Study the map of ALUNGO AREA above and use it to answer questions 1 - 7:

1. What is the general direction of the flow of River Chuo?  
   A. South West to North East  
   B. North West to South  
   C. North East to South West  
   D. South East to North  

2. The length of the tarmac road from the junction of Odok town to the junction of Rae market is  
   A. 13km  
   B. 15 km  
   C. 14 km  
   D. 12 km  

3. The climate of the northern part of Alungo area is  
   A. hot and wet  
   B. hot and dry  
   C. cool and wet  
   D. cool and dry  

4. The member of parliament of Rae Sub-County wanted to initiate a development project. Which one should be the first to be started?  
   A. Dispensary  
   B. Road construction  
   C. Street lights  
   D. School  

5. Alungo area is likely to be a  
   A. Sub-County  
   B. County  
   C. Division  
   D. Location  

6. Which one of the following is the least economic activity carried out in Alungo area?  
   A. Cash crop farming  
   B. Fishing  
   C. Mining  
   D. Trading  

7. Who is the senior most civil servant in Alungo area?  
   A. District Commissioner  
   B. Sub-County Commissioner  
   C. Governor  
   D. Chief  

8. The council of elders among the Ameru is known as  
   A. Njur Ncheke  
   B. Mwirega  
   C. Olukeyaba  
   D. Rugaruga  

9. The most Easterly point of the African continent is  
   A. Cape Agulhas  
   B. Cape Blanco  
   C. Cape Guardafui  
   D. Cape Verde  

10. Which one of the following communities in Eastern Africa was ruled by a king?  
    A. Nyamwezi  
    B. Ameru  
    C. Oromo  
    D. Baganda  

11. The main crop grown in the Mwea Irrigation Scheme is  
    A. watermelon  
    B. flowers  
    C. maize  
    D. rice  

12. What is the time in Accra on longitude 0° when the time in Musanda on longitude 35°E is 3.00p.m.?  
    A. 3.00 a.m  
    B. 12.40 p.m  
    C. 8.40 a.m  
    D. 5.20 p.m  

13. The rotation of the earth on its axis causes  
    A. seasons  
    B. the eclipse  
    C. appearance of the moon  
    D. day and night  

14. Which of the following types of marriage allows polygamy up to a certain number of wives?  
    A. Islamic marriage  
    B. Civil marriage  
    C. Customary marriage  
    D. Christian marriage  

15. The following are pre-historic sites in Eastern Africa. Which one is correctly matched with the country where it is found?  
    Site  
    | Country  
    |--------|------|  
    | A. Olduvai Gorge  
    | B. Hyrax Hill  
    | C. Ngoloba  
    | D. Afar Depression  
    | Uganda  
    | Ethiopia  
    | Tanzania  
    | Kenya  

16. The following are ways through which the youths were educated in the African traditional society. Which is not correct?  
    A. Asking learners to write down what they have learned  
    B. Use of proverbs  
    C. Through observation  
    D. Story telling  

17. Which one of the following language communities belong to the same group as Alur, Lang'o and Japadhola?  
    A. Tuusi  
    B. Pokomo  
    C. Labwor  
    D. Bagisu  

18. Law and order is important to us because  
    A. the police do not arrest wrong doers  
    B. the law favours some people  
    C. children grow up in fear  
    D. people live together in peace  

19. The African continent is connected to Asia by  
    A. Iberian Peninsula  
    B. Sinai Peninsula  
    C. Arabian Peninsula  
    D. Strait of Gibraltar  

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HRS - 004 / 2016

STD. 7 SSTRE
20. The **main** problem facing trading blocs in Eastern Africa is
A. lack of enough goods
B. production of similar goods
C. poor road network
D. lack of a common currency

21. The **main** factor that influences the distribution of vegetation of a given place is
A. rainfall
B. winds
C. type of soil
D. temperature

*Use the map of Africa shown below to answer questions 22 - 26:*

22. The mountains marked S were formed through
A. volcanicity
B. folding
C. faulting
D. erosion

23. The river marked P is
A. River Volta
B. River Nile
C. River Niger
D. River Benue

24. The area marked T has low population because
A. it is occupied by wild animals
B. it is frequently invaded by pests
C. receives low amount of rainfall
D. it is covered by swampy vegetation

25. The vegetation marked Q is
A. Mediterranean
B. Equatorial
C. Desert
D. Mountain

26. The language group that used the route marked R was
A. Cushites
B. Bantus
C. Semites
D. Nilotes

27. Which **one** is one of the achievements of Haile Selasie?
A. Founder of OAU
B. Built Aswan High Dam
C. Led Ethiopia to independence
D. Other name was Ras Tafari

28. The horst mountain at the border of Uganda and DRC is
A. Atlas
B. Drankensburg
C. Ruwenzori
D. Elgon

29. The one in charge of elections in a polling station is
A. IEBC
B. Returning Officer
C. Polling Clerk
D. Presiding Officer

30. Kabaka Mutesa and Laibon Lenana had one factor in common. It was that both
A. fought many wars with the Europeans
B. did not allow European rule
C. resisted European rule
D. welcomed European rule

31. Which **one** of the following is **not** a product of manufacturing industries?
A. Motor vehicle
B. Salt
C. Cement
D. Paper

32. The following are ways used in irrigation. Which one is used at Mwea Irrigation Scheme?
A. Furrow irrigation
B. Overhead irrigation
C. Canal irrigation
D. Sprinkler irrigation

*Use the diagram below to answer questions 33 and 34:*

33. The diagram above was formed through a process called
A. volcanic process
B. faulting
C. folding
D. eruption
34. Name the parts labelled I and J.

