Fill in the blank spaces 1 to 15 using the best answers from the choices given.

One day, John and Peter 1 going 2 the market. They 3 to buy exercise books 4 some fruits. They had money 5 they were given by 6 father. They were very 7 because they were going to also 8 some of their friends. When they reached the 9, they went to where books were being 10. They 11 five books each. They then decided to 12 and buy some fruits. John 13 to buy bananas 14 Peter wanted to buy oranges. At last they 15 decided to buy oranges.

1. A. was  
   B. are  
   C. is  
   D. were
2. A. on  
   B. to  
   C. from  
   D. onto
3. A. wanted  
   B. wanting  
   C. wants  
   D. want
4. A. for  
   B. again  
   C. and  
   D. so
5. A. whose  
   B. who  
   C. whom  
   D. which
6. A. they  
   B. their  
   C. there  
   D. them
7. A. happy  
   B. happier  
   C. happiest  
   D. happiest
8. A. met  
   B. meat  
   C. meet  
   D. meeting
9. A. hotel  
   B. schools  
   C. stage  
   D. market
10. A. eaten  
     B. sold  
     C. stolen  
     D. hid
11. A. by  
     B. buying  
     C. bought  
     D. going
12. A. go  
     B. went  
     C. done  
     D. says
13. A. wanting  
     B. wanted  
     C. wants  
     D. neither
14. A. so  
     B. while  
     C. that  
     D. hall
15. A. two  
     B. whole  
     C. both  

In questions 16 to 18, give the feminine word.

16. Bull  
   A. Goat  
   B. Calf  
   C. Cow  
   D. Sheep

17. Dog  
   A. Puppy  
   B. Bitch  
   C. Kitten  
   D. Cub

18. Nephew  
   A. Miss  
   B. Niece  
   C. Cousin  
   D. Sister

For questions 19 to 21 the choose the similar word to the underlined.

19. Our school has a round flower garden.  
   A. square  
   B. small  
   C. circular  
   D. triangular

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20. Shut the door.
   A. Open
   B. Lock
   C. Push
   D. Pull

21. He is yet to start his work.
   A. help
   B. halt
   C. begin
   D. stop

**For questions 22 to 24, write one word of the words given.**

22. Car, bus, taxi, lorry
   A. Furniture
   B. Transport
   C. Matatu
   D. Vehicle

23. Brother, sister, uncle, aunt
   A. Teachers
   B. Patients
   C. Relatives
   D. Men

24. Cows, goats, sheep
   A. cattle
   B. poultry
   C. livestock
   D. wildlife.

25. Spoon, fork, knife
   A. utensils
   B. Fooding
   C. Cutlery
   D. Cookery

---

**Read the passage below then answer the questions 26 to 38.**

A long time ago, there was a small village. It was a peaceful village. One early morning, the villagers were busy selling fruits and vegetables in the market. They noticed ten rats running under their stalls. “Rats! Rats!” They shouted. Some people chased the rats. They tried to kill the rats with sticks, but the rats were too fast for them. Some people screamed and ran away. One rat ran up Mr. Kilui and sat on his head. Mr. Kilui roared loudly. He ran around the market waving his hands in the air.

The next market day, there were one thousand rats running around. “What is happening? This is dreadful!” Shouted the chief, “I will give a reward to anyone who can get rid of the rats. The person can have gold. He can also marry my daughter.”
26. The village was:—
   A. fearsome
   B. peaceful
   C. dangerous
   D. unpeaceful

27. When were the villagers felling their fruits and vegetables? In the:—
   A. evening
   B. morning
   C. night
   D. afternoon

28. How many rats were seen altogether?
   A. Ten
   B. One thousand
   C. One thousand and ten
   D. One

29. What was to be offered as a reward?
   A. Stick
   B. Daughter
   C. Rat
   D. Fruits

30. What did they try to kill the rats with?
   A. Poison
   B. Cat
   C. Sticks
   D. Stones

31. How many people ran away?
   A. One
   B. All
   C. None
   D. We are not told

32. One rat sat on Mr. Kilui’s:—
   A. hand
   B. leg
   C. head
   D. chair

33. The following market day _____ were seen.
   A. ten rats
   B. one rat
   C. no rats
   D. rats

34. Who shouted?
   A. Kilui
   B. Villagers
   C. Nobody
   D. Chief

35. How many items did the chief propose to reward?
   A. Two
   B. Three
   C. Four
   D. One

36. Who said this words? “This is dreadful”
   A. Kilui
   B. Chief
   C. Villager
   D. Women

37. Why was it difficult for the villagers to kill the rats? The rats:—
   A. were many
   B. were too small
   C. were too fast
   D. were clever

38. Choose the correct title for the passage.
   A. Rat’s day
   B. Rats in the market
   C. Kilui’s rat
   D. Rats and cats
Read the passage below and answer questions 39 to 50.

