



**HIGH FLYER
SERIES
003**

HIGH FLYER SERIES TRIAL EXAMINATION STANDARD 4 – 2015

ENGLISH

Time: 1 hour 40 minutes

_____ 1 _____ 2 _____ was my _____ 3 _____. I invited most of my _____ 4 _____. They brought me all of presents. _____ 5 _____ parents had given _____ 6 _____ money to buy gifts. We had a lot of _____ 7 _____ in our house. My parents _____ 8 _____ us to play games and watch movies. The _____ 9 _____ moment was the time for cutting the cake. My mother _____ 10 _____ baked a big beautiful cake. They _____ 11 _____ for me the sweet songs I had always _____ 12 _____ them sung in parties. As I _____ 13 _____ the knife to cut the cake _____ 14 _____ were taken to remember the big day. Oh it was a lovely day _____ 15 _____.

- A**
1. That
 2. Saturday
 3. Bathday
 4. Friends
 5. There
 6. Them
 7. Fan
 8. Alound
 9. Good
 10. Had
 11. Sung
 12. Had
 13. Hold
 14. Photos
 15. ?

- B**
1. last
 2. saturday
 3. batheday
 4. workmate
 5. Their
 6. us
 7. fans
 8. around
 9. best
 10. hard
 11. sang
 12. herd
 13. catch
 14. photo

- C**
1. which
 2. sato
 3. birth day
 4. friends
 5. Them
 6. him
 7. fun
 8. allowed
 9. worst
 10. heard
 11. sing
 12. heard
 13. holding
 14. photoes

- D**
1. Then
 2. sarturday
 3. birthday
 4. freinds
 5. Our
 6. her
 7. jokes
 8. allowed
 9. bad
 10. has
 11. singing
 12. have
 13. held
 14. pichas
 15. !

Select the best word to fill the gaps

16. Kimundiu goes to school _____ foot.
A. By
B. On
C. At
D. With

17. I prefer rice _____ ugali.
A. Than
B. Over
C. To
D. Against

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TURN OVER

18. The man jumped _____ the fence.
A. Above
B. Across
C. Over
D. On

19. Sweetie is suffering _____ AIDS.
A. From
B. With
C. In
D. Of

Give one word for the following.

20. One who cannot talk
A. Dump
B. Damp
C. Damb
D. Dumb
21. Papers, pencils, pens _____
A. stationary
B. stationery
C. writing
D. things
22. Goods brought from other countries.
A. Export
B. Luggage
C. Imports
D. Cargoes
23. A man whose wife is dead _____
A. Window
B. Widow
C. Windower
D. Widower

Complete the similes

24. As wise as _____
A. Ice
B. Owl
C. Mouse
D. Samson

25. As thin as _____
A. Rake
B. Patient
C. Leaf
D. stick

26. As tough as _____
A. Meat
B. Rock
C. Leather
D. Wood

Write the plural of the underline words

27. Several deer were grazing.
A. Deer
B. Deers
C. Cows
D. Oxen
28. The wind blew off the roof.
A. Roves
B. Roof
C. Roofs
D. Roofes
29. Our class has new furniture.
A. Furniture
B. Furnitures
C. Desk and chairs
D. Desks, chairs, tables.
30. This luggage is quite heavy.
A. Luggages
B. Lugagge
C. Luggage
D. Lugagges

Read the passage below then answer the questions.

Last holiday, I visited my grand parents who live in Nakuru. I always go with my parents but this time I went alone. My grandmother used to tell me stories every evening. One day she told me a story of a giants.

She told me that long ago they feared going out at night for fear of the giants. She told me that giants were said to be very scaring. They had enormous eyes and hands. They also had eyes on the face and behind their heads. They looked like human beings but

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TURN OVER

they were five times bigger than normal people. Their eyes made them see everywhere. My late grandmother told me that giants could swallow chicken, goats and even people.

She told me that children who went to fetch water alone or walked alone at night were swallowed by the giants. My grandmother told me more stories. She died fifteen years ago when I was only ten.

31. With whom did the writer go to Nakuru?
A. His parents
B. His grandmother
C. Alone
D. His sister
32. What time did the grandmother tell stories?
A. Night
B. Morning
C. Afternoon
D. Evening
33. Why did people fear going out at night? For _____
A. fear of giants
B. fear of darkness
C. fear of devil
D. fear of the devil
34. We say as _____ as a giant.
A. Short B. big
C. Tall D. great
35. The word enormous means
A. Huge
B. Tiny
C. Funny
D. Small
36. The giants is different from the human beings because?
A. It has two eyes
B. It has two hands
C. It has eyes on the back of the head.
D. It is big
37. How old is the writer?
A. Ten
B. fifteen
C. five
D. twenty five
38. Giant could swallow all the following EXCEPT?
A. Trees B. People
C. Chicken D. Goats
39. Giants were _____
A. Five times smaller than people
B. Five times bigger than people
C. Six times bigger than people
D. Ten times bigger than people
40. For fear of giants _____
A. Children walked alone
B. People walked at night
C. Children fetched water alone
D. Children never walked alone.

Read the passage below then answer the question

Long ago, there was an old woman called Nekesa. She lived in a small village called Eshiachi. After the death of her husband, she was lonely as she had no children. Although Nekesa was old, she was healthy and hard working. She always helped her neighbours and they gave her food and clothing. As she was polite and kind to people, everybody liked her. She loved children very much and whenever she was free she used to tell them good and interesting stories.

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TURN OVER

One day as she sat alone in her hut, she thought of what she could do to make the villagers remember her after her death. She decided to tell the children " whenever you eat fruits don't throw away the seeds but bring them to me." She collected all the seeds and planted them along the path that led to her house. Many years later, there were many fruit trees producing different fruits. Passers - by stopped by to enjoy the fruits and also rest in the shade. This way she was remembered by many people.