I  J
A. Valley Hill
B. Anticline Cyclone
C. Anticline Compression force
D. Faulting Folding

35. The act of taking over a position of someone who has died is known as
A. Inheritance  B. Succession
C. Monogamy  C. Will

36. Which of the following weather instruments is correctly matched with the element of weather it measures?
A. Hygrometer - Atmospheric pressure
B. Barometer - Air pressure
C. Rain gauge - Humidity
D. Anemometer - Wind direction

37. Who among the following is the head of the court system in Kenya?
A. Deputy Chief Justice
B. Court of Appeal Judges
C. Chief Registrar of the Judiciary
D. Chief Justice

38. Which one of the following modern methods of fishing is not suitable in inland fishing grounds in Kenya?
A. Trawling
B. Purse seining
C. Long lining
D. Net drifting

39. Which of the following forms of communication is a print media?
A. Telephone  B. Email
C. Radio  D. Newspaper

40. One of the following was a function of the elders in the pre-colonial period. Which one is it?
A. Choose brides for young men
B. Solve disputes in the clan
C. Decide on the family inheritors
D. Defend the community

41. A member of the National Assembly represents an electoral area known as
A. Parliament
B. County
C. Constituency
D. Ward

42. Which of the following Chapters of the Constitution contains human rights in Kenya?
A. Chapter 6
B. Chapter 1
C. Chapter 4
D. Chapter 18

43. In Kenya, who is in charge of Kenya Police Service?
A. Inspector General
B. Deputy President
C. Cabinet Secretary of Internal Security
D. The Deputy Inspector General of Police

44. The best way of controlling road accidents is by
A. Arresting those who break traffic laws
B. Increasing the number of traffic police
C. Educating the public on road use
D. Construct better roads

45. Which one is a traditional industry?
A. Pottery making  B. Steel rolling
C. Oil refinery  D. Fruit canning

46. The following are elements of weather except
A. Temperature  B. Rainfall
C. Altitude  D. Wind

47. In the Buganda Kingdom, the title of the Chief Justice was referred to as
A. Katikiro  B. Omulamuzi
C. Omwanika  D. Lukiko

48. In public primary schools, who is in charge of discipline?
A. Headteacher  B. Deputy headteacher
C. Senior teacher  D. Class teacher

49. The following are lake ports except
A. Mombasa  B. Jinja
C. Bukoba  D. Musoma

50. One of the characteristics of equatorial climate is
A. Hot and dry in the afternoons
B. Hot and wet throughout the year
C. Cool and wet throughout the year
D. Heavy relief rainfall in the afternoons

Use the diagram below to answer questions

51. The diagram above shows the formation of a given type of rain. Which one is it?
A. Convectional
B. Highland
C. Low land
D. Relief
52. The following are activities that can be carried out is the part marked Z. Which is the best economic activity to be carried out?
   A. Mining          B. Pastoralism
   C. Fishing         D. Horticulture

53. Which one of the following towns in East Africa is likely to experience the condition illustrated above?
   A. Addis Ababa      B. Malindi
   C. Kisumu          D. Dodoma

54. Which of the following Eastern African countries is not a member of IGAD?
   A. Uganda          B. Tanzania
   C. Kenya           D. Djibouti

55. East African Community was formed mainly to
   A. promote unity
   B. reduce raids along borders
   C. enable neighbouring countries fight terrorism
   D. promote trade

56. Which group consists of only Cushitic speakers?
   A. Somali, Abakuria, Luo
   B. Abaluuya, Mijikenda, Boran
   C. Rendile, Oromo, Galla
   D. Gala, Boran, Maasai

57. Who among the following is an ex-officio member of the Senate?
   A. Speaker          B. President
   C. Chief Justice    D. Majority Leader

58. The main function of IEBC is to
   A. Organise nominations of political parties
   B. Supervise and conduct free and fair elections
   C. Campaign for all Presidential candidates
   D. Stop violence during elections

59. Which of the following ways of preserving fish is the least economical method?
   A. Sun drying       B. Refrigeration
   C. Salting          D. Frying

60. Which of the following countries in Africa was not colonised by the British?
   A. Nigeria          B. Kenya
   C. Eritrea          D. Zimbabwe

SECTION II - C. R. E

61. Which of the following is not a reason as to why God created the woman according to the story of creation?
   A. To have children with the man
   B. To work for the man
   C. To be a companion to the man
   D. To be a helper of the man

62. Who among the following was asked by God to give his son as a sacrifice?
   A. Moses          B. Noah
   C. Abraham        D. Jacob

63. The main lesson Christians learn from the story of Noah and the flood is that
   A. families are important
   B. they should protect their lives
   C. those who sin are punished
   D. animals should be protected

64. Which of the following commandments has a promise?
   A. Do not commit murder
   B. Do not accuse anyone falsely
   C. Do not make yourself images
   D. Respect your father and mother

65. King David is mainly remembered in Israel because he
   A. brought the Ark of the Covenant
   B. built the temple
   C. killed Goliath
   D. ruled with wisdom

66. Who among the following is not among the deacons chosen by the Apostles to help in the work of helping the widows?
   A. Silas          B. Phillip
   C. Timon          D. Parmenas

67. Which one of the following activities done by Christians demonstrates the gift of the Holy Spirit?
   A. Sharing with the needy
   B. Telling the truth all the time
   C. Speaking in tongues
   D. Living in harmony with others

68. *Worship the Lord your God and serve only Him. (Luke 4:8)* These words were said by Jesus during his
   A. crucification
   B. temptation
   C. baptism
   D. transfiguration

69. The similarity between annunciation of the birth of Jesus and John the Baptist is that in both
   A. the babies were to be born by virgins
   B. their parents believed in the message
   C. the names of the babies were given
   D. it occurred in the temple

