1. The phase of the moon shown below is

A. New moon  
B. Full moon  
C. Half moon  
D. Gibbous

2. Which of the following is the 5th colour of
the rainbow?
A. Red  
B. Violet  
C. Blue  
D. Yellow

3. Which of the following meal contains a balanced diet?
A. Tomatoes, green bananas, beans  
B. Ugali, milk, meat  
C. Sausage, ripe bananas, pineapple  
D. Rice, chapati, bread

4. Which of the following animal is 
CORRECTLY matched with how it moves.
A. Hen - flying  
B. Kangaroo - walking  
C. Snake - slithering  
D. Dog - barking

5. Which is the BEST day for winnowing?
A. Windy day  
B. Calm day  
C. Sunny day  
D. Cloudy day

6. The teeth below is used for

A. Gripping food  
B. Tearing food  
C. Gridding food  
D. Chewing food

7. Which of the following body part is used in breathing?
A. Eyes  
B. Nose  
C. Elbow  
D. Skin

8. Which of the following animal provides us with mohair only?
A. Goat  
B. Sheep  
C. Cow  
D. Pig

9. Which weed is represented by the diagram below?

A. Pigweed  
B. Oxalis  
C. Sodum apple  
D. Black jack
10. Which part of the kales is eaten by human beings?
   A. Roots
   B. Leaves
   C. Stem
   D. Flowers

11. Which of the following is a special sound?
   A. Singing
   B. Talking
   C. Ambulance siren
   D. Shouting

12. Which is the BEST way for making water safe for drinking?
   A. Boiling
   B. Warming
   C. Filtering
   D. Adding salt

13. All the following diseases can be cured EXCEPT
   A. Common cold
   B. Malaria
   C. Headache
   D. HIV AIDS

14. Which of the following is NOT a problem related to teeth?
   A. Bleeding gum
   B. Tooth cavity
   C. Dental floss
   D. Bad smell

15. Shedding of teeth starts at the age of
   A. 12 years
   B. 6 years
   C. 8 years
   D. 12 months

16. What is the tool shown below used for?

   ![Hammer]

   A. Driving in nails
   B. Weeding
   C. Shearing wool
   D. Firewood splitting

17. A clear sky appears _____ in colour.
   A. black
   B. grey
   C. blue
   D. dark grey

18. Which is the BEST soil for modelling?
   A. Sand soil
   B. Loam and clay soils
   C. Loam soil
   D. Clay soil

19. _____ is the study of weather.
   A. Astronomer
   B. Meteorologist
   C. Meteorology
   D. Weather chart

20. Which of the following is a good table manners?
   A. Eating little food at a time.
   B. Talking while eating.
   C. Swallowing food without chewing.
   D. Sitting far from the table.

21. Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of all animals.
   A. Excretion
   B. Giving birth
   C. Moving
   D. Reproducing

22. Which of the following insect spreads malaria?
   A. cockroach
   B. Housefly
   C. Flea
   D. Mosquito

23. A ________ is used to measure the body temperature.
   A. Raingauge
   B. Thermometer
   C. Windsock
   D. Dental floss
24. Which of the following is NOT part of milk teeth?
   A. Premolars
   B. Incisors
   C. Molars
   D. Canines

25. The following are recreational uses of water. Which one is NOT?
   A. Swimming
   B. Bathing
   C. Surfing
   D. Boat racing

26. Which of the following food group gives our body energy to work?
   A. Carbohydrates
   B. Vitamins
   C. Proteins
   D. Fats and water

27. The young one of a frog is known as
   A. fingerling
   B. calf
   C. lamb
   D. toad

28. Which of the following animal is herbivorous?
   A. Cat
   B. Dog
   C. Zebra
   D. Lion

29. Which of the following is NOT a requirement of good health?
   A. Security
   B. Rest
   C. Sleep
   D. Exercise

30. Removal of unwanted plants from the farm is known as
   A. harvesting
   B. irrigation
   C. uprooting
   D. weeding

31. Which of the following is a characteristic of cumulus clouds?
   A. Dark grey colour.
   B. Indicate fine weather.
   C. Found low on the sky.
   D. They are mountainous

32. _____ is the ability of the body to fight against diseases.
   A. Deficiency
   B. Acquired
   C. Immunity
   D. Immuno deficiency

33. Which of the following foods listed below consists of protective foods only?
   A. Eggs, milk, meat.
   B. Spinach, orange, kales.
   C. Arrowroots, yams, beans.
   D. Melon, Avocado, pawpaw

34. Which of the following is NOT a component of the soil?
   A. Mineral particles
   B. Human being
   C. Humus
   D. Water

35. Which of the following is NOT a source of light?
   A. Sun
   B. Moon
   C. Electricity
   D. mirror

36. Which of the following material is a sinker?
   A. Nylon paper
   B. Pebbles
   C. A leaf
   D. Feather

37. Which of the following is a reason why we maintain tools?
   A. To make them sharp.
   B. Make them last long.
   C. To get accidents.
   D. To make them rust.
38. Which of the following is a legume?
   A. Groundnut  
   B. Millet  
   C. Sorghum  
   D. Maize

39. A canine has _____ roots.
   A. two  
   B. three  
   C. one  
   D. four

40. To avoid having HIV AIDS we should do all the following EXCEPT
   A. Avoiding sharing piercing tools.  
   B. Avoid sexual intercourse.  
   C. Share the toothbrush.  
   D. We should not touch open wounds.

41. Which of the following is the odd one out?
   A. Slasher  
   B. Panga  
   C. Hoe  
   D. Handkerchief

42. The following are poultry. Which one is NOT?
   A. Duck  
   B. Hawk  
   C. Hen  
   D. Turkey

43. Which group of crop is represented by letter Q
   A. Beverage  
   B. Legumes  
   C. Cereals  
   D. Oil crop

44. Which crop is LIKELY to belong to the food group G?
   A. Cotton  
   B. Cotton  
   C. Pumpkin  
   D. Tea

45. Which food is likely to fit in P?
   A. Rice  
   B. Coffee  
   C. Yam  
   D. Maize

46. A _______ is a medical string used to remove particles between the teeth
   A. Dental carries  
   B. Toothpick  
   C. Dental floss  
   D. Denture

47. Which of the following is NOT a use of heat?
   A. Lighting a house  
   B. Cooking  
   C. Drying cereals  
   D. Warming our bodies

48. Which of the following component of the soil will make it more fertile.
   A. Living things  
   B. Mineral salts  
   C. Air  
   D. Humus

49. Which part of the fish makes it swim easily in water?
   A. Scales  
   B. Fins  
   C. Lateral lines  
   D. Eyes

50. Which of the following food will make our teeth less strong?
   A. Sugarcane  
   B. Roasted maize  
   C. Cooked bananas  
   D. Biscuits
Read the passage below. It contains blank spaces numbered 1-15. Choose the BEST answer from the choices given.