One day, the hare was walking near the forest. He saw a shamba full of vegetables. There were cabbages, sukumawiki, carrots and tomatoes. He dug up some carrots and ate them greedily. He did this for many days but one day, the owner, Mr. Kisowe caught him.

"I am very sorry," Hare told the owner. "Please don't kill me. I will do anything you want if you spare my life." Allright, I will not kill you but if you want to live you have to pay for it. You will have to go to the land of ghosts and get me some special nuts. I have been told that if I eat the nuts I will live forever," said Mr. Kisowe.

Hare knew that to get to the land of ghosts he had to cross a wide river full of crocodiles. When he reached the bank of the river, he found mother crocodile warming herself in the sun. Her mouth was wide open. I have tricked bigger and more fierce animals. Why should I not trick this laughing crocodile?" Hare said to himself.

39. Whose vegetables were stolen?
   A. Ghost
   B. Kisowe
   C. Crocodiles
   D. Carrots

40. Mr. Kisowe wanted to eat _____ to live long.
   A. carrots
   B. nuts
   C. cabbage
   D. none

41. The hare was walking near the:-
   A. river
   B. shamba
   C. forest
   D. village

42. Which vegetables were stolen?
   A. Cabbages
   B. Carrots
   C. Tomatoes
   D. Sukumawiki

43. The river hare had to cross was:-
   A. narrow
   B. deep
   C. wide
   D. small

44. Mother crocodile was:-
   A. resting
   B. eating
   C. warming
   D. sleeping

45. The hare thought of ____ the crocodile.
   A. killing
   B. eating
   C. tricking
   D. jumping

46. How many days did the hare eat the vegetables?
   A. Two
   B. Many
   C. Three
   D. Ten

47. Mr. Kisowe wanted to ____ the hare.

48. Hare was sent to the land of:-
   A. crocodiles
   B. water
   C. forest
   D. ghosts

49. Crocodile's mouth was:-
   A. closed
   B. open
   C. smelling
   D. locked

50. Choose the suitable title for the passage.
   A. The mother crocodile
   B. The hare and the farmer
   C. Crocodile river
   D. The vegetation
Write an interesting composition about 

MY FAVOURITE ANIMAL.
Kutoka swali la 1 hadi 15 chagua jibu lifaaalo zaidi kati ya vale uliyopewa.


1. A. mbichi B. mibichi C. mabichi D. bichi
2. A. zikiwa B. ikiwa C. ukiwa D. yakiwa
3. A. kuyarudisha B. kuzirudisha C. kuirudisha D. kuvirudisha
4. A. nayo B. nacho C. nalo D. naye
5. A. tayari B. bado C. baadaye D. kamwe
6. A. mfuko B. gunia C. debe D. kikapu
7. A. nao B. nayo C. naye D. nacho
8. A. zote B. yote C. lote D. vyote
9. A. yakitunziwa B. yakitunzwa C. yakitunza D. yakitunzana
10. A. nzuri B. mzuri C. zuri D. pazuri
11. A. waliyachukua B. alizichukua C. aliyachukuwa D. aliyachukuwa
12. A. lenyewe B. yenyewe C. zenyewe D. mwenyewe
13. A. mwingine B. mengine C. mwengine D. ingine
14. A. wakaenda B. mkaenda C. tukaenda D. nikaenda
15. A. tuliporudishiwa B. waliporudishiwa C. tulirudishiwa D. walirudishiwa

Jibu maswali 16 hadi 30 kulingana na maagizo.

16. Kamilisha methali hii:-
   Baada ya dhiki :-
   A. faraja
   B. furahia
   C. dhiki
   D. amani

17. Andika kwá tarakimu :- mia nne arobaini na tano.
   A. 455
   B. 454
   C. 445
   D. 45
18. Muneno haya yako katika ngeli gani?
Ă Chura, kipepeo, kiroboto
A. I-ZI
B. A-WA
C. I-I
D. I-I-YA

19. Kanusha sentensi hii:-
Ă Wewe umelima.
B. Wewe hujalima
C. Wewe hukulima.
D. Wewe hulumangi.

20. Jibu maamkizi haya :-
Ă Hajambo?
B. Hatujambo
C. Jambo
D. Sijambo

21. Jiko la makaa huitwa :-
Ă meko
B. stovu
C. seredani
D. majiko

22. Jua huzama upande upi ?
Ă Mashariki
B. Magharibi
C. Kusini
D. Kaskazini

23. Taja maumbo haya

24. Makao ya mchwa ni kichuguu nayo ya ndege ni:-
Ă mzinga
B. kizimba
C. kiota
D. zizi

25. Tumia -ote- :-
Ă Nywele _______ zimekatwa.
B. chote
C. Zote
D. Yote
E. Lote

26. Tumia -enyeye-
Ă Nyumba _______ nyufa zimebomolewa.
Ă chenyeye
B. yenye
C. mwenye
D. zenye

27. Andika kwa wingi :-
Ă Mfuko ule ulinunuliwa jana.
B. Mfuko ile ilinunuliwa jana
C. Mfuko zile zilinunuliwa jana
D. Mfuko ule ulinunuliwa jana

