Jaza kifungu hiki kwa kuchagua jibu sahihi zaidi.

Jua ____ 1 ____ na kupenyezza ____ 2 ____ yake baina ya miti ____ 3 ____ ya matunda iliyoismama ____ 4 ____ haiba katika ____ 5 ____ ya mzee Tambo, baada ya usiku ____ 6 ____ wa gharika. Ndege ____ 7 ____ wakiimba ____ 8 ____ furaha. Vyura hali kadhalika ____ 9 ____ na maji yaliyojaza mito na visima yakaunga mkono ____ 10 ____ uliokuwa ukiumbwa na viumbe ____ 11 ____ . Ama kweli sasa ilionyesha ____ 12 ____ kwamba mvua ambayo iliwataia wakulima jakamoyo imesasili.

1. A. ilichomoza  B. ulichomoza  C. lilichomozwa  D. kilichomoza
2. A. mwanga     B. mionzi    C. mwangaza     D. ukali
3. A. marefu     B. ndefu      C. refu        D. mirefu
4. A. ya        B. kwa        C. na          D. kwenye
5. A. nyumbani  B. makaasi    C. makazi      D. mahali
6. A. kucha     B. kutwa      C. yote        D. kubwa
7. A. zilisikika B. ilisikika  C. yalisikika  D. walisikika
8. A. na        B. kwa        C. wa          D. kwenye
9. A. viillia   B. yallilia   C. walilia     D. zililia
10. A. wimbo    B. kelele    C. kamsa      D. nyimbo
11. A. hivi     B. hizi       C. hawa       D. hivo
12. A. wasi     B. wazi       C. washi      D. waasi

Chagua jibu sahihi

13. Msimu wa mvua kidogo ni _____ nao _____ ni
msimu wa baridi nyangi.
A. kipupwe, masika   B. masika kipupwe
C. vuli, kipupwe    D. masika, vuli

14. Upinde, mshale na manati ni ________
A. zana za kilimo

B. ala za muziki
C. vilaa vya seremala
D. zana za vita

15. Hali ya kuwa kike au kiume ni ________
A. jinsia                   B. umbo
C. utu                      D. jinsi

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16. Jengo la nta ambalo nyuki huwekea asali huitwa
   A. seka  B. sega
   C. saga  D. kisali

17. Kupata jiko ni ________
   A. kula  B. kuowa
   C. kupika  D. kuua

18. Mwanamke ________ ndiye aliyemzalisha shangazi.
   A. mkunga  B. mkungu
   C. mkonga  D. mkongwe

19. Mimi sina ________
   A. wajamia wowote  B. jamaa zozote
   C. jamaa yoyote  D. jamaa yeyote

20. Amina amevaa shati ________
   A. leupe  B. nyeupe
   C. jeupe  D. mweupe

21. Umbo hili linaitwa ________
   A. mistari mirefu  B. mistari sambamba
   C. mistari sawa  D. mistari miwili

22. Kipi ni kifaa cha ufundi?
   A. Patasi  B. Ndara
   C. Teo  D. Pafujo

23. Ndugu wa kike wa mamangu ni tamwita je?
   A. Shangazi  B. Ami

C. Mama  D. Hale

24. **Andika kwa wingi:**
   Kijisu kile kimepotea chote.
   A. Majisu yale yamepotea yote
   B. Visu vile vile vimepotea vyote
   C. Vijisu vile vimepotea vyote
   D. Makisu yale yamepotea yote

25. Miezi minane ni _____ ya mwaka mzima?
   A. Sudusi mne  B. Thuluthi mbili
   C. Humusi mne  D. Tumusi mne

26. Kumi na moja elfu na mia moja na kumi:
   A. 11010  B. 11110
   C. 1110  D. 1101110

27. Nini wingi wa ukumbi?
   A. Makumbi  B. Mikumbi
   C. Kumbi  D. Umbi

28. Mwezi wa Disemba wakristo _____ siku ku ya Krismasi.
   A. husheherekea  B. husherehekeca
   C. hushekeya  D. usherhekeca

29. Vitu vya chuma huwingia _____ upesi.
   A. kitu  B. katu
   C. kuntu  D. kutu

30. Ni ipi isiyio sehemu ya jicho?
   A. Kope  B. Nyusi
   C. Mbori  D. Mboni
Soma taarifa hii kisha ujibu maswali vafuatayo

Ulegevu ni adui, kwa maisha ya faraja
Mtu haumnyanyui, toka chini jua kuja
Kisha hautuzindui, kufaraji zetu haja
Ulegevu ni adui, nyumba ya umaskini

Kila aina ya dhiki, indani ya ulegevu
Moyo kukosa ashiki, kutenda kitu kwa nguvu
Hukosekana riziki, nyumba ya watu wavivu
Ulegevu ni adui, nyumba ya umaskini

Hautufai uzembe, waila ni jimboi
Kukaa kutwa tuombe, jambo halituokoi
Jamiani tushike jembe, ulegevu haufai
Ulegevu ni adui, nyumba ya umaskini

31. Shairi hili ni la aina gani?
   A. Tathlitha       B. Tarbia
   C. Takhmisa       D. Ngonjera

32. Shairi hili lina beti ngapi?
   A. Nne             B. Tatu
   C. Nac             D. Kumi na mbili

33. Mshororo wa mwisho katika kila ubeti wa shairi hili huitwa
    A. kibwagizo      B. ngojera
    C. utenzi         D. utao

34. Kiitikio cha shairi hili kina mizani mingapi?
    A. 18             B. 20
    C. 17             D. 16

35. Taja vina vya kati na mwisho katika ubeti wa kwanza
    A. u, ja          B. i, ja
    C. i, kwa         D. i, a

36. Ubeti wa kwanza wa shairi hili una jumla ya mizani mingapi?

37. Bingwa wa kuandika shairi huitwa
    A. sogora         B. mauju
    C. malenga        D. mwinabaji

38. Shairi ambalo ni la kujibiza huitwa
    A. Ghuni          B. Ngonjera
    C. Tathlitha      D. Tarbia

39. Mshairi anatuambia kuwa ulegevu ni chanzo cha
    A. ubepari        B. upweke
    C. uzembe         D. umaskini

40. Mwandishi ametumia reno ashiki ambalo lina maana sawa na
    A. hamu, tamaa
    B. hasira, gadhabu
    C. kushika, pamoja
    D. asiyeshika, anayeshika

Soma ufahamu huu kisha ujibu maswali vafuatayo

Chakula nikipendaicho ni ugali kwa sukumawiki. Nakipenda chakula hiki kwa sababu ninapokila shisha sana tena ni rahisi kupika.

