Parapanda . ngoma na aina ___1___ za muziki zilisikika ___2___ nasi ___3___ mashemeji zetu wamefika. Tayari Chaurembo alikuwa ___4___ gauni ___5___ pepepe. Lililomchukua vyema. Nyweleni ___6___ ulikuwa ukimetameta metumetu huku ___7___ lake la nywele nyeusi ___8___ Singa likiamgukia mabegani. Sauti za ___9___ zikakaribia nasi tukajua leo ni leo msemaye kesho...........

A	B	C	D
1.zingine	ingine	nyingine	mwengine
2.kuno mbali	kwa mbali	na mbali	kwa bali
3. tulijua	tulijuwa	tulijuliwa	tulijuvya
4. amefaa	amevamia	amevaa	amefaliwa
5. mweupe	nyeupe	jeupe	chupe
6.kikuba	utaji	utabi	ukufi
7. shungi	sufi	topa	ushungi
8. vya	za	ya	wa
9. kina mama	mama	wamama	akina wamama

Mungu ___10___ kila mmoja wetu vipawa ___11___ . ___12___ yetu kuvitumia vipawa hivi ___13___ uchumi wa nchi. ___14___ pamoja tutaweza kutatua matatizo mengi yanayoikumba nchi. Tukumbuke kwamba ___15___ .

A	B	C	D
10.ametunukia	ametunuku	amemtunukia	amemwahidi
11.wahedi	angalau	mambo leo	anuwai
12.Ni hali	Ni juu	Kwa sababu	Maadamu
13.Kuleta	kuinua	kuinukia	kunawa
14.Tukikosana	Tulopojitahindi	Tungejitahidi	Tukijitahidi
15.Ushikwapo	Ashakum si	Kinga na kinga hapo	mwenda pole
shikamana	matusi	moto uwakapo	hajikwai

16. Bainisha matumizi ya kwa
    Aliosha kwa sabuni
    A. kifaa litumika
    B. kuosha sababu
    C. jinsi
    D. kama kielezi

17. Geuza katika kauli ya taarifa
    "kesho ni siku ya kutoa hotuba, " kinara alisema.
    A. Kesho watoa hotuba, kinara alisema
    B. Kinara alisema kuwa hotuba ingetolewa siku iliyofuata.
    C. Kinara alisema kuwa hotuba itatolewa kesho
    D. Kinara alisema kuwa houtba itatolewa siku iliyofuata.

18. "Makiwa" jibu lake ni _____
    A. sawa   B.asante   C.jaala   D.tunayo

19. Chagua sentensi sahihi kisarufi.
    A. Kiu chake kilimtatiza koo
    B. Pua lake liliugua kwa muda mchache
    C. Kiu yake ilimtatiza kooni
    D. Shingo lake ni la kufutia

20. Anayezuia wengine kufanya biashara fulani ila yeye pekee aifanye ni _____
    A. Mkiritimba   B. mlowezi
    C. Kachero   D. msaliti

21. Mjomba ni kwa halati, kama vile mtwana ni kwa __
    A. mteule   B.matwana
    C. mjakazi   D. mkemwenza

22. Chagua sentensi inayoonyesha "o" rejeshi awali kwa usahihi.
    A. Mwanafunzi aliyekuja atatunukiwa zawadi
    B. Mwanafunzi ambaye anakuja atatunukiwa zawadi.
    C. Mwanafunzi ajaye atatunukiwa zawadi
    D. Mwanafunzi ambaye aliyekuja atatunukiwa zawadi.

23. Jaza nafasi kwa kihisishi kifaacho zaidi.
    ___ hicho nacho ulichovaa ndicho kirinda.
    A.kumbe!   B.Ebo!   C.Wallahi!   D.Heko!

24. Jibu la; *Usiku mwaka, ni?*
    A. Jaala   B.Binuru   C.Majaliwa   D.Asante

25. Bainisha matumizi ya PO katika sentensi ifuatayo.
    Jua lilipozama ndege walirudi wanapokaa.
    A. mahali, wakati   B.kuendelea kwa vitendo
    C.wakati, mahali   D.mfululizo wa vitendo

26. Ni kundi lipi la nomino lililo katika ngeli moja.
    A. tunda, pua , shingo , jino
    B. kiu, kisu, chandarua, chakula
    C. mfupa, mti, mtume, mikunga.
    D. Pua, kiu, nyumba, sahani

27. Neno lililopigiwa kistari ni _____
    Walisubiri sana kabla ya nduguye kufika.
    A. kihusishi   B.kivumishi
    C.nomino   D.kielezi

28. Andika kwa mkato . Mama yake.
    A. mamaye   B.mamaake
    C. mamake   D.mamayake

29. Kiungo kinachoshawazisha kiwango cha sukari mwilini ni _____
    A. tumbo   B. ini   C.figo   D. utaya

30. Jaza pengo kwa "a" unganifu sahihi.
    Kifaranga ___ kuku.
    A. cha   B.wa   C.ya   D.vya

Safari ilikuwa ndefu. Hawakuwa na budi kwenda masia kwa sababu licha ya magari kuandimika kama barafu ya kukaanga hapakuwa na tariki. Kulikuwa na vijia msituni ungedhani vilitengenezewa panya.

Msitu ule ulikuwa umejaa wanyama tumbitumbi tena wa kila aina. Ilikuwa hadra sana kumwona mtu akitembea peke yake. Yamkini waliamini kuwa kifo cha watu wengi ni arusi. Wanaume kwa wanaweke walikuwa kwenye charo. Walikuwa **wakigura** sehemu zile kwa sababu walikhofia kuvamiwa na wanyamapori. Kila walipopanda mazao yao yalikuwa chakula cha tembo, mbogo na wanyama ambao hula mazao ya kondeni.

Usiku ulikuwa wa kutisha. Hawakupata hata lepe la usingizi kwa sababu mifugo wao walikuwa katika hatari ya kushambuliwa na chui, duma na simba. Masaibu yaliwasibu na kuwazunguka. Wakaamua kuacha migunda yao ingawa ilikuwa na rutuba ya kupigiwa mifano.

Wanaume waliangata miziga nao wanawake waliitwika watoto walielekea na safari ikauma mchanga alfajiri na mapema huku umande ukiwalowesha. Jua liliangaza lakini ukali wa miale yake haikuwasumbua. Safari ilipoanza kunoga, ghafla bin vuu, walikifumania kikundi cha mbogo. Mbogo hawa walikuwa wakinywa maji.

Bila kuboronga wasaa, nyati waliwakabili vilivyo. Kila mtu alitundika guu begani. Ulikuwa wajibu wa kila mtu kunaokoa maisha yake. Vumbi lilitifuliwa walipoona maji yamezidi unga walikwea miti. Nyati walipita wangu wangu na hatua chache baadaye walikutana na simba. Simba waliamin kuwa mto umejipeleka wenyewe. Mbogo wa kwanza alishikwa na kutoa sauti ya kutisha. Vita kamili vilizuka dhidi ya simba na nyati. Simba alipambana na kujipatia shibe ilhali nyati alikuwa na nia ya kuyanusuru maisha yake. Katika shamrashamra hizo, nyati walikimbia kwa kasi huku wakifuatwa na simba.

Hatimaye wasafiri walipata muda wa kuendelea na safari yao. Walikuwa wachovu kupindukia, na wenye jitimai. Siku ilianza kukuchjwa na hawakua na makao maalum ya malazi. Iliwalazimu kuwasha moto mkubwa na kutngeneza malazi karibu na moto huo. Sehemu ile haikuwa na wanyama mti ilikuwa mifupi. Ilibidi kutembea kwa muda mrefu bila mvua. Mvua iliponyesha ilikuwa ya kuondoa vumbi tu. Mimea Hnawiri kwa muda kisha ikakuushwa na jua lililoleta joto ungedhani ni tanuri.

31. Ni kweli kusema kuwa _____
   A. Hawakuwa na haja ya kutombea kwa miguu
   B. Magari yalipatikana ingawa kwa mara chache baada ya muda mrefu.
   C. Kulikuwa na vijai vilivyotengenezewa panya
   D. Magari hayakupatikana kamwe katika sehemu hiyo.

32. Tamathali , "jaa wanyama tumbitumbi" iliyotumika katika aya ya pili ni aina ya _____
   A. tanakali   B. tashbihi   C. taswira jozi   D. shada

33. Kwa nini wenyenji hawa walihama kutoka sehemu ile?
   A. Hofu yao kubwa ilikuwa kuvamiwa na wanyama pori
   B. Kwa sababu waliamini kuwa kifo cha wengi ni harusi.
   C. Mashamba yalivamiwa na ndovu paomoja na tembo.
   D. Mashamba yao hayakuwa na rutuba ya kutosha.

