Study the map of Pendo area and answer questions 1-7:

1. How many bridges are there in Pendo area?
   A. Three   B. Two
   C. One     D. Four

2. People of Pendo area are
   A. Pagans   B. Christians
   C. Muslims  D. Hindus

3. Which of the following economic activities is not carried out in Pendo area?
   A. Mining   B. Pastoralism
   C. Crop Growing D. Tourism

4. Which of the following cash crops are grown in Pendo area?
   A. mining   B. Pastoralism
   C. Pyrethrum  D. Tea

5. Pendo area is headed by
   A. D.O     B. MCA
   C. chief   D. governor

6. What is the direction of the quarry from the church?
   A. N.E.   B. S.E
   C. S.W    D. N.W

7. Pendo area is a
   A. division   B. county
   C. location   D. ward

8. _____ is cutting down of trees without replacement
   A. Deforestation   B. Forestry
   C. Afforestation   D. Reafforestation

9. Who is the head of our county?
   A. President    B. Senator
   C. Governor     D. Deputy governor

10. Which of the following is not a language group?
    A. Bantu     B. Nilotes
    C. Cushites  D. Abaluhya
11. The following are physical features except
A. lakes  B. rivers
C. buildings  D. hills
12. Food, clothes and houses are known as
A. luxury goods
B. basic needs
C. secondary needs
D. human needs
13. Elections in Kenya are held after every
   years.
   A. ten  B. five
   C. eight  D. four
14. _____ is artificial application of water to crops.
   A. Mulching  B. Irrigation
   C. Sprinkling  D. Watering
15. The fourth line of the second stanza of our National Anthem in Kiswahili says
   A. Tunayopenda
   B. Natukae na undugu
   C. Nchi yetu ya Kenya
   D. Tuungane mikono
16. which is the faster means of transport
   A. Road  B. water
   C. air  D. railway
17. _____ kill wild animals illegally.
   A. murderers  B. poachers
   C. tourists  D. bandits
18. Law and order is maintained by
   A. police  B. Parents
   C. teachers  D. Priests
19. Which of the following is not a traditonal industry
   A. police  B. arists
   C. Iron working  D. Weaving
20. Which of the following is not a colour of our national flag
   A. red  B. blue
   C. green  D. white
21. _____ is the hotness or coldness of a place.
   A. altitude  B. latitude
   C. temperature  D. climate
22. Beef cattle are reared in
   A. paddocks  B. strips
   C. ranches  D. stalls
23. We need all the following items at school for learning except
   A. textbooks  B. classrooms
   C. desks  D. drugs
24. _____ is the height above sea level.
   A. altitude  B. latitude
   C. longitude  D. equator
25. _____ is the exchange of goods for goods.
   A. importing  B. exporting
   C. exchange  D. barter
26. We should keep our compounds clean and safe by
   A. keeping tall grass
   B. picking rubbish
   C. keeping tools anywhere
   D. sweeping when we have visitors
27. Rainfall is measured by
   A. thermometer  B. raingauge
   C. barometer  D. windvane
28. An area that has been set aside by the government mainly for wildlife is called
   A. a forest  B. animal orphanage
   C. habitat  D. game park
29. Which of the following is not a type of poultry
   A. ducks  B. turkey
   C. geese  D. pig
30. Soil erosion is caused by
   A. water and wind
   B. planting trees
   C. planting crops
   D. leaving the land uncultivated
31. People who walk on roads are known as
   A. motorists  B. pedestrian
   C. cyclists  D. drivers
32. Which of the following is not a hardwood
   A. pine  B. mahogany
   C. camphor  D. mvule
33. Which of the following is a nilote
   A. Luo  B. Agikuyu
   C. Akamba  D. Abagusii
34. A wet marshy area is called
   A. lake  B. valley
   C. swamp  D. ocean
35. _____ is a place where a river ends.
   A. mouth  B. source
   C. confluence  D. delta
36. Which of the following trees is found in the Savannah
A. Acacia B. Papyrus
C. Reeds D. Camphor

37. ____ is moving air.
A. Rain B. Wind
C. Cloud D. Sunshine

38. Areas with few people are said to be ____ populated.
A. sparsely B. densely
C. thinly D. scarcely

39. Kenya is divided into ____ counties.
A. ten B. five
C. Forty seven D. Twelve

40. The official country of people is known as
A. counting B. census
C. nomination D. election

41. The four main points of a compass are referred to as
A. main point B. major points
C. cardinal points D. compass points

42. The Bantu came from
A. Congo B. Sudan
C. Uganda D. Ethiopia

43. People who belong to a country are called
A. patriots B. citizens
C. countrymen D. voters

44. Red light in traffic light tells drivers to
A. stop B. proceed
C. get ready D. go

45. Who was the first president of Kenya
A. Mwai Kibaki B. Daniel Moi
C. Jomo Kenyatta D. Uhuru Kenya

46. Rivers mainly start from
A. oceans B. lakes
C. Highlands D. swamps

47. Papyrus and reeds are found in
A. swamps B. coast
C. river beds D. highlands

48. Criminals are mainly arrested
A. teachers B. police
C. MPs D. Pastors

49. ____ is planting and caring of trees.
A. Moral values B. Forestry
C. Afforestation D. Agroforestry

