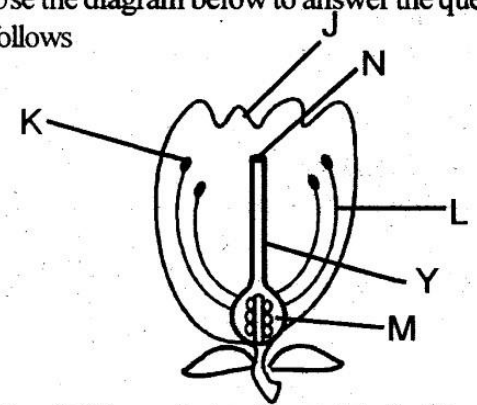


GATUNDU SOUTH DISTRICT
ASSESSMENT TEST MID TERM 1 2015
STD 7 SCIENCE

1. The other name of heart beat is also called _____
 A. waves B. plasma
 C. valve D. pulse
2. _____ is fodder covered with soil so as to preserve it for some months
 A. silage B. pasture
 C. Hay D. concentrates
3. The gas used to extinguish fire also
 A. preserve drinks
 B. used in bulbs
 C. makes proteins in plant
 D. Helps in germination
4. One of the following is both modern and traditional method of preserving food?
 A. Smoking B. Drying
 C. Canning D. Freezing
5. Some cooking utensils like pans are fitted with plastic handles or wooden handles. This helps in _____
 A. making them larger
 B. make them last longer
 C. serves as insulators
 D. make them to be good conductors
6. Which is the best way to keep away from drug use?
 A. Always do what friends do
 B. Say no to drugs
 C. Try each drug only once
 D. Take drugs that are not prohibited
7. The materials that allow light to pass through them but we cannot see through them are called _____
 A. Transparent
 B. Translucent
 C. Opaque
 D. Reflected

8. Use the diagram below to answer the question that follows



The pistil is made up of parts labelled?
 A. K, L, M
 B. J, K, L
 C. N, L, K
 D. N, Y, M

9. The following are characteristics of clouds
 (i) Dark grey
 (ii) Flat base
 (iii) Look like bundles of cotton
 (iv) bring rain
 (v) From high in sky
 (vi) Indicate fair weather
 Which one of th following shows characteristics of clouds that are mountaineous in shape?
 A. (ii) (i) B. (ii) (v)
 C. (iii) (vi) D. (i) (iv)
10. The best method of conserving soil where there is gully erosion is _____
 A. planting trees
 B. construction of gabions
 C. applying mulch
 D. making cut off drains
11. An object is pulled towards the ground by the _____
 A. weight
 B. inertia
 C. force of gravity
 D. force of a magnet
12. All arteries carry blood rich in oxygen (oxygenated blood) except the _____
 A. pulmonary artery
 B. pulmonary vein
 C. Aorta
 D. Vena cava
13. What is given to a type of grazing whereby animals are enclosed in a parmanent structure such as a shed or a pen?
 A. paddocking B. stall feeding
 C. strip grazing D. tethering
14. Plants use _____ and _____ to make their own food
 A. Carbon dioxide, nitrogen
 B. Inert gases, carbondioxide
 C. Oxygen, carbondioxide
 D. Nitrogen, inert gases
15. Which of the following groups of food make a balanced diet?
 A. milk, bread, sweet potatoes
 B. meat, cabbage, ugali
 C. meat, beans, fish
 D. Rice, green bananas, potatoes
16. Which one of the following is NOT a property of light?
 A. light travels in a straight line
 B. light can bounce back
 C. light can travel from one media to another
 D. light can bend a round a corner

17. A person who abuses alcohol can be described as one who can _____
- misuse money and may neglect their family
 - cause road accident by driving carelessly
 - gets hooked and finds it difficult to stop taking alcohol
 - Ever be happy and has no problems

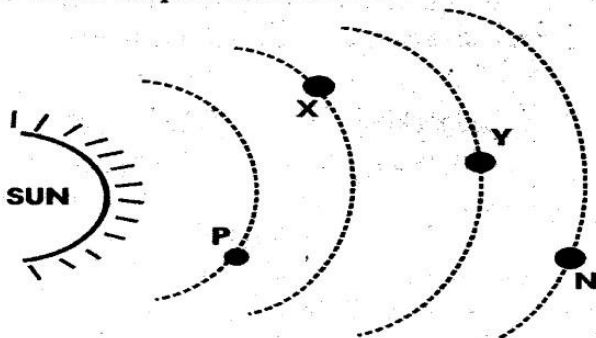
18. Standard five pupils from Thika primary school were conducting a certain experiment
- They lit a fire outside the class
 - They cut some papers and threw them on burning fire
- They noticed that the papers were blown up due to
- Conduction of heat
 - Convection of air
 - Wind from the air
 - Radiation of heat

19. Use the diagram below to answer the question below



This part of a flower is called the

- Stamen
 - Pistil
 - Calyx
 - Corolla
20. Name the planets shown below



- | | | | |
|------------|---------|-------|---------|
| P | X | Y | N |
| A. Mercury | Venus | Earth | Mars |
| B. Mercury | Venus | Mars | Earth |
| C. Venus | Mercury | Mars | Earth |
| D. Mercury | Venus | Earth | Jupiter |

21. Onteri was asked to explain how vegetation cover reduces soil erosion. Which answer was correct?
- adds manure to soil
 - Reduces the speed of moving or running water
 - Loosens the soil
 - Reduces rainfall

22. A std 5 pupil was given a kilogram of cotton wool and a kilogram of stones to carry. Which one was heavier than the other
- stones
 - same
 - cotton
 - None

23. Drug misuse is the
- Usage of drug in a way that you depend on it and use it in excessive amount
 - Usage of any drug for any other purpose other than the recommended one
 - Inhaling smoke unintentionally by non-smokers
 - User becoming addicted to the drug and body functions depends on the drug intake

24. Which one of the following is odd one out
- Newt
 - Toad
 - Salamander
 - Chameleon

25. Below is a description of state of matter
- Has definite volume
 - Has no definite shape
- Which of the following can fit the description above?
- Book
 - Oxygen
 - Stones
 - Alcohol

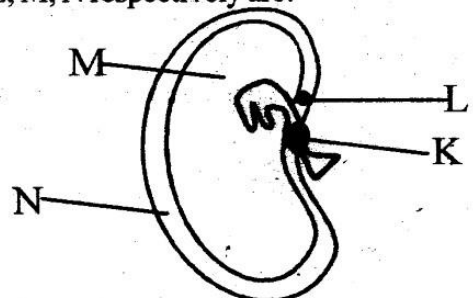
26. John saw a child with the following symptoms
- Thin brownish hair
 - Swollen stomach, arms and feet
 - Body weakness
 - Pot-belly shape

The child was likely to be suffering from

- Rickets
 - Kwashiorkor
 - HIV/AIDS
 - Marasmus
27. Which of the following effects is NOT an effect of drugs abuse
- Addiction
 - Being alert and attentive
 - Poor concentration and coordination
 - Hallucination

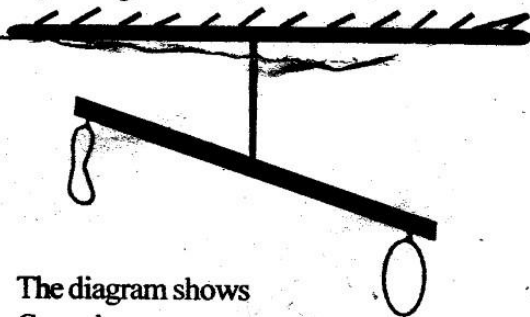
28. Otieno and Wanja were completing to blow out water from their mouths on a hot sunny day. They noticed that there was a rainbow formed. They concluded that it was formed due to _____
- sunlight only
 - water and air
 - sunshine and droplets
 - mirror and water only

29. Below is a diagram of a seed. The parts labelled K, L, M, N respectively are:-

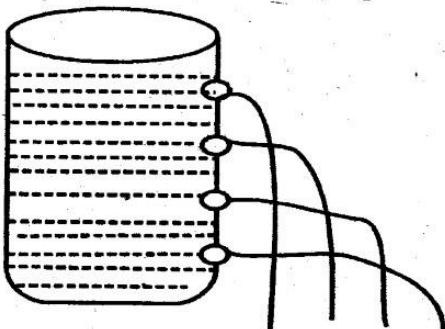


	K	L	M	N
	A. microphyle	hilum	cotyledon	testa
	B. hilum	microphyle	cotyledon	testa
	C. microphyle	hilum	testa	cotyledo
	D. cotyledon	microphyle	hilum	testa