Ugali kwa sukumawiki ni chakula ambacho kinafaa sana mwili. Vile vile hakigharimu pesan jungu. Pili ti moja
ya unga wa mahindi inatsha kwa familia nzima, majani matano ya sukumawiki ni kitoweo cha kutosha mtu mmoja.


Watu wa Momela houingeza nazi katika chakula hiki. Sukumawiki za nazi zina ladha nzari na huvi ni kitoweo cha kuburudisha kwa sababu ya ubora wa ugali na sukumawiki. Watu wengi wanavipenda sana. Ni watu wachache nchini ambo hayali ugali kwa sukumawiki.

41. Ugalil kwa sukumawiki ni chakula kizuri kwa sababu
   A. bei ni rahisi na kinaia mwilini
   B. haparikana kote nchini
   C. kuwala na watu wote
   D. kinanzwa katika mahotel yote

42. Mtu mmoja anatoshwa na
   A. kitoweo cha majani mawili ya sukumawiki
   B. pakiti moja ya unga wa mahindi
   C. majani matano ya sukumawiki kama kitoweo
   D. jani moja la sukumawiki kama kitoweo

43. Ugalil hupikwa kwa
   A. kutia unga ndani ya maji
   B. kuchemsha maji na kuyaongeza unga
   C. kutia unga ndani ya sufulia na kuuka
   D. kukorogaa unga

44. Chungu cha kupikia ugali kikiwa kikubwa mpishi huuchuka
   A. dakika kumi na tano
   B. zaidi ya dakika kumi na tano
   C. dakika ishirini
   D. sau nzima

45. Vifiatavvyo ni viungo muhimu vya kufanya sukumawiki zipendeze
   A. pilipili, vitunguu na nyanya
   B. bizari, nyanya na nyama
   C. karafuu, maharagwe, tangawizi
   D. unga, viasi na mihongo

46. Kubandika chungu jikoni ili kupika chakula ni
   A. kuinjika
   B. kuwekela
   C. kuepua
   D. kutia

47. Kitendo cha kusababisha chakula kipikike ni
   A. kupikishwa
   B. kubanika
   C. kuivisha
   D. kukanza

48. Tunasema: Jana nilikula sukumawiki ___ nyama.
   A. na
   B. kwa
   C. ya
   D. bila

49. Mtu anapoivisha sukuma kwa kutumia mafuta ni
   A. kukaranga
   B. kuchoma
   C. kukaanga
   D. kuunga

50. Kichwa kinachofaa taarifa hii ni
   A. Chakula chetu
   B. Chakula nikipenda cho
   C. Kupika sukumawiki
   D. Kupika ugali
STEGA SUPREME SERIES
STANDARD SIX 2016
ENGLISH

Read the passage below. It contains blank spaces numbered 1-10. For each blank space, choose the

BEST answer from the choices given

My ___1___ Shani Gitara and if anyone had told me that I ___2___ be offered a free trip to the coast, never mind out of the country I would have ___3___ that they were ___4___. Jacky and I were not the type of ___5___ that ___6___ sorts of things happened to. Yes ___7___ when we were ___8___ we used to fantasize ___9___ flying ___10___ to exotic places, but we knew that it was ___11___ just a game.

Then ___12___ extraordinary happened to Jackie. Well, not to Jackie, but to ___13___ mother. She got married to ___14___ incredibly wealthy man. She is a really ___15___ lady.

1. A. names  B. names are  C. name is  D. name
2. A. will  B. can  C. would  D. could
3. A. said  B. told  C. guessed  D. whispered
4. A. right  B. insane  C. good  D. blessed
5. A. peoples  B. peple  C. Poeple  D. people
6. A. this  B. that  C. those  D. these
7. A. .  B. !  C. ,  D. ?
8. A. elder  B. older  C. younger  D. young
9. A. about  B. with  C. along  D. by
10. A. of  B. off  C. in  D. on
11. A. all  B. not  C. no  D. mostly
12. A. something  B. nothing  C. everything  D. anything
14. A. a  B. an  C. some  D. the
15. A. preety  B. pritty  C. pretty  D. prity
For questions 16 -18, choose the part of speech the underlined word belongs to.

16. An old woman was walking slowly.
   A. pronoun  B. noun  C. adverb  D. preposition

17. A bird flew silently to the nest.
   A. verb  B. preposition  C. adverb  D. pronoun

18. The lady was robbed of her purse.
   A. pronoun  B. noun  C. adjective  D. adverb

For questions 19-20 complete the sentences with the correct word

19. Amos said he would neither dance _____ recite the poem.
   A. or  B. nor  C. but  D. and

20. The little girl was _____ tired to walk.
   A. very  B. too  C. also  D. but

For questions 21 and 22 complete with the correct tag

21. You have also bought mother a present, _____?
   A. did you  B. haven’t you  C. hav’ent you  D. didn’t you

22. The cat did not steal the meat, _____?
   A. did it  B. didn’t it  C. could it  D. isn’t it

For questions 23-24, complete correctly

23. Do you know
   A. when are the schools closing?
   B. when was Langat here?
   C. who is the founder of the scouting movement?
   D. the train is arriving when?

24. Can you remember
   A. where the keys are?
   B. where was the map?
   C. when here was Makanyaga?
   D. did it rain yesterday?

For question 25 complete correctly

25. When we got to the train station, we were given a _____ ticket.
   A. two-hundred shillings
   B. two-hundreds shillings
   C. two-hundred-shilling
   D. two-hundreds-shillings

Read the passage below and answer questions 26-38.

In the United States of America, nearly a hundred years ago, bulls were used to pull heavy wagon in the wagon trains, because they could withstand the hardships of the plains better than the horse did. They could go longer without water and needed less food for they could live on the poor praire grasses much better than horses or mules could.

Bull trains usually travelled ten to twelve kilometres a day when loaded but when returning empty wagons, they travelled as many as twenty kilometres a day.

