



HIGH RANK EXAM SERIES

DARASA LA SITA

MWAKA 2016

[6]

KISWAHILI

Muda: Saa 1 Dk. 40

JINSI YA KUTUMIA KARATASI YA MAJIBU

1. Umepewa kijitabu hiki cha maswali na karatasi ya kujibia. Kijitabu hiki kina Maswali 50
2. Hakikisha umeandika:-
 - (i) JINA LAKO
 - (ii) JINA LA SHULE YAKO
3. Ukisha chagua jibu lako lionyeshe katika KARATASI YA MAJIBU na wala sio katika kijitabu hiki cha maswali

Chagua jibu sahihi kujaza nafasi zilizoachwa wazi kuanzia 1 mpaka 15:-

Uvutaji wa sigara ni 1 ya uraibu 2 unashirikisha watu 3 sana hasa vijana. Kila 4, vijana wanajitosa katika uwanja 5 hatari wa kuvuta sigara. Wengi wao hawajui kuwa uvutaji wa sigara ni hatari kwa maisha yao na 6 husababisha vifo 7 wengi 8 duniani.

Madhara ya uvutaji sigara kwa afya 9 ghafla bin vu 10 huchukua muda 11 ili kuonekana au 12. Madhara haya hutokana na kemikali 13 katika sigara. Kemikali 14 madhara 15 kwa mwanadamu husababisha ndwele mbalimbali.

A.	B.	C.	D.
1. moja	mojawapo	mmoja	mmojawapo
2. ambaye	ambayo	ambazo	ambao
3. wengi	mingi	kadhaa	maridhawa
4. ujao	kucha	uchao	kutwa
5. huyu	huu	hilo	hao
6. kabla	kua	lakini	kuwa
7. vya	za	wa	cha
8. lote	wote	kote	pale
9. hutokea	hayatokei	huonekana	hauonekani
10. mbali	ilhali	hata	bali
11. mrefu	mingi	ndefu	mrevu
12. kujuana	kudhihirika	kuona	tambulika
13. zilizokuwa	zitikazokuwa	zilizomo	iliyomo
14. lenye	wenye	chenye	zenye
15. makubwa	haba	kidogo	kubwa

Kutoka swali la 16 - 30, jibu swali kulingana

na maagizo uliyopewa:

16. Kanusha sentensi hii;
Wewe ndiwe uliyefika
A. Wewe ndiwe haukufika.
B. Wewe sio ulifika.
C. Wewe siwe uliyefika.
D. Wewe ndio haukufika.
17. Chagua neno mwafaka kukamilisha sentensi;
Huyu _____ mwanafunzi aliyetia fora zaidi.
A. ndio B. ndiyo
C. ndiwe D. ndiye
18. Andika sentensi ifuatayo katika wingi;
Mama ameenda sokoni.
A. Mama wameenda sokoni.
B. Akina mama wameenda masokoni.
C. Wamama wameenda sokoni.
D. Akina wameenda sokoni.
19. Ni neno lipi halipatikani katika ngeli ya KI - VI?
A. Kinyonga B. Kitita
C. Kioo B. Kijiko
20. Tumia kiulizi kifaacho;
Ni barua _____ iliyotumwa.
A. lipi B. yupi
C. zipi D. gani
21. Chagua kihusishi katika sentensi hii;
Gari lenyewe liliegeshwa kando ya barabara.
A. Barabara B. Kando ya
C. Gari D. Liliegeshwa
22. Tumia kivumishi cha idadi kifaacho kukamilisha sentensi hii
Wanafunzi _____ hawakufanya mtihani.
A. wasita B. wakumi
C. saba D. tatu
23. Ni sehemu gani haipatikani ndani ya mwili?
A. Kisogo B. Ubongo
C. Ufizi D. Mapafu
24. Makao ya nyuki ni ndani ya mzinga. Je, makao ya kuku huitwaje?
A. Kombe B. Kiota
C. Zizi D. Kizimba
25. Semi "kufua dafu" inamaanisha
A. kuambulia patutu
B. kutumbukia nyongo
C. kufaulu katika jambo
D. kuosha dafu
26. Akisami $\frac{1}{5}$ kwa maneno huitwa
A. sudusi B. humusi
C. subui D. ushuri
27. Kamilisha sentensi kwa kutumia kiunganishi sahihi;
Hakusoma _____ kuandika mchana wote
A. lakini B. bila
C. kwa sababu D. wala
28. Jaza pengo kwa maneno mwafaka;
Kiti _____ kikubwa _____ kilichovunjika
A. hicho, ndicho
B. hiyo, ndicho
C. hicho, ndio
D. hivi, ndivyo
29. Tumia kivumishi '-pya-' kukamilisha sentensi;
Chumba _____ kimejengwa.
A. mpya B. kipya
C. wapya D. vipya
30. Chagua sentensi iliyoakifishwa ifaavyo.
A. Huyu ni mtoto wa nani,
B. "Je, umemwona mgeni?"
C. Nitanutua maembe! machungwa na mapera.
D. Aka, kumbe huyo ni mwizi!

Soma taarifa ifuatayo kisha ujibu maswali 31 - 40:-

Hapo zamani za kale katika msitu mkubwa, aliishi Simba mmoja aliyekuwa mkali sana. Chambilecho wahenga, mkali Simba huyu hakuwajali wanyama wengine na aliwala ovyoovy kadri alivyopenda.

Siku moja, alitoka kwenda kuwinda kwani alihisi njaa sana. Siku hiyo, alikutana na panya mdogo sana. "Shikamoo simba," alisema huku akirukaruka kwa furaha. Simba hakujibu na badala yake alipandwa na mori na kumfokea, "Ondoka mbele yangu kiumbe duni wewe." Panya alishtuka lakini akamuonya simba kuwa hata kama ni mkubwa kuliko wanyama wengine, siku moja atajikuta mashakani na mnyama kama yeye atamsaidia. Simba alishangaa ikiwa mnyama mdogo kama panya angemsaidia. Panya alipoona kuwa simba amekasirika, alienda zake.

Jioni moja, baada ya muda mrefu, panya alitoka kwenda matembezi kama kawaida yake. Alisikia mlilo wa mnyama. Baada ya kusikiliza kwa makini alitambua kuwa alikuwa ni simba. Alienda upesi na alipofika mahali pale alishangaa kumkuta simba taabani mtegoni. Simba alimsihi panya autegua mtego, naye panya aliangua kicheko. Akacheka hadi machozi yakamtoka. Hapo ndipo alipomkumbusha simba maneno aliyoyasema siku fulani kuwa mnyama mdogo kama yeye angeweza kumwoko pakubwa. Simba alimwomba msamaha kumrairai amwokoe. Panya alikubali kumwoko kwani alisononeka kwa maumivu. Tangu siku hiyo, Simba aliacha tabia ya kuwadharau na kuwadhulumu wanyama wengine. Simba na panya wakawa **marafiki wa chanda na pete.**

- | | |
|---|---|
| 31. Sifa za simba anayezungumziwa kwenya aya ya kwanza ni
A. mchoyo
B. mkali
C. mkarimu
D. mdadisi | 36. Ni nini simba alichoomba mwanzoni panya akifanye
A. Kumpa chakula
B. Kuutegua mtego
C. Kumpeleka mawindoni
D. Kuutega mtego |
| 32. Kamilisha tashbihi; Mkali kama _____
A. ndovu
B. fisi
C. panya
D. simba | 37. Kwa nini panya aliamua kumwoko simba?
A. Walikuwa marafiki wa kufa kuzikana
B. Panya hakupenda kuyasikia makelele ya simba
C. Simba angemwoko panya siku moja
D. Simba alilia kwa maumivu |
| 33. Simba hakuwajali wanyama wengine kwani
A. alienda kuwinda nao
B. aliwala ovyo ovyo
C. hakuwaamkua
D. aliishi peke yake | 38. Maneno " marafiki wa chanda na pete " yanamaanisha
A. marafiki wanafiki
B. marafiki wa kufa kuzikana
C. marafiki walaghai
D. marafiki watundu |
| 34. Kwa nini simba aliamua kwenda kuwinda?
A. Alitaka kumla panya
B. Alipenda kuwinda
C. Alihisi njaa sana
D. Aliona kiu | 39. Si kweli kusema kuwa
A. Simba aliwadharau wanyama wengine
B. Panya na Simba hatimaye walikuwa marafiki
C. Simba aliishi kwenye msitu
D. Panya hakumwoko Simba |
| 35. Panya alikuwa anafanya nini aliposikia mlilo wa mnyama?
A. Alikuwa akiwinda
B. Alikuwa akilala
C. Alikuwa akipumzika
D. Alikuwa matembezini | 40. Kichwa mwafaka zaidi kwa taarifa hii ni
A. Maisha Msituni
B. Simba Mtegoni
C. Kisa cha Panya na Simba
D. Kicheko cha Panya |