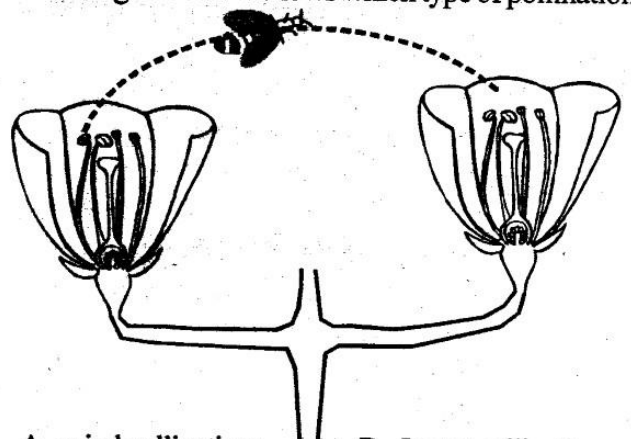
30. The tail of a windvane should be: _____
 A. smaller than the head
 B. thrice larger than the head
 C. twice larger than head
 D. equal to the head
31. The rate at which water passes through different soils is determined by _____
 A. soil fertility
 B. water retention
 C. size of soil particles
 D. colour of soil
32. When two objects of different masses are dropped:-
 A. The heavier one falls faster
 B. The lighter one falls faster
 C. They fall at the same speed
 D. They collide
33. The stage during which a boy or girl changes from being a child to be a young adult is known as _____
 A. youth
 B. teenager
 C. female/male
 D. Adolescence
34. Which one of the following animals gives birth to live young ones?
 A. Crocodile
 B. Lizard
 C. Chameleon
 D. Bat
35. Study the figure below



- The diagram shows
 A. Gases have masses
 B. Gases expand on heating
 C. Gases occupy space
 D. Ballons are heavy
36. The diagram below shows that pressure in liquids

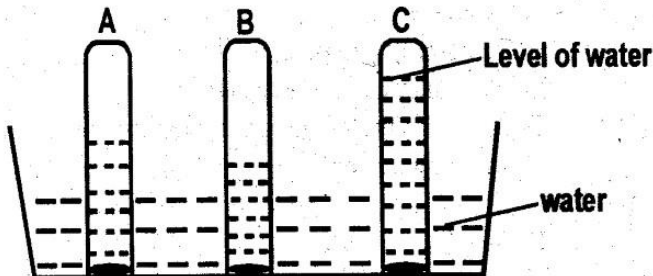


- A. Increase with height
 B. Decrease with depth
 C. Increase with depth
 D. Is equal at same depth
37. The following are reasons for lighting a house except?
 A. It enables us to see clearly
 B. For safety
 C. To discourage pests
 D. To make the house beautiful
38. Three of the following are conditions necessary for germination except?
 A. Soil
 B. Air
 C. Warmth
 D. Moisture
39. Std 5 pupils collected the following material
 (i) metal sheet
 (ii) a piece of wood
 (iii) wire
 (iv) Nail
 Which weather instrument were they likely to construct?
 A. wind sock
 B. Rainauge
 C. Wind vane
 D. Air thermometer
40. Oiling tools prevent them from
 A. Becoming blunt
 B. Rusting
 C. Decaying
 D. Drying
41. The air we breath in is normally cleaned in the
 A. lungs
 B. bronchi
 C. air sacks
 D. nose
42. The quantity of matter in a substance is called _____
 A. mass
 B. weight
 C. volume
 D. shape
43. The diagram below shows which type of pollination



- A. wind pollination
 B. Insect pollination
 C. self pollination
 D. cross pollination

44. Ships and ferries are made of metal. They float because of their _____
- A. material B. size
C. shape D. volume
45. Study the figure below and answer the question that follows

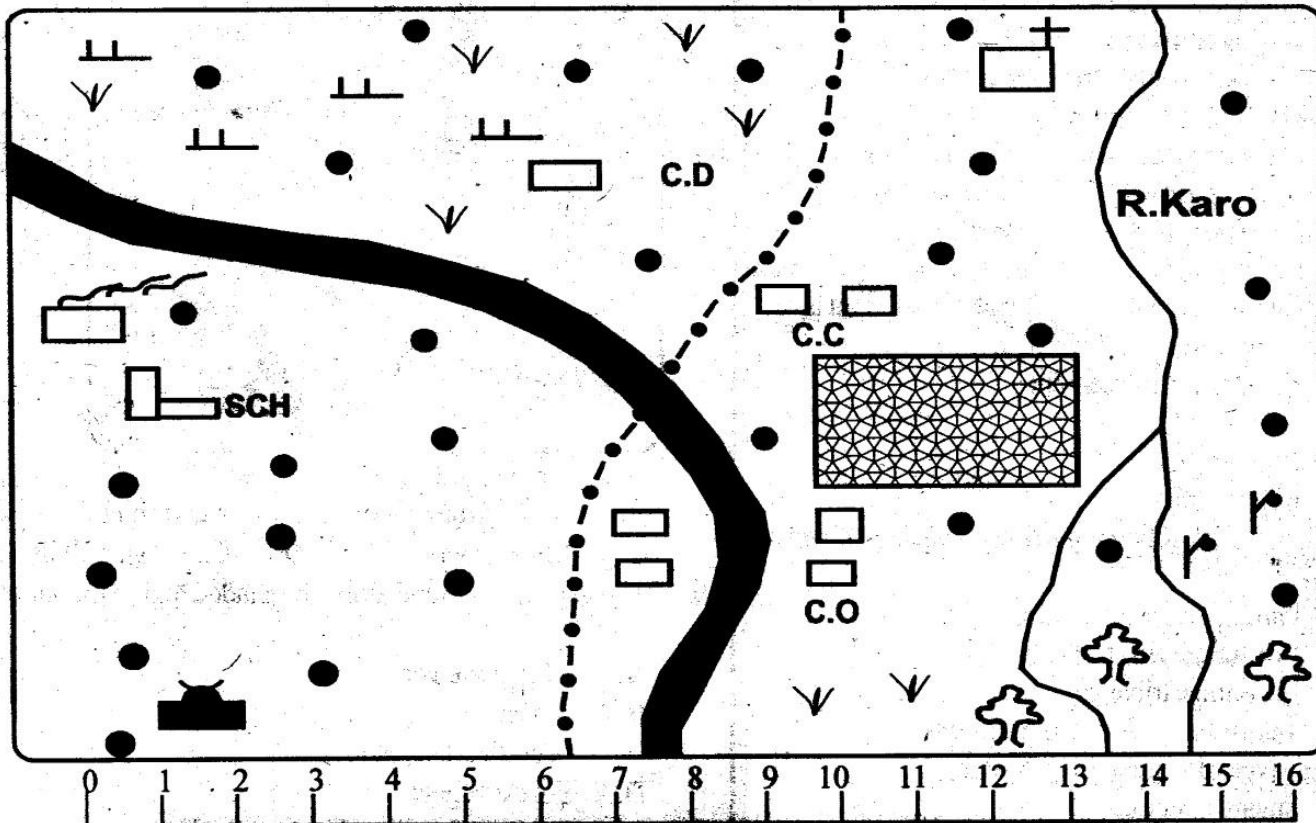


Soil labelled C is likely to have the following characteristic

- A. large air spaces
B. poor water retention
C. highest capillarity
D. large soil particles
46. Three of the following are effects of HIV/AIDS infection on an individual EXCEPT?
- A. congestion in hospitals
B. opportunistic diseases
C. lowered self esteem
D. lowered standard of living
47. John saw shiny particles in the soil. The component he saw was _____
- A. organic matter B. mineral salts
C. mineral particles D. soil nutrients
48. The second dose of D.P.T vaccine is given at the age of _____
- A. Birth B. Six weeks
C. Ten weeks D. Fourteen weeks
49. Below are reasons why we preserve food. Which is not a good reason?
- A. To avoid wastage
B. To make food tasty
C. To prevent food from going bad and causing harm to our bodies
D. So that we can use them when that kind of food is out of season
50. Below are signs and symptoms of malaria EXCEPT?
- A. feeling cold and shivering
B. pain in the joint
C. Excessive sweating
D. Weakness and loss of weight


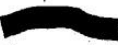









GATUNDU SOUTH DISTRICT
ASSESSMENT TEST MIDTERM I 2015
STD. 7 SOCIAL STUDIES

WAMBU AREA



SCALE: 1 CM REPRESENTS 1 KM

KEY

-  School
- C.C** Chief's camp
- C.D** Cattle Dip
-  Tarmac road
-  Scrub
- C.O** County offices
-  Forest
-  Tea
-  Coffee
-  Maize farm
-  Church
-  County boundary
-  Factory
-  Mosque

Study the map of Wambu area and answer Questions

1-7

1. Wambu area is most likely to be?

A. County	B. Provincial area
C. Region	D. District
2. The South Eastern part of Wambu area is

A. Pastoralist area	B. Dairy area
C. Mining area	D. Agricultural area
3. What is the population pattern of Wambu area?

A. Densely populated	B. Evenly distributed
C. Sparsely populated	D. Clustered
4. The climate of North Western part is likely to be?

