

STEGA SUPREME SERIES

STANDARD FIVE 2016

ENGLISH

Time: 1 hour 40 minutes

Choose the correct choice to fill in the blank spaces numbered 1-15.

Once 1 a time 2 lived a monkey 3 a hare. They 4 very good 5. There was 6 in the forest and there was 7 food left. The cunning hare 8 the monkey to 9 into the river to 10 fish. The poor monkey did not 11 how to 12. The monkey 13 for help 14 the hare just 15.

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------------|--------------|------------|------------|
| 1. | A. up on | B. upon | C. apple | D. up in |
| 2. | A. their | B. the | C. there | D. they |
| 3. | A. and | B. but | C. was | D. with |
| 4. | A. wear | B. was | C. will | D. were |
| 5. | A. friends | B. friend | C. fried | D. frend |
| 6. | A. draught | B. drought | C. drot | D. draoght |
| 7. | A. litter | B. lit | C. little | D. more |
| 8. | A. ask | B. asking | C. asked | D. axe |
| 9. | A. jump | B. jam | C. jumping | D. jumps |
| 10. | A. got | B. getting | C. gets | D. get |
| 11. | A. know | B. knew | C. known | D. knows |
| 12. | A. swam | B. swim | C. swims | D. swum |
| 13. | A. screamed | B. screem | C. scrim | D. screamt |
| 14. | A. and | B. therefore | C. but | D. then |
| 15. | A. laughed | B. loved | C. laughs | D. loves |

Choose the opposite of the underlined word

16. My dress is very dear.
A. valueless B. strong
C. expensive D. cheap
17. The arrival time of the bus is two o'clock.
A. departure B. arrive
C. reach D. come
18. Marua is a proud pupil.
A. humble B. quiet
C. simple D. lovely
19. January is a very hot month.
A. calm B. cold
C. cool D. sunny

Choose the correct question tag

20. She plays very well, _____?
A. isn't she B. does she
C. doesn't she D. can she
21. Your brother is clever, _____?
A. is him B. isn't he
C. isn't him D. doesn't he
22. A young girl cannot jump high, _____.
A. can't she B. can she
C. does she D. doesn't she

Choose the odd one out;

23. A. pencil B. rubber
C. book D. shoe

24. A. leather B. silk
C. wool B. belt
25. A. kennel B. hutch
C. nest D. hut

Choose the adjective from the sentence

26. The queen wore a green robe.
A. queen B. robe
C. green D. wore
27. Mr. Munene was driving a new Mercedes Benz.
A. Benz B. new
C. Munene D. was
28. Mrs Onyango is a pretty teacher.
A. pretty B. Onyango
C. teacher D. a

Complete

29. A person who prepares and gives medicine at the hospital is known as
A. doctor B. witchdoctor
C. pharmacist D. nurse

Use the correct degree of adjective

30. Otieno is the _____ teacher in the school.
A. taller B. very tall
C. tallest D. tall

Read the passage below and answer questions 31-40.

Vincent is a very famous dutch painter. He was born in 1853. As a young man of twenty seven years, Vincent went to study art in Brussels. Later he went to live in France in a town called Arles. In France, he met many other painters.

While in France, Vincent painted over two hundred paintings and one hundred drawings. His paintings were in bright warm colours.

Soon, Vincent became ill and his mood changed. He showed his feelings in his paintings by using dull and dark colours.

Today Vincent's paintings are on display in museums all over the world. His famous paintings include the sunflower and the 'chair'.

31. Vincent the famous painter was
A. a Kenyan B. an Italian
C. an American D. a Dutch
32. In which year was Vincent born?
A. 1900 B. 1800
C. 1953 D. 1853
33. How old was Vincent when he started studying art?
A. 10 B. 11
C. 26 D. 27
34. Where did Vincent study art?
A. Canada B. France
C. Italy D. Brussels
35. Vincent lived in a town in France called _____
A. Arles B. Aris
C. Aris D. Aris
36. How many drawings did he work on while in France?
A. 200 B. 100
C. 300 D. Over 200
37. How many paintings did Vincent paint while in France?
A. 27 B. 300
C. 100 D. over 200
38. Before Vincent became ill his paintings were
A. dark and dull
B. blue and green
C. bright and warm
D. yellow and white
39. After Vincent became ill his paintings were
A. dark and bright
B. blue and green
C. dark and dull
D. yellow and white
40. Vincent's famous paintings are _____
A. sun and sand
B. son and daughter
C. sunflower and chair
D. sunflower and chalk

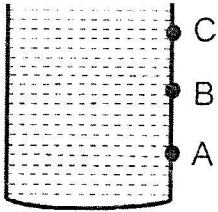
Read the passage below and answer questions 41-50.

Taiwan has reported its first case of lung cancer thought to be excessive exposure to smoke. A thirty year old cook, who developed lung cancer three years after he began working at a restaurant, has undergone an operation for the removal of his left lung at the Aga Khan hospital.

According to the doctors there, people do not develop lung cancer until they are at the age of forty five. He warned people against breathing in excessive smoke or dust.

The rate of lung cancer was high among the Chinese than Japanese. The doctor said kitchen workers were at a high risk of getting lung cancer.

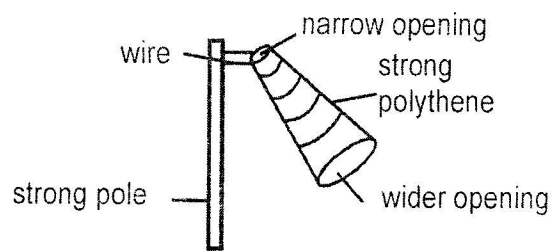
41. The first case of lung cancer according to the story was thought to be caused by?
- A. excessive exposure to smoke
B. excessive exposure to dust
C. excessive exposure to pollen
D. excessive exposure to fire
42. What was the profession of the person who was affected?
- A. Doctor B. Teacher
C. Cook D. Driver
43. How many professionals are mentioned in the story?
- A. 1 B. 2
C. 4 D. 3
44. How old was the person who developed lung cancer?
- A. Three years B. Thirty years
C. Twenty years D. Forty five years
45. The affected person went through an operation to remove his
- A. hand B. left lung
C. leg D. right lung
46. In which hospital did the operation take place?
- A. Kenyatta Hospital
B. Washington Hospital
C. Aga Khan Hospital
D. Taiwan Hospital
47. The doctor at the hospital said people don't develop lung cancer until they are at the age of
- A. twenty B. seventy
C. forty five D. sixty five
48. The doctor warned people against breathing excessive _____ and _____.
- A. smoke and dust
B. dust and pollen
C. dust and cigarettes
D. smoke and pollen
49. According to the story which country has more cases of lung cancer than the other?
- A. China B. Japan
C. Kenya D. Ethiopia
50. _____ workers were at a higher risk of getting lung cancer.
- A. Computer B. School
C. Kitchen D. Sea

- HIV/AIDS **cannot** be transmitted through
 - blood transfusion
 - shaking hands
 - sexual intercourse
 - sharing piercing needles
- All mammals
 - lay eggs
 - give birth
 - have mammary glands
 - live on land
- Water was put in a container with four holes as shown below
 

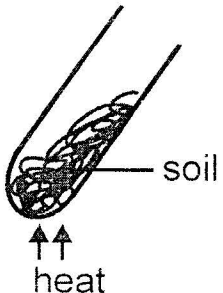
Which hole had the shortest jet?

 - C
 - A
 - B
 - None
- Which one of the following is **not** a chemical used at home?
 - Kerosene
 - Insecticides
 - Paints
 - Cooking fat
- Moulds belong to a group of plants called
 - green
 - ferns
 - fungi
 - algae
- The passage way through which air passes from nose to lungs is called
 - diaphragm
 - trachea

- nose
 - airsacs
- Which one of the following is an industrial use of water?
 - Cooling machines
 - Watering plants
 - Swimming
 - Skating
 - Study the weather instrument below.



