# High Rank Exam Series

## Darasa la Sita

**Mwaka 2016**

## Kiswahili

### Jinsi Ya Kutumia Karatasi Ya Majibu

1. Umepewa kijitabu hiki cha maswali na karatasi ya kujibia. Kijitabu hiki kina Maswali 50
2. Hakikisha umaandika:-
   - (i) Jina Lako
   - (ii) Jina la Shule Yako
3. Ukisha chagua jibu lako ionyeshe katika Karatasi Ya Majibu na wala sio katika kijitabu hiki cha maswali

### Chagua Jibu Sahihi Kujaza Nafasi Zilizoachwa Wazi Kuanzia 1 mpaka 15:-

Uvutaji wa sigara ni 1 ya uraibu 2 unashirikisha watu 3 sana hasa vijana. Kila 4 vijana wanajitosa katika uwanja 5 hatari wa kuvuta sigara. Wengi wao hawajui kuwa uvutaji wa sigara ni hatari kwa maisha yao na 6 husababisha vifo 7 wengi 8 dumiani.


###答案

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<td>12. kujuana</td>
<td>kudhihirika</td>
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<td>13. zilizokuwa</td>
<td>zitakazokuwa</td>
<td>zilizomo</td>
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<td>14. lenye</td>
<td>wenyе</td>
<td>chenyе</td>
<td>zenyе</td>
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<td>15. makubwa</td>
<td>haba</td>
<td>kidogo</td>
<td>kubwa</td>
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</table>
16. Kanusha sentensi hii;
   Wewe ndiwe uliyefika
   A. Wewe ndiwe haukufika.
   B. Wewe sio ulifika.
   C. Wewe siwe uliyefika.
   D. Wewe ndio haukufika.

17. Chagua neno mwafaka kukamilisha sentensi;
   Huyu ____ mwanafunzi aliyetia fora zaidi.
   A. ndio   B. ndiyo
   C. ndiwe   D. ndiye

18. Andika sentensi ifuatayo katika wingi;
   Mama ameenda sokoni.
   A. Mama wameenda sokoni.
   B. Akina mama wameenda masokoni.
   C. Wamama wameenda sokoni.
   D. Akina wameenda sokoni.

19. Ni neno lipi halipatikani katika ngeli ya KI - VI?
   A. Kinyonga   B. Kitita
   C. Kioo   B. Kijiko

20. Tumia kiulizi kifaacho;
   Ni barua _______ iliyyotumwa.
   A. lipi   B. yupi
   C. zipi   D. gani

21. Chagua kihuushi katika sentensi hii;
   Gari lenyewe liliegeschwa kando ya barabara.
   A. Barabara   B. Kando ya
   C. Gari   D. Liliegeschwa

22. Tumia kivumishi cha idadi kifaacho
   kukamilisha sentensi hii
   Wanafunzi _______ hauwakufanya mtihani.
   A. wasita   B. wakumi
   C. saba   D. tatu

23. Ni sehemu gani haipatikani ndani ya mwili?
   A. Kisogo   B. Ubongo
   C. Ufizi   D. Mapafu

24. Makao ya nyuki ni ndani ya mzinga. Je, makao ya kuku huitwaje?
   A. Kombe   B. Kiota
   C. Zizi   D. Kizimba

25. Semi “kufua dafu” inamaanisha
   A. kuambulia patutu
   B. kutumbukia nyongo
   C. kufauul katika jambo
   D. kuosha dafu

26. Akisami \(\frac{1}{5}\) kwa maneno huitwa
   A. sudusi   B. humusi
   C. subui   D. ushuri

27. Kamilisha sentensi kwa kutumia kiunganishi sahihi;
   Hakusoma _______ kuandika mchana wote
   A. lakini   B. bila
   C. kwa sababu   D. wala

28. Jaza pengo kwa maneno mwafaka;
   Kiti ____ kikubwa _____ kilichovunjika
   A. hicho, ndicho
   B. hiyo, ndicho
   C. hicho, ndio
   D. hivi, ndivyo

29. Tumia kivumishi ‘-pya-’ kukamilisha sentensi;
   Chumba _______ kimejengwa.
   A. mpya   B. kipyapa
   C. wapyapa   D. vipyapa

30. Chagua sentensi ilioakifishwa ifaavyo.
   A. Huyu ni mtoto wa nani,
   B. “Je, umemwona mgeni?”
   C. Nitanunua maembe! machungwa na mapera.
   D. Aka, kumbe huyo ni mwizi!
Soma taarifa ifuatayo kisha ujibu maswali 31 - 40:-

Hapo zamani za kale katika msitu mkubwa, aliishii Simba mmoja aliyeikuwa mkali sana. Chambilecho wawenga, mkali ................. Simba huyu hakuwajali wanyama wengine na aliwala ovyooovyo kadri alivyopenda.