34. Kwa nini hawakupata hata lepe la uzingizi?
   A. Waliogopa mifugo yao kushabuliwa na wanyamapori.
   B. Hawakuwa na mahali pa kulala
   C. Waliogopa kushambuliwa na ndovu na nyati
   D. Usiku ulikuwa mrefu

35. Mashamba yao _____
   A. hayakuwafurahisha

   B. yalikuwa ya kistawi mimea kwa hali ya juu
   C. yalikuwa na mazao ya hali ya chini
   D. hayakuwa na maji

36. Kilichowalowesha wasafiri hawa ni?
   A. Maji maji juu ya majani na nyasini asubuhi
   B. Mvua kubwa iliyonyesha awali
   C. Jasho lililowatiririka
   D. Mizigo

37. Kilichowasumbua sana walipokuwa wakisafiri asubuhi ni _____
   A. Mizigo   B. Hakuna
   C. Watoto   D. Miale ya jua

38. Wajibu wa kila mmoja waliposhambuliwa na mbogo ulikuwa upi?
   A. Kubeba mizigo mgongoni
   B. Kuyaokoa maisha ya mwenzake
   C. Kuyanusuru maisha yake
   D. Kutunidika miguu begani

39. Kugura ni sawa na _____
   A. Kuvamia   B. Kununua
   C. Kutembea   D. Kuhama

40. Wasafiri walilala karibu na _____
   A. Jangwa   B. Mto
   C. Sehemu ya wanyama   D. Moto

Tosa na Tosi walikuwa rafiki wa chanda na pete, ulimi na mate, uta na upote. Walipendana kama ukucha na

kidole. Waliaminiana kama kaburi na maiti. Daima waliandamana pamoja kama mtu na kivuli chake, tupilia mbali jogoo na tembo.

Vijana hawa waliishi katika kijiji cha Tuchange, tarafa ya Kitundu wilayani Oldupai, Hiki ni kijiji maarufu kwa usasi wa wanyama pori. Siku moja vijana wote barobaro wa Tuchange waliazimia kwenda kulumbata wanyama. Mwenye uta akautwaa, mwenye sime akaishika, mwenye fumo akalibeba. Alimradi kila janadume lilijitokeza likiwa timamu kabisa kupambana na mnyama yule awaye hata kama ni nyamaume.

Kumbe Tosi alipungukiwa na silaha. Yeye hakuwa na mkuki. Akamwomba sahibu yake Tosa amwazime mkuki mmoja. Tosa alibiari na kwenda mbio nyumbani kwa babuye akapachua mkuki uliopachikwa darini akamletea mwandani wake. Ziara ikaanza. Vijana walitoma msituni. Wanyama walizinduliwa wakakimbia ovyo. Wenye balaa ole wao. Walipatikana na mwamana wa kupatwa na mishale au vigumba. Wenye judi walinusurika na kusalimisha roho. Walakini asiye na bahati habahatishi. Tosi hakuambulia windo lolote nusra akate tamaa. Alijikaza kisabuni Akavuta subira, naye akapata heri. Jua lilipoanza kuaga miti, alimkurupusha mbango au nguruwe mwitu. Naye bila kiwewe alifuma pajani. Mnyama yule hakusita wala kuanguka chini licha ya unyende mkubwa uliomtoka jari mmoja. Tosi alimwandama chanjari kwa kasi za dhati zake. Lakini wapi. Ngiri alinunua pijo miguu niponye hadi akayeyukia msituni. Tosi alikata tamaa ya kumpata na kurudi kwa wenzake kichwa chini, uso ardhini.

Bwana mdogo alipowafahamisha wenzake kwamba mnyama yule ametoweka huku ana mkuki pajani, upepo uligeuka Tosa alilia kwa mayowe makali akibwata kwamba anataka mkuki wake. Madai haya mapya yalimshangaza kila mtu

Kesho yake baraza la wazee wa kijiji lilikutana chini ya kikao cha mzee Jura kwenye kivuli cha mwarobaini. Hapakuwa na cha msalie mtume. Baada ya mjadala mrefu, hukumu lilitolewa kwamba Tosi aende porini akalete mkuki ule ule. Kwani Tosa na aila yake, walikataa katakata mkuki wa aina yoyote.

Ziara ya mauti na uzima ilifanywa. Baada ya siku arubaini, Tosi alirudi na mkuki wa mwenyewe pamoja na siri mfukoni Sherehe ilifanywa ya kumkabidhi Tosa mkuki wake. Kesho yake Tosi aliwaalika vijana wenzake kujumuika awanjani pao pa michezo ili washuhudie mchezo mpya wa mpira unaochezwa kwa kupittshwa kinywani na kutolewa nyumani. Walipiga duru mchezo ukaanza. Kila mtu aliumeza mpira na kuutoa lakini Tosi alipoumeza mpira ulikataa kutoka. Ulikatalia tumboni mwake.

Tosi alilia kwa uchungu na hamaki, Nautaka mpira wangu," kila mbinu ilifanywa ili Tosa autapike mpira wa mwenyewe lakini mpira uling'ang'ania tumboni kokoto. Naye hakutaka mpira mwingine wowote ila ule wake.

41. Kutoaminiana kati ya Tosi na Tosa kulizuka wakati_____
   A. walipopendana
   B. walipoenda kuwinda
   C. Tosi alipomeza mpira
   D. Tosi alipoupoteza mkuki.

42. Jambo linalodhihirisha kuwa wanakijiji walikuwa wasiwasi ni_____
   A. silaha walizojihami nazo.
   B. waliwaua wanyama wengi.
   C. walikuwa vijana barobaro.
   D. walienda kuwinda

43. "Wanyama walizinduliwa" yaani walikuwa_____
   A. wamelala
   B. wamejificha
   C. hawana habari ya kushambuliwa
   D. hawaoni silaha kama hizo

44. Tosi alipata heri gani?
   A. Kumfuma ngiri.
   B. Kupoteza mkuki
   C. Kuleta mpira
   D. Kuupata mkuki uliopotea

45. Jua huaga miti wakati wa_____
   A. alasiri   B adhuhuri
   C. machweo   D macheo

46. Bila kimeme maana yake ni_____

A. bila kuchelewa
B. bila kujua
C. bila kuangalia
D. bila kukosa

47. Kwa nini Tosi alirudi kwa wenzake kichwa chini?
   A. Aliabika   B. Alichoka
   C. Aliumia   D. Alipata sudi

48. Tosa alipoudai mkuki kila mtu alishangazwa, kwa nini?
   A. Waliamini urafiki wao.
   B. Walidhai yeye ni mpole.
   C. Walimhurumia Tosi.
   D. Walijua mkuki hautapatikana.

49. Tosi alipalia kwa uchungu na hamaki kuwa anautaka mpira wake. Alimaanisha kuwa_____
   A. adui mpende
   B. dawa ya moto ni moto.
   C. mtoto wa nyoka ni nyoka.
   D. ajali haina kinga.

50. "Mkuki kwa nguruwe kwa mwanadamu mchungu."
   Methali hii ingalifaa imfundishe nani katika hadithi hii?
   A. Jura   B. Tosa
   C. Tosi   D. Msomaji

1. Which one of the following components of blood is NOT correctly matched with its function?

Blood component	Function
A. Plasma	Transporting digested food
B. Platelets	Clotting of blood
C. White blood cells	Fighting disease causing germs
D. Red Blood cells	Reducing the amount of oxygen in blood.

2. The following are some effects of drug abuse;
   i. *Withdrawal symptoms*
   ii. *coma*
   iii. *Impaired judgment*
   iv. *Marital conflicts*
   Which one of the following represents the social effect only?
   A. i and ii   B. ii, iii, iv   C. iv only   D. i, iii, iv

3. Pupils connstructed a weather instrument shown below. hey realised that the instrument did not work to show the strength of the wind. Which mistake did they make when constructing the instrument.
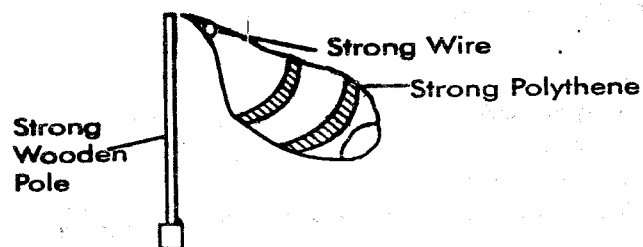
   A. Using a polythene sheet instead of a light Manilla paper.
   B. Using a long stand
   C. Making the mouth of the sock smaller than its end
   D. Using wires to connect the sock to the stand.

4. Which one of the following plants grows in nitrogen deficient soils.
   A. Mashrooms   B. Sunflower
   C. Dodder plants   D. Bladderwart

5. The following represents a classification of plants.

                    Plants

      Green   Non green

   Flowering   Non Flowering

   Y   X   W
   Which group represents W X and Y respectively?

W	X	Y
A. Maize	Algae	Mould
B. Mushroom	Cedar	Cactus
C. Toadstool	grass	Maize
D. Rice	Sorghum	Banana

6. The following clouds were observed by a pupil in the sky
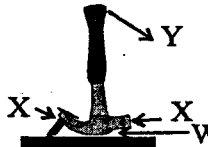

   Which of the following conclusions did the child NOT make about the clouds
   A. They indicate rainfall
   B. They are found in low attitudes.
   C. They are dark grey in colour
   D. They are a sign of fair weather

7. Which of the following adaptations of plants that grow in wet areas?
   A. Leaves with waxy upper surface
   B. Thick cuticle
   C. Leaves with silvery hairs
   D. Reduced number of stomata

8. Which one of the following groups consists only of storage pests?
   A. Aphids and weaver birds
   B. White ants and stalk borers
   C. Weevils and white ants
   D. Cutworms and aphids

9. Which one of the following carcteristics DOES NOT belong to amphibians?
   A. They live partly on land
   B. They have Moist scales
   C. They lay unfertilised eggs
   D. The breath through gills when young.