70. Who among the following people led the Israelites against the Medianites?
   A. David
   B. Gideon
   C. Deborah
   D. Moses
71. Prophet Jeremiah refused to accept the call to become a prophet of God because he felt that he was
   A. too old       B. a poor speaker
   C. too young      A. came from a weak clan
72. These are all homes for the needy. Which one is not a home of the aged?
   A. Little Sisters of the Poor
   B. Raha Homes
   C. Mji wa Huruma
   D. Mji wa Wazee
73. Who among the following people helped in the building the Sacred Tent?
   A. David and Bezalel
   B. Bezalel and Oholiab
   C. Bezalel and Solomon
   D. Oholiab and David
74. The boy who was raised back to life by prophet Elijah was the son of the
   A. widow of Zarephath
   B. Canaanite woman
   C. Shunamite woman
   D. Widow of Nain
75. King Herod wanted to kill baby Jesus when he was born because
   A. He was born in Bethlehem
   B. He came from the house of David
   C. He would stop people from paying taxes
   D. He would take over as the ruler of the Jews
76. Which of the following is a fruit of the Holy Spirit?
   A. Love       B. Working miracles
   C. Healing    D. Wisdom
77. Which one of the following Old Testament books is a law book?
   A. Deutonomy   B. Isaiah
   C. Joshua     D. Judges
78. In traditional African Society, the initiates always shed blood during initiation to show that they are
   A. united with the ancestors
   B. strong and healthy
   C. ready to lead others in prayers
   D. ready to become warriors
79. Who among the following is not a member of the clergy?
   A. Majors       B. Priests
   C. Nuns        D. Bishops
80. The second king of Israel was appointed by
   A. Samuel     B. Nathan
   C. Zadock     D. Aaron
81. Which of the following signified the presence of God on the day of Pentecost?
   A. Earthquake and wind
   B. Wind and fire
   C. A dove and fire
   D. Thunder and lightning
82. Which of the following beliefs about God is found in both the Apostles’ Creed and traditional African beliefs. God is
   A. forgiving   B. Almighty
   C. Holy        D. kind
83. Jesus obeyed the traditions of the Jews when He
   A. got circumcised on the eighth day
   B. died on the cross
   C. healed the sick on the Sabbath
   D. was baptized by John the Baptist
84. The main reason why children were told stories in Traditional African Communities was to
   A. entertain them
   B. keep them busy
   C. teach them moral values
   D. tell history of the community
85. Which of the following was the main virtue expected of the youth after initiation in Traditional African Society?
   A. Honesty       B. Humility
   C. Obedience     D. Responsibility
86. Which of the following practices shows that the body is the temple of the Holy Spirit?
   A. Washing our bodies clean
   B. Eating little food while fasting
   C. Abstaining from sex before marriage
   D. Going to church for worship
87. Which of the following is a result of child labour in our society?
   A. Alcoholism by parents
   B. Broken families
   C. Spread of HIV/AIDS
   D. Increased school dropouts
88. What was the best thing to do when Samuel found a baby crying by the roadside on his way to school?
   A. Take care of the baby
   B. Leave the baby alone
   C. Report the matter to the police
   D. Report the matter to the class teacher
89. Who among the following went to anoint the body of Jesus Christ after His burial?
   A. Elizabeth
   B. Salome
   C. Mary Magdalene
   D. Mother of Jesus
90. After healing the ten lepers, the one who went back to thank Jesus was
   A. a Samaritan   B. a Jew
   C. an Israelite  D. a Roman
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1.</th>
<th>Which chamber of the heart pumps blood to all parts of the body?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.</td>
<td>Right ventricle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B.</td>
<td>Left auricle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C.</td>
<td>Left ventricle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D.</td>
<td>Right auricle</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2.</th>
<th>When we inhale, the ribs move</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.</td>
<td>upwards and inwards</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B.</td>
<td>downwards and outwards</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C.</td>
<td>downwards and inwards</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D.</td>
<td>upwards and outwards</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>3.</th>
<th>Which one is a health effect of abusing drugs?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.</td>
<td>Rape</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B.</td>
<td>impaired judgement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C.</td>
<td>Truancy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D.</td>
<td>Drug induced accidents</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>4.</th>
<th>The first stage of HIV development is</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.</td>
<td>incubation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B.</td>
<td>symptomatic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C.</td>
<td>full blown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D.</td>
<td>window</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>5.</th>
<th>Which pair consists of the non-living components of the environment only?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.</td>
<td>Air and soil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B.</td>
<td>Water and plants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C.</td>
<td>Soil and animals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D.</td>
<td>Plants and air</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>6.</th>
<th>Which of the following protects itself by coiling</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.</td>
<td>Centipede</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B.</td>
<td>Tick</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C.</td>
<td>Flea</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D.</td>
<td>Millipede</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>7.</th>
<th>Which one is the largest planet?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.</td>
<td>Jupiter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B.</td>
<td>Saturn</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C.</td>
<td>Neptune</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D.</td>
<td>Mars</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>8.</th>
<th>The illustration below is of the circulatory system;</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LUNGS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HEART</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>T</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>BODY</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>U</td>
<td></td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>9.</th>
<th>A child suffering from Kwashiorkor should be given food rich in</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.</td>
<td>vitamins</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B.</td>
<td>fats and oil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C.</td>
<td>proteins</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D.</td>
<td>carbohydrates</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>10.</th>
<th>The following are sources of heat except</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.</td>
<td>gas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B.</td>
<td>firefly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C.</td>
<td>sun</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D.</td>
<td>electricity</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
11. Which type of soil erosion can best be controlled by building gabbions?
A. Rill  
B. Sheet
C. Spatter  
D. Gulley

12. The diagram below is of a flower.

Which part protects the flower during bud stage?
A. N  
B. K
C. M  
D. L

13. Lung Cancer is associated with
A. chewing khat  
B. drinking alcohol
C. smoking tobacco  
D. sniffing cobbler’s glue

14. The following are cereal crops except
A. barley  
B. wheat
C. rice  
D. groundnuts

15. Which of these materials is translucent?
A. Mirror  
B. Clear water
C. Tracing paper  
D. Milk

16. The male sex cells are manufactured in the
A. testes  
B. penis
C. glands  
D. epididymis

17. The diagram below shows part of the solar system;

Which of the above planets is the hottest?
A. F  
B. M
C. H  
D. G

18. A metallic sinker can be made to be a floater by changing its
A. mass  
B. shape
C. size  
D. density

19. The following are problems related to teeth. Which one is not?
A. Dental floss  
B. Dental cavities
C. Dental carries  
D. Gingivitis

20. The chart below is of classification of animals

```
ANIMALS

Vertebrates _____________________________ Invertebrates

Warm blooded   Cold blooded   Z

X          Y
```

Which of these animals will best fit in X, Y, Z respectively?
A. Bat, tilapia, newt  
B. Cow, toad, trout
C. Shark, lizard, grasshopper  
D. Dolphin, salamander, slug.

21. Oxygen is use in all the following ways except
A. germination  
B. breathing
C. burning  
D. photosynthesis

22. The unit for measuring force is the
A. gram  
B. newton
C. litre  
D. kilogram

23. Among the following sense organs, which one is the largest?
A. Sense of sight  
B. Sense of hearing
C. Sense of touch  
D. Sense of taste
24. The diagram below shows a balloon dipped in cold water then in warm water.