28. Tumia kiulizi -pi- kinachofaa
Ă Tuuze maembe__________?
Ă kipi
B. zipi
C. yapi
D.ipi

29. Geuza sentensi ifuatayo iwe katika wakati uliopo:- Tuliimba wimbo mzuri.
Ă Tutaimba wimbo mzuri
B. Tunaimba wimbo mzuri
C. Tumeimba wimbo mzuri
D. Tuliimba wimbo mzuri

30. Mtoto wa mjukuu ni:-
Ă kitukuu
B. mjukuu
C. Kilembwe
D. mjomba

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KISWAHILI DARASA LA NNE
Soma habari ifuatayo kisha ujibu maswali 31 hadi 40:

Mtukutu alikuwa akitumia katika shule ya Twasonga. Mtukutu alikuwa na mazoea ya kusumbua walimu na hata pia wanafunzi wenzake darasani. Yeye hakuwa akimaliza kazi za ziada kwa hivyo kila siku aliadhibiwa na walimu.


Wazazi wake pia wailalamika kuhusu tabia ya mwana wao. Alipoachiwa kazi yoyote nyumbani hakuifanya.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>31. Kijana anayetajwa katika taarifa hii anaitwaje?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. Twasonga</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. Mtukutu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. Mtiifu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. Hatujaambiwa</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>36. Mtukutu :-</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. hakumaliza kazi za ziada</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. hakuenda shuleni</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. alikuwa mtiifu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. alikuwa anapenda kazi ya ziada</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>32. Shuleni alikuwa na tabia ya:-</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. kuwasumbua walimu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. kufanya kazi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. kuwafurahisha wenzake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. kuwaheshimu wote</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>37. Wazazi wa mtukutu wailalamika kuhusu :-</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. kufaulu kwa mwana wao</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. tabia ya mwana wao isiyopendeza</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. kucheza kandanda kwa mwana wao</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. kupenda masomo kwa mwana wao</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>33. Shule iliyotajwa kwenywe makala haya ni:-</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. Bidi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. Twasonga</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. Twaenda</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. Hekima</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>38. Wanafunzi wenzake walimripoti Mtukutu wapi?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. Kwa walimu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. Kwa wazazi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. Kwa chifu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. Kwa majirani</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>39. Tabia ya Mtukutu inaonyesha :-</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. mfano mzuri kwa wenzake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. mfano mbaya kwa wengine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. utiifu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. upole</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>40. Kifungu hiki kineeleza kuhusu :-</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. uzuri wa mtukutu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. watoto na walimu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. wazazi wa mtukutu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. tabia ya mtukutu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. kuogopa maji</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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**KISWAHILI DARASA LA NNE**
Soma kifungu kifuatacho kisha ujibu maswai 41 hadi 50

Maji ni uhaji, kila kiumbe duniani huwa kinategemea maji. Bila maji maisha ya binadamu na viume wengine yatakwa hatarini.  


Kwa hivyo, kila mmoja ni vyema ahifadhi maji. Kuna baadhi ya watu ambao huchafua maji bila kujali. Nawashauri nyote mshikane mikono ili muweze kuyahifadhi na kuyatunza maji.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>41. Maji ni uhaji yaani :-</th>
<th>46. Makala yanatuambia kuwa watu watakuwa wakinuka vibaya. Hili litatokana na:-</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. tunaweza kuishi bila maji</td>
<td>a. kuoga kila mara</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. hatuwezi kuishi bila maji</td>
<td>b. kukosa maji ya kuogea</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. maji hayana faida</td>
<td>c. kuwa na maji mengi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. maji hayana maana</td>
<td>d. kuogopa maji</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>42. Bila maji maisha ya viUME vyote yatakwa:-</th>
<th>47. Mwandishi amesema watu washikane mikono wafanye nini?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Hatarini</td>
<td>a. Waharibu maji</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Mema</td>
<td>b. Wachafue maji</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Sawa</td>
<td>c. Wahifadhi na kutunza maji</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Kamili</td>
<td>d. Wachote maji</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>43. Mwandishi anaposema matumizi ya maji hayawezi kuhesabika inamaanisha:-</th>
<th>48. Maji hutegemewa na</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Matumizi machache</td>
<td>a. Wanyama pekee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Matumizi madogo</td>
<td>b. Binadamu pekee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Matumizi haba</td>
<td>c. Kila kiumbe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Matumizi mengi</td>
<td>d. Miti pekee</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>44. Ni yapi si matumizi ya maji hapa?</th>
<th>49. Wanyama hutegemewa maji kwa:-</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Kufua</td>
<td>a. kunywa na kupata chakula</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Kupikia</td>
<td>b. kupikia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Kuleta magonjwa</td>
<td>c. kuoga</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Kujengea nyumba</td>
<td>d. kulima</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>45. Makala yanasema kuwa ni vyema kila mtu:-</th>
<th>50. Kichwa kinachofaa zaidi katika makala haya ni kipi :-</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. ahifadhi maji</td>
<td>a. Maji na kilimo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. aharibu maji</td>
<td>b. Maji na wanyama</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. achafue maji</td>
<td>c. Kutumia maji kwa kuogea</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. asitunze maji</td>
<td>d. Umuhimu wa maji</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Andika insha ya kusimua kuhusu:
DARASA LETU.
Study the map of Lutali area and answer questions 1 to 7.