The sun _______ 1 _______ the wind always _______ 2 _______ as each boasted that he was _______ 3 _______ than the other. One day they saw a man walking _______ 4 _______ a path. He _______ 5 _______ wearing a heavy coat.

“Aha! _______ 6 _______ a man,” said the sun. “Let’s ask him to tell us who _______ 7 _______ us is stronger than the other.” _______ 8 _______ wind through the man was _______ 9 _______ to answer in favour of the sun. It was a cold day and warm sunshine was just what the man needed. “No,” said the wind. “Let us try to make the man remove his coat. _______ 10 _______ manages to make the man remove _______ 11 _______ coat is stronger one.”

They agreed and the wind _______ 12 _______ . It _______ 13 _______ and blew, but the man held on his coat. Finally the wind _______ 14 _______ it was unable to make the man remove his coat. It was now the sun’s turn. The sun shone and shone. At first it was only pleasant warmth. However, as the heat increased the man found it very _______ 15 _______ to walk with his coat on. He removed the coat.

1. A. or         B. and         C. but         D. was
2. A. quarrelled B. quarreled C. quarrel     D. quarrels
3. A. weaker    B. strong     C. stronger    D. strongest
4. A. to        B. along      C. near        D. around
5. A. is        B. were       C. are         D. was
6. A. there     B. they       C. them        D. the
7. A. among     B. or         C. between     D. but
8. A. The       B. A          C. An          D. Are
9. A. luckily   B. liked      C. likely      D. like
10. A. Whatever B. Who ever  C. Whoever    D. Whatever
11. A. his       B. her        C. he          D. he’s
12. A. start     B. started    C. starts      D. stated
13. A. blow      B. blew       C. blown       D. blowing
14. A. admit     B. admitted   C. has admitted D. will admit
15. A. easy      B. hard       C. difficult   D. slow
For questions 16 - 18, choose the CORRECT answer.

16. That boy is suffering _______ malaria and typhoid.
   A. from
   B. off
   C. of
   D. with

17. If he had visited the park, he _______ have seen the lion.
   A. will
   B. shall
   C. may
   D. would

18. The _______ cap was blown off by the wind.
   A. policeman
   B. policeman’s
   C. policemen’s
   D. police man

For questions 19-20, choose the CORRECT verb.

19. The bus has just _______. The passengers are getting off.
   (complete)
   A. stop
   B. stopped
   C. left
   D. gone

20. The gardener is _______ the hedge.
   A. trimming
   B. trimmed
   C. is trimming
   D. trim

For questions 21-23, choose the CORRECT choice.

21. We waited for guests _______ three hours.
   A. since
   B. four
   C. for
   D. at

22. They had been swimming _______ two o’clock.
   A. since
   B. for
   C. from
   D. till

23. The doctor walked _______ the dispensary.
   A. into
   B. at
   C. out
   D. round

For question 24 - 26, choose the CORRECT past tense to answer the question.

24. Mary _______ her clothes well.
   A. washed
   B. watched
   C. washes
   D. washes

25. The boys _______ the wide river.
   A. cross
   B. walked
   C. crossed
   D. crosses

26. The scouts _______ past the tall trees.
   A. walk
   B. walked
   C. walks
   D. goes

For question 27 - 28 choose the CORRECT adjective.

27. My neighbour is a _______ man.
   A. friend
   B. friendship
   C. friendly
   D. friendly

28. Lamu is _______ away from Nakuru than Machakos.
   A. fur
   B. far
   C. farther
   D. father

For question 29 - 30, choose the CORRECTLY spelt word.

29. A. Journey
    B. Jorney
    C. Journy
    D. Jowney

30. A. Vehicle
    B. Vehical
    C. Vehcle
    D. Vihcle
Read the passage below and use it to answer questions 31 to 40.

It is important for people who are neighbours to live as friends. This is because in time of troubles they can come together and help each other. If they are attacked, they can fight the enemy together and defend themselves. When communities live as friends they buy and sell goods to one another.

Some communities grow crops while others keep animals. If the community that grows crops needs meat and milk, it buys the items from the community that keeps animals. The community that keeps animals buys grains and vegetables from the ones that grow crops. The community can buy grains such as maize, millets, sorghum and rice. It can also buy vegetables such as cabbage, sukuma wiki (kales), spinach and many others. Without other people, a trader cannot make any money. Again without traders, people cannot get their basic needs.

In our area people depend on one another in many different ways. For example, sick people go to doctors and nurses to give them medicine. Without doctors many people would die. In school, pupils need teachers to teach them. Without a teacher, pupils cannot learn many things. Without pupils, teachers would not have a job.

31. According to the passage should live as friends.
   A. enemies
   B. neighbours
   C. family
   D. children

32. In times of trouble, who come together to help each other?
   A. Family
   B. Teachers
   C. Neighbours
   D. Thieves.

33. When communities live as friends they
   A. steal from one another.
   B. buy and sell to one another.
   C. fight one another.
   D. don’t talk.

34. A person who grows crops is known as
   A. farmer
   B. teacher
   C. doctor
   D. shopkeeper

35. The communities that grow crops needs and from those that keeps animals.
   A. meat and milk
   B. meat and vegetables
   C. milk and spinach
   D. kales and spinach

36. A person who treats sick people is called
   A. nurse
   B. teacher
   C. doctor
   D. farmer

37. Who can fight enemies together?
   A. Neighbours.
   B. Pupils.
   C. Family
   D. Parents

38. Cabbage, kales and spinach in one name are called
   A. fruits
   B. kales
   C. grains
   D. vegetables

39. Person who sell goods in the market is called
   A. vender
   B. trader
   C. buyer
   D. market

40. What is the BEST title for the passage?
   A. Neighbours
   B. Family
   C. Friends
   D. Enemies

Read the passage below and use it to answer questions 41 to 50.