Soma taarifa ifuatayo kisha ujibu maswali 41 - 50:-

Sijakuwa na mazoea ya kulala peke yangu. Lakini kwa kuwa wazazi wangu walikwenda kukesha harusini nikawa sina budi. Nikaufunga mlango ndi ndi ndi na kujifunika gubigubi eti nisione kane na mwizi atakapoingia. Jinsi nilivyojitahidi, usingizi haukuja. Mwishowe, nikashindwa nguvu na usingizi nikajikuta nikitoa mlio kama wa punda.

Ghafla bin vuu, nikasikia jibwa la jirani likibweka bwe bwe bwe. Nikashtuka! Kumbe jizi lilikuwa dirishani! Mwili wake ulikuwa mweusi na unametameta kwa mafuta aliyojipaka. Nikapiga mayowe kwa sauti yangu yote. Sikujijua tena ila tu nilijiona nimezingirwa na wazazi wangu na daktari.

Moyo ukazidi kunidunda kuyaona hayo. Ilikuwa je na ilikwendaje hata wazazi wangu wakawa hapo! Ndiyo mambo yaliyonishangaza. Kumbe mayowe yangu ndiyo yaliyoninusuru. Jizi lile lilikuwa na silaha mbaya lakini ukelele wangu uliwafanya majirani kulivamia na kuhitisha kwa nyuta na mishale. Lilipoona maji yamefika kooni lilisalimu amri.

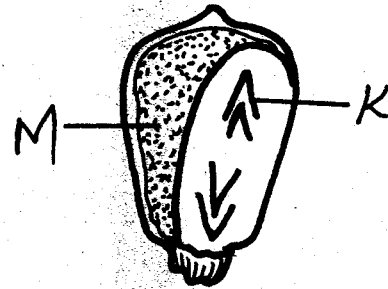
Watu walilionyesha cha mtema kuni. kilichomsaidia ni kule kufika kwa polisi waliokuta watu wameshalifunga tairi tayari kulichoma. Na lilipokuwa likinyunyuziwa petroli, lilibubujikwa na machozi huku likilia kama mtoto mchanga

Kweli, roho i tamu, kwani liliomba na likaombewa. Pamoja na hayo yuko aliyeliambia, "Mkuki kwa nguruwe kwa binadamu u mchungu."

- | | |
|---|--|
| 41. Mwandishi hakuwa ana mazoea ya
A. kwenda arusini
B. kukesha arusini
C. kulala peke yake
D. kulala dirisha likiwa wazi | 47. Sentensi ipi ni kweli?
A. Jizi lilikuwa na nyuta na mishale
B. Majirani waliwaita polisi kulishika jizi
C. Mayowe yalifanya jizi kusalimu amri
D. Majirani walionyesha ujasiri |
| 42. Mlango hufungwa ndi ndi ndi au hukomewa
A. fufu
B. fyu fyu
C. kome kome
D. titiri | 48. Kufika kwa polisi
A. kuliwafurahisha watu
B. kulichelewa
C. kuliliokoa jizi
D. kulileta vurugu |
| 43. Mwizi alijipaka mafuta mwili wote ili
A. apate kung'ara
B. aweze kumetameta
C. azidi weusi
D. mwili uteleza | 49. Jizi lilia sana
A. lilipomwagiwa mafuta
B. polisi walipofika
C. lilipofungwa tairi
D. liliposhikwa |
| 44. Mwandishi alipomwona mwizi
A. alishangaa
B. alizimia
C. alianguka
D. alipiga unyende | 50. "Mkuki kwa nguruwe kwa binadamu mchungu." Methali hii ina maanisha kuwa
A. mkuki hupigwa nguruwe si binadamu
B. mwanadamu anafaa kumpiga nguruwe mkuki
C. tusiwe tayari kuwafanya wengine mabaya
D. mwizi hafai kuhurumiwa hata akilia |
| 45. Wazazi wake mwandishi walifika
A. kwa kusikia mayowe yake
B. kwa kuwa na shaka
C. kwa yeye kuwapigia simu
D. kwa fujo iliyokuwako | |
| 46. Kusalimu amri ni sawa na
A. kusalimia wakuu
B. kukubali amri
C. kusalimiana na amri
D. kukubali kushindwa | |

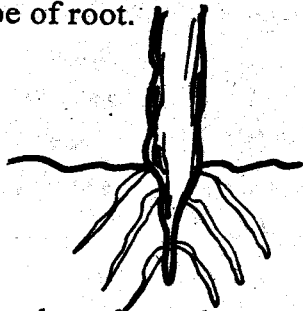
11. Below are requirements for germination **except**
- soil
 - air
 - warmth
 - moisture
12. The waterborne disease common in rice fields is
- Cholera
 - Typhoid
 - Bilharzia
 - Dysentery
13. The **best** explanation why the sun appears brighter than the other stars is because the sun is
- made of burning gases
 - able to reflect light to the moon
 - nearer to the earth
 - not covered like other stars
14. Which of these weeds is used as a vegetable?
- Pigweed
 - Oxalis
 - Datura
 - Black jack
15. Pollination occurs when pollen grains are transferred from
- stigma to anther
 - anther to ovary
 - style and sepal
 - anther to stigma
16. A snake protects it self by _____
- stinging
 - biting
 - coiling
 - gliding
17. All animals
- feed
 - lay eggs
 - make their own food
 - walk
18. In a flower, the reproductive cells are
- styles and filaments
 - ovules and pollen grains

- anthers and stigma
 - pollen grains and ovaries
19. Poorly drained soil is also
- easily water-logged
 - having the lowest capillarity
 - best for farming
 - having the largest particles
20. Below is a maize seed.



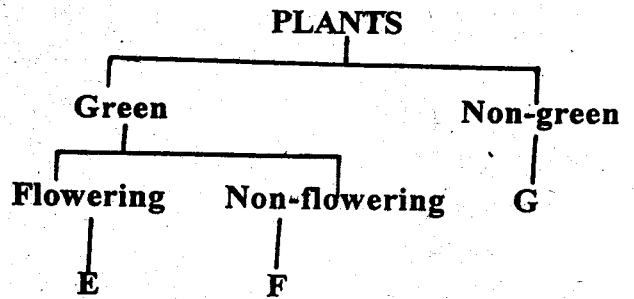
- The parts marked M and K respectively are
- endosperm and radicle
 - plumule and cotyledon
 - cotyledon and testa
 - endosperm and plumule
21. Which pair of food consists of body building foods **only**?
- Apples, carrots
 - Eggs, chapati
 - Termites, beef
 - Yams, meat
22. Which of these substances has a definite shape?
- Water
 - Stone
 - Milk
 - Toothpaste
23. The first phase of the moon is
- crescent
 - gibbous
 - new moon
 - first quarter
24. The amount of medicine to be taken at a time is known as
- dosage
 - medicine quantity
 - prescription
 - date of manufacture

25. Which one is a special sound?
 A. Whispering
 B. Screaming
 C. Crying
 D. Shouting
26. Tuberculosis can be controlled using the following ways except
 A. vaccination
 B. living in a well ventilated house
 C. eating a balanced diet
 D. avoiding overcrowded places
27. Sound is produced when objects
 A. vibrate
 B. become hot
 C. are wet
 D. are still
28. Which of these is least affected when soil is heated?
 A. Water
 B. Living organisms
 C. Organic matter
 D. Mineral particles
29. Below is a type of root.