A. Hot and Dry	B. Hot and Wet
C. Cool and Wet	D. Normal conditions
5. It is true to say that the direction of River Karo is _____

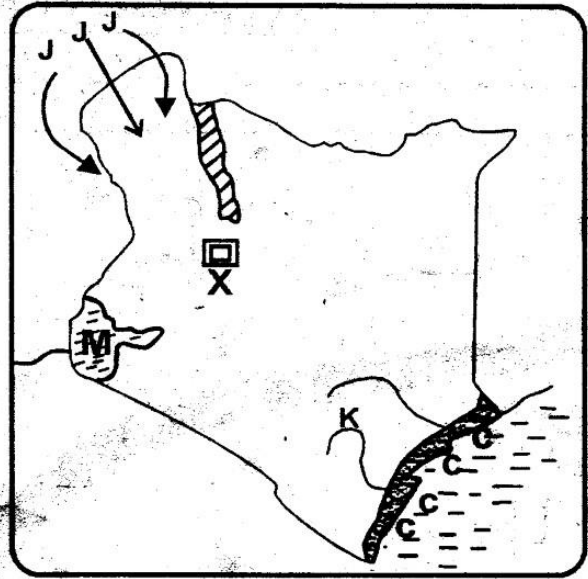
A. North West	B. North
C. South	D. South East
6. What is the approximate length of River Karo from the confluence

A. 9 km	B. 7 1/2 km
C. 8 1/2 km	D. 6 km
7. The people of North Western area of the region are mostly

A. Muslims	B. Christians
C. Hindus	D. Pagans

8. The type of democracy where all the members have the right to be heard and vote for their leaders is
- Direct democracy
 - Indirect democracy
 - Autocratic rule
 - Angred democracy
9. One of the following is true about African socialism. Which one is it?
- Kenyans should live together in harmony
 - Kenyan region should not be developed equally
 - The rich people should govern Kenya
 - Kenyans should not carry out their own activities.
10. Which one of the following type of human right is only enjoyed by Kenyan's over 18 years?
- Freedom of movement
 - Right to education
 - Right to vote
 - Right to life
11. Which one of the following is a responsibility of kenyan citizen?
- Participate in corruption
 - Encourage child labour
 - Encourage tribalism
 - Taking care of our environment
12. Maquis type of vegetation grows in
- Savanna regions
 - Equatorial regions
 - Mediterranean regions
 - Temperate regions
13. Which of the following was not a way of interaction in the past
- Trade
 - Games and sports
 - Marriage
 - School
14. Which of the following does not fall under processing industries?
- | | |
|-----------|------------|
| A. Cement | B. Sugar |
| C. Tea | D. Tobacco |
15. Banking, insurance, hotel and catering fall under the category of industries known as _____
- | | |
|------------------|---------------|
| A. Processing | B. Service |
| C. Manufacturing | D. Assembling |
16. The following are factors influencing population distribution in Kenya except?
- Rainfall
 - Soils
 - Transport and communication
 - Population density
17. Which one of the following is not a problem facing marine fishing?
- Inadequate planktons
 - Presence of carnivorous fish
 - Inadequate storage facilities
 - Inadequate capital

Use the map for questions No. 18-22

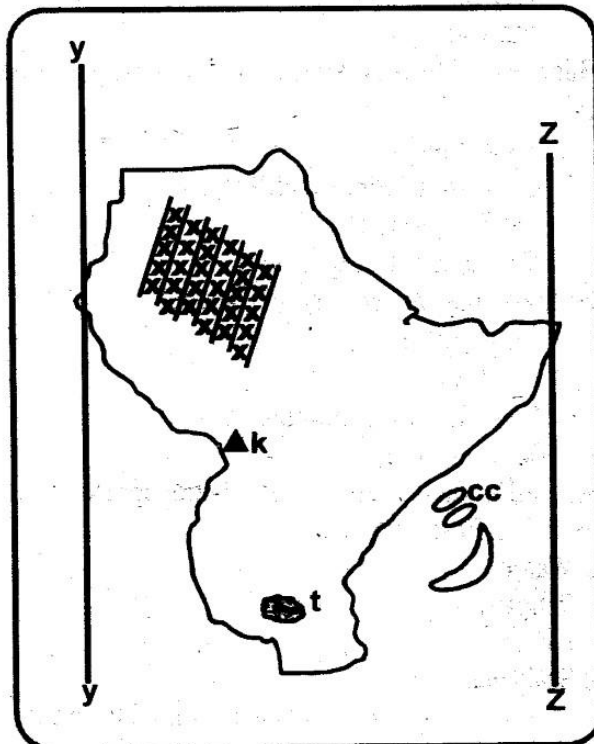


18. What is the source of river marked K
- | | |
|---------------------|----------------------|
| A. Nyandarua ranges | B. Ngong hills |
| C. Mt. Kenya | D. Cheranganyi hills |
19. The vegetation found along the shaded region marked C C is?
- Mangrove vegetation
 - Savannah vegetation
 - Woodland vegetation
 - Forest vegetation
20. Which of the following mining method is used to mine the mineral marked X
- Dredging method
 - Shaft method
 - Adit method
 - Open cast method
21. Which of the following type of fish is NOT caught in the lake marked M.
- Nile perch
 - Trout
 - Tuna
 - Mudfish
22. Who among the following communities did not migrate from the country marked JJJ
- | | |
|-----------|-----------|
| A. Maasai | B. Pokomo |
| C. Luo | D. Nandi |
23. Three of the following are benefits of trade. Which one is not?
- It promotes agriculture
 - It promotes peace among different countries
 - It creates conflict
 - It earns foreign exchange for the country
24. The Bantu couldn't advance further to the North of Shungwaya because of?
- Fear of the wild animals
 - The area receives little rainfall
 - Fear of attacks by the Galla
 - Lack of food and water.

25. The school routine is important of all of the following except _____
- It assists pupils to manage time
 - It enables the school to run smoothly
 - Controls learning operation
 - Cause confusion in the school.
26. Three of the following communities are Kalenjin speakers. Which one is not?
- Kipsigis
 - Turgen
 - Samburu
 - Marakwet
27. The following aspects of culture need to be preserved Except
- Circumcision of boys
 - Traditional dances
 - Traditional marriages
 - Female genital mutilation
28. Which one of the following is NOT a role of traditional government in society.
- Maintaining law and order in territories
 - Protection of people through armies
 - Government representatives helped to settle disputes and conflicts among the people
 - Encourage corruption in the society
29. The following are characteristics of a certain type of vegetation.
- Short, thorn and scattered plant
 - Tough short grass
 - Cactus plant
- Which type of vegetation is it?
- Tropical vegetation
 - Savanna woodlands
 - Desert vegetation
 - Swap vegetation
30. Which one of the following is not a contribution of farming in Eastern Africa?
- Foreign exchange
 - People get employment
 - Development of infrastructure
 - Corruption
31. Which one of the following does not promote peace in society?
- Denying people their rights
 - Being fair to all people
 - Many policemen are employed
 - Business people are encouraged to bring their money.
32. Which one of the following factors does not affect the climate in a given place?
- Altitude
 - Soil
 - Relief
 - Shape of the coastline

33. The following are the arms of government. Except?
- Legislature
 - Cabinet
 - Judiciary
 - Executive

Use the map to answer questions no 34-38



34. The longitudes marked Z and Y are _____ and _____ respectively?
- 22°N and 12°S
 - 12°S and 22°N
 - 51°E and 22°E
 - 22°E and 51°E
35. Identify the type of mountain marked K.
- Fold mountain
 - Block mountain
 - Volcanic mountain
 - Residue mountain
36. Identify the National park marked t
- Ruaha National park
 - Serengeti National park
 - Dinder National park
 - Kidepo National park
37. What is the main economic activity of the people who live in the area marked _____
- Farmers
 - Traders
 - Fishermen
 - Pastoralists
38. Who introduced the cloves in the Island marked cc?
- Seyyid Said
 - Carl Peters
 - Vasco da Gama
 - David Livingstone
39. A family that consist of the father, mother and children is known as
- Nuclear
 - Extended
 - Single parent family
 - Parental family

