

# STANDARD EIGHT 2015

## **MATHEMATICS**

Time: 2 HOURS

### READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

- You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 50 ques-1.
- 2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
- When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the ANSWER SHEET, not in the question paper. 3.

## HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

- 4. Use an ordinary pencil only.
- 5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet.

### YOUR INDEX NUMBER YOUR NAME

### NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

- By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Num-6. ber and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
- 7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
- 8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and DO NOT FOLD IT.
- For each of the Questions 1 50 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C, D in each case only 9. ONE of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
- On the answer sheet show the correct answer by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have 10. chosen is written.

### Example

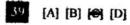
### In the question Booklet:

- What is the square root of  $2^{7}/_{81}$ ?
  - A.
  - B.
  - C. 14/
  - D. 13/0

The correct answer is C.

[A] [B] [C] [D]

[A] [B] [C] [D]



[A] [B] [C] [D]

In the set of boxes numbered 39, the box with letter C printed in it is marked.

- Your dark line MUST BE within the box.
- For each question ONLY ONE box is to be marked in each set of four boxes. 12.

This question paper consists of 7 printed pages.

Email: stega.printers@gmail.com

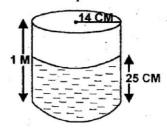
05

TURNOVER

- 1. Write seven million, four hundred and two thousand and five thousands in symbols
  - A. 7402000.005
  - B. 7402000.5000
  - C. 74020005000
  - D. 7042000.005
- 2. What is the total value of digit 1 obtained after working out: 0.420714÷ 0.7?
  - A. 0.0001
  - B. 0.001
  - C. 0.01
  - D. 0.1
- 3. Salat was admitted in Nairobi hospital on 8th June 2012 and discharged on 11th November 2012. For how many days was he in the hospital?
  - A. 158
  - B. 157
  - C. 156
  - D. 155
- 4. What is the sum of the next two numbers in the pattern below? 4, 6, 12, 22, 36, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_
  - A. 128
  - B. 134
  - C. 126
  - D. 130
- 5. The table below shows the attendance of pupils in a certain class in one week?

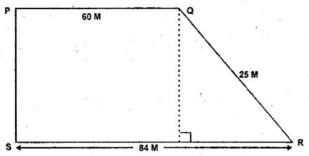
Day	MON	TUE	WED .	THUR	FRI
No. Of Pupits	46	41	46	. 45	42

- If the class has 50 pupils altogether, what was the average number of pupils absent during the week?
- A. 44
- B. 10
- C. 6
- D. 30
- 6. The diagonal of a rectangular plot of land measures 150m while the width measure 120m. What is the perimeter of the plot?
  - A. 540m
  - B. 90m
  - C. 480m
  - D. 420m
- 7. The figure drawn below shows a container filled with water to the level shown. How many more decilitres of water are required to fill the container?



- A. 462 dl
- B. 46200 dl
- C. 46.2 dl
- D. 154 dl
- 8. The sum of three consecutive numbers is 84. Find the square of the largest number.
  - A. 784
  - B. 841
  - C. 729
  - D. 29
- 9. A bicycle wheel has a radius of 42 cm. If it made 200 revolutions, what distance did it cover in metres?
  - A. 264m
  - B. 52800m

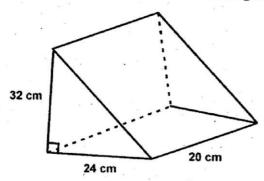
- C. 24400m
- D. 528m
- 10. An empty pick up weighs 1.6 tonnes. It weighs 8.1 tonnes when loaded with 50kg bags of cement. How many bags of cement are on the lorry?
  - A. 130
  - B. 152
  - C. 150
  - D. 132
- 11. Work out:  $16+24 \div 6 \times 12-4$ A. 4  $2 \times 36 \div 6$ 
  - B. 5
  - $C. 6^{1}/_{3}$
  - D. 64
- 12. 12 men can do a piece of work in 9 days. How many more men are needed to do the same piece of work in 6 days?
  - A. 18
  - B. 7
  - C. 6
  - D. 8
- 13. Find the area of the figure below in hectares



- A. 0.18 ha
- B. 0.504 ha
- C. 0.24 ha
- D. 0.0504 ha

- 14. By selling a T.V for sh 27000, a trader makes a 10% loss. At what price should he sell the T.V to make a profit of 10%
  - A. sh 24300
  - B. sh 33000
  - C. sh 30,000
  - D. sh 29700
- 15. A section of a road 7.5 km long was drawn on a map. If its length on the map is 5cm, what is the scale used?
  - A. 1:1500000
  - B. 1:15000000
  - C. 1:150000
  - D. 1:15000
- 16. The mass of Terry was 120kg. He fell sick and the mass decreased by 10%. A week later it decreased by another 10%. What was his final mass?
  - A. 96 kg
  - B. 108 kg
  - C. 97 kg
  - D. 97.2 kg
- 17. Kamunyu left his home at 8.45 am and drove towards a town which was 14.4 km away. He reached the town at 9.05 a.m. What was his average speed in m/s?
  - A. 12 m/s
  - B. 11/, m/s
  - C. 121/, m/s
  - $D. 10^2 / m/s$
- 18. The height of an isosceles triangle is 7cm. Each of the two equal sides measures 25cm. What is the area of the triangle?
  - A.336cm<sup>2</sup>
  - B. 168cm<sup>2</sup>
  - C. 84cm<sup>2</sup>
  - D. 175cm<sup>2</sup>

19. Calculate the total surfae area of the figure below.



- A. 2208cm<sup>2</sup>
- B. 1248 cm<sup>2</sup>
- C. 2304cm<sup>2</sup>
- D. 2688cm<sup>2</sup>
- 20. A factory packed a total of 18944 packets of washing powder. Out of these, 5048 were <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> packets, 4820 were <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> kg packets. 2 kg packets were 785 less than 1kg packets while the rest were 5kg packets. How many kg packets were there?
  - A. 120
  - B. 1200
  - C. 18824
  - D. 3370
- **21.** What is the value of  $\frac{3}{5}(3^3/4 + 2^1/2) \frac{3}{5} \div \frac{1}{4}$ ?
  - A. 21/4
  - B. 14 5/8
  - C. 11/4
  - D.  $13^{1}/_{2}$
- 22. James borrowed sh 20000 from a bank that charged simple interest at the rate of 12½% p.a. If he paid the money after 18 months, how much money did he pay to the bank altogether?
  - A. sh 3750
  - B. sh 45000
  - C. sh 23750
  - D. sh 23600

- 23. Ken and John shared some money in the ratio 4:5 respectively. John got sh 36 more than Ken How much money did Ken get?
  - A. sh 180
  - B. sh 4
  - C. sh 144
  - D. sh 324
- 24. Draw triangle ABC where AB=7cm, BC=6cm and angle ABC = 70°. Draw a circle to taouch the verticles of the triangle. What is the diameter of the circle?
  - A. 6.5 cm
  - B. 7.6 cm
  - C. 8.2 cm
  - D. 5.4 cm
- 25. Mwakio bought the following items from a shop:-
  - 2 packets of unga @ sh 47.00
  - 2 kg of cooking fat for sh 560
  - $1^{1}/_{2}$  kg of rice @ sh 66.00
  - 2 kg of sugar @ sh 65.00

If she paid the items with a one thousand shilling note how much more should she have added the shopkeeper in order to receive a balanced of sh 200?

- A. sh 117
- B. sh 883
- C. sh 93
- D. sh 83
- **26.** Otieno slept at 2130 hrs and woke up at 6.05 a.m the following day. For how long did he sleep?
  - A. 8hrs 35 min
  - B. 9hrs 35 min
  - C. 15 hrs 25 min
  - D. 3 hrs 25 min
- 27. Work out the value of K in:

$$\frac{3k+4}{2}$$
 -  $\frac{1}{2}$  = 3

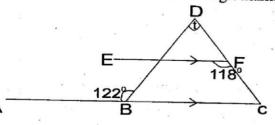
A. 1/2

B. 1

C. 4

D. 5

28. In the figure below, line ABC is a straight line, EF is parallel to BC. Angle DBA=122°. While angle EFC =118°. Find the value of the angle marked t.



A. 44<sup>0</sup>

B. 60°

C. 58º

D. 62º

29. Which of the following groups of numbers is made up of prime numbers only?

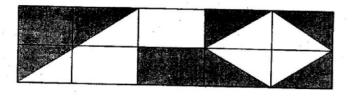
A. 51, 87, 43, 31

B. 97, 91, 79, 67

C. 5, 7, 11, 57

D. 53, 61, 71, 83

30. What percentage of the figure below is shaded?



A. 50%

B. 30%

C. 75%

D. 25%

31. Write  $3\frac{1}{2}$  as a ratio in the simplest form

A. 7:2

B. 2:7

C. 7:200

D. 200:7

32. What is the square root of 0.021904?

A. 1.48

B. 0.148

C. 148

D. 0. 0148

33. What is the value of  $43.47 \div 6$  correct to 2 decimal places?

A. 7.25

B. 7.24

C. 7.20

D. 7.30

34. The angles of a triangle are: 4 (p+5°),10p and

6 (p-5°). What kind of triangle is it?

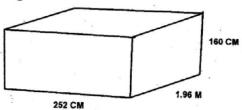
A. Right angled

B. Isosceles

C. Equilateral

D. Scalene

35. The diagram below is a wooden box used for packing circular tins. The tins have a diameter of 0.28m and a height of 0.4m



How many such tins can be packed in the box?

A. 360

B. 225

C. 522

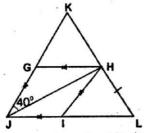
D. 252

**36.** The table below shows the sizes of shoes and the number of pairs sold in a shop in one day.

Size of shoe	2	3	4	5	6
No. Of Pairs Sold	8	12	, 16	22	6

Which size of shoes had the modal size?

