
Chagua jibu lifaalo kujaza pengo.

Kila mtoto __1__ haki ya kwenda shuleni ili apate __2__. Mtoto anapofikisha __3__ wa kwenda shuleni anastahili apeleke na wazazi wake __4__ kuchelewehwa. Iwapo hana __5__ wake wawili, basi __6__ jukumu la __7__ ambao wanamlea mtoto __8__ kumpleka shuleni __9__ elimu ni muhimu sana katika maisha __10__ mtoto huyo siku za __11__. Mtoto anastahili apate elimu ya __12__ shule ya msingi, shule ya upili na hata chuo kikuu __13__ apate mafunzo ya kazi atakayoofanya ili ajenge __14__ lake. Tukumbuke kuwa, elimu ni mwangaza na taa __15__ maisha yetu.

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<td>C. una</td>
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<td>C. huu</td>
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<td>A. kwa sababu</td>
<td>B. ili</td>
<td>C. wala</td>
<td>D. bila</td>
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<td>A. za</td>
<td>B. cha</td>
<td>C. wa</td>
<td>D. ya</td>
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<td>11</td>
<td>A. usoni</td>
<td>B. kisogoni</td>
<td>C. awali</td>
<td>D. mgongoni</td>
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<td>B. chekekeka</td>
<td>C. chekechea</td>
<td>D. chechekeua</td>
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<td>B. ili</td>
<td>C. wala</td>
<td>D. sababu</td>
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<td>A. nchi</td>
<td>B. inchi</td>
<td>C. mataifa</td>
<td>D. taifa</td>
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<td>15</td>
<td>A. kwa</td>
<td>B. katika</td>
<td>C. ndani</td>
<td>D. kwenye</td>
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16. Jibu la hujambo ni ________
   A. jambo
   B. sijambo
   C. hatujambo
   D. hamjambo

17. Andika sentensi ifuatayo kwa wingi
    Kitovu cha mtoto kina kidonda
   A. Vitovu cha watoto hakina kidonda
   B. Vitovu vya mtoto vina vidonda
   C. Vitovu vya watoto vina kindonda
   D. Vitovu vya watoto vina vidonda

18. Jaza pengo kwa kiunganishi kifaacho:
    Mwanafunzi hakuandika ______ hakusoma
   A. bila       B. sababu
   C. ila        D. wala

19. Alama hii ya barabarani inaonyesha ishara gani?

20. Jaza pongo kwa kishiria sahihi
    Kibogoyo ______ hakuweza kutamka maneno
   A. kile       B. hiki
   C. huyu      D. hichi

21. Jaza pongo kwa - pya
    Gari _______ litambeba bwana arusi
   A. mapya       B. lipya
   C. mpya       D. jipya

22. Tambua jina la umbo katika mchoro

23. Kinyume cha neno werevu ni ________
    A. uchochole  B. chukia
    C. ujingga    D. hiari

24. Jiko la makaa huitwa ________
    A. jiko       B. seredani
    C. meko       D. stovu

25. Kanusha sentensi ifuatayo:-
    Sisi tumekilelewana kufika shulenj
   A. Sisi hatukuchelewa kufika shuleni
   B. Sisi hatutachelewa kufika shuleni
   C. Sisi hatujachelewa kufika shuleni
   D. Sisi hatumechelewa kufika shuleni

26. Ni sentensi ipi ambayo imeandikwa katika wakati wa mazoea?
    A. Tunaandika isha ya barua
    B. Mwalimu hutufundisha kwa ustadi
    C. Tutacheza uwanjani
    D. Gari kubwa limepita hapa

27. Kumi elfu na moja ni sawa na ______
    A. 1,001     B. 10,001
    C. 11,000    D. 11,001

28. Utamwita mtoto wa mtoto wako?
    A. kitukuu  B. mjukuu
    C. mpwa     D. shangazi

29. Tegua kitendawili: - Mama nieleke?
    A. kitanda   B. gari
    C. usingizi  D. maziwa

30. Ni mmea upi unaozaa mchele?
    A. mchele    B. mgomba
    C. mhindi    D. mpunga
Soma ufhahamu kisha ujibu maswali 31-40