1. The main economic activity in the area is:
   A. mining  B. tourism  C. farming  D. fishing

2. What is the direction of the borehole from the hospital?
   A. North  B. West  C. East  D. South

3. The most senior politician in the area above is:
   A. county representative  B. council  C. member of parliament  D. governor

4. Which of the following places is likely to be at the highest point in Lukali area?
   A. Near the borehole  B. Near to church  C. Near the game park  D. Near the coffee factory

5. River Lutali flows from:
   A. South West  B. North East  C. North West  D. South East

6. Which of the following activities is not carried out in Lutali area?
   A. Tourism  B. Fishing  C. Farming  D. Trading

7. The people living in Lutali area are likely to be:
   A. Christians  B. Muslims  C. Hindus  D. Tradionalists

8. The sun sets in the:
   A. West  B. East  C. North  D. South

9. The national day that is celebrated on 1st June every year is:
   A. Mashujaa day  B. Jamhuri day  C. Madaraka day  D. Labour day
11. Barometer is used to record:-
A. sound
B. temperature
C. Bar
D. sunshine

12. Population is the number of ___ in a given place.
A. lives
B. vegetation
C. census
D. people

13. Plateaus are also called:-
A. mountains
B. hills
C. tablelands
D. flat lands

14. The other name for the four main points of a compass is:-
A. compass directions
B. compass points
C. directions
D. cardinal points

15. Old beliefs that guides people to behave well are known as
A. moral values
B. vices
C. immoral values
D. respect

16. Mixed farming is the growing of crops and:-
A. cutting of vegetation
B. keeping of cattle
C. keeping of bees
D. keeping of fish

17. Which one of the following is a resource?
A. Mining
B. Transport
C. Mineral
D. Forestry

18. The third president of Kenya was:-
A. Daniel Kibaki
B. Uhuru Kenyatta
C. Jomo Kenyatta
D. Daniel Moi

19. The national place of worship was called:-
A. temple
B. synagogue
C. church
D. shrine

20. Raw materials are changed into finished goods in:-
A. an industry
B. a shamba
C. an airport
D. a shop

21. Temperature is the hotness or ____ of a place.
A. dryness
B. coldness
C. smoothness
D. roughness

22. The carrying away of soil by water or wind is known as:-
A. soil fertility
B. soil texture
C. soil layers
D. soil erosion

23. Lakes that were not made by man are called:-
A. natural lakes
B. human made lakes
C. permanent lakes
D. seasonal lakes

24. Things that we do inorder to get money are called
A. resources
B. economic activities
C. natural activities
D. human rights

25. Law breakers are arrested by:-
A. Prison police
B. Kenya navy
C. C.I.D
D. Kenya police

26. The main economic activity of Kenya is:-
A. fishing
B. mining
C. agriculture
D. trading

27. The animals that are found in the forest are called _____ animals.
A. wild
B. forest
C. domestic
D. beef

28. Which one of the following is not a traditional industry?
A. Boat making
B. Cement making
C. pottery
D. Sculpture

29. All citizens in a democratic country enjoy:-
A. human live
B. human power
C. human rights
D. human activities

30. Democracy is the rule by the:-
A. riches
B. youth
C. elders
D. people

31. Milk and mohair are from:-
A. a cow
B. a goat
C. a sheep
D. a pig

32. The condition of a place that changes after a short time in a day is calle:-
A. weather
B. climate
C. temperature
D. pressure

33. The forests that are planted by people are called:-
A. natural forests
B. planted forests
C. permanent forests
D. mountain forests

34. Mediation is the process of solving:-
A. a problem
B. mathematics
C. issues
D. rights
35. All Kenyans below 18 years have no right to:-
   A. live              B. eat
   C. vote              D. elect

36. Kenya has three cities. Which one is not a city in Kenya?
   A. Kisumu           B. Nairobi
   C. Mombasa          D. Nakuru

37. Who among the following people was the first president of Kenya?
   A. Daniel rap Moi   B. Oginga odinga
   C. Jomo Kenyatta    D. Mwai Kibaki

38. Broilers are birds kept for:-
   A. eggs              B. meat
   C. chicks            D. tourism

39. The point where two rivers join to make a big river is called:
   A. source           B. delta
   C. estuary          D. confluence

40. The weather instrument shown below is known as:-
   A. windsock
   B. windvane
   C. anemometer
   D. hygrometer

41. The above instrument is used to measure:-
   A. temperature
   B. air pressure
   C. direction of wind
   D. rainfall