- A. 6
- B. 5
- C. 4
- D. 22
- 37. A rope 1584 cm long goes round a cylindrical tank exactly nine times. What is the diameter of the tank?
  - A. 28cm
  - B. 72cm
  - C. 56cm
  - D.504cm
- 38. In the figure below GHIJ is a rhombus. Line JH is a diagonal, line HI= line HL while < GJH= 40°



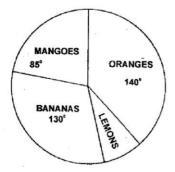
What is the size of < GKH?

- A.60°
- B. 80°
- C. 40°
- D.20°
- 39. A farmer harvested 10080 bags of potatoes in 2014. This was a 20% decrease in harvest from the harvest for 2013. How many bags of potatoes had he harvested in 2013?
  - A. 2016
  - B. 8064
  - C.12600

- D.12096
- 40. The hire-purchase price of a bicycle is sh 5400. Ian bought it by paying a deposit of sh 2000. He paid the rest in instalments of sh 340 each starting in the month of May. In which month was the last instalment paid?
  - A. February
  - B. December
  - C. March
  - D. January
- 41. 4/5 of a number is 15 more than three-quarter of it.
  What is the number?
  - A. 400
  - B. 100
  - C.300
  - D.200
- **42.** Two and half tonnes of sugar was packed in small packets each weighing 500g. How many packets were used?
  - A. 200
  - B. 5000
  - C. 50
  - D. 500
- 43. Kariuki's house is 12.6 m long and 9m wide. He is to cover the flour with tiles 18cm by 15 cm each. How many tiles does he need?
  - A. 4200
  - B. 2100
  - C. 420
  - D. 42
- 44. The mean age of 54 pupils in a certain class is 13 years. When the mass of their class teacher is included, the mean age becomes 13<sup>2</sup>/<sub>5</sub> years. What is the class teacher's age?

 $36 \div 4 + 6 \times 4 \div 2 = ?$ 

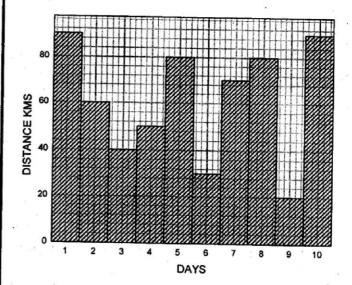
- A. 55 yrs
- B. 211/, yrs
- C. 181/, yrs
- D. 35 yrs
- **45.** The pie chart below shows the number of fruits that were sold by a cetain grocer in Kigumo market



If the grocer sold 45 lemons, how many **more** oranges than bananas were sold?

- A. 165
- B. 10
- C. 30
- D. 90
- **46.** Work out 4t + 4 t + 2 < 7
  - A. t. > 3
  - B.t < 3
  - $C.t < 1/_{3}$
  - D. t > 1/3
- 47. Construct triangle ABC in which BC=9cm and ABC = 45° and angle BCA=60° Measure line AC A.5cm
  - B. 6.6cm
  - D. 0.0011
  - C.3.3cm
  - D.2.9 cm
- **48.** Njoroge spends <sup>4</sup>/<sub>7</sub> of his salary on food, <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of the remainder on rent and the rest on savings. If he saves sh 900, how much does he use on food and rent?

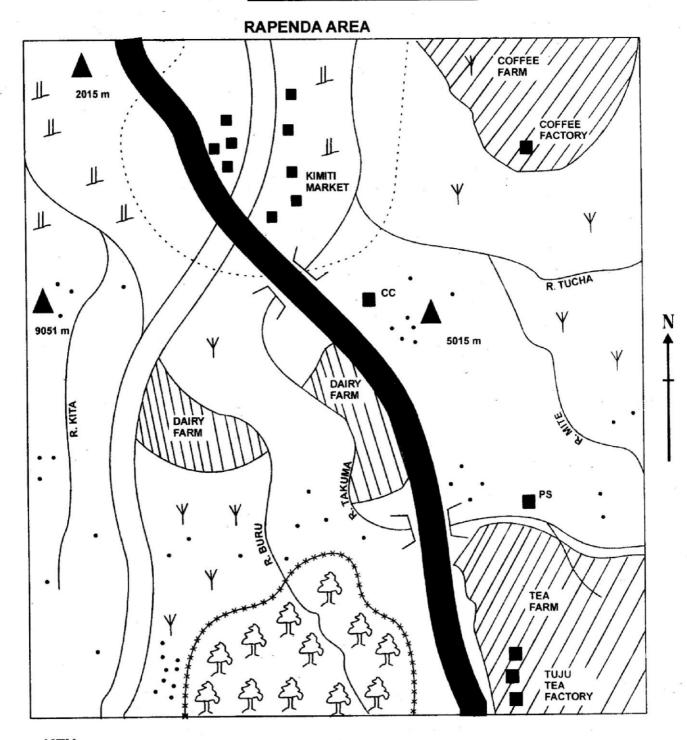
- A. sh 7500
- B. sh 4800
- C.sh 2700
- D.sh 8400
- **49.** The temperature of a mass of ice is -14°c. What will be the reading on the thermometer if there is a rise of 69°c?
  - A. 55°c
  - B. 83°c
  - C.75°c
  - D.73°c
- 50. The graph below shows a ten days journey and the distance cycled on each day.



By how many kilometers is the journey made in the last four days more than the journey made in the first four days?

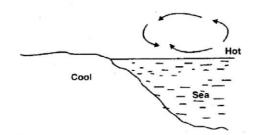
- A. 500 km
- B. 610 km
- C. 400 km
- D. 20 km

# Study the map of Rapenda Area and answer questions 1 to 7.



	PERMANENT BUILDINGS	分	FOREST
•	SETTLEMENT	<b>A</b>	ни
	URBAN COUNCIL		TARMAC ROAD
***	FOREST BOUNDARY		MURRAM ROAD
1	SCRUB	PS	POLICE STATION
Υ	WOODLAND .	СС	CHIEF'S CAMP

The highest point in Rapenda area is found to the 1. A. Chief camp A. West B. Settlement B. North west C. Police station C. North East D. Rivers D. Central 8. Which one of the following communities in Kenya 2. What is the direction of the tea factory from Kimiti compromise of Highland Nilotes only? market? Α A. South East Turkana Dawida B. South West Iteso Ameru C. North East Pokomo Abagusii D. North West  $\mathbf{C}$ D The main economic activity in South Eastern part of 3. Marakwet Agikuyu Rapenda area is? Sabaot Rendile A. cash crop farming Tugen Somalia B. beef farming C. mining 9. D. fishing In which month is the sun in the Southern Hemisphere? 4. The type of soil in the North Eastern part of A. March Rapenda area is B. December A. Alluvial C. September B. Sandy D. June C. Loamy D. Volcanic Which one of the following mountains was formed 10. as a result of folding? 5. What evidence in the map shows North western A. Mount Elgon part of Rapenda area receives low rainfall? B. Mount kilimaniaro A. Existence of settlements C. Ruwenzori mountains B. presence of hills D. Cape Ranges C. presence of scrub vegetation D. existence of forests 11. Which one of the following rivers does NOT form a boundary between two countries? 6. Which one of the following breed of animals are A.River Zambezi most likely to be found in the dairy farm in Rapenda B. River Kagera area? C. River Tana A. Guernsey D. River Ruvuma B. Zebu C. Sahiwal Study the diagram below and use it to answer D. Boran questions 12 7. What evidence on the map shows that there is likely to be security in Rapenda area?



- 12. The diagram above illustrates the formation of a
  - A. Land breeze
  - B. Sea breeze
  - C. Ocean cool currents
  - D. Warm ocean currents
- 13. Which one of the following African countries was the last to attain independence?
  - A. Ghana
  - B. Zimbabwe
  - C. Kenya
  - D. Tanzania
- French beans are exported from Kenya to the markets in Britain mainly through
  - A. water transport
  - B. air transport
  - C. railway transport
  - D. road transport
- 15. Which one of the following groups of commodities did the Maasai obtain from the Akamba during the pre-colonial days?
  - A. red ochre and skins
  - B. hoes and grains
  - C. milk and honey
  - D. wood carvings and grains
- In Kenya external enemies are prevented from entry by
  - A. National Youth Service
  - B. Prisons Department
  - C. National Police
  - D. Kenya Defence Forces
- 17. The process that formed most mountains in Eastern Africa is?