41. Who stayed with Nekesa?
A. Children
B. Husband
C. NObody
D. neighbours
42. Her husband had died so she was _____
A. Widow
B. Widower
C. Spinster
D. Bachelor
43. She was given food by neighbor after _____
A. giving her food
B. helping them
C. digging for them
D. planting seeds
44. How did she want to be remembered?
A. For her kindness
B. By growing trees
C. For her cruelty
D. By her neighbours
45. The opposite of the word polite is _____
A. Kind
B. Good
C. Impolite
D. Rudely
46. The trees that grow provided _____ for the passerby.
A. Fruits and food
B. Fruits only
C. Shade
D. Fruits and shade
47. Children loved her because _____
A. They called her shosh
B. She told them stories
C. She was strict
D. She hated them
48. How many children did she have?
A. None
B. Two
C. Three
D. Several
49. Nekesa was _____
A. Old but weak
B. Old, strong and rude
C. Old but healthy
D. Weak and unhealthy
50. We can say the lady in the story was _____
A. Rude
B. Proud
C. Kind
D. Hostile

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TURN OVER



HIGH FLYER SERIES TRIAL EXAMINATION

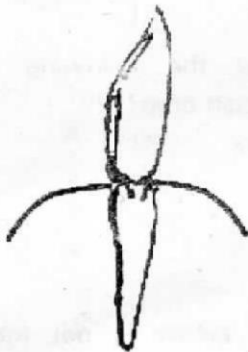
STANDARD 4 – 2015

SCIENCE

Time: 1 Hour 40 minutes

1. Which one of the following plants is an oil crop?
A. Coffee. B. Tea.
C. Coconut. D. Sisal.
2. Which one of the following cannot be burned to produce light?
A. Kerosene.
B. Milk.
C. Gas.
D. Charcoal.
3. Animals that feed on plants only are called?
A. Herbivores.
B. Mammals.
C. Carnivores.
D. Omnivores.

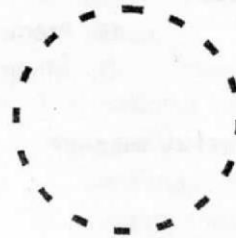
Use the diagram below to answer questions 4 and 5.



4. The tooth shown is known as?
A. Molar.
B. Premolar.
C. Incisor.
D. Canine.

5. The tooth is used for _____ food?
A. Chewing.
B. Tearing.
C. Cutting.
D. Grinding.
6. Which problem of tooth is greatly caused by eating sugary foods?
A. Cavities.
B. Bad smell.
C. Bleeding gums.
D. Gum disease.

7.



This phase of the moon is called?

- A. New moon.
B. Crescent moon.
C. Quarter moon.
D. Full moon.
8. Which cloud causes a halo to appear around the sun or moon?
A. Stratus. B. Cumulus.
C. Nimbus. D. Cirrus.
9. The best weather for winnowing is _____?
A. Rainy. B. Windy.
C. Sunny. D. Cloudy..

10. A _____ will float on water?
 A. Feather.
 B. Nail.
 C. Stone.
 D. Glass.

11. We should brush our teeth _____ ?
 A. Twice a day.
 B. After meals.
 C. Before meals.
 D. In the morning.

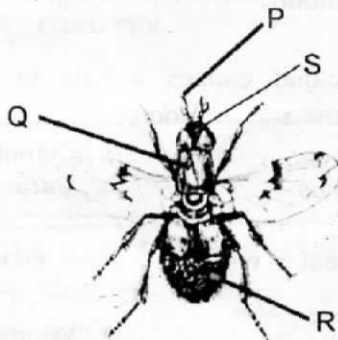
12. A grasshopper moves by _____ ?
 A. Swimming.
 B. Gliding.
 C. Slithering.
 D. Hopping.

13. Meat from a sheep is called?
 A. Beef. B. Pork.
 C. Mutton. D. Bacon.

14. Which type of teeth are normally four in total in an adult?
 A. Canines. B. Premolars.
 C. Incisors. D. Molars.

15. The letter "I" in HIV means?
 A. Infection.
 B. Virus.
 C. Immunodeficiency.
 D. Human.

Use the diagram below to answer questions 16-18



16. The part marked q is called?
 A. Abdomen.
 B. Feelers.
 C. Thorax.
 D. Head.

17. Spiracles for breathing are found at part?
 A. P
 B. Q
 C. R
 D. S

18. The insect shown in the diagram moves by _____ .
 A. Flying.
 B. Crawling.
 C. Hopping.
 D. Walking.

19. Which one of the following is a natural source of light?
 A. Sun.
 B. Torch.
 C. Electricity.
 D. Candle.

20. Fruits and _____ are examples of protective foods?
 A. Meat. B. Eggs.
 C. Vegetables. D. Maize.

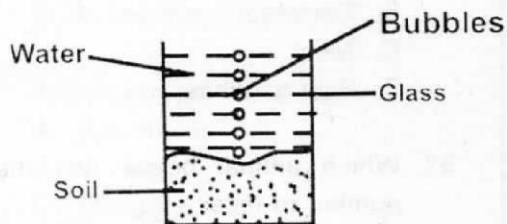
21. Which one of the following is an example of a cash crop?
 A. Green grams.
 B. Coffee.
 C. Maize.
 D. Rice.

22. Which animal below is not matched with the name of its house?
 A. Pig-sty.
 B. Rabbit-hutch.
 C. Dog-kennel
 D. Snail-web.

23. Which one of the following is not a use of light?
- Seeing.
 - Communication.
 - Drying clothes.
 - Taking photographs.
24. Which animals are not found in the soil?
- Earthworm and termite.
 - Ant and mole.
 - Locust and flea.
 - Ant and millipede.
25. _____ does not make animals to die?
- Old age.
 - Proper care.
 - Disease.
 - Famine.
26. Which product is not got from cattle?
- Milk.
 - Hides.
 - Meat.
 - Wool.
27. The sun always sets in the _____ ?
- North.
 - West.
 - South.
 - East.
28. The _____ is a star?
- Moon.
 - Earth.
 - Cloud.
 - Sun.
29. Which animal below does not feed on vegetation?
- Pig.
 - Monkey.
 - Hyena.
 - Rabbit.
30. Which one of the following is not used for transporting water?
- Donkeys.
 - Tanks.
 - Pipes.
 - Tankers.
31. We should eat _____ to exercise our teeth?
- Cakes.
 - Carrots.
 - Meat.
 - Ripe bananas.
32. Which animal below has the highest number of legs?
- Crab.
 - Centipede.
 - Spider.
 - Millipede.
33. Which animal does not protect itself by stinging the enemy?
- | | |
|---|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Ant. Wasp. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Bee. Centipede. |
|---|--|
34. The removal of weeds by pulling them using hands is called?
- Slashing.
 - Digging them out.
 - Uprooting.
 - Pruning.
35. Which practice below will not spread HIV and AIDS?
- Sexual intercourse.
 - Sharing cutting tools.
 - Shaking hands.
 - Exchange of saliva.
36. _____ does not produce its own light?
- Sun.
 - Glowworm.
 - Star.
 - Moon.

37. Which pair of teeth does the same function?
- Molars and premolars.
 - Canines and incisors.
 - Premolars and incisors.
 - Canines and molars.

38. The experiment below shows that soil has?



- Water.
 - Air.
 - Animals.
 - Humus.
39. The best container for storing drinking water is?
- Bucket.
 - Tank.
 - Drum.
 - Pot.
40. A _____ reflects a lot of light?
- Mirror.
 - Wood.
 - Suforia.
 - Window pane.
41. Which energy makes things hot?
- Sound.
 - Heat.
 - Light.
 - Electricity.

42.