At night, the bulls were allowed to graze after they had been unyoked, but they were always guarded by the men taking turns at the work. Often bulls were made sick when they were bitten on the noses or feet by rattle snakes that struck at them as they grazed.
26. Give a reason why bulls were better than mules or horses?
A. They couldn't go for a long distance without water.
B. They were bigger in size
C. They could go longer without water
D. They could sleep outside

27. About how far could a team of bulls pull a loaded wagon in one day?
A. Ten kilometres
B. Twelve kilometres
C. Twelve to fifteen kilometres
D. Ten to twelve kilometres

28. Which words would you use instead of unyoked?
A. Set free
B. given water to drink
C. Given food to eat
D. Put together

29. What did the bulls feed on?
A. Oat cuttings
B. Grass
C. Beans
D. Water

30. What made the bulls sick?
A. Hardships of the plain
B. Heavy wagons
C. Poor prairie grass
D. Rattle snake bites

31. Which word can you use instead of guarded?
A. Look after
B. Look at
C. Beaten
D. Yoked

32. At what time did the bulls graze?
A. Morning
B. Night
C. Afternoon
D. Evening

33. Who guarded the bulls as they were grazing?
A. The men
B. Policemen
C. Big boys
D. Dogs

34. Bull-trains would travel about ______ kilometres on their return journey a day.
A. twenty
B. twelve
C. ten
D. more than 30

35. According to the passage ______ are grasslands in the U.S.A.
A. steppes
B. savanna
C. prairies
D. pampous

36. The word plains has been used in the passage to mean?
A. Land with steep slopes
B. Flat land
C. Land with deep valleys
D. Highlands

37. The word men taking turns means
A. men turning to their leader
B. men turning to see who has called
C. men taking the duty to guard the cattle one at a time
D. men turning around to see their work

38. According to the passage mules were
A. never used for pulling wagons
B. sometimes used instead of horses
C. too weak to be used
D. better than horses
Read the passage below and answer questions 39-50.

Musila heard the loud ring of the bell indicating the end of the lesson before break. Musila’s heart leapt in joy as the teacher went out of the classroom. Immediately the door closed after the teacher, Musila leapt out of his chair and ran outside. Behind him his friends followed.

They were all eager to start their favourite game, football. After a busy stressful morning, they were all grateful to have a break. They all ran to the field to look for a space in order to commence their game, but every space was occupied by other pupils playing different games.

They felt disappointed and were all about to go back to class when one of the boys suggested, “We don’t have to go to class when we can still play our games behind one of the classrooms. Anyway none will ever know we played behind the classrooms.”

They looked at each other and quickly shook their heads. They all gave reasons why they should not play behind the classrooms but the temptation was too great. They could not imagine themselves caught and taken to the headmaster.

39. Why was Musila happy when the bell rang?
   A. He was going out for lunch  
   B. He was going to eat pizza  
   C. He was going to watch a match  
   D. He wanted to go and play

40. With whom did Musila go out?
   A. The teacher  
   B. His friends  
   C. The fellow players  
   D. The girls in class

41. What was their favourite game?
   A. Bowling  
   B. Handball  
   C. Netball  
   D. Soccer

42. The word commence is underlined. What is the opposite?
   A. Halt  
   B. Start  
   C. Begin  
   D. Began

43. Who did the boys find in the field?
   A. Other schools playing  
   B. Class eight pupils playing  
   C. Class five pupils playing  
   D. Other pupils playing

44. Musila and his friends did not find a space for playing ________?
   A. did they  
   B. didn’t they  
   C. isn’t it  
   D. didn’t he

45. How did the boys feel when they could not find a space?

   A. Excited  
   B. Thrilled  
   C. Terrified  
   D. Miserable

46. One of the boys had a suggestion, What was it?
   A. Play in class  
   B. Play on the road  
   C. Play in the staffroom  
   D. Play behind classes

47. What temptation was being referred to in the passage?
   A. Stealing  
   B. Playing in the field  
   C. Playing without balls  
   D. Playing behind classes

48. What fear did the boys have?
   A. Facing the prefects  
   B. Facing the headmaster  
   C. Being punished by fellow pupils  
   D. Facing their parents

49. The opposite of the word ‘shook’ is
   A. swung  
   B. trembled  
   C. nodded  
   D. shaken

50. The best summary for this passage would be
   A. Once bitten twice shy  
   B. The early bird catches the worm  
   C. Look before you leap  
   D. Birds of a feather flock together
1. What is the function of the tooth drawn below?
   A. Gripping and cutting
   B. Cutting and biting
   C. Crushing and chewing
   D. Gripping and tearing

2. Which one of the following functions is NOT carried out by all plant leaves?
   A. Losing excess water
   B. Gaseous exchange
   C. Food storage
   D. Manufacture of food

3. The process by which green plants lose water through the small holes in the leaves is called
   A. photosynthesis
   B. transpiration
   C. respiration
   D. stomata

4. Which of the following is NOT a method of grazing under rotational grazing?
   A. Paddocking
   B. Stall feeding
   C. Tethering
   D. Strip grazing

5. Clouds that indicate fine weather have three of the following characteristics EXCEPT
   A. having a flat base
   B. being mountainous
   C. being high in the sky
   D. looking like bundles of cotton

6. Which one of the following planets are in the 6th and 8th positions from the sun respectively?
   A. Neptune and Saturn
   B. Venus and Mars
   C. Neptune and Jupiter
   D. Saturn and Neptune

7. Which of the following changes are caused by a decrease in temperature?
   A. Freezing and condensation
   B. Evaporation and freezing
   C. Melting and evaporation
   D. Melting and freezing

8. The vaccine D.P.T vaccine gives the child protection against all the following diseases EXCEPT
   A. Whooping cough
   B. Diphtheria
   C. Polio
   D. Tetanus

9. Heat from a jiko reaches Nichorus’ hands placed above the jiko through
   A. convection
   B. conduction
   C. radiation
   D. radiation and convection

10. Which one of the following is NOT a use of water at home?
    A. Watering animals
    B. Watering flowerbeds
    C. Cooking
    D. Bathing

11. Which part of the female reproductive system is CORRECTLY matched with its function?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. Uterus</td>
<td>Fusion of sex cells</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. Vagina</td>
<td>Passage for baby at birth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. Oviduct</td>
<td>Production of female sex cells</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. Ovary</td>
<td>Growth of a fertilised ovum</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12. Pupils came across the following plants during a nature walk in the school compound. Which one was a non-green plant?
    A. Moss
    B. Algae
    C. Mould
    D. Fern

13. The chart below shows animals and their products.
14. Which one of the following foods is correctly matched with the nutrients it provides?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of food</th>
<th>Food group</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. Groundnuts</td>
<td>energy giving</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. Apple</td>
<td>body building</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. Potato</td>
<td>body building</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. Green grams</td>
<td>protective</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

15. The diagram below represents a monocot seed. The part labelled X represents the

![Diagram of a monocot seed]

16. Std five pupils were asked to come with metal sheets for pointers, piece of wood, wires and nails. Which weather instruments were they expected to make?