50. ____ is people's way of life.
A. moral values B. culture
C. custom D. ceremony

51. What was the name given to god among the Maasai
A. Asig B. Enkai
C. Engoro D. Nyasaye

52. Which of the following is a cash crop
A. coffee B. beans
C. maize D. sorghum

53. Who was the first vice president in Kenya
A. Mwai Kibaki B. Kalonzo Musyoka
C. Oginga Odinga D. Daniel Moi

54. Manyatta are houses for the
A. Nandi B. Kikuyu
C. Mijikenda D. Maasai

55. The direction marked X is known as

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A. S.E. B. S.W.
C. N.E. D. N.W

56. Foresees that grow on their own are called ____ forests.
A. natural B. manmade
C. Planted D. Cultivated

57. Things that we use to generate wealth are called
A. resources B. physical features
C. economic activities D. forests

58. ____ is growing of flowers.
A. floricultures B. horticulture
C. flower growing D. Agriculture

59. In our country, general elections are held after every
A. ten years B. two years
C. four years D. five years

60. The president of Kenya is elected by
A. voters B. MPs
C. Governors D. Senators
PART II: RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

SECTION A:
CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. Who created the universe
   A. God  B. Jesus
   C. Abraham  D. Adam

62. Who was the first woman to be created
   A. Eve  B. Hannah
   C. Sarah  D. Dorcas

63. Who denied Jesus three times
   A. Judas  B. Peter
   C. Satan  D. John

64. ____ was the father of John the baptism
   A. Zacharia  B. Eli
   C. Elikanah  D. David

65. ____ was the most beloved disciple of Jesus.
   A. Peter  B. James
   C. Philip  D. John

66. Who among the following water to kill baby Jesus
   A. Pilate  B. Devil
   C. Herod  D. Ahab

67. Who announced the birth of Jesus
   A. Jeremiah  B. Angel Gabriel
   C. Micah  D. Isaiah

68. Jesus was born in the town of
   A. Bethlehem  B. Jerusalem
   C. Galilee  D. Bethany

69. Jesus was called the prince of peace by
   A. Isaiah  B. Jeremiah
   C. Joel  D. Micah

70. Who was the father of Samuel
   A. Abraham  B. Elikanah
   C. Jacob  D. Master

71. ____ tempted Jesus four times.
   A. Devil  B. Judas
   C. Pilate  D. Herod

72. Who built the ark
   A. David  B. Solomon
   C. Noah  D. Saul

73. Martha and Naomi were sisters to
   A. Lazarus  B. Zachaeus
   C. Peter  D. James

74. Who among the following promised to dedicate her son to God
   A. many  B. Hannah
   C. Elizabeth  D. Naomi

75. Jesus was baptised in River
   A. Nile  B. Jordan
   C. Tana  D. Omo

76. Jesus had ____ disciples
   A. 10  B. 11
   C. 12  D. 8

77. Who betrayed Jesus
   A. Peter  B. James
   C. Pilate  D. Judas

78. What did Jesus require from the people he healed
   A. Money  B. love
   C. faith  D. joy

79. Jesus was brought up in
   A. Nazareth  B. Bethany
   C. Judea  D. Samaria

80. Who was the father of faith
   A. Abraham  B. Jesus
   C. Moses  D. Peter

81. ____ was given the ten commandments.
   A. Aaron  B. Joshua
   C. Abraham  D. Moses

82. Ananaias and Saphira died because they cheated
   A. Disciples  B. Holy spirit
   C. John  D. Worshipers

83. Emmanuel means
   A. God with us  B. God with Jesus
   C. Jesus with us  D. The anointed one

84. Who was the first king of Israel
   A. Solomon  B. David
   C. Saul  D. Ahab

85. King Solomon asked God for
   A. Wealth  B. wisdom
   C. faith  D. love

88. We should obey
   A. Idols  B. Nobody
   C. God  D. Money
   D. Philo - swept hte church compound

89. The first book of the New testament
   A. Matthew  B. John
   C. James  D. Mark

90. Jesus performed His first miracle at
   A. Jerusalem  B. Cana
   C. Bethany  D. Bethlehem
Complete the passage using the correct words from the ones given below.

When our English teacher came to class on a morning, she was excited. She had good news. That is what we all thought. She began to write on the blackboard after greeting us. We were all anxious for something from her. However, for a while, she didn't speak any word. Then all of a sudden, she turned on our side and said, “All of you ought to know how to express yourselves in a good language.”

She called everyone of us at the front of the class and ordered us to express ourselves in a correct language. Everyone was expected to say five correct sentences at himself or herself. Of us who could not do that were ashamed. However, the teacher encouraged us to write more during our free time.