31. Sifa za simba anayezungumziwa kwenywa aya ya kwanza ni
   A. mchoyo
   B. mkali
   C. mkarimu
   D. mdadisi

32. Kamilisha tashbihi; Mkali kama
   A. ndovu
   B. fisi
   C. panya
   D. simba

33. Simba hakuwajali wanyama wengine kwani
   A. alienda kuwinda nao
   B. aliwala ovyoo ovyoo
   C. hakuwaamkuwa
   D. alishii peke yake

34. Kwa nini simba aliamua kwenda kuwinda?
   A. Alitaka kumla panya
   B. Alipenda kuwinda
   C. Alhisi njaa sana
   D. Aliona kiu

35. Panya alikuwa anafanya nini aliposikia mlio wa mnyama?
   A. Alikuwa akiwinda
   B. Alikuwa akilala
   C. Alikuwa akipumzika
   D. Alikuwa matembezini

36. Ni nini simba alichoomba mwanzoni panya akifanye
   A. Kumpa chakula
   B. Kuutegua mtego
   C. Kumpeleka mawindoni
   D. Kuutega mtego

37. Kwa nini panya aliamua kumwoko simba?
   A. Walikuwa marafiki wa kufa kuzikana
   B. Panya hakupenda kuyasikia makelele ya simba
   C. Simba angemwokoa panya siku moja
   D. Simba alilia kwa maumivu

38. Maneno “marafiki wa chanda na pete” yanamaanisha
   A. marafiki wanafiki
   B. marafiki wa kufa kuzikana
   C. marafiki walaghai
   D. marafiki watundu

39. Si kweli kusema kuwa
   A. Simba aliwadharaa wanyama wengine
   B. Panya na Simba hatimaye walikuwa marafiki
   C. Simba aliishi kwenye msitu
   D. Panya hakumwokoa Simba

40. Kichwa mwafaka zaidi kwa taarifa hii ni
   A. Maisha Msituni
   B. Simba Mttegoni
   C. Kisa cha Panya na Simba
   D. Kicheko cha Panya
**Soma taarifa ifuatavo kisha ulibu maswali 41 - 50:**


Kweli, roho i tamu, kwani liliomba na likambewa. Pamoja na hayo yuko aliyeliambia, "Mkuki kwa nguruwe kwa binadamu u mchungu."

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<td>C.</td>
<td>kulala peke yake</td>
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<td>kulala dirisha likiwa wazi</td>
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<th>Mlango hufungwa ndi ndi ndi au hukomewa</th>
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<td>fufu</td>
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<td>B.</td>
<td>fyu fyu</td>
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<td>C.</td>
<td>kome kome</td>
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<td>D.</td>
<td>titiri</td>
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<th>Mwizi aliipika mafuta mwili wote ili</th>
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<td>C.</td>
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<td>D.</td>
<td>mwili uteleza</td>
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<td>kwa kusikia mayowe yake</td>
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<td>kwa kuwa na shaka</td>
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<td>C.</td>
<td>kwa ye ye kuwapigia simu</td>
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<td>kwa fujo iliikwukako</td>
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<td>C.</td>
<td>kusalimiana na amri</td>
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<th>Sentensi ipi ni kweli?</th>
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<td>A.</td>
<td>Jizi lilikuwa na nyuta na mishale</td>
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<td>B.</td>
<td>Majirani waliwaita polisi kulishika jizi</td>
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<td>C.</td>
<td>Mayowe yaliyafanya jizi kusalimu amri</td>
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<td>D.</td>
<td>Majirani walionyesha ujasiri</td>
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<th>48.</th>
<th>Kufika kwa polisi</th>
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<td>C.</td>
<td>kuliliokoa jizi</td>
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<td>kulileta vurugu</td>
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<th>Jizi lilia sana</th>
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<td>lilipomwagiwa mafuta</td>
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<td>polisi walipofika</td>
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<td>C.</td>
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<td>liliposhikwa</td>
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<th>50.</th>
<th>&quot;Mkuki kwa nguruwe kwa binadamu mchungu.&quot; Methali hii ina maanisha kuwa</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.</td>
<td>mkuki hupigwa nguruwe si binadamu</td>
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<td>B.</td>
<td>mwanadamu anafaa kumpiga nguruwe mkuki</td>
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<td>C.</td>
<td>tushiwe tayari kuwaifanya wengine mbaya</td>
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<td>D.</td>
<td>mwizi hafai kuhurumiwa hata akilia</td>
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Fertilization in human being occurs in the
A. ovary
B. vagina
C. oviduct
D. uterus

Digestion of food ends in the
A. anus
B. stomach
C. oesophagus
D. small intestines

Which two diseases are their vaccination
A. Tuberculosis and Polio
B. Polio and Measles
C. Diphtheria and Tuberculosis
D. Whooping cough and Tetanus

Below is a flower.

Which parts show male parts of the flower?
A. N and S  B. K and M
C. L and P  D. M and S

Which of the following is a source of heat?
A. Gas
B. Torch
C. Firefly
D. Moon

The following are products of a goat except
A. dairy  B. mutton
C. mohair  D. pork

The following are requirements for a good
health. Which one is not?
A. Exercise
B. Medical care
C. Work
D. Rest

Which sense helps a person to know whether
tea has enough sugar or not?
A. Sense of sight
B. Sense of feeling
C. Sense of taste
D. Sense of smelling

The second stage of HIV development is
A. incubation
B. window
C. full blown
D. symptomatic

The following experiment was performed by
class five pupils.