42. The senator represents ___ in the national government.
   A. a county         B. a country
   C. a constituency   D. a ward

43. A person who has all the right to belong to a particular country is known as a
   A. a worker         B. a broker
   C. a dealer         D. a citizen

44. Every citizen in our country should not give or receive:
   A. blame           B. right
   C. bribe           D. power

45. Which one of the following is not a fishing ground in Kenya?
   A. Malindi         B. Ocean
   C. Lakes           D. Seas

46. Moral values are important because they
   A. allow polygamy  B. teach good behaviours
   C. allow divorce  D. allow polygamy

47. River Tana is the longest river in:-
   A. Uganda          B. Kenya
   C. Somalia         D. Nairobi

48. "Oh God of all creation is a phrase in which stanza of our national anthem?
   A. Stanza 1          B. Stanza 2
   C. Stanza 3          D. Stanza 4

49. Horticultural crops are fruits, flowers and:-
   A. bananas         B. potatoes
   C. sugarcane       D. vegetables

50. Kenyatta day has changed to:
   A. Labour day        B. Boxing day
   C. Mashujana day     D. Moi day

51. Irrigation is the name given to supplying of water to:
   A. cattle           B. crops
   C. houses           D. industries

52. Cutting down of trees without replacing is called:
   A. re-afforestation  B. afforestation
   C. agro-forestation D. deforestation

53. The Europeans are the Germans, British and
   A. Africans           B. Arabs
   C. Italians           D. Chinesees

54. Corrupt people ask for ___ when serving in the government.
   A. bribes           B. food
   C. money            D. houses

55. Fish farming is the rearing of fish in jams and:
   A. lakes           B. ponds
   C. rivers          D. oceans

56. The Kenya national security is divided into ___ groups.
   A. five           B. one       C. D. two

57. Which one of the following trees is found in the natural forests?
   A. Cypress         B. Cedar
   C. Legumes          D. Ebony

58. Measuring, recording and observing weather is known as:
   A. astronony       B. astrology
   C. meteorology     D. geology

59. In the Maasai community, young after initiation young men they became:
   A. warrior       B. powerful
   C. strong        D. parents

60. Equator passes in three of the following towns except:
   A. Nanyuki       B. Machakos
   C. Timboroa      D. Nyahururu

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. Adam and Eve were created by:
   A. God           B. angels
   C. Spirit        D. the world

62. Lazarus was raised from the dead after staying in the tomb for how many days
   A. 10            B. 3
65. Which disciple of Jesus betrayed him for coins?  
A. Peter  
B. Judas  
C. John  
D. Matthew

66. Zachaeus climbed a tree to see Jesus because he was  
A. lame  
B. crippled  
C. poor  
D. short

67. “I am who I am” God said these words to:  
A. Adam  
B. Moses  
C. David  
D. Isaac

68. Matthew, the disciple of Jesus was  
A. a tax collector  
B. a king  
C. a levite  
D. a missionary

69. Those people who only think about themselves are said to be:  
A. kind  
B. proud  
C. selfish  
D. experts

70. From the story of a good Samaritan, the injured man was going to:  
A. Jerusalem  
B. Galilee  
C. Judea  
D. Jericho

71. Naomi had two daughters-in-law, who left her when she wanted to return home from Moab?  
A. Ruth  
B. Esther  
C. Orpah  
D. Rebecca

72. The day which the disciples received the Holy Spirit is known as:  
A. Exodus  
B. Pentecost  
C. Last Supper  
D. Passover

73. Jesus walked on water to show that he had  
A. power over life  
B. power over death  
C. power over water  
D. power over nature

74. John the Baptist baptised ___ in river Jordan.  
A. Jesus  
B. God  
C. Angels  
D. Mary and Joseph

75. Among the children of Jacob, who was the first to move to Egypt?  
A. Reuben  
B. Joseph  
C. Benjamin  
D. Judah

76. Who helped Jesus to carry the cross?  
A. Peter  
B. Judas  
C. James  
D. Simon the cyrenne

77. The wife of Elkanah who gave birth to Samuel was known as:  
A. Rachael  
B. Benjamin  
C. Hannah  
D. Rahab

78. The following disciples of Jesus were fishermen except  
A. Matthew  
B. James  
C. John  
D. Matthew

79. During the wedding at Cana, Jesus changed ___ into wine.  
A. soda  
B. milk  
C. oil  
D. water

80. Jesus stayed in the grave for ____ days  
A. one  
B. three  
C. four  
D. two

81. During the time of Noah, God destroyed the world with flood for ____ days  
A. 10  
B. 100  
C. 40  
D. 12

82. Which prophet prophesied the birth of Jesus?  
A. Elijah  
B. Isaiah  
C. Elisha  
D. Samuel

83. Jesus cleansed the temple at Jerusalem when he found people:  
A. crying  
B. shouting  
C. singing and dancing  
D. selling and buying