10. Which of the following digrams represents a beak of a bird that is LIKELY to be found in an orchard?
    A.   B.

    C.   D.

11. In which of the following activities is water used in the farm
    A. Washing cars   B. Watering plants
    C. Making of fountains   D. Fishing

12. Which one of the following statements is NOT true about hard water?
    A. It is suitable for drinking
    B. It forms scale in boilers
    C. It easily foam with soap]
    D. It wastes energy

13. Which one of the following statements is NOT true in the construction of a beam balance?
    A. The hoel made on the arm should be very large to allow its free movement
    B. The arm should be suspended to find its balancing point.
    C. The two suspended on both sides should be of the same size
    D. The instrument is used to determine masses of different objects.

14. Which one of the following methods if maintaining simple tools is NOT carried out to all tools.
    A. Proper storage
    B. Clearing after use
    C. Sharpening cutting edges
    D. Proper use of tools

15. Which one of the following components of air is used by leguminous plants to makde carbohydrates?
    A. Inert gases   B. Oxygen
    C. Carbon dioxide   D. Nitrogen

16. Which two processes result in increase of temperature in the sorrounding?
    A. Condensation and expansion
    B. Freezing and melting
    C. Melting and evaporation
    D. Condensation and freezing
17. The temperature at which a substance evaporates is the same temperature at which the same substance will _____
    A. Condense   B. Melt
    C. Freeze   D. Contract
18. Which is the first step when separating a mixture of zinc particles, maize flour and salt?
    A. Dissoving   B. Picking
    C. Use of a magnet   D. Filtering
19. Which pair of materials is correctly classified into transparent and translucent

Transparent	Translucent
A. Clean water.	Milk
B. Milk	Mirror
C. Clean water	Dirty water
D. Oiled paper	Clean water

20. When demonstrating the making a rainbow, waht is the use of a mirror?
    A. To reflect the seven colours from the source of light.
    B. To disperse sun's rays onto the white piece of paper.
    C. To form the rainbow by reflacting light
    D. To reflect the rainbow in the water onto a white paper.
21. Which one of the following is NOT a source of electricity?
    A. Dam   B. Bicycle dynamo
    C. Solar panel   D. Wind driven turbines
22. Which one of the following consists of food that help the body to repair and grow?
    A. Termite, beef, eggs
    B. Peas, beans, maize
    C. Bananas, cassava, potatoes
    D. Millet, sunflower, pumpkin
23. The following are signs and symptoms of some deficiency disease
    I. Bow legs
    ii. sores at the corners of the mouth
    iii. Rapid heart beats
    iv. Wrinkled face
    v. Breathlessness
    vi. Pot belly
    vii. Brown hair
    Which group consists signs and symptoms of a disease that is controlled by eating dark green vegetables?
    A. i, ii, iii   B. ii, iv, v   C. iii, v   D. v, iii, ii
24. Which pair consists of the component of the environment that occupy the largest space?
    A. Water and animals   B. Plants and water
    C. Air and animals   D. Water and air
25. _____ pollutes water most.
    A. Farm chemicals
    B. Soil
    C. Aerosol sprays
    D. Decomposing vegetables waste
26. Which one of the following components of blood performs the major function of blood?
    A. Red blood cells   B. Platelets
    C. White blood cells   D. Plasma
27. The following are some effects of drug abuse.
    i. Rape
    ii. Withdrawal
    iii. Lack of concentration
    iv. Impaired judgement
    v. Truancy
    Which of them are all health effects?
    A. i, ii, iii   B. i, iv, v
    C. ii, iii, iv   D. iii, iv, v
28. Which one of the following BEST explains why some plants feed on insects?
    A. They grow in soils that lack nitrogen
    B. The plants are unable to make their own food
    C. The plant lack green colouring matter
    D. The plants grow deep in water
29. Which of the following descriptions suits a Mexican marigold?
    A. It grows harizontally on the ground
    B. Has thorns on the leaves and stem
    C. Produces pleasant smell
    D. It has yellow flower
30. Which statement is TRUE about both goats and sheep?
    A. They provide us with mutton and dairy
    B. They are both attacked by roundworms
    C. They produce wool and mutton
    D. They mainly feed on grass
31. Which one of the following parasites destroy wool in sheep?
    A. Mites   B. Ticks   C. Fleas   D. Tsetse fly
32. Which method of grazing would BEST be practiced in an area with sparse population?
    A. Stall feeding   B. Paddocking
    C. Herding   D. Tethering
33. Which position represents the force that is used to overcome the load in the diagram below?

    A. W
    B. Y
    C. V
    D. X

34. Which one of the following activities is friction a disadvantage?
    A. Writing on a chalkboad
    B. Swimming in water
    C. Braking of a bicycle
    D. Sharpening a knife using a file
35. Which one of the following is NOT safety measure against lightning
    A. Wearing rubber shoes
    B. Using umbrella when it is raining
    C. Avoiding swimming when it is raining
    D. Avoid sheltering under a tree.
36. A pupil put some tea leaves in boiling water as shown in the diagram below. He saw the tea leaves being carried by water in the direction shown. The boy was investigating?

Boiling water with tealeaves

Metal stand

Source of heat
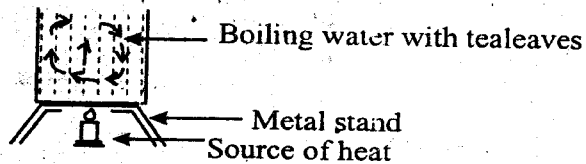
A. Conduction in liquids
B. Convection in gases
C. Convection in liquids
D. Conduction in solids.

37. What is the important of iron in the diet of a nursing mother?
A. For the formation of baby's blood
B. For formation of baby's strong bones and teeth
C. To boost the baby's immunity
D. To replace the blood loss during delivery

38. Which of the following levers below LEAST makes work easier by reducing the effort applied?
A. Spade   B. Wheelbarrow
C. Hammer   D. Crow bar

39. Which one of the following soil conservation methods is LEAST suitable on a sloppy ground?
A. Terracing
B. Ploughing along the contours
C. Ploughing along the slope
D. Contour farming

40. Which one of the following types of erosion cannot be controlled unless it has occurred?
A. Rill   B. Splash   C. Gulley   D. Sheet

41. Which one of the components of soil improves its water holding capacity?
A. Organic matter   B. Air
C. Water   D. Mineral salts

42. Which groups consists of materials that are all magnetic?
A. Nail, steel wool, piece of glass
B. Staple pins, sweing needle, scissors
C. Aluminium, zinc particles, silver coins
D. Cellotape, pieces of glass, copper coins

43. A pupil had a sufuria , a lid, garden soil and charcoal jiko, Which component of soil was he LIKELY to investigate?
A. Organic matter
B. Mineral particles
C. Presence of water in the soil
D. Air in soil

44. Which soil has very poor water holding capacity and is very porous?
A. Clay
B. Loam
C. Sand
D. Mixture of loam and clay.

45. Pupils went for nature walk and observed a plants that were unhealthy. Which ONE of the following did not help them to classify it as unhealthy.
A. Spot   B. Curling of leaves
C. Wilting   D. Dark green leaves

46. Which of the following statements is NOT TRUE about matter?
A. Matter exists in three states
B. All matter expands on heating
C. All matter melts on heating
D. Water can exist in three status

47. Which one of the following activities will nto

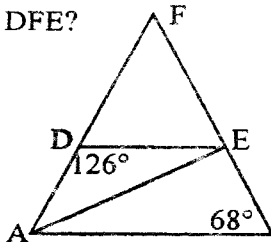make the bulb more brighter in the diagram shown.

Dry cells

Wire

Switch   Bulb
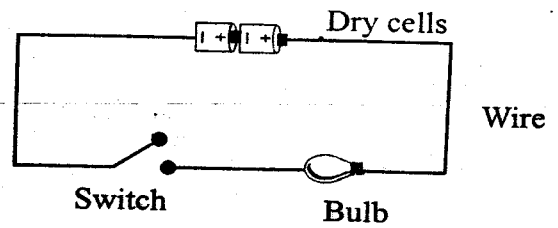
A. Using more cells
B. Using a thicker wire
C. Using a long wire
D. Using a short wire

48. Which one of the following activities carried when preparing manure in a compost pit is NOT CORRECTLY matched with its importance?

Activity	Importance
A. Sprinking water	To make it moist
B. Turning materials occassionally	To fasten decomposition
C. Adding of Ash	To provide nutrients for the bacteria
D. Top soil	To introduce bacteria

49. Which one of the following bottles will produce the longest sound when blown.
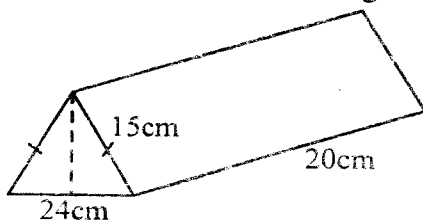

A.

B

C.

