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PART I: SOCIAL STUDIES

KIAGU AREA

**KEY**

- Tarmac Road
- Murrum Road
- Quarry
- Tea
- School
- C.C - Chief’s Camp
- Forest
- Sub-county boundary
- Permanent buildings
- C.D - Cattle Dip

**Scale**

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 Kms
Use the map of Kiagu area above to answer questions 1 - 7.

1. The people of Kiagu area are
   A. Pagans        B. Muslims
   C. Christians    D. Hindus

2. The MAIN means of transport in Kiagu area is
   A. air          B. water
   C. rail         D. road

3. What is the direction of the Chief's Camp from the quarry?
   A. West         B. North
   C. East         D. South

4. The MAIN cash crop grown in Kiagu area is
   A. Pyrethrum    B. Tea
   C. Coffee      D. Maize

5. Kiagu area is a
   A. Division    B. Location
   C. County      D. Sub-county

6. The highest point in Kiagu area is likely to be at the
   A. North East  B. South East
   C. South       D. North

7. The people of Kiagu area are administered by a
   A. District Officer
   B. County Commissioner
   C. Ass county Commissioner
   D. Area Commissioner

8. The Abawanga arrived in Mumias and conquered the earlier settlers. The first leader of Abawanga was called
   A. Nabongo Osundwa
   B. Nabongo Wamukoya
   C. Nabongo Muima
   D. Nabongo Mumbia

9. The British made Kenya a protectorate in
   A. 1895         B. 1920
   C. 1911         D. 1904

10. The first British Commissioner in Kenya was called
    A. Duke of Devonshire
    B. Sir Charles Eliot
    C. Sir William Macnion
    D. Carl Peters

11. Which one of the following times was the first Kenyan National Anthem sang?
    A. 1st June 1963
    B. 1st May 1962
    C. 12th December 1963
    D. 20th October 1962

12. Which one of the following lines is found in the stanza two line four of Kenya National Anthem?
    A. May we dwell in unity
    B. Plenty be found in our borders
    C. Heritage of splendour
    D. And our home land of Kenya

13. A mineral which is mined at Kariandusi near Gilgil is known as
    A. Diatomite
    B. Limestone
    C. Flourspar
    D. Soda ash

14. The furthest point to the north of Kenya which is found at the boarder town with Ethiopia is called
    A. Vanga
    B. Kibish
    C. Timboroa
    D. Marsabit

15. Which of the following town is the ODD one out?
    A. Vanga
    B. Malindi
    C. Kiunga
    D. Iringa

16. Mountain vegetation is only found in areas that are very
    A. sloopy
    B. hot
    C. cold
    D. steep

17. Which one of the following forests is an example of a lowland forest?
    A. Arabuko-Sokoke
    B. Londiani forest
    C. Mau forest
    D. Nyandarua forest

18. Which one of the following sub-community does NOT belong to Mijikenda?
    A. Duruma
    B. Kauma
    C. Jibana
    D. Taita
19. What is the name of the feature numbered 7?
A. Malka Mari  B. Marsabit  
C. Mandera   D. Kibish

20. The game reserve numbered 5 is called
A. Arawale  B. Boni  
C. Sibiloi   D. Maasai Mara

21. One of the effects of colonial administration in Kenya was the
A. Introduction of new animal breeds  
B. Introduction of western education  
C. Understanding African culture and traditions  
D. Introduction of commercial farming

22. Who among the leaders listed below was the first President of Kenya African Democratic Union (KADU)?
A. Ronald Ngala  B. James Gichuru  
C. Achieng Oneko  D. Tom Mboya

23. Who among the following people was not arrested together with Kenyatta on 20th October 1952?
A. Bildad Kaggia  B. Achieng Oneko  
C. Daniel arap Moi  D. Kung’u Karumba

24. In order to protect and preserve our artefacts, they are collected and stored in
A. Pre-historic sites  
B. School libraries  
C. Museums  
D. Sand beaches

25. The MAIN crop grown under irrigation in the Perkerra irrigation scheme is cotton
A. onions  B. cotton  C. rice  D. sugarcane

26. Flowers are MAINLY transported by air because they
A. are light in weight  B. fetch high prices  
C. spoil easily  D. are in high demand

27. The MAIN reason for transporting oil by pipeline in Kenya is
A. to reduce theft of oil  B. to create employment  
C. to reduce destruction of the roads  D. to reduce transport costs

28. Kenya’s main land port is
A. Kisumu  B. Mombasa  C. Lamu  D. Malindi

29. The type of irrigation practised in Mwea Tebere is known as
A. furrow irrigation  B. basin irrigation  
C. drip irrigation  D. overhead irrigation

30. Use the diagram below to answer question 30

The meaning of the road sign shown is
A. stop  B. proceed  C. slippery road  D. no overtaking

31. Which of the colours can appear at the same time on a traffic light?
A. Red and green  B. Amber and Red  
C. Green and Amber  D. Amber and yellow

STD 6 FIRST EDITION

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32. The Asians were also represented in the Legco. Who among the following Asians was the first to join Legco?
A. Sahib Bakari
B. Patel Lalji
C. Alidina Visram
D. Alihaji Mulla Jevanjee

33. Which one of the following was not a cause of the Nandi resistance in 1895-1906?
A. The Nandi did not want the railway to pass through their land.
B. The Nandi wanted to protect the mineral wealth in their land.
C. The Europeans interfered with the Nandi traditions.
D. The Nandi’s pride that they were strong militarily.

34. Who was the first vice president of Kenya after independence?
A. Joseph Murumbi
B. Daniel arap Moi
C. Jaramogi Oginga Odinga
D. Mwai Kibaki

35. Which one of the following is a way of becoming a Kenyan citizen?
A. By registration
B. By recognition
C. By recommendation
D. By naturalisation

36. Which one of the following is NOT a symbol of our nation?
A. The constitution
B. Coat of arms
C. Nation Anthem
D. National flag.