40. One of the following is not a reason of coming of the early visitors
- Changing African culture
 - Exploration
 - Trading
 - Missionary work
41. Which one of the following is a way of abusing human right?
- Early marriages
 - Educating people of child right
 - Talking to children
 - Taking children to school.
42. The following are uses of soil Except?
- Glass making
 - Cooking food
 - Decoration and making of ornaments
 - Making pots
43. The commodity that is commonly transported by pipeline in Eastern Africa is?
- Water
 - Petroleum
 - Liquid
 - Soda ash
44. The following are the rights of person with special need. Which one is not?
- Right to life
 - Right to vote
 - Right to be given money
 - Right to privacy
45. Which of the following cultural artifact are made from clay?
- Dishes, drums, jembe
 - Guitar, flutes, pangas
 - Plates, dishes, pots
 - Knives, tray, stool.
46. One of the following is NOT a function of the electoral body in Kenya?
- Registration of voters
 - Keeping and revising voters register
 - Assist the defeated candidates
 - Supervising of election.
47. Nabongo Mumia and Waiyaki wa Hinga made friend with the European. They were?
- Collaborators
 - Resistors
 - Enemies
 - Betrayers
48. Which one of the following statement is true of African socialism
- A society is happy when all regions are not developed equally.
 - Kenyans should not be mindful of other people welfare.
 - All human beings should live in harmony
 - Kenyans should try to enrich themselves
49. What is lawlessness?
- It is lack of food and money in the society
 - It is where people believe they are more important than others
 - It is when people refuse to give bribes to get better jobs
 - It is where laws of the country are not respected.
50. Which of the following is the best way of conserving wildlife?
- Fencing the national parks
 - Establishing animal sanctuaries
 - Controlling the sale of wildlife products
 - Educating people on the importance of wildlife.
51. Which one of the following methods of mining is used to mine sand?
- Evaporation
 - Dredging
 - Scooping
 - Quarrying
52. The following takes place in civic election. Which one takes place last?
- Registration of voters
 - Announcing the winners
 - Registered voters casting their votes
 - Counting of votes
53. Which one of the following groups of Kenyan communities share a common arigin?
- Samburu, Aembu, Pokomo
 - Samburu, Abaluhya, Borana
 - Samburu, Turkana, Maasai
 - Samburu, Abakuria, Iteso
54. Which one of the following does NOT undermine peace in the society?
- Tribalism
 - Nepotism
 - Racism
 - Fairness
55. Mekatilili wa Menza was arrested and deported to _____ by the British colonialists.
- Uganda
 - Gusii
 - Kajiado
 - Nairobi
56. The president in Kenya is usually elected after every _____
- 5 years
 - 2 years
 - 10 years
 - 1 years
57. Nairobi began as _____
- An agricultural centre
 - An industrial centre
 - A communication centre
 - A tourist centre
58. Who is the head of judiciary?
- The Attorney General
 - The Chief Justice
 - The Judge of Appeals
 - The chief Kadhi.
59. Which one of the following factors does not drain influence vegetation distribution of a place?
- Climate
 - Human activities
 - Government policy
 - Longitudes

80. The Holy Spirit led Gideon in defeating
- Israelites and Midianites
 - Philistines and Midianites
 - Midianites and Amalekites
 - Amalekites and Israelites
81. The statement "Who was conceived by the Holy Spirit" is found in the?
- Lord's prayer
 - Apostle's creed
 - Hymn books
 - National Anthem
82. To be led by the Holy Spirit means?
- Our decisions are based on what God wants
 - We cannot make our own decisions
 - We do not need to think for ourselves
 - Our decisions are based on our needs
83. Creative thinking is used in the following activities except _____?
- Washing
 - Running
 - Drawing
 - Walking
84. God allowed Adam and Eve to use every tree in the garden of Eden except?
- The tree on Northern side of the garden
 - The tree in the Southern side of the garden
 - The tree in the middle of the garden
 - The tree in the Eastern side of the garden.
85. Moses was reluctant to ask the King to release Israelites from Egypt mainly because?
- He was not an Egyptian
 - He could not speak well
 - He was young
 - He had killed an Egyptian
86. Christians should obey those in authority because.
- We fear them
 - To be loved and favoured by them
 - It is God's command
 - They are powerful
87. When Jesus washed his disciples feet. He was teaching that _____
- It is good to be clean
 - We should have a towel when washing our feet
 - We should refuse to be washed by our leaders
 - A leader should be ready to serve others.
88. Jane is a standard seven girl. Her parents cannot afford to buy books for her. What can the children in her class do for her?
- Hate her
 - Take her shopping for clothes
 - Send her away
 - Share books with her
89. Paul's family is internally displaced. Some of his former school mates sit and decide to help Paul overcome his troubles. Which of the friends below gave Paul a bad

gift?

- William- drugs to help him forget his problems
 - Edwin- clothes for him and his family
 - Rodgers- Food to keep his family going
 - Dorcas- books for him to read.
90. Which one of the following is the best reason why young Christians should use their time wisely?
- Their body is the temple of the Holy Spirit
 - They are responsible for their actions
 - They can fail exams
 - They will annoy their parents.

GATUNDU SOUTH DISTRICT
ASSESSMENT TEST MID TERM 1 2015
STD. 7 ENGLISH

Fill in the blank spaces numbered 1-15 with the correct words from the choices given

As soon as I 1 his voice, I knew he 2 up to 3. He was at it, 4 shouting and abusing 5. What had become 6 father. He had started drinking 7. He 8 that he was stressed. His going out 9 friends could ease his problems. That was what he kept telling us.
 "Where are you? If I get 10 you, you will 11 being 12 today," he shouted. All this was 13 14 to mother. I wondered what she had done to 15 all this.

- | | |
|------------------|----------------|
| 1. A. had | B. hard |
| C. heard | D. herd |
| 2. A. is | B. would |
| C. were | D. was |
| 3. A. no good | B. good |
| C. no bad | D. little good |
| 4. A. also | B. again |
| C. against | D. even |
| 5. A. each one | B. all |
| C. every one | D. everyone |
| 6. A. of | B. for |
| C. over | D. about |
| 7. A. many | B. heavily |
| C. much | D. heavy |
| 8. A. held | B. explained |
| C. said | D. claimed |
| 9. A. with | B. by |
| C. on | D. at |
| 10. A. held of | B. hold of |
| C. on | D. at |
| 11. A. curse | B. remember |
| C. accept | D. regret |
| 12. A. alive | B. alife |
| C. living | D. leaving |
| 13. A. said | B. shouted |
| C. screamed | D. reported |
| 14. A. addressed | B. adressed |
| C. addressed | D. adressed |
| 15. A. get | B. accept |
| C. deserve | D. take |

For questions 16-21, choose the best answer to completes the sentences

16. You should work _____ the sum before writing the answer.
 A. up B. down
 C. out D. over
17. I can't beleive her, she has always made _____ all her stories.
 A. up B. out
 C. over D. off
18. My brother has married a _____ girl
 A. pretty, young, Kenyan
 B. Kenyan, pretty, young
 C. young, pretty, Kenyan
 D. young, Kenyan, pretty
19. Her _____, _____, _____ dress is very expensive
 A. shiny, small, new
 B. small, shiny, new

- C. new, shiny, small
 D. small, new, shiny
20. Share the mangoes _____ all the pupil in your class
 A. to B. for
 C. among D. between
21. I prefer tea _____ coffee
 A. by B. and
 C. than D. to

For questions 22 and 23, choose the best question tag

22. We went to school yesterday, _____
 A. did we? B. won't we?
 C. didn't we? D. can't we?
23. The police officers will arrest the thugs, _____?
 A. won't they B. Isn't it
 C. will they D. is it

For questions 24 and 25 arrange the sentences given to make sensible paragraphs

24. (i) He fastened the two sacks on the donkey's back
 (ii) One day an old man filled two sacks with salt
 (iii) And set out for the town
 (iv) And went to fetch the donkey
 A. ii, i, iv, iii
 B. ii, iii, i, iv
 C. i, iii, ii, iv
 D. ii, iv, i, iii
25. (i) He called out my name
 (ii) All pupils cheered when they saw Mr. Mazuri
 (iii) And gave me a parcel that contained chocolate
 (iv) But he wasn't coming to teach
 A. (i), (iv), (iii), (ii) B. (ii), (iv), (i), (iii)
 C. (ii), (i), (iv), (iii) D. (ii), (iii), (iv), (i)

Read the passage below and answer questions 26-38

Most people do not know what to look for in a leader. Some base their choice on the gender of the person. For others, what matters is where somebody comes from. Yet others consider how much money he or she has given them. This is unfortunate. Our choice should be determined by more worthwhile reasons.

First, we must look for leaders with vision. Such people are always thinking of ways of improving the lives of members of the society. People want leaders who will inspire them. To do this, these leaders have to lead by example. Working hard and encouraging others to do the right is therefore very important.

Secondly, good leaders are humble and honest enough to own up to their mistakes. It is only then that such mistakes can be corrected and avoided in future. Good leaders consult other people an important matters affecting their country and admit that others may have better ideas than theirs. Serving members of their society, regardless of an individual's tribe, religion or status, comes naturally to such leaders.

Another quality of good leaders is a sense of responsibility. Such leaders undertake to protect rather than plunder the community's resources such as forests, land and finances. People with past records of grabbing public property or misappropriating public funds should not be elected no matter how convincing they may sound or how much money they give out during campaigns.

Finally, in selecting leaders, we should look for those who respect and value human life. Such leaders are bound to safeguard the security of the community. It is difficult to

understand how those people who aspire to lead can incite their followers to bear arms against others. We should totally reject persons of this kind.