The experiment shows that
A. matter changes its state when heated
B. matter exerts pressure
C. water is a poor conductor of heat
D. matter expand on heating

25. Weeds can best be controlled by
A. uprooting  B. using chemicals
C. digging out D. burning

26. Which of these is a special sound?
A. Whistling  B. Screaming
C. Whispering D. Laughing

27. The middle colour in a rainbow is
A. green  B. yellow
C. red D. orange

28. Below is a food chain;

GRASS - ANTELOPE - LEOPARD - VULTURE

Which of the above organisms is the producer?
A. Vulture  B. Antelope
C. Grass D. Leopard

29. Plants depend on other plants for all the following except
A. habitat B. air
C. support D. nutrients

30. The following are ways of supporting people infected by HIV except
A. stigmatizing them
B. providing medical care
C. maintaining proper hygiene
D. giving them adequate nutrition

31. Standard Six pupils did the experiment shown below.

What were they investigating?
A. Dispersion of light
B. Reflection of light
C. How light travels
D. Refraction of light

32. During a Science lesson, pupils had the following materials for modelling the solar system.
(i) cardboard
(ii) Pen
(iii) Papier mache
(iv) Sand

Which of the above substances was least necessary?
A. (iv) B. (i)
C. (iii) D. (ii)

33. Which of the following is both fibre and an oil crop?
A. Sunflower  B. Sisal
C. Cotton D. Oat

34. Among the following methods of food preservation, which one is both traditional and modern?
A. Drying  B. Smoking
C. Canning D. Using honey

35. Below are waterbone diseases;
(i) Cholera
(ii) Typhoid
(iii) Bilharzia
(iv) Dysentery

Which of them can be controlled by draining stagnant water?
A. (ii)  B. (iv)
C. (i) D. (iii)
36. The following are rotational methods of grazing except
   A. stall feeding  B. tethering
   C. strip grazing D. paddocking

37. Among the following weeds, which one produces poisonous fruits?
   A. Pigweed  B. Blackjack
   C. Sodom apple  D. Oxalis

38. Which of these statements is true about the tooth shown below?
   A. It is the last one to be shed
   B. It is chisel shaped
   C. It is used for tearing food
   D. It does not form part of milk teeth

39. Which of these vaccines is administered at birth?
   A. Anti-measles  B. Ant-polio
   C. Yellow fever vaccine  D. Anti-tetanus

40. Soil with the highest capillarity is also
   A. best in drainage
   B. the best in farming
   C. the best in modelling
   D. the roughest

41. Which of these substances has definite mass and volume only?
   A. Stone  B. Water vapour
   C. Kerosene  D. Sand

42. The weather instrument used to measure speed of wind is
   A. barometer  B. windvane
   C. hygrometer  D. anemometer

43. Which of these plants is green non-flowering plant?
   A. Algae  B. Puff ball
   C. Sisal  D. Mushroom

44. When two pupils are balancing on a see-saw
   A. the lighter one should sit near the pivot
   B. both the lighter and the heavier one should sit same distance from the pivot
   C. the heavier one should sit nearer the pivot
   D. the light one should sit nearer the pivot

45. Pupils did the experiment shown below;

   [Image of an experiment with oil, boiled water, and seeds]
   Which condition affecting germination was being investigated?
   A. Warmth  B. Soil
   C. Moisture  D. Air

46. The process through which ice changes into liquid is called
   A. melting  B. freezing
   C. condensation  D. evaporation

47. Which one of the following animal feeds is a fodder?
   A. Maize stalks  B. Couch grass
   C. Weaner’s mash  D. Fish meal

48. Which one of the following food nutrients is used for body repair?
   A. Bread  B. Banana
   C. Spinach  D. Termites

49. The following are sources of water except
   A. dam  B. ocean
   C. tap  D. rainfall

50. The component of soil that is least affected when soil is heated is
   A. water
   B. living organisms
   C. organic matter
   D. mineral particles
**HIGH RANK EXAM SERIES**  
**DARASA LA SABA**  
**MWAKA 2016**

**KISWAHILI : LUGHA**

**JINSI YA KUTUMIA KARATASI YA MAJIBU**

1. Umepewa kijitabu hiki cha maswali na karatasi ya kujibia. Kijitabu hiki kina Maswali 50
2. Hakikisha umeandika:
   (i) **JINA LAKO**  
   (ii) **JINA LA SHULE YAKO**
3. Ukishina chagua jibu lako lionyeshe katika KARATASI YA MAJIBU na wala sio katika kijitabu hiki cha maswali

---

**Soma vifungu vituatavyo, Vina nafasi 1 mpaka 15. Kwa kila nafasi umepewa maneno hapo chini. Chagua maneno vya会影响 kijana nafasi zilizo wazi:**

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**HRS - 004 /2016**

**STD. 7 KISWAHILI**
Kutoka swali la 16 - 30, jibu kilwa kulingana na maagizo uliopewa

16. Andika kinyume;
   Kijana mnene anakuja.
   A. Msichana mwembamba anaenda
   B. Kijana mnene haji.
   C. Mzee mwembamba anaenda.
   D. Msichana mnene anaenda

17. Mkato mufi wa “mama yako” ni
   A. mamako
   B. mamayo
   C. mamao
   D. mamake

18. Ni kipi si kisawe cha “rafiki”?  
   A. Bui
   B. Somo
   C. Swahiba
   D. Shaibu

19. Neno “PUA” liko katika ngeli gani?
   A. I - ZI
   B. YA - YA
   C. LI - YA
   D. I - I

20. Chagua wingi wa;
   Mtoto wako ana karatasi.
   A. Watoto wenu wana karatasi
   B. Watoto wenu wana makaratasi
   C. Watoto wako wana karatasi
   D. Watoto wako wana makaratasi

21. Laki moja mia tisa tisini na sita kwa tarakimu ni
   A. 1996
   B. 10996
   C. 100969
   D. 100996

22. Ni yupi si kimelea?
   A. Kipepeo
   B. Kiroboto
   C. Chawa
   D. Kupe

23. Kikembe cha punda ni ______
   A. jana
   B. kihongwe
   C. kidue
   D. kisui

24. Msimu wa mvua nyingi unaitwa
   A. Kiangazi
   B. Kipupwe
   C. Masika
   D. Mchoo

25. Kamilisha sentensi hii;
   Gari la baba _________ jana na wezi
   A. liliibiwa
   B. iliibiwa
   C. liliibwa
   D. iliibiwa

26. Chagua neno sahibi;
   ___________ tungalijua kungaliikuwa na vumbi tusingalivaa hivi.
   A. Aghalabu
   B. Kama
   C. Laiti
   D. Iwapo

27. Kamilisha methali;
   Heri kujikwaa kidole _______
   A. kuliko kufa moyo
   B. kuliko ulimi
   C. badala ya jeraha
   D. dawa ya pengo

28. Chagua kivumishi kwenye sentensi;
   Mtoto yule huandika vizuri.
   A. vizuri
   B. yule
   C. mitoto
   D. huandika

29. Akisami 2/3 huitwaje?
   A. Sudusi mbili
   B. Nusu tatu
   C. Thuluthi mbili
   D. Khumusi mbili

30. Maana ya semi “Ndege mbaya” ni
   A. ndege mharibifu
   B. bahati nzuri
   C. siku njema
   D. bahati mbaya
Soma kifungu kisuatacho kisha ujibu maswali 31 - 40:-

Mtu akiwa mwema mbele ya Maulana hukumbuka daima kwamba wema wote watoka kwake na kwamba Mola ndiye hakimu wa watu wote; anayewapenda matajiri na maskini.