1. A. that  B. this  C. these  D. the
2. A. look  B. looks  C. looking  D. looked
3. A. When  B. Perhaps  C. That  D. May
4. A. writing  B. written  C. writing  D. write
5. A. you  B. them  C. us  D. our
6. A. were  B. was  C. had  D. are
7. A. him  B. her  C. them  D. she
8. A. don’t  B. doesn’t  C. did  D. didn’t
9. A. two  B. too  C. to  D. at
10. A. how  B. what  C. which  D. that
11. A. at  B. in  C. off  D. of
12. A. over  B. from  C. about  D. out
13. A. These  B. Those  C. Them  D. They
14. A. felt  B. feel  C. feels  D. feeling
15. A. reads  B. talk  C. read  D. reading

For questions 16-18, choose the opposite of the underlined word.

16. The house had a rough wall.
   A. coarse  B. smooth  C. fine  D. bad

17. He is a bright pupil at class.
   A. dark  B. stupid  C. slow  D. clever

18. The wealthy man owns a fleet of cars.
   A. poor  B. famous  C. rich  D. generous
For questions 19-21, choose the best word to complete the sentences

19. This is the woman ______ visited us recently.
   A. whom B. who
   C. whose D. what

20. The woman leaned ______ the wall.
   A. under B. above
   C. across D. against

21. They ________ a good picture.
   A. drew B. draws
   C. draw D. drawing

For questions 22-24, choose the past tense of the given word

22. Sing
   A. sung B. sanged
   C. sang D. singed

23. Cut
   A. cutted B. cuts
   C. cutting D. cut

24. Blow
   A. Blown B. Blew
   C. Blows D. Blowed

For questions 25-27, choose the opposite of the underlined word

25. He is a coward man.
   A. heroin B. fearful
   C. brave D. famous

26. He loves singing in a choir.
   A. hates B. denies
   C. enjoys D. refuses

27. Their past life was full of challenges.
   A. today B. previous
   C. gone D. future

Fill in the blank spaces with the correct word

28. The boy went to the ______ to have his hair shaved.
   A. mechanic B. plumber
   C. barber D. saloonist

29. Her mother bought fruits and vegetables from the
   A. green grocer
   B. cobbler
   C. shopkeeper
   D. tailor

30. I liked travelling to town ______ bus.
   A. on B. by
   C. in D. at

Read the following passage carefully and answer questions 31-40

There once lived a hyena in the forest of Mt. Lindi. He was arrogant and selfish. Because of his disrespect for the elders, he was chased away from his clan. As a result, he started roaming the vast forests alone. Then during the dry season, there was a terrible drought. All the rivers dried up and most animals moved to far lands in search of food. The hyena remained in the forest but as days went by, he grew weak due to hunger. With time, the hyena could hardly walk. He crawled under the shade of a tree and lay there waiting to die.

Vultures started circling in the air waiting to feed on his carcass. However, the hyena prayed that he survives the drought. Just after he had finished praying, he saw a calf that had been tied in the forest. He mustered his last reserves of energy and crawled to where the calf was. He decided to eat the rope which had tied the calf first, then feast on the cow later. Just after he had cut the rope with his teeth, the calf ran for its dear life. The hyena stood amazed at what had happened. He had made a silly mistake. Two hours later the hyena died.
31. The hyena lived in the  
A. river  
B. house  
C. road  
D. forest  

32. The hyena was  
A. selfish and arrogant  
B. arrogant and generous  
C. generous and polite  
D. kind and polite  

33. Why was the hyena chased away from his clan?  
A. He was lazy  
B. He lived in the forest  
C. He disrespected the elders  
D. He had many children  

34. What made the animals move to far lands?  
A. To search for food  
B. To leave the hyena  
C. To look after their elders  
D. To escape floods  

35. The hyena grew weak because  
A. he walked for long distances  
B. he lived alone  
C. he ate carcasses  
D. he lacked food to eat  

36. Vultures were moving about in the air because  
A. they enjoyed flying  
B. they wanted to feast on the hyena  
C. the hyena was very hungry  
D. they wanted to die  

37. What did the animal see in the forest after praying?  
A. A calf  
B. A kid  
C. A lamb  
D. A puppy  

38. How did the hyena move to the place where the calf was?  
A. He ran  
B. He flew  
C. He crawled  
D. He jumped  

39. From the passage it is not true to say that  
A. the hyena finally died  
B. the hyena was clever in his actions  
C. the hyena did not eat the calf  
D. The calf manage to escape  

40. The best title for this passage would be:  
A. The foolish calf  
B. The hyena's feast  
C. The foolish hyena  
D. The curious calf
Read the passage below very carefully and then answer questions 41-50

The antlion is a small animal that lives in the soil. It is called so because it feeds on other ants. After feeding, it spins a cocoon where it lives. It emerges later as an adult that resembles a dragonfly. An antlion is also called a doodlebug because of the marks that look like doodles it leaves on the sand while looking for a suitable spot to make a trap.

Antlions like to set their traps in places where the soil particles are loose and dry. They dig a circular pit and hide at the bottom of it. When a prey falls into the pit, they grab it with their jaws and suck the body fluid before throwing the carcass out of the pit.