26. Most people wrongly choose leaders considering all of the following except:

- A. their origin
- B. amount of money they give
- C. visionary leaders
- D. whether male or female

27. Leaders who think of ways of improving ^{lives} ~~lives~~ of members in the society are said to have a _____

- A. vision
- B. mission
- C. influence
- D. diligence

28. According to the passage, to inspire means to _____

- A. to talk to people
- B. to stimulate people
- C. to influence positively
- D. to pray for people

29. Which one of the following is false?

- A. A leader should be hardworking
- B. leaders should just give orders
- C. leaders should lead by example
- D. A leader should be encouraging

30. Complete: Honest is to honesty as humble is to _____

- A. humbleness
- B. humbling
- C. humility
- D. humbilty

31. What do we mean by:-

"to own up to their mistakes"

- A. to refuse mistakes
- B. to accept mistakes and be accountable
- C. Not to make mistakes
- D. to avoid mistakes

32. The word plunder can be replaced by _____

- A. overuse
- B. steal
- C. misuse
- D. exploit

33. Which of the following is not a quality of a leader?

- A. protective
- B. ability to grab property
- C. responsibility
- D. honesty

34. A person who doesn't value human life should _____

- A. not be elected into leadership
- B. not be despised
- C. not to be respected
- D. be ignored

35. A leader who is respectful can _____

- A. influence other people negatively
- B. shouldn't lead others
- C. ensure presence of security for other people
- D. hardly safeguard the security of the community

36. Pick a verb from the following sentence "people want leaders who will inspire them"

- A. people
- B. leaders
- C. inspire
- D. them

37. Leaders who incite others negatively should be _____

- A. rejected
- B. admitted
- C. accepted
- D. forgiven

38. To lead by example is the same as _____

- A. to talk the walk
- B. to talk and talk
- C. to walk the talk
- D. to walk and walk

Read the passage below and then answer

questions 39-50

It has been known for approximately 200 years that crocodiles living in the River Nile carry stones in their stomachs. Recent research on nearly 700 crocodiles in East and Central Africa has shown that these reptiles also carry stones. It has also shown the real reason why the stones are carried.

Some people used to think the stones helped the crocodiles to digest their food or stopped them from feeling hungry when food was scarce. However, this is not the case. The fact is that the stones give the animals extra weight.

Adult crocodiles always contain plenty of stones whether they live in rivers or muddy swamps. But young animals under a year old do not usually have stones inside them. This suggests that the stones are not just swallowed by accident as the beasts feed. Indeed there is evidence that crocodiles often travel long distances in order to find suitable stones to swallow.

In any adult, stones make up about one hundredth of the total weight of the crocodile. The heaviest loads of stones found in a single crocodile was 5 kilograms. This load was carried by an animal of about five metres long. Five kilograms may not seem very much extra weight for a large crocodile to carry. However, it is enough to enable the crocodile to remain under water without any risk of floating to the surface. Even in a strongly flowing river, a crocodile with stones in it can comfortably hold its position on the river bed; but a baby crocodile cannot do this. It must use its legs to stop itself rolling over and it cannot rest easily when under water or when floating. It needs balast.

39. Crocodiles in River Nile have been known to carry stones for

- A. nearly 200 years
- B. 200 years
- C. a long time
- D. 200 years and more

40. The other names given to crocodiles according to the passage are the following except?

- A. Snakes
- B. Reptiles
- C. Animals
- D. Beasts

41. Why do adult crocodiles swallow stones?

- A. To gain extra weight
- B. To digest their food
- C. To stop them from feeling hungry
- D. To look bigger and stronger

42. The word scarce is underlined. Write its opposite

- A. Rare
- B. Hard
- C. Plenty
- D. Least

43. Which animals do not have stones inside them?

- A. females
- B. males
- C. old ones
- D. young ones

44. Which statement shows that the stones are not swallowed by accident?

- A. Young crocodiles look for the stones
- B. They travel far to look for suitable stones
- C. The beast swallow the stones as they feed
- D. The stones hide in their food

45. It is true to say that

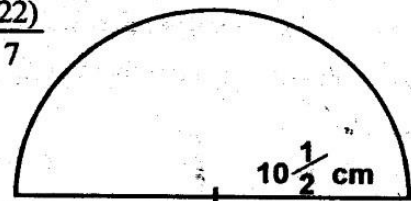
- A. All crocodiles in rivers have stones in their stomachs
- B. All crocodiles live in water
- C. Young crocodiles have stones in their stomachs
- D. In any adult, stones are too heavy for its weight

46. A single five-metre crocodile carries _____ of stones
- A. five kilograms
 - B. fifty kilograms
 - C. five grams
 - D. fifty grams
47. In a fast flowing river, a crocodile with stones can comfortably?
- A. float
 - B. stay under water
 - C. sink
 - D. drown
48. How does a baby crocodile maintain its position under water?
- A. It crawls
 - B. It swims
 - C. It uses its legs
 - D. It floats
49. The story above refers to research done on
- A. Crocodiles from River Nile
 - B. Crocodiles of the world
 - C. Crocodiles in East and Central Africa
 - D. All crocodiles
50. Which is the best title for the passage ?
- A. Why crocodiles contain stones
 - B. Crocodiles as stone-eaters
 - C. Crocodiles and their young ones
 - D. The Beasts of River Nile

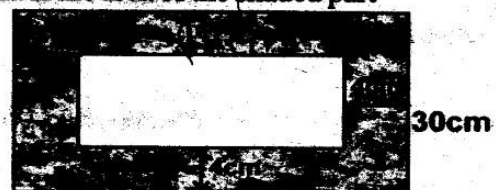
GATUNDU SOUTH DISTRICT
ASSESSMENT MID-TERM I 2015
STD 7 MATHEMATICS

- Write the following numbers in words 69990603
 - Sixty nine million, nine hundred and ninety thousand six hundred and three
 - Sixty nine million nine thousand and ninety six hundred and three
 - Six million nine hundred and ninety thousand six hundred and three
 - Sixty million nine hundred and ninety thousand six hundred and three
- What is the total value of digit 1 in the figures below 9134675
 - 10,000
 - 1000,000
 - 100,000
 - 1000
- The number of people infected with EBOLA was counted to be 9849630. What is this number rounded off to the nearest ten thousand.
 - 10,000,000
 - 9850000
 - 9950000
 - 985000
- What is the square root of $5\frac{1}{16}$
 - $2\frac{1}{4}$
 - $3\frac{3}{16}$
 - $2\frac{1}{4}$
 - $1\frac{3}{8}$
- What is 1.8×0.009
 - 0.162
 - 0.0162
 - 1.62
 - 16.2
- Write down the next number in the following series 3,7,12,18,_____
 - 29
 - 23
 - 25
 - 27
- What is the area of a square whose sides are 34cm
 - 1296cm^2
 - 1024cm^2
 - 1089cm^2
 - 1156cm^2
- A bus carries 54 people in one trip. How many people are carried in 18 trips?
 - 972
 - 892
 - 72
 - 1097
- Which of the following numbers is divisible by 11
 - 52634
 - 45632
 - 46233
 - 56329
- In a class of 42 pupils each was given 8 exercise books, 120 exercise books remained. How many books were there before they were issued?

- ~~5560~~ 5560
 - 466 456
 - ~~336~~ 356
 - ~~180~~ 156
- A man earns sh 12000 per month. He spends 45% of his salary on food and keeps the rest. How much money does he keep?
 - sh 5400
 - sh 17400
 - sh 11955
 - sh 6600
 - What is the total value of digit 3 in the number 28.963?
 - 0.03
 - 300
 - 0.003
 - 30
 - What is the perimeter of the following figure? take $(\pi = \frac{22}{7})$

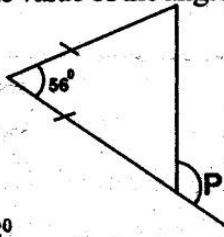


- 54cm
 - 33cm
 - 66cm
 - $43\frac{1}{2}$ cm
- 3 tins of capacity 0.65L, 0.78L and 1.05L are used to fill a container of capacity 3 litres. How many more litres are required to fill the container?
 - 1.43L
 - 1.83L
 - 2.48L
 - 0.52L
 - Kamau's watch loses $5\frac{1}{2}$ seconds every hour. How many seconds will it lose in $4\frac{3}{4}$ hours?
 - $52\frac{1}{4}$
 - $26\frac{1}{8}$
 - $10\frac{1}{4}$
 - $\frac{3}{4}$
 - What is $\frac{2}{5}$ of $(10+5) - 1\frac{1}{8}$?
 - $5\frac{1}{8}$
 - $4\frac{1}{8}$
 - $5\frac{7}{8}$
 - $4\frac{7}{8}$
 - What is $8a - 5 - 2a = 37$
 - 3.2
 - 4.2
 - 7
 - 22
 - What is the area of the shaded part



- 1200cm^2
- 896cm^2
- 496cm^2
- 704cm^2

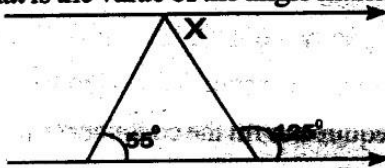
19. What is the value of the angle marked P in the figure below?