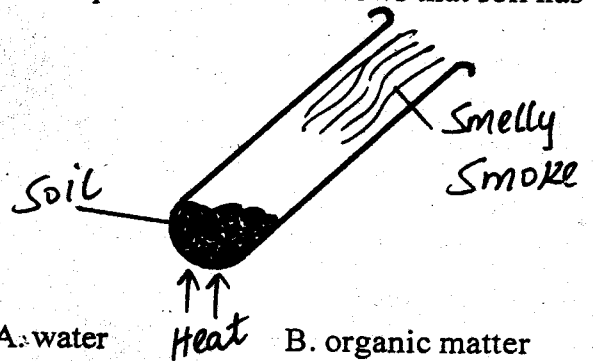


- Which of these plants have the type of root shown above?
 A. Millet B. Sugarcane
 C. Beans D. Rice
30. Sperm cells are manufactured in the
 A. urethra
 B. epididymis
 C. Sperm duct
 D. testes
31. The main source of water is
 A. rainfall
 B. dam
 C. ocean
 D. river

32. The chart below is of classification of plants



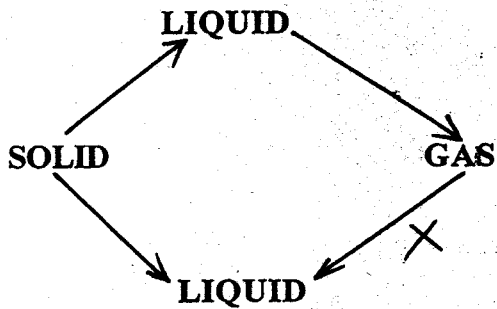
- Which of these plants best fill E, F, G respectively?
 A. Maize, algae, puffball
 B. Fern, sisal, mushroom
 C. Beans, fern, eucalyptus
 D. Sisal, mould, fern
33. The best way of making water safe for drinking is
 A. filtering
 B. cooling
 C. winnowing
 D. decanting
34. The experiment below shows that soil has



- A. water B. organic matter
 C. living organisms D. air
35. A child who is bow-legged is likely to be suffering from
 A. Scurvy
 B. Kwashiorkor
 C. Marasmus
 D. Rickets
36. Weeds can best be controlled by
 A. digging out
 B. uprooting
 C. burning
 D. slashing

37. Which pair is made up of floaters only?
 A. Nail, dry wood
 B. Cork, pin
 C. Pin, nail
 D. Wax, leaf

38. The process marked X below is



- A. Evaporation B. Condensation
 C. Freezing D. Melting

39. The following are amphibians except

- A. salamander
 B. newt
 C. toad
 D. lizard

40. Which of the following is a fibre crop?

- A. Sunflower
 B. Barley
 C. Cotton
 D. Sorghum

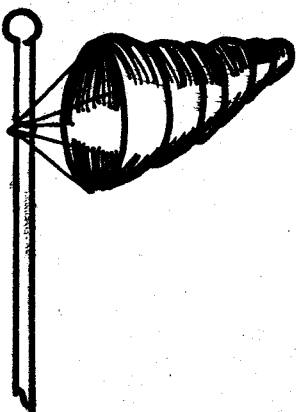
41. Birth canal is also known as

- A. uterus B. oviduct
 C. cervix D. vagina

42. Which is the reproductive part of a plant?

- A. Leaf B. Stem
 C. Roots D. Flower

43. The weather instrument below is used to measure



- A. speed of wind
 B. temperature
 C. strength of wind
 D. rainfall

44. Layers are mainly kept for the production of

- A. eggs
 B. meat
 C. milk
 D. wool

45. During adolescence, which change is not experienced by boys?

- A. Hair growing on the chin
 B. Deepening of voice
 C. Broadening of hips
 D. Enlargement of sexual organs

46. Convection is a process of heat transfer in

- A. solids and air
 B. liquids and solids
 C. liquids only
 D. air and liquids

47. Proteins are first digested in the

- A. mouth
 B. stomach
 C. small intestine
 D. large intestine

48. A ship floats on water mainly because of its

- A. mass
 B. size
 C. shape
 D. volume

49. How many pre-molar teeth are there in an adult?

- A. Eight
 B. Twelve
 C. Six
 D. Four

50. The following are personal items except

- A. toothpaste
 B. socks
 C. handkerchief
 D. toothbrush

For questions 16 - 18, replace the underlined word with the best alternative

16. The ancient building has collapsed
A. new
B. clean
C. weak
D. old
17. The Hindu custom is an old tradition.
A. culture
B. taboo
C. religion
D. behaviour
18. He abandoned his pet in the forest.
A. took
B. left
C. played
D. found

For questions 19 - 21, complete the sentences with the correct question tag:-

19. He is a good boy, _____?
A. is he
B. doesn't he
C. isn't he
D. can he
20. Mike never obeys rules, _____?
A. does he
B. doesn't he
C. is it
D. isn't it
21. She came yesterday morning, _____?
A. doesn't she
B. don't she
C. did she
D. didn't she

For questions 22 - 24, complete the sentences with the correct collective noun :-

22. We saw a _____ of bees.
A. flock
B. swarm
C. herd
D. convoy

23. She bought a _____ of flowers
A. bouquet
B. gang
C. pride
D. litter
24. There is a _____ of lions in the park.
A. herd
B. shoal
C. pride
D. troop

For questions 25 - 27, complete the sentences correctly:-

25. The goat is with its _____
A. kids
B. lambs
C. calves
D. puppies
26. A lion lives in a _____
A. byre
B. kennel
C. shed
D. den
27. A dog barks but a cat _____
A. moos
B. croaks
C. purrs
D. brays

For questions 28 and 29, choose the word that is correctly spelt

28. A. Government
B. Government
C. Govenment
D. Gevornmnet
29. A. Beatiful
B. Beautifull
C. Beutiful
D. Beautiful

Complete the sentence in question 30 correctly

30. He is suffering _____ malaria
A. in
B. with
C. at
D. from

Read the following passage and then answer questions 31 - 40:-

Ongeri lived in the village of Manyatta. He lived alone in a small hut because he was not married. He had a big farm where he planted maize, beans, cabbages, onions and carrots. He liked working in his farm from seven o'clock in the morning until noon. Even though Ongeri lived alone, he was a happy man because he never lacked food. After some time, he started experiencing a certain problem. His food was disappearing from where he kept it.

Ongeri wondered what always happened to his food. Every evening before going to bed, he made sure that he kept the food safely in the cupboard. But the following morning he always found the cupboard open and food missing. This troubled him a lot. He asked his neighbours to help him solve the problem but no one gave a solution. After many weeks, he decided that he had to discover who stole the food.

One day, he put food in a bowl and decided not to close the door of the cupboard. He then went to bed and pretended to be asleep. He had to catch the thief. It was now very dark because he had already put out the fire. However, he had his torch under the pillow. One hour, two hours, three hours nothing unusual happened. After four hours, he thought he heard some noise. He listened carefully. He sat up, torch in his hand. Before he made a move, he began to feel afraid. "Suppose it is a gang of robbers," he thought. Immediately, a neighbour's cat sprang out from the cupboard and passed through a space which was under the door.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 31. Manyatta is the name of a
A. school
B. town
C. market
D. village | 36. Where did Ongeri keep his food?
A. In a pot
B. In a cupboard
C. In a basin
D. In a kettle |
| 32. Ongeri lived alone because he was not
A. kind
B. polite
C. married
D. honest | 37. What troubled Ongeri a lot?
A. Missing food
B. Loneliness
C. A lot of work
D. Famine |
| 33. Which pair shows crops that Ongeri planted?
A. Maize and sugarcane
B. Onions and beans
C. Cabbages and rice
D. Yams and carrots | 38. Did the neighbours help Ongeri to solve the problem he was facing?
A. Yes
B. May be
C. No
D. We are not told |
| 34. At what time did Ongeri start working in his farm?
A. At noon
B. Seven o'clock in the evening
C. At midnight
D. Seven o'clock in the morning | 39. What did Ongeri put under the pillow?
A. Fire
B. Panga
C. Torch
D. Bulb |
| 35. What made Ongeri to be a happy man?
A. Having a big farm
B. Lacking food
C. Having many friends
D. Not lacking food | 40. According to the passage, Ongeri's food was eaten by
A. Ongeri's neighbour
B. a cat
C. a dog
D. Ongeri's friend |

Read the passage below carefully and then answer questions 41 - 50:-

Once upon a time elephant and hare were great friends. One day, there was a dance in which every dancer was required to have a big stomach. Hare had a skinny body and he could not be allowed to dance. Elephant willingly lent him a stomach.