- A. Faulting
- B. Folding
- C. Volcanicity
- D. Erosion
- Among the Ameru, people who were initiated together formed
  - A. a clan
  - B. a sub-tribe
  - C. a generation
  - D. an age set
- The political party that led Ghana to independence was formed in the year \_\_\_\_\_\_
  - A. 1951
  - B. 1949
  - C. 1948
  - D. 1961
- 20. The cheapest method of preserving fish is by use
  - of
  - A. salt
  - B. ice
  - C. fire
  - D. sun
- 21. Sheet erosion can best be controlled by
  - A. crop rotation
  - B. mulching
  - C. planting grass
  - D. building gabbions
- 22. Which one of the following cash crops is commonly grown in South Sudan?
  - A. cloves
  - B. cocoa
  - C. sugar cane
  - D. tea
- 23. Which one of the following statements is true about beef farming in Kenya? Beef farmers
  - A. carry it along the river Tana valley
  - B. use natural pasture to feed their animals

	C. A sling and two stones		B. be prayerful
	D. A sling and one stone		C. use their wealth wisely
			D. be humble and genuine when praying
67.	King Solomon was against God's will by		
	A. signing treaties with foreign countries	73.	The son of man is the Lord of the Sabbath. (Luke
	B. marrying many wives		6:5) These words were spoken by Jesus when He
	C. building the Temple of God		A. calmed the storm
	D. allowing the worship of foreign gods in Israel		B. healed a paralysed man
			C. visited Mary and Martha at Bethany
68.	Which main lesson do we learn from the incidence		D. healed a woman with the flow of blood
	when Gideon went to fight Midianites with only 300	74.	Jesus turned water into wine at Cana of Galilee
,	men?		mainly because
	A. we should be proud of ourself		A. he was told by His mother
	B. God works with many people		B. people were hungry
	C. God doesn't work with the number		C. he had started his ministry
	D. we should depend on our own abilities		D. he wanted to be famous
69.	Who among the following prophets prophesied that	75.	The main reason why Jesus was rejected by the
٠,٠٠	Jesus will be born by a virgin lady?	١	Jewish people was
	A. Isaiah		A. eating with unclean hands
	B. Micah		B. He mixed freely with sinners
	C. Ezekiel		C. He healed on the Sabbath
	D. Jeremiah		D. He claimed to be Messiah
70.	The main lesson christians learn from the	76.	Jesus asked his disciples to pray on Mt Olive
	announcement of the birth of Jesus and John the		because he wanted them to
	Baptist is that they should	1	A. stay awake
	A. be prayerful	1	B. avoid falling into temptation
	B. be humble before God	1	C. save him from his enemies
	C. be ready to do God's work		D. go with him to Pilate
	D. Trust in God power		
		77.	The disciples received the Holy spirit on the day of
71.	King Herod wanted to kill baby Jesus because	1	the Pentecost, at
	A. Jesus was born in a poor Bethlehem		A. Galilee
	B. Jesus was born in a poor family		B. Jerusalem
	C. He feared that Jesus would become famous	1	C. Judea
	D. Feared that Jesus would be a well known		D. Bethlehem
	person		
		78.	During the stoning of Stephen,
72.	From the parable of the pharisees and the tax		approved his death
	collector christians learns to		A. Paul and Silas
	A. be persistent in prayer	1	B. Barnabas
	1		*

SOCIAL STUDIES HB-05/8/15

B. be prayerful

C. Saul D. Jews 79. During the conversion of Saul, the persecuter, he was on his way to A. Jerusalem B. Damascus C. Jericho D. Mesopotamia According to St Paul's teaching, a christian should 80. love his wife as much as: A. Christ loved the church B. He loves his friend C. His wife loves him D. Christ loves the world 81. In Traditional African Communities, people showed that God is holy mainly by A punishing offenders B. worshipping him C. telling stories about Him D. obeying religious specialists 82. Which one of the following teachings from the creation stories is found in both Christians and Traditional African Communities? Human beings A. were created on the Sixth day B. were created in the image of God C. should take care of creation D. are God 83. Shedding blood during initiation in some Traditional African Communities meant A. strong and healthy B. being ready to lead C. being separated D. being united to the ancestors 84. The main reason why people shared things in Traditional African Communities was because they wanted to A. become famous B. show concern

C. show unityD. obey ancestors

- Which of the following activities by Christians today is an example of the gifts of holy spirit?A. reading the bible
  - B. collecting offerings
  - C. cleaning the church
  - D. singing in the choir
- **86.** As Christians, which one of the following is the best advice to a person living with HIV/AIDS?
  - A. Avoid sharing food
  - B. Do not donate blood
  - C. Do not greet others
  - D. Avoid sitting close to others
- 87. Boaz, a standard seven pupil finds two Std three pupils fighting on their way home. As a christian, what should Boaz do?
  - A. stop them from fighting
  - B. leave them fighting
  - C. report to the teacher
  - D. tell them to go home
- 88. Carol your friend is given money to buy a pen but she plans to buy sweets instead. As a christian, what is the best advice to give her?
  - A. buy sweets and share
  - B. buy sweets another time
  - C. share the money with the friends
  - D. follow the instructions given
- 89. Okoyo a class 6 pupil finds out that his friend Emondo has not been doing her morning duties. As a christian, what should Okoyo do about it?
  - A. report to class teacher
  - B. report her to her parents
  - C. tell her to be responsible
  - D. do the work for her
- **90.** The main reason why christian missionaries came to Kenya was to
  - A. introduce Western Education
  - B. stop slave trade
  - C. spread the word of God
  - D. stop female circumcision

- C. uses fodder crops mainly to feed their livestock
- D, own small pieces of land
- 24. In Kenya, parliamentary sessions are officially opened by
  - A. The speaker of the National Assembly
  - B. The speaker of the senate
  - C. The clerk of the senate
  - D. The head of the state
- 25. The largest inland port in Eastern Africa is
  - A. Mombasa
  - B. Dare salaam
  - C. Kisumu
  - D. Bukoba
- **26.** For one to qualify to vie for membership of the County Assembly, one must be
  - A. Twenty one years and above
  - B. Eighteen years and above
  - C. Thirty five years and below
  - D. Fifty five years and below
- 27. Which one of the following factors influence the climate of a place?
  - A. High population
  - B. Food crops
  - C. Prevailing winds
  - D. Permanent rivers
- 28. The main function of the school committee in Kenya's public primary schools is to
  - A. employ all the teachers
  - B. promote hard working teachers
  - C. expel indisciplined learners
  - D. maintain the tradition of the school
- 29. The Nandi rebellion in Kenya was led by
  - A. Lenana
  - B. Samoei
  - C. Kinnyole
  - D. Mukite

- 30. Which one of the following is a characteristic of Mediteranean climate of Africa?
  - A. The area receives rainfall in Summer
  - B. The area receives rainfall in Winter
  - C. The area has high temperatures all the year round
  - D. A lot of rain falls in the afternoon
- 31. If the time in Kajiado 60°E is 3.00 am, what is the longitude of Masaka if the time there is 1.00am?
  - A. 15°E
  - B. 15°W
  - C. 30°E
  - D. 30 W
- 32. Which one of the following is a responsibility of children in a home?
  - A. playing all the time
  - B. caring for the parents
  - C. providing the basic family needs
  - D. Helping in the house chores
- 33. Which one of the following countries in Africa is not a member of COMESA?
  - A. Malawi
  - B. Tanzania
  - C. Uganda
  - D. Ethiopia
- 34. The diagram below shows a weather measuring instrument



The instrument shown is marked in units called

- A. Millilitres
- B. Millimeters
- C. Litres

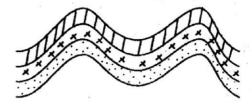
### D. Degrees celcius

# Use the map of Africa below to answer questions 35 to 38



- 35. The true statement about the lake marked P is that
  - A. it is the source of river Nile
  - B. it is found in the floor of the Rift Valley
  - C. it is a home of flamingoes
  - D. it was formed through down warping
- 36. The ocean current marked Q
  - A. causes high rainfall in the North Western part of Africa
  - B. raises temperature in the mediterranean lands
  - C. is a cool ocean current
  - D. is a warm ocean current
- 37. Which one of the following types of climate is experienced in the area marked T?
  - A. Mediterranean climate
  - B. Desert climate
  - C. Equatorial climate
  - D. Savana climate
- 38. The river marked W is
  - A. Limpopo
  - B. Zambezi
  - C. Orange
  - D. Cunene

- 39. Which one of the following horticultural crops is mainly grown for export in the Mwea Tebere irrigation scheme?
  - A. Onions
  - B. French beans
  - C. Pineapple
  - D. Tomatoes
- 40. The lake Victoria basin in Eastern Africa have high population density because
  - A. the soils are fertile
  - B. there is enough land for settlements
  - C. there is reliable rainfall
  - D. there is a warm climate
- 41. The main reason why bananas are widely grown in Central Uganda is that it is
  - A. grown as a fodder crop
  - B. the people's staple food
  - C. exported to earn foreign exchange
  - D. cheap to produce
- **42.** The main source of revenue for the National Government in Kenya is
  - A. income tax
  - B. loan
  - C. Excise duty
  - D. grants
- **43.** Which one of the following courts in Kenya is the lowest?
  - A. High court
  - B. Supreme court
  - C. Court of appeal
  - D. Chief Magistrates Court
- 44. The diagram below represents a type of a mountain.



		Υ
The type of mountain represented in the diagram		P. gografi for nastrus
above was formed as a result of		B. search for pasture C. search for fertile lands
A. Erosion		D. spirit of adventure
B. Faulting		D. spirit of adventure
C. Folding	50.	Which one of the following is elected to represent
D. Volcanicity	30.	county in the legislative arm of government?
		A. member of parliament
Which one of the following statements about a clan		B. governor
in the Maasai traditional society is true?		C. member of county assembly
A. They were founded by women		D. senator
B. They were formed by people who were	1	2. Seriator
initiated almost at the same time	51.	Which one of the following methods is used to min
C. They were made up of famous rain makers		Soda ash in Lake Magadi in Kenya
D. They created kinship in the society	Ł	A. deep shaft method
		B. evaporation
Which one of the following factors mainly		C. dredging
determines the location of a cement manufacturing		D. open cast
industry?		2. open cust
A. nearness to raw material	52.	Which among the following crops was introduced
B. nearness to the market		by the Europeans into Kenya?
C. availability of transport		A. millet
D. availabilty of labour		B. tea
		C. sorghum
Which one of the following is NOT a contribution of		D. arrow roots
minerals to the economy of Kenya?		
A. Provides employment	53.	The type of soil erosion commonly experienced on
B. Leads to growth of towns		flat ground is
C. Leads to growth of slums		A. splash erosion
D. Leads to provision of good transport and		B. gulley erosion
communication	1	C. rill erosion
		D. sheet erosion
A duty performed by the Ameru council of elders		
during the pre colonial period was	54.	Which one of the following Africa Traditional
A. leading hunting expeditions		Societies lived in small group of families before the
B. controlling trade		coming of the Europeans?
C. distributing land to clan members		A. The San
D. organising marriage ceremonies		B. The Khoikhoi
	l.	C. Soninke
Which one of the following factors mainly explains	<b>1</b>	D. Abawanga
why the Marakwet migrated from their original	,	

45.