This type of cloud is called?

- Cumulus.
- Nimbus.
- Stratus.
- Cirrus.

43. Which one is not a domestic use of water?
- Cooking.
 - Drinking.
 - Swimming.
 - Bathing.

44. Which of these is a special sound?
- Shouting.
 - Ringing bell.
 - Noise.
 - Crying.

45. Which one of the following is not an example of poultry?
- Ostrich.
 - Turkey.
 - Chicken.
 - Duck.

46. _____ is not a colour of the rainbow?
- Red.
 - Blue.
 - Orange.
 - White.

47. Things that burn to produce heat and light are called?
- Liquids.
 - Fuels.
 - Food.
 - Kerosene.

48. Which soil is best for modeling?
- Loam.
 - Clay.
 - Sand.
 - Sand and loam.

49. A lizard feeds on _____?
- Plants.
 - Meat.
 - Fruits.
 - Insects.

50. Which habit is not good when having meals?
- Chewing food when the mouth is closed.
 - Licking your fingers.
 - Moving close to the table.
 - Cleaning the table after eating.

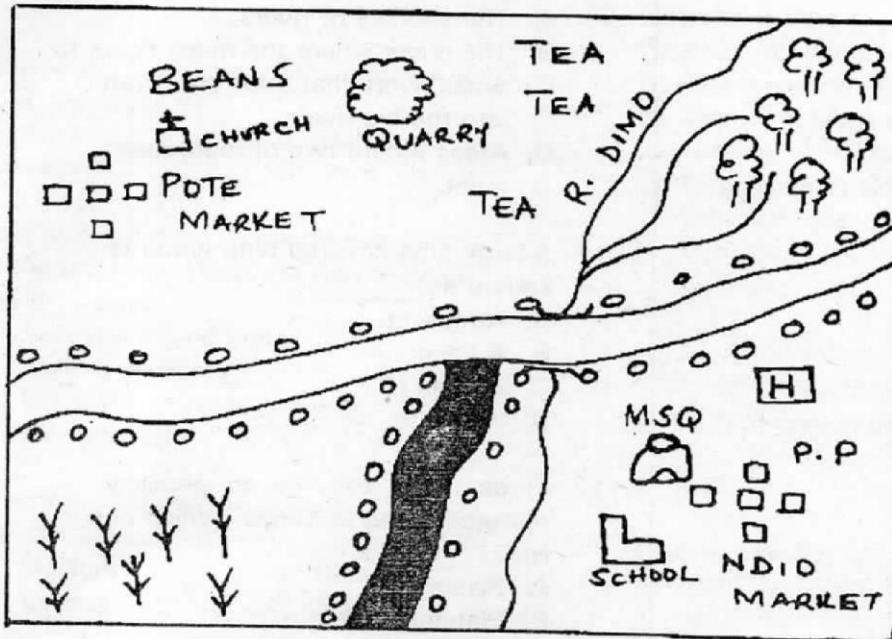


HIGH FLYER SERIES TRIAL EXAMINATION STANDARD FOUR – 2015

SOCIAL STUDIES & CRE/IRE

Time: 2 hours 15 minutes

DIMO AREA



KEY

Y Y Y - MAIZE

Tree symbols - FOREST

Thick black line - MURRAM ROAD

Thin black line - TARMAC ROAD

Small circles - HOUSES

Squares - PERMANENT BUILDINGS

P.P - POLICE POST

H - HOSPITAL

Mosque symbol - MOSQUE

Use the map of Dimo area to answer questions 1 – 7

1. What is the general direction of Ndio market from the quarry?
A. South – West
B. South – East
C. North – West
D. North – East
2. The MAIN form of transport in Dimo area is by
A. Road
B. Railway
C. Water
D. Air
3. Most of the people living in Dimo area have settled
A. Around the quarry
B. Around the mosque
C. Along the road
D. Around the forest
4. People found in Dimo area belong to
A. One religion
B. Two religions
C. Three religions
D. Four religions
5. Which of these cash crops is grown in Dimo ea?
A. Beans B. Maize
C. Tea D. Cotton
6. The evidence of trading in Dimo area is the presence of
A. Markets B. A forest
C. A quarry D. A school
7. It is true to say that River Dimo flows to the
A. Western part of the map
B. Eastern part of the map
C. North Western part of the map
D. Southern part of the map

8. In Kenya the country is divided into forty-seven sections known as
A. Counties B. Districts
C. Divisions D. Locations
9. Brian is facing the sun in the morning. His back is to the _____
A. West B. East
C. North D. South
10. Tributaries are described as
A. The sources of rivers
B. The areas where the rivers flows to
C. Small rivers that pour their water into the big rivers
D. Areas where two or more rivers meet
11. A large area covered with water is known as _____
A. An Island
B. A Lake
C. A Plain
D. Hyacinth
12. Three of the following are physical features found in Kenya. Which one is NOT?
A. Plains
B. Plateaus
C. Tarmac roads
D. Valleys
13. Communication equipments are likely to be placed on one o the following physical features. Which one is it?
A. Hills
B. Rivers
C. Lakes
D. Swamps
14. Forests are mainly found in areas that
A. Are always low-lying
B. Are always hot and dry
C. Receive little rainfall
D. Receive high rainfall