31. Kwa nini binadamu ni tofauti na viumbwe wengine?
   A. ana nywele  B. ana akili timamu
   C. ana mikono  D. ana kiburi

32. Binadamu anafananishwa na nani kwa maumbile?
   A. wanyama  B. binadamu
   C. Mungu  D. uchafu

33. Binadamu anastahili kufanya nini kwa mwenyezi Mungu?
   A. amtuuze  B. asimsifu
   C. asimheshimu  D. amheshimu

34. Miti inapokatwa kwa wingi haisababishi nini?
   A. jangwa  B. janga
   C. ukame  D. mvua

35. Lengo la binadamu kukata miti ni ______
   A. kuleta mvua  B. kuunda viti

36. Ipi si zana ya kivita katika taarifa uliosoma?
   A. Mabomu  B. Maguruneti
   C. Bunduki  D. Mizinga

37. Ziwa linalounganisha nchi za Kenya, Uganda, na Tanzania ni
   A. Viktoria  B. Baringo
   C. Turkana  D. Naivasha

38. Neneo ziwa liko katika ngeli ya ________
   A. YA-YA  B. LI-YA
   C. U-ZI  D. U-I

39. Kuungana mikono ni ________
   A. kushikana mikono  B. kutafutana
   C. kupigana vita  D. kushirikiana

40. Shida nyingi zimeletwa na niani duniani?
   A. zana za vita  B. uchafu wa mazingira
   C. binadamu  D. viwanda

KIS - 08/4/15
**Soma kifungu hiki kisha ujibu maswali 41-50.**


Wanyama kama vile: mbwa, paka, kondoo na mbuzi aliwaona tu kwenye televidhensi, vitabu au magazeti. Siku moja aliwa na kuentembelea babu mashambani akiwa ameandamana na rafiki yake wa chanda na pete kwa jina kigeugeu. Walipofika walikaribishwa kwa mikono miwili.


41. Kadzo alizaliwa wapi?
   A. Mashambani  B. Mjini  
   C. Pokezi  D. Hatujaelezwa

42. Baba alienda mjini akiwa na umri wa miaka wa miaka mingapi?
   A. Themanini  B. Ishrini  
   C. Thelathini  D. Sitini

43. Nyumba ya msonge ni nyumba gani?
   A. ya duara  B. ya mstatili  
   C. ya pembe tatu  D. ya kisasa

44. Tangu kuzaliwa, Kadzo alikuwa hajaenda wapi?
   A. Malimwengu  B. Mashambani  
   C. Mjini  D. Kwa baba

45. Rafiki wa chanda na pete ni sawa na rafiki wa
   A. majivuno  B. ulimi na mate  
   C. juujuu  D. usaliti

46. Miongoni mwa vyakula vilivyotajwa, ni kipi hawakula?
   A. viazi vitamu  B. ugali  
   C. mchicha  D. mihogo

47. Makao ya nyuki ni______
   A. kiota  B. mzinga  
   C. pango  D. kombe

48. Nini maana ya kishuka?
   A. chakula cha mchana  
   B. chakula cha asubuhili  
   C. chakula cha jioni  D. chakula cha usiku

49. Sehemu ya juu ya nyumba ya msonge huwa na umbo la______
   A. piramidi  B. mstatili  
   C. mche  D. pia

50. Kichwa kifaacho kwa habari hii ni______
   A. Mtaa wa pokezi  
   B. Mji wa Malimwengu  
   C. Ubora wa Maisha ya Mashambani  D. Kadzo na Kigeugeu
STEGA SERIES
STANDARD FOUR 2015
MATHEMATICS

1. What is the place value of digit 6 in the number 56942?
   A. Hundreds
   B. Tens
   C. Thousands
   D. Ten thousands

2. 4392 + 675 + 18921 =
   A. 22988
   B. 23988
   C. 23889
   D. 23898

3. Work out:
   
   \[
   \begin{array}{c}
   38 \\
   \times 24 \\
   \hline
   \end{array}
   \]