46.

47.

49.

homeland into Kenya?

A. population pressure

The method of colonial administration used by the

portuguese in Mozambique was

- A. direct rule
- B. paternalism
- C. indirect rule
- D. assimilation
- 56. Trees with numerous climbing plants is a characteristic of natural vegetation found in the
  - A. Savana climate
  - B. Mediterranean climate
  - C. Equatorial climate
  - D. Mountain climate
- 57. Who among the following African traditional leaders resisted the establishement of German Colonial rule?
  - A. Lewanika
  - B. Chief Mkwawa
  - C. Koitalel
  - D. Kabaka Mwanga
- 58. Which one of the following leaders was a founder member of the East African Community in 1967?
  - A. Hail Sellassie
  - B. Julius Nyerere
  - C. Daniel Moi
  - D. Oginga Odinga
- 59. Which one of the following national government officers mainly explains the policy of the government to the citizens?
  - A. Police officer
  - B. Attorney General
  - C. Assistant county commissioner
  - D. Prison officer
- 60. The main tourist attraction in Zimbabwe are
  - A. Shona ruins
  - B. Gedi ruins
  - C. Great pyramids
  - D. Sandy beaches

#### **SECTION A**

### CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

- 61. From Genesis story of creation, the name
  - 'Eve'means
  - A. The mother of all human kind
  - B. unrealiable
  - C. Man's companion
  - D. Out of man
- 62. The main reason why Noah built an ark was to make him able to:-
  - A. hide his family
  - B. worship God there
  - C. fulfil God's wish
  - D. be righteous and faithful
- 63. Who among the following people is the father of the jews?
  - A. Moses
  - B. Abraham
  - C. Adam
  - D. Jacob
- 64. "I won't, unless you bless me, "Jacob answered.
  - "What is your name?" the man asked. "Jacob, "he answered. These words were said to Jacob when he was at
  - A. Bethel
  - B. Canaan
  - C. Desert
  - D. Peniel
- 65. God made Israelites to wonder in the wilderness mainly because:-
  - A. Canaan was very far
  - B. Israelites were not faithful to God
  - C. Israelites got tired on their way
  - D. God wanted to punish them
- 66. In 1 Samuel 17:40, David killed Goliath using
  - A. Asling
  - B. Asling and five stones

# SECTION B ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

	, ,		B. Jibril
61.	Which surah of the Quran promises the prophet (AS)		C. Ridhwan
*	a river in paradise?	*	D. Izrail
	A. Maun		
	B. Quraish	69.	The verse of throne is found in surah
	C. Kauthar		A. Al-Baqarah
	D. Fiyl		B. Nas
			C. Falaq
62.	Which angel of Allah (SAW) brought the Quran to		D. Al-Ikhlas
	the prophet Mohammad (SAW)?		
	A. Mikail	70.	In which month do we have laitalul Qadr?
	B. Izrafil	, 0.	A. Ramadhan
	C. Izrail		B. Rajab
	D. Jibril		C. Swafar
	D. 31011		D.Yasin
	,		D. Tasiii
62	Which are a fithe fallowing activities is not associated	71	The second of Johnson less in the
63.	Which one of the following activities is not associated	71.	The main source of Islamic law is the
	with Aqiiqah?		A. Quran
	A. Praying for the dead		B. Sunnah
	B. Slaughtering an animal	<u> </u>	C. Hadith
	C. Circumcision		D. Ijma
	D. Naming		
		72.	was the first successor to the prophet
64.	Who was the wife of Nabii Adam(as)		A. Abubakar
	A. Maryam		B. Umar
	B. Hajar		C. Ali
	C. Hawa		D. Uthman
	D. Aisha		
		73.	The attendant of Nabii Musa(AS) was
65.	The mixing of good and bad quality goods is called		A. Khidhr
	A. Ghush		B. Harun
	B. Hoarding		C. Yushaa
	C. Interest	İ	D. Isa
	D. usury		
		74.	Eid ul Fitri is celebrated in the month of
66.	All fardh prayers are compulsory for muslims. the		A, Shawwal
	shortest fardh prayer is		B. Rajab
	A. Asr		C. Swafar
	B. Dhuhr		D. Shaban
	C. Fajr		
	D. Maghrib	75.	Which surah is recited in every prayer?
67.	The second secon	l	A. Falaq
07.	A. Beneficient	1	B. Fatiha
	B. Merciful		C. An Nas
	C. Creator	1	D. Lahab
	D. Truth	1	

68. In surah Al-Qadr Ruh refers to

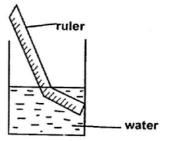
76.	Who was the first person to receive guidance from God?	84.	How many goats are slaughtered during the Aqiqa o
			a baby girl?
	A. Adam	l	A. Two
	B. Yunus	1	B. Three
	C. Nuh	1	C. One
	D. Ibrahim		
		1	D. Four
77.	Ashura takes place on the of muharram	0.5	m to
	A. 1 <sup>st</sup>	85.	months
10	B. 10 <sup>th</sup>		A. 100
	C. 27th	1	B. 500
-	D. 25th		C. 1000
			D. 1500
<b>78.</b>	The attribute mentioned in surah Ikhlas is		
, 0.	A. Judge	86.	The Qibla of muslims is in
	B. Powerful		A. Makka
	ANSWELL CALL BANKS STANDARD AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	,	B. Maedina
	C. Forgiving		C. Palestine
	D. Eternal		D. Syria
	A		D. Syria
79.	The prophet preached islam secretly for years	87.	The state of the s
	A. 5	0/.	The angel who brings rain is called
	B. 4		A. Mikail
	c. 2		B. Jibril
	D. 3		C. Ridhwan
			D. Israil
80.	Which holy book was revealed to Daud		
•••	A. Taurat	88.	We ask Allah's protection in surah
	B. Quran		A.Nasr
	C. Zabur		B. Falaq
			C. Ikhlas
	D. Inji		D. Kauthar
0.1			D. Kauriai
81.	Abulahab wasof the prophet	89.	Tawakul mean
	A. An uncle	67.	A. Fear of Allah
	B. Acousin		
	C. Father		B. Beliefin Allah
	D. Brother		C. Trust in Allah
			D. Pray to Allah
82.	Yathrib is one of the names of the city of		
	A. Mecca	90.	Which islamic month come just before Rajab?
	B. Medina		A. Jamadhul
	***		B. Shaban
	C. Yemen		C. Safar
	D. Egypt		
0.4			D. Shawal
83.	means the day of clamour		
	A. Zilzalah		e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
70	B. Lahab		
	C. Al- Qaariah		
	D. Al-kauthar		
	3		~

- 1. Fertilization in human beings takes place in the?
  - A. uterus
  - B. ovary
  - C. oviduct
  - D. cervix
- 2. A patient had the following signs and symptoms:
  - (i). servere stomachache
  - (ii). feeling weak and dizzy
  - (iii). violent vomiting
  - (iv). Diarrhoea

Which of the following diseases was he suffering from?

- A. Malaria
- B. Cholera
- C. Bilharzia
- D. Typhoid
- Which one of the following simple tools has the position of the load, effort and fulcrum in the same positions as a spade?
  - A. wheel barrow
  - B. claw hammer
  - C. spiral stairs
  - D. fishing rod
- 4. Which of the following pairs of liquids can be separated by decanting?
  - A. Water and spirit
  - B. Alcohol and water
  - C. Ink and paraffin
  - D. Diesel and petrol
- 5. Which component of air can be used in the preservation of soft drinks?
  - A. Carbon dioxide
  - B. Oxygen

- C. Rare gases
- D. Nitrogen
- 6. The following are adaptive characteristis of mammals. Which one is NOT?
  - A. Presence of a horny pad on the upper jaw in some herbivores
  - B. Shedding off of teeth to allow the permanent ones to grow
  - C. Presence of diastema in herbivores
  - D. Molars with ridged surfaces
- 7. A pupil put a plastic ruler in a glass of water as shown below:



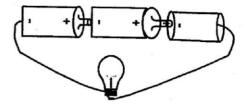
The ruler appeared bent because

- A. of refraction of light
- B. light does not need a medium of transmission
- C. air is heavier than water
- D. light is split into several colours
- 8. Which one of the following is **NOT** a sexually transmitted Infection?
  - A. Gonorrhoea
  - B. Syphilis
  - C. Chancroid
  - D. Bilharzia
- 9. Which one of the following shows the correct order of development of a fertilised egg?
  - A. Zygote—Foetus—Embryo—Baby

B. Embryo $\longrightarrow$ Zygote $\longrightarrow$ Foetus $\longrightarrow$ Baby
C. Zygote $\longrightarrow$ Embryo $\longrightarrow$ Foetus $\longrightarrow$ Baby
D. Foetus — Zygote — Embryo — Baby

- 10. Which one of the following practices will NOT pollute the air?
  - A. Tobacco smoking
  - B. Emission from vehicles exhaust pipes
  - C. Burning vegetation cover
  - D. Controlling weeds by use of herbicides
- 11. Which of the following is NOT a sign of unhealthy crops?
  - A. Stunted growth
  - B. Low yields
  - C. Curled leaves
  - D. Discoloured leaves
- 12. The BEST meal for a lactating mother should be
  - A. rich in fibre and water only
  - B. fried and not steamed or boiled
  - C. more of carbohydrates than proteins
  - D. rich in calcium and phosphorus
- 13. Which of the following practises cannot help in conserving soil?
  - A. Ploughing across the contours
  - B. Planting trees on hilly areas
  - C. Digging of terraces
  - D. Applying mulches
- 14. Which one of the following groups of animals have moist skin, breathe by means of lungs and lays eggs in water?
  - A. Tilapia, salamander, lizard
  - B. Frog, newt, toad

- C. Chameleon, lizard, trout
- D. Spiny-ant eater, tilapia lizard
- 15. Acid rain is usually formed when rain water mixes with
  - A. Carbon monoxide and Sulphur monoxide
  - B. Sulphur monoxide and Carbon monoxide
  - C. Sulpur dioxide and Carbon dioxide
  - D. Sulpher dioxide and Carbon monoxide
- 16. The rollers used when moving a heavy load help in
  - A. making the load more streamlined
  - B. reducing the amount of work to be done
  - C. increasing the surface in contact
  - D. reducing the force that opposes motion
- 17. Which one of the following adaptations helps both birds and fish in movement?
  - A. webbed feet
  - B. good eye sight
  - C. streamlined body
  - D. presence of fins
- 18. Below is a diagram of a simple circuit



Which one of the following statements is **true** about the circuit?