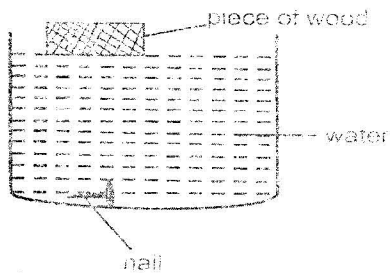
Which error did the pupils make when constructing the above weather instrument?

- Using a strong pole
 - Using strong polythene
 - Fixing the sock wrongly
 - Using wires
- Which part of a plant is useful in making plant food?
 - Roots
 - Flowers
 - Stem
 - Leaves
 - The diagram below shows an experiment carried out by class four pupils.
 

What did the pupils observe?

- A. Water droplets B. Smoke
C. Air bubbles D. Soil has humus

11. Poultry kept for meat are known as
A. beef B. broilers
C. layers D. dairy
12. The experiment below shows an investigation carried out by pupils at Kaari academy.



The experiment shows that

- A. size affect floating and sinking
B. shape affects floating and sinking
C. pressure increases with depth
D. material affects floating and sinking
13. Complete to make it a balanced diet.
Meat + cabbages + _____
A. kales B. rice
C. fish D. oranges
14. The root below **cannot** be found in _____ plants.



- A. carrot B. onion
C. maize D. grass
15. Why is a raingauge dug into the ground?
A. To allow water to get in
B. To prevent it from being stolen
C. To reduce evaporation of water
D. To allow easy recording

16. Which one of the following is **not** an artificial way of lighting a house?
A. Sky lights B. Candles
C. Lamp D. Electricity
17. The sharp pointed teeth are used for
A. cutting B. chewing
C. grinding D. tearing
18. Potatoes are _____ before cooking.
A. chewed B. peeled
C. swallowed D. mashed
19. Large volumes of water can be stored in
A. basins B. tanks
C. dams D. pipes
20. Bees and wasps protect themselves from enemies by
A. biting B. flying
C. coiling D. stinging
21. Which one of the following consists of floaters only?
A. Nail, maize cobs
B. Feather, pins
C. Feather, piece of wood
D. Stones, nails
22. Which one of the following is **not** a source of light?
A. Stars B. Moon
C. Fire D. Candle
23. Which one of the following is a small animal that walks?
A. Rat B. Mosquito
C. Bees D. Snail
24. Which one of the following is a non green plant?

- A. Algae
- B. Fern
- C. Mushroom
- D. Liverworts

25. Which one of the following is a special sound for pupils in school?

- A. Screaming
- B. Car hooting
- C. Ambulance siren
- D. Bell ringing

26. _____ is the condition of the atmosphere at a certain given time.

- A. Weather
- B. Seasons
- C. Climate
- D. Sunshine

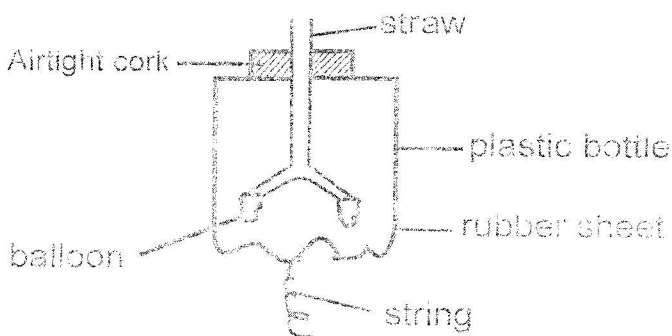
27. Which one of the following is **not** an importance of lighting a house?

- A. See clearly
- B. Encourage pests
- C. Read comfortably
- D. Avoid accidents

28. Which one of the following animals has 8 legs?

- A. Termite
- B. Ant
- C. Tick
- D. Butterfly

29. The diagram below shows a model of breathing system.



The balloons represent the

- A. ribs
- B. diaphragm
- C. bronchioles
- D. lungs

30. The digestive juice that is produced in the stomach is known as

- A. gastric juice
- B. saliva juice

- C. bile juice
- D. pancreatic juice

31. The soil with large soil particles is also likely to

- A. hold more water
- B. hold less water
- C. have small air spaces
- D. allow water to rise through it easily

32. Which one of the following is a maintenance practice to cutting tools only?

- A. Sharpening
- B. Cleaning after use
- C. Proper storage
- D. Proper use

33. Cassava, yams, rice, maize are examples of _____ foods.

- A. body building
- B. protective
- C. energy giving
- D. tubers

34. It is true to say that we can

- A. touch air
- B. see air
- C. smell air
- D. feel air

35. The following are uses of moving air **except**

- A. winnowing
- B. moving windmills
- C. carrying away soil
- D. drying clothes

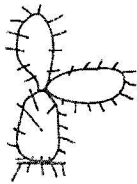
36. A deaf man lacks the sense of

- A. tasting
- B. hearing
- C. smelling
- D. seeing

37. Animals are mainly classified into

- A. vertebrates and invertebrates
- B. cold and warm blooded animals
- C. mammals and birds
- D. reptiles, fish and amphibians

38. The plant below is called



- A. acacia
- B. thorn apple
- C. fern
- D. cactus

39. When cleaning a handkerchief we use _____ to remove mucus.

- A. warm water
- B. salt
- C. sand
- D. dettol

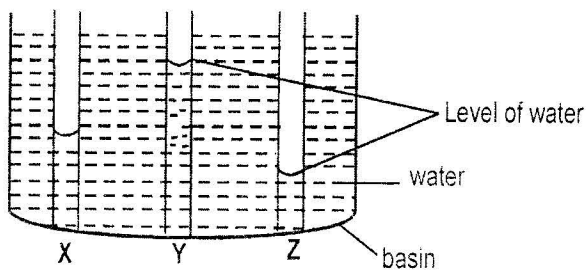
40. The soil which has smooth particles is used in _____

- A. building
- B. farming
- C. modelling
- D. making roads

41. Which one of the following is a characteristic of oxalis?

- A. Has yellow flowers
- B. Has black hooked seeds
- C. Has lobed leaves
- D. Has unpleasant smell

42. Study the set up below



Identify soil X, Y and Z

- | X | Y | Z |
|---------|------|------|
| A. Loam | sand | clay |
| B. Clay | sand | loam |
| C. Sand | loam | clay |
| D. Loam | clay | sand |

43. Rearing of animals in water is a _____ use of water.

- A. industrial
- B. recreation
- C. farm
- D. transport

44. Seedlings come from

- A. stems
- B. seeds
- C. roots
- D. leaves

45. An underground swollen root or stem is known as

- A. tuber
- B. stem
- C. root
- D. cassava

46. Which pair consists of animals without a backbone?

- A. Lizard, whale
- B. Snail, bee
- C. Tortoise, moth
- D. Dolphin, salamander

47. Animals without a backbone are called

- A. invertebrates
- B. vertebrates
- C. insects
- D. snakes

48. Which one of the following is **not** part of the digestive system?

- A. Gullet
- B. Wind pipe
- C. Stomach
- D. Rectum

49. All medicines should be

- A. stored near fire
- B. stored near children
- C. stored in lockable cupboards
- D. stored in the food store

