

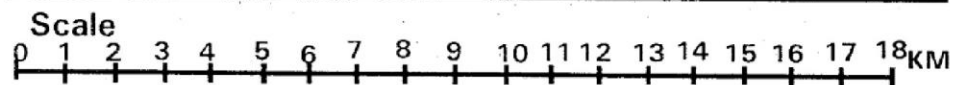
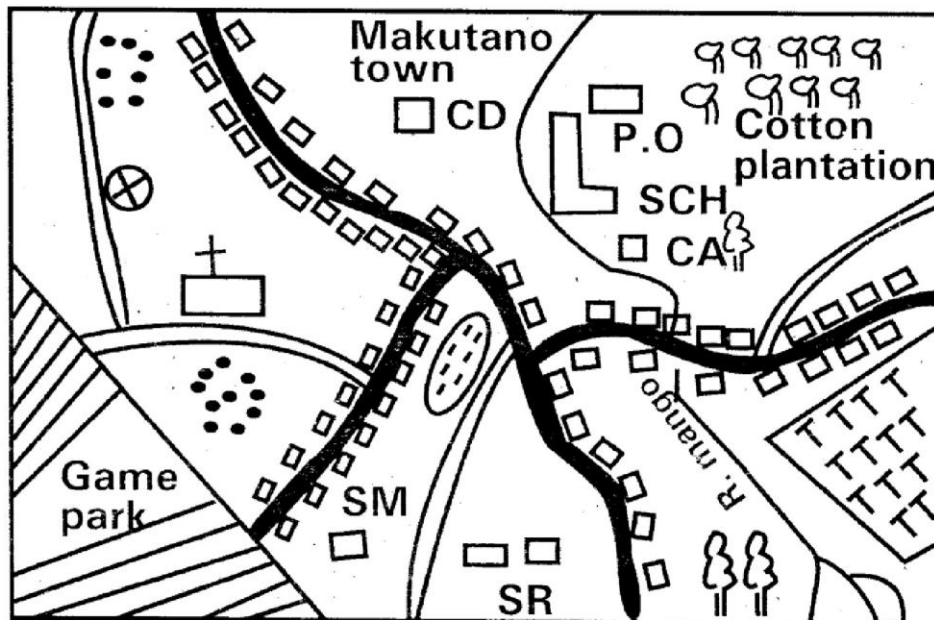
GATUNDU SUB-COUNTY EXAMINATION

STANDARD FIVE TERM I - 2016

SOCIAL STUDIES & CRE

Time: 2 hours 15 minutes

MAKUTANO AREA



KEY

— TARMAC ROAD	P.O — POST OFFICE
— MURRAM ROAD	CA — COUNTY ASSEMBLY
— CHURCH	CD — CATTLE DIP
— SETTLEMENT	TT — TEA
— QUARRY	— RIVER
— FOREST	SR — SHRINE
SCH — SCHOOL	— SWAMP
MKT — MARKET	SM — SAW MILL

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**Funded By: C.D.F. Gatundu South Constituency,
Patron Hon. Moses Kuria, Mp Gatundu South.**

Study the map of Makutano area below and answer questions 1-7

1. River mango flows from _____
A. South – North
B. South East – North
C. North – South
D. North – South East
2. The people of Southern part of the map are _____
A. Christians
B. Muslims
C. Traditionalists
D. Pagans
3. The presence of cattle dip shows the people in the area keep _____
A. pigs B. birds
C. cattle D. horses
4. The head of Makutano area is _____
A. Governor B. Chief
C. D.O D. D.C
5. Which one of the following is not an economic activity in Makutano area?
A. Farming
B. Mining
C. Clambering
D. Fishing
6. Which one of the following is the lowest point of Makutano area?
A. Tea plantation
B. Game park
C. Shrine
D. Cotton plantation
7. Who maintains law and order in Makutano area?
A. Chief B. Police
C. Army D. D.O

8. A county is made up of many _____
A. Districts B. Divisions
C. Location D. Villages
9. The compass direction found between west and south is _____
A. North West
B. South East
C. South West
D. North East
10. Poultry farming is the keeping of domestic _____
A. birds B. cattle
C. fish D. donkeys
11. Exchanging goods for goods is called _____ trade.
A. market B. selling
C. hawking D. barter
12. The Aembu, Ameru and Akamba belong to _____ language group.
A. Cushites B. Bantus
C. Arabs D. Nilotes
13. Animals used to carry goods are called _____ animals.
A. domestic B. pack
C. luggage D. farm
14. The fastest means of transport is by _____
A. road B. railway
C. air D. water
15. Below are items made by Jua Kali industries except _____?
A. jikos B. wheelbarrows
C. sufuria D. clothes

43. The following can be carried out during wet seasons except _____?
- A. Planting
 - B. Weeding
 - C. Digging holes
 - D. Harvesting

44. The counting of people is known as _____
- A. Elections
 - B. Voting
 - C. Census
 - D. population

45. The ceremony that changes one from childhood to adulthood is called _____
- A. marriage
 - B. initiation
 - C. death
 - D. birth

46. Places with few people are said to be _____ populate.
- A. densely
 - B. highly
 - C. sparsely
 - D. small

47. Who among the following belongs to the nilotic language group?
- A. Pokomo
 - B. Somali
 - C. Luo
 - D. Akamba

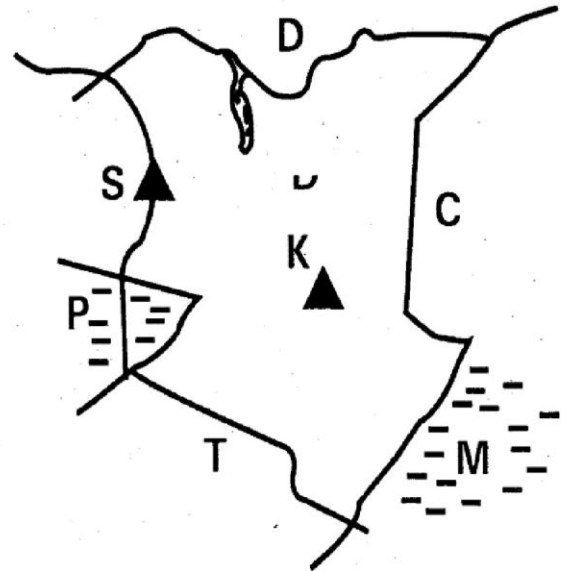
48. Elections in Kenya are held after _____ years.
- A. ten
 - B. five
 - C. three
 - D. six

49. The second president of Kenya was _____
- A. Raila
 - B. Kenyatta
 - C. Kibaki
 - D. Moi

50. Which of these is a modern form of communication?
- A. Messenger
 - B. Drum
 - C. Smoke signal
 - D. Mobile phone

51. The highest mountain in Kenya is _____
- A. Mt. Elgon
 - B. Mt. Kenya
 - C. Mt. Longonot
 - D. Mt. Marsabit

Use the map below question 52 – 54



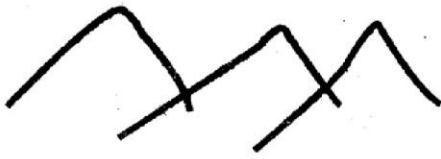
52. The neighbouring country marked C is _____
- A. Uganda
 - B. Ethiopia
 - C. Somalia
 - D. Tanzania

53. The lake marked P is lake _____
- A. Turkana
 - B. Naivasha
 - C. Nakuru
 - D. Victoria

54. The mountain marked S is mount _____
- A. Kulal
 - B. Elgon
 - C. Kenya
 - D. Marsabit

55. The wall built across a river to hold water back forms a _____
- A. Lake
 - B. Dam
 - C. Ocean
 - D. Valley

56.