D.
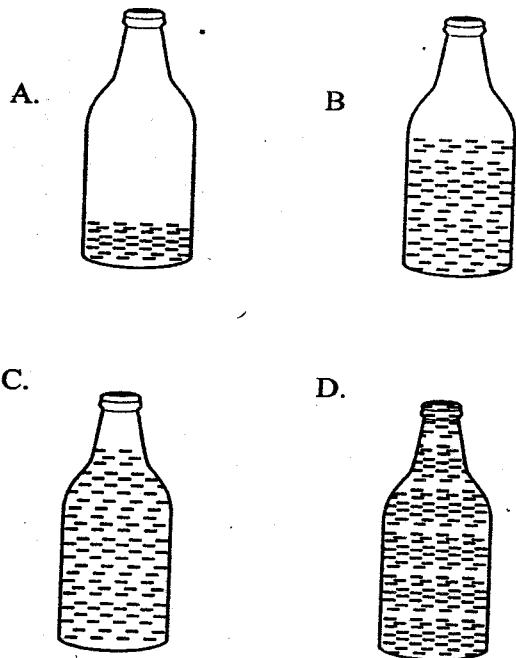
50. The space occupied by an object is its _____
A. Shape   B. Volume
C. Weight   D. Density

1. Write the symbols . Twelve million . sixteen thousand and thirty eight.
   A. 12661038   B. 1216038
   C. 12016038   . D. 1216038
2. The are of a square plot is 4ha. What is the perimeter in metres.
   A. 1600m   B. 1200m
   C. 800m   D. 900m
3. What is the total value of digit 7 in the difference between 5857568 and 6932457?
   A. 70000   ·   B. 7000
   C. 70   D: 700 000
4. What is the place value of digit 1 in the product of 12.7 and 0.34?
   A. Tenth   B. Hundredth
   C. Hundreds   D. Tens
5. In the figure below line DE is parallel to AB, angle ABE= 68° and ADE 126°. What is the size of angle DFE?
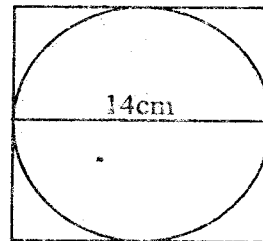

   A. 68°
   B. 27°
   C. 54°
   D. 58°

6. Kangi went to a kiosk and bought the following:
   5¾kg rice @ sh.48
   3 - 2kg packets wheat at sh 68 per packet
   4³/₄kg carrots for sh.95
   He paid the bill using three two hundred shillings notes. What balance did he get.
   A. sh. 83   B. sh.140
   C.sh.169   D.sh.25
7. The mean of seven numbers is 13⁴/₇ . Six of the numbers are 15, 12, 13, 15, 12 and 13. Calculate the modal number.
   A. 15   B. 15
   C. 12   D. 14
8. What is the difference between the LCM and the GCD of 24, 30, 42.
   A. 40   B. 834
   C. 846   D. 840
9. Work out (1²/₃)² - 1²⁴/₂₅
   A. 1¹⁷/₄₅   B. ⁴¹/₂₂₅   C. 1⁸/₄₅   D 1¼
10. There are 450 cows in a farm. Due to an outbreak of East coast fever the number of cows decreased to 360. Calculate the percentage decrease of cows in the farm.
    A. 25   B. 30   C. 20   D. 15
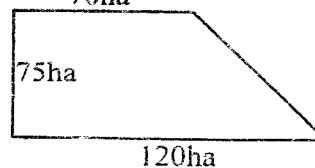11. Calculate the volume of the figure below.

    A. 594   B. 540   C. 3600   D. 2160
12. What is the difference between 93478 and 8067531 rounded · off to the nearest hundred thousand.
    A. 7900000   B. 900000
    C. 7970000   D. 8000000
13. Muruga covered a distance of 135km in 1½hrs. What was his average speed in m/s?
    A. 30   B. 25
    C. 15   D. 90
14. Calculate the perimeter of a semi circle 28cm in diameter.
    A. 72   B. 44
    C. 63   /   D. 54
15. What is the next number in the sequence 5, 6, 10, 19, _____.
    A. 29   B. 38
    C. 35   D. 28
16. What is the value of 2½ - 1¼ ÷ 1¹/₆
    A. 1½   B. 1³/₇   C. 1¼   D. 1¹/₁₄
17. Calculate the area of the un shaded part.

    A. 154cm²
    B. 56cm²
    C. 42cm²
    D. 196cm²

18. Write 0015 hrs in the 12 hour clock system.
    A. 12.15pm   B. 11.45am
    C. 12:15am   D. 11.45pm
19. A rectangular tank measures 125cm by 1m by 75cm. How many litres of water does it hold when full?
    A. 937.5lts   B. 9.375lts
    C. 93.75its   D. 937.5lts
20. In a store a farmer had 1.8tonnes of maize. The maize was packed into 45kg bags. How many bags did he use to pack all his maize?
    A. 200   B. 400
    C. 20   D. 40
21. Teresa , Wesonga and Paul contributed some money. Wesongas contribution was sh. 295 less than Teresa's . Paul contributed twice as much as Wesonga. If wesongas contribution was sh n. Which expression shows their total contribution
    A. 4n-295   B. 4n+590
    C. 4n-590   D. 4n + 295
22. What is the area of the plot below in hactares.

    A. 71.25ha
    B. 7.125ha
    C. 0.7125ha
    D. 0.525ha

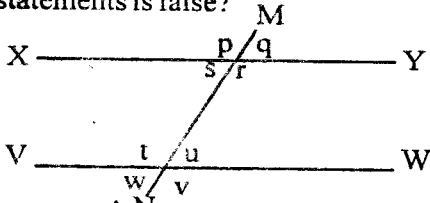23. Kipruto deposited sh.65,000 in a bank that paid

simple interest at the rate of 8% p.a. What interest did he earn at the end of 21 months.

A. sh. 7800   B. sh. 72 800
C. sh 8500   D. sh 9100

24. Which of these numbers is divisible by both 8 and 11?

A. 36250   B. 36502
C. 36052   D. 36520

25. In the figure below line xy is parallel to line VW and line MN is a tranversal. Which of the given statements is false?

A. $s + t = 180$ (co-interior angles)
B. $q = u$ (corresponding angles)
C. $r = t$ (alternate angles)
D. $s = w$ (co-interior angle)

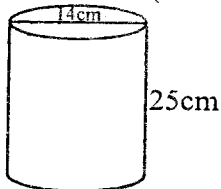26. Which is the simplest form of the algebraic expression below?

$5(3p + 2y) + 2y - 6p$

A. $9P + 12y$ B. $21p + 12y$
C. $12y - 9p$ D. $9p - 12y$

27. A bus took 6 hrs 50 minutes to travel from town A and town B. It reached town B at 4.05 am. When had it started its journey?

A. 10.45pm   B. 9.15pm
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28. How many litres of water can be held in the container below (take $\pi = 2^2/_7$)

A. 0.385ltrs
B. 3850ltrs
C. 38.5ltrs
D. 3.85ltrs

29. Arrange $^3/_5, ^5/_8, ^3/_4$, and $^2/_3$

A. $^3/_4, ^2/_3, ^5/_8, ^3/_5$ B. $^2/_3, ^3/_4, ^3/_5, ^5/_8$

C. $^3/_5, ^5/_8, ^2/_3, ^3/_4$ D. $^5/_8, ^3/_5, ^3/_4, ^2/_3$

30. What is $\dfrac{7.2 \times 0.016}{96}$

A. 0.0012   B. 0.102
C. 10.2   D. 0.012

31. Asha earns a salary of sh 8050. She is also given 5% commission on goods sold. How much did she earn in a month she sold goods worth sh 80,000.

A. sh. 12050   B. sh. 3500
C. sh. 4000   D. sh. 11550

32. The shortest side of a right angled triangle is 15cm while the longest side is 25cm. What is the size of the other side?

A. 16cm   B. 20cm
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$$\dfrac{2x^2 (my - 2^2)}{m + y}$$

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A. 3814.30   B. 3106.00
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39. What is the surface area of the open cylinder below (Take $\pi = ^{22}/_7$)

A. 814cm²
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40. Eighteen workers can weed a piece of land in 15 days. How long would it take 12 men to complete the job?

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41. A saleslady is paid a salary of sh.10000. She is also given $8^1/_2$% commission on goods worth sh.15000 sold. How much did she earn in a month she sold goods worth sh.50,000?

A. sh. 15950   B. sh. 12975
C. sh. 11275   D. sh. 14250

42. Which of the following numbers is divisible by both 5 and 11

A. 298290   B. 928290
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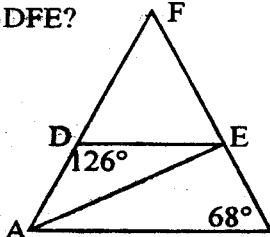   A. 1600m   B. 1200m
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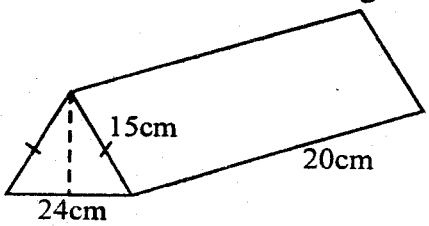   C. sh.169   D. sh.25

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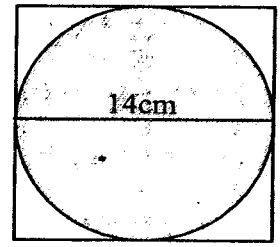   A. 40   B. 834
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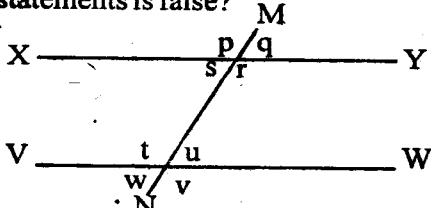
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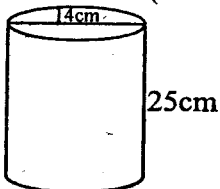
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42. Which of the following numbers is divisible by both 5 and 11

A. 298290   B. 928290
C. 822990   D.

43. Below is a fare table from town A and E in shillings

```
A
20  B
60  10  C
190 80  70  D
200 190 150 30  E
```

Three passengers traveled from A to E making of stop over at C. How much less would they have paid had the journey been express?