After the dance, hare decided to keep the stomach to himself at all cost. He dug a big hole and covered it with leaves. When elephant sent antelope to get the stomach hare led him to the hole. Antelope was killed instantly.

Elephant also sent zebra, goat, cow and then giraffe but they never came back. At last, lion was sent. Because of all that had happened, lion was very careful. So when he was invited for a walk, he walked behind hare. When hare stopped lion stopped too. When hare realised that lion could not be tricked easily, he suggested that they rest. He wanted lion to fall asleep so that he could drag him into the hole. But lion could not be fooled easily. He pretended to be asleep. After sometime, hare tiptoed to where lion was and made an attempt to drag him. But lion sprang up and roared so loudly that hare ran off and fell into the hole. Lion got into the hole, took elephant's stomach and left hare crying helplessly inside the hole.

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>41. According to the passage, who were great friends?
A. Lion and elephant
B. Hare and lion
C. Hare and elephant
D. Zebra and goat</p> <p>42. For one to take part in dancing they required
A. a thin waist
B. a ticket
C. an elephant
D. a big stomach</p> <p>43. Elephant willingly lent his stomach. This means that
A. he refused
B. he gave it out at a fee
C. he gave it out freely
D. he was forced</p> <p>44. Who was the first animal to be sent?
A. lion
B. Antelope
C. Zebra
D. Goat</p> <p>45. How many animals are mentioned in the passage?
A. Seven
B. Eight
C. Six
D. Nine</p> | <p>46. All animals went and never came back because
A. hare ate them
B. they disappeared in the forest
C. they were killed
D. they were locked up</p> <p>47. Which precaution did the lion take?
A. He killed hare
B. He kept walking behind hare
C. He buried the hare
D. He carried a big stick</p> <p>48. When hare discovered that lion could not be tricked
A. he ran away
B. he suggested that they rest
C. he jumped into the hole
D. he gave back the stomach</p> <p>49. The word <u>attempt</u> is underlined. It means
A. kill
B. trap
C. try
D. accept</p> <p>50. The most suitable title for the passage is
A. The Ungrateful Hare
B. Elephant and Hare
C. hare and the Lion
D. The Dancing Competition</p> |
|---|---|

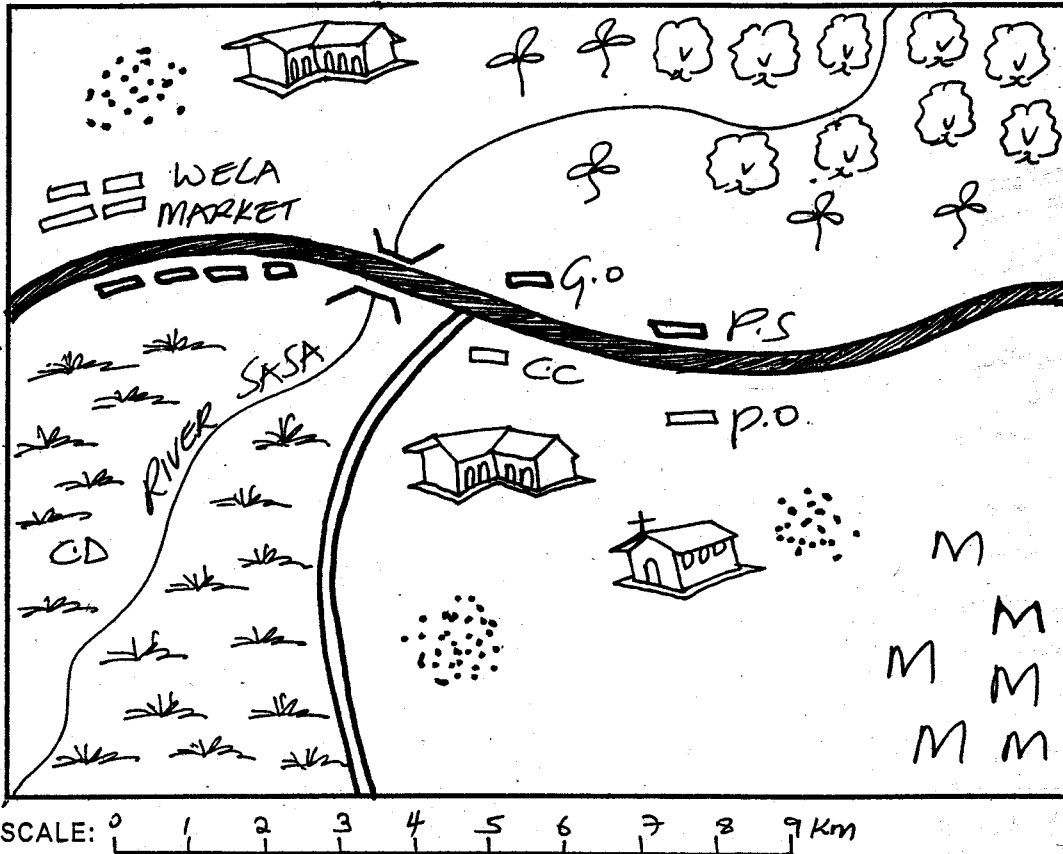
SOCIAL STUDIES & C.R.E

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. Use an ordinary pencil only.
2. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:-
 I. YOUR NAME
 II. NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

Time : 2 Hrs. 15 Min.

SOKO AREA



KEY

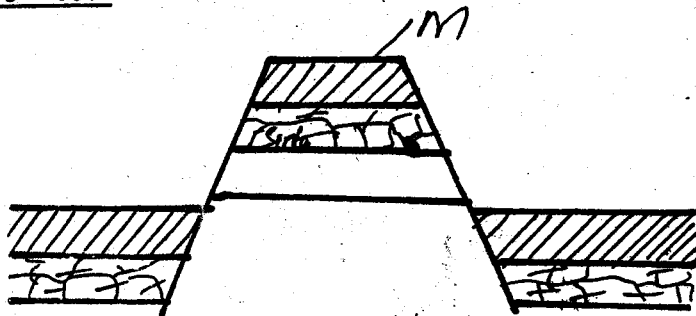
	Tarmac Road
	Murrum Road
	River & Bridge
	School
	Church
	Forest
	Tea
	Shrubs
	Settlement
	Maize
	Police Station
	Governor's Office
	County Commissioner
	Post Office
	Cattle dip

Use the map of SOKO AREA above to answer questions 1 - 7:-

1. River Tiba flows from which direction?
 A. South West B. South East
 C. North East D. North West
2. The people of Soko area are mainly
 A. Muslims B. Hindus
 C. Traditionalists D. Christians
3. Soko area is headed by
 A. Senator
 B. County representative
 C. Governor
 D. County Commissioner
4. The main means of transport in Soko area is
 A. air B. road
 C. water D. railway
5. The cash crop grown in Soko area is
 A. tea B. coffee
 C. maize D. pyrethrum
6. The climate of the North Eastern region of Soko area is
 A. cool and dry B. hot and wet
 C. hot and dry D. cool and wet
7. Which economic activity is not practised in Soko area?
 A. Cattle keeping B. Crop growing
 C. Tourism D. Trade
8. The smallest country in Eastern Africa is
 A. Rwanda B. Djibouti
 C. Uganda D. Tanzania
9. The following are Bantu speakers except
 A. Dinka B. Chagga
 C. Pokomo D. Baganda