Vile Rabuka anavyomsaidia kila adinasi na sisi pia ni lazima tuwasaaidie watu wote kadiri tuwezavyo. Kufanya vile huitwa ukarimu. Kumwona mjia maskini hana nguo, ukampa vazi lolote lilililo la ziada kwako, apate la kujiisetiri, lakini haifai kutangaza na kunadi kwamba mtu fulani nimempa hiki na kile.

Endapo mtu hana mahali pa kulala nafe maskani tiko yana nfasi, utamwita ukamwonyesha chumba cha kulala bila kumtoza kodi na hata maakuli utampa bila malipo.

Ukarimu huo ni mzuri sana. Lakini mkariminiwa asiwe mtu wa kutendewa awezapo kuepa ila awe mtu wa kutendea. Afadhali kutendea kiko kutendewa.

Mgeni akishapokelewa katika nyumba na amekaa siku mbili ama tatatu, desturi ni kumsaidia mwenyeji katika kazi, kulima ama kujenga ama pia kazi yoyote iliyo.


31. Kutokana na habari uliyosoma, aghalabu wema ni karama kutoka kwa
   A. Dayani
   B. Adinasi
   C. Hakimu
   D. Malaika

32. Kulingana na taarifa, Mwenyezi Mungu huwasaidia
   A. waja wote
   B. wale wanaotenda mema
   C. waja wenye huruma
   D. watu maskini hohehahe

33. Katika habari, ukitendea mtu wema ni vizuri
   A. utangaze
   B. umsaidie
   C. iwe siriri
   D. uringe

34. Ukarimu mzuri ni upi kulingana na habari?
   A. Wa kumpa mtu mlo
   B. Wa kumpa mtu malazi
   C. Wa kumpa mtu pesa
   D. Wa hiari na bila kutarajia malipo

35. Mtenda akitendewa wema ni bora naye
   A. ajitendee
   B. atendewe
   C. atendee
   D. atendwe

36. Ukitendewa wema badala ya kutoa malipo ya pesa waweza
   A. kupongeza
   B. kuaga
   C. kushukuru
   D. kukemaa

37. Kwa mujibu wa taarifa, mgeni hafai
   A. kumsaidia mwenyeji
   B. kupiga uivivi ugenini
   C. kula ugenini
   D. kula na kula

38. Mafumbo hutolewa wakati ambao mgeni
   A. hataki kuondoka
   B. amekaa siku nyingi
   C. anakuwa kunguni
   D. amekuwa mchangamfu

39. Mgeni anatakiwa aanze kuwasaidia wenyewe wake baada ya muda gani?
   A. Juma moja
   B. Siku tano
   C. Siku nne
   D. Siku mbili au tatatu

40. Ni kauli gani si sahihi kulingana na taarifa?
   A. Mtu mwema hukumbuka kuwa wema wote watoka kwa Jalali
   B. Mgeni daima anapasiwa kusaidiwa na mwenyeji wake.
   C. Tunafaa kuwasaidia adinasi wengine kadri ya uwezo wetu
   D. Mgeni akikaribishwa hafai kuwa mzigo kwa wenyewe wake
Mwandani Akako,


Mimi wako wa mvua na jua
Samuel Asangi Tito

46. Sentensi “............. nyote mu wazima kama ngarange za mvule” imetumia tamathali gani?
   A. Istiara                    B. Tashbihi
   C. Nahau                     D. Methali

47. Sehemu ya kwanza ya barua huitwaje?
   A. Utangulizi                B. Tamati
   C. Maudhui                   D. Anwani

48. Harusi itaanza mwendo wa saa nne ushei. Wakati huo ni
   A. alasiri                   B. adhuhuri
   C. asubuhi                   D. machweo

49. Kazi ya uhasibu ni ya
   A. kupitia na kusanifisha makala
   B. kupeleka habari za posa
   C. kutumwa ofisini
   D. kufanya hesabu za pesa

50. Kamllisha methali ifuatayo;
   Waraka ____________________
   A. ni siri                   B. ni wa watu wawili
   C. ni nusu ya kuonana       D. ni mazungumzo
READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. Use an ordinary pencil only.
2. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:-
   I. YOUR NAME
   II. NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the ANSWER SHEET, not in this questionbooklet.

Read the passage below. It contains blank spaces numbered 1 - 15. For each blank space, choose the best alternative from the choices given:-

It was a normal morning when Bakati, a pupil _______ 1 ______ Samoei Primary ______ 2 ______ the bus to school near his home. Two men got ______ 3 ______ the bus pretending to be passengers. They were smartly ______ 4 ______ and Bakati admired ______ 5 ______. They then ordered the passengers to lie down and hand over their cash, ______ 6 ______ and other belongings. They ______ 7 ______ started threatening to ______ 8 ______ if the passengers did not give them all their ______ 9 ______.

After a short while, Bakati raised his head and saw that they had turned their ______ 10 ______ on the driver, who was so terrified. The bus was now ______ 11 ______ from side to side of the ______ 12 ______. ______ 13 ______, there was an oncoming police ______ 14 ______. They stopped the bus driver to ask him why he was driving ______ 15 ______. That is what saved the passengers.