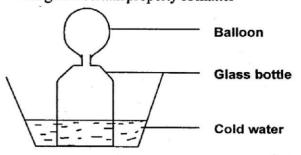
- A. The bulb did not light
- B. The bulb lit dimly
- C. The bulb blew up
- D. The bulb kept blinking

- 19. Which one of the following is NOT advisable while handling electricity?
  - A. Fitting of lighting arresters on tall buildings
  - B. Do not overload sockets
  - C. Switching offlights with dry hands
  - D. Inserting wires in the sockets
- **20.** Which one of the following is **NOT** a commended way of controlling crop pests?
  - A. Scaring
  - B. Hand picking
  - C. Poisoning
  - D. Prunning
- 21. Blood that flows into the right auricle of the heart is carried by the
  - A. aorta
  - B. venacava
  - C. pulmonary artery
  - D. pulmonary vein
- 22. A pupil dropped pieces of paper above an open fire. Which of the following statements is TRUE about what was observed?
  - A. The papers fell in the open fire and got burned
  - B. Convectional currents in the air blew them upwards
  - C. Radiation of heat carried the papers away
  - D. The weight of cold air helped in blowing the papers upwards
- 23. Clouds which have flat bases are also known to be
  - A. moutainous
  - B. dark grey
  - C. rain bearing
  - D. lying low in the sky

- 24. Which is the sixth planet in the solar system?
  - A. Uranus
  - B. Pluto
  - C. Neptune
  - D. Saturn
- **25.** Which one of the following is a social effect of drug abuse?
  - A. Poor health of the unborn
  - B. Loss of consciousness
  - C. Dropping out of school
  - D. Impaired judgement
- 26. Which of the following is a disadvantage of friction?
  - A. Wearing out surfaces
  - B. Helps in sharpening
  - C. Makes movement possible
  - D. Enables us to clean surface
- 27. The diagram below shows change of state in matter

Which pair represents processes that occur due to an increase in temperature?

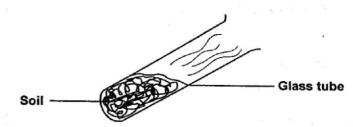
- A. Q and R
- B. R and S
- C. S and T
- D. T and Q
- 28. The diagram shows an experiment done to investigate a certain property of matter



Which of the following properties of matter was being investigated?

- A. Solids contract on coolings
- B. Liquids expand when heated
- C. Matter exchanges its state when cooled
- D. Gases decrease in volume when cooled
- 29. Which one of the following livestock parasites affects the brain of sheep?
  - A. Lungworm
  - B. Roundworm
  - C. Liverfluke
  - D. Tapeworm
- The following are disadvantages of hard water
   EXCEPT
  - A. wasting soap during laundry
  - B. discolouring the inside of kettles
  - C. discolouring white garments
  - D. providing additional minerals to the body
- 31. Animals depend on plants
  - A. for protection
  - B. for manure
  - C. for support
  - D. for oxygen
- **32.** Plants that grow in wet areas have all the following adaptations **except** 
  - A. Flexible stems
  - B. Thin cuticles on the leaves
  - C. Waxy shiny leaves
  - D. Folded leaves
- 33. Which one of the following is the third stage in the process of birth?
  - A. Widening of the cervix
  - B. Contraction of the uterine walls

- C. Breaking of the amnion sac
- D. Release of the after birth
- 34. To conserve energy by using it sparingly, one should do all the following except
  - A. switch off lights when not in use
  - B. share transport to the same destination
  - C. use an improved jiko for cooking
  - D. construction of smooth road net-work
- 35. The fall of an object is caused by
  - A. gravity
  - B. volume
  - C. presence
  - D. mass
- **36.** The diagram below represents an investigation on soil

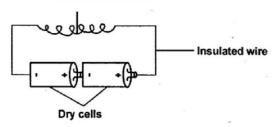


The set up was heated gently for sometime. Which one of the following components of soil was being investigated?

- A. Air in soil
- B. Living things in soil
- C. Organic matter in soil
- D. Moisture in soil
- 37. Which one of the following is NOT a source of electricity?
  - A. Batteries
  - B. solar panels
  - C. bicycle dynamos
  - D. water dam

- **38.** Which one of the following is NOT a factor influencing soil erosion?
  - A. Slope of the land
  - B. Type of soil
  - C. Amount of rainfall
  - D. Flowing waters
- 39. Which one of the following animals does NOT reproduce by laying eggs?
  - A. Shark
  - B. Salamandar
  - C. Whale
  - D. Ostrich
- 40. Hard water can easily be made soft by
  - A. adding table salt
  - B. leaving in the sun to evaporate
  - C. boiling then leaving to cool down
  - D. mixing with water from other sources
- **41.** The diagram below represents an investigation on energy.

Strand of steel wire



The pupils must have been investigating

- A. transformation of energy in an electromagnet
- B. the simple lighting process of a bulb
- C. ways of conserving electric energy
- D. ways of generating electricity using dry cells
- 42. A child who easily becomes dizzy, gets tired easily, has white palms and nails should be feed on

- A. proteins such as bean and eggs
- B. carbohydrates such as cereals
- C. foods rich in iron
- D. fibre and water to help in digestion of food
- **43.** How many incisors does a child have on the upper jaw?
  - A. Two
  - B. Three
  - C. Four
  - D. Six
- 44. Which one of the following is **NOT** a common communicable disease?
  - A. Tetanus
  - B. Tuberculosis
  - C. Malaria
  - D. Cholera
- 45. Which of the following components of blood is correctly matched with its functions
  - A. White blood cells helps in clotting
  - B. Red blood cells-transports hormones in the body
  - C. Plasma transports food nutrients
  - D. Platelets transports oxygen in the body
- 46. An air and a liquid thermometerswere put in the same place on a hot day. Which one of the following shows what happened?

	Air Thermometer	Liquid Thermometer
A.	Level of water rose	Level of water dropped
В.	Level of water dropped	Level of water rose
C.	No change to the level	Level dropped then rose
D.	Level rose then dropped	No changes to the level

47	. The following are advantages of using organic
	manures. Which one is NOT? They
	A. are bulk to transport
	B. improve the soil structure
	C. benefit the soil for a long time
	D. help to restore the lost nutrients in the soil
48.	Which of the following happens last during
	germination?
	A. Growth of the shoot
	B. Bursting of testa
	C. Growth of the radicle
	D. Absorption of water
49.	Where does fertilisation take place in green
	flowering plants?
	A.Flowers
	B. Stigma
	C. Ovules
	D. Ovary
50.	Which one of the following factors does NOT affect
	floating and sinking?
	A. Shape
	B. Size
	C. Material
	D. Weight

	Read the passage below. It co	ntains blank spaces 1	-15. Choose the best answer f	rom the choices given
	Recent fire, mostly	in Nairobi, have brou	ght back the endless debate _	2 Kenyans disaste
prepa	reduces. Since the year 🛂	_, the Kenya National	Disaster Operational Centre, s	ays that there have bee
sevei	al fire related cases which have d	estroyed close to thousa	ands of household, T	he organisation 5
	linates response to disaster config			
	The Kenya Red Cross 6	the other hand has do	cumented 7 fires in the	Nairobi surburbs alone
	8 , the body's regional disas			- P.
imm	ediate community manages to			
			d Kapiti plains have gone up in	smoke The 12 cas
has h	appened twice leaving in1			
	Yet quite, people			
1.	A. incidence	B. incidents	C. accidents	D. incedent
2.	A.in	B. for	C. about	D. on
3.	A. began	B. begun	C. had began	D. has begun
4.	A. goods	B. properties	C. property	D.goodies
5.	A. who	B. whose	C. that	D. which
6.	A. in	B. by	C. on	D. as
7.	A. twenty six	B. twenty -six	C. twenty sixth	D. twentysix
8.	A. However	B. Moreover	C. Nevertheless	D. Furthermore
9.	A. more high	B. higher	C. more higher	D. highest
10.	A. put up	B. put on	C. put off	D. put out
11.	A. any	B. enough	C. some	D. most
12.	A. latter	B. later	C. late	D. latest
13.	A. it	B. its'	C. it's	D. its
14.	A. infested	B. affected	C. effected	D. infected
15.	A. rarely	B. hardly	C. seldom	D. often