The pupils were investigating about
A. convection  B. radiation
C. conduction  D. reflection
11. Below are requirements for germination except
   A. soil
   B. air
   C. warmth
   D. moisture
12. The waterborne disease common in rice fields is
   A. Cholera
   B. Typhoid
   C. Bilharzia
   D. Dysentery
13. The best explanation why the sun appears brighter than the other stars is because the sun is
   A. made of burning gases
   B. able to reflect light to the moon
   C. nearer to the earth
   D. not covered like other stars
14. Which of these weeds is used as a vegetable?
   A. Pigweed
   B. Oxalis
   C. Datura
   D. Black jack
15. Pollination occurs when pollen grains are transferred from
   A. stigma to anther
   B. anther to ovary
   C. style and sepal
   D. anther to stigma
16. A snake protects itself by____
   A. stinging
   B. biting
   C. coiling
   D. gliding
17. All animals
   A. feed
   B. lay eggs
   C. make their own food
   D. walk
18. In a flower, the reproductive cells are
   A. styles and filaments
   B. ovules and pollen grains
   C. anthers and stigma
   D. pollen grains and ovaries
19. Poorly drained soil is also
   A. easily water-logged
   B. having the lowest capillarity
   C. best for farming
   D. having the largest particles
20. Below is a maize seed.

   ![Maize Seed]

   The parts marked M and K respectively are
   A. endosperm and radicle
   B. plumule and cotyledon
   C. cotyledon and testa
   D. endosperm and plumule
21. Which pair of food consists of body building foods only?
   A. Apples, carrots
   B. Eggs, chapati
   C. Termites, beef
   D. Yams, meat
22. Which of these substances has a definite shape?
   A. Water
   B. Stone
   C. Milk
   D. Toothpaste
23. The first phase of the moon is
   A. crescent
   B. gibbous
   C. new moon
   D. first quarter
24. The amount of medicine to be taken at a time is known as
   A. dosage
   B. medicine quantity
   C. prescription
   D. date of manufacture
25. Which one is a special sound?
   A. Whispering
   B. Screaming
   C. Crying
   D. Shouting

26. Tuberculosis can be controlled using the following ways except:
   A. Vaccination
   B. Living in a well ventilated house
   C. Eating a balanced diet
   D. Avoiding overcrowded places

27. Sound is produced when objects
   A. Vibrate
   B. Become hot
   C. Are wet
   D. Are still

28. Which of these is least affected when soil is heated?
   A. Water
   B. Living organisms
   C. Organic matter
   D. Mineral particles

29. Below is a type of root.

Which of these plants have the type of root shown above?
   A. Millet
   B. Sugarcane
   C. Beans
   D. Rice

30. Sperm cells are manufactured in the
   A. Urethra
   B. Epididymis
   C. Sperm duct
   D. Testes

31. The main source of water is
   A. Rainfall
   B. Dam
   C. Ocean
   D. River

32. The chart below is of classification of plants

```
PLANTS
  Green         Non-green
    /           /
Flowering     Non-flowering
    E           F

Which of these plants best fill E, F, G respectively?
   A. Maize, algae, puffball
   B. Fern, sisal, mushroom
   C. Beans, fern, eucalyptus
   D. Sisal, mould, fern
```

33. The best way of making water safe for drinking is
   A. Filtering
   B. Cooling
   C. Winnowing
   D. Decanting

34. The experiment below shows that soil has

```
Soil
   +

Smelly
Smoke
      ↑
Heat
```

A. Water
B. Organic matter
C. Living organisms
D. Air

35. A child who is bow-legged is likely to be suffering from
   A. Scurvy
   B. Kwashiorkor
   C. Marasmus
   D. Rickets

36. Weeds can best be controlled by
   A. Digging out
   B. Uprooting
   C. Burning
   D. Slashing
37. Which pair is made up of floaters only?
   A. Nail, dry wood
   B. Cork, pin
   C. Pin, nail
   D. Wax, leaf

38. The process marked X below is

   LIQUID
   SOLID  X  GAS
   LIQUID

   A. Evaporation   B. Condensation
   C. Freezing      D. Melting

39. The following are amphibians except
   A. salamander
   B. newt
   C. toad
   D. lizard

40. Which of the following is a fibre crop?
   A. Sunflower
   B. Barley
   C. Cotton
   D. Sorghum

41. Birth canal is also known as
   A. uterus       B. oviduct
   C. cervix      D. vagina

42. Which is the reproductive part of a plant?
   A. Leaf         B. Stem
   C. Roots       D. Flower

43. The weather instrument below is used to measure

   [Drawing of a windsock]

44. Layers are mainly kept for the production of
   A. eggs
   B. meat
   C. milk
   D. wool

45. During adolescence, which change is not experienced by boys?
   A. Hair growing on the chin
   B. Deepening of voice
   C. Broadening of hips
   D. Enlargement of sexual organs

46. Convection is a process of heat transfer in
   A. solids and air
   B. liquids and solids
   C. liquids only
   D. air and liquids

47. Proteins are first digested in the
   A. mouth
   B. stomach
   C. small intestine
   D. large intestine

48. A ship floats on water mainly because of its
   A. mass
   B. size
   C. shape
   D. volume

49. How many pre-molar teeth are there in an adult?
   A. Eight
   B. Twelve
   C. Six
   D. Four

50. The following are personal items except
   A. toothpaste
   B. socks
   C. handkerchief
   D. toothbrush
Joseph _______ 1 ______ a controversial life. He loved _______ 2 ______ things _______ 3 ______ life and _______ 4 ______ many good cars. His _______ 5 ______ life was _______ 6 ______. Joseph was _______ 7 ______ to very many young _______ 8 ______. However his drinking _______ 9 ______ were worrying. He _______ 10 ______ invite friends and go in a drinking _______ 11 ______ and if he _______ 12 ______ that the money had _______ 13 ______ out, he would fork _______ 14 ______ more. He would spend _______ 15 ______ than tenty thousand shillings to entertain his friends.