A. sh.30   B.sh630   C. sh.10   D. sh.600

44. Atieno bought a dress for sh. 1200 after she was given a 20% discount. What was its marked price?

A. sh.6000   B. sh.18000

C.sh1500.   D.sh.10000

45. Calculate the sum of faces sand vertices of a triangular prism.

A. 14   B.11   C.15   D.20

46. Draw a quadrilatelral PQRS in which PQ = RS=6cm, PS = QR = 7cm and angle SPQ = 60°
Measure the diagonal QS

A. 6.5cm   B. 11.3cm

C. 6.65cm   D. 6.3cm

47. Simply

$3(2a + 3b) + 2(8a + 2b)$

$2(2a + 3) + 3(4a + b$

A.   B

C.   D.

48. Solve for x when

$$\frac{3x + 3}{5} + 7 = 13$$

A.34¼   B.5

C.9   D. 341/9

49. Macharia a shopkeeper packed 2 90kg bags of sugar into equal 2kg and 3kg packets. How many packets did he pack altogether?

A. 36   B. 72

C. 18   D. 54

50. Complete the pattern below.

A   B

C   D
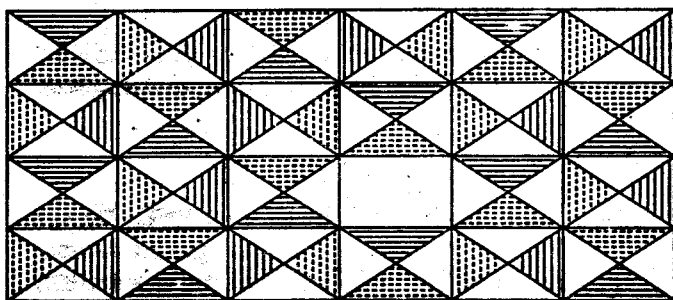
We ___1___ in the yard and played marbles as I thought of a ___2___ things to keep our minds occupied and away from his first and only love ___3___ hunting. ___4___ be ___5___ the subject I had to ___6___ good excuses like the dogs were sick or bravo, the main dog. ___7___ to Nyeri with Itari. ___8___ his grandfather took him on a ___9___ kind of hunt. ___10___ went ___11___ into the plains ___12___ the roofless landrover to where the game was ___13___ . There was no running, ___14___ walking. They ___15___ to the animals.

	A	B	C	D
1.	set	seated	sat	sitted
2.	million	dozen	dozens	pack
3.	,	_	;	:
4.	While	However	When	Whenever
5.	Brought up	bing up	brought about	being about
6.	Invest	Invent	Vent	Investigate
7.	had went off	has gone off	has went off	had gone off
8.	Some times	Sometimes	Sometimes	Some time
9.	diffrent	different	difference	diffrence
10.	They	Their	There	The
11.	Fur out	forout	far out	farout
12.	with	by	in	to
13.	plentiful	plentifully	plentiful	plentifullness
14.	even	not even	neither	nor
15.	drove off	drove up	drive up	driven off

16. Give me that ball _____?
    A. shall you
    B. will you
    C. wont you
    D. don't you

17. He seldom visits his grandmother _____?
    A. does he
    B. doesn't he
    C. won't he
    D. isn't he

18. Joyce and peter, having signed the register. _____
    A. they left the church
    B. they leaved the church
    C. left the church
    D. lefted the church

19. Although it is raining, _____
    A. he will go
    B. yet he will go
    C. still he will go
    D. hence he will go

20. Because Faith worked hard _____
    A. she was able to finish the job in time
    B. she could finish the job in time
    C. she couldn't finish the job in time
    D. she would finish the job in time

21. A. They asked the assistant, " What's the price of this PC?"
    B. She is asking wheather you are angry.
    C. What a joke
    D. I don't like it's colour

22. A. You don't like singing . Do you?

Read the passage and answer questions 39-50.

Once upon a time, there lived a chief who had three daughters. Two of the daughters were very ugly but the last born was very beautiful. Every man in the village desired to marry the youngest daughter, Wacuka. Their father, the village chief got worried as the days went by because he was growing old and none of his daughters was married. Since it was a taboo for the youngest daughter to get married before the eldest daughters the hope of him marrying off his daughters dimmed.

However, he came up with an idea, he made the men from his village to swore that whoever would like to marry wacuka should marry her elder sisters first. This discouraged all men in the village aprat from Kinyungu the darkest and ugliest of them all. The chief counted on Kinyungu as he was his only saviour otherwise, he could die before seeing his daughters get married. He feared to die poor as the man who pass on before marrying off his daughters was termed as poor.

Wacuka did not like the idea of being married to Kinyungu because they had a secret with her grandmother . The father and her sisters tried to convince her but it was all in vain, their talk fell on deaf ears and finally they reached on a deadlock the chief decided to disown Wacuka as his daughter. On hearing this Wacuka decided to spill the beans "My grandmother told me that I must get married to a white man otherwise I will die and if I do so my family will become rich and famous." His father's eyes yelled in tears and they all agreed that Wacuka should look for her husband in a far away country.

At day-break Wacuka and her sisters traveled to Igacura where the village people believed the white men were found. On reaching their destination they found nobody but wild animals. They stayed there for two fortnights hoping to see any white man. Finally their prayer was answered a white man with crooked teeth appeared. They explained to the man their reason of being there and the white man agreed to accompany them home and be their husband. They were delighted to hear that and set off the journey home.

No sooner had they reached home than their father's interrogation started. Day by day the chief followed the whiteman closely to study his behaviour. One day the chief noted something fishy. The white man was a crapy as he behaved in a strange way., When he removed his shirt the chief saw a very big eye, he was astonished in a nick of time his daughter Wacuka arrive on seeing his fiancee's eye, she was devastated beyond words. Suddenly it dawned on her that the white man was an ogre. Before dilly dallying his father fainted and this led to his demise.

39. Why do you think Wacuka's father was worried according to the passage?
   A. Because he was growing old
   B. His youngest daughter was not married
   C. None of his daughters was married
   D. His youngest daughter got married before the others.

40. The word dimmed has been used in the passage it means _____
   A. to be hopeful
   B. loss of hope
   C. Not very bad
   D. Good

41. Which one of the following sentences is TRUE according to the passage?
   A. Kinyungu offered to marry the three daughters
   B. The white man was wealthy
   C. Wacuka got married to Kinyungu
   .D The chief forced W acuka to get married to Kinyungu.

42. The phrase "devastated beyond words" means

 _____
   A. Wacuka was extremely shocked to talk
   B. Wacuka became dump
   C. Wacuka fainted
   D. Wacuka got worried and upset.

43. According to the first and the second paragraphs it is false to say that _____
   A. Wacuka was very beautiful
   B. Wacuka's sisters did not get married because they were ugly'
   C. All the men in the village backed out marrying Wacuka and her sisters
   D. Kinyungu was the only man who offered to marry the three sisters

44. It is true to say that if one die before marrying off his daughter becomes _____
   A. rich
   B. poor
   C. saviour
   D. crank

45. "The chief counted on Kinyungu" It means _____
   A. Kinyungu trusted the chief
   B. The chief did not have any other alternative
   C. The chief counted Kinyungu
   D. The chief depended on Kinyungu

46. Wacuka travelled to Igacura _____
   A. in the morning
   B. before the sunset
   C. at dawn
   D. before the sunrise

47. What led to the chief's death?
   A. His daughter lacked someone to marry them
   B. Wacuka was an ogre
   C. He saw a very big eye behind the white man
   D. Wacuka was devastated.

48. How long did Wacuka and her sisters took at Igacura the white men village?
   A. Two weeks
   B. A month
   C. One week

D. One day

49. Which word can best replace "astonished" as used in the passage?
   A. Astounded
   B. Appalled .
   C. Aggrieved
   D. Agitated

50. What could be the best title of the passage?
   A. A chief and his three beautiful daughters
   B. The three beautiful daughters
   C. A chief and his three daughters
   D. Wacuka and the ogre.

B. He bought the following items: Sugar, wheat flour, bread and honey.

C. "The rain is not good" Said Jane

D. This time however I did not stamf and stare.

For questions 23 - 25 choose the best arrangement of the given sentences to make a logical and sensible paragraph.

23. i) One day Karembe came home with his friend expecting to find food

ii) He slept for long hours and woke up late everyday

iii) After breakfast, he dressed neatly and went to the market where he watched movie until lunch time.

iv) Once upon a time, there lived a boy called Karembe.

v) When he opened the bowl of food he was shocked to find a pair of socks instead of food.

A. i,iv, v, ii, iii   B. iv, ii, i,iii,v

C. iv, ii, iii, i,v   D. iv, i,ii, iii, v

24. i. Child labour has serious effects on the child and society at large

ii. The United Nations convection on the rights of children defines a child as anyone below the age of 18 years

iii. In the first place, child labour robs the children of the opportunity to get formal education.

iv. Therefore, victims of child labour are children below the age of 18 years.

A. iii, ii, iv, i   B. ii,i,iv, iii

C. ii, iii, iv, i   D. ii, iv, i,iii

25. I.The first sign that the examinations are coming is the bulk of success cards

ii. Lazy pupils are brought to the reality that actually, the time has come.

iii. When the examinations approach many pupils no longer feel at ease.

iv. It brings with it joy and anxiety for the parents and pupils alike.