37. The changes made in a constitution are called
A. Referendum
B. Amendments
C. Review
D. Rubbing

38. Which one of the following is NOT an arm of the government?
A. Legislature
B. Executive
C. Judiciary
D. Constitution

39. The MAIN tourist attraction in Kenya is
A. Mountains
B. Wildlife
C. Rivers and Lakes
D. Sandy beaches

40. Which year did Young Kikuyu Association formed?
A. 1920
B. 1924
C. 1921
D. 1938

41. Several age groups among the Abaluhya formed
A. a tribe
B. a clan
C. an age set
D. a nation

42. Traditional education helped to shape the behaviour of the youth. Which was NOT a way of teaching in the past?
A. Riddles
B. Proverbs
C. Legends
D. Writing

43. The walls of the Rift Valley are known as
A. hills
B. plateaus
C. slopes
D. escarpment

44. Exchange of goods for goods is called
A. stock exchange
B. barter trade
C. modern trade
D. hawking

45. Maize was introduced to Kenya by the
A. Portuguese
B. Arabs
C. Asian
D. British

46. Illegal killing of wild animals is called
A. poaching
B. paddocking
C. tracking
D. conservation

47. Sea fishing is also known as ______ fishing.
A. purse seining
B. inland
C. marine
D. exploration
Use the diagram below to answer questions 48-40

48. The diagram shown above shows the formation of rainfall called
   A. Orographic rainfall
   B. Convectional rainfall
   C. Frontal rainfall
   D. Breeze

49. The side marked B is known as
   A. windward
   B. leeward side
   C. escarpment
   D. valley

50. Which one of the following places is the above type of rainfall experienced?
   A. Mumbasa
   B. Kisumu
   C. Embu
   D. Naivasha

51. Where are Mangrove Swamps found?
   A. Shores of L. Victoria
   B. Rain forest
   C. In the highlands
   D. Along the Coast

52. Census in Kenya are conducted after how many years?
   A. 10
   B. 5
   C. 20
   D. 4

53. Which of the following was NOT a method used in traditional education?
   A. Songs
   B. Reading
   C. Riddles
   D. Stories

54. The white colour of our national flag stands for
   A. blood
   B. people
   C. peace
   D. land

55. Which one of the following is NOT a method of preserving fish?
   A. Freezing
   B. Frying
   C. Drying
   D. Smoking

56. Which one of the following cash crop is harvested using machines?
   A. Cassava
   B. Pyrethrum
   C. Wheat
   D. Flowers

57. Commercial chicken kept for meat are called
   A. beef
   B. broilers
   C. layers
   D. fressian

58. Three of the following are tributaries of River Tana. Which one is NOT?
   A. Suguta
   B. Thiba
   C. Murubara
   D. Nyamindii

59. Three of the following are types of beef cattle kept by farmers in Kenya. Which one is NOT?
   A. Hereford
   B. Boran
   C. Zebu
   D. Ayrshire

60. Limestone is MAINLY mined around
   A. Athi River
   B. L. Magadi
   C. Kimwaker
   D. Kariandusi
PART II RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

SECTION A: CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. Jesus fed ____ people with fish and bread.
   A. 5000   B. 200
   C. 2500   D. 500

62. The sons of Zebedee are ____ and ____.
   A. Joseph and Mathew
   B. Peter and Andrew
   C. James and John
   D. James and Thomas

63. Jesus healed the paralysed because of his
   A. sins   B. life
   C. fear   D. faith

64. Jesus prayed in the garden called
   A. Golgotha   B. Heaven
   C. Gethsemane   D. Eden

65. Who killed Goliath using a sling and stones?
   A. Japeth   B. Abel
   C. David   D. Simon

66. Jesus taught his disciples to serve others by
   A. washing their feet
   B. washing their hands
   C. washing their bodies
   D. serving them food

67. Abraham had a son called
   A. Daniel   B. Joseph
   C. Isaac   D. James

68. "Emmanuel" means
   A. God forgives
   B. God with us
   C. God saves us
   D. God is peace

69. Daniel was thrown in a den of
   A. Lions   B. Cheetahs
   C. Bear   D. Elephants

70. Which of these birds was sent by Noah after the great floods?
   A. Quail   B. Crow
   C. Duck   D. Raven

71. One of the following is NOT a desirable emotion. Which one is it?
   A. Joy   B. Love
   C. Compassion   D. Anger

72. Which one of the following is an effect of irresponsible girl-boy relationship?
   A. Good grades in school
   B. Becoming a mature adult
   C. Dropping out of school
   D. Developing a sense of responsibility

73. Where was Jesus when he was tempted by the devil?
   A. He was in the temple
   B. He was in the wilderness
   C. He was in the synagogue
   D. He was in a Samaritan village

74. What did God do on the seventh day?
   A. He rebuked satan and his evil angels
   B. He created man and woman
   C. He chased man from the garden of Eden
   D. He rested from all his work

75. The Christians practice of dipping people in water is called
   A. baptism   B. washing
   C. swimming   D. eucharist

76. Which one of the following was NOT a rite of passage in traditional African society?
   A. Initiation   B. Death
   C. Birthday   D. Marriages

77. Christians in the early church shared the following EXCEPT one. Which one is it?
   A. Teachings
   B. Children and wives
   C. Belongings
   D. Food

78. Which one of the following values is NOT needed in the society?
   A. Cruelty   B. Honesty
   C. Faithfulness   D. Kindness

79. The leader of the early church was
   A. Paul
   B. Peter
   C. Mathew
   D. James

80. After Moses killed an Egyptian, he ran to
   A. Goshen
   B. Galilee
   C. Canaan
   D. Midian

81. Why did Missionaries come to Kenya?
   A. To translate the Bible
   B. To trade with local people
   C. To spread Christianity
   D. To learn the local language
82. Saul’s life was suddenly changed when he was going to
   A. Jericho
   B. Jerusalem
   C. Emmaus
   D. Damascus

83. The first disciple to see the risen Christ was
   A. Mary Magdalene
   B. Salome
   C. Peter
   D. Mary the Mother of Jesus

84. The earth, sea and plants were created by God on the
   A. fourth day    B. third day
   C. second day    D. first day

85. The following books of the Bible are found in the Old Testament. Which one is NOT?
   A. Hebrews
   B. Nchemiah
   C. Malachi
   D. Ecclesiastes

86. The holy communion is also referred to as the
   A. Advent    B. Lord’s supper
   C. Passover   D. Pentecost

87. You have found your cousin stealing mangoes from a neighbour’s farm. What should you do as a Christian?
   A. Tell your cousin the dangers of such behaviour.
   B. Inform the police about the incident.
   C. Tell your cousin to be careful to avoid being caught.
   D. Ask for a share of the mangoes.