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<td>1. living</td>
<td>leaved</td>
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<td>6. troubles</td>
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<td>12. learnt</td>
<td>learn</td>
<td>learning</td>
<td>learned</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. goes</td>
<td>gone</td>
<td>ran</td>
<td>run</td>
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<tr>
<td>14. more</td>
<td>up</td>
<td>out</td>
<td>on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. many</td>
<td>more</td>
<td>beyond</td>
<td>much</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
23. She bought a _______ of flowers
   A. banquet
   B. gang
   C. pride
   D. litter

24. There is a _______ of lions in the park.
   A. herd
   B. shoal
   C. pride
   D. troop

25. The goat is with its _______
   A. kids
   B. lambs
   C. calves
   D. puppies

26. A lion lives in a _______
   A. byre
   B. kennel
   C. shed
   D. den

27. A dog barks but a cat _______
   A. moos
   B. croaks
   C. purrs
   D. brays

28. A. Goverment
   B. Government
   C. Government
   D. Govormnet

29. A. Beatiful
   B. Beautiful
   C. Beutiful
   D. Beautiful

30. He is suffering _______ malaria
   A. in
   B. with
   C. at
   D. from
Read the following passage and then answer questions 31 - 40:

Ongeri lived in the village of Manyatta. He lived alone in a small hut because he was not married. He had a big farm where he planted maize, beans, cabbages, onions and carrots. He liked working in his farm from seven o’clock in the morning until noon. Even though Ongeri lived alone, he was a happy man because he never lacked food. After some time, he started experiencing a certain problem. His food was disappearing from where he kept it.

Ongeri wondered what always happened to his food. Every evening before going to bed, he made sure that he kept the food safely in the cupboard. But the following morning he always found the cupboard open and food missing. This troubled him a lot. He asked his neighbours to help him solve the problem but no one gave a solution. After many weeks, he decided that he had to discover who stole the food.

One day, he put food in a bowl and decided not to close the door of the cupboard. He then went to bed and pretended to be asleep. He had to catch the thief. It was now very dark because he had already put out the fire. However, he had his torch under the pillow. One hour, two hours, three hours ………… nothing unusual happened. After four hours, he thought he heard some noise. He listened carefully. He sat up, torch in his hand. Before he made a move, he began to feel afraid. “Suppose it is a gang of robbers,” he thought. Immediately, a neighbour’s cat sprang out from the cupboard and passed through a space which was under the door.

31. Manyatta is the name of a
   A. school
   B. town
   C. market
   D. village

32. Ongeri lived alone because he was not
   A. kind
   B. polite
   C. married
   D. honest

33. Which pair shows crops that Ongeri planted?
   A. Maize and sugarcane
   B. Onions and beans
   C. Cabbages and rice
   D. Yams and carrots

34. At what time did Ongeri start working in his farm?
   A. At noon
   B. Seven o’clock in the evening
   C. At midnight
   D. Seven o’clock in the morning

35. What made Ongeri to be a happy man?
   A. Having a big farm
   B. Lacking food
   C. Having many friends
   D. Not lacking food

36. Where did Ongeri keep his food?
   A. In a pot
   B. In a cupboard
   C. In a basin
   D. In a kettle

37. What troubled Ongeri a lot?
   A. Missing food
   B. Loneliness
   C. A lot of work
   D. Famine

38. Did the neighbours help Ongeri to solve the problem he was facing?
   A. Yes
   B. May be
   C. No
   D. We are not told

39. What did Ongeri put under the pillow?
   A. Fire
   B. Panga
   C. Torch
   D. Bulb

40. According to the passage, Ongeris’ food was eaten by
   A. Ongeri’s neighbour
   B. a cat
   C. a dog
   D. Ongeri’s friend
Read the passage below carefully and then answer questions 41 - 50:-

Once upon a time elephant and hare were great friends. One day, there was a dance in which every dancer was required to have a big stomach. Hare had a skinny body and he could not be allowed to dance. Elephant willingly lent him a stomach.

After the dance, hare decided to keep the stomach to himself at all cost. He dug a big hole and covered it with leaves. When elephant sent antelope to get the stomach hare led him to the hole. Antelope was killed instantly.

Elephant also sent zebra, goat, cow and then giraffe but they never came back. At last, lion was sent. Because of all that had happened, lion was very careful. So when he was invited for a walk, he walked behind hare. When hare stopped lion stopped too. When hare realised that lion could not be tricked easily, he suggested that they rest. He wanted lion to fall asleep so that he could drag him into the hole. But lion could not be fooled easily. He pretended to be asleep. After sometime, hare tiptoed to where lion was and made an attempt to drag him. But lion sprang up and roared so loudly that hare ran off and fell into the hole. Lion got into the hole, took elephant’s stomach and left hare crying helplessly inside the hole.