A group or chain of hills is known as a _____.

- A. Plateau
- B. Valley
- C. Range
- D. Mountain

57. Rainfall is measured in units know as _____.

- A. Litres
- B. Millimeter
- C. Degrees
- D. Centimeters

58. Which of these features is a human made feature?

- A. River
- B. Valley
- C. Bridge
- D. Plain

59. Flowers for sale are mainly grown in special houses called _____.

- A. Stalls
- B. Flower farms
- C. Shades
- D. Green houses

60. People who live in cold places wear _____ clothes most of the time.

- A. Warm
- B. light
- C. loose
- D. bright

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUDATION

61. What was created by God on the third day?

- A. Sky
- B. Earth, sea and plants
- C. Day and night
- D. Sun, moon and stars

62. The following were sons of Noah except _____.

- A. Shem
- B. Ham
- C. Japheth
- D. Abel

63. The time spent in preparing for the birth of Jesus Christ is known as _____.

- A. Pentecost
- B. Advent
- C. Lent
- D. Christmas

64. Why did Jesus send people out of the temple in Jerusalem?

- A. He wanted to build it up
- B. He cared for the thieves
- C. They had turned it into a market
- D. They had not welcomed Him.

65. By washing the disciples feet, Jesus was teaching that _____.

- A. He knew how to wash people
- B. The disciples were always dirty
- C. We should clean other people's feet
- D. A leader should be a servant to others.

66. Jesus was born in _____ and grew in _____.

- A. Bethlehem, Jerusalem
- B. Nazareth, Bethlehem
- C. Canaan, Nazareth
- D. Bethlehem, Nazareth

16. The following are elements of weather. Which one is not?

- A. Rain
- B. Sunshine
- C. Clouds
- D. Light

17. Which of these is **not** a resource?

- A. Animals
- B. Minerals
- C. Vehicles
- D. Trees

18. Small rivers that join big rivers are called _____.

- A. as seasonal
- B. mouth
- C. permanent
- D. tributaries

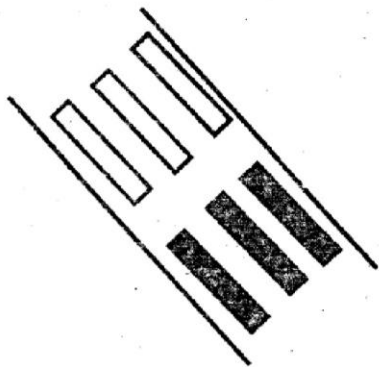
19. Which of the following is not a use of a mountain?

- A. Helps to form rainfall
- B. Attracts tourists
- C. It allows thieves to hide
- D. Some rivers start from mountain forests

20. People who protect wild animals from being killed are called _____.

- A. Poachers
- B. Policemen
- C. Rangers
- D. Tourists

21. The black lines show _____.



- A. Traffic lights
- B. Children crossing
- C. Zebra crossing
- D. Bumps

22. The chief reports problems in the location to the _____.

- A. District commissioners
- B. Governors
- C. President
- D. District officer

23. Vegetation which grows on its own is known as _____ vegetation.

- A. planted
- B. natural
- C. man – made
- D. forest

24. The last General elections were held in _____.

- A. 2015
- B. 2014
- C. 2013
- D. 2011

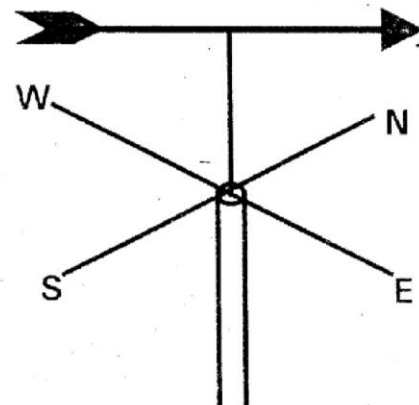
25. A division is made up of many _____.

- A. Districts
- B. Divisions
- C. Location
- D. Governors

26. Which of the following is a cardinal a point compass?

- A. North West
- B. South South East
- C. West
- D. North East

27. This weather instrument is called a _____.



- A. Compass
- B. Windsock
- C. Raingauge
- D. Windvane

28. Areas with few people are said to be _____ populated.
 A. densely B. sparsely
 C. thinly D. highly
29. People who visit our country to see things of interest are called _____.
 A. tourist B. visitors
 C. leaders D. guests
30. In which months of the year do we experience short rains _____?
 A. March to May
 B. July to August
 C. May to June
 D. November to December
31. Papyrus reeds are found in _____ vegetation.
 A. Shrub B. Grassland
 C. Swampy D. Forest
32. The main source of water in our country is the _____.
 A. lake B. rivers
 C. rain D. dams
33. On 20th Oct, we celebrate _____ day.
 A. Labour B. Mashujaa
 C. Madaraka D. Jamhuri
34. Crops grown for sale are called _____ crops.
 A. food B. cash
 C. planted D. exported
35. Natural landforms like mountains, rivers, hills and valleys are known as _____.
 A. Man – made features
 B. Highland features
 C. Physical features
 D. Relief features
36. Fruits and vegetables can best be transported by _____ means.
 A. air
 B. road
 C. water
 D. railway
37. Which of the following is **not** a social activity?
 A. Games and sports
 B. Songs and dances
 C. Doing homework
 D. Worship
38. Which one is a form of child abuse?
 A. Canning
 B. Doing homework
 C. Assisting teachers
 D. Attending lessons
39. Planting of new trees to replace the ones we cut down is called _____.
 A. Afforestation
 B. Deforestation
 C. Re – afforestation
 D. Destruction
40. A person who belongs to a particular country is called a _____.
 A. Voter B. Citizen
 C. Tourist D. Kenyan
41. Chicken kept for eggs are called _____.
 A. broilers
 B. cocks
 C. layers
 D. grade chicken
42. Which animal is mostly used for transport of goods in dry areas?
 A. camel B. horses
 C. rhino D. zebras