A. i,iii, iv, ii   B. iiii, i,ii, iv

C. i,iv, iii, ii   D. iii, iv, i,ii

Read the passage and answer questions 26-38.

It is assumed that listening is a simple skill and that all one needs in listening is to keep the ears open. This assumption fails to distinguish between listening and hearing. Whereas listening involves paying attention to a sound or someone's voice, hearing is often automatic and sub-consicious, probably at this moment you can hear many sounds in your environment such as birds singing , a moving vehicle or even your won heart beat.

In order to be good communicator, we need to develop the skill of listening. It is a difficult skill to master because we are usually so absorbed in our thoughts and lives that listening to others soon becomes boring. Only when the other person is through then we can start talking and enjoy the conversation good listeners are scarse!

What can we do to become good listeners? First we need to analyze our own listening habits. We must find out what often prevents us from paying attention to someone else . It is interesting to note that we are often too busy trying to jump to our own conclusions about what the other person means even before they finish saying it. We put our own meaning to other people's words . In other cases, what we know , or rather what we think we know about a person stand in the way of really understanding what that person is saying. This is known as prejudice, We let our previous ideas inform us instead of the words being spoken at a particular time.

Another obstacle to effective listening could be that we are often occupied with our own thought or planning what to say immediately the other stops talking. It could be a question we want to pose or an argument we want to bring up, or even a joke we want to share.

Often our own fears and worries prevent us from listening, However interesting someones talk may be, we are not likely to pay attention to it if we are worried about something. For example it would be difficult to pay attention to a friend when you are inside a vehicle that is recklessly driven.
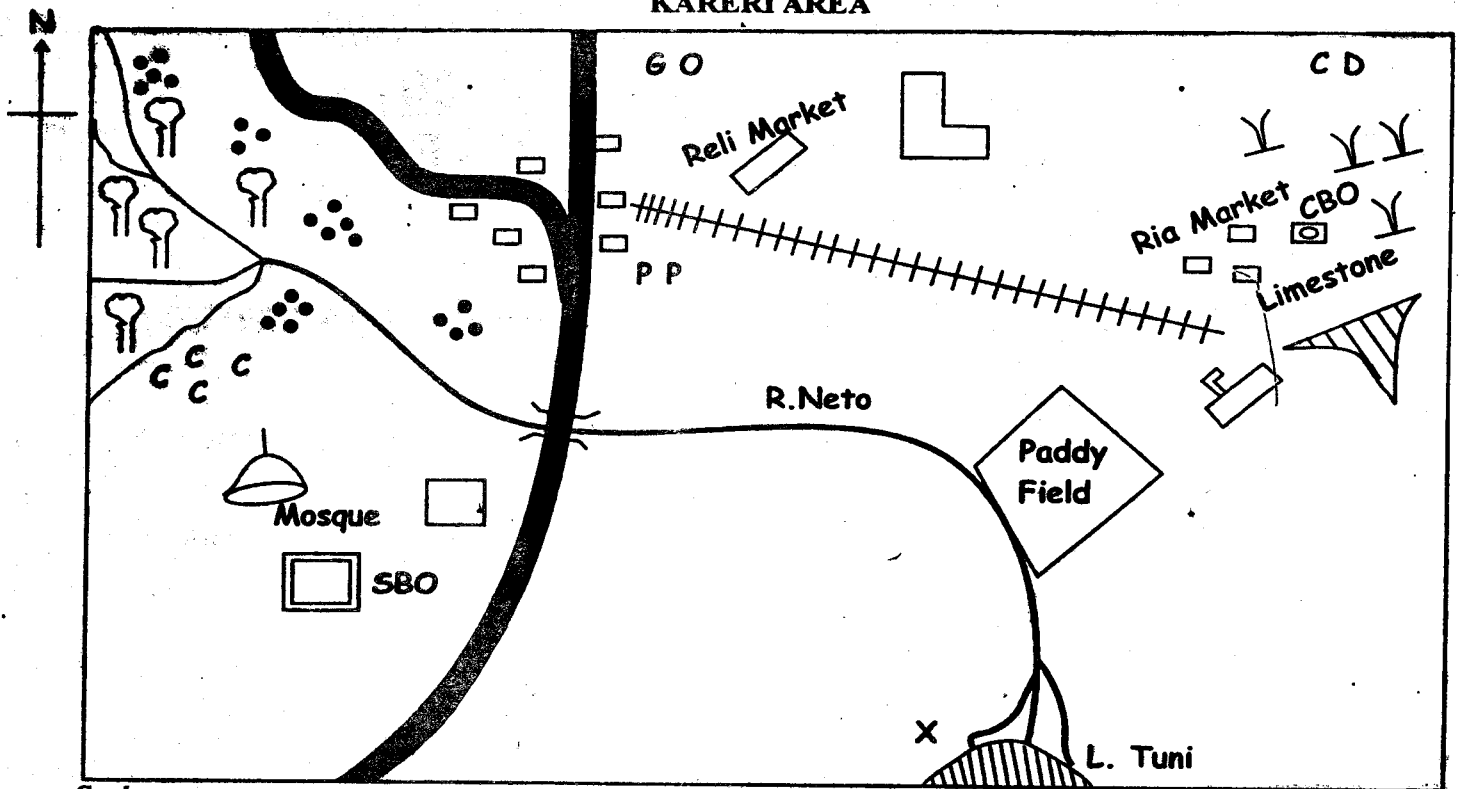
Physical conditions like extreme temperature , noise or any form of discomfort may also hinder our listening.. That is why, speakers are often urged to ensure the audience is comfortable.

Remember, realising what stops us from listening is only the first step towards improving our ability to attention.
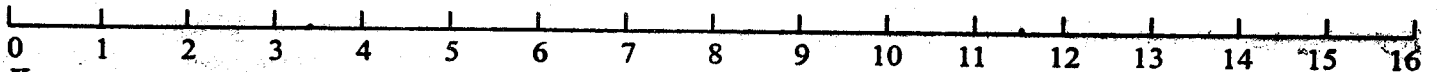
26. According to the passage it is true to say that ____
    A. Realising what stops us from listening is the only step towards improving our ability to attention.
    B. To communicate effectively we need to develop the skill of listening.
    C. Planning what to say immediately the other stops talking improves effective listening.
    D. Physical conditions have nothing to do with effective listening.

27. The phrase "Good listeners are scarse" has been used in the passage. It means the same as _____
    A. Almost everybody is a good listener
    B. Many people listens keenly
    C. Few people are good listeners
    D. Good listeners are no more

28. What is the distinction between hearing and listening according to the passage
    A. In listening one need to be conscious and pay attention to the speaker while hearing is automatic
    B. Hearing is paying attention to the sound or voice while listening will come automatically.
    C. Hearing is to keep the ears open while listening it paying attention only.
    D. Listening and hearing is one and the same thing

29. Which one of the following sentences best explains what prejudice is?
    A. Standing in the way
    B. Putting our own opinion to the other people's words.
    C. Looking down upon other people's words
    D. Giving unfair opinion of what someone is saying.

30. The main message of the writer is _____
    A. The skill of hearing
    B. The power of speaking and listening
    C. The best way of speaking and hearing
    D. How to be a good listener.

31. Below are some of the hindrances to listening which one is false?
    A. Extreme temperature or noise
    B. Planning what to say next

C. Realising what stops us from listening .
D. Allowing our own ideas to inform us.

32. Which one of the following describes hearing?
    A. It is the same as learning
    B. It is automatic
    C. It involves unconsciousness
    D. It involves paying attentions

33. Why do people think that listening is simple?
    A. It requires consciousness
    B. It involves keeping the ears open
    C. It is automatic and subconscious
    D. It is thought to be the same as hearing.

34. In order to be good communicators we need to _____
    A. Be absorbed in out thoughts
    B. Analyse our own listening habits
    C. Let our previous ideas inform us
    D. Develop the skill of listening.

35. Which word can best replace the word "Obstacle" as used in the passage?
    A. Barrier
    B. Reason
    C. Factor
    D. Argument

36. How can we improve ability to attention?
    A. By removing physical conditions
    B. Ensuring the audience is comfortable
    C. Knowing what stops us from listening
    D. Reduce hindrances to listening

37. "It is a difficult skill to master" Whys is this so?
    A. Listening to others is boring
    B. We are carried away by our own thoughts
    C. We try to jump to our own conclusions
    D. Out thoughts fail us

38. What would be the title of this passage?
    A. Listening and hearing skills
    B. Reasons for listening
    C. How to improve listening
    D. Barriers to listening.