   A. 921
   B. 62
   C. 912
   D. 291

4. How many \(\frac{1}{4}\) kg packets are in 56 kg?
   A. 112
   B. 224
   C. 14
   D. 108

5. Which of the fraction below is seven ninths?
   A. \(\frac{7}{9}\)
   B. \(\frac{4}{9}\)
   C. \(\frac{9}{7}\)
   D. \(\frac{4}{9}\)

6. Subtract:
   \[
   39.3 - 14.38 =
   \]
   A. 24.29
   B. 25.08
   C. 25.48
   D. 24.92

7. What is the perimeter of the square below?

   \[
   \begin{array}{c}
   14 \text{ cm} \\
   \end{array}
   \]
   A. 112 cm
   B. 56 cm
   C. 196 cm
   D. 28 cm

8. 48 half litres = _________ litres
   A. 96
   B. 24
   C. 12
   D. 192

9. How many minutes are in 4h 50min?
   A. 290 min
   B. 340 min
   C. 450 min
   D. 4050 min

10. How many days are in the months of March, June, and July?
    A. 92
    B. 91
    C. 93
    D. 90

11. Akinyi bought a dress for sh 230 and a pen for sh 18.50. How much did she pay for the items?
    A. sh 254.50
    B. sh 248.50
    C. sh 249.50
    D. sh 252.50

12. Add:
    \[
    \begin{array}{c}
    M \text{ CM} \\
    4 \text{ 13} \\
    + 2 \text{ 18} \\
    \hline
    6 \text{ 96}
    \end{array}
    \]
    A. 13 m 127 cm
    B. 12 m 127 cm
    C. 12 m 27 cm
    D. 13 m 27 cm

13. Convert 0.08 into fractions
    A. \(\frac{8}{10}\)
    B. \(\frac{8}{100}\)
    C. \(\frac{8}{1000}\)
    D. \(\frac{0.8}{100}\)

14. How many points of intersection are in the figure below?
20. What is the next number in the pattern below?

13, 16, 20, 27, ______

A. 31      B. 32
C. 84      D. 35

21. Arrange \(\frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{5}\) and \(\frac{1}{6}\) from the largest to the smallest.

A. \(\frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{5}\)      B. \(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{6}\)
C. \(\frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{6}\)      D. \(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{10}\)

22. What is a ninth of 108?

A. 9      B. 8
C. 12      D. 14

23. How many columns are in the figure below?

A. 6      B. 30
C. 5      D. 35

24. \(\frac{7}{9} - \frac{3}{9} =\)

A. \(\frac{10}{9}\)      B. 4
C. \(\frac{9}{4}\)      D. \(\frac{4}{9}\)

25. What is the place value of digit 7 in the number 963.47?

A. Tenths      B. Ones
C. Thousands      D. Hundredths

26. Ali has 904 goats while Mohamed has 200 more goats than Ali. How many goats do both have altogether?

A. 2080      B. 1104
C. 2008      D. 1114
27. Convert 825cm into metres
A. 8.25m
B. 8m 25cm
C. 8\(\frac{1}{4}\)m
D. 82500m

28. Which of the numbers below is NOT a factor of 96?
A. 54
B. 16
C. 24
D. 48

29. A meeting took 345 minutes. How many hours and minutes did the meeting take?
A. 4h 35min
B. 3h 45min
C. 4h 15min
D. 5h 45min

30. By how much is \(\frac{9}{13}\) greater than \(\frac{3}{13}\)?
A. \(\frac{7}{13}\)
B. \(\frac{1}{13}\)
C. \(\frac{6}{13}\)
D. \(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{13}\)

31. How many bottles would fill the bucket with water?

A. 80
B. 5
C. 100
D. 40

32. Work out:
\[
\begin{array}{c|c|c}
4 & 79 & 40cm \\
\hline
10m & & \\
\end{array}
\]
A. 3 rem 19
B. 19 rem 3
C. 19 rem 4
D. 18 rem 6

33. Which of the fractions below is equal to a whole?
A. \(\frac{9}{9}\)
B. \(\frac{7}{10}\)
C. \(\frac{1}{2}\)
D. 1\(\frac{1}{2}\)

34. A party was attended by 250 women, 200 men while children were 100 more than the adults. How many people were at the party altogether?
A. 950
B. 1000
C. 69
D. 72