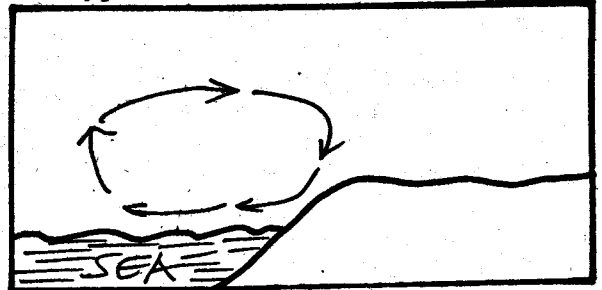
33. The following types of fish are caught in inland fishing grounds **except**
- A. Tuna B. Nile perch
C. Tilapia D. Mud fish
34. A house provides which basic family need?
- A. Clothing B. Food
C. Shelter D. Security
35. Which of the following lakes is **not** found in the Rift Valley?
- A. Lake Victoria B. Lake Turkana
C. Lake Tanganyika D. Lake Baringo
36. Who appoints members of the county executive committee?
- A. President
B. County Commissioner
C. Governor
D. Senator
37. The following are human rights **except**
- A. right to life
B. freedom of speech
C. right to education
D. right to punish criminals

Use the diagram below to answer questions 38 - 40:-



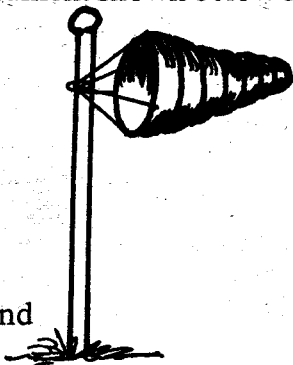
38. The feature above was formed through
- A. volcanicity B. faulting
C. down warping D. folding
39. The part marked M is known as
- A. horst B. escarpment
C. crater D. vent
40. Which of these mountains was formed through the above process?
- A. Mt. Meru B. Mt. Marsabit
C. Mt. Kilimanjaro D. Mt. Ruwenzori
41. The main tea growing area in Kenya is
- A. Kiambu B. Nyeri
C. Laikipia D. Kericho
42. Marine fishing is mainly conducted in
- A. Lake Turkana B. Indian Ocean
C. Lake Victoria D. River Tana
43. Who is **not** a member of the nuclear family?
- A. Uncle B. Father
C. Mother D. Child
44. The type of rainfall experienced around lake Victoria is
- A. relief B. cyclonic
C. frontal D. convectional

45. Which method is used to mine soda ash?
- A. drilling B. Open cast
C. Dredging D. Panning
46. The type of breeze shown below is called



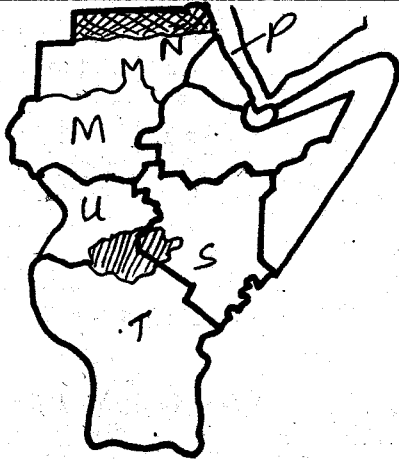
- A. sea breeze B. land breeze
C. ocean breeze D. convectional breeze
47. Who was the first Prime Minister in Kenya?
- A. Raila Odinga D. Daniel Moi
C. Mwai Kibaki D. Jomo Kenyatta
48. When is Mashujaa Day celebrated in Kenya?
- A. 12th December B. 1st June
C. 20th October D. 1st May
49. A raised land that is fairly flat on top is known as
- A. table land B. valley
C. steep slope D. dyke
50. Which of the following is a duty of a citizen?
- A. Giving out bribes B. Paying tax
C. Killing thieves D. Organising riots
51. Which of these rivers is found in Tanzania?
- A. River Rufiji B. River Omo
C. River Sio D. River Athi
52. The country that is landlocked among the following is
- A. Somalia B. Eritrea
C. Uganda D. Tanzania
53. The deepest lake in Eastern Africa is
- A. Lake Victoria B. Lake Kyoga
C. Lake Malawi D. Lake Tanganyika
54. The main reason why the Bantus migrated into Kenya was to
- A. run away from hostile communities
B. search for water and pasture
C. search for rich land for agriculture
D. look for trading areas
55. The following factors promote peace. Which one **DOES NOT**?
- A. Respecting other people
B. Fair treatment
C. Organising games and sports
D. Unequal distribution of resources
56. The community that paints their body with red ochre soil is
- A. Maasai B. Luhya
C. Taita D. Akamba
57. What is the main tourist attraction in Kenya?
- A. Historical sites B. Sandy beaches
C. Wildlife D. Good climate
58. Which of these towns in Kenya is the oldest?
- A. Malindi B. Nairobi
C. Kisumu D. Eldoret

10. The latitude marked $23\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}\text{N}$ is called
 A. Tropic of Cancer
 B. Tropic of Capricorn
 C. Equator
 D. Arctic circle
11. The weather instrument shown below is used to measure



- A. speed of wind
 B. strength of wind
 C. temperature
 D. atmospheric pressure
12. The following are arms of the government **except**
 A. legislature B. judiciary
 C. executive D. police
13. Height above sea level is known as
 A. longitude B. latitude
 C. altitude D. vegetation
14. The Luos and Luhya in the past **mainly** interacted through
 A. intermarriage B. trade
 C. ceremonies D. migration
15. The following are examples of cultural artefacts **except**
 A. gun B. spear
 C. bow D. gourd
16. Which of the following is **not** a form of child abuse?
 A. Child labour
 B. Torturing a child
 C. Taking a child to school
 D. Early marriages
17. Which of the following towns developed **mainly** as agricultural centre?
 A. Nairobi B. Nakuru
 C. Kisumu D. Mombasa

Use the map below to answer questions 18 -22



18. The capital city of the country marked M is
 A. Mogadishu B. Khartoum
 C. Kigali D. Juba
19. The shaded region marked N is
 A. cool and wet B. hot and dry
 C. hot and wet D. cool and dry
20. The water body marked P is known as
 A. Red Sea B. Indian Ocean
 C. Lake Turkana D. Mediterranean Sea
21. Which of these communities is **majorly** found in the countries marked S and T?
 A. Alur B. Luhya
 C. Taita D. Maasai
22. The country marked U is headed by a
 A. king B. Prime Minister
 C. President D. Chief
23. Which one is a service industry?
 A. Banking
 B. Textile industry
 C. Vehicle assembling
 D. Paint factory
24. The following are causes of soil erosion **except**
 A. deforestation B. understocking
 C. monocropping D. overcropping
25. The council of elders among the Ameru is called
 A. Agambi B. Mwirega
 C. Kiama D. Njuri Ncheke
26. The colour of the national flag that symbolises blood shed is
 A. white B. green
 C. red D. black
27. The **main** River-Lake Nilote in Kenya is
 A. Keiyo B. Samburu
 C. Tugen D. Luo
28. The black cotton soil can **best** be used in growing
 A. tea B. coffee
 C. rice D. pyrethrum
29. Which of the following means of communication can be used to pass information to very many people at the same time?
 A. Radio B. Telephone
 C. Fax D. Messenger
30. Who **among** the following led the Agiriama to resist the British?
 A. Waiyaki wa Hinga
 B. Nabongo Mumia
 C. Sakawa
 D. Mekatilili wa Menza
31. Who is elected to represent a ward?
 A. Women representative
 B. County representative
 C. Senator
 D. County Commissioner
32. Which one of the following means of transport is **mainly** used to transport bulky goods over land?