88. Before Jesus was tempted by the devil, He had fasted in the wilderness for
   A. twenty days    B. four days
   C. forty days    D. 3 days

89. When Solomon asked for wisdom from God he was also given
   A. pride    B. wealth
   C. many wives   D. eternal life

90. Who helped Jesus to carry a heavy cross?
   A. Simon of Cyrene
   B. Stephen
   C. Nicodemus
   D. Joseph of Arimathea

SECTION B:

ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. Surah Takaathur warns Muslims NOT to waste time on
   A. wealth
   B. gambling
   C. just sitting in the mosque
   D. children

62. In which month did the prophet receive the first Wahyi of the Qur’an?
   A. Muharram
   B. Rabii-ul-Awwal
   C. Ramadhan
   D. Rajab

63. Before we sleep we should recite surah Nas and Falaq for the _______ of Allah, throughout the night.
   A. forgiveness   B. rizk
   C. guidance    D. protection

64. The surah of the holy Qur’an also known as “the Dua” is
   A. surah Nasr    B. surah Ikhlas
   C. surah Fatiha    D. surah Ma’un

65. Qur’an is Allah’s message that was revealed to prophet Muhammad by angel
   A. Raqib (A.S)
   B. Ridhwaan (A.S)
   C. Jibril (A.S)
   D. Isra’il (A.S)

66. The reason for Allah (S.W) sending prophets was to
   A. guide mankind    B. destroy idols
   C. show miracles    D. receive wahyi

67. The prophet said, “paradise is under the feet of mothers” and so Muslims should
   A. work for them
   B. kill them and take it
   C. respect them
   D. pray to them

68. To avoid begging in an Islamic society, Muslims should
   A. borrow from rich Muslims
   B. work very hard
   C. punish the beggars
   D. pray hard

69. Many people will be punished in the hellfire because of their
   A. tongue    B. hands
   C. behaviour   D. fear
70. When we hear Adhaan, we quickly know that it is time for
A. celebration
B. salah
C. madrassa
D. a meeting in the mosque

71. Which action of the pillar of salah is CORRECTLY matched with its Arabic name?
A. Bending - sijda
B. Short stand - ruku
C. Standing - itidaal
D. Sitting - julus

72. Muslim should start training their children to pray at the age of _____ years.
A. five
B. twelve
C. seven
D. ten

73. The first month of Islamic calendar is
A. Rabiul Awal
B. Muharram
C. Ramadhan
D. Shaaban

74. Which of the following means 'BISMILLAH'?
A. With the will of Allah
B. Praise be to Allah
C. Glory be to Allah
D. In the name of Allah

75. We should pay 2½% zakkat on each of these wealth EXCEPT
A. food
B. money
gold
D. silver

76. Which prayer is fardh kifaya and has zero rakaats?
A. Taraweh
B. Subh
C. Qibliyya
D. Janaaza

77. Which prophet was given the holy Zabur as a book of guidance?
A. Nabii Ibrahim
B. Nabii Daud
C. Nabii Suleiman
D. Nabii Issa

78. Muslims spend in the mosque for itkaf on 27th Rajab to remember the ____ of the prophet.
A. Isra miiraj
B. Maulid
C. Hijra
D. First wahyi

79. Muslim ladies cover their heads with parda or veil called
A. hijaab
B. jalabib
C. kafiyyatun
D. libasu taqwa

80. Prophet Muhammad was respected when he led all other prophets in a prayer at Masj'id Aqsa. He was then called
A. Imaam
B. Swaadiq
C. Mustafa
D. Shariif

81. Qabila killed his brother Habila because of
A. accident
B. revenge
C. jealousy
D. confusion

82. Marriage ceremony in Islam is referred to as
A. kadhi
B. talaq
C. wali
D. nikah

83. Before coming of Islam the Qureish and Jews were mushriquuns who prayed to
A. the sun
B. fire
c. idols
D. the coves

84. Which industry among these makes haram products?
A. Sugar industry
B. Juna kali industry
C. Tea factory
D. A brewery

85. Which one of these acts can spoil uhdh?
A. Sleeping
B. Eating
C. Laughing
D. Talking

86. The prophet (p.b.u.h) went to Shaam for the following activity. Which one?
A. Farming
B. Business
c. Grazing
D. Iron mining

87. What will you say when you promise Muslims to do something?
A. Inshallah
B. Subhanallah
C. Maashallah
D. Shukran

88. Which first lady married the prophet when she was 40 years old?
A. Lady Aisha
B. Lady Hafswa
C. Lady Khadijah
D. Lady Maimuna

89. At which place was the prophet's uncle Abu Lahab cursed by Allah (S.W)?
A. At Ashawt
B. Mount Swafa
C. Mount Marwa
D. At Aqaba

90. A good Muslim must pray ____ times a day.
A. 5
B. 17
C. 7
D. 10
1. Write the following in symbols: Seven hundred and fifty thousand and twenty three.
   A. 75 023
   B. 75 523
   C. 7 500 023
   D. 750 023

2. What is the total value of digit 4 in 465201?
   A. 1000
   B. Four Hundred Thousands
   C. Hundreds
   D. Ten thousands

3. A tailor had 432 pair of socks. He placed them in small boxes each holding 12 pairs of socks. How many small boxes did he use?
   A. 36
   B. 24
   C. 44
   D. 26

4. Write $\frac{15}{4}$ as an improper fraction.
   A. $\frac{57}{4}$
   B. $\frac{49}{4}$
   C. $\frac{63}{4}$
   D. $\frac{73}{4}$

5. The time now is 9.00 am. What time will it be after 6 hours?
   A. 3.00pm
   B. 2.00pm
   C. 1.00pm
   D. 3.00am

6. What is the GCD of 45, 48, 90?
   A. 9
   B. 3
   C. 180
   D. 450

7. Arrange in order from the smallest to largest.
   \[
   \frac{3}{4}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{1}{2}
   \]
   A. \[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{1}{2}\]
   B. \[\frac{2}{5}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{1}{2}\]
   C. \[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{1}{2}\]
   D. \[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{1}{2}\]