67. A person who visits the sick and gives them food is said to be _____.
- Patient
 - Kind
 - Peaceful
 - Joyful
68. Jesus set us free from all evils through his _____.
- Temptation
 - Baptism
 - Birth
 - Death
69. What you can do very well is known as _____.
- Laziness
 - An ability
 - Humily
 - Honesty
70. All the following are qualities of a good leader except _____.
- Being greedy
 - Being unselfish
 - Being friendly
 - Being fair
71. During the baptism of Jesus, the Holy Spirit came down in form of a _____.
- Fire
 - Wind
 - Smoke
 - dove
72. Who was the first King of Israel?
- Saul
 - Solomon
 - David
 - Joshua
73. Jesus calmed the storm to show that He has power over _____.
- Nature
 - Life
 - Death
 - Satan
74. The children of Israel were promised the land of _____.
- Canaan
 - Egypt
 - Israel
 - Nazareth
75. We should take care of God's creation because _____.
- Even our parents did so
 - It is a command from God
 - We are the people who live on earth
 - God will punish us if we don't.
76. The first two disciples of Jesus were the sons of _____.
- | | |
|------------|----------|
| A. Zebedee | B. John |
| C. Peter | D. Simon |
77. Jesus Christ was betrayed by _____.
- Judas Iscariot
 - Thomas
 - Peter
 - Nicodemus
78. The Holy Spirit gives us all the following except _____.
- | | |
|------------|-------------|
| A. Courage | B. Strength |
| C. Fear | D. Love |
79. What should we do when we sin against God?
- Run away
 - Hide
 - Pray for forgiveness
 - Be reported to the chief

80. The following were all shared in traditional African society except _____.
- A. Food
 - B. Water
 - C. Clothes
 - D. Money
81. Which of the following did Simon of Cyrene do?
- A. Repented his sins
 - B. Denied Jesus
 - C. He cried
 - D. Helped Jesus carry the cross
82. Who among the following was not a patriarch in Israel?
- A. Joseph
 - B. Isaac
 - C. Jacob
 - D. Aaron
83. Jesus healed the ten lepers to show Christians that we should _____.
- A. go to church
 - B. be thankful
 - C. control our anger
 - D. be sick
84. Which of the following is NOT accepted in Christianity?
- A. prayer
 - B. forgiveness
 - C. witchcraft
 - D. respect for the deaf

85. The Lord's prayer teaches Christians to _____.
- A. forgive others
 - B. forget others
 - C. help parents
 - D. sing songs
86. Which of these disciples was a tax collector? _____.
- A. James
 - B. Levi
 - C. Andrew
 - D. John
87. The King of Israel who was known for his great wisdom was _____.
- A. Saul
 - B. Solomon
 - C. David
 - D. Jacob
88. The other name for Dorcas was _____.
- A. Tabitha
 - B. Lydia
 - C. Penina
 - D. Martha
89. Lazarus stayed in the tomb for _____ days.
- A. 3
 - B. 2
 - C. 4
 - D. One
90. The last book in the Old Testament is _____.
- A. Revelation
 - B. Matthew
 - C. Genesis
 - D. Malachi

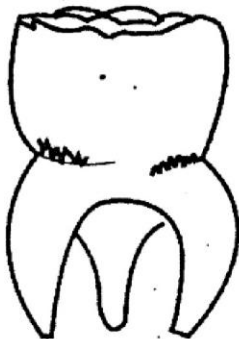
**GATUNDU SUB – COUNTY EXAMINATION
STANDARD FIVE – TERM I 2016
SCIENCE**

Time: 1 hour 40 minutes

1. The total number of milk teeth in a child is

- A. 32 B. 8
C. 20 C. 4

2. The tooth illustrated below is used for



- A. Chewing and grinding food
B. Biting food
C. Cutting food
D. Tearing food

3. The following are problems related to teeth. Which one is NOT?

- A. Tooth decay
B. Dental caries
C. Cavities
D. Shedding

4. Which one of the following is TRUE about HIV and AIDS?

- A. AIDS causes HIV
B. AIDS has no cure
C. Adults cannot get AIDS
D. All thin people have AIDS

5. The ability of the body to defend itself against diseases is known as

- A. Immunity
B. Syndrome
C. Deficiency
D. Hygiene

6. Which one of the following types of teeth is the last to be shed?

- A. Molars B. Premolars
C. Incisors D. Canines

7. AIDS stands for

- A. Acquired immune Deficiency signs
B. Acquired immunity Deficiency Syndrome
C. Acquire immune Deficiency symptoms
D. Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome

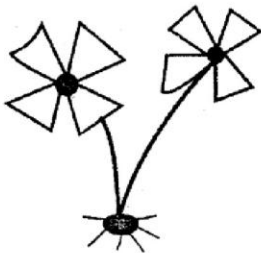
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8. Which one of the following is NOT a group of food crops?
- A. Cereals
 - B. Legumes
 - C. Fibre crops
 - D. Tubers

9. Three of the following are beverage crops except
- A. Tea
 - B. Cocoa
 - C. Coffee
 - D. Cotton

10.

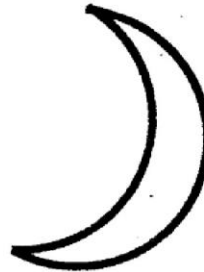


The type of weed illustrated above is

- A. Wandering jew
 - B. Pig weed
 - C. Oxalis
 - D. Black jack
11. Which one of the following is the best method of controlling weeds?
- A. Uprooting
 - B. Digging them out
 - C. Slashing
 - D. Using chemicals
12. The chemical used for controlling weeds are known as
- A. Herbicides
 - B. Insecticides
 - C. Sprays
 - D. Pesticides
13. Which one of the following weeds is commonly used as a vegetable?
- A. Pigweed
 - B. Wandering jew
 - C. Oxalis
 - D. Thorn apple

14. Three of the following are fibre crops EXCEPT?
- A. Sisal
 - B. Flax
 - C. Cotton
 - D. Barley

15. Name the phase of the moon illustrated below.



- A. New moon
 - B. Quarter moon
 - C. Crescent
 - D. Gibbous
16. Which one of the following is not a part of the human digestive system?
- A. Mouth
 - B. Diaphragm
 - C. Small intestine
 - D. Stomach
17. Which type of clouds look like huge bundles of cotton wool with a flat base?
- A. Nimbus
 - B. Stratus
 - C. Cirrus
 - D. Cumulus
18. Which one of the following is NOT observed in the sky at night
- A. The sun
 - B. Stars
 - C. Moon
 - D. Clouds
19. The breaking down of food into small substances that can be absorbed by the body is known as
- A. Breathing
 - B. Digestion
 - C. Egestion
 - D. Absorption
20. Clouds are grouped according to three of the following EXCEPT?
- A. Appearance
 - B. Height
 - C. Size
 - D. Shape