A. Windsock    B. Rain gauge
C. Thermometer D. Windvane

17. Which one of the following plants has separate male and female flowers on different plants?

A. Maize    B. Pineapple
C. Beans    D. Pawpaw

18. Which one of the following physical changes takes place in boys ONLY during adolescence?

A. Hips broaden
B. Growth of pubic hair

19. A teacher stood at the middle of the field and shouted at the pupils who were all over the field. The pupils got the teacher's instructions because

A. Sound travels best in air
B. Sound travels in one direction
C. Sound travels in all directions
D. There was an echo

20. During breathing in,

A. the volume of the chest decreases
B. the lungs shrinks
C. the diaphragm moves upwards
D. the diaphragm flattens

21. Which one of the following is not a use of light?

A. Reading    B. Communication
C. To keep away pests D. Warming

22. The amount of matter contained in an object is referred to as

A. mass    B. kilograms
C. volume  D. weight

23. A big piece of wood floats on water while a small nail sinks because of the difference in

A. size    B. shape
C. material D. weight

24. Which food nutrients is responsible for repairing worn out body tissues and making new body cells?

A. Carbohydrates    B. Proteins
C. Vitamins  D. Starch

25. The following are signs and symptoms of anaemia

EXCEPT

A. Pale white eyes    B. Breathlessness
C. Muscle wastage    D. Tiredness
26. Which one of the following animals can be classified in the same group with ticks?
A. Mosquito  
B. Millipede  
C. Crab  
D. Spider

27. Which one of the following is not a source of water?
A. River  
B. Tap  
C. Well  
D. Rain

28. Which one of the following is not a characteristic of a wind pollinated flowers?
A. Sticky stigmas  
B. Feathery stigma  
C. Dull coloured petals  
D. No scent

29. The following are signs and symptoms of a certain disease:
(i) Pain in the joints  
(ii) Fever  
(iii) Loss of appetite  
(iv) Shivering
The disease with the above signs and symptoms can be prevented by
A. taking a B.C.G vaccine at birth  
B. wearing gloves and gumboots when working in rice farms  
C. abstaining from sexual intercourse  
D. Draining stagnant water

30. The activity below on components of soil was carried out by pupils in class four.
![Diagram of soil components]
What were the pupils investigating? Presence of
A. mineral particles in the soil  
B. water in the soil  
C. organic matter in the soil  
D. air in the soil

31. A certain weed has the following characteristic:
(i) Has green fruits with thorns  
(ii) Has large white flowers  
(iii) It produces poisonous fruits
The weed described above is likely to be
A. Sodom apple  
B. Mexican marigold  
C. Thorn apple  
D. Wandering jew

32. Absorption of water in the alimentary canal of human beings takes place in the
A. large intestine  
B. stomach  
C. duodenum  
D. small intestine

33. Which one of the following statements about vertebrates is TRUE?
A. Fish and amphibians have scales  
B. Amphibians and reptiles lay their eggs on land  
C. Fish and birds have constant body temperature  
D. Reptiles and birds lay fertilised eggs

34. The following are ways of maintaining tools EXCEPT
A. using them regularly  
B. greasing  
C. sharpening  
D. cleaning after use

35. Which plant stores food in the stem?
A. Cassava  
B. Carrot  
C. Irish potato  
D. Sweet potato

36. Which of the holes labelled A, B, C and D will the jet of water be thrown second farthest?
![Diagram of water jet]
A. C  
B. A  
C. B  
D. D
37. Plants differ from animals is that they
   A. respire       B. move
   C. make food     D. excrete

38. Which one of the following soil components is LEAST affected when soil is burnt?
   A. Water         B. Air
   C. Organic matter D. Mineral particles

39. The diagram below represents a certain type of root.
   
   Which one of the following plants does not have the root shown above?
   A. Rice         B. Peas
   C. Millet       D. Maize

40. Which one of the following is NOT an importance of HIV testing?
   A. To know one’s status
   B. To plan for the future
   C. For behaviour change
   D. To start the treatment early

41. Which one of the following types of soil has best water retention?
   A. Sand         B. Silt
   C. Loam        D. Clay

42. The instrument used to measure mass is called
   A. spring balance B. Newton metre
   C. beam balance  D. see-saw

43. The word prescription is a medical term which means
   A. the amount of medicine to be taken at once
   B. the document written by the doctor explaining the dose to be taken by the patient
   C. the period between the entry of disease causing organism and the first appearance of signs
   D. the date when medicine is ready for consumption

44. Clouds are classified according to the following except
   A. height       B. shape
   C. size         D. appearance

45. Which one of the following parts protects a young flower?
   A. Corolla       B. Anthers
   C. Stalk        D. Sepals

46. The best method of weed control is
   A. uprooting     B. using chemicals
   C. digging out   D. slashing

47. Which of the animals listed below is not a reptile?
   A. Snake        B. Salamander
   C. Lizard       D. Gecko

48. Which one of the following is not a condition necessary for germination?
   A. Suitable temperature
   B. Oxygen
   C. Moisture     D. Soil

49. Which of the following is not a stage of HIV infection?
   A. Incubation stage
   B. Infection stage
   C. Symptomatic stage
   D. Full blown stage

50. Which state of matter expands least when heated?
   A. Liquids       B. Gases
   C. Gases and liquids
   D. Solids
1. Which of the following numbers is two hundred and thirty and two thirds?
   A. 230\(\frac{2}{3}\)  
   B. 230\(\frac{1}{3}\)  
   C. 230\(\frac{2}{3}\)  
   D. 232\(\frac{2}{3}\)

