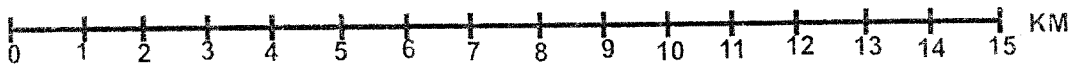
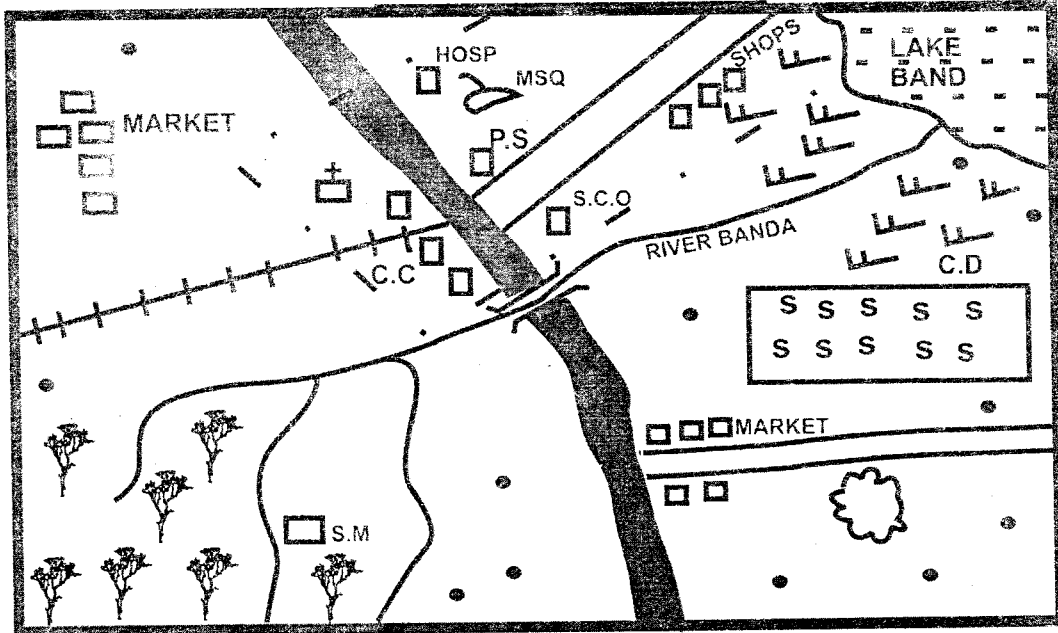




HIGH FLYER SERIES TRIAL EXAMINATION STANDARD SIX – 2016 SOCIAL STUDIES & CRE

Time: 2 hours 15 minutes

BANDA AREA



KEY

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - TARMAC ROAD - MURRAM ROAD - RAILWAY LINE - PERMANENT BUILDINGS - SISAL FARM MSQ - MOSQUE - CHURCH S.C.O - SUB-COUNTY OFFICE C.C - CHIEF'S CAMP P.S - POLICE STATION 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> HOSP - HOSPITAL - SETTLEMENTS - QUARRY - SCRUB C.D - CATTLE DIP
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Use the map of Banda Area to answer questions 1 – 7

1. River Banda flows towards one of the following directions. Which one is it?
 - A. South-East.
 - B. South-West.
 - C. North-East.
 - D. North-West.
2. What is the main form of transport in the area covered by the map?
 - A. Road.
 - B. Railway.
 - C. Pipeline.
 - D. Air.
3. Which two religions are found in Banda area?
 - A. Islam and Hinduism.
 - B. Christianity and Hinduism.
 - C. Hinduism and traditional African religion.
 - D. Islam and Christianity.
4. What climatic conditions are experienced in the North-Eastern part of Banda area?
 - A. Cool and wet conditions.
 - B. Hot and dry conditions.
 - C. Cool and dry conditions.
 - D. Hot and wet conditions.
5. Banda area is likely to be one of the following administrative units. Which one is it? _____
 - A. A county.
 - B. A sub-county.
 - C. A location.
 - D. A ward.
6. Three of the following economic activities are carried out in the area represented by the map except one. Which one is it? _____
 - A. Mining.
 - B. Farming.
 - C. Transportation.
 - D. Fishing.
7. It is true to say that _____
 - A. All parts of Banda area receive heavy and reliable rainfall.
 - B. All parts of Banda area receive little and unreliable rainfall.
8. Which of the following is a plateau region in Uganda?
 - A. Karamoja.
 - B. Jebeel Abyad.
 - C. Lerochi.
 - D. Yatta.
9. One of the following islands is located in the Indian Ocean. Which one is it?
 - A. Mingo islands.
 - B. Rusinga islands.
 - C. Manda islands.
 - D. Ssese islands.
10. Three of the following countries border the Red sea. Which one does NOT?
 - A. Sudan.
 - B. Eritrea.
 - C. Djibouti.
 - D. Ethiopia.
11. Which of these colours is commonly used in maps to show highlands?
 - A. Blue.
 - B. Green.
 - C. White.
 - D. Brown.
12. One of these lists consist of fresh water lakes. Which one is it?
 - A. Lake Victoria, Lake Kyoga and Lake Naivasha.
 - B. Lake Rukwa, Lake Tana and Lake Natron.
 - C. Lake Bogoria, Lake Magadi and Lake Turkana.
 - D. Lake Elementaita, Lake Eyasi and Lake Tanganyika.
13. The following regions are found in Eastern Africa.
 - (i) Taru.
 - (ii) Chalbi.
 - (iii) Ogaden.
 - (iv) Nubian.All the above regions are classified as _____
 - A. Deserts.



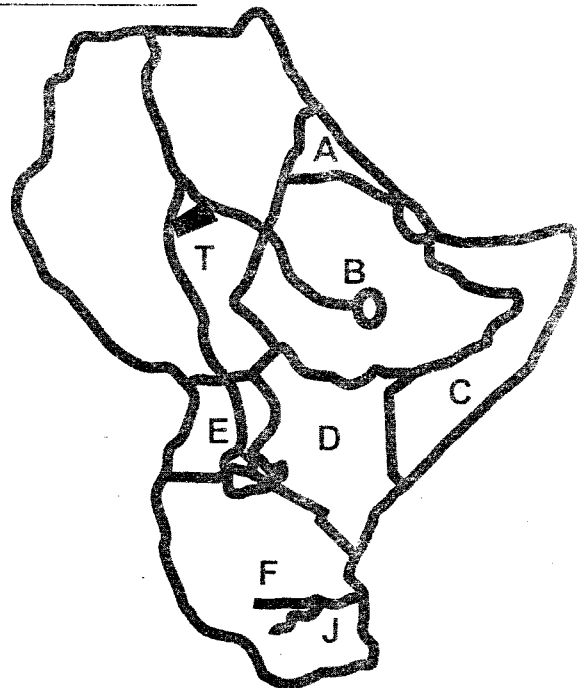
- B. Highlands.
C. Lakes.
D. Plateaus.
14. The following are block mountains found in Eastern Africa. Which one is NOT?
A. Mount Pare.
B. Mount Usambara.
C. Mount Loolmalasin.
D. Mount Ruwenzori.
15. Which of these lakes was formed as a result of volcanic action?
A. Lake Kyoga.
B. Lake Manzala.
C. Lake Eyasi.
D. Lake Shala.
16. A block of moving ice is known as a _____.
A. Corrie.
B. Tarn.
C. Glacier.
D. Crater.
17. The following are weather recording instruments. Which one is CORRECTLY matched with the weather element measured?
A. Intensity of sunshine – Barometer.
B. Atmospheric pressure – Windvane.
C. Speed of wind – Anemometer.
D. Temperature – Hygrometer.
18. The distance from the equator is known as _____.
A. Altitude.
B. Latitude.
C. Equinox.
D. Hemisphere.
19. The following towns are found in Eastern Africa. Which among experiences convectional rainfall?
A. Nairobi.
B. Addis Ababa.
C. Arusha.
D. Dar-es-Salaam.
20. The following relates to a climatic region in Eastern Africa.
(i) Temperatures are very high during the day.
(ii) Nights are usually cool.
- (iii) The skies are usually cloudless.
(iv) The average rainfall received in a year is usually less than 500mm.
The climatic region described above is known as _____.
A. Alpine climatic region.
B. Tropical climatic region.
C. Arid and semi-arid region.
D. Equatorial climatic region.
21. The following are hardwood trees found with the equatorial rainforests. Which one is NOT?
A. Mvule.
B. Cypress.
C. Mahogany.
D. Rosewood.
22. The Blue Nile and the White Nile form a confluence at one of the following towns. Which one is it?
A. Wau.
B. Juba.
C. Khartoum.
D. Addis Ababa.
23. The following types of soils are found in Kenya.
(i) Sandy soils.
(ii) Alluvial soils.
(iii) Volcanic soils.
(iv) Black cotton soils.
Which of the above soils are used in the glass making industry?
A. (i) B. (ii) C. (iii) D. (iv)
24. Which of these rivers flows through the lake basin in Kenya?
A. River Turkwel B. River Omo
C. River Nyando D. River Kerio
25. Which of these factors led to a section of the Eastern Bantu leaving Shungwaya during their migration into Kenya?
A. Outbreak of diseases.
B. Lack of adequate pasture.
C. Population increase.
D. Attacks by hostile communities.
26. One of these lists consists of the River-lake Nilotes of Uganda. Which one is it?
A. Nuer and Anuak.
B. Langi and Acholi.