41. The antlions live in the
   A. water
   B. air
   C. trees
   D. soil

42. The antlion is called so because
   A. it resembles a lion
   B. it feeds on other ants
   C. it lives in soil
   D. it spins a cocoon

43. After feeding, the antlion lives in a
   A. tunnel
   B. nest
   C. web
   D. cocoon

44. According to the passage, an antlion is also called a
   A. doodlebug
   B. dragonfly
   C. butterfly
   D. bedbug

45. The word ‘emerges’ as used in the passage means
   A. comes in
   B. throws away
   C. comes out
   D. grows big

46. Antlions set their traps in places where the soil is
   A. cool and wet
   B. loose and dry
   C. dry and hot
   D. hot and loose

47. The antlions hide at the
   A. top of the pit
   B. side of the pit
   C. bottom of the pit
   D. centre of the pit

48. What do antlions do to the prey that falls into the pit?
   A. They suck the body fluid
   B. They chase it away
   C. They eat a whole of it
   D. They keep it off with the jaws

49. The word ‘carcass’ as used in the passage could mean
   A. a dead antlion
   B. a dead body
   C. a trap
   D. an antlion’s prey

50. The best title for this passage would be:
   A. How the antlion feeds
   B. Dangers of the antlion
   C. Where the antlion lives
   D. The antlion
Kamiliwa kifungu kifuatacho kwa kuchagua kiteuzi kifaacho

Siku moja, sungura mjanja aliamka 1 na mapema. Alitaka kuenda

2 kuwindia wanyamapori. Aliutafta mshale 3 lakini hakuupata. Alijua kuwa

rafiki yake fisi huenda ndiye aliyeuchukua mshale 4. Fisi mwenyewe hakuwa

ameonekana kiamboni 5 kwa juma moja. Hivyoo basi, 6 hangeweza kuenda kuwindi.

Atiamua kumsubiri fisi 7 siku atakaporudi.

Baada 8 siku tatu, fisi alirudi huku akiwa amebwa wino 9 sana. Alikuwa

amewaleta wanawe chakula. Hata hivyoo, hakutaka wana wa sungura wale chakula 10.

Kwa sababu ya uchovu 11, fisi alihihi usingizi 12 aakaamua alale. 13 sungura,

kwa kuutumia ujanja wake, alibeba wino 14 na kuipielekewa wanawe. Fisi alipoamka

15 na hasira za mkizi.

1. A. alasiri  B. jioni  C. asubuhi  D. usiku
2. A. porini  B. mtoni  C. nyumbani  D. sokoni
3. A. yake   B. wake   C. zake    D. lake
4. A. yule   B. ile    C. kila     D. ule
5. A. mwaao  B. lako   C. chako   D. lao
6. A. fisii  B. simba  C. mbwa   D. sungura
7. A. hata   B. lakini C. hadi     D. kama
8. A. za    B. la     C. kwa     D. ya
9. A. mkubwa B. kubwa C. kikubwa D. pakubwa
10. A. hio    B. hiyo  C. hicho  D. hilo
11. A. mwingi B. nyingi C. mingi  D. jingi
12. A. pia    B. na    C. kamwe  D. lakini
13. A. Mwenzaeke B. Mwenzako C. Mwenzae D. Mwezayo
14. A. yule.  B. kile   C. yale   D. lile
15. A. alijiaa B. alijalia C. alijawa D. alijaliwa
Kwa maswali 16-30, chagua jibu kulingana na maagizo

16. Tegua kitendawili:Nanywa supu, nyama natema ______
   A. mkate
   B. muwa
   C. mate
   D. chungwa

17. Kanusha sentensi :
   Alipisa chakula kitamu.
   A. Hapiki chakula kitamu.
   B. Hatapika chakula kitamu.
   C. Hajapika chakula kitamu.
   D. Hakupika chakula kitamu.

18. Juma alimwamkua babaye, "Hujambo baba?" Je, haba angejibu kwa kusema
   A. Sijambo mwanangu
   B. Njema mwanangu.
   C. Mzuri mwanangu.
   D. Ni mzima kabisa.

19. Andika wingi wa: Moto wake ametumwa.
   A. Moto wao ametumwa.
   B. Watoto wao wametumwa.
   C. Watoto wake wametumwa.
   D. Watoto wenu wametumwa

20. Chagua kiwakilishi cha nafsi katika sentensi hii:
    Yeye ni mwanafunzi mtiifu sana.
    A. mtiifu
    B. mwanafunzi
    C. yeye
    D. sana

21. Kitendo cha shambani cha kufukia mbegu ardhini huituwa
    A. kunyunyizia
    B. kupalila
    C. kuvuna
    D. kupanda

22. Jaza pengo kwa kiulizi mwafaka.
    Watoto hawa ni wa ______?
    A. gani B. nani
    C. ipi  C. upi

23. Chagua kimilikishi katika sentensi hii;
    Vitambuliwano vyetu sisi ni halisi.
    A. halisi    B. sisi
    C. vyetu     D. vitambuliwano

24. Ni neno lipi ambalo halifai katika orodha?
    A. Kipanga     B. Kichocho
    C. Kifaduro   D. Kifa

25. Geuza sentensi hii iwe katika wakati ujao;
    Mama alitupikia chakula.
    A. Mama ametupikia chakula.
    B. Mama atatupikia chakula.
    C. Mama hatupikia chakula.
    D. Mama anatupikia chakula.