59. Dairy farming is commonly carried out in areas that are
 A. hot and dry B. cool and wet
 C. cool and dry D. hot and wet
60. The first Luo group to arrive in Kenya during migration was
 A. Joka Omolo B. Joka Jok
 C. Joka Owiny D. Luo Abasuba

SECTION II - C.R.E

61. God created Eve to be Adam's
 A. worker B. slave
 C. companion D. child
62. Where was Abraham living when God called him?
 A. Ur B. Haran
 C. Midian D. Egypt
63. The traders who bought Joseph from his brothers took him to the land of
 A. Canaan B. Samaria
 C. Egypt D. Jericho
64. The last book in the Old Testament of the Bible is
 A. Revelation B. Exodus
 C. Psalms D. Malachi
65. Jacob had how many sons?
 A. Eleven B. Two
 C. Twelve D. Six
66. Who told Abraham to go and offer his son as a sacrifice?
 A. God B. Witchdoctor
 C. Satan D. Magician
67. King Ahab wanted Naboth's
 A. palace B. vineyard
 C. wife D. animals
68. On the day of Passover, the Israelites ate
 A. boiled meat B. bitter herbs
 C. leavened bread D. cooked blood
69. What is the best gift that king Solomon asked from God?
 A. Wisdom B. Wives
 C. Wealth D. Power
70. On which mountain did Moses die?
 A. Mt. Nebo B. Mt. Ararat
 C. Mt. Sinai D. Mt. Olives
71. Which of the following is a gift that the wisemen took to baby Jesus?
 A. Silver B. Clothes
 C. Gold D. Blanket
72. Who informed king Herod about the birth of Jesus?
 A. An angel B. Shepherds
 C. Wisemen D. Disciples
73. Jesus and his parents were refugees in
 A. Nazareth B. Bethlehem
 C. Jerusalem D. Egypt
74. When Jesus was being tempted, the devil told him to change
 A. bread into stones
 B. water into wine

- C. wine into bread
 D. stones into bread
75. The first disciples of Jesus worked as
 A. carpenters B. fishermen
 C. tax collectors D. priests
76. John the baptist told people to _____ and be baptised
 A. revenge B. repent
 C. hide D. cry
77. The home town of Jesus was in _____
 A. Bethlehem B. Jerusalem
 C. Jericho D. Nazareth
78. What was the name of the pool where Jesus sent the blind man to go and wash his face?
 A. Siloam B. Cans
 C. Olives D. Gethsemane
79. Who denied Jesus three times?
 A. Judas Iscariot B. Levi
 C. Simon Peter D. Thomas
80. The following are gifts of the Holy Spirit **except**
 A. faith B. wisdom
 C. healing D. faithfulness
81. Lazarus and his sisters lived in the town of
 A. Bethlehem B. Antioch
 C. Bethany D. Galilee
82. Which of the following happened on the day of Pentecost?
 A. Jesus died
 B. Jesus ascended to heaven
 C. Jesus was betrayed by Judas
 D. The Holy Spirit descended on disciples
83. The disciple of Jesus who **did not** believe that Jesus had risen from the dead was
 A. Thomas B. Andrew
 C. James D. Phillip
84. Jesus raised a widow's son in the town of
 A. Nain B. Jericho
 C. Capernaum D. Bethlehem
85. The Akamba call their God
 A. Enkai B. Asis
 C. Mulungu D. Were
86. In the past, shrines were considered to be
 A. unholy places B. evil places
 C. holy places D. dangerous places
87. In the past, children were expected to be
 A. rude B. disobedient
 C. obedient D. dishonest
88. Irresponsible boy-girl relationship can lead to all the following **except**
 A. unwanted pregnancy
 B. early marriage
 C. dropping out of school
 D. passing exams
89. A good leader should **not** be
 A. kind B. loving
 C. polite D. corrupt
90. One cannot contract HIV/AIDS through
 A. sexual intercourse
 B. shaking hands
 C. blood transfusion
 D. sharing sharp objects

10. Find the next number in the series below.

61, 63, 66, 71, 78, _____

- A. 87 B. 89
C. 92 D. 95

11. If 2004 was a leap year, when was the next leap year?

- A. 2014 B. 2006
C. 2008 D. 2010

12. Work out:

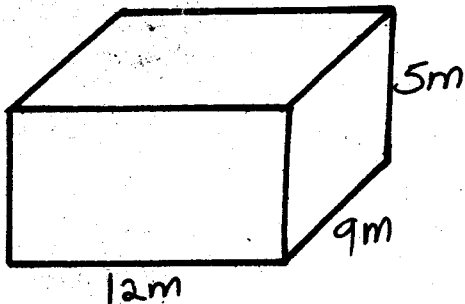
$$46871 - 29984 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

- A. 16987 B. 17887
C. 76855 D. 16887

13. Rose sells juice in glasses each holiday 300ml. One day she sold 24 litres of juice. How many glasses of juice did she sell?

- A. 80 B. 800
C. 8 D. 240

14. What is the volume of the cuboid below?



- A. 504 cm^3 B. 540 m^3
C. 450 m^3 D. 560 m^3

15. Work out: $\begin{array}{r} 724623 \\ - 292720 \\ \hline \end{array}$

- A. 441903 B. 531903
C. 432903 D. 431903

16. James employed 35 workers. He paid each worker Sh. 490. How much did he pay all the workers?

- A. Sh. 17050 B. Sh. 17150
C. Sh. 16150 D. Sh. 18150

17. A contractor can tarmac 32 km of road in a day. How many days will he take to complete 2496 km of road?

- A. 77 days B. 79 days
C. 76 days D. 78 days

18. What is the sum of prime numbers between 20 and 30?

- A. 52 B. 79
C. 50 D. 100

19. Calculate the breadth of a cuboid whose volume is 270 m^3 and the length and width are 1.5m and 9m respectively?

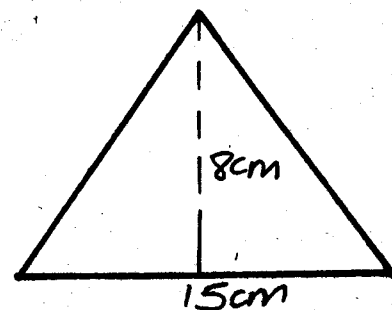
- A. 27 m B. 25 m
C. 200 m D. 20 m

20. Work out:

$$1\frac{1}{3} + 2\frac{3}{4} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

- A. $3\frac{1}{12}$ B. $3\frac{7}{12}$
C. $3\frac{5}{12}$ D. $2\frac{7}{12}$

21. What is the area of the figure below?



- A. 120 cm^2 B. 80 cm^2
C. 60 cm^2 D. 70 cm^2

22. Janet collected $3\frac{1}{2}$ kg of cabbages, $2\frac{1}{4}$ kg of carrots and $4\frac{3}{4}$ kg of kales from her garden. How much load did she carry?

- A. $9\frac{1}{2}$ kg
B. $36\frac{1}{2}$ kg
C. $10\frac{1}{2}$ kg
D. $11\frac{1}{2}$ kg

23. Wilson packed 750kg of sugar in packets holding 500g each. How many packets did he use?

- A. 15000 B. 1500
C. 15 D. 150

24. Work out:

$495 \times 23 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

- A. 10385 B. 11285
C. 11385 D. 11475

25. What is 0.75 as a fraction in its simplest form?

- A. $\frac{1}{4}$ B. $\frac{3}{40}$
C. $\frac{3}{4}$ D. $\frac{1}{2}$

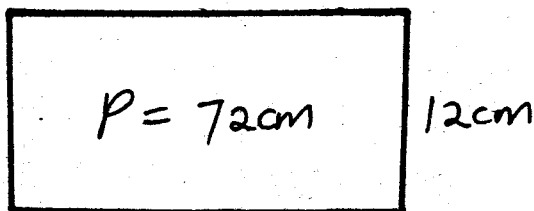
26. Convert $\frac{1}{5}$ into percentage.

- A. 5% B. 50%
C. 30% D. 20%

27. What is the approximate length of your classroom door?

- A. 200 cm B. 200 m
C. 2 cm D. 20 m

28. The perimeter of the figure below is 72 cm. Calculate its length.



- A. 60 cm B. 6 cm
C. 48 cm D. 24 cm

29. Musa is 12 years old. Mike is 6 years older than Musa. How old is Mike?

- A. 6 years B. 20 years
C. 18 years D. 22 years

30. Thomas bought the following items from a shop:

- 3 kg of flour @ Sh. 89.00
- 1kg of sugar at Sh. 105.00
- 4 packets of milk @ Sh. 42.00
- A packet of tea leaves for Sh. 55.00

If he gave the shopkeeper Sh. 1000 note, how much was his balance?