41. According to the passage, who were great friends?
   A. Lion and elephant
   B. Hare and lion
   C. Hare and elephant
   D. Zebra and goat

42. For one to take part in dancing they required
   A. a thin waist
   B. a ticket
   C. an elephant
   D. a big stomach

43. Elephant willingly lent his stomach. This means that
   A. he refused
   B. he gave it out at a fee
   C. he gave it out freely
   D. he was forced

44. Who was the first animal to be sent?
   A. lion
   B. Antelope
   C. Zebra
   D. Goat

45. How many animals are mentioned in the passage?
   A. Seven
   B. Eight
   C. Six
   D. Nine

46. All animals went and never came back because
   A. hare ate them
   B. they disappeared in the forest
   C. they were killed
   D. they were locked up

47. Which precaution did the lion take?
   A. He killed hare
   B. He kept walking behind hare
   C. He buried the hare
   D. He carried a big stick

48. When hare discovered that lion could not be tricked
   A. he ran away
   B. he suggested that they rest
   C. he jumped into the hole
   D. he gave back the stomach

49. The word attempt is underlined. It means
   A. kill
   B. trap
   C. try
   D. accept

50. The most suitable title for the passage is
   A. The Ungrateful Hare
   B. Elephant and Hare
   C. hare and the Lion
   D. The Dancing Competition
Use the map of SOKO AREA above to answer questions 1 - 7:-

1. River Tiba flows from which direction?
   A. South West  B. South East  C. North East  D. North West

2. The people of Soko area are mainly
   A. Muslims    B. Hindus     C. Traditionalists D. Christians

3. Soko area is headed by
   A. Senator    B. County representative C. Governor   D. County Commissioner

4. The main means of transport in Soko area is
   A. air        B. road       C. water    D. railway

5. The cash crop grown in Soko area is
   A. tea        B. coffee     C. maize    D. pyrethrum

6. The climate of the North Eastern region of Soko area is
   A. cool and dry B. hot and wet C. hot and dry   D. cool and wet

7. Which economic activity is not practised in Soko area?
   A. Cattle keeping B. Crop growing C. Tourism   D. Trade

8. The smallest country in Eastern Africa is
   A. Rwanda    B. Djibouti  C. Uganda   D. Tanzania

9. The following are Bantu speakers except
   A. Dinka    B. Chagga    C. Pokomo   D. Baganda
33. The following types of fish are caught in inland fishing grounds except
   A. Tuna       B. Nile perch
   C. Tilapia    D. Mud fish

34. A house provides which basic family need?
   A. Clothing       B. Food
   C. Shelter       D. Security

35. Which of the following lakes is not found in the Rift Valley?
   A. Lake Victoria       B. Lake Turkana
   C. Lake Tanganyika    D. Lake Baringo

36. Who appoints members of the county executive committee?
   A. President
   B. County Commissioner
   C. Governor
   D. Senator

37. The following are human rights except
   A. right to life
   B. freedom of speech
   C. right to education
   D. right to punish criminals

38. The feature above was formed through
   A. volcanicity       B. faulting
   C. down warping      D. folding

39. The part marked M is known as
   A. horst
   B. escarpment
   C. crater
   D. vent

40. Which of these mountains was formed through the above process?
   A. Mt. Meru
   B. Mt. Marsabit
   C. Mt. Kilimanjaro
   D. Mt. Ruwenzori

41. The main tea growing area in Kenya is
   A. Kiambu
   B. Nyeri
   C. Laihipia
   D. Kericho

42. Marine fishing is mainly conducted in
   A. Lake Turkana
   B. Indian Ocean
   C. Lake Victoria
   D. River Tana

43. Who is not a member of the nuclear family?
   A. Uncle
   B. Father
   C. Mother
   D. Child

44. The type of rainfall experienced around lake Victoria is
   A. relief
   B. cyclonic
   C. frontal
   D. convectional

45. Which method is used to mine soda ash?
   A. drilling
   B. Open cast
   C. Dredging
   D. Panning

46. The type of breeze shown below is called
   A. sea breeze
   B. land breeze
   C. ocean breeze
   D. convectional breeze

47. Who was the first Prime Minister in Kenya?
   A. Raila Odinga
   B. Daniel Moi
   C. Mwai Kibaki
   D. Jomo Kenyatta

48. When is Mashujaa Day celebrated in Kenya?
   A. 12th December
   B. 1st June
   C. 20th October
   D. 1st May

49. A raised land that is fairly flat on top is known as
   A. table land
   B. valley
   C. steep slope
   D. dyke

50. Which of the following is a duty of a citizen?
   A. Giving out bribes
   B. Paying tax
   C. Killing thieves
   D. Organising riots

51. Which of these rivers is found in Tanzania?
   A. River Rufiji
   B. River Omo
   C. River Sio
   D. River Athi

52. The country that is landlocked among the following is
   A. Somalia
   B. Eritrea
   C. Uganda
   D. Tanzania

53. The deepest lake in Eastern Africa is
   A. Lake Victoria
   B. Lake Kyoga
   C. Lake Malawi
   D. Lake Tanganyika

54. The main reason why the Bantus migrated into Kenya was to
   A. run away from hostile communities
   B. search for water and pasture
   C. search for rich land for agriculture
   D. look for trading areas

55. The following factors promote peace. Which one DOES NOT?
   A. Respecting other people
   B. Fair treatment
   C. Organising games and sports
   D. Unequal distribution of resources

56. The community that paints their body with red ochre soil is
   A. Maasai
   B. Luhyia
   C. Taita
   D. Akamba

57. What is the main tourist attraction in Kenya?
   A. Historical sites
   B. Sandy beaches
   C. Wildlife
   D. Good climate