- A. 118° B. 64°
 C. 62° D. 124°
20. Which figure has the following properties
 (i) Its opposite sides are equal
 (ii) Its opposite sides are parallel
 (iii) Its opposite angles are equal
- A. Rectangle B. Trapezium
 C. Square D. Rhombus
21. A bottle holds 750ml of juice twelve such bottles were taken during a party. How many decilitres of Juice were taken?

- A. 9000 B. 90
 C. 90000 D. 900

22. What is the value of the angle marked X



- A. 70° B. 125°
 C. 55° D. 65°
23. The population of a school increased from 250 pupils to 350 pupils. What is the percentage increase?
- A. 40% B. 20%
 C. 50% D. $41\frac{1}{7}\%$

24. What is the cost of the following items

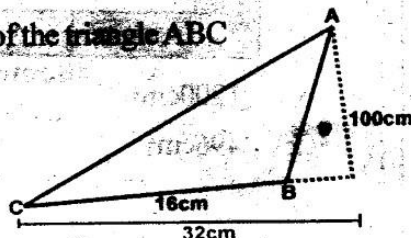
2 packets of salt @ sh 20
 3kg of rice @ sh 70
 2kg of meat for sh 300

- A. sh390 B. sh850
 C. sh780 D. sh550

25. A lorry travelling from Nyeri reached Nairobi at 1200h. Its journey had taken 2hrs 15min. At what time did it leave Nyeri.

- A. 1015h B. 0945h
 C. 1415h D. 0215h

26. What is the area of the triangle ABC

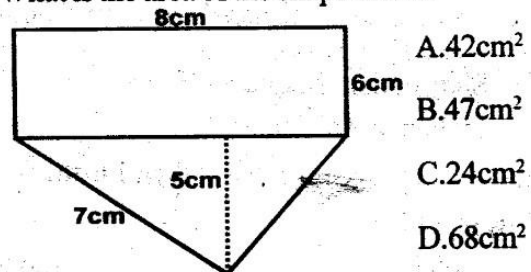


- A. 3200cm^2 B. 1600cm^2
 C. 800cm^2 D. 16000cm^2

27. What is $(\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{2}) \div \frac{3}{4}$

- A. $\frac{1}{2}$ B. $\frac{9}{32}$
 C. $\frac{3}{4}$ D. $1\frac{1}{2}$

28. What is the area of the shape drawn



- A. 42cm^2
 B. 47cm^2
 C. 24cm^2
 D. 68cm^2

29. What is 45% converted into fraction

- A. $\frac{22}{25}$ B. $\frac{11}{25}$
 C. $\frac{11}{24}$ D. $\frac{11}{42}$

30. Class seven of 35 pupils drank 2dl packet of milk each. While class six of 40 pupils drank the same amount each. How much milk did they drink in litres

- A. 15L B. 150L
 C. 1.5L D. 80L

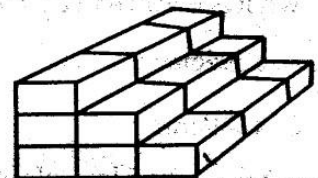
31. The table below shows the number of mothers and children who attended clinics at a health centre in a certain week.

	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thur	Fri	Sat
Mothers	130	253	460	410	286	165
Children	220	240	180	203	100	90

How many mothers attended clinic in that week?

- A. 1704 B. 284
 C. 460 D. 283

32. How many more cubes are needed to complete the stack below?



- A. 27 B. 18
 C. 9 D. 12

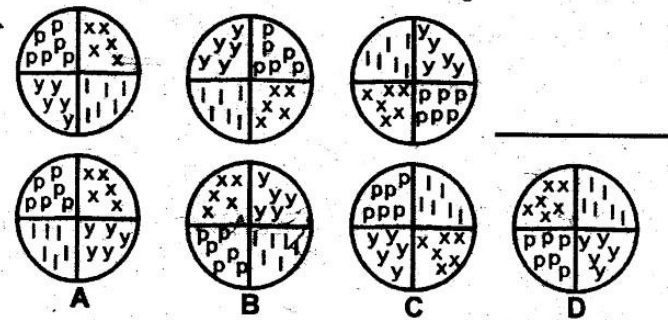
33. Kamande bought 400 eggs at 80cents per egg and sold them at sh.1.00 each. What was his percentage profit?

- A. 20cents B. 20%
 C. 32% D. 25%

34. Arrange the following fractions in order of largest to the least $\frac{5}{6}$ $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{3}{4}$

35. What is the square root of 2.89
- A. $\frac{5}{6}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ B. $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{5}{6}$ $\frac{1}{2}$
 C. $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{5}{6}$ D. $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{5}{6}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{3}{4}$
36. What is the place value of 6 obtained after working out 2.094×7
- A. Ones B. Tenths
 C. Hundreds D. Thousandths
37. In the figure drawn below, what is the size of angle marked K
-
- A. 250° B. 230°
 C. 110° D. 140°
38. A car travelled 45km in 1 hour. What is its speed in M/s?
- A. 45 B. $22\frac{1}{2}$
 C. 450 D. 3600
39. Kamande thought of a number x and divided it by 8. The result was 72. What was the number he had thought off
- A. 576 B. 9
 C. 80 D. 64
40. A shopkeeper bought a sack of maize for sh 4000 and sold it for sh 3500. What is the percentage loss?
- A. 40% B. 20%
 C. $12\frac{1}{2}\%$ D. $25\frac{1}{2}\%$
41. A bag of rice weighs 86.52kg. What is the total mass of 16 such bags
- A. ~~592.32kg~~ $1592.32kg$ B. ~~1302.32kg~~ $1384.32kg$
 C. ~~137.12kg~~ D. ~~1365.28kg~~
42. Divide 76L 3dL by 7
- A. 11L 1dL B. 11L 9dL
 C. 10L 9dL D. 10L 1dL
43. Eleven lorries were used to transport potatoes. Each lorry carried 65 bags of maize. If each bag was 90kg. How many tonnes of maize were transported?
- A. 64.35 B. 64350
 C. 643.5 D. 6435

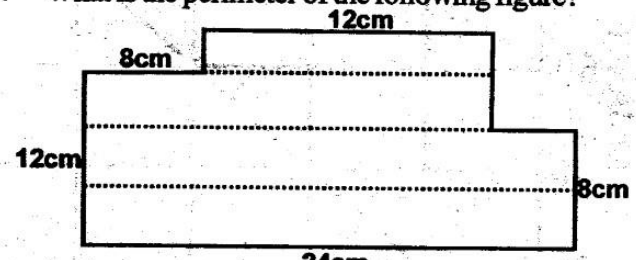
44. Which will be the next cross in the pattern below?



45. A path 9.6m long was drawn to a scale 1cm represent 3m. What was its length on the scale drawing

A. 2.3cm B. 6.6cm
 C. 3.2cm D. 9.3cm

46. What is the perimeter of the following figure?



A. 80cm B. 76cm
 C. 64cm D. 40cm

47. The table below shows the rate of sending letters through post office.

Types of articles and its weight		Sh	Cts
		LETTERS (Limit of weight 2kg)	Not over 20g
	Not over 50g	7	00
	Not over 100g	8	00
	Not over 250g	12	00
	Not over 500g	20	00
	Not over 1000g	32	00
	Not over 2kg	47	00

Kaimenyi sent the following letters

Two letters weighing 56g

Three letters weighing 300g

How much did he pay for postage?

A. sh74 B. sh76
 C. sh 40 D. sh.28

48. Construct a perpendicular line through point B of 4cm at point C. Join point A to C. What is the measure of angle BAC?

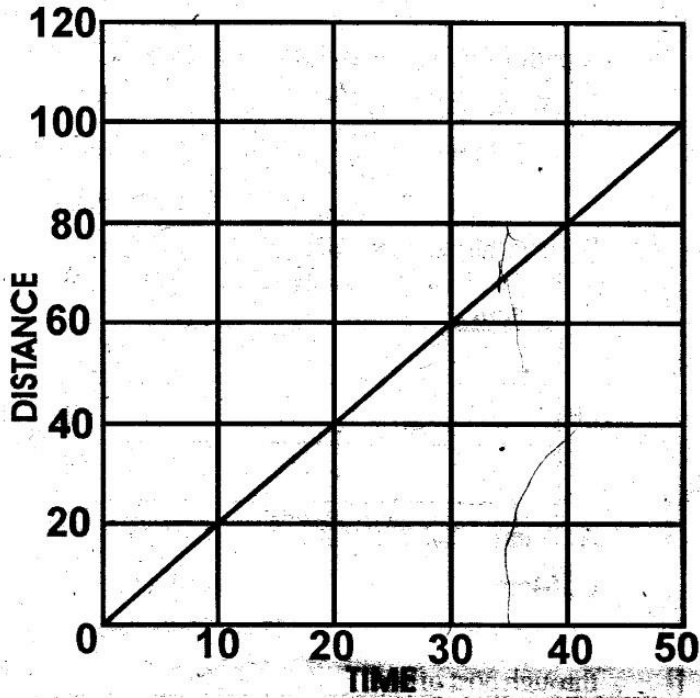


- A. 60° B. 45°
C. 50° D. 55°

49. Workout $5(a+2b-3c)$ if $a=2, b=4, c=1$

- A. 30 B. 16
C. 35 D. 24

50. The graph below shows a cyclist journey. Use it for question 50



What distance had the cyclist covered in 35 minutes?