- D. Leopard skins.
40. Most Ugandan Christian martyrs were killed during the rule of _____.
- Kabaka Mutesa 1.
 - Kabaka Mwangi.
 - Kabaka Mutebi.
 - Kabaka Suna.
41. Which of these statements is NOT true of Haile Selassie of Ethiopia?
- He led Ethiopia to gain its independence.
 - He had the title Ras, which means Prince.
 - He introduced a new constitution in Ethiopia.
 - He was a founder member of the Organisation of the African Unity (O.A.U).
42. African Socialism is one of the philosophies of Kenya. It aimed at the following except one. Which one is it?
- Equal distribution of national wealth.
 - Equal participation in economic activities.
 - Political inequality.
 - Shared responsibilities in governing the country.
43. Which of these colours of the national flag, shows that Kenya is a 'land of plenty'?
- Black.
 - Red.
 - Green.
 - White.
44. One of the responsibilities of a Kenyan citizen is to _____.
- Acquire a lot of wealth.
 - Become corrupt.
 - Pay taxes promptly.
 - Own a small piece of land.
45. Three of the following are forms of child abuse. Which one is NOT?
- Use of harsh language against a child.
 - Involving children in early marriage.
 - Involving children in household chores after school.
 - Bullying of pupils at school.

46. Which of these minerals mined in Kenya is obtained through evaporation?
- Salt.
 - Limestone.
 - Fluorspar.
 - Diatomite.

Use the map of Eastern Africa to answer questions 47 – 50



47. Which of these countries marked C, D, E and F was the first to attain its independence during the colonial period?
- C.
 - D.
 - E.
 - F.
48. The main crop grown under irrigation at the part marked T on the map of Eastern Africa is _____.
- Maize.
 - Sugarcane.
 - Cloves.
 - Bananas.
49. The river marked J on the map of Eastern Africa is likely to be _____.
- River Juba.
 - River Shibelli.
 - River Rufiji.
 - River Malagarasi.
50. The capital city of the country marked A on the map is _____.
- Addis Ababa.



- B. Djibouti.
- C. Asmara.
- D. Mogadishu.

51. The following describes a town found in Eastern Africa.

- (i) It is the second largest in one of the countries of Eastern Africa.
- (ii) It is a major administrative centre.
- (iii) It is a major collection and distribution centre.
- (iv) It is a commercial and tourism centre.

The town described above is likely to be

- A. Dodoma.
- B. Kisumu.
- C. Arusha.
- D. Kampala.

52. Which of the following is part of the electronic media?

- A. Newspaper and pamphlets.
- B. Courier services and magazines.
- C. Fax and e-mail.
- D. Magazines and letters.

53. One of the following is a seaport in Somalia. Which one is it?

- A. Berbera.
- B. Mtwara.
- C. Lindi.
- D. Shimoni.

54. Which of the following is a manufacturing industry?

- A. Hotel and catering in major towns.
- B. Flour milling factory.
- C. Paper making factory.
- D. Assembling of television sets.

55. The following game parks are found in Eastern Africa. Which among them are only found in Ethiopia?

- A. Nuba Mountains and Tarangire.
- B. Gambela and Awash.
- C. Kora and Arawale.
- D. Lake Stefanie and Hell's Gate.

56. Three of the following types of fish are obtained from marine fishing grounds. Which one is NOT?

- A. Kingfish.
- B. Trout.
- C. Tuna.
- D. Parrotfish.

57. In both Kenya and Ethiopia coffee is

- A. Grown mainly for local consumption.

- B. Grown mainly under irrigation
- C. Grown mainly for export.
- D. Grown mainly in arid areas.

58. The traditional culture of stealing livestock affects beef farming negatively. This culture is known as _____.

- A. Pastoralism.
- B. Transhumance.
- C. Cattle rustling.
- D. Cattle translocation.

59. The head of the system of courts in the Republic of Kenya is known as _____.

- A. Chief Justice.
- B. The President.
- C. Attorney General.
- D. Director of prosecutions.

60. Which of these crops is mainly grown in large scale farming?

- A. Cassava.
- B. Millet.
- C. Pyrethrum.
- D. Wheat.

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. "Let the earth produce all kinds of plants, those that bear grain and those that bear fruit" - and it was done. On which day of God's creation was this?

- A. Fourth day.
- B. Third day.
- C. Second day.
- D. Fifth day.

62. The following books are found in the Bible. Which among them is NOT found in the Old Testament?

- A. Exodus.
- B. Ecclesiastes.
- C. Nehemiah.
- D. Colossians.

63. Who among the following was a nephew of Abraham?

- A. Ishmael.
- B. Nahor.
- C. Lot.
- D. Seth.

64. Three of the following are promises made by God to Abraham. Which one is NOT?

- A. He was promised a great name.
- B. He was promised blessings.



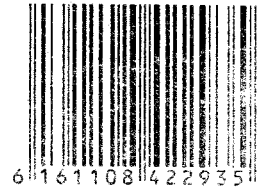
- C. He was promised to have many descendants.
D. He was promised an everlasting kingdom.
65. Who among the following kings of Israel committed murder and also coveted somebody's land?
A. King Saul.
B. King Jeroboam.
C. King Ahab.
D. King Solomon.
66. Who among the following was the wife of Isaac?
A. Rachel. B. Leah.
C. Rebecca. D. Zipporah.
67. One of the brothers of Joseph suggested that they throw him in a dry well instead of killing him. Whom is it?
A. Benjamin. B. Judah.
C. Levi. D. Reuben.
68. One duty given to human beings by God in the Garden of Eden was _____.
A. To eat all fruits in the garden.
B. To make altars for God.
C. To offer sacrifices to God.
D. To cultivate and guard the garden.
69. Moses was called by God when
A. He was in King Pharaoh's palace.
B. He was looking after his father-in-law's sheep and goats.
C. He was fishing in River Nile.
D. He was separating the Egyptian and the Hebrew who were fighting.
70. Jacob had a dream in which he saw a stairway from earth to heaven and the Lord standing beside him when he was at _____.
A. Bethel. B. Peniel.
C. Gilgal. D. Moab.
71. The prophet who foretold the coming of the Holy Spirit was known as _____.
A. Micah. B. Joel.
C. Jonah. D. Jeremiah.
72. The woman who gave bread and water to prophet Elijah was the _____.
A. Widow of Zarephath.
B. Widow of Shunnam.
C. Widow of Nain.
D. Widow of Gilgal.
73. According to Jesus Christ, the greatest commandment is centred on _____.
A. Trust. B. Respect.
C. Love. D. Actions.
74. The angel of the Lord appeared to Gideon at a village called Ophrah when he was _____.
A. Cultivating his father's garden.
B. Herding his father's cattle.
C. Looking after his father's lost donkeys.
D. Threshing wheat secretly in a winepress.
75. Which of the following is a similarity between African traditional religion and Christianity?
A. Having a sacred book.
B. Praying to God through His son.
C. Offering animal sacrifices to God.
D. Having special places for worshipping God.
76. In the traditional African communities the youth were educated mainly by _____.
A. Prophets. B. Priests.
C. Elders. D. Peers.
77. In the traditional African societies wealth could be measured in terms of _____.
A. Amount of money in the bank.
B. The number of children one had.
C. The level of education one had achieved.
D. The number of vehicles one had bought.
78. Who among the following was a deacon in the early church?
A. Timon.
B. Barnabas.
C. Peter.
D. Nicodemus.
79. Saul was converted to Christianity on his way to _____.
A. Philippi.
B. Damascus.