50. Which one is the third stage of HIV/AIDS infection?

- A. Symptomatic
- B. Assymptomatic
- C. Window
- D. Full blown

STEGA SUPREME SERIES

STANDARD FIVE 2016

MATHEMATICS

Time: 2 Hours

- Write twenty thousand two hundred and two in figures.
A. 20002 B. 20202
C. 200202 D. 202202
- Add 210 to one hundred and seventy five.
A. 385 B. 395
C. 135 D. 485
- What is the place value of digit 3 in the number 8365?
A. Tens B. Thousands
C. Hundreds D. Three hundred
- What number comes after 99999?
A. 100000 B. 99998
C. 10000 D. 999909
- Write one hundred and forty one in the symbols to the nearest 10.
A. 100 B. 200
C. 180 D. 140
- What is the value of $1149 + 1047 + 33$?
A. 2192 B. 2229
C. 3249 D. 2922
- During an election 61951 women and 43280 men voted. How many people voted altogether?
A. 115230 B. 532105
C. 105231 D. 231105
- There are 1085 pupils in a primary school. If there are 508 boys, how many girls are there in the school?
A. 755 B. 577
C. 557 D. 775
- What do I take away from one hundred and thirty five to get ninety four?
A. 41 B. 14
C. 410 D. 51
- A clerk can type 45 words in a minute. How many words can she type in 45 minutes?
A. 2520 B. 2025
C. 2205 D. 90
- Nine girls bought 8 biscuits each. How many biscuits did they buy altogether?
A. 17 B. 81
C. 72 D. 27
- Multiply 193 by 19. What is the answer?
A. 3667 B. 6673
C. 3766 D. 6637
- A farmer planted 870 seedlings of mango in thirty rows. How many seedlings did he plant in each row?
A. 90 B. 29
C. 300 D. 30
- How many days are there in 3 weeks?
A. 15 B. 36

C. 90 D. 21

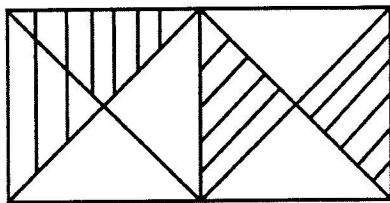
15. Which digit represents the place value of ten thousand in the number 65498?

- A. 6 B. 5
C. 4 D. 9

16. A bookshop sold 4263 books on Monday, 4672 on Tuesday and 783 on Wednesday. How many books were sold in the three days?

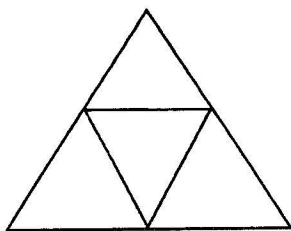
- A. 10968 B. 9718
C. 9314 D. 4517

17. What fraction is shaded in the figure below?



- A. $\frac{1}{4}$ B. $\frac{1}{9}$
C. $\frac{3}{4}$ D. $\frac{1}{2}$

18. How many triangles are in the figure below



- A. 4 B. 5
C. 6 D. 8

19. A tailor bought 1.4m of cloth. If he used 0.828m of it, What was the length of the material that remained?

- A. 2.228 B. 8.42
C. 0.187 D. 0.572

20. What is the LCM of 8, 12 and 9?

- A. 72 B. 36
C. 24 D. 108

21. 1 year = _____ weeks.

- A. 12 B. 365
C. 52 D. 7

22. Which of the following years was a leap year?

- A. 2013 B. 2014
C. 2012 D. 2011

23. A bag of maize weighs 90kg. What is the total mass of 14 bags?

- A. 840kg B. 1260kg
C. 104kg D. 76kg

24. What do we get when we add an odd number to an odd number?

- A. Even number B. Odd number
C. Prime number D. Number divisible by 3

25. Which fraction is greater? $\frac{1}{3}$ or $\frac{1}{2}$

- A. None B. Equal
C. $\frac{1}{3}$ D. $\frac{1}{2}$

26. Express $\frac{2}{100}$ as a decimal.

- A. $\frac{2}{10}$ B. 0.2
C. 0.02 D. 200

27. Which of the following numbers is divisible by 6?

- A. 112 B. 216
C. 81 D. 125

28. A butcher slaughters 29 goats a day. How many days will it take to slaughter 377 goats?

- A. 640 B. 113
C. 13 D. 406

29. An even number multiplied by odd number gives _____ number?

- A. Prime B. Zero
C. Odd D. Even

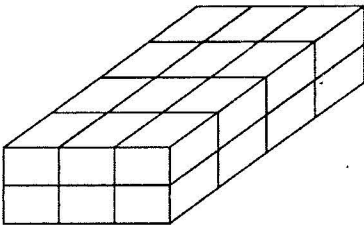
30. A number is divisible by three if the sum of its digits is divisible by?

- A. 6 B. 4
C. 3 D. 9

31. Which of the following is a prime number

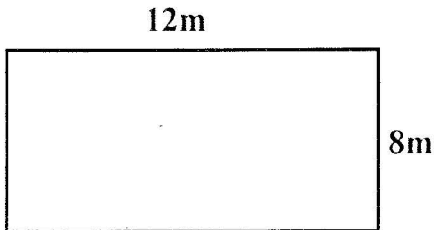
- A. 25 B. 31
C. 18 D. 28

32. How many cubes are in the figure below?



- A. 26 B. 36
C. 18 D. 24

33. What is the perimeter of the figure below



- A. 96m B. 80m
C. 20m D. 40m

34. $2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 7$ is the prime factorization of _____

- A. 2257 B. 140
C. 280 D. 16

35. What is the GCD of 12 and 18?

- A. 6 B. 30
C. 36 D. 48

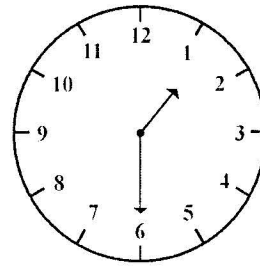
36. Write 19 in Roman Numerals

- A. XI B. IX
C. XIX D. XLIX

37. What is the sum of $\frac{1}{6}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$?

- A. $\frac{11}{12}$ B. $\frac{4}{10}$
C. $\frac{2}{2}$ D. $\frac{4}{12}$

38. What is the time shown on the clock face?



- A. Seven minutes past six O'clock
B. Ten minutes to six O'clock
C. Half past two O'clock
D. Half past one O'clock

39. Measure the length of the line in cm.



- A. 9cm B. 10cm
C. 8cm D. 8.5

40. Convert 12 metres into cm

- A. 1.2 B. 120
C. 1200 D. 0.12

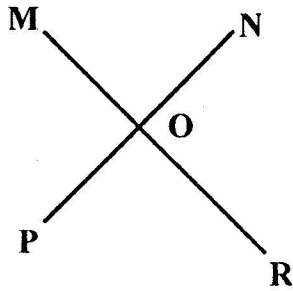
41. How many packets of salt would be made from 13kg of salt if I put $\frac{1}{4}$ kg of salt in each packet?

- A. 60 B. 52
C. 17 D. 14

42. If 2016 was a leap year, what will be the next leap year?

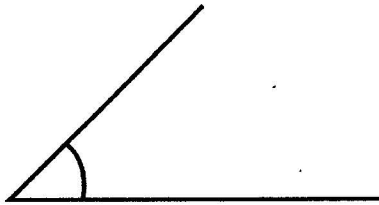
- A. 2022 B. 2018
C. 2017 D. 2020

43. Name the point of intersection in the figure below?



- A. M B. N
C. O D. P

44. The angle drawn below is called



- A. Right angle B. Reflex angle
C. Obtuse D. Acute

45. The table below shows the number of vehicles counted by a group of pupils.

Vehicles	Tallymarks	Quantity
Cars		17
Buses		
Lorries		
Bicycles		
Vans		

How many vans were recorded?

- A. 14 B. 15
C. 10 D. 16

46. Express $\frac{3}{5}$ as a decimal

- A. 5.3 B. 3.5
C. 0.6 D. 0.08

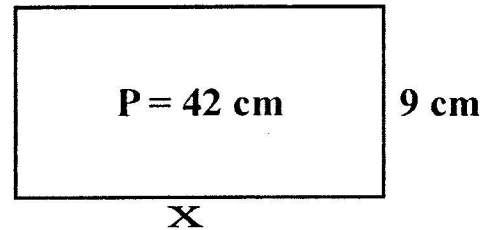
47. Multiply $2\frac{1}{3}$ by 4

- A. $4\frac{1}{2}$ B. $3\frac{1}{9}$
C. $10\frac{1}{2}$ D. $9\frac{1}{3}$

48. My fathers' height is 182cm. I am 132 cm tall. My father is _____ cm taller than me.

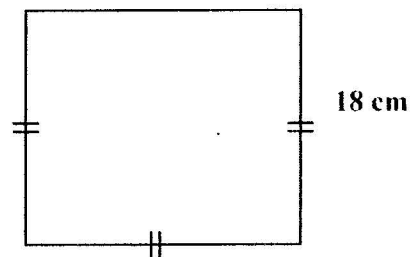
- A. 50 B. 60
C. 314 D. 48

49. Find the value of X if the perimeter of the figure below is 42cm



- A. 33 B. 51
C. 12 D. 16

50. Find the area of the figure below



- A. 324cm^2 B. 36cm^2
C. 72cm^2 D. 144cm^2

STEGA SUPREME SERIES
DARASA LA TANO 2016
KISWAHILI

MUDA: 1: DAKIKA 40

Jaza kwa kuchagua jibu sahihi 1-15.