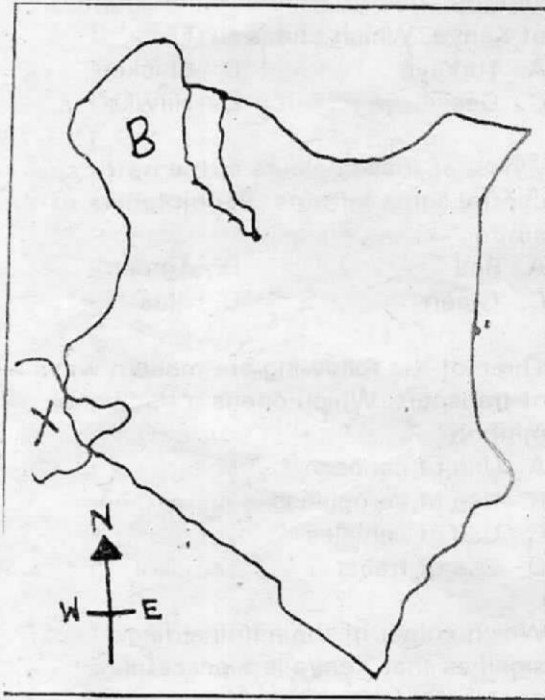
15. Which of these compass directions is located between East and South?
 A. South – East
 B. South – West
 C. North – East
 D. North – West
16. Raised parts of land are generally known as _____
 A. Hills
 B. Lakes
 C. Swamps
 D. Valleys
17. Savannah vegetation mainly consists of _____
 A. Tall trees growing close together
 B. Papyrus reeds and water lilies
 C. Scrub and bamboo trees
 D. Scattered umbrella shaped trees and grass
18. Which of these liquids is found inside a simple thermometer?
 A. Water
 B. Mercury
 C. Petrol
 D. Alcohol
19. A mercury thermometer is used in measuring
 A. Amount of rainfall received
 B. The temperature of the day
 C. The speed of the wind
 D. The direction of the wind
20. Which of these is NOT a type of vegetation found in the counties of Kenya?
 A. Scrub vegetation
 B. Swamp vegetation
 C. Altitude vegetation
 D. Riverine vegetation
21. Destruction of forest vegetation by human beings is known as
 A. Agro – forestry
 B. Deforestation
 C. Afforestation
 D. Reafforestation
22. In which of the following areas are we likely to find a seasonal river?
 A. In dry areas
 B. In forested areas
 C. In the highland areas
 D. In areas that receive plenty of rainfall
23. Mwende, a standard four pupil of Mwenge primary School was asked by her Social Studies teacher to describe what temperature is. Which of the following did she give as the correct answer?
 A. It is the daily changes in the atmosphere
 B. It is the height above sea level
 C. It is the hotness or coldness of a place
 D. It is the location of a place on the surface of the earth.
24. During which weather is it suitable for washing clothes?
 A. On a rainy day
 B. On a cloudy day
 C. On a sunny day
 D. On a partly cloudy day
25. The following are elements of weather. Which one is NOT?
 A. Rainfall
 B. Winds
 C. Time
 D. Temperature
26. Lakes and rivers are useful in the following ways except one. Which one is it?
 A. They provide water for drinking
 B. The water in lakes and rivers can be used in industries
 C. Lakes and rivers can provide areas for recreation
 D. Lakes and rivers get flooded during the rainy season

27. Reeds grow in marshy areas. They can be used for the following purposes except one. Which one is it?
- Making baskets
 - Making mats
 - Making pots
 - Making furniture
28. People are likely to wear light clothes
- When it is very cold
 - During the warm weather
 - During the cool and wet seasons
 - When it is raining
29. Which of the following activities is likely to be carried out by farmers during the wet season?
- Clearing the bushes for farming
 - Ploughing the land
 - Planting of crops
 - Harvesting the crops
30. Large areas that experience very little rainfall that can not be used for farming activities are known as
- Deserts
 - Islands
 - Valleys
 - Mountains
31. Which of the following languages is spoken mostly by all communities living in the counties of Kenya?
- Pokomo
 - Abagusii
 - Kiswahili
 - Luhya
32. Three of the following are Bantu speaking communities. Which one is NOT?
- Rendille
 - Abagusii
 - Abakuria
 - Duruma
33. Which of the following is an Asian community living in the counties of Kenya?
- The Chinese
 - The Boran
 - The Americans
 - The British
34. Which of the following communities found in the counties of Kenya is the odd one out?
- The Maasai
 - The Turkana
 - The Oromo
 - The Iteso
35. The Germans, the French and the Italians are generally classified as
- Arabs
 - Europeans
 - Americans
 - Semites
36. The Nandi, Tugen and the Keiyo communities are generally classified as
- Plains – Nilotes
 - River – Lake Nilotes
 - Highland Nilotes
 - Lowland Nilotes
37. The Somali and the Galla communities are found in the counties of Kenya. They are generally classified as
- Bantu speakers
 - Cushitic speakers
 - Nilotic speakers
 - Semitic speakers
38. Amina lives in a village that has very many people. Such an area is said to be
- Lowly populated
 - Densely populated
 - Sparsely populated
 - A cold area
39. Three of the following are good habits in the society. Which one is it?
- Honesty
 - Respect for life
 - Being corrupt
 - Being responsible

40. Most of the clothes that were worn by Africans before the coming of Europeans were made from
 A. Cotton B. Nylon
 C. Silk D. Skins
41. In the traditional African communities the sick were treated
 A. By prophets
 B. By herbalists
 C. By rainmakers
 D. By wizards
42. Which of these ceremonies was practised by African communities when young people were becoming adults?
 A. Naming B. Birth
 C. Marriage D. Initiation
43. One of the following festivals is found in the school calendar of events?
 A. Harvest festival
 B. Drama festival
 C. Marriage ceremony
 D. Planting ceremony
44. People living in the counties of Kenya can do three of the following together. Which one should they not do?
 A. Cleaning the environment
 B. Helping the needy
 C. Coming together to construct health centres
 D. Fighting for resources
45. One of the following is an economic activity. Which one is it?
 A. Water B. Soil
 C. Minerals D. Trade
46. Maize, millet and sorghum are generally known as
 A. Subsistence crops
 B. Cash crops
 C. Commercial crops
 D. Beverage crops
47. A factory where milk is processed is known as
 A. A ginnery B. A creamery
 C. A sawmill D. A pond
48. The activity of buying and selling of goods and services is known as _____
 A. Farming B. Mining
 C. Trading D. Transportation
49. Which of these animals are mainly kept by Kenyan farmers for the production of meat?
 A. Dairy cattle B. Beef cattle
 C. Donkeys D. Horses
50. Three of the following types of birds are kept by poultry farmers in the counties of Kenya. Which one is NOT?
 A. Turkeys B. Chicken
 C. Geese D. Hawks
51. Which of these colours in the traffic control lights informs the motorists to stop?
 A. Red B. Amber
 C. Green D. Blue
52. Three of the following are modern ways of transport. Which one is a traditional method?
 A. Use of canoes
 B. Use of aeroplanes
 C. Use of vehicles
 D. Use of trains
53. Which colour of the national flag signifies that Kenya is a peaceful country?
 A. White B. Green
 C. Red D. Black
54. Who became the president of Kenya after the general elections that were held in the year 2013?
 A. Mwai Kibaki
 B. Uhuru Kenyatta
 C. Daniel Arap Moi
 D. Kalonzo Musyoka

55. Land, water, soil and wild animals are generally known as
- Resources
 - Physical features
 - Economic activities
 - Needs
56. Which of these activities is NOT part of farming?
- Keeping animals for the production of milk
 - Keep animals for production of beef
 - Growing crops for home use
 - Selling goods in a local market

Use the diagram below to answer questions 57 – 58



57. Which of these counties of Kenya is LIKELY to be found at the place marked B?
- Kajiado county
 - Turkana county
 - Machakos county
 - Mandera county
58. The feature marked X on the map is a lake. The lake is found in one of the following directions in Kenya. Which one is it?
- South – Eastern direction
 - North – Eastern direction
 - Western direction
 - Eastern direction
59. The governors are elected to head counties in Kenya. They are elected by
- Voters
 - The president
 - The deputy president
 - The judges
60. Three of the following statements are true about water transport. Which one is NOT?
- It is very slow
 - It can be used to transport people and goods
 - It is cheap
 - It is the fastest means of transport