84. Jesus performed the miracle on paralytic man to show that he had power to:  
A. heal  
B. pray  
C. forgive  
D. raise people

85. “God with us” is the meaning of the name:  
A. Jesus  
B. Christ  
C. Saviour  
D. Emmanuel

86. The first man to die in the world was:  
A. Abel  
B. Jesus  
C. Adam  
D. Moses

87. According to the teaching of Jesus, the greatest commandment is  
A. joy  
B. do not commit murder  
C. love  
D. do not

88. Which of these events of Jesus showed Jesus defeated death?  
A. Rising Lazarus  
B. His resurrection  
C. Crucifixion  
D. Ascension

89. King Ahab and Jezebel were unfair to:  
A. David  
B. Samuel  
C. Uriah  
D. Naboth

90. Which of these was not done by Jesus?  
A. Being worshiper  
B. Healing the sick  
C. Feeding the hungry  
D. Performing miracles
1. Which are the first teeth to develop?
   A. Canines
   B. Incisors
   C. Premolars
   D. Molars

2. Which one of the following is not a method of weeding?
   A. Digging out
   B. Spraying
   C. Harvesting
   D. Mulching

3. Which one of the following is not a natural source of light?
   A. Moon
   B. Sun
   C. Stars
   D. Firefly

4. The weather sign below shown is:
   A. cloudy
   B. windy
   C. rainy
   D. sunny

5. In AIDS "D" Stands for:
   A. Disease
   B. Deficiency
   C. Death
   D. Drug

6. Which one of the following are not cash crop?
   A. Beverage crops
   B. Legumes
   C. Fibre crops
   D. Oil crops

7. The study of stars is called:-
   A. meteorologists
   B. meterology
   C. starology
   D. astronomy

8. The white clouds that resemble bundles of cotton wool are called:-
   A. cumulus
   B. cirrus
   C. nimbus
   D. stratus

9. Cattle that are kept for meat are called:-
   A. dairy
   B. layers
   C. beef
   D. boars

10. The movement of animals in air is known as:-
    A. swimming
    B. walking
    C. crawling
    D. flying

11. The weeds which have hooks are:-
    A. oxalis
    B. black jack
    C. pigweed
    D. wandering jew
12. How many sets of teeth does a human being have?
   A. 2
   B. 4
   C. 20
   D. 32

13. Which one of the following is not a special sound?
   A. Baby playing
   B. Screaming
   C. Bell ringing
   D. Ambulance

14. Animals remove solid waste matter called:-
   A. sweat
   B. urine
   C. tears
   D. faeces

15. An insect has 3 body parts. Which one is not a part?
   A. Head
   B. Abdomen
   C. Spiracles
   D. thorax

16. Name the phase of the moon below?
   A. Crescent
   B. 1st quarter
   C. Full moon
   D. gibbous

17. How many teeth are shed off?
   A. 4
   B. 8
   C. 32
   D. 20

18. Three of the following are uses of wind. Which one is not?
   A. Felling trees
   B. Flying kites
   C. Windmill
   D. Sailing boats

19. What is the function of the tooth drawn below?
   A. Cutting and biting
   B. Grasping and tearing
   C. Chewing and crushing
   D. Holding and biting

20. The falling out of milk teeth is:-
   A. deciduous teeth
   B. falling out
   C. milk teeth
   D. shedding off teeth

21. Three of the following are signs of bleeding gums except:-
   A. gums becoming red
   B. gums soften and swell
   C. normal gums
   D. gums starts bleeding

22. The following are requirements for good health of a person except:-
   A. food
   B. medical care
   C. not using latrines
   D. enough rest

23. Which one of the following is not a sensory organ?
   A. hand
   B. Eye
   C. Skin
   D. Tongue

24. People who cannot see at all are called:-
   A. deaf
   B. bumb
   C. lame
   D. blind
25. We go to see a _ when we feel sick.
   A. teacher
   B. doctor
   C. police officer
   D. parent

26. Coffee is made from the _ of a coffee tree.
   A. leaves
   B. berries
   C. roots
   D. flowers

27. The following are ways in which animals try to protect themselves. Which one is not?
   A. Coiling
   B. Hiding in shells
   C. Stinging
   D. Sleeping

28. Which one of the following is not a source of water?
   A. Rain
   B. Well
   C. Tap
   D. River

29. A std 3 pupil was blind-folded and a bell was rang from different positions. What were they trying to find?
   A. Directions of sound
   B. Special sounds
   C. How the bell behaves
   D. Different times of ringing the bell

30. A pupil placed soil in a drinking glass and poured water in the drinking glass. What did he observe?
   A. Some smoke
   B. Nothing
   C. Different layers of soil and water
   D. Bubbles of air