Once upon a time, a young girl named Fadhila lived in a tiny village on the coast of Kenya. Fadhila had a special talent for picking the most marvelous fruits. Whenever Fadhila picked an orange, it was the juiciest orange; whenever she picked a banana, it was richer and denser than anyone else’s bananas. This was true of every fruit she picked.

The people of Fadhila’s village wondered how she found such delicious fruit, but nobody asked her to reveal her secret. It was understood that everyone has a skill, a special talent, and this was Fadhila’s. And then one day, as Fadhila was walking past Spider’s house, he called out to her. You see, Spider was terribly lazy. He didn’t like to work for himself, and he had heard tales of Fadhila’s fruits. Spider had a special talent, too. He was a trickster, and this time he thought he could trick Fadhila into sharing her talents with him.
And so, using his sweetest voice, he called out, "Fadhila, good day to you. How are you feeling this
beautiful morning?"
"I'm well," Fadhila answered, and she smiled, but right away she thought Spider must be up to something.
"What about you, Spider? Are you feeling well?"
"Ah," Spider sighed, "well, yes ... but I am very hungry. I wonder if I might accompany you into the
bush to find some food."

Fadhila thought a moment, and she looked Spider up and down. "You know, I am sure, no one
has ever come with me."
"Ah, yes," Spider said cheerfully, "I do know that. And I would consider it a special honor to be the first
one to be your companion in the lonely bush."
"Well," Fadhila said, eyeing him carefully, "if you come along, you must promise you won't tell anyone
my secrets."
"Of course!" Spider said. He smiled.

On they walked, Fadhila leading the way down into parts of the bush where few people ventured.
Spider clicked his heels with happiness, for he knew he was about to find the special place in the bush,
the place that held Fadhila's secrets. And if he discovered this, he would never again have to work too
hard for food. He could offer his secret to anyone who would go into the bush for him. "Oh, yes!"
Spider said, and he followed Fadhila along the path, still deeper into the bush. And when they had
reached a tree so deep in the bush that no one had ever seen it, Fadhila said, "Here, this is a very special
tree. Deep inside is a hive with the world's best honey."

Spider's eyes grew wide and his greed greater, and once again, he shoved Fadhila into the
bushes. He climbed the tree and when he found the little hole, he squeezed himself inside, and once
again, he began to eat and eat and eat, and once again, he saved nothing for anyone else. And once
again, he did not say thank you.

---

41. According to the passage where did Fadhila come from?
A. At the Coast of Kenya.
B. At the Coast of Lake Victoria.
C. On the highlands.
D. At the town.

42. Fadhila had a special talent of
A. picking marvelous fruits.
B. picking bitter fruits.
C. tricking friends.
D. walking to the forest.

43. How many fruits are mentioned in the first paragraph?
A. 5
B. 6
C. 3
D. 10

44. Why did the people of Fadhila's village not ask her about her talent?
A. They did not know her.
B. They were shy.
C. They knew everybody has a talent.
D. They were not bothered.

45. Who called out Fadhila when she was walking?
A. Friend
B. Spider
C. Enemy
D. Nobody

46. Who lead the way to the forest?
A. Nobody
B. Spider
C. Fadhila
D. Villagers

47. According to the passage Spider had a special talent. He was
A. kind
B. a trickster
C. a singer
D. generous

48. What is the opposite of Kind?
A. Unkind
B. Dishonest
C. Humble
D. Selfish

49. Where did they find the honey?
A. In the forest.
B. On a hill.
C. On a tree.
D. In a hole.

50. What would be the BEST title of the passage?
A. Fadhila's special talents.
B. Spider's greed
C. The villagers
D. Special fruits
STANDARD FOUR 2016

MATHEMATICS

1. Which one of the following numbers is seventy thousand, seven hundred and seven?
   A. 70 707    B. 70 077
   C. 77 707    D. 700 707

2. What is the place value of digit 5 in 50 836?
   A. Ones      B. Tens
   C. Thousands D. Ten thousands

3. Work out the following:
   30 105 + 6 899 + 564 =
   A. 47 568    B. 37 568
   C. 36 558    D. 38 658

4. What is the total value of 7 in 67 408?
   A. 700      B. 70 000
   C. 7 000    D. 70

5. Subtract nine thousand, nine hundred and ninety-nine from ten thousand.
   A. 10      B. 1
   C. 100     D. 1 000

6. What fraction is shaded in the figure below?
   A. \(\frac{5}{8}\)    B. \(\frac{1}{2}\)
   C. \(\frac{4}{9}\)    D. \(\frac{3}{8}\)

7. Find the product of the next two numbers in the pattern below.
   96, 48, 24, 12, ______, ______
   A. 54       B. 15
   C. 45       D. 18

8. Work out
   \[1 - \frac{5}{7} =\]
   A. \(\frac{2}{7}\)    B. \(1\frac{5}{7}\)
   C. \(\frac{1}{7}\)    D. \(\frac{3}{7}\)

9. Find the perimeter of the following square whose side is 11cm.
   A. 22cm    B. 33cm
   C. 44cm    D. 121cm

10. What is the place value of digit 9 in 32.49?
    A. Ones    B. Hundredths
    C. Tenths  D. Tens

11. Which one of the following numbers is divisible by 2, 5 and 10?
    A. 435     B. 282
    C. 569     D. 300

Study the attendance table below and answer questions 12 to 14

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Day</th>
<th>Mon</th>
<th>Tue</th>
<th>Wed</th>
<th>Thu</th>
<th>Fri</th>
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<tr>
<td>Boys</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>309</td>
<td>270</td>
<td>280</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Girls</td>
<td>280</td>
<td>301</td>
<td>295</td>
<td>302</td>
<td>310</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12. Find the total number of boys who attended the school that week
    A. 1409    B. 1488
    C. 1309    D. 1509

13. Find the number of pupils who attended school on Tuesday?
    A. 611<br>762<br>760
    B. 611<br>611<br>610

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14. How many more girls than boys attended school on that week?
   A. 1488     B. 2897
   C. 179      D. 79