76. Jesus helped Simon Peter to catch a lot of fish. From this we learn to
- Obey
 - Be humble
 - Become fishermen
 - Work hard
77. We remember the resurrection of Jesus during _____
- Christmas
 - Easter
 - Palm Sunday
 - New year's day
78. The loaves of bread used to feed 5000 people by Jesus Christ were
- Five
 - Four
 - Two
 - Six
79. A good leader should have the following qualities except?
- Humility
 - Gentleness
 - Arrogance
 - Co-operation
80. During the baptism of Jesus, the spirit of God came down in form of _____
- A cloud
 - Fire
 - A dove
 - Lightning
81. Who among the following were unhappy when Jesus forgave the paralysed man of his sins?
- The disciples
 - The Pharisees
 - The tax collector
 - The parents of the paralysed man
82. To be unselfish means _____
- To be unkind
 - To be self-centred
 - To consider the needs of others above yours
 - To be proud
83. The Holy Spirit produces the following fruits except one. Which one is it?
- Humility
 - Self - control
 - Kindness
 - Healing
84. Before He was arrested, Jesus prayed at _____
- The garden of Eden
 - The garden of Gethsemane
 - The temple in Jerusalem
 - The synagogue in Nazareth
85. The crucifixion of Jesus took place on Mount _____
- Calvary
 - Moriah
 - Nebo
 - Olives
86. Which of these words were spoken by Jesus to Martha, the sister of Lazarus?
- 'This is your mother'
 - 'This is your son'
 - 'I am the resurrection and the life'
 - 'I am the Good Shepherd'
87. Prophet Isaiah described Jesus as _____
- The prince of peace
 - The king of the Jews
 - The prince of the Israelites
 - The wonderful carpenter
88. Jesus grew up in a town known as _____
- Jerusalem
 - Bethany
 - Jericho
 - Nazareth
89. Which of these roles was performed by Simon of Cyrene in the life of Jesus?
- He baptized Him
 - He helped Him to carry a heavy cross
 - He anointed His body with expensive oil
 - He helped Him to feed a crowd of people
90. What lesson do we learn about Joseph and his brothers in Egypt?
- We should be courageous
 - We should always revenge
 - We should forgive those who wrong us
 - We should be unfair to our enemies



JARIBIO LA MTHANI WA HIGH FLYER SERIES

DARASA LA NNE – 2015

LUGHA YA KISWAHILI

Muda: Saa 1 dakika 40

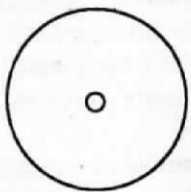
Soma kifungu hiki na ujaze pengo la 1 15 kwa makini

Salamu ni njia _____ 1 _____ kujuliana hali. Unapomsalimia mtu unafaa kuzingatia adabu na _____ 2 _____. Mtoto humsalimia mtu mzima _____ 3 _____. Mwalimu anapoingia darasani huwaamkua wanafunzi _____ 4 _____ nao _____ 5 _____, "hatujambo mwalimu". Ni kweli heshima si _____ 6 _____. Salamu hutegemea uhusiano _____ 7 _____ mtu na mwingine, au _____ 8 _____ wa siku. Ni adabu _____ 9 _____ kumwambia mtu _____ 10 _____ akikusaidia. Ikiwa mtu ni mgonjwa tunafaa tumwambie _____ 11 _____. Tukiwatembelea rafiki zetu _____ 12 _____ kubisha hodi ili waseme _____ 13 _____ ikiwa _____ 14 _____ tuingie _____ 15 _____ kwao.

- | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| 1. A. Wa | B. la | C. ya | D. kwa |
| 2. A. Adhabu | B. heshima | C. ajabu | D. adabu |
| 3. A. Marahaba | B. hujambo | C. hongera | D. shikamoo |
| 4. A. Hujambo | B. sijambo | C. hamjambo | D. habari |
| 5. A. humjibu | B. huwajibu | C. huzijibu | D. huongea |
| 6. A. zawadi | B. mwalimu | C. utumwa | D. kaburi |
| 7. A. za | B. wa | C. ya | D. mwa |
| 8. A. nyakati | B. saa | C. masaaa | D. wakati |
| 9. A. mwema | B. njema | C. jema | D. zuri |
| 10. A. asante | B. asanti | C. heko | D. pole |
| 11. A. nishapoa | B. pole | C. samahani | D. hongera |
| 12. A. tunafaa | B. hatufai | C. tunafai | D. tunavaa |
| 13. A. kamsa | B. mbinja | C. hodi | D. karibu |
| 14. A. wanakataa | B. wanachukia | C. wanakubali | D. wanaogopa |
| 15. A. Nyumba | B. shule | C. nyumbani | D. Darasa |

jibu kila swali 16-30 kulingana na maagizo uliyopewa

16. Kitabu hiki ni cha mwanafunzi ?
A. wapi B. mgani
C. ipi D. gani
17. Kifaa cha kukunia nazi huitwa
A. Mbuzi B. Buli
C. Mchi D. Seredani
18. Kitendawili
Kila niendapo yeye hunifuata.
A. Mama
B. Rafiki
C. Kivuli
D. Mbwa
19. Jua huchomoza upande wa
A. Magharibi
B. Kusini
C. Mashariki
D. Kaskazini
20. Kanusha sentensi
Jerusa amekula wali
A. Jerusa hali wali
B. Jerusa hajakula wali
C. Jerusa hajala wali
D. Wali haujaliwa na Jerusa

21. Ni sentensi gani imetumia alama ya uakifishaji vizuri
- Salaale? Mtoto ameanguka.
 - Nairobi ! Mombasa! Na kisumu ni miji mikubwa.
 - Huree! Timu yetu imefunga bao.
 - Nilienda sokoni nikanunua. Maembe. Machungwa na mapera
22. Andika wingi wa sentensi Mti uliopandwa umekatwa
- Miti zilizopandwa zimekatwa
 - Miti iliyopandwa yamekatwa
 - Mti uliopandwa haujakatwa
 - Miti iliyopandwa imekatwa
- 23.
- 
- Umbo hili huitwa
- Mchinjo kati
 - Kopa
 - Kitovu
 - Mraba
24. Andika umoja wa sentensi Majiko yetu yanawaka
- Meko yangu inawaka
 - Jiko langu linawaka
 - Jiko lako linawaka
 - Meko langu linawaka
25. Chagua kiashiria sahihi Milima _____ ina wanyama wengi
- ile
 - zile
 - ule
 - yale
26. Andika wingi wa sentensi Kiwavi yule amekufa
- Viwavi wale wamekufa
 - Viwavi vile vimekufa
 - Viwavi zile wamekufa
 - Kiwavi wale wamekufa
27. Kifaa gani ni tofauti kati ya hivi
- buli
 - chano
 - rununu
 - sinia
28. Jibu la salamu "habari za asubuhi" ni
- mzuri
 - jema
 - zuri
 - nzuri
29. Watoto wamechukua viatu
- vyao
 - zao
 - yao
 - wao
30. Kamilisha methali Kawia _____
- uchelewe
 - ufike
 - ufikiwe
 - haina Baraka

Soma ufahamu huu kisha ujibu maswali 31-40

Miti ni muhimu sana katika maisha ya binadamu. Miti vilevile haiwezi kuishi bila binadamu au wanyama. Hewa inayotolewa na wanyama hutumiwa na miti, nayo hewa inayotolewa na miti hutumiwa na wanyama.