- A. Sh. 705 B. Sh. 405
C. Sh. 595 D. Sh. 450

31. How many days are there in the months of January, February and March of a leap year?

- A. 90 B. 91
C. 92 D. 89

32. Find the value of x in

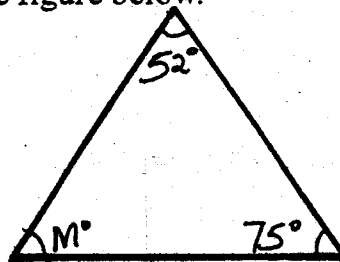
$x + 90 = 220$

- A. 310 B. 150
C. 320 D. 130

33. How many kilometres are there in 4785 metres?

- A. 47.85 B. 478.5
C. 4.785 d. 4785000

34. Calculate the value of the angle marked m in the figure below.



- A. 127° B. 73°
C. 63° D. 53°

35. Luke left home at 8.30 a.m. If he arrived in town after eight hours, at what time did he arrive in town?

- A. 4.40 a.m
B. 4.30 p.m
C. 5.30 p.m
D. 4.00 p.m

36. Work out:

$$26 \overline{)988}$$

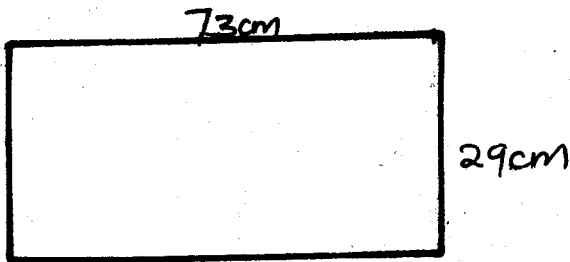
- A. 28 B. 36
C. 42 D. 38

37. Subtract:

$$10005 - 2436 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

- A. 7569 B. 8569
C. 7479 D. 7579

38. What is the area of the rectangle below?



- A. 2017cm^2 B. 2107cm^2
C. 2117cm^2 D. 1217cm^2

39. What is the sum of 2561 and 1853?

- A. 708 B. 4414
C. 3414 D. 4424

40. Jomo bought a radio at Sh. 1080 and later sold it at Sh. 1950. How much profit did he make?

- A. Sh. 3030 B. Sh. 970
C. Sh. 880 D. Sh. 870

41. In a school 40% of the pupils are girls. If 540 pupils are boys, how many pupils are there in the school?

- A. 900 B. 1350
C. 540 D. 580

42. Round off 18.57163 to 3 decimal places.

- A. 18.571 B. 18.570
C. 18.6 D. 18.572

43. Work out:

$$2\frac{1}{4} - 1\frac{1}{5} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

- A. $1\frac{1}{2}$ B. $1\frac{1}{20}$
C. $2\frac{1}{20}$ D. $1\frac{1}{5}$

44. Njogu has a square garden of length 50 m. Find its area?

- A. 200m^2 B. 2500m^2
C. 250m^2 D. 25000m^2

45. Work out:

$$0.738 \div 3.6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

- A. 0.205 B. 205
C. 2.05 D. 20.5

46. Find the sum of the square of 16 and the square root of 16.

- A. 252 B. 256
C. 1024 D. 260

47. Atieno got 16 correct answers out of 25 questions. What was her score as a percentage?

- A. 16% B. 32%
C. 80% D. 64%

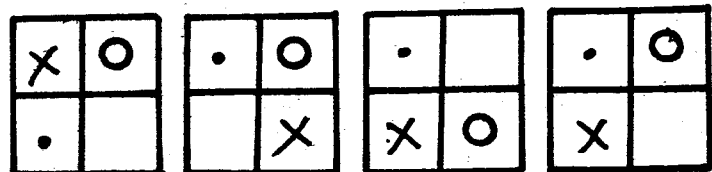
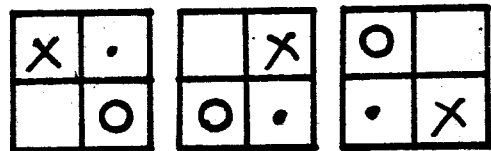
48. What is the product of $4\frac{3}{7}$ and $2\frac{3}{8}$?

- A. $10\frac{29}{56}$ B. $10\frac{39}{5}$
C. $10\frac{49}{56}$ D. $10\frac{19}{56}$

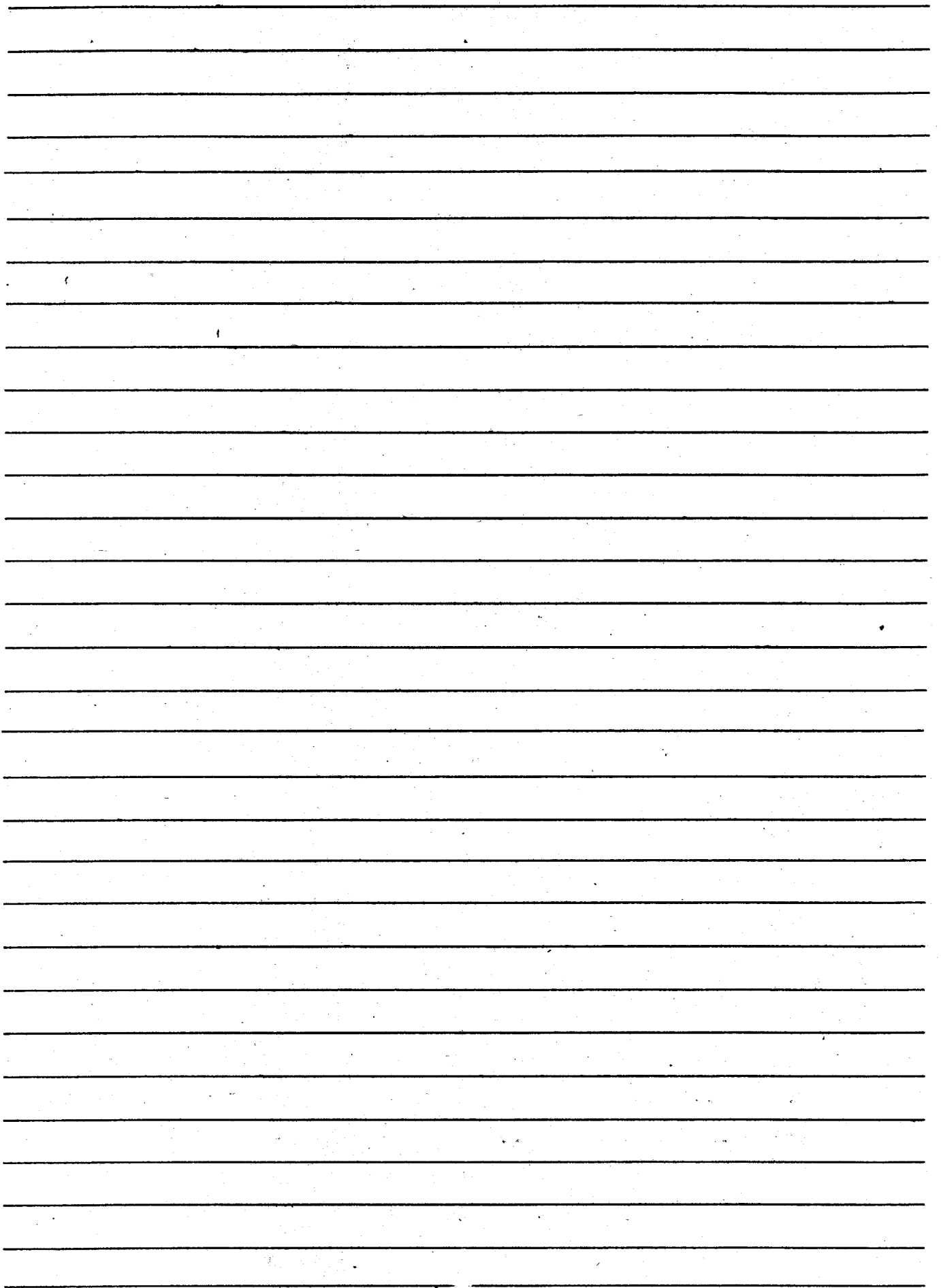
49. A box measures 0.8m by 2.5m by 0.6m. What is its volume in cm^3 ?