15. Ole Lenku had 6854 cows, 8453 goats and 3724 goats. How many animals did he have altogether?
   A. 18021    B. 19031
   C. 20031    D. 19021

16. How many triangles can you see in the figure below?
   A. 7
   B. 8
   C. 5
   D. 4

17. Five tailors had a piece of material measuring 360 metres 70cm. They shared the material equally among themselves. How much material did each one of them get?
   A. 72m 14cm
   B. 14m 72cm
   C. 70m 44cm
   D. 27m 24cm

18. Multiply 84 by 32
   A. 2578     B. 2688
   C. 2866     D. 3688

19. Mariamu started washing clothes at the time shown below. She took 1½ hours to complete her washing. What time did she finish washing?
   A. Half past eleven o'clock
   B. Quarter past 12 o'clock
   C. Half past 12 o'clock
   D. Quarter to 12 o'clock

20. In Manyanga town there are 4020 children, 1934 women and 1816 men. How many more children than adult are in that town?
   A. 2086    B. 2204
   C. 270     D. 3750

21. A family uses 3 litres of milk in a day. How many litres of milk did the family use in the month of May?
   A. 93 litres
   B. 90 litres
   C. 110 litres
   D. 60 litres

22. Work out the following
   $\frac{M}{cm} = \frac{78}{96}$
   $\times \quad 5$
   A. 390m 480cm
   B. 394m 80cm
   C. 391m 80cm
   D. 438m 0cm

23. Find the area of the figure shown below.
   A. 68cm$^2$     B. 285cm$^2$
   C. 285cm$^2$    D. 385cm$^2$

24. Which one of the following fractions equivalent to $\frac{2}{3}$?
   A. $\frac{4}{9}$     B. $\frac{8}{16}$
   C. $\frac{4}{8}$     D. $\frac{4}{6}$

25. How many bottles each holding $\frac{1}{4}$ litre can be filled from a container holding 12½ litres?
   A. 56 bottles     B. 58 bottles
   C. 3 bottles      D. 50 bottles
26. Which one of the following angles is an acute angle?

A.  

B.  

C.  

D.  

27. Kibe bought 11 ½kg of sugar. He gave away 3½ kg. How much sugar was he left with?
A. 8½kg  
B. 7¼kg  
C. 8¾kg  
D. 14½kg

28. Work out the volume of the cuboid shown below.

![Cuboid Diagram]

A. 189cm²  
B. 19cm³  
C. 107cm³  
D. 189cm³

29. How many days are there in the months of January, September and December?
A. 91 days  
B. 92 days  
C. 90 days  
D. 89 days

30. Add the following 123 + 21.7 + 0.03 =
A. 144.73  
B. 433.73  
C. 145.07  
D. 244.73

31. Murimi bought a bag of maize for sh. 1830 and sold it for sh. 2060. How much profit did he make?
A. Sh.3890  
B. Sh.1890  
C. Sh.230  
D. Sh.330

32. I think of a number if I multiply it by 9 the answer is 117. What number is it?
A. 17  
B. 13  
C. 11  
D. 18

33. Wairimu bought a packet of milk and a loaf of bread. She gave the shopkeeper sh. 200. How much balance did she get back?
A. Sh. 140.50cts  
B. Sh. 59.50cts  
C. Sh. 159.50cts  
D. Sh. 160.50cts

34. Mama Joy bought a half kg of sugar, a loaf of bread and a packet of milk. How much money did she pay for the items?
A. Shs. 358 50cts  
B. Shs. 349 50cts  
C. Shs. 149 50cts  
D. Shs. 249 50cts

35. How much more is the bar of soap more than the loaf of bread?
A. Shs.72.50cts  
B. Shs.217.50cts  
C. Shs.172.50cts  
D. Shs.72 00cts

36. One shirt takes 25 minutes to dry on the sun. How many minutes will it take three such shirts?
A. 75 minutes  
B. 25 minutes  
C. 28 minutes  
D. 30 minutes

37. What time is shown by the clock face below?

![Clock Face]

A. Ten minutes to 11 o'clock  
B. Quarter past 11 o'clock  
C. Five minutes to 10 o'clock  
D. Twenty minutes to 11 o'clock
38. The area of a rectangle is 126 cm². Find its width if its length is 14 cm.
   A. 19 cm  
   B. 7 cm  
   C. 15 cm  
   D. 9 cm

39. Add $2x + 3y + x + 2y$ =
   A. $5x + 5y$  
   B. $4x + 5y$  
   C. $3x + 5y$  
   D. $7xy$

40. When you add an odd number to an odd number what do you get?
   A. Odd number  
   B. Even number  
   C. Prime number  
   D. Zero

41. Subtract
   
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weeks</th>
<th>Days</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-6</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   A. 1 week 4 days  
   B. 1 week 7 days  
   C. 2 weeks 4 days  
   D. 1 week 6 days

42. Which number comes before 10,000
   A. 99,999  
   B. 9,099  
   C. 9,999  
   D. 999

43. How many rectangles can you count in the diagram drawn below?

   A. 5  
   B. 4  
   C. 6  
   D. 9

44. Work out the following $3 \times 7 \times 0$ =
   A. 21  
   B. 0  
   C. 10  
   D. 20

45. Write the following fraction as a decimal $\frac{5}{100}$
   A. 0.05  
   B. 0.5  
   C. 0.005  
   D. 5.01

46. One crate of tomatoes contains 36 pieces. How many crates are needed to have 108 pieces?
   A. 144  
   B. 6  
   C. 3  
   D. 4

The graph below shows different types of foods liked by pupils of Jivunie primary school. Use it to answer questions 48 to 50