58. Which of these towns in Kenya is the oldest?
   A. Malindi
   B. Nairobi
   C. Kisumu
   D. Eldoret
10. The latitude marked 23° ½ N is called
   A. Tropic of Cancer
   B. Tropic of Capricorn
   C. Equator
   D. Arctic circle

11. The weather instrument shown below is used to measure

   A. speed of wind
   B. strength of wind
   C. temperature
   D. atmospheric pressure

12. The following are arms of the government except
   A. legislature B. judiciary
   C. executive D. police

13. Height above sea level is known as
   A. longitude B. latitude
   C. altitude D. vegetation

14. The Luos and Luhya's in the past mainly interacted through
   A. intermarriage B. trade
   C. ceremonies D. migration

15. The following are examples of cultural artefacts except
   A. gun B. spear
   C. bow D. gourd

16. Which of the following is not a form of child abuse?
   A. Child labour
   B. Torturing a child
   C. Taking a child to school
   D. Early marriages

17. Which of the following towns developed mainly as an agricultural centre?
   A. Nairobi
   B. Nakuru
   C. Kisumu
   D. Mombasa

18. The capital city of the country marked M is
   A. Mogadishu
   B. Khartoum
   C. Kigali
   D. Juba

19. The shaded region marked N is
   A. cool and wet
   B. hot and dry
   C. hot and wet
   D. cool and dry

20. The water body marked P is known as
   A. Red Sea
   B. Indian Ocean
   C. Lake Turkana
   D. Mediterranean Sea

21. Which of these communities is majorly found in the countries marked S and T?
   A. Alur
   B. Luhyia
   C. Taita
   D. Maasai

22. The country marked U is headed by a
   A. king
   B. Prime Minister
   C. President
   D. Chief

23. Which one is a service industry?
   A. Banking
   B. Textile industry
   C. Vehicle assembling
   D. Paint factory

24. The following are causes of soil erosion except
   A. deforestation
   B. understocking
   C. monocropping
   D. overcropping

25. The council of elders among the Ameru is called
   A. Agamb
   B. Mwirega
   C. Kiama
   D. Njuri Ncheke

26. The colour of the national flag that symbolises blood shed is
   A. white
   B. green
   C. red
   D. black

27. The main River-Lake Nilote in Kenya is
   A. Keiyo
   B. Samburu
   C. Tugen
   D. Luo

28. The black cotton soil can best be used in growing
   A. tea
   B. coffee
   C. rice
   D. pyrethrum

29. Which of the following means of communication can be sued to pass information to very many people at the same time?
   A. Radio
   B. Telephone
   C. Fax
   D. Messenger

30. Who among the following led the Agiriama to resist the British?
   A. Waiyaki wa Hinga
   B. Nabongo Mumia
   C. Sakawa
   D. Mekatillii wa Menza

31. Who is elected to represent a ward?
   A. Women representation
   B. County representative
   C. Senator
   D. County Commissioner

32. Which one of the following means of transport is mainly used to transport bulky goods over land?
59. Dairy farming is commonly carried out in areas that are
   A. hot and dry    B. cool and dry
   C. hot and wet    D. cool and wet

60. The first Luo group to arrive in Kenya during migration was
   A. Joka Omolo    B. Joka Jok
   C. Joka Owiny    D. Luo Abasuba

SECTION II - C.R.E

61. God created Eve to be Adam’s
   A. worker    B. slave
   C. companion D. child

62. Where was Abraham living when God called him?
   A. Ur        B. Haran
   C. Midian    D. Egypt

63. The traders who bought Joseph from his brothers took him to the land of
   A. Canaan    B. Samaria
   C. Egypt     D. Jericho

64. The last book in the Old Testament of the Bible is
   A. Revelation B. Exodus
   C. Psalms     D. Malachi

65. Jacob had how many sons?
   A. Eleven     B. Two
   C. Twelve     D. Six

66. Who told Abraham to go and offer his son as a sacrifice?
   A. God       B. Witchdoctor
   C. Satan     D. Magician

67. King Ahab wanted Naboth’s
   A. palace     B. vineyard
   C. wife      D. animals

68. On the day of Passover, the Israelites ate
   A. boiled meat B. bitter herbs
   C. leavened bread D. cooked blood

69. What is the best gift that King Solomon asked from God?
   A. Wisdom    B. Wives
   C. Wealth    D. Power

70. On which mountain did Moses die?
   A. Mt. Nebo   B. Mt. Ararat
   C. Mt. Sinai  D. Mt. Olives

71. Which of the following is a gift that the wisemen took to baby Jesus?
   A. Silver    B. Clothes
   C. Gold      D. Blanket

72. Who informed King Herod about the birth of Jesus?
   A. An angel  B. Shepherds
   C. Wisemen   D. Disciples

73. Jesus and his parents were refugees in
   A. Nazareth  B. Bethlehem
   C. Jerusalem D. Egypt

74. When Jesus was being tempted, the devil told him to change
   A. bread into stones  B. water into wine

75. The first disciples of Jesus worked as
   A. carpenters    B. fishermen
   C. tax collectors D. priests

76. John the baptist told people to
   A. revenge      B. repent
   C. hide         D. cry

77. The home town of Jesus was in
   A. Bethlehem    B. Jerusalem
   C. Jericho      D. Nazareth

78. What was the name of the pool where Jesus sent the blind man to go and wash his face?
   A. Siloam     B. Cans
   C. Olives     D. Gethsemane