2. Which of the following numbers has the largest value?
   A. 19.01  
   B. 11.2  
   C. 9  
   D. 3.9876

3. Subtract 2\(\frac{3}{5}\) from 5
   A. 5\(\frac{1}{5}\)  
   B. 3\(\frac{3}{5}\)  
   C. 2\(\frac{3}{5}\)  
   D. 1\(\frac{3}{5}\)

4. Which of the following numbers is not a prime number?
   A. 31  
   B. 29  
   C. 53  
   D. 39

5. What is the value of the angle marked x?
   A. 40  
   B. 90  
   C. 50  
   D. 60

6. What is the value of 0.18 x 2.3 correct to one decimal place?
   A. 0.5  
   B. 0.4  
   C. 0.41  
   D. 4.0

7. What is the product of 9 and 1\(\frac{1}{3}\)?
   A. 9\(\frac{1}{3}\)  
   B. 7\(\frac{2}{3}\)

8. The cost of 5 mathematics books is sh 2000. What is the cost of 7 such books?
   A. Sh 2800  
   B. Sh 1800  
   C. Sh 400  
   D. Sh 3500

9. If the perimeter of the figure below is 120 metres, what is the length marked X?

   ![Triangle](50m)

   A. 70m  
   B. 170m  
   C. 85m  
   D. 35m

10. What is the area of the shaded region?

   ![Rectangle](8cm)

   A. 120cm\(^2\)  
   B. 70cm\(^2\)  
   C. 190cm\(^2\)  
   D. 50cm\(^2\)

11. Find the value of the unknown in

   3x - 6 = 14 - 2x

   A. 20  
   B. 6  
   C. 5  
   D. 4
12. What is the time shown on the clockface?
   A. Ten past seven o'clock
   B. Quarter to two o'clock
   C. Twenty five minutes to two o'clock
   D. Ten minutes past eight o'clock

13. How many legs do ten cows have written in Roman numerals?
   A. LX
   B. XL
   C. LXX
   D. XXX

14. The area of a triangle is 50cm². If the base is 10 cm, what is its height?
   A. 10cm
   B. 60cm
   C. 40cm
   D. 25cm

15. Express \(\frac{175}{300}\) in its simplest form.
   A. \(\frac{3}{4}\)
   B. \(\frac{25}{30}\)
   C. \(\frac{7}{12}\)
   D. \(\frac{5}{6}\)

16. A baby slept at 8pm and woke up at midnight. For how long did she sleep?
   A. 40mins.
   B. 5hrs
   C. 24hrs
   D. 4hrs

17. Calculate the area of the unshaded region.

18. A trader had sh 4800 in his cash box. He changed this amount into 50 shilling notes. How many 50 shilling notes did he get?
   A. 96
   B. 960
   C. 9.6
   D. 96000

19. The scale on a map is 1 cm represents 5Km. What actual length will be represented by a line measuring 10cm?
   A. 500km
   B. 100km
   C. 50km
   D. 2.5km

20. If \(\frac{5x}{3} = 10\); What is the value of x?
   A. 15
   B. 30
   C. \(1\frac{1}{3}\)
   D. 6

21. In a family of 5 people, each person bought a bottle of soda everyday. How many bottles altogether did they buy in the month of February 2012?
   A. 145
   B. 140
   C. 136
   D. 450

22. Find the missing number
   \(90 + 30 + 20 + 40 + 30 + \underline{20} = 270\)
   A. 30
   B. 40
   C. 50
   D. 60

23. What is \(\frac{2}{3}\) of 100?
   A. 90
   B. 45
   C. 40
   D. 60

24. The volume of the cuboid below is 96m³.

A. 100m³
B. 700m³
C. 800m³
D. 600m³

MATHS - 04/6/16
25. A driver covered 80km in 1 hr. What distance did he cover in $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours?
A. 40km  
B. 160km  
C. $82\frac{1}{2}$  
D. 200km

26. What is the reciprocal of $3\frac{1}{4}$?
A. $\frac{4}{13}$  
B. $\frac{4}{1}$  
C. $\frac{4}{3}$  
D. $\frac{13}{4}$

27. Which of the following triangles is equilateral?
A.  
B.  
C.  
D. 

28. Wanjira bought 200 mangoes for sh. 1800. What was the cost of one mango?
A. Sh. 14  
B. Sh. 20  
C. Sh. 9  
D. Sh. 90

29. Which of the following measurements represents a cube?
A. 3cm x 4cm x 5cm  
B. 4cm x 4cm x 1cm  
C. 1m x 100cm x 1m  
D. 2m x 2cm x 2m

30. Change 0.14 tonnes into kilogrammes
A. 0.014  
B. 140kg  
C. 1.4kg  
D. 1400kg

31. The diagram shows parts of a circle which have been shaded. Express the shaded part as a percentage.

32. Calculate the perimeter of the figure below in kilometres.

33. A certain figure has the following properties:
(i) All sides are equal
(ii) All angles are equal
(iii) Has four sides
The figure is
A. Rectangle  
B. Square  
C. Triangle  
D. Circle

34. Subtract ten from the square root of 121
A. 11  
B. 31  
C. 21  
D. 1

35. How many millilitres are there in 2.5L?
A. 0.25  
B. 250  
C. 2500  
D. 25

36. How many points of intersection are there in the figure below?
37. How many \( \frac{1}{4} \) kg packets can be made from 40 kg?
   A. 80  B. 160  C. 20  D. 10

38. Simplify: \( 2 (3x + 3p - 3x) \)
   A. 6p  B. 6x-12p  C. 6p-6x  D. 12x-6p

39. Find the value of \( x: \frac{16}{48} = \frac{x}{6} \)
   A. 32  B. 3  C. 2  D. 32

40. The angle below is called ______ angle.

   A. acute  B. obtuse  C. reflex  D. right angle

41. What is the value of \( 8^2 + \sqrt{9} \) ?
   A. 67  B. 17  C. 289  D. 145

42. Find the value of the angle marked K.

   A. 50°  B. 110°  C. 60°  D. 70°

43. What is the sum of all the prime numbers between 10 and 20?
   A. 36  B. 60  C. 82  D. 70

44. Multiply 4 by 0.86. What is the place value of digit 3?
   A. Hundreds  B. Tens  C. Ones  D. 3.40

45. What is the total value of digit 7 in 47836?
   A. 7000  B. 70  C. 700  D. Thousands

46. Find the area of the shaded part.

   A. 576cm\(^2\)  B. 144cm\(^2\)  C. 288cm\(^2\)  D. 72cm\(^2\)

47. What is the GCD of 20, 30 and 45
   A. 3  B. 15  C. 180  D. 5

48. Round off 10996 to the nearest thousand.
   A. 10100  B. 12000  C. 11000  D. 10,000

49. What is the value of 913032 \( \div 18 \) ?
   A. 51724  B. 50724  C. 5724  D. 5275

50. Work out: \( 4 \frac{1}{2} - 2 \frac{3}{5} \)
   A. 1\( \frac{9}{10} \)  B. 2\( \frac{3}{5} \)  C. 2\( \frac{2}{10} \)  D. 3\( \frac{1}{2} \)
STEGA SUPREME SERIES
STANDARD SIX 2016
SOCIAL STUDIES