8. $2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 7$ is the prime factorization of
   A. 140
   B. 105
   C. 210
   D. 120

9. Curtis spent 45 minutes to walk to the market, 35 minutes in the market and 30 minutes back home. How many hours did he spend altogether?
   A. 1 hour 30 mins
   B. 1 hour 50 mins
   C. 1 hour 20 mins
   D. 50 mins

10. In 2013 general election 28 600 people voted. Kamau got 10 750, Muli got 9 950 while Kemei got the rest of the votes. How many votes did Kemei get?
    A. 20 700
    B. 18 680
    C. 17 850
    D. 7 900

11. Work out $404325 + 80721 + 374849 =
    A. 859 895
    B. 759 785
    C. 995 895
    D. 455 974

12. What is the place value of digit 5 in 327.25?
    A. Hundredths
    B. Thousandths
    C. Hundreds
    D. Tenths
13. Round off 989 to the nearest hundred.
   A. 980          B. 1000
   C. 910          D. 990

14. Work out $2.09 + 8 + 25.1 + 0.314$
   A. 35.504       B. 3.5504
   C. 35.504       D. 0.35504

15. In a class of 42 pupils, each pupil planted 15 trees, how many trees were planted altogether?
   A. 630          B. 57
   C. 2 rem 12     D. 360

16. Find the missing numbers $x$ and $y$.
    \[
    \frac{1}{4} = \frac{x}{8} = \frac{4}{y}
    \]
    \[
    x = \frac{1}{2} \quad y = 8
    \]
   A. 2            B. 12
   B. 12           C. 4
   C. 4            D. 2
   D. 2

17. How many squares can be made from the figure below?

   \[
   \begin{array}{|c|c|}
   \hline
   \text{A. 5} & \text{B. 4} \\
   \text{C. 6} & \text{D. 7} \\
   \hline
   \end{array}
   \]

18. Kerubo measured a post and found it to be 3.88m. How long was it in centimetres?
   A. 3.85cm       B. 38.5cm
   C. 0.385cm      D. 385cm

19. What time is shown on the clock face below?

   \[
   \begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|}
   \hline
   10 & 11 & 12 & 1 \\
   \hline
   9 & 8 & 7 & 6 \\
   \hline
   5 & 4 & 3 & 2 \\
   \hline
   \end{array}
   \]
   A. 1.35pm       B. 12.40pm
   C. 1.40pm       D. 2.40pm

20. Write $\frac{12}{18}$ in its simplest form.
    A. $\frac{6}{9}$      B. $\frac{4}{9}$
    C. $\frac{2}{3}$      D. $\frac{4}{6}$

21. Work out: $44.16 \times 71$
    A. 3135.36       B. 3135.36
    C. 31353.6       D. 31353.6

22. Write 30m 50cm to the nearest metre.
    A. 30m           B. 350m
    C. 3050m         D. 31m

23. Convert 300 seconds into minutes and seconds.
    A. 5min 0 secs   B. 5min 30 secs
    C. 5min 01 secs  D. 5min 10 secs

24. Work out: $4\frac{3}{8} - 1\frac{5}{6}$
    A. $2\frac{13}{24}$  B. $3\frac{11}{24}$
    C. $3\frac{13}{24}$  D. $2\frac{11}{24}$

25. Otieno started his journey at 10.30am. He took ten hours to reach town. What time did he arrive?
    A. 9.30pm         B. 7.30pm
    C. 8.30pm         D. 6.30pm

26. Find the area of the shaded region.

   \[
   \text{area} = 5cm \times 12cm = 60cm^2
   \]
   A. 60cm
   B. 60cm^2
   C. 30cm
   D. 30cm^2
27. Work out:

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<td>-2</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- A. 2hrs 9min 45mins
- B. 1hr 9min 45secs
- C. 9mins 45secs
- D. 1hrs 45secs

27. Work out:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>km</th>
<th>m</th>
<th>cm</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>65</td>
<td>432</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-38</td>
<td>678</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- A. 36km 753m 78cm
- B. 104km 6537m 68cm
- C. 26km 753m 68cm
- D. 753km 28m 68cm

29. Work out: \(24 \times 2 \frac{5}{18} =\)

- A. 50 \(\frac{2}{3}\)
- B. 48 \(\frac{-5}{18}\)
- C. 54 \(\frac{5}{18}\)
- D. 54 \(\frac{2}{3}\)

30. Work out:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>min</th>
<th>sec</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>x</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- A. 15min 0sec
- B. 15min 10sec
- C. 15min 01sec
- D. 14min 0sec

31. Find the area of the right angled triangle drawn.

- A. 30cm\(^2\)
- B. 60cm\(^2\)
- C. 78cm\(^2\)
- D. 39cm\(^2\)

32. Divide 30km 16m by 7.

- A. 40km 288m
- B. 4km 288m
- C. 4km 2880m
- D. 4km 31m

33. Which of the following numbers is divisible by 9?

- A. 3333
- B. 3691
- C. 22245
- D. 1008

34. There are 6 groups of swimmers in each class. Each group has 9 swimmers. How many swimmers are there altogether?

- A. 54
- B. 432
- C. 234
- D. 72

35. Find the perimeter of the figure drawn.

A. 54cm\(^2\)
B. 54cm
C. 44cm\(^2\)
D. 44cm

36. Work out:

\[15b + 3b - 12b - 2b =\]

- A. 3b
- B. 6b
- C. 5b
- D. 4b

37. In 95 days a matatu travelled a total 9120km. If it travelled the same distance everyday, how many km did it cover each day?