16.	A. Mwatha asked me if I had bought lunch.	,
	B. Mwatha asked, have you bought lunch?.	
	C. Mwatha asked me "If I had bought lunch?.	, ,
	D. Mwatha asked me whether bought lunch.	
17.	A. "Whose pen is this"? he asked.	1.
	B. Its a cold day today.	
	C. Peter and I are good friends.	•
	D. The dog ran into it's kennel.	
	For questions 18 and 19 choose the correct	
	question tag to complete	
18.		
	A. isn't it	,
	B. would we	
*	C. shall we	
	D. is it	,
27		•
19.	Everybody must be responsible,?	
	A. must they	
	B. must'nt they	
	C. must not	
	D. mustn't they	,
	* *	,
	For questions 20 and 21, complete with a	
	suitable ending.	
20.	Jayden doesn't like sweets	,
	A. either do I	
	B. neither do I	
	C. and so am I	
	D. neither don't I	
21.	Waihuini likes bananas,	
	A. do I so	
	B. I so do	
	C. so do I	i
	D. me two	
		l

For questions 16 and 17, choose the correctly

punctuated sentence

# For question 22 and 23, choose the word which means the same as the underlined word.

- 22. Our spelling drill team beat all the other teams.
  - A. won
  - B. overcome
  - C. defeated
  - D. humiliated
- 23. The meeting has been <u>deferred</u> due to unavoidable circumstances
  - A.brought forward
  - B. cancelled
  - C. postponed
  - D. held

# For questions 24 and 25, choose the correct word to replace the underlined words.

- 24. My uncle deals in scarp metal.
  - A. tackles
  - B. smuggles
  - C. herds
  - D. buys and sells
- 25. Our vehicle <u>broke down</u> and stalled halfway into the journey.
  - A. collapsed
  - B. fainted
  - C. lost consciousness
  - D. failed

#### Read the passage and answer questions 26-38.

It is clear that most of our politicians are not pursuing the public interest and need to be checked. That is why Kenyans should keep close watch and ensure that the new constitution is implemented fully. They must say "NO" in word and deed, to anyone who is trying to <a href="mailto:sabotage">sabotage</a> the process. Most importantly, the commission must lead and ensure timely proper implementation of the new laws. It must use its authority boldly to ensure that the progress remains on track. It must safeguard the interest of Kenyans and rid the process of confusion and partisan grandstanding

The youth also have a key role to play here as an agent of change. They should come out as a civic voice. The new laws hold a bright future for young people. Therefore their involvement and that of other civil society groups is paramount. Young people must be at the forefront in opposing any attempt by the politicians to sabotage the implementation of the new constitution.

As young people we have the responsibility to push for the realization of the new laws and ensure the change that Kenyans voted for in the referendum is realised. Young people voted overwhelmingly for the new constitution. By doing so, they demonstrated that they were tired of the old order and wanted change. Most Kenyans believe that the new constitution will provide an opportunity for them to forge a better future together if properly implemented, the new constitution provides an opportunity to fight corruption, impunity, ethnicity and poverty which for years have impeded our growth and development.

It should not be lost on us that the process of implementing the new constitution is not the reserve of politicians and parliamentary committees. Kenyans must not relinguish their role and allow the politicians to control the process. Kenyan politicians have vested interest that threaten public good, therefore they cannot be trusted to be committed to the entrenchment of the culture of constitutionalism. A significant number of politicians are beneficiaries of the old order and are afraid that the new constitution dispensation will rob them of the privileges they enjoy.

They must not be given a free hand to cause confusion and derail the implementation of the new constitution. Indeed members of parliament need to realise that they are the people's agents and must therefore do a good job. Politicians have a responsibility to carry out the wishes of their bosses - the citizens. Kenyans want to enjoy the fruits of the new constitution they chose.

- **26.** From the first sentence, it is clear that most politicians
  - A. are selfish
  - B. are seeking the public interest
  - C. are keeping close watch to the public
  - D. are active in public
- 27. The words 'need to be checked' means
  - A. the constitution needs to be checked
  - B. Kenyans need to be keen on actions of politicians
  - C. Kenyans need to be aware of the old constitution
  - D. the politicians should be aware of public actions
- 28. The word 'sabotage' as used in the passage mean?
  - A. addressing the process
  - B. deliberately spoiling
  - C. implementing fully
  - D. watch carefully
- 29. Which one of the following is to lead in the implementation of the new laws?
  - A. Politicians
  - B. The constitution
  - C.The commission
  - D. The public
- **30.** Three of the following could interfere with the process of implementing the new laws except:
  - A. partisan grandstanding
  - B. confusion of parliamentarians
  - C. safe guarding it by the public
  - D. sabotage by the leaders
- 31. Who are the beneficiaries of the full implementation of the new constitution as mentioned in the third paragraph?
  - A. Civil society groups
  - B. Youth
  - C. Parliamentarians
  - D. Agents
- 32. Who among the following voted in large numbers for the new constitution according to the passage?
  - A. Politicians
  - B. Public

- C. The youth
- D. Civil society
- **33.** Three of the following can be trusted with the implementation of the new constitution except?
  - A. Politicians
  - B. Civil Society
  - C. Youth
  - D. Public
- **34.** Who among the following are referred to as the people's agents?
  - A. Youth
  - B. Parliamentarians
  - C. Civil society
  - D. The government
- **35.** The new constitution will help us fight three of the following EXCEPT
  - A. inequality
  - B. sabotage
  - C. impunity
  - D. poverty
- **36**. The words overwhelming as used in the passage means
  - A. quickly
  - B. full implementation
  - C. in large numbers
  - D. sparingly
- **37.** From the passage choosing the new constitution may be referred to as
  - A. constitutionalism
  - B. constitutional dispensation
  - C. constitutional implementation
  - D. referendum
- **38.** Which of the following would be the best title for the passage?
  - A. The politicians
  - B The Kenyan laws
  - C. The Constitution Implementation
  - D. The Constitution process

### Read the following passage carefully and then answer questions 39 - 50.

A recent expose about a slum in Mombasa whose residents have been exposed to lead poisoning shocked the nation. According to the investigative piece, effluent from a metal refinery in the slums is likely to have affected thousands of people.

Lead is a highly toxic metal which if ingested or inhaled even in small amounts, can cause serious health problems to both children and adults. Children, especially those under six years, are more vulnerable because it leads to slow growth and learning difficulties.

Lead poisoning occurs when the metal builds up in the body, often over a period of months or years. Once in the system, lead is deposited in the bones and teeth. The main sources of lead poisoning are occupational, hobbies and environmental. Occupational exposure comes from construction, steel welding, bridge reconstruction workers, firing range instructors and cleaners, painters, scrap metal recyclers, auto repairers and cable handlers.

Hobbies such as casting bullets or target shooting at firing ranges, lead soldering, auto repair, stained glass making, glazed pottery making and ceramic ware. Lead exposure can occur through inhalation of fumes or dust that is laden with lead residue. Lead can also be ingested through contaminated hands, food, water, clothing and even cigarettes. There are some simple precautions that one can take to protect against lead exposure.

As employers, be responsible for the safety of your workers. As an individual or worker, know contractual arrangement and responsibilities towards your own health. Frequent testing is necessary for those whose occupation may expose them to lead.

Where lead poisoning has been diagnosed the immediate course of action is to discontinue exposure either through protective clothing or if it is a hazard then relocating from the source. Also don't forget that lead particles or dust can be brought into the home via work clothes and equipment. This is called "take home" lead and it can harm anyone who is exposed.

Avoid eating roadside food items as most of these foods are already exposed or contaminated with lead from the fumes from passing vehicles.

- 39. Where was the expose according to the first sentence? In a
  - A. city
  - B. town
  - C. shanty
  - D. villages
- 40. What shocked the nation?
  - A. poisoning
  - B. lead emission
  - C. unusual poisoning
  - D. a metal refinery
- 41. The cause of the problem might have been.
  - A. effluent from a metal refinery
  - B. dirt in the slums
  - C. ingesting dirty food
  - D. hobbies like casting bullets
- 42. According to the passage when can lead be poisonous?
  - A. when eaten in small amounts
  - B. when touched in small amounts
  - C. when used in small amounts
  - D. when sprayed in small amounts
- 43. How does lead affect children under six years?
  - A. It leads to stunted growth and learning difficulties
  - B. It leads to learning difficulties only
  - C. It leads to weak bones
  - D. It leads to weak teeth
- 44. Which part of the body is the lead poison deposited?
  - A. tongue
  - B. bones
  - C. skin
  - D. eyes
- **45.** Which of the following is an environmental source of lead poisoning?
  - A. Pottery making
  - B. Painters
  - C. Dust full of lead fumes
  - D. Auto-repair

- 46. The writer advises the following to employees except?
  - A. frequent testing
  - 13, be responsible for ones health
  - C, discontinue exposure
  - D. avoid vehicles
- 47. The phrase take home at used in the passage implies that
  - A: one can carry the poison back home yia their clothes
  - B. some giffs employees trany home
  - C. contaminated foods that we carry home
  - D. the equipment we use at home is poisonous
- 48. "..... If it is a hazard then relocating is a solution means
  - A. to move to a new place
  - B. to change clothes
  - C. to change eating habits by avoiding roadside foods
  - D. to be responsible
- 49. The synonym for the word 'via' as used in the passage is
  - A. by
  - B. with
  - C. through
  - D. together
- The best proverb to summarise the passage above would be
  - A. Still waters run deep
  - B. Prevention is better than cure
  - C. Once bitten twice shy
  - D. A bird in hand is worth two in the bush