47. Which food is liked by MOST pupils?
   A. Pilau  
   B. Chips  
   C. Ugali  
   D. Chapati

48. How many more pupils like pilau than chapati?
   A. 30  
   B. 120  
   C. 90  
   D. 20

49. Which food is LEAST liked by pupils?
   A. Chips  
   B. Ugali  
   C. Chapati  
   D. Pilau

50. How many pupils like chips and chapati altogether?
   A. 250  
   B. 180  
   C. 210  
   D. 220
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mfanyi biashara</th>
<th>Tajiri alikuwa anataka kusafiri kutoka</th>
<th>Moja na kwenda nchi</th>
<th>Pili</th>
<th>Alikuwa anataka kuchukua vitu kuviuza nchi</th>
<th>Kumi</th>
<th>Nyingine. Pia</th>
<th>Kununua</th>
<th>Kutoka nchi hiyo ili aiuse</th>
<th>Kumi kwao. Akachukua watumishi</th>
<th>Kumi</th>
<th>Kazi</th>
<th>Safarini ilikuwa ni kubebe mizigo</th>
<th>Vyakula</th>
<th>Safarini watu hubebe</th>
<th>Ndani</th>
<th>Kuna vitu</th>
<th>Mfano</th>
<th>Vitu hivyo ni</th>
<th>Wa meno</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. A. moja</td>
<td>B. mmoja</td>
<td>C. kimoja</td>
<td>D. wamoja</td>
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<td>2. A. nchi</td>
<td>B. inchi</td>
<td>C. wanchi</td>
<td>D. waanainchi</td>
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<td>3. A. za</td>
<td>B. la</td>
<td>C. ya</td>
<td>D. pa</td>
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<td>4. A. ile</td>
<td>B. hii</td>
<td>C. hio</td>
<td>D. hiyo</td>
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<td>5. A. alitaka</td>
<td>B. walitaka</td>
<td>C. akitaka</td>
<td>D. wakitaka</td>
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<td>6. A. thahabu</td>
<td>B. dhahabu</td>
<td>C. dhabu</td>
<td>D. adabu</td>
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<td>7. A. uko</td>
<td>B. huko</td>
<td>C. huku</td>
<td>D. guku</td>
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<td>8. A. wake</td>
<td>B. yake</td>
<td>C. ake</td>
<td>D. wao</td>
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<td>9. A. ao</td>
<td>B. yao</td>
<td>C. mwaao</td>
<td>D. ya</td>
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<td>10. A. cha</td>
<td>B. vya</td>
<td>C. za</td>
<td>D. na</td>
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<td>11. A. gunia</td>
<td>B. mafiga</td>
<td>C. mikoba</td>
<td>D. kuni</td>
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<td>12. A. zake</td>
<td>B. chake</td>
<td>C. pake</td>
<td>D. yake</td>
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<td>13. A. nyingi</td>
<td>B. mingi</td>
<td>C. vingi</td>
<td>D. mengi</td>
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<td>14. A. za</td>
<td>B. wa</td>
<td>C. na</td>
<td>D. cha</td>
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<td>15. A. mswaki</td>
<td>B. muswaki</td>
<td>C. miswaki</td>
<td>D. msaki</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
25. Sehemu iliypakwa rangi ni

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A. nusu</th>
<th>B. robo</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C. thuluthi</td>
<td>D. subui</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

26. Sikukuu ya mashujaa husherukewa mwezi wa

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A. Mei</th>
<th>B. Juni</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C. Desemba</td>
<td>D. Octoba</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

27. Paka akiondoka panya hutawala ni tamathali gani?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A. msemo</th>
<th>B. tashbihi</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C. methali</td>
<td>D. nahau</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

28. Ni gani baadhi ya majina haya si mdudu?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A. nzi</th>
<th>B. funza</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C. panzi</td>
<td>D. kibatari</td>
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</table>

29. Mtoto wa kike wa mama yako ni nani?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A. Dada</th>
<th>B. Mpwa</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C. Kaka</td>
<td>D. Somo</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

30. Tunatumia kui kunia nazi.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A. mbuni</th>
<th>B. kisu</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C. mbuzi</td>
<td>D. fuawe</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Chagua jibu lifaalo kujaza pengo kulingana na maagizo

16. Andika tarakimu kwa nambari:
   Elfu tisini na moja mia moja kumi na moja.
   A. 61 100   B. 91 100
   C. 91 111   D. 91 011

17. Tedi na bibo walipenda kama
   A. dhiki na faraja.
   B. usiku na mchana.
   C. chanda na pete.
   D. pua na mdomo.

18. Mtu kiguu na njia ni
   A. mgeni   B. mtembezi
   C. mkiambiaji   D. mwenda wazimu

19. Mtoto wa paka anaitwa kinyaunyau, wa mbwa ni kelbu. Je mtoto wa kuku anaitwaje?
   A. Kifaranga   B. Kinda
   C. Shibli   D. Kiyoyo

20. Kamilisha methali:
    Haba na haba hujaza
    A. ukufi   B. kibaba
    C. nyumba   D. tumbo

21. Andika kwa wingi:
    Chandarua changu kimetoboka
    A. Viandarua vyangu vimetoboka.
    B. Vyandarua vyangu vimetoboka.
    C. Vyandarua chetu kimetoboka.
    D. Vyandarua vyetu vimetoboka.

22. Mtu asiyeukuwa na meno hutwaje?
    A. kiwetu   B. kigugumizi
    C. kithembe   D. kibogoyo

23. Andika kinyume cha “fumba” ni
    A. fumbua   B. fumbuza
    C. fumbuo   D. ufumbo

24. Kamilisha kitendawili:
    Huku ng’o na kule ng’o.
    A. Mwangaza   B. Giza
    C. Mbingu   D. Kukataa
**Soma kifungu kisha ujibu swali la 31 – 40**


Siku moja wanafunzi walikataa kumpa Kirema chakula. Aliponaa hakupewa kitu, alikimbia na kwenda mpaka kwa mwaliimu mkuu.

“Nimenyimwa chakula mwaliimu,” alishtaki.