26. Ni neno lipi ambalo halipatikani katika ngeli moja na yale mengine?
    A. Kiwete        B. Ng’ombe
    C. Mvulana      D. Daftari

27. Ishara hii ya barabarani inamaanisha alama ya

28. Chagua kielezi katika sentensi hii
    Mjakazi alifanya kazi yake haraka.
    A. yake         B. mjakazi
    C. haraka       D. alifanya

29. Unganisha sentensi hii kwa usahihi.
    Rita alisoma kwa bidii. Rita hakupita mtihani.
    A. Rita alisoma kwa bidii na hakupita mtihani.
    B. Rita alisoma kwa bidii hata hakupita mtihani
    C. Rita alisoma kwa bidii mpaka hakupita mtihani.
    D. Rita alisoma kwa bidii lakini hakupita mtihani.

30. Jaza pengo kwa kihuishi sahihi.
    Maziwa yaliwe kwa _____chupa kubwa yakajaa.
    A. katikati ya    B. ndani ya
    C. kando ya      D. mbele ya

SIGNAL/KISW/STD.4
Soma taarifa ifuatayo kisha ujibu maswali 31-40


31. Nyanyaye Rehema hufanya kazi ya
   A. kilimo
   B. biashara
   C. ufugaji
   D. uvuvi

32. Neno ‘staftahi’ katika taarifa linamaanisha
   A. chakula kitamu
   B. chakula cha jioni
   C. chakula cha asubahi
   D. chakula kingi

33. Shamba la nyanyaye Rehema ni
   A. kubwa
   B. none
   C. refu
   D. dogo

34. Bi Sara hupanda vyakula hivi vyote ila
   A. shayiri
   B. kabeji
   C. mihogo
   D. maharagwe

35. Maneno ‘mchana kutwa’ yanamaanisha
   A. usiku wote
   B. mchana wote
   C. wakati mdogo
   D. wakati mwingi

36. Bi Sara hubeba nini anapoenda shambani?
   A. Jembe na panga.
   B. Panga na kifyekeo.
   C. Reki na jembe.
   D. Mshale na jembe.

37. Shamba la Bi Sara liko
   A. mbali na nyumba yake.
   B. karibu na mto.
   C. karibu na nyumba yake.
   D. karibu na barabara

38. Ni kweli kusema nyanyaye Rehema ni mtu mwenye
   A. hasira
   B. bidii
   C. wivu
   D. majivuno

39. Bi Sara hukidhi mahitaji yake kwa
   A. kuuka sokoni
   B. kuamka asubahi
   C. kuusa matunda
   D. kuusa mifugo

40. Rehema hupanda kumtembelela nyanyaye lini?
   A. Wakati wa shule
   B. Katikati ya wiki
   C. Kila mwiwo wa mwezi
   D. Wakati wa likizo
Soma ufahamu kisha ujibu maswali 41-50


41. Tunaweza kuepukana na magonjwa kwa
   A. kudumisha mazingira safi
   B. kuyapuuza mazingira yetu
   C. kudumisha mazingira machafu
   D. kuenda hospitalini kila mara

42. Magonjwa mengi husababishwa na
   A. usafi
   B. maradhi
   C. uchafuli
   D. maji

43. Kila binadamu ana haki ya kuishi katika mazingira
   A. machafu
   B. dunia
   C. mbaya
   D. safi

44. Ni ugonjwa upi umetajwa kusababishwa na uchafuli katika taarifa?
   A. Ugonjwa wa kipindupindu
   B. Ugonjwa wa ukimwi
   C. Ugonjwa wa homa
   D. Ugonjwa a kifafa

45. Ni ipi si njia ya kuzuia ugonjwa wa kipindupindu?
   A. Kuosha matunda kabla ya kuyala
   B. Kutumia vyoo kabla ya kula
   C. Kunawa mikona kabla ya kula
   D. Kunawa mikono baada ya kutoka haja

46. Mwandishi amesema kuwa malaria
   husababishwa na
   A. mbung'o
   B. viroboto
   C. nzi
   D. mbu

47. Mbu huzaana kwenye maji ambayo
   A. yanaenda
   B. yametuama
   C. ni safi
   D. Ni mengi

48. Mbu huwaathiri binadamu kwa
   A. kuuma nyama
   B. kusababisha kuhara
   C. kufyonza damu
   D. kumkoshesha usingizi

49. Ni magonjwa mangapi ambayo yametajwa kwa jina katika taarifa?
   A. Matatu
   B. Mawili
   C. Manne
   D. Matano

50. Mwandishi anatushauri kuwa
   A. tujikinge dhidi ya maradhi
   B. tuyatibu magonjwa yanapotupata
   C. tuende hospitalini kutibiwa
   D. tuyadunishe mazingira
1. Write the following in words 58410
   A. Fifty eight hundred and four hundred and ten
   B. Five thousand eighty four hundred
   C. Fifty eight thousand four hundred and ten
   D. Five hundred and eighty four thousand and ten

