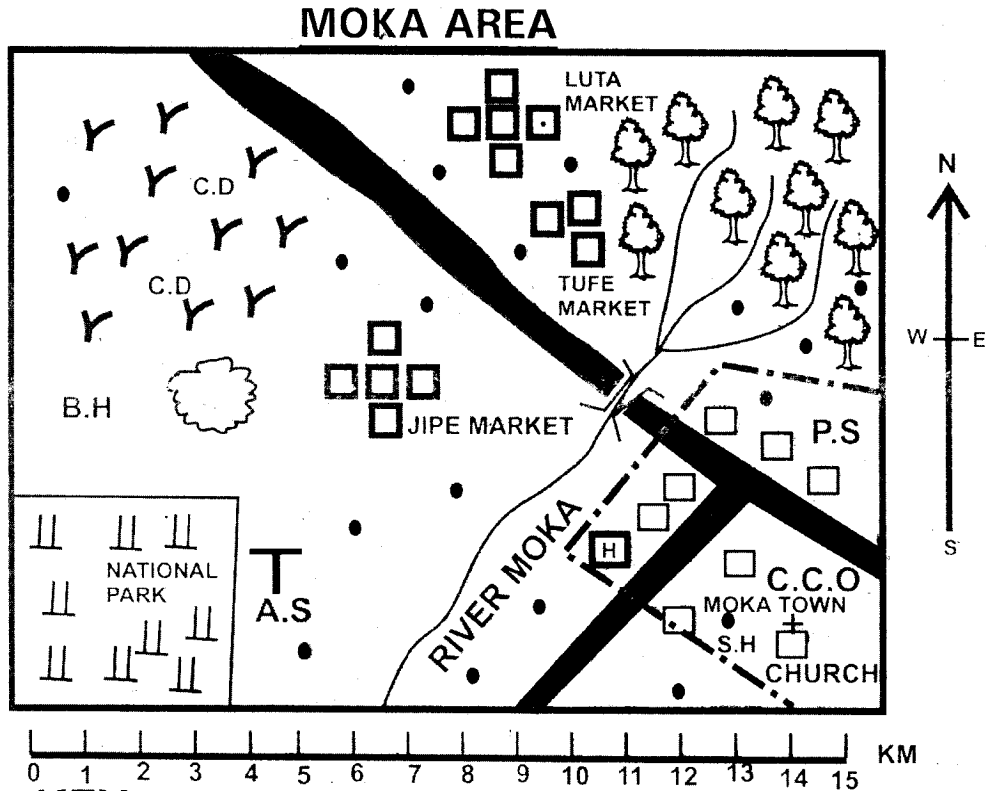
39. The measuring cylinder of a rain gauge should be \_\_\_\_\_.
- Narrow and long
  - Wide and short
  - Long and wide
  - Narrow and short
40. How long does the moon take to go round the earth?
- 24 hours
  - 365<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> days
  - 12 hours
  - 28 days
41. In which of the following methods of grazing animals is pasture not used to feed animals?
- Paddock grazing
  - Zero grazing
  - Tethering
  - Strip grazing
42. Which statement below is false about a chameleon and a hen?
- Both use lungs for breathing
  - Both lay eggs
  - Both have varying body temperature
  - Both have a backbone
43. One of the following is not a characteristic of animals. Which one is it?
- They all grow
  - They all move
  - They all germinate
  - They all reproduce
44. Which weed below produces yellow flowers with a bad smell?
- Black jack
  - Mexican marigold
  - Oxalis
  - Thorn apple
45. Which one of the following is not part of the carpel of a flower?
- Filament
  - Stigma
  - Ovary
  - Style
46. The following are characteristics of type of tooth:
- Sharp and pointed
  - Has one root
- Which tooth is described above?
- Incisor
  - Canine
  - Premolar
  - Molar
47. Which one of the following is an emotional change in adolescents?
- Growth of pubic hair
  - Enlargement of the hip bone
  - Production of sex cells
  - Change in moods
48. Cleaning of air we inhale occurs in the
- Trachea and lungs
  - Lungs and air sacs
  - Nose and trachea
  - Nose and bronchioles
49. Which one of the following parts of the digestive system absorbs water and mineral salts?
- Colon
  - Duodenum
  - Ileum
  - Rectum
50. The final stage of HIV and AIDS infection is known as
- Asymptomatic
  - Window
  - Full blown
  - Symptomatic