- C. Syria.
D. Corinth.
80. Philip was guided by the Holy Spirit to meet a man who was reading from the book of Prophet Isaiah. This man was _____
A. The Ethiopian Eunuch.
B. Nicodemus the Pharisee.
C. The Apostle to the Gentiles.
D. The magician from Samaria.
81. Who among the following disciples of Jesus Christ was called from a tax office?
A. Levi.
B. James.
C. Simon.
D. John.
82. According to the Apostles creed, Jesus is _____
A. The Creator.
B. Father Almighty.
C. Our Lord.
D. The Wonderful Counselor.
83. Who among the following tried and sentenced Jesus to death?
A. Saul.
B. Annas.
C. Caiphas.
D. Pilate.
84. God's voice was heard during one of the following occasions in the life of Jesus. Which one is it?
A. The Crucifixion of Jesus.
B. The arrest of Jesus.
C. The Baptism of Jesus.
D. The presentation of Jesus in the temple.
85. Which of these parables of Jesus teaches us to help those in difficulties?
A. The parable of the sower.
B. The parable of the lost coin.
C. The parable of the Good Samaritan.
D. The parable of the widow and the judge.
86. One of the following fruits of the Holy Spirit helps us keep our promises. Which one is it?
A. Self-control.
B. Faithfulness.
C. Humility.
D. Kindness.
87. Who among the following women was raised by Peter from the dead?
A. Tabitha.
B. Phoebe.
C. Lydia.
D. Rahab.
88. Jesus healed a Roman officer's servant during their encounter at _____
A. Bethany.
B. Galilee.
C. Sychar.
D. Carpenaum.
89. Different churches come together to promote unity and serve humanity. This is known as
A. Charismatic renewal.
B. Ecumenism.
C. Reconciliation.
D. Commission.
90. The church is involved in the following activities in Kenya. Which one is NOT?
A. Providing spiritual guidance to those suffering from HIV/AIDS.
B. Providing assistance to the refugees.
C. Building prisons to rehabilitate criminals.
D. Establishing schools for those with special needs.



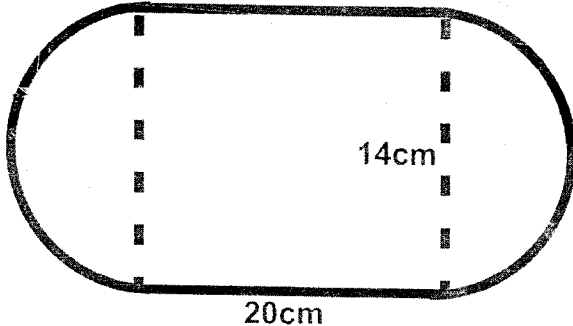


HIGH FLYER SERIES TRIAL EXAMINATION STANDARD SIX – 2016 MATHEMATICS



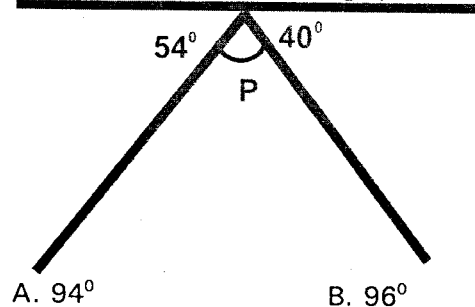
Time: 2 hours

1. Write three million eight hundred and one thousand six hundred and six in symbols.
A. 3081606
B. 3810606
C. 30801606
D. 3801606
2. What is the sum of the LCM of 18, 24 and 36 and the GCD of 20, 36 and 48?
A. 74
B. 40
C. 76
D. 60
3. Remove the brackets and simplify $6(2x + 3y)$
A. $12x + 18y$
B. $12x + 3y$
C. $12y + 18x$
D. $30xy$
4. What is 0.0125 as a fraction in simplest form?
A. $\frac{5}{400}$
B. $\frac{1}{80}$
C. $\frac{1}{8}$
D. $\frac{1}{800}$
5. Round off 66.896 to 2 decimal places
A. 66.89
B. 66.90
C. 66.9
D. 66.8
6. What is the perimeter of the figure below? (Take $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$)



- 20cm
- 14cm
- A. 98cm
C. 84cm
 - B. 112cm
D. 94cm
7. Work out $1\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{3}{4}$
A. $\frac{4}{5}$
C. $1\frac{1}{4}$
 - B. $1\frac{1}{2}$
D. $1\frac{1}{4}$

8. What is the next number in the following pattern?
1, 4, 9, 16, _____
A. 25
C. 24
- B. 36
D. 27
9. What is 48990 rounded off to the nearest thousand?
A. 49000
C. 48900
- B. 48000
D. 50000
10. What is the total value of digit 3 in the number 80347?
A. 300000
C. 3000
- B. 30000
D. 300
11. The area of a rectangle is 180cm^2 . If the width is 12cm, what is the length of the rectangle?
A. 18cm
C. 16cm
- B. 15cm
D. 14cm
12. The area of a square plot of land is 400m^2 . What is the perimeter of the plot?
A. 20m
C. 80m
- B. 100m
D. 60m
13. Work out $6\frac{2}{5} \div 1\frac{1}{3}$
A. $8\frac{8}{15}$
C. $4\frac{2}{5}$
- B. $7\frac{1}{5}$
D. $4\frac{4}{5}$
14. A trader bought 100kg bag of sugar. He packed the sugar in 500 gram packets. How many packets did he get?
A. 50
C. 2000
- B. 200
D. 20
15. What is the size of the angle marked P?



- A. 94° B. 96°



C. 86°

D. 90°

16. What is $12\frac{1}{2}\%$ of 800?

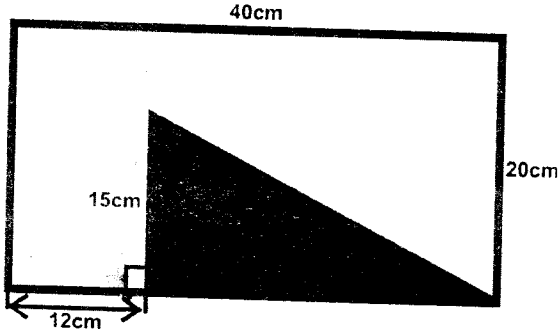
A. 10

B. 105

C. 125

D. 100

17. What is the area of unshaded region in the figure below?



A. 590cm^2

B. 710cm^2

C. 210cm^2

D. 800cm^2

18. How many cubic metres are in 8080000cm^3 ?

A. 8.08

B. 0.808

C. 80.8

D. 808

19. The area of a triangle is 144cm^2 and its height is 16cm. What is the base length of the triangle?

A. 9cm

B. 12cm

C. 18cm

D. 24cm

20. Which one of the following numbers has the smallest value?

A. 333232

B. 323323

C. 332332

D. 323233

21. Mohammed left school at 11.30am and reached home at 2.15pm. How long did he take from school to home?

A. 2hrs 45min

B. 3hrs 45min

C. 2hrs 55min

D. 2hrs 35min

22. What is the reciprocal of $8\frac{3}{5}$?

A. $\frac{43}{5}$

B. $\frac{5}{43}$

C. $8\frac{5}{3}$

D. $\frac{5}{40}$

23. Arrange the fractions $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{5}{6}$, $\frac{5}{8}$ and $\frac{7}{12}$ in ascending order

A. $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{5}{6}$, $\frac{5}{8}$, $\frac{7}{12}$

B. $\frac{7}{12}$, $\frac{5}{8}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{5}{6}$

C. $\frac{7}{12}$, $\frac{5}{8}$, $\frac{5}{6}$, $\frac{3}{4}$

D. $\frac{5}{6}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{5}{8}$, $\frac{7}{12}$

24. What is the value of x in

$$\frac{2}{3}x - 6 = 36$$

A. 45

B. 54

C. 63

D. 60

25. How many ares are there in 12.54 hectares?

A. 125.4

B. 1254

C. 12540

D. 125400

26. What is the circumference of a wheel which has a radius of 21cm?

(Take $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$)

A. 66cm

B. 33cm

C. 264cm

D. 132cm

27. Work out

T	Kg	g
7	2	13
- 3	418	236

A. 3t 583kg 777g

B. 3t 584kg 777g

C. 4t 583kg 777g

D. 4t 584kg 787g

28. What is the supplement of 73° ?

A. 117°

B. 97°

C. 107°

D. 17°

29. Ngaira bought a wheelbarrow for sh 8000. If he later sold it for sh 6800, what percentage loss did he make?

A. 20%

B. 15%

C. 17.6%

D. 18%

30. Work out

Litres	dl
8	4
X	9

A. 72L 6dl

B. 73L 6dl

C. 74L 6dl

D. 75L 6dl

31. Which statement below is correct?

A. $\frac{4}{50} = 80\%$

B. $0.225 > \frac{9}{40}$

C. $0.09 > 0.012$

24. David was given L shillings by his mother. He spent VIII shillings, how much was he left with?
- A. XL
 - B. XLII
 - C. LVII
 - D. XLV

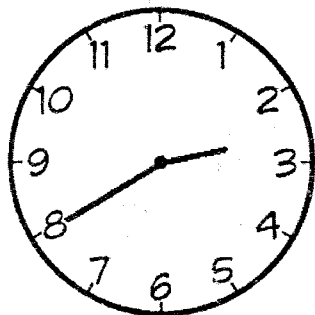
25. Work out $2\frac{3}{5} \times 10$
- A. 25
 - B. 26
 - C. 24
 - D. $20\frac{3}{5}$