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For questions 16 and 17, choose the word that is similar in meaning to the underlined word
16. The **victory** of the players made them so proud.
   A. success  B. effort  C. failure  D. joy

17. Raila was the **former** prime minister of Kenya.
   A. pioneer  B. outer  C. present  D. previous

For questions 18 - 20, fill in the blanks with the correct phrasal verbs
18. James wanted to buy the car but he was **put off** by its price.
   A. put off  B. put out  C. put away  D. put in

19. They decided to **make do with** chips for lunch.
   A. get along  B. make do with  C. make up with  D. get on with

20. The dove was lucky she **made do with** just a fine.
   A. made off with  B. got away with  C. got rid of  D. made away with

21. The school choir **sung** a beautiful song before the President arrived.
   A. had sung  B. sung  C. had sang  D. have sung

22. If they had put enough fuel, the bus **would** reached the stadium.
   A. could have  B. would  C. could  D. would have

23. Give a word which is a general term for the others.
   A. Disaster  B. Floods  C. Famine  D. Earthquake

24. She has seen her new dress **yet**?
   A. hasn’t she  B. had she  C. has she  D. hasn’t she

25. **What have you been doing since morning?**
   A. The teacher asked Biziri what she had bee doing since morning.
   B. The teacher asked Biziri what she had been doing since morning.
   C. The teacher asked Biziri what she had done since morning.
   D. The teacher asked Biziri what she was doing since morning.

Change the given sentence into a reported speech

Read the passage below and then answer questions 26 - 38:

Once upon a time, there was an old lady who lived alone in an old house on the edge of a village. The house provided shelter to her as well as for the many mice that shared it with her. But the mice were at times unhappy and frightened for the old lady kept a large cat as company for herself.

Life eventually became unbearable for the mice. Their freedom of movement was hindered and endangered by the silent stalking of the ever-present cat. Individuals and families tried many ideas to ensure survival. But eventually, the situation became critical for the whole group.

As they gathered for their annual conference, there was a sense of urgency on the face of each mouse. The first thing to be discussed was how to cope with the problem that threatened their lives continually. Many suggestions were given but each was rejected for one reason or another. The situation had become desperate.

Finally, a little old mouse stood up and it was obvious from his manner that he had come from the countryside. He addressed the conference as follows. "Brothers and sisters, I have listened to your problem and to the many solutions that have been proposed, I have an idea I would like to present for your consideration. As you see, I come from the country. Recently a man in my neighbourhood bought a very interesting and effective early warning system for his cows. He hung this device around the neck of one of his cows and as she moves around he can tell where the whole heard is. It is a very simple device. I heard them call it by a secret code name “BELL” I suggest you obtain such a device and hang it around the neck of this cat. I am certain that this will bring peace to our community.

As he sat down, a murmur swept through the building. Then with one accord all the mice shouted,
Amen, brother ............., so be it.” They accepted the suggestion and there was great joy. The meeting was closed and the mice started to file out the great hall. But an elderly mouse who had been sitting in deep-thought called out, “But before we all part, who will hang the bell on the cat?” There was a moment of noisy stirring, then a deep hush fell on all present. Then one by one the mice left in silence, as far as I know, to this day the cat has never had the bell hung on it’s neck.

26. Their freedom of movement was hindered means
   A. the mice could no longer go anywhere
   B. the mice could easily get caught
   C. it was very unsafe for the mice to move about
   D. it was impossible for the mice to make a move

27. Why were the mice unhappy and frightened?
   A. They lived in a lonely house with an old lady
   B. The old lady did not seem to care about them
   C. The old lady’s cat threatened their lives
   D. They realized that the cat was favoured by the lady

28. The cat was the old lady’s
   A. animal          B. pet
   C. housemate       D. friend

29. According to the passage, the mice held a conference
   A. to solve urgent matters
   B. when they had a problem
   C. quite often
   D. once every year

30. Which of the following best describes the cat?
   A. It was quite dangerous and always there
   B. It was dangerous and unfriendly to the mice
   C. It was threatening, large and frightening
   D. It appeared large, fearsome and could stalk

31. Why do you think each suggestion was rejected?
   A. Too many suggestions can be confusing
   B. None was good enough to ensure their safety
   C. Each was rejected for a particular reason
   D. The problem was too different for them

32. By saying, “Amen, brother” the mice were expressing
   A. belief          B. praise
   C. happiness       D. agreement

33. Why had the man bought the bell?
   A. To inform the cattle when it is time to get back home.
   B. To give the neighbouring rat knowledge on how to handle cats
   C. It would make noise and warn the cows
   D. It would inform him where the cattle were

34. “I suggest you obtain such a device” means the mouse
   A. persuaded them to buy a bell for the cat
   B. informed the mice to purchase it for the cat
   C. ordered the mice to buy a bell for the cat
   D. proposed they buy a bell for the cat

35. Why did the elderly mouse call out?
   A. He had been thinking deeply
   B. He doubted that an answer had been found
   C. He did not want them to leave before he spoke
   D. He thought the meeting should have continued a little longer

36. Which of the following statements is not true about the mouse from the countryside?
   A. He lived with a man
   B. He had a good suggestion
   C. He was different
   D. He was listened to keenly

37. The mice “left in silence” because
   A. the meeting had been declared closed
   B. a deep hush had fallen on all present
   C. there was really nothing to speak
   D. they realised they had not found the solution

38. Which would be the BEST title for this story?
   A. The Unsolved Problem
   B. Why mice Hide from Cats
   C. The Annual Mice Conference
   D. Mice, a cat and an Old Lady

---

Kenya’s recent poor performance in International Competitions is worrying for every sports loving Kenyan. We remember with nostalgia the days Kenyans scooped medals in all the long-distance disciplines ranging from 800m to 10000m. Kenyan athletes were reigning in their races. The most devastating thing is that athletes from other countries train here in Kenya only to beat our sons and daughters in their respective slots. A good example is the Qatar’s Kenyan-born runners who always camp in Eldoret in readiness for big competitions and end up winning medals while Kenyans trail behind them.

Dorcas Inzikuru recently trained in Kenya before proceeding to Helsinki, Finland. She
acclimatized and beat our female athletes in the women steeplechase to give Uganda its gold medal ever at the World Athletics championships.

Time has come when we ought to ask ourselves why we are losing to the Europeans, Ugandans and Tanzanians and many other little known countries in athletics. We need to find out challenges facing our heroes and devise strategies to overcome them. These challenges may include; the kind of food they eat while training, selection of team members, allowances or support from us. Whatever the problems, we need to address them urgently.

Kenyans are asked to openly condemn practices that discourage our sports women and men. We need to reclaim our old glory by supporting these important people. Let us work as a team, to identify out undoings, rectify them and put our country where it belongs - On top of the world.