Kando na kutegemeana kwa miti na wanyama pamoja na binadamu, miti ina faida nyingi. Tangu zamani, miti hutupatia dawa. Bila miti watu wangekufa kwa magonjwa mbalimbali. Miti pia, humpa binadamu chakula. Sehemu za miti kama vile majani, mizizi, matunda na hata shina huliwa. Kuna vyakula vinavyompa binadamu nguvu. Vyakula hivi ni kama vile wali, ugali, viazi na mawe. Vyakula vingine kama vile maharagwe, nyama na mayai ni vya kujenga mwili.

Isitoshe miti ni makao ya wanyamapori. Wanyamapori hasa nchini Kenya ni kivutio cha watalii. Watalii wakija nchini huleta fedha ambazo hutumiwa katika ujenzi wa shule, hospitali, barabara na maendeleo mengine.

Miti humpa mtu kuni ambazo hutumiwa katika upishi. Seredani ni jiko ambalo hutumia makaa ya miti kupikia vyakula mbalimabli. Miti pia huvuta mvua. Bila miti nchi yetu ingekuwa jangwa. Ni vyema kila mtu atunze miti kwa sababu ya faida zake.

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>31. Hewa inayotolewa na miti
A. Huharibu wanyama
B. Huwavuta wanyama
C. Hutumiwa na wanyama
D. Huleta magojnwa</p> <p>32. Gani si faida ya miti
A. Kuleta magojnwa
B. hutumiwa kama dawa
C. Chakula cha binadamu
D. Kuvuta mvua</p> <p>33. Ni kweli kusema
A. Miti haipendwi na wanyama
B. Miti ni shida kubwa kwa watalii
C. Miti na binadamu hutegemeana.
D. Wanyama hawahitaji miti</p> <p>34. Miti hupata maji na chakula kwa kutumia sehemu gani
A. Shina
B. Mizizi
C. Matawi
D. Matunda</p> <p>35. Chakula gani humpa mtu nguvu kati ya hivi
A. Nyama
B. Matunda
C. Mayai
D. Wali</p> | <p>36. Jiko la makaa huitwa
A. Kuni
B. Buli
C. Seredani
D. Jiko la gesi</p> <p>37. Mtu anayepanda mimea shambani huitwa
A. Ukulima
B. Miti shamba
C. Mtalii
D. Mkulima</p> <p>38. Kulingana na taarifa hii miti
A. Ina faida nyingi
B. Mingi huleta maradhi
C. Haina faida nyingi
D. Inafaa kukatwa yote</p> <p>39. Mwandishi anasema, bila miti
A. Serikali itajenga barabara haraka
B. Watalii watasafiri vizuri
C. Nchi itakuwa jangwa
D. Wanafunzi watapata uwanja wa kuchezea</p> <p>40. Kichwa kizuri zaidi cha taarifa hii ni
A. Magonjwa na miti
B. Vyakula mbalimbali
C. Serikali na miti
D. Faida za miti</p> |
|--|---|

Soma ufahamu kisha ujibu swali 41-50 kwa makini

Tabu alikuwa mwanafunzi wa shule ya msingi ya Taibuka. Ingawa Tabu alikuwa mwanafunzi mwerevu, alikuwa na tabia ya kuudhi sana. Ulafi wake ulizidi wa fisi. Kila alipokiona chakula alikichukua bila kupatiwa na mwenyewe.

Wanafunzi katika darasa la Tabu walimwogopa kwa sababu alikuwa akiwatisha hasa wale waliokataa kumpa chakula. Walimu walimshauri Tabu ili kubadili tabia yake. Wazazi wa Tabu walihakikisha mwanao amebeba chakula shuleni ili asiwanyang'anye wenzake. Hata hivyo, ulafi wa Tabu haukukoma.

Siku moja mama wa Tabu aliandaa sherehe ya kuzaliwa kwa Tabu. Vyakula mbalimbali vililandaliwa. Tabu alipofika pale mezani, alichukua kipande kikubwa cha nyama. Alikitafuna haraka kisha akakimeza. Siku hii hakuwa na bahati. Alisakamwa na nyama ile kooni. Tabu aliyakodoa macho huku akishika shingo yake.

Mama wa Tabu alipoona vile alimongoa mwanawe ngumi mgongoni mara kadha. Nyama iliendelea kumsakama Tabu. Wakati huu wageni wote walikuwa wamemzingira Tabu. Jirani mmoja alimongoa Tabu katikati ya mabega kwa ngumi. Nyama ile iliruka nje ikiwa imejaa damu. Tabu alibaki mnyonge. Wazazi wake waliona aibu lakini wangepanya nini? Tabu alipangusa machozi akaketi huku akilia. Kutoka siku hiyo aliacha kuwa mlafi.

41. kulingana na habari hii
 A. wazazi wa Tabu walikuwa maskini
 B. Tabu alikuwa mwanafunzi wa darasa la nne
 C. Tabu alikuwa msichana
 D. Tabu alikuwa mlafi
42. Kwa nini baadhi ya wanafunzi walimwogopa Tabu
 A. Aliwatisha
 B. Aliwashinda katika mitihani
 C. Sura yake ilikuwa ya kuogofya
 D. Alikuwa mnene sana
43. Tabia gani ya Tabu iliyofananishwa na ile ya fisi?
 A. Ulafi
 B. Utiifu
 C. Uoga
 D. Uangalifu
44. Sherehe iliyokuwa kwa akina Tabu ilikuwa
 A. Sherehe ya kuzaliwa kwa mama Tabu
 B. Sherehe ya kuzaliwa kwa Tabu
 C. Sherehe ya mwalimu wa Tabu
 D. Sherehe ya rafiki wa Tabu
45. Ni chakula gani kilichomsakama Tabu kooni
 A. Mkate na nyama
 B. Kiazi kitamu
 C. Vibanzi
 D. Nyama
46. Mtu anayepika huitwa
 A. Mama
 B. Mpishi
 C. Shangazi
 D. Mapishi
47. Sherehe pia huitwa
 A. Karamu
 B. Kalamu
 C. Kusakamwa
 D. kuandaa
48. Ngumi ni
 A. Ubao mkubwa
 B. Vidole vilivyokunjwa
 C. Mgeni aliyewatembelea akina Tabu
 D. Sehemu ya mguu
49. Ni kweli kusema kuwa Tabu
 A. alipendwa sana na mwanafunzi wengine
 B. alikuwa mvulana
 C. alikuwa mnyonge baada ya kusakamwa na nyama
 D. alikula vyakula vyote vilivyoandaliwa
50. Kichwa kinachofaa hadithi hii ni
 A. Ulafi haufai
 B. Tabu na wanafunzi wenzake
 C. Wazazi wa Tabu
 D. Sherehe ya siku ya kuzaliwa kwa Tabu