21. Which phase of the moon is NEVER observed in the sky?

- A. New moon
- B. Gibbous
- C. Crescent
- D. Full moon

22. Which one of the following is NOT a characteristic of animals?

- A. All animals die
- B. All animals make their own food
- C. All animals move
- D. All animals remove waste

23. Snakes move by

- A. Gliding
- B. Swimming
- C. Slithering
- D. Crawling

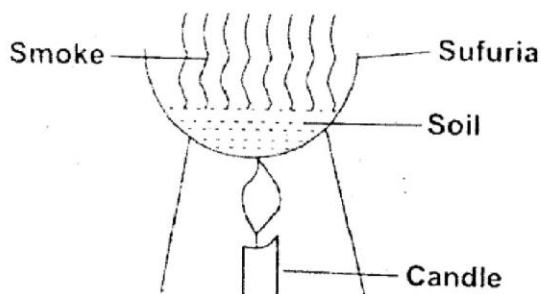
24. Animals that feed on both flesh and plants are known as

- A. Carnivores
- B. Insectivores
- C. Herbivores
- D. Omnivores

25. Chicken kept for meat are known as

- A. Broilers
- B. Capons
- C. Layers
- D. Heifers

26. Std 4 pupils carried out the experiment illustrated below



Which component of soil were they investigating?

- A. Water
- B. Organic matter
- C. Air
- D. Living organisms

27. Goats are mainly kept for

- A. Mutton and Eggs
- B. Beef and mutton
- C. Mutton and wool
- D. Milk and mutton

28. Which one of the following is not a use of water in the farm

- A. Mixing chemicals
- B. Watering animals
- C. Bathing
- D. Washing tools

29. Three of the following are uses of water for recreation. Which one is NOT?

- A. Skiing
- B. Surfing
- C. Boat racing
- D. Making fountains

30. STD 4 pupils put some dry garden soil in a container. They added water and observed keenly to see what would happen. They concluded that soil contains

- A. Humus
- B. Air
- C. Water
- D. Living organisms

31. Which one of the following is an energy giving food?

- A. Fish
- B. Bread
- C. Mango
- D. Kales

32. Which one of the following lists make up a balanced diet?

- A. Meat, ugali, eggs
- B. Rice, cabbage, mango
- C. Arrow root, chicken, orange
- D. Maize, beans, peas

33. Another name for trachea is

- A. Food pipe
- B. Diaphragm
- C. Windpipe
- D. Gullet

34. Which one of the following is NOT a reason for lighting our houses properly?

- A. To discourage pests
- B. To feel warm
- C. To read comfortably
- D. To see clearly

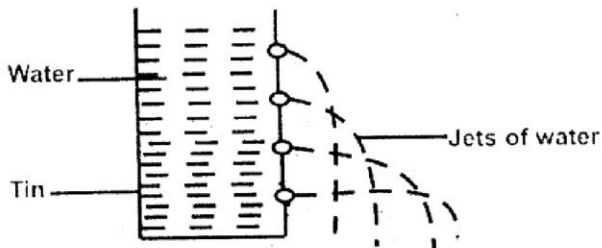
35. Translucent roofs are also known as

- A. Lanterns
- B. Optimus
- C. Fuels
- D. Skylights

36. Three of the following are uses of heat. Which one of the following is NOT?

- A. Discouraging pests
- B. Cooking
- C. Warming
- D. Ironing clothes

37. Study the diagram below



The above experiment demonstrates that pressure in liquids

- A. Increases with depth
- B. Is equal at the same level
- C. Increases with height
- D. Decreases with depth

38. Three of the following are factors that affect floating and sinking EXCEPT?

- A. Type of material
- B. Weight
- C. Size
- D. Shape

39. Which one of the following material is a floater?

- A. Stone
- B. Wax
- C. Pin
- D. Nail

40. The simple tool used for driving nails into wood is called

- A. Screw driver
- B. Panga
- C. Saw
- D. Claw hammer

41. Which one of the following is NOT a way of maintaining simple tools?

- A. Cleaning after use
- B. Sharpening cutting tools
- C. Oiling tools with metal parts
- D. Using them for any purpose.

42. Supplying water to crops is called

- A. Dripping
- B. Weeding
- C. Irrigation
- D. Mulching

43. Artificial teeth are also known as

- A. Wisdom teeth
- B. Dental teeth
- C. Dentures
- D. Permanent teeth

44. The type of weed with horizontal stem and blue or purple flowers is

- A. Sodom apple
- B. Wandering jew
- C. Double thorn
- D. Mexican marigold

45. The substance found in food that make us grow healthy and strong are called

- A. Nutrients
- B. Supplements
- C. Vegetables
- D. Proteins

46. The sticky substance which forms on dirty teeth is called

- A. Acid
- B. Dental floss
- C. Cavities
- D. Plaque

47. Which one of the following materials is used to model the clouds when making a model of the sky?

- A. Plasticine
- B. Wax
- C. Cotton wool
- D. News paper

48. Which one of the following animals gives us mohair?

- A. Goats
- B. Cattle
- C. Sheep
- D. Donkey

49. The cutting of wool off a sheep is called

- A. Shaving
- B. Shearing
- C. Deworming
- D. Trimming

50. The solid waste from animals is called

- A. Urine
- B. Sweat
- C. Dung
- D. Excreta

GATUNDU SUB – COUNTY EXAMINATION

STANDARD FIVE – TERM I 2016

MATHEMATICS

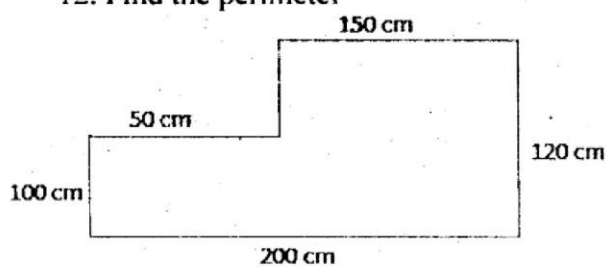
Time: 2 hours

1. Write nine thousand and sixteen in symbols
A. 900016
B. 9016
C. 9060
D. 90016
2. What is the place value of 2 in 75.312?
A. Tenths
B. Ones
C. Hundredths
D. Thousandths
3. Add $437 + 899 =$
A. 1226
B. 1236
C. 1336
D. 1246
4. Work out $81 - 19$
A. 62
B. 72
C. 73
D. 63
5. Multiply 63×7
A. 421
B. 411
C. 70
D. 441
6. Work out $127.4 + 3.164 + 7.024 + 80$
A. 130.564
B. 137.588
C. 217.564
D. 217.588
7. Round off 1899 to the nearest 100
A. 1900
B. 1850
C. 1000
D. 2000
8. Which one of the following is divisible by 6?
A. 216
B. 713
C. 784
D. 200
9. Find the GCD OF 18, 12 and 36
A. 12
B. 36
C. 9
D. 6
10. Work out $2 \frac{1}{2} \times 6$
A. $12 \frac{1}{2}$
B. 8
C. 15
D. 12
11. Which one is a prime number?
A. 87
B. 94
C. 83
D. 81

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12. Find the perimeter



- A. 320 cm B. 640 cm
C. 540 cm D. 440 cm

13. Divide $4 \overline{) 14 \text{ weeks } 6 \text{ days}}$

- | | Weeks | days |
|----|-------|------|
| A. | 3 | 5 |
| B. | 3 | 6 |
| C. | 3 | 15 |
| D. | 4 | 5 |

14. Complete the pattern

1, 4, 7, 10, 13, 16, __, __.