Babu 1 ni mzee 2 amekula chumvi 3 sana. Ukiwaona 4 na vitukuu 5 utashangaa na 6 na butwaa, ni wengi kama 7 wa baharini.

Katika boma 8 kuna mifugo 9 kila aina kama vile ng'ombe, mbuzi, kondoo na 10. Shambani 11 hukuza mimea 12 kama 13 miembe, migomba na michungwa. Namuombea 14 ampe maisha 15.

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------------|---------------|------------|------------|
| 1. | A. angu | B. yangu | C. langu | D. changu |
| 2. | A. ambaye | B. yenye | C. lenye | D. chenye |
| 3. | A. wengi | B. kingi | C. nyingi | D. mingi |
| 4. | A. watoto | B. mabinti | C. wajukuu | D. vijukuu |
| 5. | A. wake | B. chake | C. yake | D. lake |
| 6. | A. kupika | B. kupigwa | C. kupiga | D. kulete |
| 7. | A. udongo | B. mchanga | C. mawe | D. miti |
| 8. | A. yake | B. wake | C. chake | D. lake |
| 9. | A. wa | B. ya | C. mwa | D. la |
| 10. | A. fisi | B. kuku | C. mbweha | D. twiga |
| 11. | A. mwake | B. chake | C. lake | D. yake |
| 12. | A. balibali | B. mbalimbali | C. mbali | D. ni |
| 13. | A. ile | B. kile | C. yule | D. vile |
| 14. | A. Mungu | B. mungu | C. mtu | D. watu |
| 15. | A. mrefu | B. marefu | C. refu | D. makubwa |

Chagua jibu sahihi

16. Salamu ya asubuhi ni _____
A. masalkheri B. sabalkheri
C. karibu D. alamsiki
17. *Jaza pengo kw akutumia amba*
Mwalimu _____ alikuja ni mzuri.
A. ambalo B. ambacho
C. ambavyo D. ambaye
- Kamilisha kwa kivumishi cha pekee*
18. Nyumba _____ chafu ioshe.
A. yoyote B. momote
C. yeyote D. chochote
19. Mtu ambaye hufagia na kuosha vyoo ni _____
A. seremala B. mhunzi
C. chura D. mwashi
20. Maneno haya ni ya ngeli gani? Kiwavi, kiwete na mbu
A. KI-VI B. A-WA
C. U-ZI D. I-ZI
21. *Jaza pengo*
Mti ulikuwa _____ kuanguka.
A. na B. karibu
C. bali na D. kuwa
22. Majira ambayo mvua hunyesha sana ni _____
A. vuli B. mchuo
C. kiangazi D. masika
23. Suruali fupi ambayo huvaliwa na wavulana huitwa
A. jezi B. kapturi
C. sweta D. kaptura

24. Chugwa likigawiwa watu wawili sawasawa utapata
A. nusu B. robo
C. humusi D. nzima

25. Kifaa hiki cha seremala ni _____



- A. msumeno
B. nyundo
C. bisibisi
D. patasi

26. *Kamilisha*

Chakula _____ kimeliwa.

- A. yote B. wote
C. chote D. ote

27. Dadaye baba yako utamwita?

- A. Mjomba B. Bibi
C. Ami D. Shangazi

28. *Wingi wa;*

Mwalimu wangu ni _____

- A. walimu wetu B. walimu wangu
C. mwalimu wetu D. walimu wao

29. *Kamilisha kitendawili*

Kipo lakini sikioni.

- A. Kivuli B. wayo
C. Shingo D. Kisogo

30. Daktari hutumia sindano na _____ kumdungia mgonjwa dawa.

- A. sirinji B. pamba
C. maji D. plasta

Soma ufahamu huu kisha ujibu maswali 31-40.

Naibu mwalimu mkuu wa shule ya upili iliyoko Githunguri, kaunti ya Kiambu alikamatwa baada ya kudaiwa alimpiga mwanafunzi na kumvunja mkono.

Bwana Peter Mwangi kutoka shule ya upili ya Gititha alikamatwa na kuzuiliwa katika kituo cha Polisi cha Githunguri kuhusiana na tukio hilo ambalo lilisemekana kutokea mwezi uliopita.

Ilisemekana alimpiga Joseph Kago ambaye ni mwanafunzi wa kidato cha tatu, kama adhabu kwa kukosa kunyoa nywele. Mamaye mwanafunzi huyo, Bi Naomi Njoki pia alimlaumu mwalimu mkuu wa shule hiyo Bwana Joseph Muiruri kwa kumwonya dhidi ya kuripoti suala hilo.

Ilidaiwa Bwana Mwangi alianza kumpiga katika sehemu tofauti za mwili hadi akazimia na alipopata fahamu, aliagizwa arudi darasani.

Wakati huo ndipo mwanafunzi huyo aligundua mkono wake ulikuwa umejeruhiwa vibaya.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <p>31. Naibu mwalimu mkuu ni _____</p> <p>A. mwalimu</p> <p>B. mwalimu mkuu</p> <p>C. msaidizi wa mwalimu mkuu</p> <p>D. mwalimu mdogo</p> | <p>36. Mamaye mwanafunzi huyu ni</p> <p>A. Bi Mwangi B. Bi Muiruri</p> <p>C. Bi Naomi D. Bi Githunguri</p> |
| <p>32. Shule ya Gititha iko katika kaunti ya</p> <p>A. Nairobi B. Kisumu</p> <p>C. Makuru D. Kiambu</p> | <p>37. Mkuu wa shule ya Gititha ni _____</p> <p>A. Bwana Mwangi B. Bi Mwaura</p> <p>C. Bwana Joseph D. Bwana Kago</p> |
| <p>33. Mwalimu alimpiga mwanafunzi na kumvunja</p> <p>A. mguu B. mkono</p> <p>C. kichwa D. mgongo</p> | <p>38. Mwanafunzi aliyepigwa na mwalimu aligundua lini kuwa alikuwa amevunjika?</p> <p>A. Alipoanguka B. Alilala</p> <p>C. Aliporudi darasani D. Hakupigwa</p> |
| <p>34. Mwanafunzi aliyejeruhiwa alipigwa lini na mwalimu?</p> <p>A. Jana B. Mwezi uliopita</p> <p>C. Mwaka jana D. Mwezi ujao</p> | <p>39. Kazi ya mwalimu ni _____</p> <p>A. kusoma B. kufunza</p> <p>C. kulima D. kuadhibu</p> |
| <p>35. Mwanafunzi aliyepigwa na mwalimu ni wa kidato cha</p> <p>A. tatu B. pili</p> <p>C. kwanza D. nne</p> | <p>40. Kichwa mwafaka cha habari hii ni</p> <p>A. Mwalimu afukuzwa shuleni</p> <p>B. Mwanafunzi atoroka shuleni</p> <p>C. Mwanafunzi aadhibiwa shuleni kinyama</p> <p>D. Mwalimu mkuu</p> |

Soma ufahamu huu kisha ujibu maswali 41-50.

Mahakama ya Meru Alhamisi iliamuru kuwa mvulana mwenye umri wa miaka 17 azuiliwe rumande baada ya kuyakiri mashtaka ya kuvunja nyumba na kuutekeleza wizi katika nyumba ya nyanyaye.