Study the map of Bega area and answer questions 1 - 7

1. The climatic conditions experienced in the western part of Bega area is
   A. Hot and dry
   B. Cool and dry
   C. Hot and wet
   D. Cool and wet

2. The railway line in Bega area is likely to be used in transporting all the following EXCEPT?
   A. Beef products
   B. Stones
   C. Timber
   D. Cotton wool

3. Which is the staple food of most people in Bega area?
   A. Fish
   B. Maize
   C. Cotton
   D. Beans

4. The feature at the mouth of R. Sai is Known as
   A. Delta
   B. Confluence
   C. Estuary
   D. Tributary

5. Which of the following is NOT a means of transport in Bega area?
   A. Road
   B. Railway
   C. Cable
   D. Air

6. Which crop is likely to be grown in the irrigation scheme found in Bega area?
   A. Sisal
   B. Sugar cane
   C. Robusta coffee
   D. Cotton

7. Which is the MAIN religion in Bega area?
   A. Hinduism
   B. Christianity
   C. Islam
   D. Buddhism

8. The title for the Abawangka king was
   A. Elureko
   B. Orkoiyot
   C. Ntemi
   D. Nabongo

9. Which of the following is NOT an element of the weather?
   A. Altitude
   B. Air pressure
   C. Temperature
   D. Wind

10. Which of the following is the highest court of law in Kenya?
    A. Court of appeal
    B. Court martial
    C. Supreme court
    D. High court

11. Which of the following features is found in Kenya?
    A. Lake Tana
    B. Lake Paradise
    C. Mt. Ruwenzori
    D. Mt. Meru

12. The modern fishing method shown below is known as
    A. Purse seining
    B. Net drifting
13. A slogan showing the aims of a school is known as
   A. School motto   B. Loyalty pledge   C. School routine   D. School anthem

14. The highland Nilotes of Uganda are collectively known as
   A. Dadogue   B. Tatonga   C. Sabing   D. Kalenjin

15. Which of the following is a traditional cultural artefact?
   A. Gun   B. Calabash   C. Bicycle   D. Ball

16. Who among the following leaders did not collaborate with the European colonialists?
   A. Nabongo Mumia   B. Karuri wa Gakure   C. Oloibon Lenana   D. Koitalel arap Samoei

17. Which of the following is a traditional way of interaction?
   A. Wars and Raids   B. Seminars   C. Workshops   D. Religious crusades

18. The Kenya-Uganda railway line was built between 1896 and 1901 by?
   A. The Asians   B. Indians   C. The British   D. Arabs

19. The next national census in Kenya will be held in the year?

20. Which is the main invisible export of Kenya?
   A. Tea   B. Carbon dioxide   C. Soda ash   D. Tourism

21. Which one of the following political parties led Kenya to Independence?
   A. KANU   B. NARC   C. O.D.M   D. KADU

22. Which is the leading tourist attraction along the coast of Kenya?
   A. Fort Jesus   B. Makaya   C. Sandy beaches   D. Wildlife

23. The diagram above shows the formation of
   A. Convectional rainfall   B. Sea breeze   C. Land breeze   D. Relief rainfall

24. Which of the following towns is NOT likely to experience the occurrence shown above?
   A. Mombasa   B. Lamu   C. Dar-es-salaam   D. Murang’a

25. Three of the following are branches of the National government. Which one is NOT?
   A. Cabinet   B. Executive

26. The capital city of Uganda is located at?
   A. Dodoma   B. Jinja   C. Kampala   D. Addis Ababa

27. Which one of the following mountains was formed through the process shown in the diagram below?
   A. Mt. Kenya   B. Mt. Pare   C. Mt. Menengai   D. Mt. Kulal

28. Which is the leading import of Kenya today?
   A. Tea   B. Wheat   C. Machines   D. Oil

29. Kapogoro, Wangindo and Wanyamwezi are Bantu communities from?
   A. Tanzania   B. Uganda   C. South Sudan   D. Somalia

30. Kenya was declared a British protectorate in the year?
   A. 1920   B. 1952   C. 1895   D. 1963

31. Which is the Nantional language of Ethiopia?
   A. Arabic   B. Amharic   C. Tigrinya   D. Kiswahili

32. Arabs and Portuguese had come to the coast of Kenya to
   A. Spread Christianity   B. Look for fertile land   C. Preach the word of Allah   D. Take part in trade

33. The country marked X is
   A. Eritrea   B. Rwanda   C. Ethiopia   D. Djibouti

34. The region marked K is sparsely populated mainly because
   A. It receives inadequate rainfall always   B. It is set aside for wildlife.
   C. It is infested with tse tse flies   D. It is prone to floods

35. Which is the area marked V?
   A. Cotton   B. Sugar cane   C. Coffee   D. Bananas

36. The lake marked M is known as
   A. L. Albert   B. L. Baringo

Use the map below to answer questions 33 to 36
37. Which of the following is **NOT** a traditional method of preserving fish?
   A. Boiling  B. Salting
   C. Smoking  D. Sun-drying

38. Which of the following is a tributary of the River Nile?
   A. R. Malagarasi  B. R. Shebelle
   C. C. R. Atbara  D. R. Awash

39. Who was the first prime minister of Kenya?
   A. Raila Odinga  B. Jomo Kenyatta
   C. Eliud Mathu  D. Oginga Odinga

40. Three of the following are elements of a good citizen except?
   A. Hardworking  B. Patriotic
   C. Honesty  D. Revenging