26. Solve for x in $2x + 8 = 24$
- A. 16
 - B. 4
 - C. 6
 - D. 8

27. Work out $9 \times 8 \times 7$
- A. 494
 - B. 484
 - C. 504
 - D. 506

28. Work out:
- | Km | m | cm |
|----|-----|----|
| 22 | 105 | 45 |
| -7 | 380 | 74 |
| | | |
- A. 14km 724m 71cm
 - B. 14km 725m 71cm
 - C. 14km 275m 29cm
 - D. 15km 724m 71cm

29. What is the time on the clock face if it as in the afternoon?

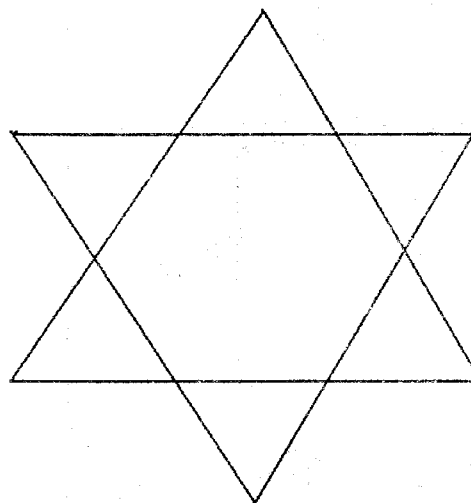


- A. 2.40pm
- B. 2.40am
- C. 3.40am
- D. 3.40pm

30. A bundle of maize flour holds 24 packets. How many packets are in 66 bundles?
- A. 1484
 - B. 1574
 - C. 1584
 - D. 1594

31. How many metres are in 11km?
- A. 11
 - B. 110
 - C. 1100
 - D. 11000

32. How many points of intersection are in the figure below?



- A. 6
- B. 12
- C. 13
- D. 18

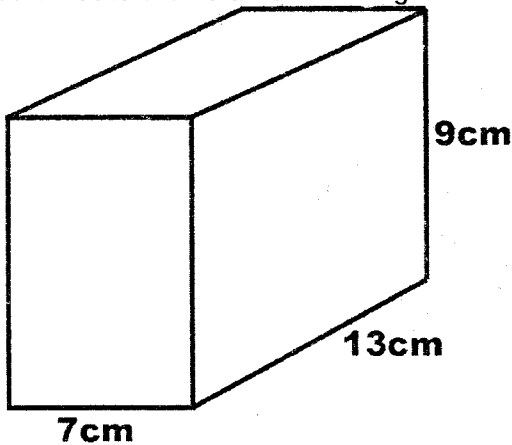
33. How many 300ml bottles will fill the 15 litre container shown below?



- A. 50
- B. 5
- C. 20
- D. 2



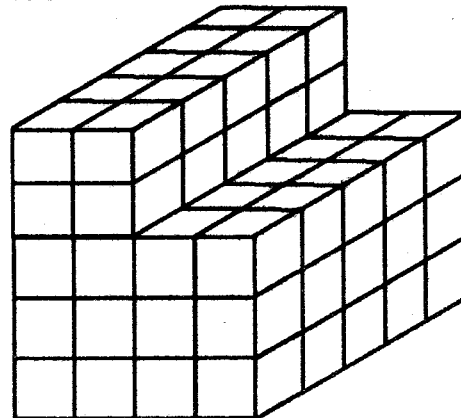
34. What is the approximate height of the classroom door?
 A. 100cm
 B. 50 metres
 C. 2 metres
 D. 30cm
35. Husein is 8 years older than Halima who is 14 years old. What is their total age?
 A. 22 years
 B. 36 years
 C. 44 years
 D. 28 years
36. Subtract $4\frac{2}{3}$ from $9\frac{3}{4}$
 A. $14\frac{5}{12}$
 B. $6\frac{1}{12}$
 C. $4\frac{11}{12}$
 D. $5\frac{1}{12}$
37. What is the volume of the figure below?



- A. 819cm^3
 B. 719cm^3
 C. 809cm^3
 D. 709cm^3

38. How many prime numbers are there between 70 and 100?
 A. 9
 B. 8
 C. 7
 D. 6
39. Using scale 1cm represents 8m, what is the drawing length of 96 metres?
 A. 10cm
 B. 12cm
 C. 8cm
 D. 16cm

40. How many days are there altogether in the months of February, June and September of 2016?
 A. 88
 B. 91
 C. 89
 D. 90
41. In a party there were 90 children. 30 of them were boys. What fraction were girls?
 A. $\frac{2}{5}$
 B. $\frac{3}{5}$
 C. $\frac{1}{4}$
 D. $\frac{3}{4}$
42. How many cubes are in the stack below?



- A. 95
 B. 90
 C. 80
 D. 100

43. Muli bought the following from a shop:
 3 packets of milk @ sh 55 per packet
 8 cakes @ sh 15 per cake
 He gave the shopkeeper a sh 500 note. What balance did he get?
 A. Sh 215
 B. Sh 285
 C. Sh 325
 D. Sh 320
44. The product of 9 and 12 is the same as the product of 6 and _____
 A. 24
 B. 16
 C. 28
 D. 18
45. A lesson started at 2.40pm and lasted 35 minutes. When did it end?
 A. 3.15am
 B. 3.15pm
 C. 2.05pm
 D. 2.05am



D. $10\text{km} < 9000\text{m}$

32. Mibei was given sh 2000 as pocket money. He spent 60% and saved the rest. How much did he save?
A. Sh 800 B. Sh 1200
C. Sh 500 D. Sh 600

33. The table below shows the number of people in a county

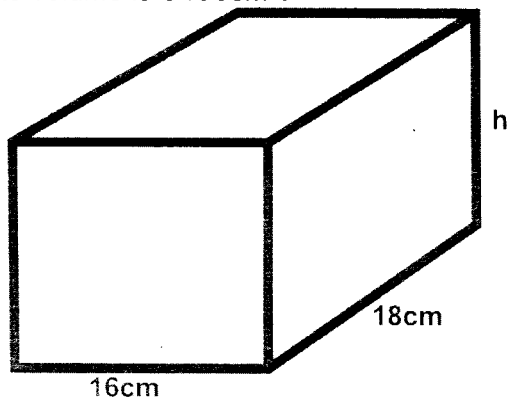
Men	Women	Children
786450	815700	2670430

How many more children than adults are in that county?

- A. 1854730 B. 1068280
C. 1883980 D. 1602150
34. There are 464 primary schools in Nairobi. Each school donated sh 3225 to help the needy. How much money was raised?
A. Sh 1396400
B. Sh 1494400
C. Sh 1496400
D. Sh 1495400

35. Work out $52052 \div 13$
A. 44 B. 404
C. 4040 D. 4004

36. What is the height of the cuboid below if its volume is 3456cm^3 ?



- A. 12cm B. 192cm
C. 14cm D. 8cm

37. Work out

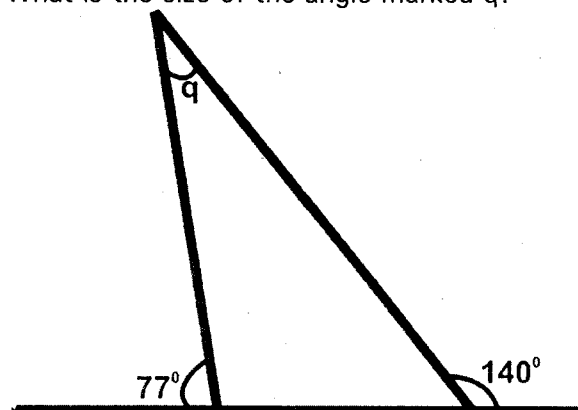
Km	m	cm
7	235	65
X		5

- A. 35km 178m 25cm
B. 36km 176m 25cm
C. 36km 178m 05cm
D. 36km 178m 25cm

38. What is the total value of digit 5 in 238.145?
A. 0.005 B. 0.05
C. 0.5 D. 5

39. Work out $(4^2/5)^2$
A. $16^4/25$ B. $19^9/25$
C. $96^4/5$ D. $17^8/25$

40. What is the size of the angle marked q?



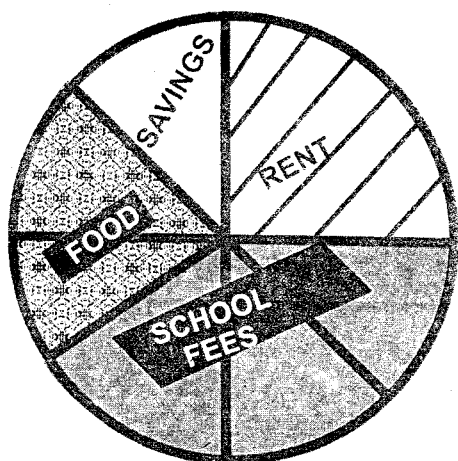
- A. 103° B. 40°
C. 37° D. 57°

41. Which one of the following numbers is NOT divisible by 8?
A. 46848 B. 48256
C. 63798 D. 21664

42. What is 0.95 as a percentage?
A. 9.5% B. 0.95%
C. 950% D. 95%

43. What is the next fraction in the sequence below?
 $2\frac{1}{3}, 3, 3\frac{2}{3}, 4\frac{1}{3}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
A. $4\frac{2}{3}$ B. 5
C. $5\frac{1}{3}$ D. $6\frac{1}{3}$

44. The pie chart shows how Waiguru spent her money



If she earned sh 40000 in that month, how much did she spend on school fees.