2. What is the place value of digit 6 in 7692?
   A. Hundreds  B. Tens
   C. thousands  D. Ones

3. What is the total value of digit 9 in 159364?
   A. 90000  B. 900
   C. 90  D. 9000

4. Work out:
   9416
   \[ \underline{-2086} \]
   A. 8330  B. 11502
   C. 7330  D. 6330

5. Which of the following is divisible by both 5 and 2?
   A. 18
   B. 30
   C. 25
   D. 12

6. How many weeks are there in 126 days?
   A. 7  B. 18
   C. 11  D. 12

7. Work out 23.07 + 19.01 + 72.3
   A. 42.08  B. 104.08
   C. 4.208  D. 114.38

8. Which of the shaded fractions represent half?
   A. \[
   \begin{array}{c}
   \hline
   \hline
   \hline
   \end{array}
   \]
   B. \[
   \begin{array}{c}
   \hline
   \hline
   \hline
   \end{array}
   \]
   C. \[
   \begin{array}{c}
   \hline
   \hline
   \hline
   \end{array}
   \]
   D. \[
   \begin{array}{c}
   \hline
   \hline
   \hline
   \end{array}
   \]

9. Work out 8631 - 2142 =
   A. 6589  B. 6489
   C. 6588  D. 5588

10. Work out: \[ \frac{1}{3} \text{ of } 18 = \]
    A. 5  B. 8
    C. 6  D. 4

11. Rongo primary school has 729 girls and 413 boys. How many pupils are there in total?
    A. 316  B. 1142
    C. 216  D. 2142

12. Complete the factor tree below
    \[
    \begin{array}{c}
    \hline
    64
    \text{[x]} 32
    \hline
    \hline
    2 \quad 16
    \end{array}
    \]
    A. \(x=2, y=4\)
    B. \(x=32, y=2\)
    C. \(x=2, y=16\)
    D. \(x=4, y=4\)

13. Juma walked a distance of 280 metres to his neighbours home and later another distance of 360 metres to the church. How many meters did he walk altogether?
A. 540 metres  B. 440 metres 
C. 604 metres  D. 640 metres

14. How many days are there in 5 weeks?
A. 35  B. 28  
C. 7  D. 42

A. sh.19  B. sh.84  
C. sh.72  D. sh. 98

16. What is the next number in the pattern?
3, 6, 9, 12, __
A. 17  B. 13  
C. 15  D. 18

17. Add: \( \frac{4}{7} + \frac{1}{7} = \)
A. \( \frac{7}{7} \)  B. \( \frac{6}{7} \)  
C. \( \frac{5}{14} \)  D. \( \frac{5}{7} \)

18. What is the time shown on the clock face?

A. 7 O’clock  B. 12 O’clock  
C. 6.30 O’clock  D. 6 O’clock

19. How many days altogether are there in the months of January, March and July?
A. 30  B. 92  
C. 62  D. 93

20. Which fraction is greater \( \frac{1}{4} \) or \( \frac{1}{8} \)?
A. equal  B. \( \frac{1}{8} \)  
C. \( \frac{1}{4} \)  D. None

21. A pupil had 83 bottle tops 7 of the bottle tops got lost and he added 10 more bottle tops on the remaining bottle tops. How may bottle tops did he have altogether?
A. 76  B. 86  
C. 93  D. 90

22. How many triangles are there in the figure below?

A. 6  B. 9  
C. 5  D. 11

23. Multiply 354 by 13
A. 3602  B. 4602  
C. 4492  D. 3492

24. What is the number before 6699
A. 6700  B. 7000  
C. 6690  D. 6698

25. Which of the following shows equivalent fractions?
A. \( \frac{1}{2} \) or \( \frac{2}{4} \)  B. \( \frac{3}{4} \) or \( \frac{4}{6} \)  
C. \( \frac{5}{8} \) or \( \frac{1}{4} \)  D. \( \frac{1}{4} \) or \( \frac{3}{8} \)

26. Work out: 98 ÷ 14
A. 6  B. 12  
C. 8  D. 7

27. Find the distance all round

A. 60 cm  B. 30 cm  
C. 40 cm  D. 80 cm
28. Solve: 
   83641 
   -54798 
   ________ 
   A. 18843  
   B. 28743  
   C. 28843  
   D. 27734  

29. Which one of the following numbers is not a factor of 84?  
   A. 7  
   B. 6  
   C. 12  
   D. 8  

30. Work out: $\sqrt{96}$  
   A. 12  
   B. 8  
   C. 9  
   D. 14  

31. What is $40 \times 15$?  
   A. 502  
   B. 520  
   C. 205  
   D. 250  

32. Which of the following sets of numbers comprises of odd numbers only?  
   A. 6, 14, 15, 18, 20  
   B. 8, 12, 16, 18, 22  
   C. 3, 7, 13, 17, 19  
   D. 9, 11, 13, 15, 18  

33. A shopkeeper bought 7 crates of eggs. How many eggs did he buy if a crate has 30 eggs?  
   A. 37  
   B. 310  
   C. 180  
   D. 210  