- A. 96km
- B. 866400km
- C. 1007km
- D. 9025km
38. Write XXXIX in Arabic numerals.
   A. 109   B. 39
   C. 49   D. 93

39. An odd number multiplied by an even number gives
   A. odd number   B. even number
   C. prime number   D. even odd number

40. The perimeter of the figure below is 64cm. What is the length of side marked x?

   P=64
   xcm

   A. 34cm   B. 16cm
   C. 8cm   D. 15cm

41. What is the next number in the sequence?
   2, 3, 5, 7, 11, ________
   A. 12   B. 15
   C. 17   D. 13

2. Which of the following is a reflex angle?
   A. [Diagram]
   B. [Diagram]
   C. [Diagram]
   D. [Diagram]

3. Wambui saved sh.744 in 8 months. How much did she save in one month.
   A. Sh.94   B. Sh.92
   C. Sh.93   D. Sh.96

4. Convert 51km 750m into metres.
   A. 51750m
   B. 517500m
   C. 510750m
   D. 5175000m

45. A machine takes 10hours 45min 20seconds to process 8 lorry loads of coffee. How long does it take to process one lorry load?
   A. 2hrs 20min 40sec
   B. 3hrs 20min 40sec
   C. 1hr 20min 40sec
   D. 4hrs 20min 40sec

46. Express \( \frac{4}{25} \) as a decimal.
   A. 0.16   B. 6.25
   C. 1.6   D. 4.25

47. Solve the equation.
   \( x+4=7 \)
   A. 2   B. 3
   C. 4   D. 1

48. Find the length of rectangle drawn if its perimeter is 68cm.

   14cm

   A. 20cm   B. 40cm
   C. 82cm   D. 34cm

49. Find the least common multiple of 5, 6 and 7.
   A. 30   B. 210
   C. 330   D. 42

50. How many cubes have been used to make the stack below?

   A. 100   B. 80
   C. 60   D. 110
You have 40 minutes to write your composition:

Below is the beginning of a story. Complete the story in your own words. Make it as interesting as possible.

We had just reported back to school when our English teacher directed us to narrate how we had spent the December.
Umepewa dukika 40 kuandika insha yako.

Andika insha ya kusimua kuhusu:

SIKU YA MICHEZO SHULENI
KISWAHLI
SEHEMU YA KWANZA:
LUGHA

Muda: Saa 1 daiki 40

Kwa maswali 1 mpaka 15 jaza majibu yaliyo sawa kutoka kwa yale unepewa hapo chini.

Likizo 1 Agosti 2 niliyomtembelea mjomba jijini
Nairobi. 3 alinikaribisha kwa 4 usoni pake. Alinishauri
5 viatu 6 nisichafue 7 Niliketi kwenye
8 kuvutia. Juu ya kimeza cha kahawa 9 na gazeti la Taifa Leo
10 mimi 11 kulisoma kila Jumapili. 12 muda
13 mjomba alifika kutoka kazini. Alifurahi sana kuniona. Hakuniuliza swali
14 Alinisalimu na 15 runinga. "Ngoja nivue sutii hii kisha nije,"
aliniambia kwa upole.

1. A. la B. wa C. ya D. za
2. A. ndio B. ndilo C. ndipo D. ndiyo
3. A. Mkaza mjomba B. Mkazamwana C. Nyanya D. Bintiamu
4. A. shangwe B. kicheko C. tabasamu D. mshangao
5. A. nifue B. nivue C. nito C. nichomoe
6. A. ili B. kwa sababu C. halafu D. ati
7. A. pazia B. zulia C. sakafu D. nyumba
8. A. kochi ya B. kochi la C. kiti la D. kocha wa
9. A. kulikuwa B. lilikua C. kulikuwa D. lilikuwa
10. A. ambayo B. ambacho C. ambazo D. ambalo
11. A. nilipenda B. hupenda C. ninapenda D. nitapenda
12. A. Baada ya B. Baada C. Kabla ya D. Kabla
13. A. ndefu B. fupi C. refu D. mrefu
14. A. yoyote B. zozote C. wowote D. lolote
15. A. kufungua B. kuwakisha C. kuwashar D. kufungulusa

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16. Umbo hili huitwaje?
A. Mche
B. Pia
C. Duara
D. Tufe

17. $\frac{1}{8}$ akisami hii kwamaneno ni
A. Thuluthi
B. Robo
C. Humusi
D. Thumuni

18. Tumia - ote
Madara sa yamefagiliwa.
A. zote
B. lote
C. yote
D. mote

19. Kamiliasha tashbihi:
Mfupi kama
A. mbalamwezi
B. mlingoti
C. mfupi
D. mbilikimo

20. Lipi kati ya haya si vazi?
A. Koti
B. Kaptura
C. Zulia
D. Sketi

21. Mtu anayeendesha meli huitwaje?
A. Nahodha
B. Rubani
C. Dobi
D. Mneli

22. Ipi si zana ya vita?
A. Mkuki
B. Mshale
C. Manowari
D. Gitaa

23. Ugonjwa wa malale husababishwa na mdudu aitwaje?
A. Mbu
B. Funza
C. Konoko
D. Mbung'o

24. Kamiliasha methali:
Ukiona vyaclea jua
A. ni vlevi
B. haviko tena
C. vimearibika
D. vimeundwa

Chagua jina la makundi mwafaka.
A. Fungu la nywele
B. Robota la nywele
C. Shungi la nywele
D. Bonge la nywele

26. Tumia kiwakilishi nafsi sahihi.
Mbona wewe hu__saidji?
A. m
B. ku
C. ni
D. tu

27. Andika kwa wingi
Kikapu kipi kimeraruka?
A. Vikapu kipi kimeraruka
B. Vikapu vipi vimeraruka
C. Vikapu vile kimeraruka
D. Vikapu kipi kimeraruka

28. Ni sentensiipi iliyo na kiashiria?
A. Mwanafunzi mwenye amefaulu.
B. Mwanafunzi mzuri amefaulu
C. Mwanafunzi mmoja amefaulu
D. Mwanafunzi huyu amefaulu

29. Chagua jibu la kitendawili:
Mlimani sipandi.
A. Moshi
B. Maji
C. Upepo
D. Mvua

30. Nywele zinazoota juu ya jicho huitwa?
A. Nyusi
B. Malaika
C. Ndevu
D. Masharafa


Baada ya wananake hao kuongea pamoja kwa muda fulani na kuzocana, mbweha alianza kumwajabia kimo chake. Kwa vile mbweha naye alikuwa mkubwa alimwomba wapimane ngvuu kwa kupigana mieraka. Mwanamke mrembo alifahamu kuwa mwanamke mbweha alikuwa na hila mbaya kwa hivyo akaenda zake na kurudi kwa mumewe salama salmini. Kweli akili ni nywele kila mtu ana zake.