Mvulana huyo alishtakiwa kwa kutekeleza wizi huo mnamo siku ya Jumapili akiwa katika kijiji cha Ciothirai, wilaya ya Imenti kusini.

Mahakama iliskia kuwa mshukiwa aliiba gunia moja la maharagwe kutoka kwa nyanyaye Bi Tabitha Kinya mwenye umri wa miaka 90. Upande wa mashtaka uliambia korti kuwa polisi walipomkamata mvulana huyo hawakupata maharagwe yaliyokuwa yameibwa na yanayokisiwa kuwa na dhamana ya sh 3000.

Aidha, mshukiwa aliyakiri mashtaka mbele ya hakim mkaazi wa Meru Bi Eva Wambugu. Hakimu aliagiza kuwa mvulana huyo alipelekwe katika hospitali ya rufaa ya Meru ili aweze kipimwa miaka yake kabla ya hukumu kutolewa mnamo Februari 10.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 41. Mvulana alifanya kosa gani?
A. Aliiba
B. Alivunja nyumba na kuiba
C. Alivunja nyumba
D. Hakufanya kosa | D. Sufuria ya mahindi |
| 42. Habari hii inatuelezea kuwa mvulana huyu anazuiliwa wapi?
A. Kortini
B. Jelani
C. Rumande
D. Mahakamani | 46. Bi Tabitha ana umri wa miaka mingapi?
A. Sitini
B. sabini
C. Tisini
D. Themanini |
| 43. Mvulana anyezungumziwa ana miaka mingapi?
A. Kumi
B. Kumi na saba
C. Saba
D. Ishirini na saba | 47. Gunia lililoibwa lina dhamana ya shilingi
A. 1000
B. 2000
C. 4000
D. 3000 |
| 44. Nyumba iliyovunjwa ilikuwa ya nani?
A. Nyanya
B. Babu
C. Shangazi
D. Baba | 48. Hakimu mkaazi wa Meru ni Bi _____
A. Ciothiria
B. Tabitha
C. Imenti
D. Wambugu |
| 45. Mvulana huyu aliiba nini?
A. Kikapu cha maharagwe
B. Gunia la maharagwe
C. Gunia la mahindi | 49. Mvulana aliiba siku gani?
A. Jumapili
B. Jumamosi
C. Ijumaa
D. Jumatatu |
| | 50. Habari hii ni kuhusu
A. Mvulana aliyemuibia nyanya yake
B. Wizi wa maharagwe
C. Mvulana amtesa nyanya yake
D. Mwizi siku ya Jumamosi |

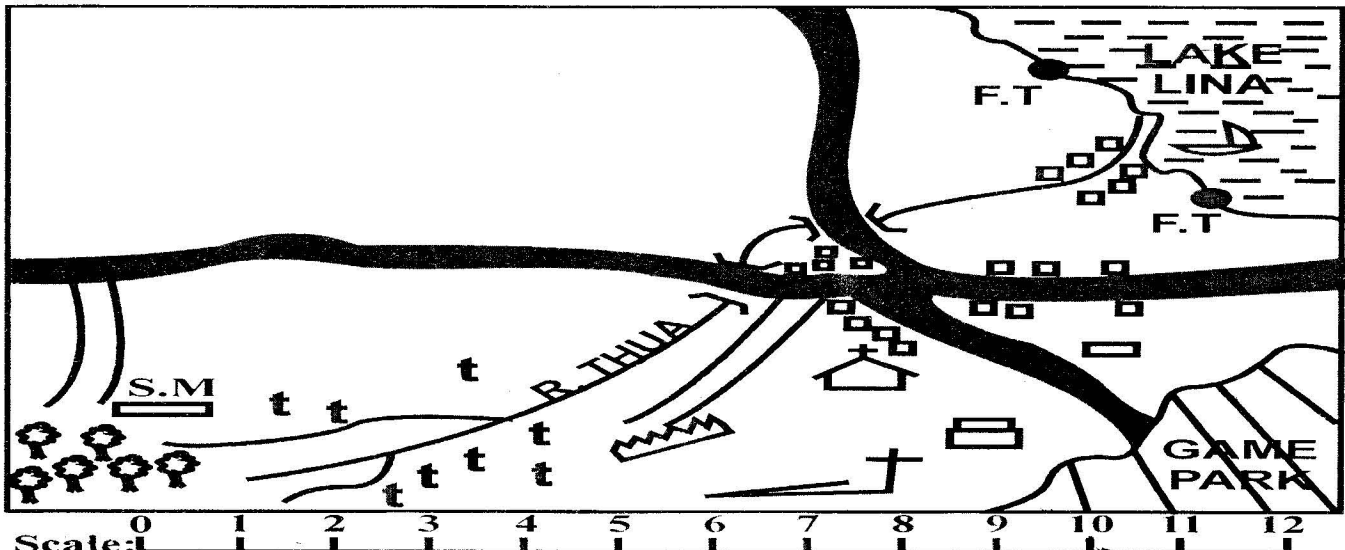
STEGA SUPREME SERIES

STANDARD FIVE 2016

SOCIAL STUDIES

Time: 2hours :15 Min

LINA AREA

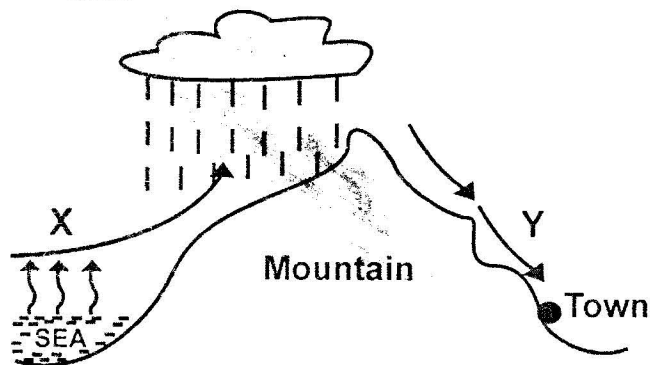


KEY	
	- Forest
	- River
	- Permanent Buildings
	- Tarmac road
	- Murram road
	- Air strip
	- Church
	- School
	P.S - Police station
	P.O - Post office
	G.O - Governors office
	MRT - Market
	H.S - Health Centre
	tt - Tea plantation
	SM - Saw mill
	- Factory
	FT - Fishing trap

- What is the direction of the school from the saw mill?
A. South west B. South east
C. North east D. North west
- The factory on the map is likely to process?
A. Cotton B. Coffee
C. Sisal D. Tea
- The religion of the people who live in Lina area is
A. Christianity B. Hinduism
C. Islam D. Buddhism
- The head of Lina Area is likely to be _____
A. Mp B. Governor
C. Senator D. President
- The climate of south-western part of the Lina is
A. Hot and wet B. Cool and dry
C. Cool and wet D. Hot and dry
- Which of the following economic activity does **NOT** take place in Lina area?
A. Trading B. Fishing
C. Tourism D. Mining
- Which is the **MAIN** means of transport in Lina Area?
A. Water B. Air
C. Road D. Railway
- Which of the following is **NOT** an element of a map?
A. title B. scale
C. colour D. key
- The latitude at 0° is known as
A. Equator B. Prime meridian
C. Greenwich D. Longitude
- Which of the following is the largest relief region in Kenya?
A. Nyika plateau B. Rift valley
C. The highlands D. Yatta plateau
- The average weather conditions of a place over a long period of time is known as _____
A. Meteorology B. Climate
C. Weather D. Atmosphere
- The mineral used to make toothpaste is
A. Limestone B. Florspar
C. Sand D. Plantomite
- Planting of trees where there were none is known as
A. Desertification B. Deforestation
C. Reafforestation D. Afforestation