- A. 70km B. 60km
C. 20km D. 30km

GATUNDU SOUTH DISTRICT
ASSESSMENT TEST MID TERM 1 2015
DARASA LA SABA KISWAHILI

Soma vifungu vifuatavyo kisha ujibu maswali

Kuogelea ni aina moja 1 mazoezi ya mwili. Mazoezi haya huburudisha sana. Mazoezi haya ni mazuri kwasababu 2 sehemu zote za mwili. Vijana 3 hupenda kuingia majini na 4 kwa 5 maji. Wengine huingia majini ili wajifunze jinsi ya kuogelea.

6, ni makosa makubwa 7 hatari sana kwa wanafunzi 8 kuamua kuingia kwenye bwawa au mto 9 ili kuogelea. Kina cha bwawa au mto huo 10 kuwa kirefu na mtu akazama kwa urahisi.

- | | |
|----------------------|------------------|
| 1. A. wa | B. ya |
| C. la | D. kwa |
| 2. A. hushughuliisha | B. hushughulikia |
| C. alishughulikia | D. shughuli |
| 3. A. mwingi | B. wingi |
| C. wengi | D. kingi |
| 4. A. kuyacheza | B. kucheza |
| C. kuyachesa | D. kucheza |
| 5. A. kurushiwa | B. kurushia |
| C. kurushiana | D. kurushusha |
| 6. A. Hata kama | B. Hata kwao |
| C. Hata hivyo | D. Hata pengine |
| 7. A. pengine | B. lakini |
| C. tena | D. isipokuwa |
| 8. A. wowote | B. yoyote |
| C. yeyote | D. lolote |
| 9. A. kubwa | B. mkubwa |
| C. mikumbwa | D. makubwa |
| 10. A. kinaweza | B. unaweza |
| C. linaweza | D. kunaweza |

Ni 11 sana kwa mwanafunzi 12 kutoupasi mtihani. Hivyo basi, inafaa 13 mzaha kwani huenda atunge 14. Wengi hugundua wamepoteza baada ya maisha yao kuwa magumu. Hatimaye ni hawa hawa wanaoibuka kuwa 15.

- | | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| 11. A. rahisi | B. halisi |
| C. asili | D. ngumu |
| 12. A. uzembe | B. aliyezembea |
| C. utazembea | D. akazembea |
| 13. A. afanyize | B. afanye |
| C. asifanye | D. afanyiwe |
| 14. A. mimba | B. miba |
| C. aibu | D. usaha |
| 15. A. walirzi | B. wahalifu |
| C. walimu | D. wajinga |

Kutoka swali la 16 hadi 30. Jibu kulingana na maagizo

16. Amkuzi "Inshallah" lina maana gani?
 A. kwa heri
 B. mwenyezi mungu akipenda
 C. alipata nafuu
 D. Tuko salama
17. Kamilisha methali ifuatayo;
 "Ukiona ndugu wawili wakipigana _____".
 A. waambie waachane
 B. Jiendee zako nyumbani
 C. chukua jembe ukalime
 D. waitie polisi

18. Shairi la mishororo mitatu huitwa
 A. Tarbia
 B. Takhimisa
 C. Tathlitha
 D. Tasdisa
19. Geuza sentensi ifuatayo kwa wingi
 Aligongwa na gari lilo hilo alilodharau
 A. Aligongwa na magari hayo hayo aliyodharau
 B. Waligongwa na magari hayo hayo walidharau
 C. Aligongwa na majigari hayo hayo walidharau
 D. Waligongwa na magari yayo hayo waliyodharau
20. Kisawe cha neno kipusa ni
 A. Ghulamu
 B. Ajuza
 C. Shaibu
 D. Kidosho
21. Ni sentensi gani imetumia "po" ya wakati
 A. Alipolala ni pachafu
 B. Alipoenda alimkuta
 C. Palipolimwa pamepandwa
 D. Papo ndipo tumempata
22. Andika tarakimu hii kwa maneno 1,028,946
 A. Milioni moja, laki ishirini na nane, mia tisa na arobaine na sita
 B. Milioni moja, ishirini na nne elfu, mia tisa arobaine na sita
 C. Milioni moja, ishirini na nane elfu, mia tisa arobaine na tisa
 D. Milioni moja, ishirini na nane elfu, mia sita arobaine na tisa
23. Jina malezi liko katika ngeli gani?
 A. ya-ya
 B. u-i
 C. u-ya
 D. li-ya
24. Chagua sentensi iliyoandikwa kwa usahihi
 A. Jitu hilo liliuawa
 B. Jitu huyo aliuawa
 C. Jitu hicho kiliuawa
 D. Jitu hiyo iliuawa
25. Wasichana wengi hupenda ku _____ nywele
 A. shuka
 B. chuka
 C. suka
 D. zuka
26. Kikembe cha nyuki huitwa jana. Je kikembe cha nzi huitwa?
 A. kimatu
 B. maige
 C. buu
 D. turutu
27. Mtoto alisema kuwa nguo yake ilikuwa imeraruka. Badilisha sentensi hii katika hali ya usemi halisi
 A. "Nguo yangu imeraruka" mtoto alisema
 B. Nguo yangu imeraruka, mtoto alisema"
 C. Nguo yangu inararuka, "mtoto alisema"
 D. "Nguo yangu, itararuka," mtoto alisema
28. Geuza sentensi hii iwe katika hali ya O-rejeshi tamati:-
 Mahali ambapo panalimwa ni hapa
 A. mahali palipolimwa ni hapa
 B. mahali kulimwako ni huku
 C. mahali panapolimwa ni hapa
 D. mahali palimwapo ni hapa
29. Bw. na Bi Heshima walipata doa kwenye ndoa yao. Sasa hawapikiki katika chungu kimoja. Maana ya msemio ulioangazwa ni?
 A. Hawapikiki pamoja
 B. Hawatoshei chunguni
 C. Hawaelewani

- D. Hawatengani
30. Jogoo ni kwa koo, kama vile ami ni kwa _____
- A. halati B. shangazi
C. mjomba D. shemeji

Soma kifungu kifuatacho kisha ujibu maswali 31 - 40

Unapotembea mjini ni lazima uchukue tahadhari kubwa. Kuna watu wa kila aina; wasamaria wema, matapeli, wachochezi na hata majambazi. Ajabu ni kwamba ukifika mjini mara ya kwanza utatambulika mara moja aidha kwa jinsi unavyotembea, unavyoangalia majengo au hata unavyovuka barabara. Utakapouliza swali kuelekea upande fulani au kwenye jengo fulani basi utakuwa umeonyesha wazi kuwa wewe si mwenyeji. Kumbuka kuwa mgeni ni kuku mweupe.

Ukiwa pale mjini utaviona vituko nawe usipokuwa mwangalifu utanaswa kama mvuvi anasavyo samaki kwa chambo; kuna wale watajiweka makundi ili kucheza kamari na karata. Wengine wataanza michezo ya sarakasi ili kukuvutia. Baada ya waja kukusanyika pale na kuwa hadhira huku michezo ikinoga na kuwateka bakunja, kuna wale wafanyakazi ambao chapuchapu wataanza kuhudumia vibindo. Watachukua chochote kwa njia ya rahisi kwani hutasikia chochote. Utashtuka pesa, simu, kadi za benki na vitu vingine muhimu vimepotea, baada ya kucheza, kutokana na kutumbuzwa ule utakuwa 'utamu mchungu'

Aidha mjini kuna wale wanaotumia nyama ya ulimi. Kumbe maneno matamu humtoa nyoka pangoni! Mwanzo watakukagua jinsi ulivyovaa, kisha watakuandama kama kivuli. Ufikapo kichochochoni, watacupora kila kitu. Wengine hawa hawana chembe cha huruma; watakupiga na kukuacha ufilie mbali.