31. Katika kijiji cha Kamongo paliondokea mtu mmoja ambaye alikuwa?
   A. Maskini
   B. Hohehahe
   C. Tajiri
   D. Mkata

32. Mwanamke aliyeolewa alikuwa?
   A. Maskini
   B. Mrefu
   C. Mrembo
   D. Mtukutu

33. Kulingana na habari hii, kitongoji ni nini?
   A. Mji
   B. Baraza
   C. Jji
   D. Kijiji

34. Siku moja yule mwanamke aliyeolewa alikwenda wapi?
   A. Mtongi kuteka maji
   B. Ziwani kuteka maji
   C. Mtongi kuogelea
   D. Mtongi kuosha nguolo

35. Pale mtongi mwanamke mwingine aliibuka kutoka majini, kinyume cha neno lilipigwa mstari ni?
   A. Alitokea
   B. Alitokeza
   C. Alizama
   D. Alipepea

36. Mwanamke aliyeibuka majini alimpa mwanamke aliyeenda kuteka maji mkono, hivi ni kusema?
   A. Alimshauri
   B. Alimwamka
   C. Alimrusha majini
   D. Alimdhihaki

37. Kwa hakika mwanamke aliyekuwa kule mtongi alikuwa?
   A. Mwanamke mzuri
   B. Mbweha
   C. Zimwi ambalo hujibadilisha
   D. Dadaye mume wake

38. Baada ya kuzungumza na mbweha aliajabia nini?
   A. Urembo wake
   B. Kimo chake
   C. Akili zake
   D. Sura yake nzuri

39. Wala wananake waliamua kupigana mieraka. Mchezo huu ni upi?
   A. Wa kuvutana
   B. Wa kuzama na kuibuka
   C. Wa kucheza
   D. Wa kuangushana na kushikana

40. Habari hii inatufunza kuwa?
   A. Mwenye macho haambiwi tazama
   B. Usimwamshe aliyeala
   C. Wema hauozi
   D. Akili ni nywele kila mtu ana zake


41. Baba alipokuwa mgonjwa tulipata
   A. tabu
   B. salama
   C. marafiki
   D. matatizo

42. Pesa ambazo baba alituachia zilikiwa
   A. nyingi
   B. zimeibiwa
   C. zimekaribia kuisha
   D. zimekwisha

43. Mama alikuwa akifanya kazi
   A. ofisini
   B. dukani
   C. ya vibarua
   D. jeshini

44. Nyumbani walikuwa watoto wangapi?
   A. Watatu
   B. Wanne
   C. Watano
   D. Sita

45. Walimsaidia mama yao kibaruani wakiwa
   A. wawili
   B. watatu
   C. wanne
   D. sita

46. Mwalimu wao hakuwauliza wallipochelewa kwenda shuleni kwa sababu
   A. hakuwajali
   B. walikuwa watukutu
   C. aliwaoogopa
   D. alijua shida yao

47. Baba alipata nafuu na kurudi nyumbani baada ya miezi mingapi?
   A. Minne
   B. Miwili
   C. Mitatu
   D. Mmoja

48. Kwa wiki moja walienda shuleni siku ngapi?
   A. Mbili
   B. Tatu
   C. Nne
   D. Zote

49. Baba yake mama ni babu. Je, ndugu wa kike wa baba ni
   A. shangazi
   B. halati
   C. mjomba
   D. ami

50. Ipe taarifa kichwa.
   A. Ugonjwa wa Baba
   B. Kukosa shule
   C. Shidakijiji
   D. Shule ya watoto
Fill in the blanks with the CORRECT choice.

My grandmother ______ 1 ______ a very pleasant lady. She was ______ 2 ______ clean and organized. Whenever we visited ______ 3 ______ home we ______ 4 ______ be surprised ______ 5 ______ how ______ 6 ______ she kept her things. She was very ______ 7 ______

Every time we were her ______ 8 ______ she would ______ 9 ______ a chicken for us. As we ______ 10 ______ round the fire place eating her ______ 11 ______ food she would tell us very ______ 12 ______ stories. Each story had a ______ 13 ______ to be learnt. Later she would take us all to bed after saying a ______ 14 ______. My grandmother was the ______ 15 ______ of all grandmothers.

1. A. are  B. is  C. was  D. were
2. A. too  B. such  C. soo  D. very
3. A. him  B. she  C. his  D. her
4. A. would  B. could  C. might  D. will
5. A. at  B. under  C. before  D. of
6. A. careless  B. neatly  C. neat  D. organise
7. A. miserable  B. sad  C. happy  D. excited
8. A. visit  B. host  C. guests  D. people
9. A. take care  B. murder  C. kill  D. slaughter
10. A. sat  B. set  C. seat  D. sit
11. A. tasteless  B. delicious  C. food  D. cooking
12. A. interesting  B. interesting  C. intresting  D. interest
13. A. teacher  B. teach  C. lesson  D. pointer
14. A. thank you  B. something  C. word  D. prayer
15. A. good  B. goodest  C. better  D. best
Choose the past tense of the underlined word.
16. Mother buys vegetables from the market.
   A. bought  B. byed
   C. byed    D. byed

17. Aunt Jane _________ her niece yesterday.
   A. sees  B. saw
   C. so     D. sow

Complete the similes.
18. As agile as a
   A. hunter  B. monkey
   C. deer    D. cow

19. As like as
   A. twins  B. seeds
   C. two peas  D. eyes

Choose the correct question tag.
20. The company imported used cars, __________?
   A. is it    B. did it
   C. does it  D. didn’t it

21. We shall not go there, __________?
   A. shaln’t we  B. shall we
   C. shan’t we   D. shouldn’t we

Choose the word with silent ‘w’ in question 22.
22. A. Wrong  B. Well
    C. Week     D. Flew

Choose the correct conjunction to complete questions 23 and 24.
23. Our boat capsized _______ there was no storm.
    A. since        B. therefore
    C. although     D. so