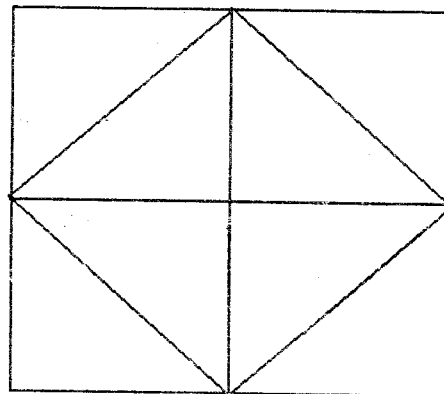
- A. Sh 15000
 B. Sh 10000
 C. Sh 20000
 D. Sh 5000
45. 7 pupils took 500ml of milk each. How many deciliters of milk did they take altogether?
 A. 3500dl
 B. 350dl
 C. 35dl
 D. 3.5dl
46. If 1cm represents 25m, how many centimetres will represent 300 metres?
 A. 15
 B. 9
 C. 6
 D. 12
47. Omwega bought the following items from a shop:
 Six eggs @ sh 12
 3 match boxes @ sh 3
 2 loaves of bread for sh 110
 2 litres of milk @ sh 50
 How much balance did he get after giving the shopkeeper a sh 500 note?
 A. Sh 291
 B. Sh 209
 C. Sh 219
 D. Sh 99

48. Below is a table showing postal charges for sending letters.

LETTER	MASS	Sh	Cts
Limit of mass 2kg	Up to 20g	21	00
	Over 20g up to 50g	25	00
	Over 50g up to 100g	28	00
	Over 100g up to 250g	42	00
	Over 250g up to 500g	70	00
	Over 500g up to 1kg	113	00
	Over 1kg up to 2kg	160	00

Ida posted 3 letters weighing 250g, 750g and 50g. What was the postal charge?

- A. Sh 180
 B. Sh 183
 C. Sh 208
 D. Sh 211
49. A mobile phone is sold at sh 25600 for a profit of sh 1800. At what price was it bought?
 A. Sh 24800
 B. Sh 22800
 C. Sh 27400
 D. Sh 23800
50. How many squares are in the figure below?



- A. 4
 B. 5
 C. 6
 D. 7



- A. widower B. widow
C. gentleman D. bachelor

For question 22 and 23, choose a word that means the same as the underlined word.

22. There is no remedy for the damage.

- A. fear B. bravery
C. sorrow D. cure

23. He is a feeble old man who can't walk.

- A. weak B. slim
C. slender D. stern

For questions 24 and 25 choose the odd one out from the list.

24.

- A. pork B. poultry
C. beef D. veal

25.

- A. hen B. bat
C. goose D. owl

Read the following passage and answer questions 26-39

As Mrs. Mtero went out of the house, she reminded Najuma to watch over her little sister Kendi carefully. Kendi was sleeping in her small bed.

"I won't belong," said Mrs. Mateo. I must go to the shop before they close."

Najuma played near their house with her friends. Suddenly, there was a loud bang!

"What's that?" asked one of the girls.

"Look!" said another.

They saw a large black cloud of smoke rise up. To her horror, Najuma saw their house on fire. The fire was spreading quickly towards her neighbour's house. Najuma's friends started screaming. They ran in different directions away from the burning house. Najuma was left alone. She looked at the burning house. There were yellow tongues of fire on some parts. Najuma remembered that her sister, Kendi, was inside the house. At first, she was confused and wondered what to do.

"I just can't stand here. I must do something. I must save Kendi," she said to herself.

She grabbed a big wet towel from the clothes line. She covered her head and face. She raced to the house. By this time, the flames had already reached the roof. She went directly to Kendi's bed and quickly picked her up. She grabbed a blanket and covered Kendi. Holding Kendi tightly in one arm, Najuma went down on her knees and started crawling through to the door. There was a lot of smoke. She was coughing and had tears in her eyes. Soon Najuma was out of the burning house with her sister Kendi in her arms.

By the time her mother came running back, the whole house had burned down.

"My girls! Where are they? What happened? Are they safe?" she cried.

The neighbours took her to Najuma and Kendi. Najuma still coughing but Kendi was unharmed.

"You have a brave daughter and sensible daughter," said one of the neighbours. "Where did she learn that a wet towel over the face prevents burning and helps one breathe inspite of the smoke?"

"It is my teacher at school," replied Najuma. "He encourages us to think about health and safety in our homes. That is why I crawled out of the burning house instead of walking."

"I am glad that you can practise the things you learn in school," said her mother.

26. Before leaving home Mrs. Matero left

- A. Kendi playing
B. Najuma sleeping
C. Najuma playing
D. Kendi sleeping

- A. Look after the baby
B. Go to the shop
C. Play with Kendi
D. Play with friends

27. After mother left Najuma was supposed to

28. It is TRUE to say that Kendi's mother

- A. Went to the shop before they closed
B. Took long at the shop



- C. Came home late
D. Watcher over her little sister
29. As they played they heard _____
A. Baby crying
B. An explosion
C. Fir
D. Shouts
30. After the loud bang _____
A. they saw a house on fire
B. the fire was spreading quickly
C. there was a horror of fire
D. they saw black cloud of smoke.
31. When they realized the house was on fire, Najuma's friends _____
A. cried
B. shouted
C. ran
D. screamed
32. Najuma and her friends were playing _____
A. at the field
B. in the house
C. near the shop
D. near the house
33. When the house burnt, the friends _____
A. spread the fire
B. played around
C. ran away
D. were happy
34. Soon Najuma remembered that _____
A. Her mother was coming home
B. The house was burning
- C. Her sister was sleeping
D. The friends were screaming
35. Kendi was saved by _____
A. friends
B. mother
C. Najuma
D. neighbours
36. She used a big wet towel to _____
A. cover her head
B. save kendu
C. take to mother
D. put out fire
37. Najuma entered the burning house _____
A. when the flame reached the roof
B. when she reached kendu's bed
C. when she took the blanket
D. holding Kendu by the arm
38. By the time the mother arrived, the house _____
A. was burning
B. was on fire
C. had burnt down
D. was fired
39. The best title for this passage is _____
A. playing with fire
B. a brave girl saves life
C. a burning house
D. children and fire

Read passage carefully and answer questions 40-50

As soon as Nyangethu reached home one evening, she was received by her mother. The mother looked happier than usual. After she had finished her cup of coffee, her mother said, "I have good news for you my daughter. I gather that the chief wants a new wife. You must go to the village and take part in the competition. If you win, and become his wife, you must bring a young girl every week for me to eat."

"How could I win?" Nyangethu asked. "I look ugly among the daughters of men. I'm much too big. I don't even know how to dance."

"When I was young," her mother answered, "I used to go to the village. I mixed with the daughters of men, and I used to dance. I'll teach you how to dance, and I'll help you to look beautiful."

Every day Nyangethu practised her dancing, until she could dance very well. Then the day before the competition, her mother brought her the magic medicine from the tree of beauty. She cut the bark of the tree and gathered the sap in a calabash. Nyangethu drank this, and at once she changed. She turned into a beautiful girl of human size.



"Now you must only eat a little," her mother said. Eating fat goats will make your beauty disappear.

The following day Nyangethu went to the village and joined in the competition. The girls stood in a semi-circle in front of the chief and the elders. One by one they stepped forward and danced for everyone to see.

All the girls were very pretty but Nyangethu was the best. When her time came, she made everybody cheer and clap. Finally the chief chose her to be his new wife.

After the wedding celebration, there was a big party in the village. That evening, the chief took Nyangethu to her own hut. There she got a present of five goats from the village people. When she was alone, she looked at her present. "I've never seen such fat goats in my life." She said to herself. Now she could not eat much so she turned herself into a giant. She enjoyed the goat so much that she ate another one.

Soon, the chief came to visit his new wife only to find a giant eating a goat. At once he fetched his spear and killed her.