34. Subtract: $\frac{6}{9} - \frac{4}{9}$  
   A. $\frac{2}{9}$  
   B. $\frac{5}{9}$  
   C. $\frac{2}{9}$  
   D. 2  

35. Which of the following are factors of 24?  
   A. 12 and 7  
   B. 4 and 6  
   C. 9 and 3  
   D. 2 and 8  

36. How many twenty shillings coins are there in one thousand note?  
   A. 20  
   B. 50  
   C. 100  
   D. 500  

37. When we write a fraction of one number under another, the number under is called  
   A. numerator  
   B. even  
   C. denominator  
   D. odd  

38. Which one of the following is an oval shape?  
   A.  
   B.  
   C.  
   D.  

39. How many $\frac{1}{2}$ litres jar can fill 20 litres.  
   A. 40  
   B. 20  
   C. 10  
   D. 30  

40. Arrange these numbers from the largest to the smallest  
   403, 304, 340, 430, 34  
   A. 34, 304, 340, 430  
   B. 430, 340, 403, 304, 34  
   C. 430, 403, 340, 304, 34  
   D. 34, 340, 304, 403, 430  

41. Work out: 
   $37.01 - 0.02 + 100.05$  
   A. 36.99  
   B. 137.08  
   C. 137.14  
   D. 137.04
42. What fraction is unshaded?

A. $\frac{7}{16}$  
B. $\frac{9}{16}$  
C. $\frac{7}{8}$  
D. $\frac{8}{16}$

43. The figure below shows a school field which is to be fenced all round. What is the length of the wire required?

\[ \begin{align*} 
&\text{275m} \\
&\text{100m} \\
&\text{350m} \\
\end{align*} \]

A. 1450m  
B. 625m  
C. 725m  
D. 525m

44. A farmer has three goats weighing 54kg, 68kg and 72kg. What is their total weight?

A. 122kg  
B. 204kg  
C. 140kg  
D. 194kg

45. Katana bought a packet of milk, sugar, 2 pencils and a bottle of soda. How much did he pay?

A. sh. 197  
B. sh209  
C. sh. 179  
D. sh.290

46. If Katana gave the shopkeeper shs. 500. How much balance did he receive?

A. sh.291  
B. sh. 303  
C. sh.321  
D. sh.210

47. Which of the following boxes below is odd?

A.  
B.  
C.  
D.  

48. What is the next multiple of 6 after 66?

A. 72  
B. 60  
C. 54  
D. 78

49. Work out

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weeks</th>
<th>Days</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-4</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A. 4wks  6 days  
B. 5wks  6 days  
C. 5wks 0 days  
D. 4wks  3 days

50. Find the next shape in the pattern below?

A.  
B.  
C.  
D.  

4
1. The following are requirements for a good health except
   A. food  
   B. medical care  
   C. injury  
   D. rest

2. The tooth shown below is known as
   
   ![Tooth Image]
   A. premolar  
   B. molar  
   C. canine  
   D. incisor

3. What is the meaning of I in the initials HIV?
   A. Immune  
   B. Immunity  
   C. Infections  
   D. Immunodeficiency

4. The following foods are good for exercising our teeth. Which one is not?
   A. Sugarcane  
   B. Carrot  
   C. Biscuits  
   D. Cassava

5. Which of the following crops is not classified as a cereal?
   A. Peas  
   B. Maize  
   C. Millet  
   D. Sorghum

6. The following are ways of caring for animals at home except
   A. feeding them  
   B. beating them  
   C. housing  
   D. watering

7. Which one of the following is not a way of movement in small animals?
   A. crawling  
   B. swimming  
   C. hopping  
   D. biting

8. Which of the following is not a source of light?
   A. Candle  
   B. Sun  
   C. Torch  
   D. Cloud

9. Which of the following is not a problem related to teeth?
   A. Cavity  
   B. Bad smell  
   C. Bleeding gum  
   D. Dentures

10. In a dirty mouth, germs act on food particles to produce a harmful substance called
    A. plague  
    B. acid  
    C. gum  
    D. dental floss

11. A bird flies while a snake
    A. swims  
    B. walks  
    C. crawls  
    D. slithers

Use the diagram below to answer questions 12

![Diagram of a tooth]

Sticky thread

12. The diagram above shows a
    A. tooth pick  
    B. dental floss  
    C. tooth paste  
    D. denture
13. Which of the following sounds is produced by an ambulance vehicle?
   A. Scream  B. Hoot
   C. Siren  D. Ring

14. Which of the following weeds can be used as a vegetable?
   A. Oxalis  B. Blackjack
   C. Datura  D. Pigweed

15. Which among these is a food crop?
   A. beverage crops  B. oil crops
   C. cereals  D. coffee

16. The following are classified as tubers except
   A. yams  B. legumes
   C. potatoes  D. cassava

17. The following products can be obtained from sisal crop except
   A. clothes  B. oil
   C. mat  D. ropes

18. The following is a simple classification of animals:

   Animals
  野动物  家畜
   Lion  Camel  Snake  Cow  Hen  Giraffe

   Which of the above animals are wrongly classified?
   A. Snake and giraffe  B. Camel and giraffe
   C. Lion and cow  D. Snake and hen