HIGH FLYER SERIES TRIAL EXAMINATION
STANDARD FOUR – 2015
MATHEMATICS



Time: 2 hours

- Write nine thousand and ninety nine in symbols
A. 9990
B. 9909
C. 90099
D. 9099
- What is the total value of digit 7 in the number 27321?
A. 70000
B. 7000
C. 700
D. 70
- Work out

Weeks	Days
12	2
- 6	6

A. 5 weeks 6 days
B. 6 weeks 6 days
C. 5 weeks 3 days
D. 6 weeks 3 days
- How many months are there in 36 years?
A. 432
B. 3
C. 360
D. 412
- Work out

Sh	cts
414	15
- 296	70

A. sh 118 45cts
B. sh 127 45cts
C. sh 117 55cts
D. sh 117 45cts
- What is $8 \times 9 \times 0 =$
A. 72
B. 0
C. 890
D. 720
- A book cost sh 95. How much will 12 books cost?
A. sh 107
B. sh 1040
C. sh 1140
D. sh 940
- Which one shows a pair of factors of 84?
A. 7×12
B. 24×6
C. 16×6
D. 18×6
- Which of the following numbers is divisible by 2, 5 and 10?
A. 2105
B. 3048
C. 1005
D. 2020
- What do you get when you multiply an even number by an odd number?
A. Odd
B. Even
C. Prime
D. Square
- In a farm there are 175 cows, 286 goats and 389 sheep. What is the total number of animals in the farm?
A. 849
B. 840
C. 850
D. 750
- What is the next number in the pattern 5, 6, 8, 11, 15, _____?
A. 20
B. 19
C. 18
D. 21
- Kotut has sh 18050 while Omondi has sh 13890. How much more money has Kotut than Omondi?
A. sh 5160
B. sh 4260
C. sh 4160
D. sh 31940
- Work out $64 \times 32 =$
A. 2048
B. 1948
C. 1048
D. 2038

15. What is a quarter of 56?
 A. 16 B. 14
 C. 18 D. 12
16. Write five twelfth in symbols
 A. 5/12 B. $\frac{1}{12}$
 C. 5.12 D. $\frac{5}{12}$
17. Which of the following fractions is equivalent to $\frac{3}{10}$?
 A. $\frac{30}{40}$ B. $\frac{12}{40}$
 C. $\frac{13}{20}$ D. $\frac{9}{60}$

18. Work out

$$15 \overline{) 308}$$

- A. 2 rem 8
 B. 21
 C. 20 rem 8
 D. 20 rem 13
19. Subtract the shaded part from the whole rectangle



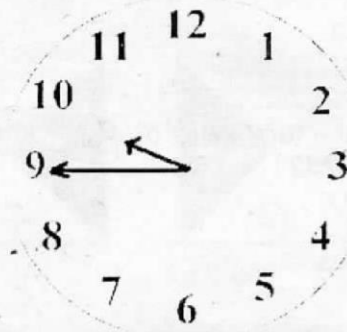
- A. $\frac{7}{12}$ B. $\frac{5}{12}$
 C. $\frac{8}{12}$ D. $\frac{6}{12}$
20. How many centimetres are there in 2m 69cm?
 A. 2.69cm B. 26900cm
 C. 2690cm D. 269cm
21. Fill in the missing number in the following
 $5968 = \quad + 900 + 60 + 8$
 A. 5 B. 50
 C. 500 D. 5000
22. Round off the number 7778 to the nearest 100
 A. 7700 B. 7800
 C. 7780 D. 8000
23. Work out
 $14.72 + 9.86 + 29 =$
 A. 43.58 B. 52.58
 C. 53.58 D. 24.87

24. Write $\frac{7}{10}$ as a decimal
 A. 0.7 B. 7.0
 C. 10.7 D. 7.10

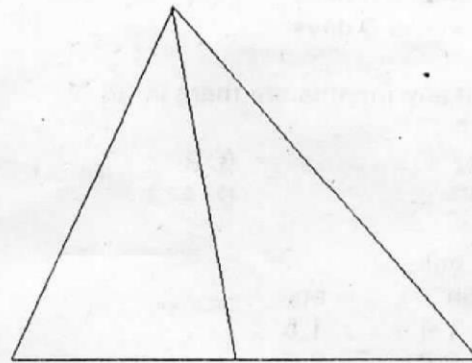
25. Work out

$$\quad \div 8 = 11$$

- A. 88 B. 108
 C. 118 D. 808
26. What is the time shown on the clock face below?



- A. Quarter past 9 o'clock
 B. Quarter to 9 o'clock
 C. Quarter to 10 o'clock
 D. Quarter past 10 o'clock
27. How many triangles are in the figure below?



- A. 2 B. 3
 C. 4 D. 5
28. The cost of a ball is sh 80 and that of a net is sh 10 more than of a ball. How much did Wanjiru pay for both a net and a ball?
 A. sh 90 B. sh 170
 C. sh 100 D. sh 150

29. Kwanza bought 6 crates of soda. Each crate holds 24 bottles. How many bottles did he buy?

- A. 30 B. 108
C. 124 D. 144

30. How many days are there in the months of May, September and December?

- A. 93 B. 91
C. 90 D. 92

31. What is the multiple of 8 after 96?

- A. 112 B. 102
C. 104 D. 108

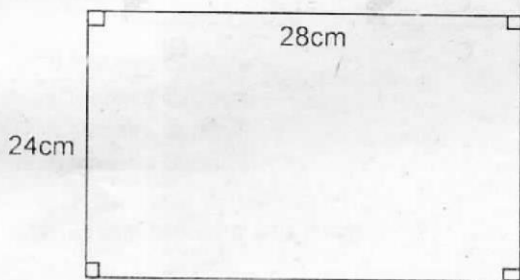
32. Omumbo bought 40 bananas which he shared equally among nine children. How many bananas did he remain with?