40. Nyangethu was a _____.
- A. Village girl B. giant
C. Goat eater D. woman
41. Nyangethu's good news was about _____.
- A. a big dancing completion
B. becoming beautiful
C. bringing a girl every week.
D. chief wanting to marry.
42. It is TRUE to say that _____.
- A. Villages liked Nyangethu's mother
B. Nyangethu's mother was kind
C. Nyangethu's mother used to dance in the village
D. The chief had magical medicine.
43. To become a good dancer Nyangethu had to _____.
- A. visit the village
B. visit village girls
C. practise dancing
D. dance very well
44. The mother brought her the magical medicine when _____.
- A. She was dancing
B. Other girls were dancing
C. The chief asked her to dance
D. It was a day to the dancing competition
45. Before the completion started the girls _____.
- A. became very beautiful
B. stood in a semi circle
C. stepped forward and danced
D. married the chief.
46. Eating too much would _____.
- A. make nyangethu ugly
B. make the girls beautiful
C. give them strength to dance
D. make the chief happy
47. What made Nyangethu beautiful?
- A. sap B. bark
C. calabash D. tree
48. Nyangethu became the chief's _____.
- A. new wife B. elder
B. best D. family
49. As soon as she was left alone in her hut she _____.
- A. the chief came in
B. ate all the goats
C. admired her presents
D. turned into a giant
50. We learn from the story that _____.
- A. We must do what is evil
B. Never plan evil to others
C. It is good to be selfish
D. Life is easy



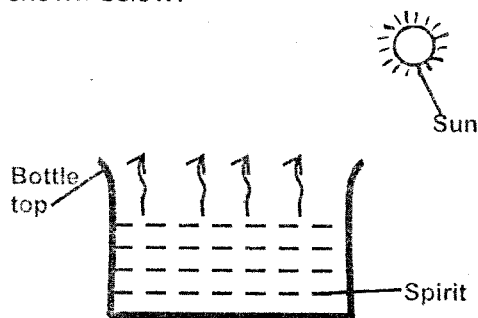


HIGH FLYER SERIES TRIAL EXAMINATION STANDARD 6 – 2016 SCIENCE

Time: 1 Hour 40 minutes

1. Which one of the following is not included in the child immunization schedule? _____
- Tetanus
 - Tuberculosis
 - Malaria
 - Polio

2. The diagram below shows an activity shown below.



What were the pupils investigating?

- Evaporation
 - Radiation
 - Melting
 - Absorption
3. Lack of iron in the diet causes _____.
- Anaemia
 - Marasmus
 - Rickets
 - Kwashiorkor
4. Which plant is the odd out? _____.
- Millet
 - Sugar cane
 - Rice
 - Mango
5. The following are water borne diseases except _____.
- Tuberculosis
 - Cholera
 - Typhoid
 - Bilharzias
6. The soil that makes the longest ribbon _____.

- Has the best drainage
- Has a rough texture
- Cracks when dry
- Has the lowest capillarity

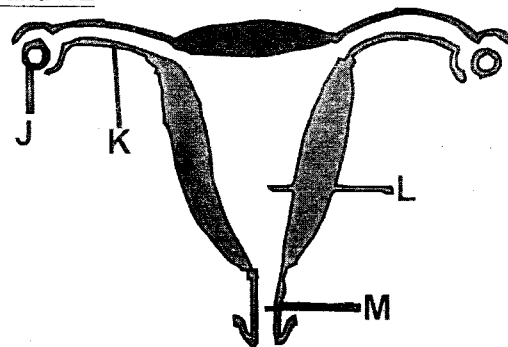
7. Clouds that indicate fine weather are called _____.
- Nimbus
 - Cumulus
 - Stratus
 - Cirrus

8. Which one of the following will not conduct heat? _____.
- Copper wire
 - Iron nail
 - Water
 - Silver coin

9. Which one is not a function of plant leaves?
- Photosynthesis
 - Transpiration
 - Breathing
 - Transportation

10. Which one is not necessary during germination?
- Light
 - Oxygen
 - Warmth
 - Moisture

Use the diagram below to answer questions 11 and 12



11. Which part produces the female sex cells?

- A. J
- B. K
- C. L
- D. M

12. Development of the baby takes place at the part marked _____.

- A. M
- B. L
- C. K
- D. J

13. Goats and sheep give us _____.

- A. Mohair
- B. Mutton
- C. Milk
- D. Beef

14. Which of the following mammal is the odd one out? _____.

- A. Monkey
- B. Pig
- C. Man
- D. Duck billed platypus

15. The part of the human body that produces bile juice is the _____.

- A. Gall bladder
- B. Liver
- C. Pancreas
- D. Stomach

16. Which one is not a tuber crop? _____.

- A. Cassava
- B. Onion
- C. Arrow root
- D. Irish potato

17. To prevent kwashiorkor in young children, all the following foods are recommended except _____.

- A. Eggs
- B. Milk
- C. Bean
- D. Cabbage

18. Wisdom teeth are part of _____.

- A. Molars
- B. Canine
- C. Premolars
- D. Incisors

19. Which one is not part of the carpel of a flower?

- A. Stigma
- B. Style
- C. Ovary
- D. Sepals

20. Weeds on the farm cannot be controlled by _____.

- A. Mulching
- B. Slashing
- C. Harvesting
- D. Applying herbicides

21. The following are air passages except _____.

- A. Nose
- B. Trachea
- C. Lungs
- D. Bronchi

22. Which one is not a physical change in adolescent boys?

- A. Enlargement of the hip bone
- B. Growth of pubic hair
- C. Experiencing wet dreams
- D. Appearance of pimples on faces

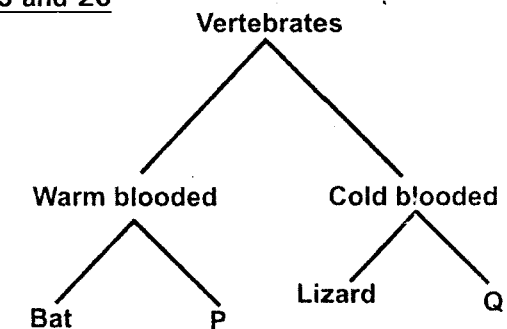
23. Which one of the following shows the function of the tiny holes on a maize leaf?

- A. Absorption and transport
- B. Breathing and photosynthesis
- C. Breathing and transpiration
- D. Photosynthesis and transpiration

24. Heat from the sun reaches us by a process called _____.

- A. Convection
- B. Radiation
- C. Conduction
- D. Absorption

Use the diagram below to answer questions 25 and 26



25. Which one of the following would represent P?

- A. Shark
- B. Newt
- C. Frog



D. Ostrich

26. The following can represent Q except

- A. Whale
- B. Chameleon
- C. Crocodile
- D. Toad

27. In which one of the following seed is food stored in the endosperm?

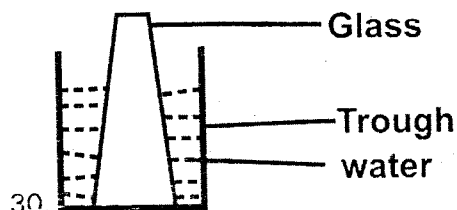
- A. Avocado
- B. Maize
- C. Carrot
- D. Groundnut

28. Which one is not true about all mammals? They _____.

- A. Have lungs for breathing
- B. Have mammary glands
- C. Give birth
- D. Have a backbone

29. Which one has only plants that do not make their own food?

- A. Mushroom and puffballs
- B. Algae and mushroom
- C. Moss and fern
- D. Toadstool and fern



30. The experiment shows that matter _____.

- A. Has weight
- B. Has mass
- C. Exerts pressure
- D. Occupies space

31. The arrow head of a wind vane always point _____.

- A. Where wind is blowing to
- B. North and South
- C. Where wind is blowing from
- D. East and West

32. Which one is true about both water and oxygen? _____.

- A. Have definite shape
- B. Have definite volume

- C. Have definite mass
- D. Have definite volume and shape

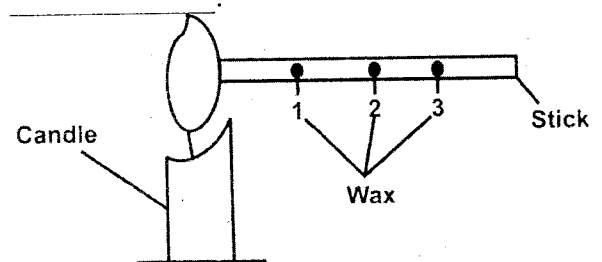
33. Which phase of the moon is not visible?