---

**31. Mtuvu ni**
- A. asiyeenda kula.
- B. anayeenda kula.
- C. asiyeenda kufanya kazi.
- D. anayeenda kufanya kazi.

**32. Hali ya kuwa mtuvu inaitwa**
- A. furaha
- B. umaskini
- C. ujinga
- D. uuvuvi

**33. Mtu anapomwita mwenzake “mtuvu” huwa**
- A. anampongeza
- B. anamtuza
- C. anamcheka
- D. anampenda

**34. Shamba lililotajwa katika ufahamu huu ni la nani?**
- A. Shule
- B. Kilema
- C. Mtuvu
- D. Mwaliimu mkuu

**35. Nkondi ni**
- A. kanisa ya Kirema.
- B. shule ya Kirema.
- C. shamba la Kirema.
- D. hatujaambiwa.

**36. Shamba la shule ya Kirema lililimwa na**
- A. waliimu
- B. waaza
- C. wanafunzi
- D. mwaliimu mkuu

**37. Neno jingine lenye maana na shamba ni**
- A. bonde
- B. kulima
- C. kande
- D. konde

**38. Kiongozi wa wanafunzi shuleni huitwa**
- A. naibu
- B. kiranja
- C. kiongozi
- D. kiganja

**39. Mtuvu huwa hawezi**
- A. kula pamoja na mengine
- B. Kushiba chakula
- C. kuketi
- D. kufanya kazi

**40. Kisa kinachofia habari hii ni**
- A. uuvu
- B. mwekevu
- C. mwaliimu mkuu
- D. wanafunzi
**Soma kifungu kifuatacho kisha ujibu maswali 41 – 50**


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>41.</th>
<th>Neno jingne la uki ni</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A. jana</td>
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<td>B. juzi</td>
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<td>C. asali</td>
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<td>D. pombe</td>
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<tr>
<th>42.</th>
<th>Makazi ya nyuki ni</th>
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<td>A. masega</td>
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<td>B. mzinga</td>
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<td>D. zizi</td>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>43.</th>
<th>Mtoto wa binadamu huitwa mwana. Je, mtoto wa nyuki huitwa je?</th>
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<td>A. Jana</td>
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<td>B. Kiwavi</td>
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<td>D. Malkia</td>
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<tr>
<th>44.</th>
<th>Nyuki wote huwa na</th>
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<td>A. kazi fulani</td>
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<td>B. asali nyangi</td>
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<td>C. maji mengi</td>
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<td>D. akili nyangi</td>
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<th>45.</th>
<th>Nyuki hufugwa katika nyumbani na</th>
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<td>A. kanisani</td>
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<td>B. sokoni</td>
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<td>C. shuleni</td>
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<td>D. mwambani</td>
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<tr>
<th>46.</th>
<th>Anayelindwa na nyuki katika mzinga huitwa je?</th>
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<td>A. mfalme</td>
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<td>B. Askari</td>
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<td>C. Jana</td>
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<td>D. Malkia</td>
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<tr>
<th>47.</th>
<th>Nyumba ya ng’ombe huitwa</th>
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<td>A. zizi</td>
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<td>B. mwamba</td>
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<td>C. nyumbani</td>
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<td>D. makazi</td>
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<tr>
<th>48.</th>
<th>Ufahamu huu unatufundisha tuwe watu</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>A. wasiojali maisha.</td>
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<td>B. wanaojali maisha ya nyuki.</td>
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<td>C. wakora</td>
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<td>D. umoja</td>
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<tr>
<th>49.</th>
<th>Ni gani si faida ya uki?</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A. Chakula</td>
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<td>B. Kutengeneza pombe</td>
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<td>C. Dawa</td>
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<td>D. Uganga</td>
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<tr>
<th>50.</th>
<th>Kichwa kizuri cha ufahamu huu ni:</th>
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<td>A. Jana</td>
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<td>B. Masega</td>
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<td>C. Nyuki</td>
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<td>D. Asali</td>
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STANDARD FOUR 2016

SOCIAL STUDIES & RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

PART I: SOCIAL STUDIES

Time: 2hrs 15mins

KEY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Railway</td>
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<tr>
<td>Forest</td>
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<td>Coffee</td>
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<td>Tea</td>
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<tr>
<td>Airstrip</td>
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<td>Game park</td>
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<tr>
<td>Forest</td>
<td>Maize</td>
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<tr>
<td>Coffee</td>
<td>G.O. Governor's office</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tea</td>
<td>P.S. Police station</td>
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<tr>
<td>Airstrip</td>
<td>SCH School</td>
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Website: www.jesmapublishers.com    E-mail: jesmapublishers@yahoo.com
006 © Jesma Publishers & Education Boosters Ltd. Tel: 0202217088/020654346/0701545759/0734207811 TURN OVER
1. River Sori flows from
   A. NE to SW   B. SW to NE
   C. NE to S   D. SE to NW

2. The food crop grown in Sori county is
   A. tea   B. coffee
   C. bananas   D. maize

3. The airstrip in Sori County is LIKELY to transport
   A. maize   B. tourists
   C. stones   D. goods

4. Who is the head of Sori County?
   A. Governor   B. D.C
   C. P.S   D. Chief

5. Law and order is maintained in Sori County by
   A. chief   B. police
   C. teachers   D. tourist

6. What is the direction of the quarry from the school?
   A. SW   B. NW
   C. SE   D. NE

7. Which of the following economic activity is not practised in Sori?
   A. Tourism   B. Mining
   C. Trading   D. Fishing

8. Which of the following is NOT a traditional method of communication?
   A. Radio   B. Drum
   C. Messengers   D. Horn blowing

9. Our country is divided into _____ counties
   A. 290   B. 12
   C. 49   D. 47

10. Growing of crops and keeping of livestock is known as
    A. agro forestry   B. agriculture
    C. mining   D. beef farming

11. All the following methods were used to educate boys and girls in the olden days EXCEPT
    A. songs   B. riddles
    C. reading   D. stories

12. Which of the following is a cash crop?
    A. Tea   B. Banana
    C. Maize   D. Sorghum

13. The following are major groups EXCEPT
    A. Bantu   B. Nilotes
    C. Cushites   D. Asians

14. Among the following, which one is NOT a basic need?
    A. Food   B. Shelter
    C. Education   D. Clothing

15. A river that has water throughout the year is said to be
    A. seasonal   B. permanent
    C. a tributary   D. a stream

16. The weather instrument below is known as
    A. windvane   B. rain gauge
    C. anemometer   D. windsock

17. The MOST common means of transport in our county is by
    A. road   B. railway
    C. water   D. air

18. The traditional house below belongs to the community
    A. Maasai   B. Akamba
    C. Mijikenda   D. Agikuyu
19. Acacia and baobab are type of vegetation found in
   A. mountain   B. savanna
   C. desert     D. mangrove

20. A group of people who trace their origin to one ancestor make up a
   A. community   B. school
   C. clan        D. society