# HIGH FLYER SERIES TRIAL EXAMINATION STANDARD SIX – 2016 SOCIAL STUDIES & CRE

Time: 2 hours 15 minutes



**KEY**

	- TARMAC ROAD		- AIRSTRIP
	- SCRUB		- CATTLE DIP
	- GRASS		- BOREHOLE
	- HOUSES		- QUARRY
	- PERMANENT BUILDINGS		- SOCIAL HALL
	- TOWN BOUNDARY		
	- FOREST		
	- HOSPITAL		
	- COUNTY COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE		
	- POLICE STATION		

Use the map of MOKA Area to answer questions 1 – 7

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <p>1. What is the main natural vegetation found in the South-Western part of the area represented by the map?</p> <p>A. Scrub vegetation.<br/>B. Forest vegetation.</p> | <p>C. Grass vegetation.<br/>D. Papyrus vegetation.</p> <p>2. What is the direction of the National Park from Tufe market?</p> |
|---|---|

- A. South-East.                      B. South-West.  
C. North-East.                      D. North-West.
3. The airstrip in the area covered by the map is used mainly by one of the following groups of people. Which one is it?  
A. Veterinary officers.  
B. Lawyers.  
C. Tourists.  
D. Teachers.
4. Which of these economic activities is NOT being practised in the area covered by the map?  
A. Tourism.  
B. Transportation.  
C. Livestock keeping.  
D. Crop farming.
5. A thief was caught breaking into a shop in Moka town. The thief should be taken to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. The County Commissioner office.  
B. The Social hall.  
C. The Police Station.  
D. The hospital.
6. Moka town developed where it is mainly because of \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. The road network.  
B. Agricultural activities.  
C. The nearby markets.  
D. Presence of the river.
7. The elected head of the area covered by the map is likely to be \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. A County representative.  
B. The governor.  
C. The District Commissioner.  
D. The Chief.
8. One of the following countries borders the Eastern Africa region to the West. Which one is it?  
A. Egypt.  
B. Malawi.  
C. Democratic Republic of Congo.  
D. Mozambique.
9. Which of these Eastern African countries lies in the Southern hemisphere?  
A. Eritrea.                      B. Sudan.  
C. Ethiopia.                      D. Tanzania.
10. The latitude located at the most Southerly tip of eastern Africa is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. 12° S.                      B. 23½° S.  
C. 34° E.                      D. 51° E.
11. How many lines of latitude are there in total?  
A. 90.                      B. 180.  
C. 360.                      D. 45.
12. The confluence of the White Nile and the Blue Nile is at  
A. Addis Ababa.                      B. Juba.  
C. Khartoum.                      D. Ramciel.
13. Three of the following plateaus are CORRECTLY matched with the countries where they are located except one. Which one is it?  
A. Jebel Abyad Plateau – Sudan.  
B. Uasin Gishu Plateau – Ethiopia.  
C. Yatta Plateau – Kenya.  
D. Loriyu Plateau – Somalia.
14. One of the following is a flat low-lying area in Somalia. Which one is it?  
A. Luwero.                      B. Bilesha.  
C. Loita.                      D. Lokitipi.
15. The following mountains are all of volcanic origin except one. Which one is it?  
A. Mount Pare.  
B. Mount Kilimanjaro.  
C. Mount Meru.  
D. Mount Mfumbiro.
16. The following describes a lake found in Eastern Africa.  
(i) it is a fresh water lake.  
(ii) It is the source of a major river.  
(iii) It is used for transport and is a major source of fish.  
The lake described above is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Lake Nakuru.  
B. Lake Natron.  
C. Lake Victoria.  
D. Lake Manyara.
17. Which of the following is NOT part of a volcanic mountain?



(iii) He brought the Ark of Covenant to Jerusalem.

The king described above is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Joash.    B. David.  
C. Ahaz.    D. Solomon.