- A. New moon
- B. Full moon
- C. Crescent moon
- D. Quarter moon

34. Which one shows the last stage of germination in a bean seed? _____.

- A. Absorption of water
- B. Appearance of radical
- C. Swelling of the cotyledon
- D. Appearance of the plumule

35. In the diagram below it is true to say



- A. None of the wax melted
- B. Wax 1 melted first
- C. Wax 3 melted last
- D. All the wax melted at the same time

36. Which one of the following will expand least when heated? _____.

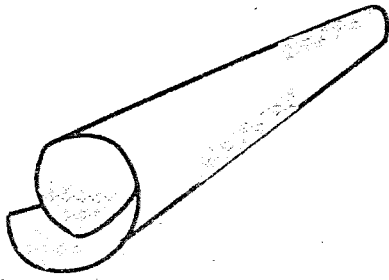
- A. Spirit
- B. Water
- C. Smoke
- D. Iron nail

37. Which one of the following is not a component of the soil? _____.

- A. Humus
- B. Light
- C. Animals
- D. Moisture

38. Which statement is not true about a flower pollinated by wind?

- A. It has dull petals
- B. It is small in size
- C. It produces sticky pollen grains
- D. It has no scent



39. Which sound is produced when a person speaks through the folded paper shown?
- A. Loud B. Soft
C. High D. Low

40. Which soil mixes easily with cement?
- A. Clay
B. Loam
C. Sand
D. Loam and sand

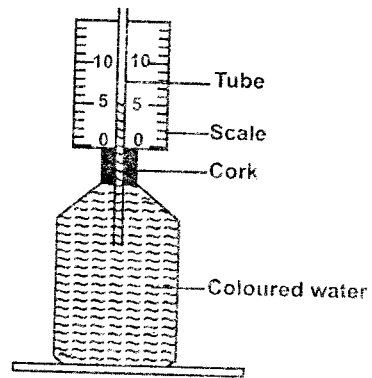
41. Urinals are used by _____.
- A. Men and women
B. Boys and men
C. Boys and girls
D. Women and girls

42. A candle cannot light in the absence of _____.
- A. Oxygen
B. Nitrogen
C. Carbon dioxide
D. Rare gases

43. The following insects feed by sucking except _____.
- A. Mosquito
B. Aphid
C. Locust
D. Housefly

44. Movement of ink in a glass of water is known as _____.
- A. Osmosis
B. Diffusion
C. Capillarity
D. Spreading

45. The instrument below works on the fact that _____.



- A. Matter occupies space
B. Air expands on heating
C. Air makes things to move
D. Water expands on heating

46. Which small animal is not matched with how it protects itself? _____.
- A. Centipede coiling
B. Lady bird playing dead
C. Chameleon changing colour
D. Wasp Stinging

47. Which material is not needed when investigating drainage in soils?
- A. Funnels
B. Cotton wool
C. Tubes
D. Water

48. Which substance below tastes pleasant? _____.
- A. Water
B. Orange
C. Pepper
D. Lemon

49. Force is measured in units called _____.
- A. Grams
B. Kilograms
C. Newtons
D. Cubic metres

50. The part of the human digestive system that stores undigested materials is the _____.
- A. Anus
B. Rectum
C. Colon
D. Duodenum





JARIBIO LA MTHANI WA HIGH FLYER SERIES

DARASA LA SITA – 2016

LUGHA YA KISWAHILI

Muda: Saa 1 dakika 40

Kutoka swali la 1-15, jibu kulingana na maagizo

Moto _____ 1 _____ saa moja usiku. Jirani _____ 2 _____ alikuwa akifua nguo kwenye roshani _____ 3 _____ mlipuko mkubwa kutoka kwetu. Majirani wengine _____ 4 _____ walidhani ni ajali _____ 5 _____ barabarani lakini walipoenda kutazama waliona moshi _____ 6 _____ kutoka nyumbani kwetu. Walijiunga nao sote tukapiga _____ 7 _____ ili kuomba usaidizi. Majirani walibeba ndoo _____ 8 _____ maji na wengine walikata matawi ya miti ili kuuzima moto. Hata hivyo _____ 9 _____ zao ziliambulia patupu. Mali ya _____ 10 _____ kubwa yaliteketea. Ukosefu _____ 11 _____ vifaa bora vya kupambana na moto _____ 12 _____ hasara hiyo. Upepo _____ 13 _____ kwa kasi pia ulichangia usambaaji wa moto. Nililia kwa _____ 14 _____ nilipoona nyumba yetu iliyokuwa ya _____ 15 _____ sasa iibaki majivu tu.

A	B	C	D
1. hiyo lilianza	huo ulianza	hiyo ulianza	Huo lilianza
2. yetu	wetu	zetu	wangu
3. alisikia	amesikia	atasikia	aliposikia
4. waliona	walioshuhudia	waliteketeza	waliomboleza
5. ilitoka	iliondokea	uliotokea	iliyotokea
6. ukivuka	ukipuka	ukifuka	ukiingia
7. mayowe	mayoye	nderemo	vifijo
8. wenye	penye	yenye	zenye
9. juhudi	kilio	uwezo	uongozi
10. dhamini	dhamani	thamani	thamini
11. wa	la	ya	mwa
12. uliambulia	uliboresha	ulihudumia	ulisababisha
13. uliofuma	ulionguruma	uliovuma	uliofuja
14. kite	shangwe	bashasha	upole
15. kifahari	balaa	kibarua	kifahali

Kutoka swali la 16-30, jibu kulingana na maagizo

16. Ni methali gani inayoambatana na maelezo yafuatayo:
Mtu anayesababisha shida hujitea balaa yeye mwenyewe na hata watu wa familia yake.

- A. Aliye juu mngoje chini
- B. Mla ni mla leo, mla jana kalani?
- C. Mchuma janga hula na wa kwao
- D. Mchelea mwana kulia hulia mwenyewe

17. Gani si kisawe cha neno hasira?

- A. mori
- B. ghadhabu
- C. hamaki
- D. beza

18. Chagua wingi wa: Mtume huyo alihubiri katika taifa hilo.

- A. Watume hao walihubiri katika taifa hilo

B. Watume hao walihubiri katika mataifa hayo

C. Mitume hao walihubiri katika taifa hizo

D. Mitume hao walihubiri katika mataifa hayo

19. Maneno 'mazingira na 'mazingara ni:

- A. visawe
- B. vitate
- C. vitawe
- D. nominoambata

20. Kanusha sentensi:

Ukisoma hadithi utaandika insha nzuri

A. Usingesoma hadithi usingeandika insha nzuri

B. Usiposoma hadithi hutaandika insha nzuri

- C. Hujasoma hadithi wala hujaandika insha nzuri
D. Ukisoma hadithi hutaandika insha nzuri
21. Binadamu ni kwa wayo, kama vile mbuzi ni kwa _____
A. gurudumu B. fumba
C. ukwato D. tendeguu
22. Musimu wa masika ni:
A. Wakati wa ukame
B. Wakati wa kiangazi
C. Wakati wa mvua nyingi
D. Wakati wa mvua chache na pepo kali
23. Nyinyi _____ mliofuzu katika shindano la kandanda.
A. ndio B. ndiyo
C. ndiwe D. ndinyi
24. Ni kimelea yupi husababisha ugonjwa wa malale?
A. mbu B. nzi
C. kiroboto D. mbung'o
25. Chagua kiashiria kisisitizi sahihi :
Mkate _____ ulinunuliwa na babu.
A. hii hii
B. uu huu
C. huu huu
D. uu huo
26. Chagua maneno sahihi kujaza mianya katika sentensi ifuatayo.
Msusi _____ mkeka huku chungu _____ jikoni.
A. aliinjika, kikisuka
B. alitokota, kikiinjika
C. aliusuka, kikitokota
D. Aliusuka, kikipayuka
27. Idadi ya miaka kumi huitwaje?
A. milenia B. mwongo
C. karne D. kwikwi
28. Chagua sentensi sahihi.
A. Mwanafunzi huyo ndio niliofundisha
B. Sisi ndio wakulima kutoka Kenya
C. Miti hii ndiyo tuliopanda mwaka uliopita
D. Wewe ndiye uliyetuzwa kwa kuimba vizuri
29. _____ ni shambani kwetu.
A. Kule B. Mle
C. Pale D. Hapo
30. Anayefanya kazi ya kutengeneza mitambo huitwa _____
A. mhazigi B. mhazili
C. mhandisi D. mkutubi

Soma ufahamu ufuatao kisha ujibu swal 31-40

Visa vya wizi katika kijiji cha Mamboleo vilikuwa vimezidi. Haikupita siku moja au zikizidi sana mbili kabla tukio la wizi kuripotwa katika kijiji hicho. Makori, mnunuzi wa shamba katika kijiji hicho aliyekuwa bwanenye alikuwa ameapa kuwa lazima angewatia adabu na aibu wezi waliokuwa wakiwasumbua wakazi wa Mamboleo.

"Wizi umekuwa hapa tangu enzi za mababu zetu. Utawaweza wewe?" Mwanakijiji mmoja alimuuliza Makori. "Jibu utaliba mwenyewe," Makori alijibu.

Usiku mmoja kulisikika kelele katika boma la Makori. Wezi walikuwa wamevamia boma hilo tayari kuiba mali mengi ya Makori. Lakini hawakufanikiwa kuiba chochote. Wote, wanaume watatu wakiwa na bunduki zao walibaki wamekwama karibu na mlango wa nyumba. Hawasongi, hawasemi. Makori, mkewe na watoto walipiga ukwenzi wa kuwaita wanakijiji waje wajionee wezi waliokuwa wakiwahangaisha kwa muda.