24. The coast is interesting _______ it has beautiful beaches.
    A. but          B. because
    C. although     D. however

Complete the sentences below with the correct choice.
25. The lion ate the ________ gazelle alone.
    A. whole
    B. hole
    C. hall
    D. all

26. ________ sells fruits and vegetables.
    A. vendor
    B. grocer
    C. florist
    D. shopper

27. What do we call a person who owns a shop that sells cloth and curtains?
    A. Confectioner
    B. Grocer
    C. Shopkeeper
    D. Draper

Choose the word that is correctly spelt for question 28 and 29.
28. A. Occurred
    B. Continous
    C. Suprise
    D. Que

29. A. Receive
    B. Goverment
    C. Puncture
    D. Recieve

Change into indirect speech.
30. John told his sister, “I will not help you.”
    A. John told his sister that I will not help you.
    B. John told his sister that he will not help you.
    C. John told his sister that he would not help her.
    D. John told his sister that he could not help him.
Use the passage below to answer questions 31 - 40.

Naikuni looked into the pit and thought that he could see a human figure lying at the bottom. He heard a faint groan from the pit. Horrified at the idea that somebody had fallen into the pit and wanted help, he ran for a long ladder and slowly descended.

He found the body of a half clothed child lying there. He carried him up the ladder and laid him at the side of the pit. Naikuni remembered that the watering place of the cattle was not far from where he was.

He fetched a half full of water. The boy drank eagerly, and after a few minutes he looked much better. He tried to speak; but Naikuni could not understand. He spoke in a low tone and in a foreign language. So Naikuni made signs to the boy that he was going to look for help from his village and would soon be back. Within a short while, he returned with some food and the village doctor.

31. When Naikuni heard a faint groan from the pit, he knew the person wanted
   A. help.
   B. food.
   C. water.
   D. sleep.

32. How did Naikuni get into the pit?
   A. He climbed down.
   B. He used a rope.
   C. He jumped in.
   D. He used a ladder.

33. Naikuni got water to give the boy from a
   A. tap in his house.
   B. pot.
   C. watering place for the cattle.
   D. river that was near.

34. What did Naikuni find on reaching the bottom of the pit?
   A. A man.
   B. A child.
   C. A puppy.
   D. A girl.

35. He carried water in his
   A. bottle.
   B. cup.
   C. jug.
   D. hat.

36. Why could Naikuni not understand what the boy was saying?
   A. The boy was sick.
   B. The boy was afraid.
   C. The boy was hungry.
   D. The boy spoke a foreign language.

37. What is the OPPOSITE of the underlined word descended?
   A. Ascended.
   B. Go up.
   C. Climb down.
   D. Lifted.

38. Naikuni returned with food and the
   A. medicine.
   B. doctor.
   C. village doctor.
   D. water.

39. Choose the CORRECT statement.
   A. Naikuni is a coward.
   B. Naikuni is a brave boy.
   C. Naikuni is a bad boy.
   D. Naikuni did not save the victim.

40. The BEST title for the story is
   A. Naikuni the saviour.
   B. The accident.
   C. Hard work pays.
   D. The brave boy.
At eight o'clock, we were at the railway station. Everybody felt at the top of the world. After some time the coxswain started the engines and our journey to Naivasha kicked off.

The engines roared noisily and produced a lot of smoke. At first it was slow but quickly gathered speed and went quite fast. At noon, we stopped at Kijabe. Our teacher asked us to relieve ourselves. We also took our drinks.

By the time we reached Naivasha, I was very tired and hungry. I spent the return journey sound asleep, I had enjoyed the trip.

41. The journey was by
A. bus.
B. train.
C. aeroplane.
D. car.

42. Everybody felt at the top of the world means everybody was
A. in the sky.
B. sad.
C. excited.
D. afraid.

43. A person who controls a train is
A. a driver.
B. an engineer.
C. pilot.
D. coxswain.

44. The journey was to
A. railway station.
B. Kijabe.
C. Naivasha.
D. not told.

45. They stopped at Kijabe
A. in the morning.
B. at night.
C. in the evening.
D. at noon.

46. What was NOT in the journey?
A. Parents
B. Teachers
C. Pupils
D. Coxswain

47. On his way back, the writer was
A. awake.
B. asleep.
C. drinking.
D. talking.

48. During the journey, the train
A. was silent.
B. produced smoke.
C. was very slow.
D. blew dust.

49. When they reached Naivasha, the writer was
A. excited and asleep.
B. tired and hungry.
C. tired and asleep.
D. hungry and asleep.

50. The BEST title of the passage could be:-
A. An enjoyable trip
B. A slow train
C. Stopping at Kijabe
D. A day
1. Study the diagram below and answer the question that follows.

In which one of the parts marked with letters is pancreatic juice added into the digestive system?

2. When inhaling during breathing, the diaphragm
A. contracts
B. become dome shaped
C. move upwards and downwards
D. remain in the same shape

3. The inner part of the ileum has fingerlike projections called villi. Why are they in that shape?
A. to reduce surface area
B. to increase surface area
C. to increase rate of digestion
D. to help digested food move easily into colon.

4. The following are proper use of medicines EXCEPT
A. take medicine only when sick
B. keep medicine out of reach of children
C. do not take someone else’s medicine
D. only take vitamins and mineral salt supplements after instructions by the doctor

5. In which stage of HIV infection where opportunistic diseases start attacking the patient?
A. Window
B. Asymptomatic
C. Symptomatic
D. Full brown stage

6. A plant need all the following materials in order to make food EXCEPT
A. warmth
B. carbon dioxide
C. moisture
D. sunlight

7. Which one of the following plants have the type of roots shown below?

A. Pigweed
B. Oxalis
C. Wandering jewel
D. Black jack

8. The soil that has high water retention also
A. spreads easily when dry
B. expands when wet
C. cannot be modelled
D. can be used to grow cabbages

9. Class five pupils heated soil from different places.
   i) from field
   ii) from near river
   iii) from forest
   iv) from the beach
Which soil produced large amount of smoke?
A. i
B. iv
C. i
D. iii