# Chagua jibu lifaalo zaidi kujazia mapengo 1-15

	Mila na1	zilizopitwa na	2 zinaf	aa kutupiliwa _	3 na kuz	ikwa <u>4</u> kaburi la
,	5 , 6	_ wa mabinti ni dondo	7 7	_katika jamii ka	ıdha zinazoishi l	katika maeneo8
humi	u nchini. Kusema	9 ni jambo la k	ukera na kuk	ereketa kuona n	nambo haya yaki	fanyika katika karne hii
	A	В		С		D
1.	tamasha	tambiko	(4) V N N N	kafara		tamaduni
2.	njeo	nyakati		saa	# -01	wakaa
3.	bali	ndidiya		umbali		mbali
4.	kwa	kwenye		mwenye		katikati
5.	ghafiri	fhafla		mava		mahafali
6.	kukeketwa	kuketa		ukeketaji		ukete
7.	ndogo	ndogu		sugu		kuu
8.	kanie	kauka		kaukau	·	pane
9.	yakini	mithili		mithaki		yumkini
	10 war	napopelekwa 11	_ hukutan	a na kisu cha _	12 ilihali	nao magashi hupelekwa
1	3 ambako hus	shauriwa na masomo n	a <u>14</u>	ambao huwa	funza kuhusu _	za nyumbani.
	A	В		C		D
10.	wavule	wavuli		wavyele		maghashi
11.	uwanjani	pembeni		unyagoni		jandoni
12.	gariba	ngariba		nyakanguzi		shahibu
13.	nyakanga	unyagoni		kungwini	*	ufuoni
14.	makungwi	wari		weledi		dalali
15.	marubo	mawazo		ukungo		kunga

16	Jibu kwa maamkuzi sahihi Profesa Wangari Mathai alipewa mkono wa
	kwa kushinda tuzo ya Mobel
	A. Jahani
	B. Tanzia
	C. Tahania
	D. Faraja
17.	Bainisha matumizi ya 'ki'
	Kijoka kilikiuma kijiti cha kijumba cha kienyeji.
	A. udongo, kielelezi, ngeli
	B. ngeli, udongo, kielezi
	C. udongo, ngeli, kielezi
	D. ngeli, kielezi, udogo
18.	Wanawake walioolewa na mume mmoja hivi tana
**	mkemwenza ilhali sisi huwaita
	A. mhavile
	B. mitara
	C. watawa
	D. vinyere
19.	Kikembe cha fisi ni kikuto nacho cha popo ni
	A. kipopo
	B. kidue
	C. kipura
	D. kipongea
20.	Semi iliyopigiwa mstari ina maana gani?
	Maswali tuliyofanya yalikuwa mswaki
	A. yalikuwa mazito
	B. yalikosa majibu
	C. yalikuwa magumu
	D. yalikuwa rahisi
21.	Chagua orogha yeneye vivumishi vya sifa ambishi
	A. Nadhifu, sita bora
	B. Jeme, hariri, kubwa
	C. imani, zuri, saba
	D. cheka, upendo, safi
22.	kanusha sentensi hii: Kusoma kwake kungefaa
	A.kusoma kwake kusingefaa
	B. kutosoma kwake kusingefaa
	C. kusoma kwake hakufai
	D. kutosoma kwake kusingefaa
23.	Mahali maalum ambapo vyungu na matafali
	huchomewa huitwaje?
	A. meko
	B choto

C. joko D. jirafu Maumbo hayani A. haram, kistari, hori B. haram, tao, mche C. hilali, tao, kihori D. hilali, upinde, mche mraba 25. Vidole vya mguu huitwaje? A. viganja B. vitanga C. viano D. vitengele **26.** Ukiona amabari na zinduna <u>I</u> papo Kivumbishi kilichopigiwa mstari ni kiambishi cha aina gani? A. kimilikishi B. kivumishi C. kihusishi D. kiwakilishi 27. Wanafunzi walisoma vitabu vichache maneno yaliyopigwa mistari ni' A. Nomino, kielezi B. Kitenzi kivumishi C. Kitenzi, sifa D. Kitenzi kivumishi idadi 28. Mtoto ambaye angali tumboni na bado hajazaliwa huitwaje? A. kimwana B. mwanaserere C. kiduchu D. kijusi 29. Chagua sentensi inayoonyesha 'ka' ya kusudi? A. Alienda msikitini na akasali B. Alisoma, akalaja kanywa na akalala C. walikaa, wakaenda zao wakasahaulika D. Aliadhibiwa na wa wazazi akatoroka 30. Maradhi ya watoto ya kutokuwa na afya njema kutokana na kukosa lishe au chakula bora ni

A. Surua B. Unyafuzi

D. Waba

#### Soma habari hii kisha ujibu maswali 31-40

Mapinduzi yaliyotokea nchini Burundi ambapo jeshi lilitangaza kumpindua Rais Pierr Nkurunziza ni ya kushtua na hata kusikitisha. Lakini kutokana na nia ya kuendelea kukwamilia madaraka, rais huyo aliyetaka kuchaguliwa kwa awamu ya tatu kinyume na katiba ya nchi yake, wanajeshi hawakuwa na budi ila kumwondoa. Bw Nkurunziza alijaribu kujitetea kwamba ingawa katiba ya Burudi inakataza mtu kuwania uraisi zaidi ya vipindi viwili, kipindi cha kwanza alifanya kuteuliwa tu.

Madai yake yaliwakera watu wengi wanaoheshimu demokrasia. Msimamo wa Bw Nkurunziza umeonekana kujitokeza hata humu nchini, ambapo viongozi wamekuwa wakisisitiza kutaka kukwamia maklakani, hata baada ya kuhusishwa katika maovu ya aina mbalimbali. Kwa mfano Raisi Uhuru Kenyatta alipowalilisha orodha ya watu wanaoshukiwa kuhusika na ufisadi, magavana walijitokeza na kutangaza kwamba hawako tayari kujiuzulu.

Walionelea heri wachunguzwe wakiwa mamlakani, huku wakidai kwamba katiba haitoi nafasi ya wao kuchukua hatua kama hiyo. Inavyofahamika ni kuwa mshukiwa yeyote wa ufisadi ambaye alichaguliwa na wananchi anapaswa kukaa kando na kuruhusu uchunguzi usioegemea upande wowote ufanywe. Kuendelea kukaa uongozini na kujipiga kifua kwamba mtu haendi popote kunatoa picha mbaya. Hata kuna wakati baadhi ya wanasiasa humu nchini walisikika wakisema ni heri wafe kuliko kujiuzulu.

Tunapojifunza kutokana na ukaidi wa Bw Nkurunziza, tunamwomba Rais Uhuru Kenyatta na viongozi wengine wa Afrika Mashariki wanaokutana nchini Tanzania, wamshauri ajivue mamlaka na kukubali uamuzi wa jeshi la nchi yake.

Burundi inafahamika kwa historia ya mwaka 1993 ambapo rais wake Melchior Ndadaye alikumbana na jaribio la kupinduliwa na alipokaidi hatua ya jeshi, akauawa.

31.	Rais Nkurunziza alipinduliwa, hivi ni kusema kuwa?	36.	Semi kujipiga kifure ina maana ya?
	A. alijiondoa uongozini		A. kujipendelea zaidi
	B. alingatuliwa kutoka mamlakani .		B. kujidai mbele za watu
	C. alijingatua kutoka uongozini		C. kutishia maisha
	D. alikaidi mapinduzi		D. kuwa na gere
32.	Sababu za kupinduliwa kwa rais huyu ni?	37.	Kisawe cha neneo ufisadi kinahusisha haya yo
	A. ukosefu wa utawala bora	9	isipokuwa?
	B. kutaka kuendelea kuongoza katika awamu ya		A. Chirimiri
	pili		B. Chauchau
	C. kukosa kusitisha uongozi uongozi wake baada		C. Utapeli
	ya awamu zake kuisha		D. Kuzuka mbuyu
	D. kukosa kukithi haja za watu wake	3.5	
		38.	Raisi Nkurunziza aliondolewa mamlakani na nani
33.	Kiongozi huyu Nkurunziza anajitetea kwa madai		A. Wananchi wake
	kuwa?		B. viongozi ambao walimchukia
	A. hakupewa muda wa kutosha		C. wananjeshi wa nchi jirani
	B. muda wake haukuwa umeisha		D. wanajeshi wa nchi aliyoongoza
	C. alikuwa kiongozi wa kudumu		
	D. katika awamu ya kwanza aliteuliwa	39.	Swala la viongozi pupinduliwa nchini Burundi
			A. halijawahi kutokea kamwe
34.	Viongozi humu nchini wana mazoea gani?		B. hutokea mara kwa mara
	A. ya kwamia uongozini		C.lime wahi kutokea tena hapo awali
	B. kukubali kushindwa		D. huwa ni jambo la kawaida
	C. kutokwania uongozini		
	D. ya uongozi mzuri	40.	Habari hii inaelezea kuhusu
	t.		A. Raisi wa Burundi
35.	Kulingana na habari hii Magarana walionelea ni heri?	**	B. Historia ya inchi ya Burundi
	A. wajiondoe katika kazi		C. Viongozi wa kiimla nchini Burundi
	B. wafungiliwe mashtaka		D. Mapinduzi ya serikali ya Burundi
	C. wachunguzwe wakiwa mamlakani		* The second of
	D. wasichunguzwe wala kushtakiwa		e e

#### Soma habari hii kisha ujibu maswali 41-50

Pamoja na hadhi na umaarufu wa kiswahili, bado lugha hii inakumbana na matatizo makubwa ya dhana na matumizi sahihi. Bado kuna baadhi ya watu wanaonasibisha Kiswahili na dini ya Kiislamu na hili limekuwa ni tatizo kubwa miongoni mwa watuiaji wake. Pia kuna upinzani mkubwa kutoka katika lugha ambazo zimekwisha kujitanua katika dunia kama vile Kiingerza, Kifaransa, Kihispania, Kijerumani, Kichina, Kireno na Kiarabu. Watumiaji au watu wenye asili ya lugha hizo wanakipiga vita Kiswahili wakihofia kuwa wasipofanya hivyo kitazimeza lugha zao.