35. The angle below is known as _______ angle.
A. right
B. acute
C. obtuse
D. reflex

36. What is the number thirty three thousand three hundred and thirty three written in figures?
A. 33033
B. 330303
C. 33333
D. 33303

37. How many months are in 4\(\frac{1}{2}\) years?
A. 54
B. 48
C. 60
D. 56

38. Work out:
\[
\begin{array}{c|c|c}
4 & 10m & 40cm \\
\hline
79 & & \\
\end{array}
\]
A. 2m 80cm
B. 2m 90cm
C. 3m 60cm
D. 2m 60cm

39. How many twenty shilling coins are in 4200 shilling notes?
A. 400
B. 800
C. 40
D. 10

40. 24kg - 6kg = _______
A. 19kg
B. 18kg
C. 15kg
D. 14kg

41. Which multiple of 9 comes just before 81?
A. 63
B. 90
C. 69
D. 72
42. How many small cubes are used to make the stack below?

A. 36  
B. 48  
C. 60  
D. 30

43. Add:

67913
8364

\[ +92418 \]

A. 169695  
B. 167695  
C. 168695  
D. 168659

44. \[ 4 \times \frac{3}{11} = \]

A. \( \frac{3}{44} \)  
B. \( \frac{12}{11} \)  
C. \( \frac{11}{12} \)  
D. \( \frac{12}{44} \)

45. Which of the decimal numbers below is the largest?

A. 0.8  
B. 0.08  
C. 0.24  
D. 0.12

46. Fill in the blank:

\[ \_ \times 18 = 216 \]

A. 234  
B. 3888  
C. 14  
D. 12

47. Mukami bought 1.2kg of rice at sh 67.50. She gave the shopkeeper sh 200 note. What balance did she get?

A. sh 367.50  
B. sh 133.50  
C. sh 132.50  
D. sh 134.50

The graph below shows the number of vehicles counted by pupils one afternoon. Use it to answer questions 48 to 50

48. How many motorbikes were counted?

A. 110  
B. 100  
C. 95  
D. 105

49. Which type of vehicle was LEAST counted?

A. Motorbikes  
B. Lorries  
C. Vans  
D. Car

50. How many vehicles were counted altogether?

A. 390  
B. 380  
C. 375  
D. 385
Read the broken passage below and fill in the blank spaces with the most correct word.

A man walked 1 a restaurant and shouted his 2 to the 3. Please give me chicken and chips and give 4 here 5 . 6 I eat, I want them to eat also.

The waiter brought the man's 7 and gave all the rest 8 . After 9 it, the man said 'Give me a 10 of coke and all the rest here.

They all were happy and 11 the man's 12 . Finally the man said, 'Give me my 13 and each one of them theirs. " That's 14 the man was killed. His 15 will be this Sunday.

1. A. at  B. on  C. into  D. outside
2. A. older  B. order  C. menu  D. food
3. A. manager  B. cashier  C. cook  D. waiter
4. A. every one  B. all one  C. everyone  D. everybody
5. A. too  B. two  C. to  D. as me
6. A. when  B. but  C. although  D. though
7. A. mail  B. meel  C. mill  D. meal
8. A. thems  B. theres  C. theirs  D. his
9. A. fishing  B. finishing  C. finalising  D. ending
10. A. spoonful  B. glass  C. bottle  D. cup
11. A. sing  B. song  C. signing  D. singing
12. A. praise  B. price  C. prize  D. prise
13. A. bale  B. bail  C. bill  D. boil
14. A. what  B. how  C. who  D. which
15. A. funeral  B. Final  C. bury  D. end
Pick nouns from the given questions 16-17.

16. The hatred between them started along time ago.
   A. started
   B. between
   C. hatred
   D. them

17. The height of the building was scaring.
   A. height
   B. was
   C. scaring
   D. the

Fill in the blank spaces with the best preposition in question 18-19.

18. Most patients die _______ lack of urgent treatment.
   A. by
   B. with
   C. of
   D. for

19. The children were afraid _______ the lion.
   A. because
   B. of
   C. for
   D. with

20. Mona has not done her homework, _______?
   A. she hasn’t
   B. hasn’t she
   C. has she
   D. is it

Choose the opposite of the underlined word.