79. Who denied Jesus three times?
   A. Judas Iscariot    B. Levi
   C. Simon Peter      D. Thomas

80. The following are gifts of the Holy Spirit except
   A. faith    B. wisdom
   C. healing D. faithfulness

81. Lazarus and his sisters lived in the town of
   A. Bethlehem    B. Antioch
   C. Bethany     D. Galilee

82. Which of the following happened on the day of Pentecost?
   A. Jesus died   B. Jesus ascended to heaven
   C. Jesus was betrayed by Judas D. The Holy Spirit descended on disciples

83. The disciple of Jesus who did not believe that Jesus had risen from the dead was
   A. Thomas     B. Andrew
   C. James      D. Phillip

84. Jesus raised a widow’s son in the town of
   A. Nain       B. Jericho
   C. Capernaum D. Bethlehem

85. The Akamba call their God
   A. Enkai    B. Asia
   C. Mulungu D. Were

86. In the past, shrines were considered to be
   A. unholy places B. evil places
   C. holy places  D. dangerous places

87. In the past, children were expected to be
   A. rude   B. disobedient
   C. obedient D. dishonest

88. Irresponsible boy-girl relationship can lead to all the following except
   A. unwanted pregnancy B. early marriage
   C. dropping out of school D. passing exams

89. A good leader should not be
   A. kind    B. loving
   C. polite   D. corrupt

90. One cannot contract HIV/AIDS through
   A. sexual intercourse B. shaking hands
   C. blood transfusion D. sharing sharp objects
1. Which of the following is six million eight hundred and five thousand two hundred and nine in symbols?
   A. 6850209
   B. 6805290
   C. 6805290
   D. 6805209

2. What is the total value of digit 4 in the number 24678?
   A. 40000
   B. 4000
   C. 400
   D. 400000

3. Find the value of: \(\sqrt{841}\)
   A. 26
   B. 23
   C. 19
   D. 29

4. What is \(\frac{17}{20}\) as a decimal?
   A. 0.85
   B. 1.7
   C. 0.834
   D. 0.84

5. What is the place value of digit 3 in the number 261.435?
   A. Tenths
   B. Thousandths
   C. Hundredths
   D. Tens

6. The area of the square below is 289 m\(^2\). What is its perimeter?
   A. 17 m
   B. 34 m
   C. 68 m
   D. 108 m

7. What is 48 in Roman numerals?
   A. LXVIII
   B. XLVIII
   C. XLVII
   D. LXVII

8. In a certain town the population is as follows;
   - Men - 3605035
   - Women - 2900000
   - Children - 4000101

   How many people are there in the town?
   A. 10505151
   B. 10505136
   C. 10550151
   D. 10055155

9. Name the angle shown below.
   A. Acute
   B. Right angle
   C. Reflex
   D. Obtuse
10. Find the **next number** in the series below.
   61, 63, 66, 71, 78, ________
   A. 87       B. 89       C. 92       D. 95

11. If 2004 was a leap year, when was the next leap year?

12. Work out:
   \[46871 - 29984 = \]
   A. 16987       B. 17887       C. 76855       D. 16887

13. Rose sells juice in glasses each holiday 300ml. One day she sold 24 litres of juice. How many glasses of juice did she sell?
   A. 80       B. 800       C. 8       D. 240

14. What is the **volume** of the cuboid below?

   \[\text{Volume} = 5 \times 9 \times 12 = \]
   A. 504 cm³       B. 540 cm³       C. 450 m³       D. 560 m³

15. Work out:
   \[724623 - 292720 = \]
   A. 441903       B. 531903       C. 432903       D. 431903

16. James employed 35 workers. He paid each worker Sh. 490. How much did he pay all the workers?
   A. Sh. 17050       B. Sh. 17150       C. Sh. 16150       D. Sh. 18150

17. A contractor can tarmac 32 km of road in a day. How many days will he take to complete 2496 km of road?
   A. 77 days       B. 79 days       C. 76 days       D. 78 days

18. What is the sum of **prime numbers** between 20 and 30?
   A. 52       B. 79       C. 50       D. 100

19. Calculate the breadth of a cuboid whose volume is 270 m³ and the length and width are 1.5 m and 9 m respectively?
   A. 27 m       B. 25 m       C. 200 m       D. 20 m

20. Work out:
   \[1\frac{1}{3} + 2\frac{1}{4} = \]
   A. \(3\frac{1}{12}\)       B. \(3\frac{7}{12}\)       C. \(3\frac{9}{12}\)       D. \(2\frac{7}{12}\)

21. What is the area of the figure below?

   \[\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} \times 8 \times 15 = \]
   A. 120 cm²       b. 80 cm²       C. 60 cm²       D. 70 cm²

22. Janet collected 3½ kg of cabbages, 2½ kg of carrots and 4½ kg of kales from her garden. How much load did she carry?
   A. 9½ kg       B. 36⅓ kg       C. 10½ kg       D. 11½ kg
23. Wilson packed 750kg of sugar in packets holding 500g each. How many packets did he use?
A. 15000  
B. 1500  
C. 15  
D. 150

24. Workout:
495 x 23 = ______
A. 10385  
B. 11285  
C. 11385  
D. 11475

25. What is 0.75 as a fraction in its simplest form?
A. \(\frac{1}{4}\)  
B. \(\frac{3}{4}\)  
C. \(\frac{3}{4}\)  
D. \(\frac{1}{4}\)