(Adapted from the Sunday Nation)

39. What is worrying every sports-loving Kenyan according to the passage?
A. Recent Kenya’s poor performance in International Competitions
B. Many foreign athletes training in Kenya
C. The kind of food given to athletes when training
D. The days Kenya scooped gold medals

40. Which is the main challenge facing Kenyan athletes today?
A. Lack of training fields
B. Poor training skills
C. Lack of qualified personnel
D. Minimal support from us

41. Time has come for Kenyans to do one of the following. Which one?
A. Identify challenges facing athletes and address them
B. Encourage Kenyan athletes to continue trailing behind in athletics
C. Send athletes to train abroad
D. Discourage athletes from other countries to train in Kenya

42. Why did the writer refer to the Kenyan athletes as our sons and daughters?
A. Because the athletes were related to him/her
B. The writer was being patriotic
C. Because the athletes won many gold medals
D. The writer did not like their performance

43. According to the passage, which of the following is considered the most devastating thing?
A. Kenyan-born foreign athletes always camp in Eldoret
B. Athletes who win medals in long distance races
C. Athletes from other countries who train here only to beat our sons and daughters
D. The support athletes are accorded

44. The Ugandan female athlete who trained in Kenya
A. won the 10000metres race
B. won the marathon championship
C. won the women’s boxing championship
D. won the women’s steeplechase championships

45. Which of the following statements is true of Qatar’s Kenyan-born athletes?
A. They don’t like training in Qatar
B. They train in Kenya only to win medals while Kenyans trail behind
C. They acclimatize before they are defeated
D. They always trail behind Kenyans in International Championships

46. According to the passage, the International Competitions were held in
A. Finland B. Uganda
C. Kenya D. Ethiopia

47. Which one of the following is not named as one of the challenges?
A. Food athletes eat while training
B. Selection criteria used
C. Allowances given to athletes
D. Athletes do not join training camps

48. Why according to the passage does the writer urge Kenyans to work as a team?
A. Because Kenyans like working as a team
B. Our athletes need support from one another and other Kenyans
C. So that our athletes stop scooping medals
D. So that the foreign athletes can stop training in Kenya

49. The phrase most devastating in the passage means
A. annoying B. heart-breaking
C. amusing D. surprising

50. Which one of the following would be an appropriate title for the passage?
A. Training Camps in Eldoret
B. Scooping of International Medals
C. Challenges Facing Sports in Kenya
D. Devastating Training of Athletes in Kenya
1. Which of the following numbers is sixteen million sixteen thousand one hundred and six?
   A. 16160106   B. 16161606
   C. 16016106   D. 1611606

2. What is the smallest digit that can be added to 24897 to make it divisible by 11?
   A. 4   B. 7
   C. 49   D. 18

3. What is the value of: \( \sqrt{\frac{459}{16}} \)?
   A. 27\(\frac{1}{4}\)   B. 5\(\frac{1}{4}\)
   C. 6\(\frac{1}{4}\)   D. 7\(\frac{1}{4}\)

4. What is the place value of digit 4 in 3.0145?
   A. Tenths   B. Hundredths
   C. Thousandths   D. Thousands

5. What is the value of the angle marked P in the figure below?
   A. 50°   B. 80°
   C. 70°   D. 130°

6. What is the next number in the sequence below?
   41, 43, 47, 53,
   A. 59   B. 61
   C. 55   D. 57

7. The mean age of 6 boys is 15 years. The ages of 5 of the boys are 14 years, 13 years, 18 years, 16 years and 13 years. What is the age of the sixth boy?
   A. 12 years   B. 16 years
   C. 17 years   D. 13 years

8. What is the fraction \(\frac{3}{5}\) expressed as a decimal?
   A. 1.6   B. 0.625
   C. 0.375   D. 0.6

9. What is the square root of a number obtained from the product of 196 and 4?
   A. 784   B. 56
   C. 28   D. 394

10. How many 2dl packets of milk can be got from 10\(\frac{2}{3}\) litres of milk?
    A. 104   B. 42
    C. 26   D. 52

11. The area of a square piece of land represented in the figure below is 1764\(\text{m}^2\). What is its perimeter in cm?
    A. 168 cm   B. 4200 cm
    C. 16800 cm   D. 42 cm
12. Simplify the inequality below;
\[5 + 6x < 14 + 3x\]
A. \(x < 3\)
B. \(x > 3\)
C. \(x > 9\)
D. \(x > 9\)

13. On Monday, Omollo sold 24 dresses. On Tuesday he sold 25% less than on Monday. How many dresses did he sell on Tuesday?
A. 18
B. 20
C. 6
D. 15

14. What is \(0.048\) written as a fraction in its simplest form?
A. \(\frac{48}{1000}\)
B. \(\frac{6}{125}\)
C. \(\frac{12}{250}\)
D. \(\frac{1}{25}\)

15. Arrange \(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{5}\) and \(\frac{2}{3}\) in an ascending order.
A. \(\frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{2}{3}\)
B. \(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{2}{3}\)
C. \(\frac{5}{6}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{2}{3}\)
D. \(\frac{3}{5}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{6}\)

16. What is the value of \((20 + 5) \times (36 - 4)\)?
A. 128
B. 6
C. 14
D. 8

17. What is \(0.25\) expressed as a fraction?
A. \(\frac{1}{4}\)
B. \(\frac{2}{5}\)
C. \(\frac{5}{2}\)
D. \(\frac{1}{5}\)

18. The area of the semi-circle below is \(0.77m^2\). What is its radius?
A. 0.7m
B. 0.07 m
C. 1.4m
D. 7 m

19. What is the value of \(a + c - b\) if \(a = 2\frac{1}{2}\), \(b = 3\) and \(c = 4\)?
A. 2\(\frac{1}{2}\)
B. 3
C. \(\frac{1}{2}\)
D. 2

20. Amani bought a skirt for Shs. 1800 after getting a discount of Shs. 200. What was the percentage discount given to her?
A. 18%  B. 10%
C. 11.11%  D. 20%

21. Maurice went to bed at 2330hrs and woke up at 8.30 a.m. For how long did he sleep?
A. 9 hours
B. 10 hours
C. 8 hours
D. 9hrs 30 min

22. Find the total surface area of the wooden cylindrical block drawn below.

![Cylindrical Block](image)

\[A = 0.77m^2\]
A. 2373cm²  B. 13552cm²  
C. 2992 cm²  D. 2376cm²

23. Two bells are set to ring at intervals of 30 minutes and 40 minutes respectively. If they rang together at 8.20 a.m., when will they ring together again?
A. 1:40 p.m.
B. 10:20 a.m.
C. 9:20 a.m.
D. 9:30 a.m.