21. Which of the following is NOT a physical feature?
   A. Mountain    B. Trees
   C. River       D. Plain

22. Population census in Kenya is carried out after ____ years
   A. 3
   B. 7
   C. 10
   D. 5

23. Which of the following method of keeping meat for a long time was NOT used in the past?
   A. Sun-drying    B. Smoking
   C. Salting      D. Canning

24. The Bantu are believed to have originated from
   A. Horn of Africa   B. South Sudan
   C. Congo forest    D. Mt. Kenya

25. The height above the sea level is known as
   A. altitude       B. longitude
   C. plateaus      D. latitude

26. A woman who helps mother to give birth is called
   A. mid-wife     B. doctor
   C. herbalist   D. medicineman

27. A school is headed by the
   A. chief       B. headteacher
   C. headboy    D. class teacher

28. Mashujaa Day in Kenya is celebrated on
   A. 1st January
   B. 12th December
   C. 25th December
   D. 20th October

29. The factory where milk is processed is called
   A. brewery     B. ginnery
   C. creamery    D. dairy

30. The capital city of Kenya is in
   A. Kisumu      B. Nairobi
   C. Mombasa     D. Nyeri

31. In our county, which is the main source of rivers?
   A. Plains      B. Dams
   C. Valleys     D. Forests

32. Turkey, geese and chicken are all called
   A. poultry     B. beef
   C. dairy       D. wild

33. People who live in cool and wet areas wear ____ clothes
   A. black       B. light
   C. heavy       D. jackets

34. ____ people move from place to place in search of pasture for their livestock.
   A. Nomads      B. Farmers
   C. Raiders     D. Hunters

35. Which is the staple food for MOST communities?
   A. Tea         B. Bananas
   C. Wheat      D. Maize

36. All the following items were made by blacksmith. Which one was NOT?
   A. Arrowheads  B. Pot
   C. Spearhead   D. Knives

37. A valuable rock dug from the ground is called
   A. stone       B. rock
   C. mineral     D. salt

38. Throwing waste into a river, lake or land causes
   A. pollution  B. flooding
   C. drought    D. clean water

39. In the olden days, which of the following was NOT used to do trade?
   A. Beads      B. Bangles
   C. Shells     D. Money

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40. The flag of Kenya has ___ colour at the top.
   A. white          B. black
   C. green          D. red

41. Chicken which are kept for meat are called
   A. broilers       B. layers
   C. hens           D. chicks

42. An area where few people have settled is said to be ___ populated.
   A. moderately     B. sparsely
   C. highly         D. densely

43. Who among the following call their God Asis?
   A. Luo            B. Maasai
   C. Nandi          D. Agikuyu

44. Who is the head of a county?
   A. Senator        B. Chief
   C. D.C            D. Governor

45. The exchange of goods for goods is known as ___ trade.
   A. trade          B. selling
   C. barter         D. money

46. The compass pointer always points to the ___
   A. north          B. south
   C. east           D. west

47. A long period of heavy rainfall in our county leads to
   A. swamps         B. floods
   C. drought        D. famine

48. ___ are laws that govern a given society.
   A. Moral laws     B. Commandments
   C. Sheria law    D. Traditions

49. A land surrounded by water is called
   A. lake           B. island
   C. highland       D. crater

50. Kemmie who walks to school everyday should always walk on the ___ hand side of the road.
   A. right          B. light
   C. left           D. north

51. People who visit our county for leisure are called
   A. traders        B. foreigners
   C. tourists       D. visitors

52. Who among the following keeps law and order in our county?
   A. Watchmen       B. Police
   C. Army           D. Teachers

53. Many locations make up a ___
   A. county         B. district
   C. sub-location   D. division

54. A family that is made up of step-mother, step-sisters and step-brothers is said to be
   A. polygamous     B. single parent
   C. nuclear        D. extended

55. A thief caught stealing from a shop should
   A. be stoned to death
   B. taken to church
   C. taken to a police station
   D. be forgiven

56. Papyrus reeds can be used to make
   A. pots           B. baskets
   C. knives         D. gourds

57. A member of parliament represents a ___
   A. county         B. ward
   C. constituency   D. district

58. A school is an example of
   A. community      B. clan
   C. tribe          D. group

59. Most of the road accidents are caused by
   A. bad vehicles   B. poor roads
   C. careless drivers D. overspeeding

60. Which of the following is not a child right?
   A. Right to education
   B. Right to life
   C. Right to food
   D. Right to marry
PART II: RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

PART II: SECTION A

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. When was man created according to the creation story? _______ day
   A. 1st
   B. 3rd
   C. 5th
   D. 6th

62. The children of Israel were slaves in
   A. Canaan
   B. Egypt
   C. Sinai
   D. Moriah

63. The father of David was called
   A. Jesse
   B. Abraham
   C. Isaac
   D. Saul

64. The first passover celebration was held in
   A. the wilderness
   B. Canaan
   C. Egypt
   D. River Jordan

65. Who among the following made a wrong choice?
   A. Abraham
   B. Moses
   C. Ruth
   D. Ananias

66. Which of the following is NOT a talent?
   A. Singing
   B. Stealing
   C. Preaching
   D. Praying

67. Honouring your parent is a God given commandment with a
   A. promise
   B. faith
   C. curse
   D. blessing

68. Moses received the God’s ten commandments on Mount
   A. Moriah
   B. Olives
   C. Sinai
   D. Kenya

69. Jesus taught His disciples
   A. The grace
   B. Lord’s prayer
   C. Ten commandments
   D. Apostle’s creed

70. The name Emmanuel means
   A. saviour
   B. Jesus
   C. son of man
   D. God with us

71. Kiplimo Nicholas a standard four boy is lazy and does not want to do his work. What advice can you give him as a Christian?
   A. Tell him it is okay not to do.
   B. Do the work for him.
   C. Encourage him to do his own work.
   D. Ask him to copy from others.