31. Which one of the following is not a simple tool?
   A. Spade
   B. Engine
   C. Bottle opener
   D. Wheelbarrow

32. Which one of the following is not a personal item?
   A. Toothbrush
   B. Toothpaste
   C. Towel
   D. Handkerchief

33. Which one of the following is not a use of plants to human beings?
   A. Source of food
   B. Making clothes
   C. Making medicine
   D. Source of water

34. Three of the following are oil crops. Which one is not?
   A. Cocoa
   B. Coconut
   C. Groundnut
   D. Corn

35. Which one of the following plants stores its food in the root?
   A. Cassava
   B. Groundnuts
   C. Irish potatoes
   D. Onions

36. Which one of the following animals lives in water?
   A. Man
   B. Cow
   C. Duck
   D. Fish
37. Three of the following activities are done during rainy season. Which one is **not**?
   A. Weeding
   B. Harvesting
   C. Pruning
   D. Planting seeds

38. Three of the following are factors considered when classifying clouds. Which one is **not**?
   A. Colour
   B. Appearance
   C. Size
   D. Height

39. What is the name given to the type of clouds which gives rise to rain?
   A. Nimbus
   B. Cumulus
   C. Cirrus
   D. Stratus

40. One of the following is an industrial use of water. Which one is it?
   A. Swimming
   B. Watering animals
   C. Cleaning the house
   D. Cooling machines

41. Which one of the following pairs of crops can be used to make mats and carpets?
   A. Sunflower and palm
   B. Sisim and castor seed
   C. Flax and cotton
   D. Sisal and cocoa

42. Which among the following plants is a cereal crop?
   A. Peas
   B. Beans
   C. Maize
   D. Groundnuts

43. Which one of the following cannot be used to make wheels?
   A. Metals
   B. bottle top
   C. clay
   D. rubber

44. Meat from a sheep is called:
   A. Pork
   B. Beef
   C. Mutton
   D. Fillet

45. The following animals are found at home. Which one is **not**?
   A. Pigs
   B. Cow
   C. Chicken
   D. Leopard

46. Three of the following are small animals. Which one is **not**?
   A. Grasshopper
   B. Ostrich
   C. Termite
   D. Spider

47. Moving air is called:
   A. rain
   B. wind
   C. spirit
   D. calm

48. The following are parts of a plant. Which one is **not**?
   A. Flower
   B. Fruit
   C. Roots
   D. Tree

49. Which one of the following is **not** a method of feeding in animals?
   A. Suckling
   B. Biting
   C. Crawling
   D. Pecking

50. Which one of the following **cannot** be seen at all at night?
   A. Sun
   B. Clouds
   C. Stars
   D. Moon
1. Write ninety seven thousand six hundred and thirty in symbols.
   A. 97630
   B. 976039
   C. 9700639
   D. 97000600309

2. What is the place value of digit 6 in the number 64807?
   A. Thousands
   B. Tens
   C. Ten thousands
   D. Hundreds

3. What is the total value of digit 7 in the number 4756?
   A. 7
   B. 70
   C. 700
   D. 7000

4. Find the next number in the sequence below.
   8, 13, 18, 23, ____
   A. 30
   B. 29
   C. 26
   D. 28

5. What is 9 multiplied by 8?
   A. 72
   B. 71
   C. 63
   D. 81

6. An even number plus an even number gives:
   A. odd number
   B. even number
   C. prime number
   D. no answer

7. Which one of the following numbers is not a multiple of 9?
   A. 18
   B. 27
   C. 30
   D. 36

8. Add:
   \( \frac{3}{8} + \frac{2}{8} + \frac{1}{8} \)
   A. \( \frac{6}{8} \)
   B. \( \frac{5}{8} \)
   C. \( \frac{6}{24} \)
   D. 6

9. Which one of the following numbers is divisible by 2?
   A. 23
   B. 33
   C. 26
   D. 41

10. What is the time shown on the clockface below?
    A. Ten minutes past six
    B. Ten minutes to six
    C. Half past ten
    D. Quarter to six

11. Write the first four multiples of 6.
    A. 6, 18, 24, 30
    B. 6, 1, 2, 24, 48
    C. 6, 12, 18, 24
    D. 12, 24, 48, 96
12. Add 569 to 1563.
   A. 2032  
   B. 2122  
   C. 1132  
   D. 2132  

13. Find the missing number below:
   \[ 24 \times \square = 144 \]
   A. 6  
   B. 8  
   C. 12  
   D. 9  

14. How many rectangles are there in the figure below?

15. Which of the following fractions is the smallest?
   A. \( \frac{1}{2} \)  
   B. \( \frac{1}{5} \)  
   C. \( \frac{1}{8} \)  
   D. \( \frac{1}{12} \)  