Kudharauliwa kwa lugha ya Kiswahili na kupigiwa chapuo kwa lugha za kigeni kwamba ndizo pekee zinazofaa kutumiwa katika shughuli mbalimbali za kiuchumi kwa kuwa zina hadhi ni changamoto kubwa. Kuna kasumba mbaya na mtazamo hasi kuhusu Kiswahili ambao unawafanya Wakenya kukitukuza na kushabikia zaidi Kiingereza ni sawa na lugha nyingine tu. Huku tukichunguza nafasi ya Kiswahili katika mfumo wa elimu nchini Kenya, ni vyema tukumbuke kuwa mfumo wa elimu wa nchi yoyote inayotegemea lugha ya kigeni hasa lugha ya waliokuwa watawala wao wa kikoloni huendeleza maadili ya kigeni na utegemezi.

Ingawa kwa sababu ya utandawazi, lugha huathiriana duniani kote, lugha za kigeni katika mfumo wa elimu hunuia kuendeleza mila na desturi za kigeni ambazo nyingi yazo haziambatani wala kulingana na matarajio na mahitaji ya kimaendeleo ya nchi kama ya kenya. Kwa hivyo, ni muhimu kwa wataalamu, watafiti na wasomi wa lugha ya Kiswahili kujaribu kuipa nafasi inayostahiki lugha hii katika mfumo wetu wa elimu. Njia mojawapo ya kufanikisha malengo ya elimu katika nchi yoyote ile iwayo.

Kucheleweshwa kwa maamuzi ya sera ya kukipa hadhi Kiswahili kuwa lugha ya kufundishia na lugha funzwa inayotahiniwa katika nyanja zote za elimu ni pigo kubwa linalorudisha nyuma maendeleo ya Kiswahili. hali ya Wakenya kuwa nyuma katika kufanya tafiti mbalimbali kuhusu vipengele muhimu vya fasihi na isimu katika Kiswahili ili kuona ni jinsi gani tunaweza kufunguka kiakili na kufahamu umuhimu wa kuwa na lugha ya Kiswahili ni pingamizi nyingine. Uchumi mdogo wa nchi yetu

- **41.** Kwa mujibu wa makala haya Kiswahili kinakumbwa na matatizo makubwa ya?
  - A. lugha nyingi pinzani
  - B. mawazo kuhusu matumizi sahili
  - C. waja wanaotumia lugha kivolaya
  - D. lugha za msimba
- 42. Watu wengi husababisha lugha ya Kiswahili na?
  - A. lugha ya kiarabu
  - B. lugha za kibantu
  - C: dini ya kiislamu
  - D. wafuasi wa dini ya kiislamu
- **43.** Lugha duniani ambazo tayari zimekwisha jitamua ni zote hizi isipokuwa?
  - A. kifaranja
  - B. kihabeshi
  - C. kijerumani
  - D. kireno
- 44. Wanaokipinga Kiswahili ni wale ambao?
  - A. hawakielewi Kiswahili
  - B. wanao lazimika kuzungumza lugha hii
  - C. wasioelewa sheria na kanuni zake
  - D. wenye kiherehere kuwa lugha zao zitamezwa
- 45. Mtazamo hasi kuhusu Kiswahili ni?
  - A. ule wenye dhana aali
  - B. ule wenye dhana mbi
  - C. usio na dhana mbaya
  - D. husiano unaoleweka na wengi
- 46. Lugha ya kigeni katika mfumo wa elimu
  - A. husaidia wengine katika nchi ile
  - B. huboresha elimu kwa wakazi
  - C. huendeleza mila na desturi za ughaibuni
  - D. huleta maendeleo ya kielimu

- **47.** Ni kina nani wanaoshauriwa na mwandishi kuhusika katika kukipa Kiswahili nafasi inayostahiki?
  - A. wenyeji, wageni na wakoloni
  - B. watafiti, wageni na wenyeji
  - C. watalamu, watafiti na wasomi
  - D. wasomi, wageni na wazalendo
- **48.** Kiswahili hutumika katika shughuli hizi zote isipokuwa?
  - A. kuimba wimbo wa taifa
  - B. bungeni
  - C. mahakamani
  - D. katika somo la kingenge
- **49.** Mwandishi analalamika kuwa wakenya hawafanyi nini kuhusiana na lugha?
  - A. hawafanyi utafiti
  - B. hawakizungumzi Kiswahili
  - C. huchanganya lugha ya Kiswahili na za Kigeni
  - D. hukibaronga Kiswahili
- 50. Makala haya yameeleza kuhusu
  - A. Lugha rasmi duniani
  - B. Lugha za Kigeni
  - C. Uwezekano wa kiswahili kutwezwa
  - D. Nafasi ya lugha ya Kiswahili nchini na ulimwenguni

Below is an ending of a story. Complete it in your own was possible.						
I learnt that truly hardwork pays.						
2	H/BROW - 05/8/2015					

Andika insha itakayomalizia kwa maneno haya.					
kwa kweli huo ulikuwa moto wa kuotea mbali.					
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H/BROW - 05/8/15

(STEGA) HIGHBROW)

# KCPE FIFTH TRIAL

STD 8 MARKING SCHEME 2015

ENGLISH	KISWAHILI	MATHS	SCIENCE	SOCIAL STUD	<u>ies</u>	LR.E
1. B 31. B	1. D 31. B	I.A 31,C	I.C 31.D	1.A 31.C	61.D	61. C
2. D 32. C	2. D = 32. C	2. B 32. B	2. B = 32. D	2. A 32. D	62. C	=62. D
3. A 33. A	3. D ±33, D	3. C 33. A	3. D = 33. C	3. A 33.B	63. B	. ₹63. A
4. A 34. B	4. B = 34. A	4. D 34. D	4. C = 34. C	4. D 34. B	64. D	64. C
5. C 🚉 3 <u>5</u> , B	5. B 35. C	5. C 35.D	5. A 35. A	5. C 35. D	65. B	65. A
6. C 36. C	6. A 36. B	6. D 36. B	6. B 36. C	6.±A - 36. C	66. D	66. C
7. B 37.D	7. C / 37. C	7. A 37. C	7. A 37. D	7, C 37. B	67. D	67. B
8. A 38. C	8. A 38. C	8. B 38.D	8. D 38. D	8. C 38. C	68.C	68. B
9. B 39.C	9. A - 39.C	9. D 39. C	9. C 39. C	9. B 39. B	69. A	-69. A
10.D = 40. C	10.B 40. D	10.A 40. A	10. C 40. C	10. D. 40. C	70.B	70. A
11. G + 41. A	11.D 41.B	11.B 41.C	11. B 41. B	11: C 41. B	71.D	71.A
12. A 42. A	12. B 42. C	12. C 42. B	12.D 42.C	12. A 42. A	72. D	72. A
13. D. 43. A	13.B 43.B	13.D 43.A	13.A 43.C	13. B 43. D	73.B	73. €
14.B 44.B	14, A 44. A	14. B 44. D	14. B 44. A	14.B 44.C	74.C	- 74. A
15.D 45.C	15. D + 45. B	15.C 45.D	15. C 45. C	15. D45. D	75.D	75. B
16. A 46. D	16. C 46. C	16.D 46.C	16, D 46, B	16. D 46. A	76.B	76. A
17. C . 47. A	17. C 1247. C	17. A 47. B	17. C 47. A	17.C 47.C	77.B	77. B
18. C 48. A	18.A 48:D	18.B 48.A	18.B 48.A	18. D 48. C	78. C	78. D
19.D 49.C	19. D 49. A	19. D 49. A	19.D 49.D	19. B 49. B	79.B	79. D
20.B 50.B	20. D 50. D	20. A 50. D	20.B 50.B	20, D 50, D	80. A	:: 80.€
21. C	21.A	21: A-	21. B	21.C - 31.C	81.D	81. A
22. C	22.D	22. C	22. B	22. C 52. B	82.C	82. B
23. 6	23. C	23. C	23.A	23. B 53. D	83. D	83. C
24. D	24. C	24.B	24.D.	24. D 54. A	84. C	84. C
25. D	25 C	25.D	25. C	25.C 55.D	85. D	85. C
26. A	26 C	26. A	26.A	26. B 56. C	86. B	86. A.
27. B	27 D	27.B	27. A	27.C 57.B	87. A	
28. B	28 D	28.B	28.D	28. D 58. B	a figure Company to the contract	88. B
29. C	291A	29.D	29.A	29.B 59.C	- 89. C	89. C
30. C	30 B	30.A	30.D	30.B 60.A	90. C	90. B
7 44 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		The control of the co	A 网络特别特别和一点。	# 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12	PR. 2011 建汽车。	A Charles Land

## A COMPOSITION MARKING SCHEME

#### MARKING CRITERION

- 1. The composition will be assessed according to the following guidelines.
  - The maximum mark will be 40 and the minimum mark 01

- Does the script show that the candidate can communicate accurately, fluently and imaginatively in English?

Accuracy (8 marks)

- a) Correct tenses and agreement of verbs (4 marks) b) Accurate use of vocabulary (4 marks)
- (16) c) Following a sequence (4 marks)
- d) Correct punctuation (4 marks)

- Fluency (8 marks)
  - a) Words in the correct order (4 marks)
  - c) Correct spelling (4 marks)

- b) Sentence connection and paragraphs (4 marks)
- d) Ideas developed in logical sequence (4 marks)

### Imagination (8 marks)

- a) Unusual but appropriate use of words and phrases (4 marks)
- b) Variety of structure (4 marks)

NB: Please, teachers are requested to scrutinize this marking scheme before use, it is worth