64. Human beings are considered as special God's creation mainly because
- A. They were created last.  
B. They were created in God's likeness.  
C. They were created on the first day of creation.  
D. They respect all God's commands.
65. When the Israelites made a golden calf in the wilderness, they broke one of the following commandments of God. Which one is it?
- A. The fourth commandment.  
B. The second commandment.  
C. The fifth commandment.  
D. The third commandment.
66. Who among the following accused Naboth falsely?
- A. Queen Vashti.  
B. Queen Sheba.  
C. Queen Jezebel.  
D. Queen Esther.
67. Who among the brothers of Joseph suggested that they should throw him in a dry well instead of killing him?
- A. Reuben.                                        B. Judah.  
C. Reuben.                                        D. Shammah.
68. Which of the following words were not used by prophet Isaiah to recognize Jesus?
- A. Prince of Peace.  
B. Wonderful Counsellor.  
C. Eternal Father.  
D. The God Shepherd.
69. The woman whose son was raised by Prophet Elijah back to life lived in \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. Shunnem.                                      B. Nain.  
C. Zarephath.                                    D. Gilgal.
70. God appeared to one of the following personalities in the form of fire. Whom is it?
- A. Abraham.                                     B. Lot.  
C. Moses.                                         D. Jacob.

71. In the prophecy of Jeremiah the New Covenant.
- A. Would only be for the Jews.  
B. Would only be for the Gentiles.  
C. Would be between God and individuals.  
D. Would be sealed through the blood of sacrificed animals.
72. The forefathers of Israel are called patriarchs. Who among the following is NOT one of them?
- A. Abraham.                                      B. Esau.  
C. Isaac.    D. David.
73. Lydia was a business woman from Philippi. She was baptised by \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. Paul.    B. Philip.  
C. James.    D. Barnabas.
74. When the disciples of Jesus received the gift of the Holy Spirit on the day of Pentecost they \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. Became cowards.  
B. Spoke in Hebrew language.  
C. Spoke in different languages.  
D. Spoke in the Greek Language.
75. When the family of Jacob came to Egypt they settled at a place called \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. Giza.     B. Goshen.  
C. Tigris.    D. Gilgal.
76. The following are traditional African names for God among Kenyan communities except one. Which one is it?
- A. Mulungu.                                      B. Asis.  
C. Enkai.    D. Nissi.
77. In the African traditional communities some people prayed under certain trees mainly because \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. Such trees attracted a lot of rain.  
B. Such trees provide shelter from rain.  
C. Such trees were considered sacred.  
D. Such trees were beautiful.
78. In both traditional African religion and Christianity
- A. People regard God as the father.  
B. Animal sacrifices are considered important.

- C. People recite the Apostles' Creed during worship.  
D. People believe that God has a son.
79. Who among the following was a prophet in the early church according to the book of Acts?  
A. Habbakuk. B. Joel.  
C. Gamaliel. D. Agabus.
80. Joseph of Cyprus was a member of the early church. He volunteered to sell one of the following possessions and brought all the money to the apostles. What was it?  
A. His house. B. His field.  
C. His livestock. D. His clothes.
81. Three of the following were involved in the distribution of funds to the widows in the early church. Who was NOT?  
A. Stephen. B. Nicanor.  
C. Simon. D. Timon.
82. Who among the following was healed after touching the cloak of Jesus?  
A. Jairus' daughter.  
B. Simon's mother-in-law.  
C. The woman who had a bleeding problem.  
D. The Samaritan woman at Jacob's well.
83. Who among the following had accompanied Jesus during the wedding in which Jesus turned water into wine?  
A. His mother.  
B. His father.  
C. His cousin.  
D. The Pharisees.
84. Which of these parables reminds Christians to make use of their God given talents?  
A. The parable of the sower.  
B. The parable of the Good Samaritan.  
C. The parable of the prodigal son.  
D. The parable of the master and the three servants.
85. "There is your son", John 19:26. In which of the following occasions did Jesus utter these words?  
A. During His arrest.  
B. During His baptism.  
C. During His crucifixion.  
D. During His transfiguration.
86. Three of the following qualities of God are learnt from the Apostles' Creed. Which one is NOT?  
A. God is the Father.  
B. God is powerful.  
C. God is the Creator.  
D. God is the Saviour.
87. Which of the following demonstrates a fruit of the Holy Spirit?  
A. Preaching the gospel.  
B. Healing the sick through prayer.  
C. Having the ability to interpret tongues.  
D. Helping the needy amongst us.
88. Breaking of the bread is also referred to as \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Baptism.  
B. Charismatic renewal.  
C. The Lord's table.  
D. Ecumenism.
89. Three of the following statements are true about the second coming of Jesus. Which one is NOT?  
A. The second coming of Jesus will be sudden.  
B. The second coming of Jesus is compared to the way a thief suddenly breaks into a house.  
C. During the second coming of Jesus, the heavens and the earth will disappear.  
D. Only the righteous people will be informed on the time Jesus will come for His second coming.
90. Your classmate in standard six is from a very rich family. He despises those from needy families. As a Christian you should advise him \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. To be courageous.  
B. To be humble.  
C. Transfer to a better school.  
D. To practise honestly.