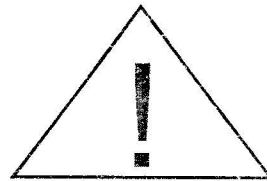
14. Two or more age-groups forms _____
 A. a clan B. a language group
 C. an age set D. a rika
15. Which of the following is a traditional African cultural artefact?
 A. Biro pen B. Balls
 C. Bicycle D. Arrow heads
16. Which is the largest language group in Kenya?
 A. Bantu B. Nilotes
 C. Europeans D. Semites

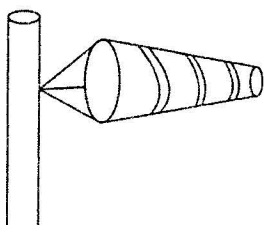
Use the diagram below to answer questions 17 to 19



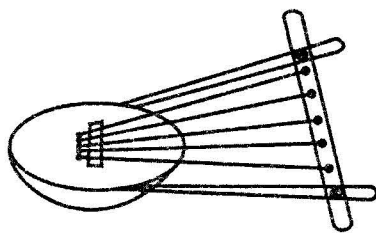
17. The type of rainfall shown in the diagram above is known as
 A. Convectional B. Orographic
 C. Cyclonic D. Frontal
18. The town on the side marked Y is likely to be _____
 A. Kericho B. Meru
 C. Nyeri D. Nanyuki
19. The winds on the side marked X are likely to be
 A. Cool and wet B. Warm and dry
 C. warm and wet D. Cool and dry
20. Which is the **MAIN** tourist attraction in Kenya?
 A. Wildlife B. Natural scenery
 C. Maasi culture D. Warm climate
21. The first sub-group of the Luo to arrive in Kenya was known as
 A. Joka Jok B. Joka Owiny
 C. Joka Odinga D. Joka Omolo
22. Which of the following areas is sparsely populated?
 A. Coastal lowlands B. Urban centres
 C. Lambwe valley D. The highland regions
23. In Kenya, general elections are held after every
 A. 5 months B. 5 years
 C. 10 years D. 2 years
24. Kenya was colonised by the
 A. Italians B. Portuguese
 C. Germans D. British
25. Which of the types of soil is used for modelling?
 A. Clay B. Loam
 C. Volcanic D. Sand

26. A point where two river join is known as
 A. Meanders B. Confluence
 C. Delta D. Estuary
27. Which of the following is the fastest means of transport?
 A. Water B. Road
 C. Air D. Railway
28. The road sign shown below means _____
 A. Slow down
 B. About turn
 C. No waiting
 D. Take caution



29. Who was the first vice-president of Kenya after independence?
 A. Jomo Kenyatta B. Daniel Arap Moi
 C. Mwai Kibaki D. Oginga Odinga
30. Law and order in our country is maintained by _____
 A. National youth service B. The Kenya police
 C. The governor D. Attorney general
31. Which of the following is a plateau within a plateau
 A. Loreyu plateau B. Merti plateau
 C. Yatta plateau D. Nyika plateau
32. Which of the following is NOT cause of conflict in society?
 A. obedience B. disrespect
 C. corruption D. tribalism
33. Which one of the following is a primary industry?
 A. Maize milling B. Glass making
 C. Crude oil refining D. Banking
34. Kenya is to the _____ of the Prime meridian
 A. North B. East
 C. West D. South
35. The main natural forest found along the coastal lowlands of Kenya is called
 A. Bamboo B. Acacia
 C. Mangrove D. Grasslands
36. Which of the following was taught through apprenticeship?
 A. Weeding B. Herding
 C. Mangrove D. Grasslands
37. The weather instrument shown below is called
 A. Windvane
 B. Windsock
 C. Anemometer
 D. Hygrometer
- 
38. Which is the longest river in Kenya _____
 A. R. Nile B. R. Athi
 C. R. Tana D. R. Nzoia

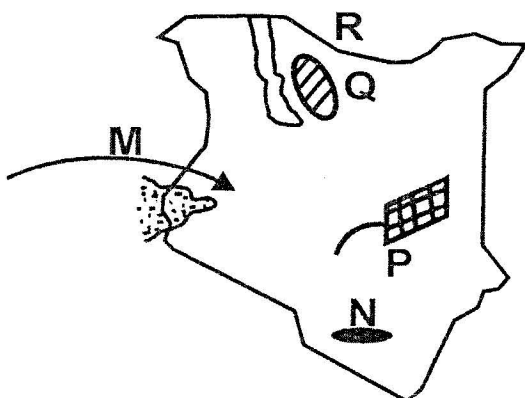
39. People's way of life is called _____
 A. Culture B. Moral laws
 C. Citizenship D. Taboo
40. Which of the lakes is found on the floor of the rift valley?
 A. L. Paradise B. L. Bogoria
 C. L. Chala D. L. Victoria
41. Arabs came to the coast of Kenya **MAINLY** to
 A. Intermarry B. Search for pasture
 C. Trade D. Colonise Africans
42. Who is the head of county executive committee?
 A. President B. Senator
 C. Speaker D. Governor
43. The artefact shown below was **MAINLY** used for



- A. Entertainment
 B. Transport
 C. Fighting
 D. Communicating

44. Which is the staple food of most people in Kenya?
 A. Rice B. Milk
 C. Chapati D. Maize
45. Which of the following types of trees is **NOT** a hardwood?
 A. Camphor B. Rosewood
 C. Pine D. Ebony
46. Which of the following is **NOT** a county in Kenya?
 A. Machakos B. Voi
 C. Turkana D. Mombasa
47. Which of the following is a traditional method of preserving fish?
 A. Smoking B. Refrigeration
 C. Freezing D. Canning
48. Which is the leading cash crop export from Kenya?
 A. Wheat B. Tea
 C. Sisal D. Cotton

Use the map below to answer questions 49 to 53



49. Which of the following communities did **NOT** use the route marked M?
 A. Abagusii B. Abakuria

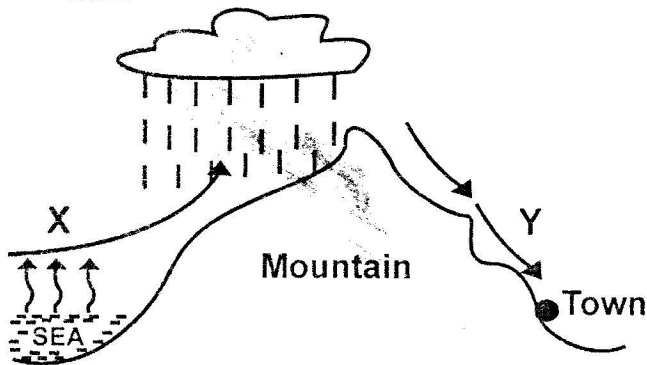
- C. Akamba D. Abaluhya
50. The physical feature marked N is called _____
 A. Homa hills B. L. Magadi
 C. Arabuko Sokoke D. Taita hills
51. The swamp marked P is likely to be _____
 A. Loitikipi swamp B. Yalla swamp
 C. Lorian swamp D. Amboseli swamp
52. The desert marked Q is called _____
 A. Sahara B. Chalbi
 C. Kaisut D. Taru
53. The country marked R is likely to be
 A. Ethiopia B. Somalia
 C. Uganda D. Tanzania
54. Flowers are grown in special glass structures known as
 A. Manyatta B. Greenhouses
 C. Aqua culture D. Speed bed
55. Which of the following is the highest mountain in Kenya?
 A. Mt. Elgon B. Mt. Kilimanjaro
 C. Mt. Kenya D. Mt. Longonot
56. Which of the following areas does **NOT** experience modified equatorial climate?
 A. Siaya B. Kisumu
 C. Homa bay D. Mandera
57. Which is the smallest county in Kenya
 A. Marsabit B. Turkana
 C. Mombasa D. Nakuru
58. In the past, most communities in Kenya were ruled by _____
 A. Children B. Council of elders
 C. Youth D. Priests
59. Big farms where cattle are reared are called
 A. ranches B. plantations
 C. plains D. plateaus
60. Poultry birds kept for meat are called _____
 A. Layers B. beef birds
 C. layers marsh D. broilers

CRE

61. The man from cyrene who helped Jesus to carry his cross for crucifixion was
 A. Nicodemus B. Simon
 C. Pilate D. Joseph of Arimathea
62. Sharing work makes
 A. Work hard B. Us tired
 C. Work easier D. Us hungry
63. We are all made in the _____ of God
 A. Image B. Soul
 C. Legs D. Love
64. What led the wisemen to the place Jesus was born?