- A. 18, 21 B. 19, 21
C. 18, 22 D. 19, 22

15. How many minutes and seconds are there in 452 seconds?

- A. 7 min 32 sec
B. 7 hrs 32 mins
C. 4 mins 52 mins
D. 6 mins 92 mins

16. Find the LCM of 6, 12, 18

- A. 6 B. 12
C. 36 D. 72

17. Find the product of prime numbers between 0 and 10

- A. 17 B. 210
C. 2357 D. 200

18. Work out $\frac{2}{3} \times 24$.

- A. 48 B. 24
C. 8 D. 16

19. How many $\frac{1}{4}$ litres are there in 20 litres?

- A. 5 B. 10
C. 80 D. 24

20. Work out

$$11 \overline{) 349}$$

- A. 31 Rem 8 B. 31 Rem 9
C. 32 Rem 9 D. 33 Rem 8

21. Multiply $9 \times 8 \times 0$

- A. 17 B. 72
C. 0 D. 63

22. What is the total value of 3 in 69.43

- A. 0.03 B. 0.003
C. 3 D. 30

23. Add $81467 + 49723 + 868809$

- A. 109999 B. 989999
C. 998998 D. 999999

24. The perimeter of a rectangle is 28 m. if its length is 8 m, what is its width?

- A. 16 B. 12
C. 6 D. 36

25. Add

	hr	min	sec
	2	20	30
+	3	30	50
	0	41	20

	Hr	Min	Sec
A.	5	91	100
B.	6	92	40
C.	6	32	40
D.	5	31	60

26. Write as a decimal

$$\frac{31}{1000}$$

- A. 0.31 B. 0.031
C. 3.1000 D. 0.0031

27. Weeks Days

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \quad 4 \\ + 1 \quad 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

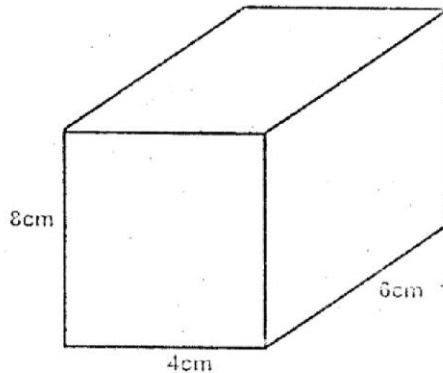
Weeks Days

- A. 6 9
B. 6 2
C. 7 2
D. 3 2

28. Multiply 75 x 29

- A. 2185 B. 2165
C. 2275 D. 2175

29. Find volume



- A. 192 cm B. 192 cm²
C. 192 cm³ D. 189 cm³

30. Change into grams 2 ½ kg

- A. 2.5 B. 2500
C. 2200 D. 3200

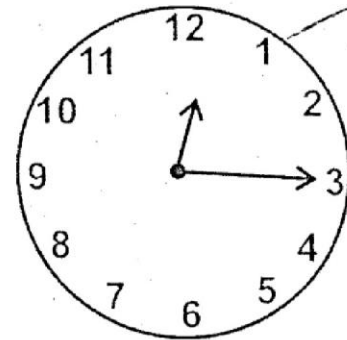
31. Subtract 179233 from 800009

- A. 979242 B. 620976
C. 520776 D. 620776

32. Arrange from the largest to the smallest

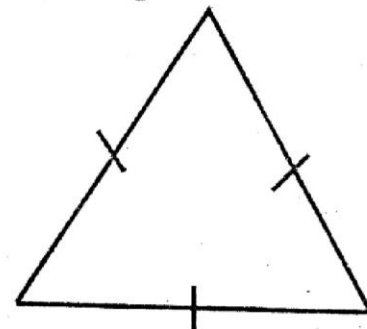
- $\frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{4}$
- A. $\frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}$
B. $\frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}$
C. $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{10}$
D. $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{3}$

33. What is the time?



- A. 12 o'clock B. ¼ past 11
C. ¼ to 12 D. ¼ past 12

34. This triangle is



- A. Isosceles B. Equal
C. Scalene D. Equilateral

35. Which one of the following numbers is divisible by 2, 5 and 10?

- A. 75 B. 90
C. 445 D. 125

36. What do I take away from one hundred to get forty six?

- A. 100 B. 46
C. 154 D. 54

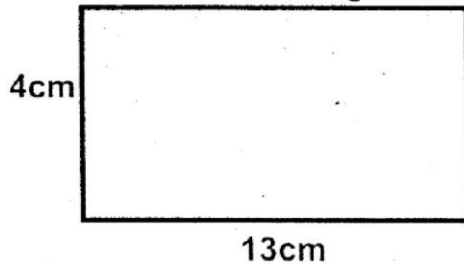
37. A cow produces 4 litres of milk every day. How many litres does it produce in the month of January?

- A. 120 B. 112
C. 116 D. 124

38. There are 1085 pupils in a school. If there are 508 boys, how many girls are there?

- A. 1593 B. 577
C. 508 D. 757

39. Find the area of this rectangle



- A. 17 cm B. 34 cm
C. 52 cm² D. 52 cm

40. Write 45 in Roman numbers

- A. XXXXV B. VI
C. XV D. XLV

41. Work out 426×46

- A. ~~13260~~ B. ~~19260~~
C. 19596 D. ~~132960~~

42. Find the sum of the LCM and GCD of 9, 24, 36

- A. 72 B. 75
C. 3 D. 96

43. Convert 930 cents into shillings and cents.

- A. Sh. 9.30 B. Sh. 0.930
C. Sh. 9.30 cts D. 9300

44. What is $7p - 4p$

- A. 11p B. P C. 3 D. 3p

45. Kamau threw a stone on a tree which had 6 birds. If he killed one of them, how many birds remained on the tree?

- A. 5 B. 6
C. 3 D. 0

46. Find an eighth of seventy two

- A. $\frac{1}{8}$ B. 8
C. 9 D. 6

47. Add $4 + 3.03 + 33.334$

- A. 40.364 B. 40.360
C. 39.364 D. 40.346

The table below shows the number of girls and boys in a school from STD 4 – STD 6

CLASS	BOYS	GIRLS
STD 4	18	22
STD 5	23	17
STD 6	14	12

48. How many pupils in total are in STD 5.

- A. 23 B. 17 C. 26 D. 40

49. How many girls are there from STD 4 to 6

- A. 55 B. 22 C. 51 D. 52

50. What is the ~~total~~ number of boys in STD 5.

- A. 23 B. 55 C. 41 D. 37

GATUNDU SUB – COUNTY EXAMINATION

STANDARD FIVE – TERM I 2016

ENGLISH

Time: 1 hour 40 minutes

Choose the correct word to fill in the blank spaces numbered 1 – 15.