41. In Kenya elections are conducted and supervised by
   A. I.E.B.C  B. Parliament
   C. Judiciari  D. E.C.K

42. Which of the following is **NOT** an electronic media?
   A. Mobile phones  B. Televisions
   C. Newspapers  D. Radios

43. Intercropping of trees and crops in the same piece of land is known as __________
   A. Mixed farming  B. Agro-forestry
   C. Reafforestation  D. Arable farming

44. Alluvial soil is also known as ________
   A. Clay soil  B. Loam soil
   C. Black cotton soil  D. Silt soil

45. Which of the following practises encourage peace in a society?
   A. Democracy  B. Nepotism
   C. Corruption  D. Tribalism

46. Which of the following communities had cyclic age-set systems?
   A. Akamba  B. Luo
   C. Nandi  D. Gabbra

47. Which of the following is **NOT** a fresh water fish?
   A. Dagaa  B. Mullet
   C. Tilapia  D. Nile perch

48. The floating vegetation on river Nile in South Sudan is known as ______
   A. Mangrove  B. Water hyacinth
   C. reeds  D. Sudd

49. The lake marked Q was formed through a process known as
   A. Erosion  B. Volcanicity
   C. Down-warping  D. Deposition

50. Which of the following is an example of the lakes formed through the process above?
   A. L. Kanyaboli  B. L. Natron
   C. L. Speke  D. L. Tana

51. Which of the following countries is **NOT** found on the northern hemisphere?
   A. Eritrea  B. Tanzania
   C. Sudan  D. Djibouti

52. Which is the **MAIN** problem facing cotton farming in Kenya?
   A. Inadequate rainfall  B. Poor farming methods
   C. Lack of harvesting machines  D. Stiff competition from the artificial fibres

53. Which of the following is the oldest town in Kenya?
   A. Mombasa  B. Kisumu
   C. Nairobi  D. Moyale

54. The sun is overhead the tropic of cancer in the month of?
   A. November  B. September
   C. June  D. March

55. How many elected members are there in the national assembly today?
   A. 210  B. 290
   C. 350  D. 47

56. Which of the following methods is used in mining of soda ash?
   A. Open cast  B. Drilling
   C. Shaft method  D. Dredging

57. Which of the following is **NOT** a highland crop?
   A. Cotton  B. Pyrethrum
   C. Arabic coffee  D. Tea

58. Special skills in traditional African societies were taught through
   A. Listening  B. Observing
   C. Apprenticeship  D. Story telling

59. Which is the largest country in Eastern Africa?
   A. Ethiopia  B. Sudan
   C. Djibouti  D. Somalia

60. The road sign shown below indicates
   A. Road junction ahead  B. Bumps ahead
   C. Road is clear  D. Road is expanded

61. An agreement between two people is called
   A. Covenant  B. Baptism
   C. Law  D. Passover

62. Which one of the following is **NOT** a deed of darkness
   A. Stealing  B. Loving others
   C. Beating others  D. Telling lies
63. A prophet who was sent to the Israelites to tell them about the new covenant is
   A. Hezekiah   B. Jeremiah
   C. Hosea       D. Elisha
   64. A person suffering from HIV/AIDS should be
   A. hated       B. ignored
   C. loved       D. honest
   65. Christians grow spiritually with the help of the
   A. friends     B. wealth
   C. pride       D. holy spirit
   66. Which one is not a talent?
   A. Preaching   B. Singing
   C. Praying     D. Stealing
   67. New life is
   A. Getting a gift
   B. Talking together
   C. Celebrating together
   D. Changing old ways to new ones
   68. Which of the following actions shows irresponsible behaviour?
   A. Talking to friends
   B. Taking drugs
   C. Visiting relatives
   D. Obeying your parents
   69. _______ is not a good quality that Jesus had as a leader
   A. Kindness
   B. Sinful
   C. Mercifulness
   D. Patience
   70. New life in traditional African Society was marked in various stages except
   A. Birth of a new child
   B. Initiation
   C. Marriage
   D. Baptism
   71. True friendship in the Bible is demonstrated by
   A. James and John
   B. David and Jonathan
   C. Visiting relatives
   D. Obeying your parents Ananias
   72. Which prophet prophesied about the prince of peace?
   A. Moses
   B. Jeremiah
   C. Isaiah
   D. Angel Gabriel
   73. Jesus had one disciple that the loved most. He was called
   A. Peter
   B. James
   C. John
   D. Paul
   74. Jesus is called the good shepherd because
   A. He cares for his followers
   B. He cares for his sheep
   C. He cares for others shepherds
   D. He cares for believers only
   75. There are ______ books in the old testament and ______ books in the New testament.
   A. 66, 27
   B. 27, 39
   C. 27, 33
   D. 39, 27
   76. Which statement is NOT true according to traditional African society
   A. Boys and girls should not engage in sex before marriage
   B. Boys and girls should respect their bodies
   C. Boys and girls should express their love through sex
   D. Boys and girl should exercise self-control when dealing with each other.
   77. God commands us to Love
   A. relatives and friends
   B. ourselves
   C. those who love us only
   D. others as we love ourselves
   78. Which one of the following is NOT a name of God
   A. Creator
   B. Provider
   C. Son of God
   D. Almighty God
   79. What was the work of Joseph the father of Jesus?
   A. Priest
   B. Teacher
   C. Doctor
   D. Carpenter
   80. Which two qualities of Abraham made God love him?
   A. He was kind and caring
   B. His obedience and hardworking
   C. His riches and generosity
   D. His faithfulness and obedience to God
   81. All the following were disciples of Jesus except
   A. Stephen
   B. Andrew
   C. Philip
   D. Batholomew
   82. The work we do willingly and without expecting payment is called
   A. Employment
   B. Slavery
   C. Voluntary service
   D. Unemployment
   83. Jesus was tempted by satan in the
   A. Sea
   B. Temple
   C. Jerusalem
   D. Wilderness
   84. When Jesus healed the blind man he told him to go and wash in the pool of
   A. Siloam
   B. Jericho
   C. Seway
   D. Bethesda
   85. The paralysed man was helped by Jesus because
   A. He had a lot of faith
   B. His friends had faith
   C. He was brought through the roof
   D. He was sick for a long time
   86. Jacob ran away from his brother Essau after taking his blessing because of
   A. anger
   B. honesty
   C. fear
   D. courage
   87. The father of David was called
   A. Jesse
   B. Ezekiel
   C. Fear
   D. Saul
   88. Conflicts among ourselves should be avoided by
   A. argument
   B. agreement
   C. dislike
   D. anger
   89. The first human beings were created on the ______ day.
   A. 3rd
   B. 6th
   C. 4th
   D. 5th
   90. The Luo call their God
   A. Ngai
   B. Wele
   C. Nyasaye
   D. Enkai
1. Three of the following verses are found in suratul Zulzalah except:
A. "Yaqutul Insanu ma salik" B. "Biinnah rabbi - ka aulaha" C. "Ya' yahu nubuun - jariya" D. "Illah nuna "ilahhumma"