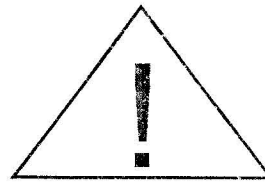
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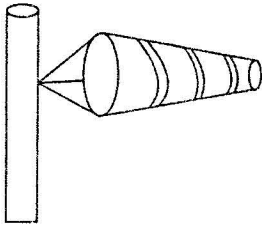
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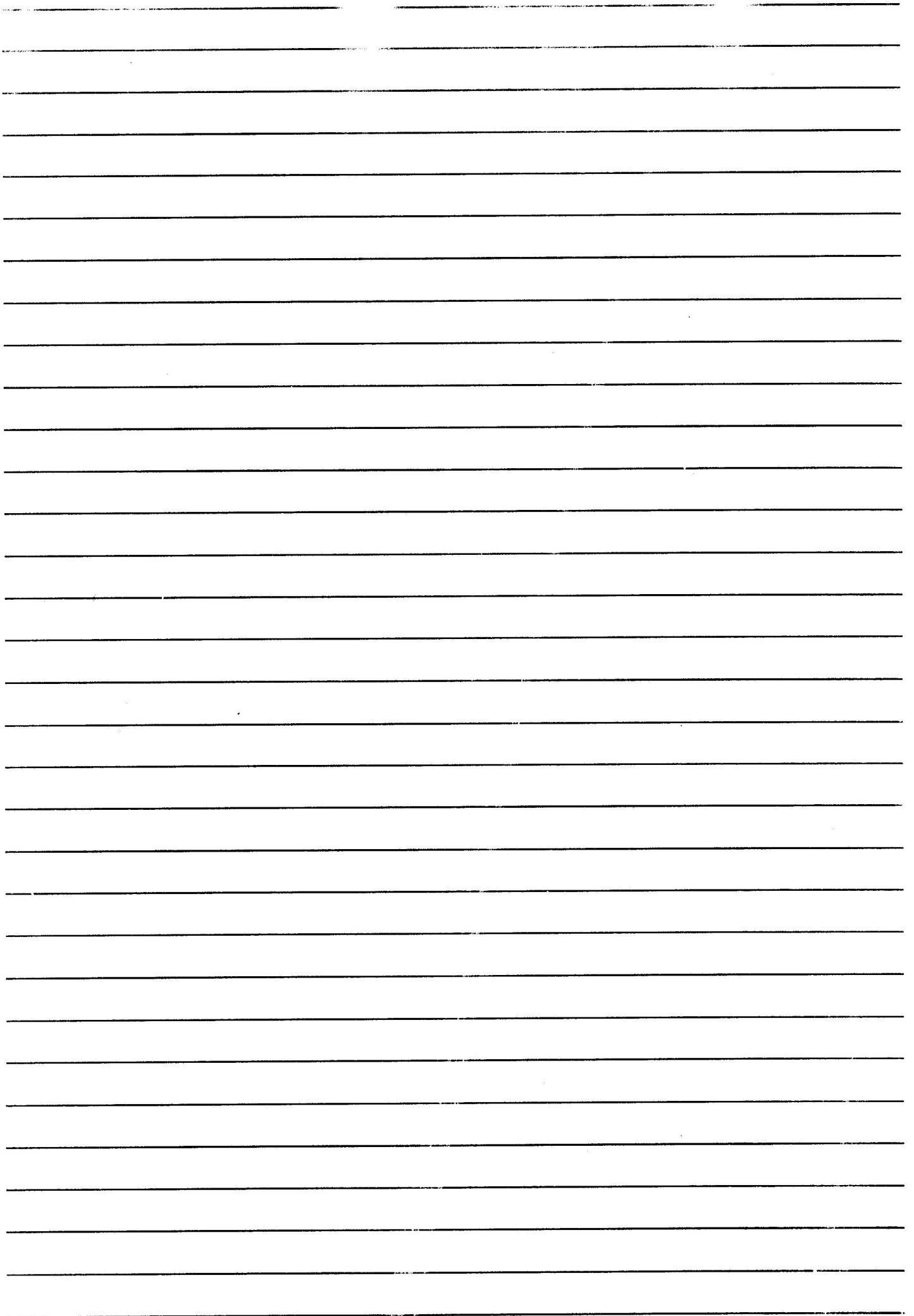
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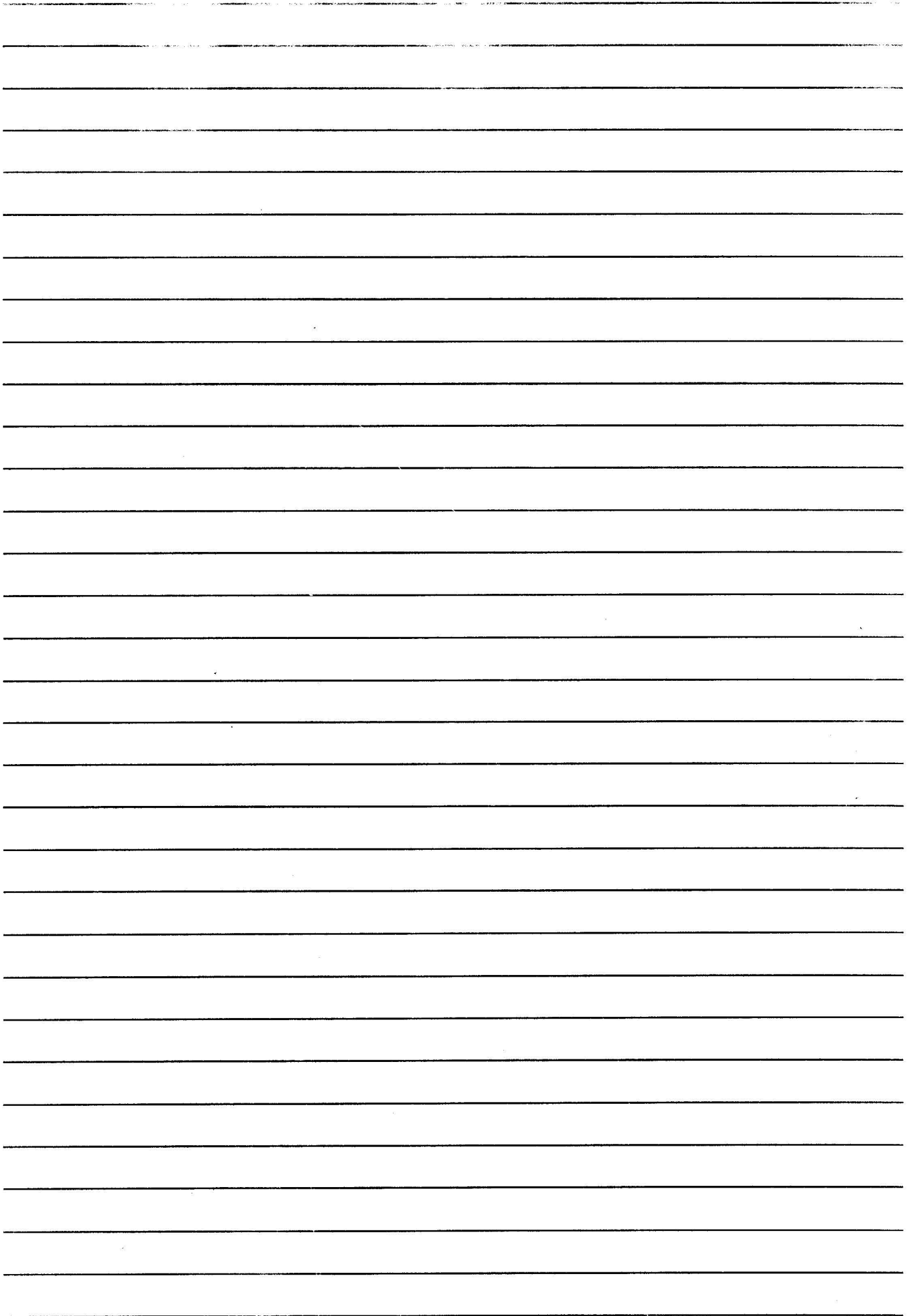
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 C. R. Tana D. R. Nzoia