21. Mr Owino bought his son a very _______ watch.
   A. cheap
   B. dear
   C. valuable
   D. costly

22. Many people are _______ second hand cars
   A. buying
   B. repairing
   C. importing
   D. selling

For questions 23-24, give a word that means the same as the underlined words.

23. My father has gone to the man who fixes water pipes.
   A. mason
   B. plumber

24. Hassan wants to become one who rides horses in races.
   A. athlete
   B. cowboy
   C. pilot
   D. jockey.

In question 25-27 give a word similar to the underlined.

25. The chef cooked a very delicious food.
   A. spiced
   B. tasty
   C. plenty
   D. hot

26. Cherono was delighted to pass her exams.
   A. eager
   B. happy
   C. proud
   D. congratulated

27. Those flowers are very _______.
   A. large
   B. sweet smelling
   C. beautiful
   D. coloured

What sound do these animals make?

28. Our dog _______ when it saw a stranger.
   A. granted
   B. neighed
   C. brayed
   D. barked

29. The bull _______ all night.
   A. bellows
   B. trumpets
   C. bleats
   D. billows

30. Becky _______ like a rabbit as she laughs.
   A. hisses
   B. hoots
   C. roars
   D. squeals
Read the passage below and answer questions 31-40.

The Takwa ruins are situated South of Manda Island in Lamu County. Takwa was founded around 1950. It was later abandoned in 1970. The inhabitants of Takwa settled at Shela on Lamu Island. The ruins consist of an ancient town that was abandoned mid this century. The ruins were first excavated by James Kirkman in 1971.

The Great Mosques at Takwa is well preserved and another important structure is the date 1956-1960. Twice a year, the people from Shela in Lamu visit the Pillar Tomb to pray for rain. The Takwa Ruins were designated at Kenya National Monument in 1982.

31. Where is Takwa Ruins found?
   A. North of Lamu County
   B. South of Lamu County
   C. North of Manda Island
   D. South of Manda Island

32. To abandon is to
   A. leave a place
   B. live at a place
   C. build a place
   D. decorate a place

33. Inhabitants are
   A. visitos to a place
   B. people who live in a place
   C. tourists
   D. terrorists

34. Where did the first people live?
   A. at Manda
   B. On an Island
   C. at Shela
   D. South of Lamu

35. The town that was abandoned
   A. is very modern
   B. is very old
   C. is very big
   D. is very small

36. How old was Takwa before it was abandoned?
   A. 20 years

37. The people of Takwa were
   A. Christians
   B. Hindus
   C. Moslims
   D. Pagans

38. How often do Shela people visit the Pillar Tomb?
   A. once every two years
   B. yearly
   C. in June and December
   D. two times in a year

39. To the Shela people the Pillar Tomb is a
   A. cursed place
   B. sacred place
   C. haunted place
   D. disrespected place

40. A good title for this story is
   A. The Takwa Ruins
   B. Manda Island
   C. Lamu County
   D. Pillar Tomb
Read the passage below and then answer questions 41-50.

Yesterday a young man called Danson came to see me. He had a stomachache that would not go away. His stomach especially hurt when he woke up. The thought of eating would make him feel sick. For breakfast, he managed only juice, while lunch time was a few cups of coffee and something very light. He also had nausea and cramping. He had no energy. In the evening, he barely ate, since his appetite was very poor.

Strangely, he would become alert between 10 and 11 pm, alert enough to get a fair amount of work done. Danson would then sleep around mid-night and wake up dog-tired. He suspected that his problem had something to do with poor digestion. He was rather surprised when I told him what he had described were symptoms related to stress.