26. Convert \(\frac{1}{5}\) into percentage.
A. 5%  
B. 50%  
C. 30%  
D. 20%

27. What is the approximate length of your classroom door?
A. 200 cm  
B. 200 m  
C. 2 cm  
D. 20 m

28. The perimeter of the figure below is 72 cm. Calculate its length.

\[ P = 72 \text{ cm} \]

A. 60 cm  
B. 6 cm  
C. 48 cm  
D. 24 cm

29. Musa is 12 years old. Mike is 6 years older than Musa. How old is Mike?
A. 6 years  
B. 20 years  
C. 18 years  
D. 22 years

30. Thomas bought the following items from a shop:
- 3 kg of flour @ Sh. 89.00  
- 1 kg of sugar at Sh. 105.00  
- 4 packets of milk @ Sh. 42.00  
- A packet of tea leaves for Sh. 55.00
If he gave the shopkeeper Sh. 1000 note, how much was his balance?
A. Sh. 705  
B. Sh. 405  
C. Sh. 595  
D. Sh. 450

31. How many days are there in the months of January, February and March of a leap year?
A. 90  
B. 91  
C. 92  
D. 89

32. Find the value of \(x\) in
\[ x + 90 = 220 \]
A. 310  
B. 150  
C. 320  
D. 130

33. How many kilometres are there in 4785 metres?
A. 47.85  
B. 478.5  
C. 4.785  
d. 4785000

34. Calculate the value of the angle marked \(m\) in the figure below.

\[ \angle P = 72^\circ \]

A. 127°  
B. 73°  
C. 63°  
D. 53°

35. Luke left home at 8.30 a.m. If he arrived in town after eight hours, at what time did he arrive in town?
A. 4.40 a.m  
B. 4.30 p.m  
C. 5.30 p.m  
D. 4.00 p.m
36. Work out:

\[
26 \sqrt{988} 
\]

A. 28  B. 36  
C. 42  D. 38

37. Subtract:

\[10005 - 2436 = \] 

A. 7569  B. 8569  
C. 7479  D. 7579

38. What is the area of the rectangle below?

\[\text{Area} = 73 \text{cm} \times 29 \text{cm} \]

A. 2017 cm²  B. 2107 cm²  
C. 2117 cm²  D. 1217 cm²

39. What is the sum of 2561 and 1853?

A. 708  B. 4414  
C. 3414  D. 4424

40. Jomo bought a radio at Sh. 1080 and later sold it at Sh. 1950. How much profit did he make?

A. Sh. 3030  B. Sh. 970  
C. Sh. 880  D. Sh. 870

41. In a school 40% of the pupils are girls. If 540 pupils are boys, how many pupils are there in the school?

A. 900  B. 1350  
C. 540  D. 580

42. Round off 18.57163 to 3 decimal places.

A. 18.571  B. 18.570  
C. 18.6  D. 18.572

43. Work out:

\[2\frac{1}{4} - 1\frac{1}{5} = \] 

A. 1\frac{1}{4}  B. 1\frac{1}{20}  
C. 2\frac{1}{20}  D. 1\frac{1}{5}

44. Njogu has a square garden of length 50 m. Find its area?

A. 200 m²  B. 2500 m²  
C. 250 m²  D. 25000 m²

45. Work out:

\[0.738 + 3.6 = \] 

A. 0.205  B. 205  
C. 2.05  D. 20.5

46. Find the sum of the square of 16 and the square root of 16.

A. 252  B. 256  
C. 1024  D. 260

47. Atieno got 16 correct answers out of 25 questions. What was her score as a percentage?

A. 16%  B. 32%  
C. 80%  D. 64%

48. What is the product of \(4^{3/2}\) and \(2^{3/8}\)?

A. \(10^{29/56}\)  B. \(10^{39/5}\)  
c. \(10^{49/56}\)  D. \(10^{49/5}\)

49. A box measures 0.8 m by 2.5 m by 0.6 m. What is its volume in cm³?

A. 1.2 cm³  B. 1200000 cm³  
C. 120000 cm³  D. 1200 cm³

50. What is the next shape in the pattern below?
Umepewa dakika 40 kuandika insha yako.
Kamilisha insha ifuatayo na uifanye iwe ya kuvutia zaidi.

Baraka na Bahati walikuwa marafiki wa kufa kupona.
You have been given 40 minutes to write your composition.
Write an interesting composition starting with the following words:

I had just woken up when...
## HIGH RANK EXAM SERIES
### STANDARD SIX
#### YEAR 2016

### MARKING SCHEMES

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### COMPOSITION MARKING SCHEME

#### MARKING CRITERIA

1. The composition will be assessed according to the following guidelines.
   - The maximum mark will be 40 and the minimum mark 01
   - Does the script show that the candidate can communicate accurately fluently and imaginatively in English?
   - Accuracy (8 marks)
     - (a) Correct tenses and agreement of verbs (4 marks)
     - (b) Accurate use of vocabulary (4 marks)
   - Fluency (8 marks)
     - (a) Words in the correct order (4 marks)
     - (b) Sentence connected and paragraphs (4 marks)
   - Imagination (8 marks)
     - (a) Unusual but appropriate use of words and phrases (4 marks)
     - (b) Variety of structure (4 marks)

2. The candidate should:
   - Develop ideas clearly and logically
   - Use language accurately
   - Correct use of punctuation

3. NB: Please, teachers are requested to scrutinize this marking scheme before use. It is worth.