Kuepukana na hayo yote, iwapo umefika mjini mara ya kwanza au hata kama wewe ni mwenyeji usijihusishe na mambo yasiyokuhusu ndewe wala sikio. Ukiwaona watu wakizozana usijitie kati kama mchuzi wa ugali. Jitie purukushani na ujiendee zako. Iwapo wahitaji msaada wowote mtafute bawabu aliyevaa sare rasmi naye atakuauni. Usijitie kwenye shida bure. Kumbuka kupanda mchongoma kushuka ndio ngoma.

31. Methali 'mgeni ni kuku mweupe' ina maana
- A. mgeni amefanana na kuku mweupe
B. mgeni hujulikana kama kuku
C. hujulikana kwa vitendo vyake tofauti na vya wenyewe
D. mgeni huwa ametoka mashambani
32. Mtu ambaye asili yake si ya mahali ni mgeni. Kinyume chake ni
- A. tapeli
B. mwenyeji
C. mzaliwa
D. mhafidhina
33. Baada ya mchezo kunoga, "wafanyakazi" watakuhudumia. Maana ya neno "wafanyakazi" hapa ni
- A. wezi
B. madereva
C. wachezaji
D. wahudumu
34. Michezo ikinoga na kukuteka bakunja maana ya msemu huu ni
- A. kukufurahisha kiasi na kutosahau mambo
B. kukunasa akili kabisa
C. kuangalia sana
D. kufikiria sana na kutosahau mambo

35. Ni mchezo upi unahusu kuvuta pesa
- A. sarakasi B. uimbaji
C. karata D. wizi
36. Baada ya kuibiwa kila kitu unapotumbuzwa huo utakuwa 'utamu mchungu' kwa nini? _____
- A. utafurahi furaha chungu
B. utakuwa umeridhishwa na mchezo
C. utapata pesa
D. utapoteza mali
37. Njia ya majengo iliyo baina ya majumba mawili na ni nyembamba huitwa
- A. kijinjia
B. kichocho
C. kichorocho
D. njia panda
38. Mwandishi anatushauri tufanye nini tufikapo mjini mara ya kwanza?
- A. kujitia purukashani
B. kujitia kati kama mchuzi
C. kuyaepuka yasiyotuhusu
D. kuwa kuku weupe
39. Methali 'kupanda mchongoma kushuka ndio ngoma' ina maana kuwa
- A. kuingia matatizoni ni rahisi kutoka ndio shida
B. kutambua shida si rahisi
C. mjini kuna ngoma
D. kudanganyika ni rahisi
40. Kichwa mwafaka cha habari hii ni
- A. maisha ya mjini
B. uhalifu mjini
C. uzalendo mjini
D. starehe za mjini

Soma kifungu kifuatacho kisha ujibu maswali 41-50

Watu kumi na sita walifariki dunia katika ajali tofauti katika jimbo la Mombasa, Kakamega na Kajiado. Jambo hilo lilijumuisha waliokufa katika ajali za barabara mwaka huo kufikia mia tano themanini na nne.

Katika ajali ya Mombasa watu saba walifariki na watatu wakajeruhiwa vibaya wakati lori la kubebea ngano lilipoacha barabara na kugonga mkahawa uliojaa watu karibu na kituo cha kibiashara cha Salama. Watu watano walifariki papo hapo ilhali hao wengine walifika hospitalini kuu ya Mombasa.

Polisi walisema ajali hiyo ilitokea mnamo saa kumi na mbili magharibi Jumatatu. Walishuku breki za lori zilikosa kushika ndipo likaacha barabara. Miongoni mwa waliojeruhiwa alikuwa mtoto mchanga wa miaka minane ambaye alivunjika mguu.

Katika ajali ya Kakamega abiria watatu walifariki dunia papo hapo. Mtu wa nne alifariki alipokuwa akitibiwa katika hospitali kuu ya Kakamega. Basi hilo lilikuwa limebeba abiria ishirini na wawili. Maiti walipatikana baada ya basi kuinuliwa.

Katika ajali ya Kajiado lori la serikali liligongana na gari lenye nambari za Uganda na watu watatu wakakata kamba.

41. Kulingana na taarifa hii ni majimbo mangapi yaliyotajwa?
- A. Sita
B. matatu
C. saba
D. matano
42. Ni sentensi ipi iliyo sahihi?
- A. Ajali ya Kakamega iliua watu wanne
B. Ajali ya kajiado ilitokea karibu na kituo cha Salama

- C. Idadi ya abiria wote waliofariki ni kumi na mmoja
D. Ajali ya Mombasa ndiyo iliyowaua abiria wengi
43. Katika ajali ya kwanza, ni watu wangapi waliokufa hospitalini?
A. wanane
B. wawili
C. watatu
D. hatujaambiwa
44. Msemo kukata kamba kulingana na taarifa una maana gani?
A. kukata kamba ukitumia kisu
B. kumia
C. kufariki
D. kuanguka upande mwingine wa kamba
45. Ajali ya lori ilitokea wakati upi?
A. saa kumi na mbili jioni
B. saa kumi na mbili asubuhi
C. saa mbili jioni
D. hatujapewa jibu
46. Neno mkahawa lina maana gani katika taarifa?
A. Jengo la kuuzia nguo
B. Mahali watu wanapokaa
C. Jengo la kuuzia kahawa
D. Mti unaozaa kahawa
47. Walioumia pia wanaweza kuitwa
A. majeruhi
B. wajeruhi
C. marehemu
D. majeraha
48. Kabla ya ajali zilizotajwa ni watu wangapi waliokuwa wamekufa?
A. kumi na wanne
B. mia tano na themanini
C. mia tano na sabini
D. kumi na mmoja
49. Ni nani aliyevunjika mguu?
A. Dereva
B. mtoto
C. utingo
D. mjanzito
50. Kichwa mwafaka cha habari hii ni _____
A. Ajali wilayani
B. Usafiri wa abiria
C. Ajali barabarani
D. Vifo vya watu

GATUNDU SOUTH DISTRICT MID TERM 1 2015

STD. 7 ANSWERS

<u>MATHS</u>		<u>ENGLISH</u>		<u>KISWAHILI</u>		<u>SCIENCE</u>	
1. A	26. C	1. C	26. C	1. B	26. C	1. D	26. B
2. C	27. A	2. D	27. A	2. B	27. A	2. A	27. B
3. B	28. D	3. A	28. C	3. C	28. D	3. A	28. C
4. C	29. B	4. B	29. B	4. B	29. C	4. B	29. B
5. B	30. A	5. D	30. C	5. C	30. B	5. C	30. C
6. C	31. B	6. A	31. B	6. C	31. C	6. B	31. D
7. D	32. C	7. B	32. D	7. C	32. B	7. B	32. C
8. A	33. D	8. D	33. B	8. C	33. A	8. D	33. D
9. C	34. A	9. A	34. A	9. B	34. B	9. D	34. D
10. B	35. D	10. B	35. C	10. A	35. B	10. B	35. A
11. D	36. B	11. D	36. C	11. A	36. C	11. C	36. C
12. C	37. C	12. A	37. A	12. B	37. D	12. A	37. D
13. A B	38. B	13. B	38. C	13. C	38. B	13. B	38. A
14. D	39. A	14. A	39. A	14. D	39. C	14. A	39. C
15. B	40. C	15. C	40. A	15. B	40. B	15. B	40. B
16. D	41. B	16. C	41. A	16. B	41. B	16. D	41. D
17. C	42. C	17. A	42. C	17. C	42. D	17. C	42. A
18. C	43. A	18. A	43. D	18. C	43. B	18. B	43. C
19. A	44. D	19. A	44. B	19. D	44. C	19. A	44. C
20. D	45. C	20. C	45. B	20. D	45. A	20. A	45. C
21. B	46. A	21. D	46. A	21. B	46. D	21. B	46. A
22. C	47. B	22. C	47. B	22. C	47. A	22. B	47. C
23. A	48. D	23. A	48. C	23. C	48. C	23. B	48. C
24. D	49. C	24. D	49. C	24. A	49. B	24. D	49. B
25. B	50. A	25. B	50. A	25. C	50. C	25. D	50. D

SOCIAL STUDIES

1. C	21. C	41. A	61. B	81. B
2. D	22. B	42. B A/B	62. D	82. A
3. B	23. C	43. C	63. B	83. C
4. A	24. C	44. C	64. D	84. C
5. B	25. D	45. C	65. B	85. B
6. A B	26. C	46. C	66. B	86. C
7. D	27. D	47. A	67. A	87. D
8. A	28. D	48. C	68. D	88. D
9. A	29. C	49. D	69. D	89. A
10. C	30. D	50. D	70. C	90. B
11. D	31. A	51. C	71. A	
12. C	32. B	52. B	72. B	
13. B A	33. B	53. C	73. D	
14. A	34. C	54. D	74. C	
15. B	35. B	55. B	75. A	
16. D	36. A	56. A	76. A	
17. A	37. D	57. C	77. B	
18. C	38. A	58. B	78. D	
19. A	39. A	59. D	79. A	
20. D	40. A	60. C	80. C	