Wanakijiji kwa sababu walikuwa wamekerwa mno na matukio ya wahalifu hao, hawakuchelea kuwatia wezi wale adabu. Kuna waliowasili wakiwa na panga, wengine walikuwa na rungu, wengine walikuwa na mawe na wengine na mikuki. Wezi wale walishambuliwa bila utaratibu. Walipokuwa wamechoka kuwapiga, waliwasha moto kwa magurudumu na kuwachoma wezi hao mpaka wakateketea na kuwa majivu.

Chifu alizipata habari hizo asubuhi kwa furaha. Tayari Chifu Malala alikuwa ameamuru kuwa mwizi akipatikana achomwe kwa moto au kuuliwa ili kuwa funzo kwa wengine waliotaka kufanya wizi tena.

Kisa hicho cha kuuawa kwa wezi kijijini Mamboleo kilienea katika maeneo mengi kama moto wa mwituni wakati wa kiangazi. Makori naye kando na kuogopwa kama mtu hatari, aliheshimiwa na kupewa sifa kwa kuleta amani kijijini Mamboleo.

uchochezi wa Wakenya kwa misingi ya vyama vya kisiasa na ukabila wakati wa uchaguzi vinastahili kuchunguzwa na wabusika kutiwa mbaroni.

Amani ni muhimu kuliko kitu chochote. Kwanza, kuwepo kwa amani kunafanya taifa kuendelea kiuchumi kwani kunafanya bishara kufanyika katika mazingira mazuri. Watalii hasa wa kigeni hufurika katika maendo ya utalii na kuletea taifa hili pesa za kigeni. Aidha, kuwepo kwa amani kunafanya mambo kama elimu kuendelea bila kutatizwa ikizingatiwa kuwa elimu ni uti wa mgongo katika ulimwengu wa kisasa.

Ni ombi na tumaini langu kuwa washikadau wote hasa katika sekta ya usalama wataona haja ya kutumia kila mkakati kuhakikisha kuwa Kenya inasalia kisiwa cha amani kama ilivyokuwa hapo awali. Ni mwito pia kwa kila Mkenya kudumisha amani katika taifa letu teule.

41. Kwa mujibu wa taarifa hii, mwandishi anasema kuwa:
- A. Kuna vitu muhimu kuliko amani
 - B. Uchaguzi mkuu hautafanywa kwa amani
 - C. Hapo awali Kenya lilikuwa taifa lililofurika amani
 - D. Visa vya uchochezi haviwezi kuchunguzwa
42. Kwa nini kila taifa huhakikisha lina amani:
- A. Muungano wa kimataifa hushauri mataifa kuwa na amani
 - B. Amani ni muhimu sana ili kuwa na maendeleo katika kila taifa
 - C. Makundi ya magaidi hueneza amani
 - D. Amani ni muhimu tu wakati wa uchaguzi
43. Ni gani si chanzo cha ukosefu wa amani nchini Kenya?
- A. Makundi ya kigaidi
 - B. Watu wanaochochea wengine kugawanyika kwa misingi ya makabila na vyama vya kisiasa
 - C. Majambazi sugu wanaowashambulia wakenya
 - D. Kuwepo kwa makabila mbalimbali nchini Kenya
44. Mwandishi anasema kuwa ni jambo gani litaboresha amani nchini Kenya?
- A. Kuwepo kwa kabila moja tu
 - B. Kuwepo kwa chama kimoja cha kisiasa
 - C. Utekelezaji mwema wa mikakati ya kuboresha amani
 - D. Kuajiri askari wengi
45. Ni kweli kusema mashambulizi ya kigaidi yaliyotekelezwa nchini Kenya:
- A. Yalihuisha wazee wa kabila fulani
 - B. Yangali katika kumbukumbu za Wakenya wengi.
 - C. Hayakutikisa amani nchini
 - D. Yalitekelezwa na wanasiasa
46. Ni lipi halitaboreshwa na kuwepo kwa amani?
- A. Utangamano wa Wakenya
 - B. Utalii
 - C. Elimu
 - D. Ugaidi
47. Maneno 'elimu ni uti wa mgongo katika ulimwengu wa kisasa' yanaashiria nini?
- A. Jinsi elimu ilivyosambaa ulimwenguni
 - B. Kuwa elimu haina faida katika baadhi ya mataifa
 - C. Umuhimu wa elimu katika ulimwengu wa kisasa
 - D. Madhara yanayosababishwa na elimu katika ulimwengu wa kisasa
48. Wito wa mwandishi katika kifungu hiki ni:
- A. Kila Mkenya aboresha amani
 - B. Makundi ya kigaidi yahimizwe
 - C. Wakenya wote wapate elimu
 - D. Vijana wapate nafasi za kazi
49. Vitendo vya ukosefu wa usalama vinatokea wapi nchini Kenya
- A. Katika vyuo vikuu
 - B. Katika maduka makubwa
 - C. Katika Pwani ya Kenya
 - D. Karibu kila mahali
50. Taarifa hii imezungumzia nini?
- A. Umuhimu wa utalii
 - B. Jinsi ya kukabiliana na makundi haramu
 - C. Amani nchini Kenya
 - D. Vitendo vya ukabila na siasa nchini



HIGH FLYER TRIAL EXAM 2016

STANDARD SIX

MARKING SCHEME

ENGLISH	MATHS	KISWAHILI	SCIENCE	SOCIAL STUDIES	
1. A	1. D	1. B	1. C	1. C	51. C
2. A	2. C	2. A	2. A	2. A	52. C
3. A	3. A	3. D	3. C	3. D	53. A
4. C	4. B	4. B	4. D	4. B	54. C
5. B	5. B	5. D	5. A	5. B	55. B
6. D	6. C	6. C	6. C	6. D	56. B
7. D	7. D	7. A	7. B	7. C	57. C
8. C	8. A	8. D	8. C	8. A	58. C
9. A	9. A	9. A	9. D	9. C	59. A
10. A	10. D	10. C	10. A	10. D	60. D
11. B	11. B	11. A	11. A	11. D	
12. B	12. C	12. D	12. B	12. A	<u>C.R.E</u>
13. C	13. D	13. C	13. B	13. A	61. B
14. C	14. B	14. A	14. D	14. C	62. D
15. C	15. C	15. A	15. B	15. D	63. C
16. D	16. D	16. C	16. B	16. C	64. D
17. D	17. A	17. D	17. D	17. C	65. C
18. D	18. A	18. D	18. A	18. B	66. C
19. B	19. C	19. B	19. D	19. D	67. D
20. B	20. D	20. B	20. C	20. C	68. D
21. A	21. A	21. C	21. C	21. B	69. B
22. D	22. B	22. C	22. A	22. C	70. A
23. A	23. B	23. D	23. C	23. B	71. B
24. B	24. C	24. D	24. B	24. C	72. A
25. B	25. B	25. B	25. D	25. D	73. C
26. D	26. D	26. C	26. A	26. B	74. D
27. A	27. A	27. B	27. B	27. C	75. D
28. A	28. C	28. C	28. C	28. A	76. C
29. B	29. B	29. A	29. A	29. C	77. B
30. D	30. D	30. C	30. D	30. A	78. A
31. D	31. C	31. A	31. C	31. C	79. B
32. D	32. A	32. B	32. C	32. C	80. A
33. C	33. B	33. D	33. A	33. D	81. A
34. C	34. C	34. B	34. D	34. B	82. C
35. C	35. D	35. D	35. A	35. D	83. D
36. A	36. A	36. C	36. D	36. C	84. C
37. A	37. D	37. C	37. B	37. D	85. C
38. C	38. A	38. D	38. C	38. A	86. B
39. B	39. B	39. A	39. A	39. C	87. A
40. D	40. C	40. A	40. C	40. B	88. D
41. D	41. C	41. C	41. B	41. A	89. B
42. C	42. D	42. B	42. A	42. C	90. C
43. C	43. B	43. D	43. C	43. C	
44. D	44. A	44. C	44. B	44. C	
45. B	45. C	45. B	45. D	45. C	
46. A	46. D	46. D	46. A	46. A	
47. A	47. B	47. C	47. C	47. A	
48. A	48. A	48. A	48. A	48. B	
49. C	49. D	49. D	49. C	49. C	
50. B	50. C	50. C	50. B	50. C	
					I.R.E
					1. C
					2. D
					3. B
					4. A
					5. B
					6. B
					7. A
					8. D
					9. C
					10. B
					11. C
					12. B
					13. B
					14. A
					15. C
					16. A
					17. D
					18. C
					19. A
					20. A
					21. D
					22. A
					23. C
					24. A
					25. B
					26. A
					27. A
					28. B
					29. D
					30. B