10. The following are sources of vitamins in the diet EXCEPT
A. carrots
B. cabbage
C. green bananas
D. pigweed

11. The following crops give us fibre EXCEPT
A. palm tree
B. sisal
C. kales
D. cotton
12. Which one of the following crops can give us carbohydrates?
A. Mango  
B. Kale
C. Onion  
D. Arrow roots

13. Class five pupils saw smoke blowing as shown below. In which direction would the windvane arrow point?

A. North  
B. West
C. East  
D. South

14. Class five pupils collected the following materials.
   i) Glass bottle
   ii) Ink
   iii) Glass tube
   iv) Cork
   v) Water
   vi) Manila paper and cellotape

The instrument constructed is used to
A. Measure amount of rainfall
B. Measure hotness and coldness
C. Measure direction of wind
D. Find out rate of evaporation

15. The flow chart below is used to classify plants.

```
Green plants

   Flowering
  |-- Grass
   |-- Fern

Non-flowering
   |-- Algae
   |-- Onion

Which group shows plants that were wrongly grouped?
A. Grass and onion
B. Fern and algae
C. Grass and algae
D. Fern and onion
```

16. Which one of the following animals does NOT belong to the group?
A. Cockroach  
B. Flea
C. Butterfly  
D. Tick

17. Long vibrations produce what type of sound?
A. Loud volume  
B. Soft sound
C. Noise  
D. Music

18. Which one of the following shows the products gotten from goats?
A. Mohair and milk
B. Mutton and wool
C. Milk and mutton
D. Mohair and milk

19. Which pin in the experiment shown below fell second last?

```
board
plastic rod
Heat
wax
w, x, pin
```

A. W  
B. V
C. None  
D. X

20. Sound can pass through all the following EXCEPT
   A. Water
   B. Vacuum
   C. Air
   D. Soil

21. Class five pupils were conducting an experiment to investigate conduction of heat as shown below.

```
test tube
water
ice
heat
```

They found out that after heating water for sometime, ice did not melt.
What was the reason?
A. Water is good conductor of heat
B. The source of heat was not strong
C. Heat travels upwards in convectional current
D. Ice was at the bottom of the test-tube

22. Class five pupils used the soda bottles below to investigate behaviour of sound.

```
X
Y
Z
```

They blew across the mouth of each bottle.
Which bottle produced the loudest sound?
A. Y  
B. W
C. Z  
D. X
23. Pupils directed their breath onto a mirror one morning and found water droplets forming on the surface.
What caused the formation of water droplets?
A. Coldness B. Evaporation C. Condensation D. Reflection

24. Which one of the following is CORRECT about all the three states of matter?
A. They have definite volume
B. They occupy space
C. They have definite shape
D. They do not expand when heated

25. Gaps are left in railway lines in order to
A. allow room for expansion and contraction
B. prevent train from derailing
C. allow train move at high speed
D. prevent railway from cracking

26. What is observed when the bottle shown below is heated gently?

A. Water rose up the straw
B. Water rose up in the basin
C. Bubbles of air were seen in the bottle
D. Water dropped in the straw

27. A piece of metal that has known mass is called
A. scale B. beam balance C. spring balance D. stand weight

28. Which one of the following animals is ODD one out?
A. Eagle B. Bat C. Dove D. Kite

29. The animals listed below have some common characteristics.
Newt, toad, salamander, frog
Which one?
A. They have scales
B. They breath through gills when adult
C. They lay fertilized eggs
D. They have moist skin

30. Pupils collected the following materials.
   i) long and strong pole
   ii) a log of wood
   iii) a stone to support the log
What were they making?
A. Spring balance B. See-saw C. Scales D. Beam balance

31. The following diagram shows water collected after water drainage in different soils.

Which beaker was used under the soil which sticks when wet?
A. I B. K C. L D. J

32. A shark reproduces by
A. giving birth to young ones
B. laying eggs in water
C. it does not reproduce
D. laying eggs on land

33. Which one of the following group of foods can be given to a child suffering from anaemia?
A. Cabbage, potatoes, eggs
B. Rice, beans, carrots
C. Kales, spinach, kunde
D. Kales, potatoes, oranges

34. Turtles live in water, they lay their eggs
A. in the ocean B. on land C. in rivers D. in the nest

35. The exchange of gases take place in the
A. villi B. alveoli C. bronchioles D. duodenum

36. At the age of 12 years a child normally has about how many teeth?
A. 32 B. 28 C. 22 D. 20
37. The phase of the moon that is seen just before the one shown is called
   A. gibbous   B. new moon
   C. crescent   D. full moon

38. To avoid bleeding of gums all the following must be done EXCEPT eating
   A. mangoes and oranges
   B. maize and meat
   C. fruits and cabbage
   D. ripe bananas and spinach

39. Which one of the following is NOT use of light?
   A. Safety
   B. Encourage pests
   C. Read comfortably
   D. See clearly

40. The roofing sheets that allow sunlight to pass through are called
   A. door   B. iron sheets
   C. skylights   D. glass

41. The following electrical appliances are sources of heat EXCEPT
   A. Iron box   B. Immersion heater
   C. Gas cooker   D. Electric kettle

42. The working of air thermometer is based on
   A. matter occupies space
   B. liquids take the shape of the container
   C. gases expand and contract when cooled and heated
   D. gases expand most when heated

43. Which one of the following animals does NOT have three body regions?
   A. termite   B. grass hopper
   C. bee   D. mite

44. The spiracles used by insects for breathing are found in which part of the body?
   A. Head   B. Thorax
   C. Abdomen   D. Feelers

45. Which one of the following materials does NOT sink in water?
   A. Pebble   B. Pin
   C. Needle   D. Wax

46. Which of the following tools is NOT used in the farm?
   A. Jembe   B. Chisel
   C. Wheel barrow   D. Axe

47. The tooth drawn below is used for
   A. bitting
   B. tearing
   C. crushing
   D. carry young ones in lions

48. The diagram below shows a type of tuber called
   A. stem tuber
   B. root tuber
   C. cassava
   D. arrow root

49. The work of the mucus in the nostril is to?
   A. Warm air
   B. Moist air
   C. Kill germs
   D. Cool air

50. The type of leaf drawn below can be found in one of the following plants. Which one?
   A. Wheat
   B. Sorghum
   C. Black jack
   D. Wandering jew