24. An empty trailer weighs 4.8 tonnes. When loaded with 100 bags of cement, the lorry weighs 8.6 tonnes. Calculate the mass of each bag of cement in kilograms.
A. 3.8 kg
B. 50 kg
C. 3800 kg
D. 38 kg
25. What is the sum of the prime numbers between 90 and 100?
   A. 188       B. 201
   C. 97        D. 190
26. Below is Peter’s plot of land. What is the area of the plot in hectares?

   ![Diagram of a plot of land]

   A. 6 ha       B. 0.06 ha
   C. 6000 ha    D. 0.6 ha
27. A map is drawn on scale 1 : 500000. What is the length on the map that represents an actual length of 6½km?
   A. 13 cm      B. 13 km
   C. 32.5m      D. 1.3cm
28. Construct triangle PQR such that line QR = 10 cm, angle PQR = 50° and angle RPQ = 45°. What is the length of PQ?
   A. 7 cm       B. 14 cm
   C. 10.5 cm    D. 7.5 cm
29. Find the value of:
   \[ \frac{2}{3} \times (3\frac{1}{4} - 1\frac{3}{4} + \frac{7}{4}) \]
   A. \( \frac{5}{6} \)       B. \( \frac{7}{6} \)
   C. \( \frac{4}{5} \)      D. \( 1\frac{1}{7} \)
30. What is the product of the edges and the vertices of a cube?
   A. 144       B. 63
   C. 96        D. 72
31. A car covered 72km in 3 hours. What was its speed in m/s?
   A. 24 m/s    B. 12 m/s
   C. 60 m/s    D. 60 m/s
32. A man is 3 times as old as his son and 6 years older than his wife. What is their total age if the son is \( x \) years old?
   A. \( 6x + 6 \)       B. \( 7x - 6 \)
   C. \( 7x + 6 \)      D. \( 4x - 3 \)
33. What is the supplement of 108°?
   A. 82°       B. 252°
   C. 72°       D. 18°
34. What is the area of the figure below?

   ![Figure with a shaded area]

   A. 420 cm²   B. 343 cm²
   c. 497 cm²   D. 77 cm²
35. Work out: \( 7.5 \times 0.25 \)
   A. 1.5      B. 150
   C. 15       D. 0.15
36. What is the difference of the square root of 0.04 and the square of 0.25?
   A. 0.1375   B. 0.425
   C. 0.2625   D. 0.7
37. Which of the following measurements fits a right-angled triangle?
   A. 6, 8, 10   B. 3, 6, 8
   C. 6, 7, 8    D. 10, 15, 21
38. Which one of the following statements is true about all quadrilaterals?
   A. Sum of interior angles is 360°
   B. Diagonals are equals
   C. The opposite sides are equal
   D. Opposite angles are equal
39. The pie chart below shows how Mr. Nyamweya spent his salary:

   ![Pie chart showing spending]

   He saved Sh. 2800. By how much did he spend on food than leisure?
   A. Sh. 5600   B. Sh. 10,000
   C. Sh. 700    D. Sh. 8400
40. Find the perimeter of the figure below

\[ 29 \text{m} \quad \underline{56 \text{m}} \]

A. 200 m  B. 184m  
C. 92 m  D. 178 m

41. What is \(3.025 \times 0.48\) rounded off to the nearest hundredths?

A. 1.46  B. 1.45  
C. 1.54  D. 1.450

42. Find the reciprocal of \(1\frac{3}{4}\) as a decimal.

A. 0.06  B. 0.6  
C. 0.16  D. 1.6

43. In a crossword puzzle, \(\frac{3}{20}\) of the squares were blocked. If 119 squares remained, how many squares were there altogether?

A. 21  B. 259  
C. 236  D. 140

44. What is the difference between the largest angle and the smallest angle in the figure below?

A. 25°  B. 50°  
C. 40°  D. 65°

45. A circular roundabout \(x\) is 42 m in diameter. Another roundabout \(y\) has a radius of 10.5 m. Find the difference in their circumference. \((\text{Take } \pi = \frac{22}{7})\)

A. 99 m  B. 132 m  
C. 66 m  D. 33 m

46. The table below shows the amount of rainfall that was recorded in a weather station for 6 months.

<table>
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<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Amount of R/fall mm</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>110</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

What was the monthly average rainfall for the town?

A. 50 mm  B. 300 mm  
C. 25 mm  D. 60 mm

47. The first ten words or less in a telegram are charged Sh. 10 and Sh. 1.00 for any extra word. A commission of 15% on the total is also charged. What was the cost of sending the following telegram?

PETER MAINA BOX 671 KIAMBU BABY BORN COME JACINTA.

A. Sh. 11.00  B. Sh. 11.50  
C. Sh. 10.00  D. Sh. 25.00

48. In the figure below, CDB is a straight line. Line CD = AD = DB. Angle ACB = 40°.

What is the size of angle ABD?

A. 80°  B. 50°  
C. 40°  D. 100°

49. What is the largest possible number that divides 24, 32 and 40 without a remainder?

A. 360  B. 96  
C. 8  D. 4

50. Find the next pattern.

A.  ,  B.  ,  C.  ,  D.  

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STD. 7 MATHS
Umepewa dakika 40 kuandika insha yako.
Andika insha ya kusimua itakayokamilika kwa maneno haya

Sherehe ilikamilika mwendo wa usiku wa manane.
As I walked home from school I suddenly heard noises from a nearby bush. My curiosity took the better part of me.
**MARKING SCHEMES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MATHS</th>
<th>ENGLISH</th>
<th>KISWAHILI</th>
<th>SCIENCE</th>
<th>SOCIAL STUDIES &amp; CRE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**COMPOSITION MARKING SCHEME**

**MARKING CRITERIA**

1. The composition will be assessed according to the following guidelines.
   - The maximum mark will be 40 and the minimum mark 01
   - Does the script show that the candidate can communicate accurately fluently and imaginatively in English?

**Accuracy**

(a) Correct tenses and agreement of verbs (4 marks)
(b) Accurate use of vocabulary (4 marks)
(c) Following a sequence (4 marks)
(d) Correct punctuation (4 marks)

**Fluency**

(a) Words in the correct order (4 marks)
(b) Sentence connected and paragraphs (4 marks)
(c) Correct spelling (4 marks)
(d) Ideas developed in logical sequence (4 marks)

**Imagination**

(a) Unusual but appropriate use of words and phrases (4 marks)
(b) Variety of structure (4 marks)

NB: Please, teachers are requested to scrutinize this marking scheme before use. It is worth.