19. It is true to say that the sun sets in the
   A. East  B. West
   C. North  D. South

20. The tool shown below is used for

   A. digging  B. removing nails
   C. cutting papers  D. cutting wood

21. The following can be observed in the sky at night except
   A. sun  B. moon
   C. clouds  D. stars

22. A dirt layer formed on the teeth by food remains is known as
   A. floss  B. denture
   C. plague  D. cavity

23. When light a shiny surface it is
   A. bend  B. reflected
   C. lost  D. shadowed

24. Why should we boil water before drinking?
   A. To remove dirt  B. To kill germs
   C. To add taste  D. to remove colour

25. Which among the following animals protect itself by changing colour?
   A. Chameleon  B. Rabbit
   C. Fish  D. Frog

26. Which of the following crops is not a beverage crop?
   A. Coffee  B. Cocoa
   C. Tea  D. Barley

27. We get most of the heat from
   A. fire  B. stars
   C. sun  D. moon
28. Which of the following is the best soil for modelling?
   A. Clay
   B. Loam
   C. Sand
   D. Gravel

29. A guitar is used to produce sweet musical sound. It is played by
   A. hitting
   B. striking
   C. drumming
   D. plucking

30. How does the animal below protect itself when disturbed? By

   ![Animal](image)

   A. stinging
   B. coiling
   C. biting
   D. flying

31. The plant shown below best grows in

   ![Plant](image)

   A. river
   B. mountains
   C. dry places
   D. swamps

32. Which among the following shapes can make the best wheel

   ![Shapes](image)

   A.  
   B.  
   C.  
   D.  

33. The experiment below shows that

   ![Experiment](image)

   A. soil has bubbles
   B. soil has air
   C. soil has water
   D. air has water

34. At what time of the day is the shadow the shortest?
   A. Noon
   B. Morning
   C. Evening
   D. Midnight

35. The best method of controlling weeds in a nursery bed is
   A. slashing
   B. digging
   C. spraying
   D. burning

36. The sense organ for sight is

   A. tongue
   B. nose
   C. eye
   D. skin

37. The doctor who deals with eyes is known as
   A. dentist
   B. spectacles
   C. optician
   D. therapist

**Use the diagram below to answer questions 38 - 39**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DAY</th>
<th>MORNING</th>
<th>AFTERNOON</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MON</td>
<td>![Image]</td>
<td>![Image]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TUE</td>
<td>![Image]</td>
<td>![Image]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WED</td>
<td>![Image]</td>
<td>![Image]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THUR</td>
<td>![Image]</td>
<td>![Image]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FRI</td>
<td>![Image]</td>
<td>![Image]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SIGNAL/SCIE/STD.4
38. Which day was sunny and calm in the afternoon?
   A. Friday
   B. Thursday
   C. Monday
   D. Tuesday

39. Which was the best day for washing clothes?
   A. Thursday
   B. Friday
   C. Tuesday
   D. Monday

40. The following foods can be eaten raw except
   A. cassava
   B. carrot
   C. sugarcane
   D. kales

41. Which of the following diseases has no cure?
   A. Malaria
   B. AIDS
   C. Measles
   D. Tuberculosis

42. Which one of the following domestic animals will give us milk and mutton?
   A. cow
   B. goat
   C. sheep
   D. camel

43. Which one of these is needed to form shadows?
   A. Light
   B. Darkness
   C. Houses
   D. Trees

44. The units used for measuring the hotness or coldness of a place or body are
   A. metres
   B. litres
   C. centimetres
   D. degrees celcius

45. A weed that is also useful to people is
   A. sodom apple
   B. oxalis
   C. pigweed
   D. wandering jew

46. A lot of heavy rainfall causes
   A. rivers
   B. floods
   C. drought
   D. weather

47. Which one of the following is not a good behaviour when having meals?
   A. Talking with the food in the mouth
   B. Eating reasonable quantities of food at time
   C. Chewing food properly before swallowing
   D. Chewing food with mouth closed

48. The body of a snake is covered with
   A. feathers
   B. fur
   C. dry skin
   D. scales

49. Filtered water is ________ for drinking.
   A. clean
   B. safe
   C. sweet
   D. healthy

50. The dirt produced by the ears is known as
   A. mucus
   B. soil
   C. wax
   D. sweat
**KISWAHILI INSHA**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JINA</th>
<th>SHULE</th>
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Umepewa dakika 40 kuandika insha yako. Andika insha ya kusimua kuhusu:

**NDOTO YA AJABU**

---

*Signal Exams @Signalexams*
COMPOSITION

You have 40 minutes to write your composition. Write an interesting composition on:

MARKET DAY
## SIGNAL EXAMS 2016
### STANDARD FOUR MARKING SCHEME

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ENGLISH</th>
<th>KISWAHILI</th>
<th>MATHS</th>
<th>SCIENCE</th>
<th>SOCIAL STUDIES</th>
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<td>10. C</td>
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<td>10. A</td>
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<td>34. C</td>
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**NB:** Teachers are requested to scrutinize this marking scheme before use, it is worth.