Scale

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

Key

🌳🌳 Forest	Y Y Scrubs	Factory	☐ ☐ Permanent Building
•• Settlement	CCC Coffee	School	C C Culture Centre
Tarmac road	Quarry	SBO Sub county Office	G O Governors Office
CD Cattle dip	Railway	P P Police Post	

Study the map of Kareri area and answer the questions 1-7

1. What is the direction of the Mosque from the school?
   A. South West
   B. South
   C. North East
   D. North West

2. The following rivers forms the feature marked X as they enter in the ocean . Which one DOES NOT?
   A. R.Nile
   B. Congo River
   C. R. Niger
   D. R. Tana

3. The land in Kareri area raises towards _____
   A. South
   B. North West
   C. South East
   D. West

4. The railway line in the map isLIKELY to transport _____
   A. Flouspar to the market
   B. Cement to the market
   C. Salt to the market
   D. Animal products to the market

5. The climate to the North Eastern part of Karesi area is _____
   A. Hot and dry
   B. Cool and wet
   C. Warm and wet
   D. Hot and wet

6. What aaministrative unit is Kareri LIKELY to be?
   A. Sub county
   B. District
   C. Division
   D. County

7. The approximate length of tarmac road on the map is _____
   A. 17.5km
   B. 20km
   C. 22.5km
   D. 25km

8. Three of the following are reasons why the Bantu people migrated from their original homeland. Which one is NOT?
   A. Population increase
   B. To search for fertile soil
   C. To search for areas with enough rainfall
   D. To search for water and pasture for their animals

9. Which one of the following is the MAIN reason that led to the decline of Old Ghana Kingdom?
   A. Attack by Almoravids
   B. Decline in trans saharan trade
   C. Drought and famine
   D. Colonisation by the French

10. Which one of the folowing is a similarity between horticulture farming in Kenya and Netherlands.

A. In both countries horticulture is practised in green houses only
B. Both countries grow only one type of flower
C. In both countries horticulture products are exported.
D. In both countries flowers are only grown in reclaimed land.

11. The following are duties of a school administrator.
i)He is the chief executive officer in a school
ii) Writes down minutes during the school committee meeting
iii)keeps records of the school expenditure
The duties described above are performed by ____
A. The chairperson
B.Head teacher
C. D.E.O
D. Deputy head teacher.

12. The body incharge of making laws in traditional Buganda Kingdom was ____
A. Liqoqo
B. Lukiko
C.Cabinet
D.Omulamuzi.

13. Use the diagram below to answer question 13

The lake shown is formed as a result of ____
A. Down warping
B. Deposition
C. Meandering
D. Erosion

14. The mian reason that made Buganda kingdom to become very strong in 19th century was ____
A. Had a strong and able king
B. God firearms from the Arabs
C. Had a strong army
D. Adequate food for its people

15. Which one of the following dams is the largest dam in the seven fork dam project ____
A. Gitaru
B. Masinga
C. Kindaruma
D. Grand falls

16. The main problem facing forestly in Kenay is ____
A. Frequent fires during dry season
B. Drought
C. Human settlement
D. Climatic change

17. The following are characteristeics of a certain climatic region.
i). Experiences temperature between 25°c and 27°c
ii) Experiences two rainfall maximas
iii) Rainfall is influenced bv the warm moist South Westerlies.
The climatic region described is ____
A. Equitorial climatic region
B. Mediterranean climatic region
C. Tropical climate
D. Warm temperate climatic region

18. Shedding of leaves in different trees was a traditional method of weather observation . It indicated ____
A. Coming of rain
B. Coming of a dry period
C. Onset of strong winds

D. Change of climate

19. A foreigner who has lived in Kenya can apply to be registered as a Kenya citizen after continously living in Kenya for ____
A. seven years
B. Five years
C. Ten years
D. Eighteen years

20. The main way of interaction in the past was through ____
A. Intermarriage
B. Games and sports
C. Trading
D. Raiding

21. Which of the following is a similarity between the Lewanika of Lozi and Nabongo Mumia of Wanga
A. Both resisted occupation of their land by foreigners
B. Both were against interference with the culture
C. They both invited the French into their territories
D. Both allowed foreigners to occupy their land.

22. Which one of the following is NOT a political reason for colonization.
A. Settle surplus population
B. To show power
C. To obtain more land to expand empires
D. For prestige

23. The following are uses of a certain crop grown in Africa.
i. Used in the manufacture of perfumes
ii. Used in making of spices
iii. Used in the manufacture of spices
The crop described above is
A. Cocoa
B. Coffee
Pyrethrum
C. Cloves

Use the diagrma below and answer questions 24 - 25
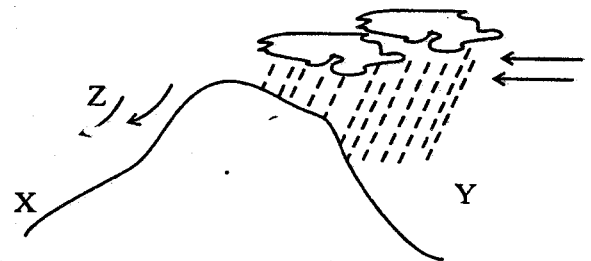
24. Which one of the following towns in Kenv° is LIKELY to be in the area marked Y
A. Nanyuki
B. Nyeri
C.Kisumu
D.Magadi

25. The winds marked Z are ____
A. Cool and wet
B.Hot and dry
C. Cool and dry
D. Warm and moist

26. The MAIN economic activity at the region marked X is ____
A. Crop farming
B. Pastoralism
C. Bee keeping
D. Tourism

27. Which one of the following prehistoric site is not found in Uganda?
A. Magosi
B. Ntusi
C. Axum
D. Nsongesi

28. The MAIN way of preventing probem brought by rural - urban migration is by ____
A. Setting up industries in rural areas

B. Providing proper and enough houses in urban areas
C. Providing jobs in urban areas
D. Setting up industries in urban areas

29. The following are uses of a certain mineral mine in Africa.
   i) Used in making glass
   ii) used in manufacture of goods
   iii) used in flavouring food
   iv) used in the manufacture of paper
   The mineral described is _____
   A. Soda ash   B. Diatomite
   C. Flourspar   D. Salt

30. The MAIN factor that was considered in locating Bamburi Cement factory in Mombasa was
   A. Nearness to market
   B. Nearness to power supply
   C. Nearness to raw materials
   D. Nearness to cheap labour (workers)

31. John a labourer in a coffee factory was denied a chance to vote in a by-election held in their constituency. Which type of right was he denied?
   A. Economic right   B. Political right
   C. Social right   D. Economic and civic right.

32. Below are descriptions of a certain prominent leader in Africa
   i. Founder member of OAU
   ii. Abolished sharia law in his country
   iii. Distributed lands to the peasants
   iv. Was an army leader
   The leader described above is _____
   A. Leopold Sedar Senghor
   B. Gamal Abdel Nasser
   C. Nelson Mandela
   D. Julius Nyerere

33. Suspected criminal are kept in remand before being taken to the court MAINLY to _____
   A. to keep them away from the other good citizens
   B. to punish them
   C. to allow time to carry out investigation
   D. to await being taken to the court.

34. The present day Morocco was colonized by _____
   A. Germany B. French   C. Italians D. Spain
   Use the diagram below to answer questions 35-37
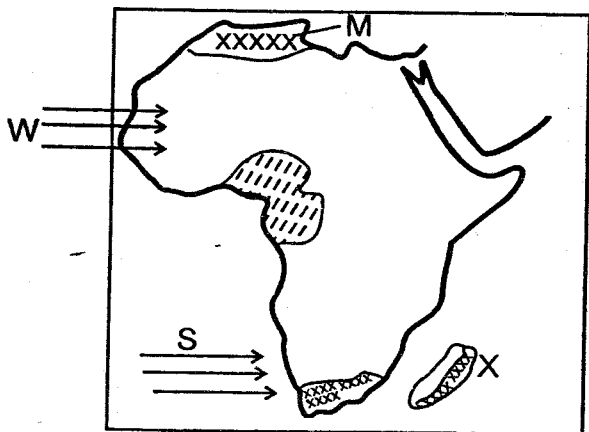
35. The vegetation zone marked x is _____
   A. Savanna
   B. Equitorial rain forest
   C. Mountain vegetation
   D. Mediterranean vegetation.

36. The following are characteristics of vegetation marked M. Which one is NOT?
   A. Trees are short and cone shaped
   B. Most of trees have deep roots to trap water
   C. The trees are evergreen and forms canopy
   D. The vegetation is found along the coast mainly Tunisia and ape province.

37. The winds marked W are known as _____
   A. Westerlies   B. North Westerlies
   C. South Westeries   D. North West wind

38. Which one of the following describes the vegetation of the Nyika region of Kenya?
   A. The trees are short and evergreen
   B. Has short grass and scrubs
   C. Has tall grass and boababs
   D. Comprises of tall trees and climbing plants

39. If the time in Libreville at 10°E is 9.00am, what is the time in Mogadishu which is at 45°E?
   A. 6.40am   B. 6.40pm   C. 11.20am   D. 11.20pm

40. Interpreting the laws in Kenya is the duty of _____
   A. Parliament   B. Executive
   C. Judiciary   D. Cabinet

41. The road sign below means _____
   A. No left turn
   B. No right turn
   C. Danger ahead
   D. Road closed to all road users

42. Which one of the following tourist attraction site is NOT found in South Africa.
   A. Kruger National Park
   B. Great sphinx at Giza
   C. Table mountain
   D. Robben Island

43. The following are charactersitcs of system of govenment in Swaziland. Which one is Not?
   A. The had of state the is commander in chief of the armed forces
   B. It is a Monarchy government
   C. Leaders are nominated by political parties in Swaziland.
   D. The kings rules as long as he lives.

44. When all was officially launched in Durban, South Africa the first Chairman was _____
   A. Colonel Muammar Gaddafi
   B. Haile Sellasie
   C. Julius Nyerere
   D. Thabo Mbeki

45. Which onen of the following countries was assisted by OAU to attain its independence?

A. Kenya   B.Tanganyika
C. Mozambique   D.Ghana

46. Which one of the following is the MAIN reason why air transport is used to transport flowers from Kenya to Europe?
   A. It is flexible means of transport
   B. It is fast
   C. It connect Kenya to Europe
   D. It is the mostly developed means of transport

47. The MAIN reason why the government conserves the Arabuko Sokoke forest at the coast is _____
   A. It is a tourist attraction site
   B. To protect the rare species of trees
   C. It is a home for wild animals
   D. It controls flooding of R. Tana

48. The following are objectives of AU which one is NOT?
   A. To help liberate African countries from colonial rule
   B. Promote trade and promote deeper economic ties among countries.
   C. to improve living standard of the people of Africa
   d. To promote democracy and good governance in the continent.