16. What is the difference between 872 and 489?
   A. 393  
   B. 383  
   C. 493  
   D. 483  

17. Which one is not an even number?
   A. 40  
   B. 22  
   C. 37  
   D. 86  

18. Which one of the following numbers is divisible by both 5 and 10?
   A. 65  
   B. 70  
   C. 125  
   D. 122  

19. Work out:
   \[ 3 \div 81 \]
   A. 17  
   B. 27  
   C. 7  
   D. 9  

20. How many minutes are there in 3 hours?
   A. 180 minutes  
   B. 120 minutes  
   C. 603 minutes  
   D. 150 minutes  

21. Which one of the following months has the least number of days?
   A. January  
   B. July  
   C. August  
   D. November  

22. What fraction is unshaded in the figure below?

23. Mark had 108 goats. If he sold 29 goats, how many goats remained?
   A. 137  
   B. 89  
   C. 79  
   D. 81
24. Which number comes just before 10000?  
A. 10001  
B. 9999  
C. 999  
D. 9000

25. Write three eighths in symbols.  
A. \( \frac{3}{8} \)  
B. \( \frac{3}{8} \)  
C. \( \frac{3}{8} \)  
D. 83

26. Subtract 71 from 90.  
A. 19  
B. 21  
C. 20  
D. 18

27. Work out: \( 13 \times 0 \times 28 \) =  
A. 364  
B. 264  
C. 0  
D. 104

28. What is the approximate height of your classroom door?  
A. 200m  
B. 5m  
C. 1m  
D. 2m

29. How many sh 5 coins are there in a sh 200 note?  
A. 205  
B. 40  
C. 1000  
D. 195

30. \( 37 + 69 = \)  
A. Even number  
B. Odd number  
C. Prime number  
D. Mixed number

31. It takes 20 minutes to boil an egg in a sufuria. How long does it take to boil 5 eggs in the same sufuria?  
A. 4 minutes  
B. 20 minutes  
C. 25 minutes  
D. 100 minutes

32. Add: \( 346 + 30 + 1560 = \)  
A. 1936  
B. 1926  
C. 8020  
D. 7920

33. Work out: \( 23 \times 4 = \)  
A. 92  
B. 82  
C. 27  
D. 812

34. Which is the next multiple of 9 after 72?  
A. 63  
B. 81  
C. 90  
D. 99

35. Which one of the following is an odd number?  
A. 20  
B. 44  
C. 18  
D. 27

36. Work out: \( 0.3 + 6 + 0.02 \)  
A. 0.92  
B. 0.092  
C. 6.5  
D. 6.32

37. There are 762 pupils in a school. If there are 344 boys, how many girls are there in the school?  
A. 344  
B. 1108  
C. 428  
D. 418

38. How many triangles are in the figure below?  

A. 1  
B. 2  
C. 3  
D. 4
39. Which one is heavier, 10 kgs of salt or 10kgs of cotton wool?
A. Stones
B. Cotton wool
C. They are equal
D. It is impossible to tell

40. The cost of a pencil is sh 45. What is the cost of six pencils?
A. Sh 240
B. Sh 270
C. Sh 180
D. Sh 300

41. Thirty six sweets were shared equally among nine pupils. How many sweets did each pupil get?
A. 27
B. 45
C. 4
D. 324

42. How many groups of 10 are there in 180?
A. 18
B. 170
C. 1800
D. 190

43. Sh  cts
   25   50
   + 52  60

   A. Sh 77  110cts
   B. Sh 78  10cts
   C. Sh 77  100cts
   D. Sh 78  110cts

44. Work out:-
   Weeks      days
   4          5
   + 5        6

   A. 10 wks  1 day
   B. 9 wks   4 days
   C. 10 wks  4 days
   D. 9 wks   11 days

45. Which one is not a factor of 16?
A. 2
B. 4
C. 8
D. 3

46. $15 \div \square = 3$
A. 12
B. 5
C. 9
D. 18

47. How many points of intersection are there in the figure below?

   A. 5
   B. 4
   C. 3
   D. 6

48. If 2016 is a leap year which will be the next leap year?
A. 2018
B. 2024
C. 2020
D. 2022

49. Which of the following consists of even numbers only?
A. 12, 26, 35, 38
B. 60, 78, 84, 89
C. 28, 36, 42, 50
D. 13, 27, 30, 33

50. How many months are there in 8 years?
A. 16
B. 48
C. 240
D. 96

**MATHS STD 4 2016**
### MARKING CRITERIA

The composition will be assessed according to the following guidelines.

The maximum mark will be 40 and the minimum 0!

Does the script show that the candidate can communicate accurately, fluently and imaginatively in English?

**Accuracy** (8 marks)

(a) Correct tenses and agreement of verbs (4 marks)  
(b) Accurate use of vocabulary (8 marks)

(c) Following a sequence (4 marks)  
(d) Correct punctuations (4 marks)

**Fluency** (8 marks)

(a) Words in the correct order (4 marks)  
(b) Sentence connected and paragraphs (4 marks)

(c) Correct spelling (4 marks)  
(d) Ideas developed in logical sequence (4 marks)

**Imagination** (8 marks)

(a) Unusual but appropriate use of words and phrases (4 marks)

(b) Variety of structure (4 marks)