72. Which of the following is the BEST way a Christian can spend free time?
   A. Visiting friends.
   B. Reading a story book
   C. Watching a film
   D. Visiting a children’s home

73. Zechariah the father of John the baptist was a
   A. priest
   B. farmer
   C. carpenter
   D. tax collector

74. Which of the following actions does NOT lead to the spread of HIV/AIDS?
   A. Donating blood
   B. Sharing injection needles
   C. Sexual immorality
   D. Shaking hands

75. Who among the following was raised from the dead?
   A. Peter
   B. Lazarus
   C. Moses
   D. Herod
76. During the flood, who was saved together with his family?
   A. Moses    B. Adam
   C. Noah     D. Abraham

77. I was sold by my brothers because of envy to be a slave in Egypt. My name is
   A. David
   B. Joseph
   C. Esther
   D. Jesus

78. In the olden days children were expected to
   A. obey elders
   B. drink alcohol
   C. marry their cousins
   D. go to church

79. ______ brought gifts to baby Jesus.
   A. Angels
   B. Shepherds
   C. Herod
   D. Wisemen

80. ______ denied Jesus three times
   A. James
   B. John
   C. Peter
   D. Paul

81. Jesus chose ______ disciples to help Him preach the gospel.
   A. 10
   B. 12
   C. 7
   D. 4

82. Who broke the commandment ‘Do not kill’?
   A. Cain
   B. Abel
   C. Noah
   D. Peter

83. The parable of the good Samaritan teaches us to
   A. travel
   B. help those in need
   C. avoid accident
   D. not travel at night

84. The sister of Moses was called
   A. Dorothy
   B. Olpha
   C. Miriam
   D. Rebecca

85. In olden days our forefathers worshipped in
   A. church
   B. temple
   C. mosque
   D. shrines

86. Peter the disciple was later referred to as the
   A. rock
   B. saviour
   C. vine
   D. greatest

87. Jesus washed the feet of the disciples to show
   A. pride
   B. kindness
   C. humility
   D. love

88. We celebrate the birth of Jesus during
   A. Good Friday
   B. Labour day
   C. Mashujaa day
   D. Christmas

89. Who among the following was thrown into a den of lions for kneeling and praying to God?
   A. Moses
   B. Daniel
   C. Barnabas
   D. Meshack

90. The main lesson Christians learn from the healing of the man with the demons is that Jesus
   A. forgives sins
   B. has power over evil
   C. demons are bad
   D. has power over nature
61. Things that happened in the year when the prophet was born are recorded in surah
A. Quraysh  B. Lahab
C. Kaafirun  D. Fiyl

62. Surah Ikhlas emphasizes on the _____ of Allah.
A. protection  B. oneness
C. mercy  D. power

63. The people mentioned in surah Lahab are Abulahhab and his
A. wife  B. uncle
C. brother  D. close friend

64. The word “Al-fatiha” means
A. seven years  B. mother of Qur’an
C. opening chapter  D. a dua

65. The holy Qur’an was first revealed to prophet Muhammad
A. on Mount Nur  B. on Mount Swafa
C. in cave Thaur  D. in cave Hira

66. Which advice among the following requires Muslims to be kind?
A. Love other Muslims as brothers.
B. Treat creatures of Allah well.
C. Tell truth when you speak.
D. Respect your parents

67. When you avoid _____, you have broken the whole religion of Islam.
A. swalih  B. swaum
C. a mosque  D. zakkat

68. “Heavy najis” is a kind of najis that you should wash
A. the whole body  B. everyday
C. seven times  D. using fine sand

69. The two prophets mentioned in “Tashahud” in salaat are Muhammad and _____ (A.S)
A. Musa  B. Ibrahim
C. Adam  D. Issa

70. Which one among the following is NOT a condition of a prayer?
A. face Qibla  B. be clean
C. know time of a prayer  D. pray in the mosque

71. We can use fine sand to make temporary ablution when there is no water. This is called
A. twahara  B. ghusul
C. tayammum  D. istinjaa

72. Which one is NOT among group of things we should give out as zakkat?
A. Fruits and vegetables  B. Money, gold and silver
C. Animals  D. House equipment

73. From which attribute of Allah do we get “the Islamic greetings”?
A. As-Salaam  B. Al-Mu’umin
C. Al-Rahmaan  D. Al-Azeez

74. All attributes of Allah are _____ in total.
A. 21  B. 125
C. 63  D. 99

75. The prophet asked Muslims to work very hard to avoid _____ in Islam.
A. hypocrisy  B. begging
C. liars  D. boredom
76. The Qureish Arabs liked all the following games. Which one is haram and Muslims should avoid?
   A. Wrestling  B. Swimming  C. Gambling  D. Spear throwing

77. The biggest gift that Allah gave the prophet on Isra’ and Mi'raj trip was
   A. the holy Qur’an  B. the five prayers  C. the prophethood  D. the riches

78. Aqiqah is a celebration done
   A. to a Muslim child  B. to Muslims who are wedding  C. to remember Ibrahim and Ismail  D. after finishing fasting Ramadhan

79. All these are bad names, avoid them. Which one does NOT mean “problems”?
   A. Mashaka  B. Taabu  C. Shida  D. Simba

80. Children who have lost both of their parents are called
   A. gharaamah  B. masaakiin  C. yatim  D. muttaqueen

81. The most pleasant action in Islam is to obey Allah, perform salah on time and
   A. invite guests  B. respect your parents  C. follow your friend’s behaviour  D. to hate non-Muslims

82. The sub-tribe of prophet Muhammad is known as
   A. Banu Hashim  B. Banu Nadhir  C. Banu Sa’ad  D. Banu Kinana

83. On which of the following mountains did the prophet first gather the Qureish for open mission?
   A. Mount Nur  B. Mount Swafa  C. Mount Marwa  D. Mount Uhudi

84. The first few people who accepted Islam were
   A. respected  B. made to migrate  C. persecuted  D. businessmen

85. Which part of the mosque is the “mihrab”?

86. Which one of the following should NOT be done in a mosque?
   A. Advertise things for business  B. Running a school and madrasa  C. Nursing the sick people  D. An orphanage for orphans

87. The first month of the Islamic calendar is
   A. Rabia’ Awwal  B. Jamaduth Thaani  C. Muharram  D. Shawwaal

88. How many brothers did prophet Yusuf have?
   A. 9  B. 7  C. 12  D. 11

89. Which dua will you say when you are telling people “Bye, see you next time”?
   A. Yarhamkum yarhamkum  B. Fii aamanillah  C. Maasha allah  D. Astagh firullah

90. Which one of the following is NOT a duty of angels of Allah?
   A. Removing souls  B. Providing rizk to us  C. Writing good and bad deeds  D. Controlling rainfall
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