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# HIGH FLYER TRIAL EXAM 2016

## STANDARD SIX

### MARKING SCHEME

ENGLISH	MATHS	KISWAHILI	SCIENCE	SOCIAL STUDIES		
1. B	1. B	1. B	1. A	1. A	51. A	I.R.E
2. C	2. C	2. D	2. C	2. B	52. D	1. A
3. C	3. D	3. C	3. B	3. C	53. C	2. A
4. A	4. A	4. A	4. D	4. D	54. C	3. C
5. B	5. B	5. B	5. C	5. C	55. A	4. B
6. B	6. C	6. A	6. B	6. A	56. B	5. B
7. A	7. A	7. A	7. A	7. B	57. A	6. A
8. D	8. D	8. A	8. D	8. C	58. D	7. D
9. A	9. D	9. D	9. B	9. D	59. C	8. A
10. A	10. B	10. B	10. D	10. A	60. B	9. C
11. D	11. C	11. D	11. C	11. B		10. D
12. A	12. A	12. B	12. B	12. C		11. C
13. C	13. A	13. C	13. A	13. B		12. C
14. D	14. C	14. A	14. C	14. B		13. A
15. A	15. B	15. B	15. B	15. A	<u>C.R.E</u>	14. A
16. D	16. D	16. C	16. C	16. C	61. C	15. B
17. C	17. D	17. D	17. B	17. D	62. B	16. C
18. C	18. C	18. D	18. D	18. B	63. B	17. A
19. C	19. D	19. D	19. B	19. A	64. B	18. C
20. D	20. B	20. B	20. D	20. B	65. B	19. B
21. A	21. C	21. D	21. B	21. B	66. C	20. A
22. C	22. B	22. B	22. C	22. A	67. A	21. A
23. D	23. A	23. B	23. B	23. B	68. D	22. B
24. A	24. A	24. D	24. D	24. D	69. C	23. A
25. D	25. B	25. B	25. B	25. A	70. C	24. D
26. B	26. D	26. A	26. D	26. D	71. C	25. A
27. C	27. C	27. C	27. D	27. D	72. B	26. C
28. D	28. A	28. C	28. B	28. C	73. A	27. D
29. B	29. B	29. D	29. D	29. C	74. C	28. D
30. A	30. D	30. D	30. D	30. A	75. B	29. B
31. D	31. C	31. C	31. C	31. B	76. D	30. B
32. B	32. A	32. A	32. C	32. C	77. C	
33. B	33. C	33. D	33. A	33. B	78. A	
34. C	34. D	34. D	34. A	34. A	79. D	
35. B	35. B	35. A	35. C	35. B	80. B	
36. B	36. A	36. C	36. D	36. D	81. C	
37. C	37. D	37. A	37. B	37. A	82. C	
38. D	38. B	38. D	38. C	38. C	83. A	
39. B	39. C	39. D	39. A	39. D	84. D	
40. A	40. A	40. D	40. D	40. A	85. C	
41. A	41. B	41. B	41. B	41. B	86. D	
42. D	42. D	42. C	42. C	42. D	87. D	
43. B	43. C	43. D	43. C	43. D	88. C	
44. B	44. A	44. B	44. B	44. C	89. D	
45. D	45. A	45. A	45. A	45. A	90. B	
46. C	46. C	46. C	46. B	46. A		
47. A	47. B	47. B	47. D	47. C		
48. D	48. D	48. A	48. C	48. D		
49. C	49. C	49. C	49. A	49. B		
50. B	50. A	50. C	50. C	50. C		