Kevin is a 1 boy . 2 lives with his old mother. He celebrated his 3 birthday last week. He 4 to Upendo primary school. He is in standard 5 . He loves mathematics, English and 6 . During the weekends, he helps 7 mother to sell 8 in the 9 . One 10 he set off to 11 his grandmother who 12 faraway. The journey was 13 but finally he reached. He found his grandmother 14 in bed and tried to 15 her.

- | | A | B | C | D |
|-----|----------|---------|-----------|---------|
| 1. | Shot | shorted | short | shoot |
| 2. | It | she | they | He |
| 3. | Nineth | ninth | ninthe | ninthe |
| 4. | Went | goes | go | learns |
| 5. | Fife | five | fifth | fifeth |
| 6. | Sayans | Science | Siience | Since |
| 7. | Her | their | its | his |
| 8. | Fruts | fruites | fruits | furuits |
| 9. | Maket | market | makert | makete |
| 10. | Saturday | sataday | surtarday | sataday |
| 11. | Vist | Visit | Visited | Visite |
| 12. | Leaves | lived | leaved | leave |
| 13. | Short | near | far | long |
| 14. | Six | sicked | seek | sick |
| 15. | Feed | feeds | feeded | fid |

Choose the correct answer

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>16. The _____ had an accident.</p> <p>A. Lady's B. Ladies</p> <p>C. Ladys' D. Ladies'</p> | <p>17. Mr. Mogaka is _____ French teacher.</p> <p>A. there B. they</p> <p>C. thier D. their</p> <p>18. Eye is to sight as _____ is to smell.</p> <p>A. tongue B. nose</p> <p>C. ear D. skin</p> |
|--|---|

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Patron Hon. Moses Kuria, Mp Gatundu South.**

19. My brother hurt _____ while playing

- A. Himself
- B. herself
- C. itself
- D. myself

20. Martin is the pupil _____ pen has broken.

- A. Who
- B. which
- C. whose
- D. whom

Choose the correct preposition

21. The swimmer dived _____ the river.

- A. From
- B. in
- C. into
- D. to

22. The thief escaped _____ the window.

- A. With
- B. at
- C. through
- D. for

23. He went shopping _____ his aunt

- A. By
- B. with
- C. under
- D. in

24. It has been raining _____ the last two hours.

- A. From
- B. in
- C. for
- D. since

Arrange in alphabetical order

25. Engine, eat, ear, envelope, elephant

- A. Eat, ear, elephant, engine, envelope
- B. Engine, ear, eat, envelope, elephant
- C. Ear, eat, elephant, engine, envelope
- D. Ear, eat, engine, elephant, envelope

Write one word for the underlined

26. My mother bought cups, plates, knives and dishes

- A. Cutlery
- B. furniture
- C. Utensils
- D. equipment

27. His aunt, uncle, mother and cousins came.

- A. Friends
- B. Neighbours
- C. strangers
- D. relatives

28. He makes chairs, desks, cupboards and beds.

- A. Stationery
- B. utensils
- C. furniture
- D. carpenter

Choose the correct word

29. Those are _____ bags.

- A. Mine
- B. Yours
- C. Theirs
- D. Our

30. She _____ in the church every Sunday

- A. Sang
- B. Sings
- C. Singing
- D. Sung

Read the passage below then answer questions that follow

Many families lived on the slopes of Mt. Kenya. They planted crops and kept livestock. The crops did well due to much rainfall. The soils were also very fertile and farming was good in that area.

But there was an elderly man known as Mr. Kahiti. He lived with his wife and four sons. He had no daughter. He was a wealthy man who owned a lot of poultry and livestock. People respected him due to his hardwork. His family was always happy because they were provided with everything they wanted.

He got a lot of money from selling eggs milk and manure. The children helped in cultivating, planting and harvesting crops. The children also fed the animals and poultry. Their mother prepared meals for them.

Every Sunday, Mr. Kahiti took some farm produce to the church with his family as a way of thanksgiving. He also helped other needy villagers. He was loved in the whole neighbourhood.

31. Most families on the slopes of the mountain were
 A. Fishermen
 B. Teachers
 C. Farmers
 D. Traders
32. The crops did well because
 A. There was a mountain
 B. It was on the slopes
 C. Little rainfall
 D. The soil was fertile
33. Mr. Kahiti was a _____ man.
 A. Poor
 B. Rich
 C. greedy
 D. poor
34. The family in the passage has _____ members
 A. Four
 B. Five
 C. Six
 D. Three
35. When Mr. Kahiti sold his farm produce, he got _____
 A. Money
 B. food
 C. eggs
 D. manure
36. The following are livestock except _____
 A. Sheep
 B. cows
 C. Giraffes
 D. Donkeys
37. Poultry gives us _____
 A. Milk
 B. Fur
 C. Wool
 D. Eggs
38. Which one describes Mr. Kahiti's character?
 A. Selfish
 B. helpless
 C. Proud
 D. hardworking
39. Which of the following sentences is **wrong**?
 A. Mr. Kahiti's family was always happy
 B. Mr. Kahiti's children were lazy
 C. Mr. Kahiti's family was respected
 D. Mr. Kahiti was hardworking
40. The best title for the passage should be
 A. The lazy family
 B. Living on the slopes
 C. Mr. Kahiti's family
 D. Farmers

Read the following passage and then answer questions 41 – 50

Forests are very important to us. Trees grow in groups to make forests. Some wild animals like Cheetah, elephants, zebras and others live there.

Human beings do not live in the forests but in houses. They use the timber or wood from the trees to build houses. Trees also provide food like fruits. Vegetables like Kales and Cabbages are also got from trees. Both animals and human beings benefit from trees.

Cutting trees is bad and it should be avoided. It causes soil erosion. We should protect our forests. If you cut one, plant two.