- A. 4 B. 5
C. 3 D. 2

33. Which fraction is the largest?

- A. $\frac{1}{6}$ B. $\frac{1}{7}$
C. $\frac{1}{8}$ D. $\frac{1}{9}$

34. What is the perimeter of the figure below?



- A. 52cm B. 104cm
C. 80cm D. 76cm

35. How many cents are there in 8 shillings?

- A. 8 B. 80
C. 800 D. 8000

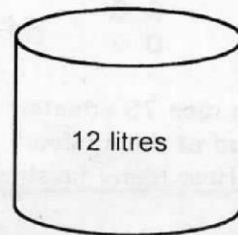
36. How many days are there in 5 weeks?

- A. 20 B. 60
C. 50 D. 35

37. Subtract $\frac{3}{8}$ from $\frac{1}{8}$

- A. $\frac{6}{8}$ B. $\frac{2}{8}$
C. $\frac{4}{8}$ D. $\frac{5}{8}$

38. How many half litres are in the container below?



- A. 24 B. 36
C. 18 D. 6

39. Mandela bought the following items from a shop:

- 3 bars of soap for sh 40 each
2 packets of milk for sh 50 each
1kg of rice for sh 90

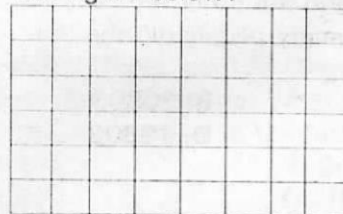
How much did he pay for the items?

- A. sh 180 B. sh 310
C. sh 220 D. sh 300

40. Arrange from the smallest to the greatest 1789, 1699, 1807, 1597

- A. 1597, 1789, 1699, 1807
B. 1807, 1789, 1699, 1597
C. 1699, 1597, 1807, 1789
D. 1597, 1699, 1789, 1807

41. How many small squares are there in the figure below?



- A. 48 B. 54
C. 56 D. 42

42. Work out

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{Sh} \quad \text{cts} \\ 25 \quad 70 \\ + 14 \quad 65 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

- A. Sh 39 35cts
B. Sh 38 35cts
C. Sh 40 45cts
D. Sh 40 35cts

HIGH FLYER TRIAL EXAM 2015

STANDARD FOUR

MARKING SCHEME


HIGH FLYER
SERIES
003

ENGLISH	KISWAHILI	MATHS	SCIENCE	SOCIAL STUDIES	
1. B	1. C	1. D	1. C	1. B	51. A
2. A	2. B	2. B	2. B	2. A	52. A
3. D	3. D	3. C	3. A	3. C	53. A
4. C	4. C	4. A	4. D	4. B	54. B
5. B	5. A	5. D	5. B	5. C	55. A
6. A	6. C	6. B	6. A	6. A	56. D
7. C	7. B	7. C	7. A	7. D	57. B
8. D	8. D	8. A	8. D	8. A	58. C
9. B	9. B	9. D	9. B	9. A	59. A
10. A	10. A	10. B	10. A	10. C	60. D
11. B	11. B	11. C	11. B	11. B	
12. C	12. A	12. A	12. D	12. C	<u>C.R.E</u>
13. D	13. D	13. C	13. C	13. A	61. A
14. A	14. C	14. A	14. A	14. D	62. C
15. D	15. C	15. B	15. C	15. A	63. B
16. B	16. D	16. D	16. C	16. A	64. B
17. C	17. A	17. B	17. C	17. D	65. C
18. C	18. C	18. C	18. A	18. B	66. A
19. A	19. C	19. A	19. A	19. B	67. D
20. D	20. C	20. D	20. C	20. C	68. C
21. B	21. C	21. D	21. B	21. B	69. B
22. C	22. D	22. B	22. D	22. A	70. D
23. D	23. C	23. C	23. C	23. C	71. C
24. B	24. B	24. A	24. C	24. C	72. A
25. A	25. A	25. A	25. B	25. C	73. B
26. C	26. A	26. C	26. D	26. D	74. B
27. A	27. C	27. B	27. B	27. C	75. C
28. C	28. D	28. B	28. D	28. B	76. A
29. A	29. A	29. D	29. C	29. C	77. B
30. C	30. B	30. D	30. B	30. A	78. A
31. C	31. C	31. C	31. B	31. C	79. C
32. D	32. A	32. A	32. D	32. A	80. C
33. A	33. C	33. A	33. A	33. A	81. B
34. C	34. B	34. B	34. C	34. C	82. C
35. A	35. D	35. C	35. C	35. B	83. D
36. C	36. C	36. D	36. D	36. C	84. B
37. D	37. D	37. C	37. A	37. B	85. A
38. A	38. A	38. A	38. B	38. B	86. C
39. B	39. C	39. B	39. D	39. C	87. A
40. D	40. D	40. D	40. A	40. D	88. D
41. C	41. D	41. A	41. B	41. B	89. B
42. A	42. A	42. D	42. A	42. D	90. C
43. B	43. A	43. B	43. C	43. B	
44. A	44. B	44. C	44. B	44. D	
45. D	45. D	45. A	45. A	45. D	
46. D	46. B	46. C	46. D	46. A	
47. B	47. A	47. D	47. B	47. B	
48. A	48. B	48. B	48. B	48. C	
49. C	49. C	49. C	49. D	49. B	
50. C	50. A	50. A	50. B	50. D	
					<u>I.R.E</u>
					1. B
					2. A
					3. D
					4. B
					5. B
					6. C
					7. B
					8. D
					9. B
					10. A
					11. C
					12. B
					13. D
					14. C
					15. A
					16. A
					17. A
					18. A
					19. A
					20. D
					21. B
					22. A
					23. B
					24. A
					25. A
					26. B
					27. A
					28. D
					29. B
					30. A

JARIBIO LA MTHANI WA HIGH FLYER SERIES



DARASA LA NNE – 2015 KISWAHILI – SEHEMU YA PILI INSHA

Muda: Dakika 40

JINA LAKO	
JINA LA SHULE YAKO	

SOMA MAAGIZO HAYA KWA MAKINI

1. Kwenye nafasi zilizoachwa hapo juu andika namba yako kamili ya mtihani, jina lako na jina la shule yako.
2. Sasa fungua karatasi hii, soma kichwa cha insha kwa makini na uandike insha yako kwenye nafasi zilizoacha.

Kijitabu hiki kina kurasa nne zimepigwa chapa.

HIGH FLYER SERIES TRIAL EXAMINATION

STANDARD 4 – 2015

ENGLISH

COMPOSITION



Time: 40 minutes

YOUR NAME	
NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL	

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. In the spaces provided above write your full Index Number, Your Name and Name of your school.
2. Now open this paper, read the composition subject carefully and write your composition on the lines provided.

This Question Paper consists of 4 printed pages.