2. On that day she shall report whatever had happened to her. This verse is from her suratul
A. Biyarah B. Zulzalah C. Asr D. Fatihah

3. Which of the following terms is wrongly matched with its meaning?
A. Muttaqin - those who fear Allah (S.W) B. Mutawaqifin - those who rely on Allah (S.W)
C. Mu'uminin - those who believe in Allah (S.W) D. Mutlaqwa - those who fight in the course of Allah (S.W)

4. Complete this surah from surah Al-Humaza
Waylu likulik humazatin
A. Humaza B. Lumaza C. Addad D. Haamiyat

5. Why do Muslims perform Ghusul on Fridays?
A. It is sunnah B. Good months C. Ibadah months D. Sacred months

6. Ash-hurul are also called
A. Holy months B. Good months C. Ibadah months D. Sacred months

7. All of the following people are recipients of sadaqa.
Who is the best to be given sadaqa according to the teachings of the prophet (P.B.U.H)?
A. Poor B. Widows C. Orphans D. Relatives

8. Which of the following is not an example of Najis?
A. Saliva from an old man B. Urine of a baby feeding on milk only C. Blood of a goat slaughtered on Ldd day D. Cow dung

9. According to Islamic shariah, Mahr in marriage refers to
A. property or money given to bride's parents B. property or money given to groom's parents C. property or money given to the Waali D. property or money given to the bride

10. Who of the following people mentioned below is a mother of all humankind?
A. Halima B. Hawa C. Khadija D. Amina

11. Who among the following angels is in charge of rain?
A. Jibril B. Izrail C. Mikail D. Malik

12. Muharram is the sacred months in Islam. 10th of Muharram is also known as
A. Ashura B. Tenth C. Lailatul Badr D. Yaunul Haqq

13. The prayer of the Muslims performed when there is an eclipse of the sun is called
A. Istikhara B. Istsiqui C. Kusuf D. Malik

14. In Islam, zumzam is considered as one of the sacred places. Who of the following people is not associated with it?
A. Adam B. Hajur C. Ismail D. Ibrahim

15. The journey of the prophet (P.B.U.H) from Jerusalem to the seventh heaven is called
A. Isra B. Miiraj C. Hijra D. Safar

16. How many of classes of najasaat do Muslims observe?
A. 5 B. 4 C. 2 D. 3

17. Four pupils of standard six were asked by their IRE teacher to name a battle in which Muslims were defeated. Who among them was right?
A. Ali - vhud B. Juma - badr C. Miryam - khandaq D. Khadija - humain

18. The main reason why Qabilah killed Habeel was due to
A. jealous B. honesty C. pride D. rudeness

19. The caliph of Islam referred to as Dhun-Nurain is
A. Ali B. Umar C. Uthman D. Abubakr

20. The celebration done to thank Allah for a newly born baby is referred to as
A. Asghaah B. Miraj C. Iqra D. Khitan

21. Backbiting is like eating the flesh of your dead brother. Which surah of the Quran condemns this?
A. Ikhlas B. Naas C. Humaza D. Qorshah

22. Which one of the following is NOT a teaching from surah Al-Kauthar?
A. We should follow the prophet (S.A.W) B. The prophet is assured of Allah's favours C. Allah gave wisdom, patience and victory D. Obeysing Allah

23. Going for Hajj and Ihram are a sign of
A. equality B. tolerance C. truth D. obedience

24. Why was the prophet's first Hajj known as Hijjalat widar?
A. It was attended by many B. He made an important speech C. All his caliphs were not there D. It was his first and last

25. Which of the following is among the Islamic ceremonies and festivals?
A. Christmas B. New year C. Nikah D. Diwali

26. Which prophet of Allah is also known as the friend of Allah?
A. Nabii Is (a.s) B. Prophet Muhamad (saw) C. Nabii Yusuf (as) D. Nabii Ibrahim (as)

27. The sunnah of the pilgrim running from safa and marwa was first done by
A. Iby Sarah (a.s) B. Nabii Ibrahim (a.s) C. lady Hajar (a.s) D. Nabii Mohammad (a.s)

28. Why did Sarah tell Nabii Ibrahim to marry Hajar?
A. She was unable to give birth B. She was a hypocrite C. She was selfish D. She wanted to divorce Nabii Ibrahim

29. Who among the prophets below observed the sun, moon and the stars while searching for Allah?
A. Suleiman (a.s) B. Ibrahim (a.s) C. Musa (a.s) D. Daud (a.s)

30. Why was Sarah jealous of Hajar? Because
A. She was loved by Ibrahim B. She gave birth to a baby boy C. She was beautiful D. She was troublesome
Andika insha ya kusimua kuhusu;

MWEZI WA DISEMBA
Write an interesting story about;

A FUNERAL I ATTENDED
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ENGLISH</th>
<th>KISWAHILI</th>
<th>MATHS</th>
<th>SCIENCE</th>
<th>SOCIAL STUDIES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**A COMPOSITION MARKING SCHEME**

**MARKING CRITERION**

1. The composition will be assessed according to the following guidelines.
   - The maximum mark will be 40 and the minimum (mark 0)
   - Does the script show that the candidate can communicate accurately, fluently and imaginatively in English?

**Accuracy** (8 marks)

- a) Correct tenses and agreement of verbs (4 marks)
- b) Accurate use of vocabulary (4 marks)
- c) Following a sequence (4 marks)
- d) Correct punctuation (4 marks)

**Fluency** (8 marks)

- a) Words in the correct order (4 marks)
- b) Sentence connection and paragraphs (4 marks)
- c) Correct spelling (4 marks)
- d) Ideas developed in logical sequence (4 marks)

**Imagination** (8 marks)

- a) Literal but appropriate use of words and phrases (4 marks)