41. Which animal is not mentioned in the passage?
 A. Lions
 B. Zebras
 C. Elephants
 D. Cheetahs
42. Wild animals are found in the _____
 A. Mountains
 B. Forests
 C. Homes
 D. rivers

43. Fruits are from trees. Which of these is **NOT** a fruit?
A. Orange
B. Cassava
C. Mango
D. Pawpaw
44. It is true to say that
A. Forests are only useful to animals
B. Forests are only useful to man
C. Both man and animals depend on trees
D. Trees are not useful
45. Man uses _____ from trees to build houses
A. Leaves
B. Roots
C. Bark
D. Timber
46. Many trees growing together make a _____
A. Bush
B. forest
C. Mountain
D. wood

47. The writer says that it is a bad act to _____ trees.
A. Cut
B. Grow
C. protect
D. plant
48. The opposite of wild animals is _____ animals.
A. Bush
B. Forest
C. Tame
D. Home
49. Conserving trees prevents
A. Fruits growing
B. Soil erosion
C. Man from using trees
D. Trees from helping
50. If you cut two trees, plant _____
A. one
B. two
C. four
D. none

GATUNDU SUB – COUNTY EXAMINATION STANDARD FIVE – TERM I 2016

KISWAHILI

Time: 1 Hour 40 minutes

Jaza pengo kwa neno lifaalo zaidi kukamilisha nambari 1 – 15

Usiku __1__ ulikuwa wenye giza __2__. Kila __3__ alikuwa amelala __4__. Hakuna aliyedhani kuwa __5__ yangetokea. Ghafla bin __6__ tulisikia kamsa kutoka upande wa matlai ambako jirani __7__ aliishi. Kila mwanakijiji __8__ na kuelekea upande __9__.

A	B	C	D
1. ile	hiyo	huo	yenyewe
2. tororo	cheusi	jeupe	totoro
3. mmoja	moja	kimoja	wao
4. popopo	fofofo	chonjo	chali
5. ile	kule	yale	zile
6. vuu	vu	fuu	fu
7. wao	wetu	ile	yangu
8. alijihami	walijihami	walitoka	alikohoa
9. wao	huko	ule	ile

Ugonjwa __10__ UKIMWI umekuwa na sisi kwa __11__ mrefu. __12__ awali kila mtu __13__ kwani ulisemekana __14__ haukuwa na __15__.

A	B	C	D
10. la	wa	ya	cha
11. Mda	miaka	muda	kipindi
12. Hapo	huko	kule	humo
13. Alilia	aliuheshimu	aliupenda	aliuogopa
14. kuwa	kua	kwaba	ile
15. Daktari	utibu	tiba	kinga

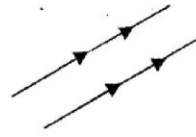
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Kutoka swali 16 – 30 jibu kila swali kulingana na maazgizo

16. Teua **kashiria** katika sentensi hii: Mtoto huyu ni hodari.
 A. hodari B. mtoto
 C. huyu D. ni
17. Ni gani ambayo ni nafsi ya kwanza
 A. Mimi B. yeye
 C. Wao D. nyinyi
18. Chagua sentensi iliyotumia **ji va nafsi**
 A. Kijitu kimetoroka
 B. Jiata halivaliki
 C. Amejikata kidole
 D. Jiwe limerushwa
19. Tumia kiunganishi sahihi
 Sili _____ sinywi
 A. wala B. na
 C. ila D. isipokuwa
20. Kamilisha: Alituzwa _____ ya kufaulu
 A. Kabla D. Licha
 C. baada D. Bila
21. Maseremala _____ wanahitajika hapa
 A. mabaya B. mazuri
 C. wazuri D. mibaya
22. Mtoto _____ asipewe zawadi
 A. Wa nne B. wa inne
 C. wanne D. wapili
23. Ni gani ambalo **ni tofauti**.
 A. Seredani B. kinuna
 C. kichocho D. buli

24. Umbo hili ni



- A. Mistari wima
 B. Mistari sambamba
 C. Kiegema
 D. Mche

25. Ugonjwa wa kukohoa sana ambao huwashika watoto huitwa _____
 A. Kichocho B. homa
 C. kifaduro D. homa ya mbu

26. Ni mnyama yupi ambaye si wa porini?
 A. Nyati B. Mbweha
 C. Kelbu D. Pundamilia

27. Babu yangu huniita _____
 A. Mwana B. Kitukuu
 C. Kilembwe D. Mjukuu

28. Ni ndege yupi anayejulikana kwa kunyakua vifaranga?
 A. Korongo B. Kipanga
 C. Kitwitwi D. Heroe

29. Kitanda cha kuwabebea wagonjwa huitwa _____
 A. Ambulensi B. Plasta
 C. Bendeji D. Machela

30. Vazi ambalo hufunika matiti ya wanawake huitwa _____
 A. Kizibao B. Sidiria
 C. Shimizi D. Kikoi

Nilijipata katikati ya mbuga huku nimezingirwa na wanyama wa kila aina. Walikuwa wanyama wenye hasira. Simba aliwaongoza katika kikao cha kujadiliana jinsi ya kunivamia na kunirarua ili kunifanyia kitoweo. Mlio ya kila aina ilitolewa na hayawani wale. Mlio mliouogopa zaidi ni wa simba. Ngurumo zake zilitetemesha ardhi na kunifanya nitetemeke kama unyasi jangwani wakati wa dhoruba.

Wanyama wote walianza mjadala wa jinsi ya kunitoa uhai. Ingawa palikuwa na mabishano kuhusu jinsi ya kunitoa uhai, jambo moja lilikuwa wazi, kwamba sharti **ningefuatishwa njia ya wanadamu wote**. Hatimaye wanyama wote walikubaliana kuwa

ningetolewa uhai kwa kuddekuliwa kichwa na damu yangu kumiminiziwa katika debe. Viungo vya mwili wangu vilikuwa vigawanywe kulingana na hadhi ya wanyama katika kikao kile. Simba ndiye ambaye angepata mgao ule mkubwa.

Nililazwa kwenye mwamba na baada ya kufungwa kikiki, Simba alinua upanga tayari kukidekua kichwa changu. Nilitoa mlio na kujipata chini ya kitanda huku nimeloa jasho chepechepe. Kumbe ilikuwa ni jinamizi!

31. Mwandishi alijipata katikati ya _____
 A. Mto B. Msitu
 C. jangwa D. Mbuga
32. Wanyama walikutana kujadiliana jinsi ya _____
 A. Kumsamehe mwandishi
 B. Kumvamia na kumla mwandishi
 C. Kumsherehekea mwandishi
 D. Kumchezca mwandishi
33. Ni mngurumo upi ambao mwandishi aliogopa zaidi? _____
 A. Wa nguruwe mwitu
 B. Wa ndovu
 C. Wa fisi
 D. Wa simba
34. Ni jambo gani ambalo wanyama wote walikubaliana? Kwamba _____
 A. Sharti Mwandishi angeuawa kwa kuchomwa.
 B. Sharti mwandishi angeuawa kwa vyovyote vile
 C. Sharti mwandishi angeuawa kwa kusulubiwa
 D. Sharti mwandishi angesamehewa
35. Hatimaye mwandishi angetolewa uhai kwa _____
 A. Kutupwa motoni
 B. Kuombewa
 C. Kukatwa kichwa
 D. Kuvunjwa miguu
36. Damu ya mwandishi ingetiwa kwenye _____
 A. Mtungi B. Chungu
 C. Pipa D. Debe
37. Baada ya nyama ya mwandishi kugawanywa ni nani angepata mgao mkubwa?
 A. Simba
 B. Ndovu
 C. Fisi
 D. Wote wangepata sawa
38. Mwandishi alilazwa kwenye mwamba baada ya _____
 A. Kuuawa
 B. kuombewa
 C. kufungwa kabisa
 D. kujiamulia yeye
39. Simba alinua kumwua mwandishi kwa _____
 A. Shoka
 B. upanga
 C. Kucha
 D. meno
40. Kichwa kinachofaa ufahamu huu ni _____
 A. Kifo cha uchungu
 B. Simba asiye huruma
 C. Wanyama katili
 D. Ndoto ya kuogofya

Uandishi wa insha ni muhimu sana katika lugha. Wanafunzi wanastahili kufundishwa jinsi ya kuandika insha wakiwa katika madarasa ya chini. Mwanafunzi mwenye ozoovu wa kuandika insha huwa na fursa nzuri ya kufanikiwa katika somo la Kiswahili.