49. The MAIN economic activity of the San was ____
   A. Crop farming   B. Pastoralism
   C. Hunting and gathering D. Mining

50. _____ is the act of taking over the responsibilities and property of a deceased person.
   A. Inheritance   B. Will
   C. Succession   D. Acquisition

51. The following are reason when a by-election of conducted . Which one is not _____
   A. When a MP is involved in a crime
   B. When an MP is insane
   C. When a sitting MP is declared bankrupt by a court of law
   D. When an MP dies.

52. Favouring family members or relatives and overlooking other people who may be more qualified for a certain opportunities is known as __
   A. Tribalism   B. Nepotism
   C. Racism   D. Corruption

53. The method of resolving conflict where a person is appointed by two parties to settle or resolve a dispute for them is known as _____
   A. Arbitration   B. Ligitation
   C. Mediation   D. Negotiation

54. Which one of the following courts of law deals with cases involving employers and employees.
   A. Juvenile courts   B. Kadhi courts
   C. Industrial courts D. Resident magistrates courts.

55. The system of administration that was used by British in Northern Nigeria was _____
   A. Direct rule   B. Indirect rule
   C. Association   D. Assimilation

56. The following characteristics of forestry in Swaziland .Which one is NOT?
   A. Most of the trees are hardwood
   B. The trees are used in paper manufacturing
   C. The trees comprises of pine and eucalyptus
   D. There are human - made forest comprising of softwood trees.

57. The MAIN source of revenue for the national government is _____
   A. Taxes from citizens   B. fines
   C. Sale of licences   D. Loans and grants

58. The MAIN method of voting used during general election in Kenya is _____
   A. Q queuing   B. Secret ballot
   C. Acclamation   D. Signing method

59. The MAIN reason why the Kenya - Uganda railway was constructed was to _____
   A. Develop the interior of Kenya
   B. To allow easy movement of raw materials from Europe to Kenya
   C. To open up Kenya interior for trade
   D. o promote spread of Gospel in Kenya

60. The government of Kenya discourages smoking MAINLY because smoking _____
   A. leads to family disagreement
   B. affects the smokers health negatively
   C. leads to wastage of money and resources
   D. leads to decline in peoples living standards

CRE

61. Which chapter in the book of Genesis talks about the fall of man?
   A. Genesis 4   B. Genesis 2
   C. Genesis 3   D. Genesis 2

62. Abraham was asked by God to move from the land of _____ and go to the land of Canaan
   A. Ur   B. Haran
   C. Mesompotamia   D. Bethel

63. The son of Jacob who proposed that Josephs brothers throw him into a dry well was _____
   A. Judah   B. Dan
   C. Benjamin   D. Reuben

64. Moses disobeyed God in the Exodus when he ____
   A. Struck a rock for it to produce water
   B. Refused to ask the king to let Israelites go
   C. Appointed people to serve as priests
   D. Went up to mt. Sinai to receive the ten commandments.

65. The first passover took place in _____
   A. Canaan   B. The wilderness
   C. Egypt   D. Mt. Sinai

66. The story of Ruth teaches Christians to be ____
   A. Kind   B. Patient
   C. Loyal   D. Courageous

67. When Saul was anointed a king of Israel by Samuel he was _____
   A. fighting the Philistines
   B. taking care of his father's sheep
   C. offering a burnt sacrifice
   D. looking for a lost donkey

68. Who among kings of Israel married a wicked Cannite woman who introduced Israel to Baal worship _____
   A. Solomon
   B. Ahab
   C. David
   D. Rehoboam
69. The name given to the son born to Zachariah was chosen by _____
   A. The angel
   B. His father
   C. Elizabeth
   D. The priests
70. Who among the following prophets, multiplied both oil and flour?
   A. Elisha   B. Elijah   C. Hosea   D. Isaiah
71. Which events on the night Jesus was born whows that He was the expected Messiah?
   A. A cloud covered the place Jesus was born.
   B. Angels appeared to the shepherds
   C. Herod inquired th place Jesus had been born
   D. Jesus was laid in a manger
72. "Don't collect more than is legal" (Luke 3:13) John the Baptist said these words to the _____
   A. Soldiers
   B. Priests
   C. Tax collectors
   D. Scribes
73. In which of the following towns did Jeuss heal blind Bartimeaus?
   A. Bethany
   B. Jericho
   C. Jerusalem
   D. Capernaum
74. The parable of Jesus that teaches Christians to grow in faith is the parable of _____
   A. Sower
   B. Ten young women
   C. Prodigal son
   D. unforgiving servant
75. Which of the following miracles showed that Jesus had power to forgive sins?
   A. Healing the crippled beggar
   B. Raising of Lazarus
   C. Healing the paralyzed man
   D. Healing of the woman who bled for 12 years
76. When the Jew brought Jesus before the Chief priest they accused Him of _____
   A. Telling people not to pay taxes
   B. Claiming to be the Messiah
   C. Leading a rebellion against the Romans
   D. Eating with unwashed hands
77. Three of the following women went to the tomb on the day Jesus resurrected. Who did NOT?
   A. Joana
   B. Mary mother of Jesus
   C. Mary Magdalene
   D. Mary mother of James
78. Which of the following disciples defended the disciples on the day of pentecost?
   A. Paul   B. John   C. James   D. Peter
79. The story of Annanias and Sapphira discourages Christian from being _____
   A. Greedy
   B. Selfish
   C. Unkind
   D. Dishonest
80. Paul saw a vision of a Macedonian begging for help in the town of _____
   A. Troas
   B. Lydda
   C. Philipi
   D. Caeseria
81. Which of the following froutis of the Holyspirit was demonstrated by the early Christians?
   A. Gentleness
   B. Kindness
   C. Humility
   D. Selfcontrol
82. Some people in traditional African Community prayed facing the rising of sun to _____
   A. remember their ancestors
   B. mean they were on a journey to the East
   C. ask for blessing for the new day
   D. show blessings come from the East
83. Both Christianity and African traditional Religion life is shown to be sacred by _____
   A. encouraging polygamy
   B. Getting many children
   C. Killing one of the twins
   D. Discouraging abortion
84. Who among the following traditional African specialists are NOT found in Christianity?
   A. Priests
   B. Diviners
   C. Prophets
   D. Herbalists
85. David has friends who smoke cigarretes and encourage him to share with them. As a Christian the BEST action to take is _____
   A. Run away from his friends
   B. Tell all the teachers
   C. Advise them on the dangers of smoking
   D. Continue with the friendship and keep quiet
86. Adults can BEST teach children good behaviour by _____
   A. Being good role models
   B. Beat up children who misbehave
   C. Allow chidren to do whatever they wish
   D. Make strict rules for children fo follow
87. Mercy and Sam are planning to many. Sam loses his job in the process of arranging the wedding as a Christian the BEST action for Mercy to take is _____
   A. Ask her friends for advice
   B. Look for another man
   C. Postp ne the wedding until Sam gets another job
   D. Get married to him as planned.
88. Annah has realised that her best friend Anita is pregnant. As a Christian the BEST action to take is _____
   A. Stop the friendship immediately
   B. Advise her to keep the pregnancy
   C. Tell all her friends about it
   D. Tell their class teacher.
89. Awiti has a lot of free time during the holday. How BEST would you advice her to utilise it _____
   A. Visiting her old friends
   B. Picking flowers
   C. Playing football
   D. Visiting the sick in hospital
90. Who among the following groups of people introduced the gospel to Eastern Africa _____
   A. Explorers
   B. Colonialists
   C. Missionaries
   D. Traders

KCPE PERFECTION EXAMS
DARASA LA 8 - MWAKA 2016
KISWAHILI - INSHA

JINA LAKO	
NAMBA YAKO YA MTIHANI	
NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL	

KISWAHILI
SEHEMU B:INSHA

MUDA : 40MINUTES

SOMA MAAGIZO HAYA KWA MAKINI

1. Kwenye nafasi zilizoachwa hapo juu, andika namba yako kamili ya mtihani, Jina lako, Jina la Shule yako.

2. Sasa fungua Karatasik hii, soma kichwa cha insha kwa makini na uandike insha yako kwenye nafasi ulioachiwa.

KARATASI HII LA MASWALI LINA KURASA NNE ZILIZO PIGWA CHAPA

Andika insha ya kuvutia ukimalizia kwa maneno uliyopewa

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....
....Hapo ndipo nilipogundua kwa Mungu hamwachi binadamu wake.

Fungua Kurasa

KCPE PERFECTION EXAMS
STANDARD 8 - YEAR 2016
ENGLISH - COMPOSITION

YOUR NAME	
INDEX NUMBER	
NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL	

ENGLISH
SECTION B: COMPOSITION

TIME : 40MINUTES

READ THE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. In the spaces provided write of your full Index Number, Your Name, and the Name of Your School.

2. Now open this page, read the composition subject carefully and write your composition on the lines, provided.

This Question paper consists of 4 printed pages.

Use the information below and write an interesting composition

Write an interesting composition on the headteacher's address during a prize giving day.

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Please Turn Over the page