- A. An angel B. King Herod
C. The shepherd D. A star
65. When Jesus went back to heaven, he promised his disciples to send back
A. Holy spirit B. Son
C. Angels D. Peace
66. When baby Jesus was born he laid in a
A. Hospital B. Bed
C. Manger D. Cot
67. Naomi's husband was known as
A. David B. Elimelech
C. Abraham D. Jacob
68. The two sons of Isaac were
A. Ismael, Esau B. Joseph, Benjamin
C. Jacob, Joseph D. Jacob, Esau
69. When Moses saw the burning bush he was told to
A. Take off his sandals B. Put out the fire
C. Shout for help D. Move away immediately
70. Who among the following people did not make the right choice
A. David B. Ananias and Saphira
C. Abraham D. Ruth
71. We are _____ and wonderfully made,
A. Fearfully B. Honesty
C. Physically D. Magically
72. Which one of the following is a sin committed by King Ahab?
A. Killing of all the baby boys
B. Taking Naboth's vineyard
C. Killing Uriah
D. Fighting the Israelites
73. How many people entered the ark that Noah built?
A. Eight B. Six
C. Five D. Nine
74. The name Moses Means
A. The most powerful B. Drawn from water
C. God with us D. The rock
75. On which occasion did Jesus wash his disciple's feet?
A. During the last supper
B. Wedding in canna of Galilee
C. Before he was crucified
D. After his arrest
76. The good samaritan who helped an injured Jew who was attacked by robbers was heading to
A. Damascus B. Jerusalem
C. Jericho D. Galilee
77. Imora a girl in class five found Sh. 500 shilling on within the school compound, as a christian she should
A. Buy books
B. Hide it and use it later
C. Buy sugar for her mother
D. Take it to the teacher
78. Who buried Jesus
A. Joseph of Arimathea B. John the baptist
C. Mary Magdalene D. Simon of cyrene
79. Jesus was crucified at a place called
A. Golgotha B. Gethsemane
C. Nazareth D. Antioch
80. The day that the disciples received the Holy spirit is known as
A. The passover B. The last supper
C. Christmas D. The pentecost
81. Who was swallowed by the fish because of disobeying God?
A. Jonah B. Noah
C. Christmas D. Ananias
82. Which of the following is a fruit of the holy spirit?
A. Wisdom B. Teaching
C. Self-control D. Singing
83. Adam and Eve were found by God being naked after
A. Stealing B. Obeying God
C. Eating the fruit D. Disobeying God
84. The holy spirit lives in
A. Our bodies B. Heaven
C. The church D. The air around us
85. The greatest commandment says?
A. Love God with all your heart
B. Love your enemies
C. Love your friends only
D. Love others as you love yourself
86. People with HIV/AIDS should be
A. Loved B. Hated
C. Beaten D. Laughed at
87. A person who is envious is
A. Kind B. Tender heart
C. Courage D. Jealous
88. John and James were the sons of
A. Zebedee B. Jethro
C. David D. Noah
89. Which one is **NOT** a quality of a good friend
A. Showing love B. Being united
C. Being caring D. Encourage wrong doing
90. _____ was born and brought up in Egypt.
A. Moses B. Abraham
C. Jesus D. Judas





MARKING SCHEME 2016

<u>ENGLISH</u>		<u>KISWAHILI</u>		<u>MATHS</u>		<u>SCIENCE</u>		<u>SOCIAL STUDIES</u>		
1. B	31. D	1. B	31. C	1. B	31. B	1. B	31. B	1. C	31. D	61. B
2. C	32. D	2. A	32. D	2. A	32. D	2. C	32. A	2. D	32. A	62. C
3. A	33. D	3. C	33. B	3. C	33. D	3. B	33. C	3. A	33. D	63. A
4. D	34. D	4. C	34. B	4. A	34. B	4. D	34. D	4. B	34. B	64. D
5. A	35. A	5. A	35. A	5. D	35. A	5. C	35. C	5. C	35. C	65. A
6. B	36. B	6. B	36. C	6. B	36. C	6. B	36. B	6. D	36. D	66. C
7. C	37. D	7. B	37. B	7. C	37. A	7. A	37. A	7. C	37. B	67. B
8. C	38. C	8. D	38. C	8. B	38. D	8. C	38. D	8. C	38. C	68. D
9. A	39. C	9. A	39. B	9. A	39. A	9. D	39. B	9. A	39. A	69. A
10. D	40. C	10. B	40. C	10. B	40. C	10. B	40. C	10. A	40. B	70. B
11. A	41. A	11. A	41. B	11. C	41. B	11. B	41. C	11. B	41. C	71. A
12. B	42. C	12. B	42. C	12. A	42. D	12. D	42. D	12. B	42. D	72. B
13. A	43. B	13. D	43. B	13. B	43. C	13. B	43. C	13. D	43. A	73. A
14. C	44. B	14. A	44. A	14. D	44. D	14. A	44. B	14. C	44. D	74. B
15. A	45. B	15. B	45. B	15. A	45. B	15. C	45. A	15. D	45. C	75. A
16. D	46. C	16. B	46. C	16. B	46. C	16. A	46. B	16. A	46. B	76. C
17. A	47. C	17. D	47. D	17. D	47. D	17. D	47. A	17. B	47. A	77. D
18. A	48. A	18. A	48. D	18. B	48. A	18. B	48. B	18. D	48. B	78. A
19. B	49. A	19. C	49. A	19. D	49. C	19. C	49. C	19. C	49. C	79. A
20. C	50. C	20. C	50. A	20. A	50. A	20. D	50. A	20. A	50. D	80. D
21. B		21. B		21. C		21. C		21. A	51. C	81. A
22. B		22. D		22. C		22. B		22. C	52. B	82. C
23. D		23. D		23. B		23. A		23. A	53. A	83. D
24. B		24. B		24. A		24. C		24. D	54. B	84. A
25. D		25. D		25. D		25. D		25. A	55. C	85. A
26. C		26. C		26. C		26. A		26. B	56. D	86. A
27. B		27. D		27. B		27. B		27. C	57. C	87. D
28. A		28. A		28. C		28. C		28. D	58. B	88. A
29. C		29. D		29. D		29. D		29. D	59. A	89. D
30. C		30. A		30. C		30. A		30. B	60. D	90. A

A COMPOSITION MARKING SCHEME

MARKING CRITERION

- The composition will be assessed according to the following guidelines.
 - The maximum mark will be 40 and the minimum (mark 01)
 - Does the script show that the candidate can communicate accurately, fluently and imaginatively in English?

Accuracy (8 marks)

- | | |
|--|---|
| a) Correct tenses and agreement of verbs (4 marks) | b) Accurate use of vocabulary (4 marks) |
| (16) c) Following a sequence (4 marks) | d) Correct punctuation (4 marks) |

Fluency (8 marks)

- | | |
|---|--|
| a) Words in the correct order (4 marks) | b) Sentence connection and paragraphs (4 marks) |
| c) Correct spelling (4 marks) | d) Ideas developed in logical sequence (4 marks) |

Imagination (8 marks)

- Unusual but appropriate use of words and phrases (4 marks)
- Variety of structure (4 marks)

NB: Please, teachers are requested to scrutinize this marking scheme before use, it is worth