Anaycandika insha ni sharti azingatie mambo kadhaa muhimu. Mambo hayo ni kama vile **maudhui**. Katika schemu hii mwanafunzi hutoa maelezo ya wazo kuu analozungumzia bila kupuuza kile alichotakikana kuelezea juu yake.

Sehemu nyingine muhimu katika uandishi wa insha ni mtiririko. Lazima mawazo ya mwandishi yatiririke vizuri toka chini hadi juu bila kutapatapa hapa na pale. Kila wazo huzaa wazo jingine na hivyo lazima pawe na ule mfuatano wa mawazo hadi mwisho.

Ni muhimu pia kwa mwanafunzi kutumia mapambo anapoandika. Mapambo hayo ni kama vile methali, tashbihi, istiara, tanakali za sauti na mengineyo mengi. Hata hivyo ni vyema kwa mwanafunzi kuyatumia mapambo vizuri

Mwafunzi pia **hana budi** kuandika vizuri kwa kutumia mwandiko mzuri. Hili humvutia anayesahihisha.

41. Ni nini ambacho ni muhimu sana katika lugha?
A. Matamshi
B. Maendelezi
C. Uandishi wa insha
D. Uchoraji
42. Wanafunzi wanastahili kufundishwa kuhusu uandishi wa insha katika
A. Vyuo vya juu
B. Madarasa ya chini
C. Darasa la nane
D. Kidato cha kwanza
43. Aliye na ___ wa uandishi wa insha hufanikiwa katika Kiswahili
A. Ujuzi
B. Uzoevu
C. Woga
D. Upofu
44. Ni jambo lipi ambalo si muhimu kuzingatia katika uandishi wa insha
A. Maudhui
B. Rangi
C. Mtiririko
D. Mapambo
45. Maelezo ya wazo kuu hutolewa katika ___
A. Mada
B. Mtiririko
C. Mapambo
D. Maudhui
46. Kufuatana kwa mawazo kwa njia inayofaa huitwa ____
A. maudhui
B. Mtiririko
C. Mapambo
D. Insha
47. ___ hutia ladha katika insha
A. Maendelezi
B. Maudhui
C. Mapambo
D. Sarufi
48. Ni gani kati ya hizi ambayo ni istiara?
A. Mwoga kama kunguru
B. Anguka mchangani tifu
C. Yeye ni Simba
D. Lia kwikwikwi
49. Maneno **hana budi** yametumika kumaanisha ____
A. Si lazima
B. Hana mawazo
C. Hana wajibu
D. Ni lazima
50. Kichwa kifaacho taarifa hii ni
A. Maudhui
B. Umuhimu wa uandishi wa insha
C. Mtiririko wa insha
D. Kupamba insha

GATUNDU SUB – COUNTY EXAMINATION

STANDARD FIVE – TERM I - 2016

MARKING SCHEME

ENGLISH	KISWAHILI	MATHS	SCIENCE	SOCIAL STUDIES	
1. C	1. C	1. B	1. C	1. B	51. B
2. D	2. D	2. D	2. A	2. C	52. C
3. A	3. A	3. C	3. D	3. C	53. D
4. B	4. B	4. A	4. B	4. A	54. B
5. B	5. C	5. D	5. A	5. D	55. B
6. B	6. A	6. D	6. B	6. D	56. C
7. D	7. D	7. A	7. D	7. A	57. B
8. C	8. A	8. A	8. C	8. A	58. C
9. B	9. C	9. D	9. D	9. C	59. D
10. A	10. B	10. C	10. C	10. A	60. A
11. B	11. C	11. C	11. B	11. D	
12. B	12. A	12. B	12. A	12. B	
13. D	13. D	13. A	13. A	13. B	<u>C.R.E</u>
14. D	14. A	14. D	14. D	14. C	61. B
15. A	15. C	15. A	15. C	15. D	62. D
16. B	16. C	16. C	16. B	16. D	63. B
17. D	17. A	17. B	17. D	17. C	64. C
18. B	18. C	18. D	18. A	18. D	65. D
19. A	19. A	19. C	19. B	19. C	66. D
20. C	20. C	20. A	20. C	20. C	67. B
21. C	21. C	21. C	21. A	21. C	68. D
22. C	22. A	22. A	22. B	22. D	69. B
23. B	23. C	23. D	23. C	23. B	70. A
24. D	24. B	24. C	24. D	24. C	71. D
25. C	25. C	25. C	25. A	25. C	72. A
26. C	26. C	26. B	26. B	26. C	73. A
27. D	27. D	27. C	27. D	27. D	74. A
28. C	28. B	28. D	28. C	28. B	75. B
29. D	29. D	29. C	29. D	29. A	76. A
30. B	30. B	30. B	30. B	30. D	77. A
31. C	31. D	31. D	31. A	31. C	78. C
32. D	32. B	32. C	32. C	32. C	79. C
33. B	33. D	33. C	33. C	33. B	80. C
34. C	34. B	34. D	34. B	34. B	81. D
35. A	35. C	35. B	35. D	35. C	82. D
36. C	36. D	36. D	36. A	36. A	83. B
37. D	37. A	37. D	37. A	37. C	84. C
38. D	38. C	38. B	38. C	38. A	85. A
39. B	39. B	39. C	39. B	39. C	86. B
40. C	40. D	40. D	40. D	40. B	87. B
41. A	41. C	41. C	41. D	41. C	88. A
42. B	42. B	42. B	42. C	42. A	89. C
43. B	43. B	43. C	43. C	43. D	90. D
44. C	44. B	44. D	44. B	44. C	
45. D	45. D	45. D	45. A	45. B	
46. B	46. B	46. C	46. D	46. C	
47. A	47. C	47. A	47. C	47. C	
48. C	48. C	48. D	48. A	48. B	
49. B	49. D	49. C	49. B	49. D	
50. C	50. B	50. A	50. D	50. D	