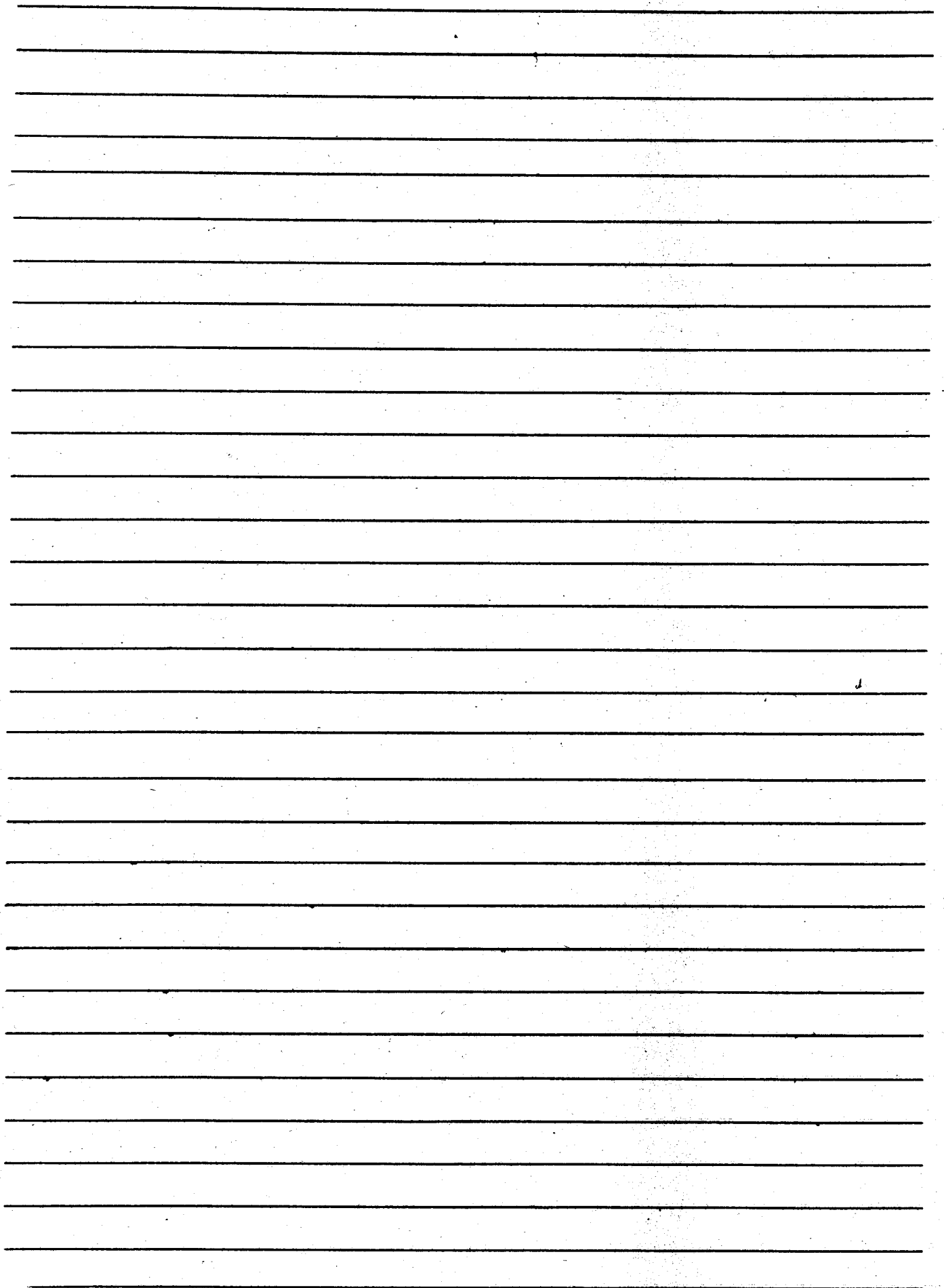
- A. 1.2cm^3 B. 1200000cm^3
C. 120000cm^3 D. 1200cm^3

50. What is the next shape in the pattern below?



- A. B. C. D.







{6}
MARKING SCHEMES

HIGH RANK EXAM SERIES
STANDARD SIX
YEAR 2016

<u>MATHS</u>		<u>ENGLISH</u>		<u>KISWAHILI</u>		<u>SCIENCE</u>		<u>SOCIAL STUDIES & CRE</u>		
1. D	31. B	1. D	31. D	1. B	31. B	1. C	31. A	1. C	31. B	61. C
2. B	32. D	2. B	32. C	2. D	32. D	2. D	32. A	2. D	32. D	62. B
3. D	33. C	3. A	33. B	3. A	33. B	3. A	33. D	3. C	33. A	63. C
4. A	34. D	4. C	34. D	4. C	34. C	4. B	34. B	4. B	34. C	64. D
5. C	35. B	5. D	35. D	5. B	35. D	5. A	35. D	5. A	35. A	65. C
6. C	36. D	6. B	36. B	6. D	36. B	6. D	36. A	6. D	36. C	66. A
7. B	37. A	7. A	37. A	7. A	37. D	7. C	37. D	7. C	37. D	67. B
8. B	38. C	8. C	38. C	8. C	38. B	8. C	38. B	8. B	38. B	68. B
9. C	39. B	9. D	39. C	9. B	39. D	9. A	39. D	9. A	39. A	69. A
10. B	40. D	10. B	40. B	10. D	40. C	10. C	40. C	10. A	40. D	70. A
11. C	41. A	11. C	41. C	11. A	41. C	11. A	41. D	11. B	41. D	71. C
12. D	42. D	12. A	42. D	12. B	42. C	12. C	42. D	12. D	42. B	72. C
13. A	43. B	13. D	43. C	13. C	43. D	13. C	43. C	13. C	43. A	73. D
14. B	44. B	14. C	44. B	14. D	44. D	14. A	44. A	14. B	44. D	74. D
15. D	45. A	15. B	45. B	15. A	45. A	15. D	45. C	15. A	45. C	75. B
16. B	46. D	16. D	46. C	16. C	46. D	16. B	46. D	16. C	46. B	76. B
17. D	47. D	17. A	47. B	17. D	47. D	17. A	47. B	17. B	47. D	77. D
18. A	48. A	18. B	48. B	18. B	48. C	18. B	48. C	18. D	48. C	78. A
19. D	49. B	19. C	49. C	19. A	49. A	19. A	49. A	19. B	49. A	79. C
20. B	50. D	20. A	50. A	20. D	50. C	20. D	50. A	20. A	50. B	80. D
21. C		21. D		21. B		21. C		21. D	51. A	81. C
22. C		22. B		22. C		22. B		22. C	52. C	82. D
23. B		23. A		23. A		23. C		23. A	53. D	83. A
24. C		24. C		24. D		24. A		24. B	54. C	84. A
25. C		25. A		25. C		25. B		25. D	55. D	85. C
26. D		26. D		26. B		26. C		26. C	56. A	86. C
27. A		27. C		27. D		27. A		27. D	57. C	87. C
28. D		28. B		28. A		28. D		28. C	58. A	88. D
29. C		29. D		29. B		29. C		29. A	59. B	89. D
30. B		30. D		30. D		30. D		30. D	60. B	90. B

COMPOSITION MARKING SCHEME
MARKING CRITERIA

1. The composition will be assessed according to the following guidelines.

- The maximum mark will be 40 and the minimum mark 01

- Does the script show that the candidate can communicate accurately fluently and imaginatively in English?

Accuracy (8 marks) (8 marks)

(a) Correct tenses and agreement of verbs (4 marks) (b) Accurate use of vocabulary (4 marks)

(16) (c) Following a sequence (4 marks) (d) Correct punctuation (4 marks)

Fluency (8 marks) (8 marks)

(a) Words in the correct order (4 marks) (b) Sentence connected and paragraphs (4 marks)

(b) Correct spelling (4 marks) (d) Ideas developed in logical sequence (4 marks)

Imagination (8 marks)

(a) Unusual but appropriate use of words and phrases (4 marks)

(b) Variety of structure (4 marks)

NB: Please, teachers are requested to scrutinize this marking scheme before use. It is worth.