41. The man Danson visited could be a
   A. friend
   B. work-mate
   C. doctor
   D. cook

42. The thought of eating made him sick because
   A. he did not feel like eating
   B. the food was no good
   C. it was early in the morning
   D. he had just woken up

43. What could the young man have eaten for lunch?
   A. Ugali cabbages
   B. Chapati, beef, stew
   C. Chicken, chips
   D. A samosa

44. When one has nausea, he/she feels
   A. hungry
   B. to vomit
   C. satisfied
   D. tired

45. He barely ate.............
   The word barely is a /an
   A. Noun
   B. Adverb
   C. Adjective
   D. Verb

46. At what time is Danson alert?
   A. In the morning
   B. In the afternoon
   C. Late in the evening
   D. At mid-night

47. To be dog tired is to be
   A. very tired
   B. not very tired
   C. fierce like a dog
   D. as faithful as a dog

48. The main problem with Danson is
   A. food poisoning
   B. poor digestion
   C. poor appetite
   D. stress

49. The word symptoms means
   A. problems
   B. cause
   C. result
   D. signs

50. The passage mainly talks about
   A. Education
   B. Family life
   C. Health
   D. Security
1. Tooth cavities are caused by
   A. plague  B. teeth sensitivity
   C. bleeding gums  D. acid

2. Which of the words in the intials AIDS is NOT correctly matched with its meaning?
   A. Acquired  get from
   B. Immune lack of
   C. Deficienc lack of
   D. Syndrome many signs

3. Which one of the following is NOT an oil crop?
   A. Cotton  B. Sunflower
   C. Coconut  D. Palm tree

4. The weed illustrated below is called
   ![Weed Image]
   A. sodom apple  B. oxalis
   C. thorn apple  D. mexican marigold

5. Which pair of teeth have similar function?
   A. Molars and premolars
   B. Canines and incisors
   C. Premolars and incisors
   D. Incisors and molars

6. Which animal is kept for meat and eggs
   A. Hen  B. Sheep
   C. Cattle  D. Goats

7. One of the following is NOT a characteristic of animals. Which one is it?
   A. They die  B. They remove waste
   C. They transpire  D. They all move

8. Which of the following is NOT a requirement for good health?
   A. Medical care  B. Exercises
   C. Food  D. Bathing

9. Which one is NOT a recreational use of water?
   A. Boat racing  B. Swimming
   C. Moving good across a lake  D. Surfing

10. Goats are reared for
    A. Mohair and milk  B. Milk and wool
    C. Wool and mutton  D. Mutton and beef

11. Which of the following animals is CORRECTLY?
    Animal          The food it eats
    A. Tick          Decaying matter
    B. Rat           Nectar
    C. Butterfly     Grains
    D. Spider        Insects
12. The clouds which are dark grey in colour and are found low in the sky
   A. are also dark grey in colour
   B. have a flat base
   C. form high in the sky
   D. look like bundles of cotton wool

13. A human being develops _____ sets of teeth
   A. 2           B. 20
   C. 32          D. 8

14. Food remains between the teeth produces a harmful substance called
   A. acid        B. plague
   C. gingivitis  D. HIV

15. The tooth drawn below is used for
   [Diagram of tooth]
   A. tearing     B. grinding
   C. biting      D. cutting

16. On farms, fish are kept in
   A. tanks       B. ponds
   C. lakes       D. rivers

17. Substances found in foods which help to keep the body healthy are called
   A. nutrition   B. diet
   C. meal        D. nutrients

18. Kiliku carried chapati and beef for lunch. Which one of the following would he include to make his meal balanced?
   A. Ugali       B. Rice
   C. Fish        D. Ripe banana

19. Light is NOT useful in
   A. seeing clearly
   B. ironing
   C. photography
   D. safety

20. Which of the following foods is a source of energy?
   A. Kales       B. Termites
   C. Yarns       D. Oranges

21. Which one of the following is NOT a group of cash crop?
   A. Oil crop    B. Fibre crop
   C. Cereal crop D. Beverage crop

22. Which one of the following is NOT an artificial source of light
   [Diagram of different light sources]
   A.                        B.                        C.                        D.                        

23. Which one of the animals below does NOT move by flying?
   A. Bee          B. Mosquito
   C. Ostrich      D. Bat

24. Which one of the following CANNOT be used to clean teeth?
   A. Warm water
   B. Tooth paste
   C. Chewed stick
   D. Sugary water

25. Which one of the following is NOT a component of
26. The soil with very fine particles is
   A. silt    B. clay
   C. sand    D. loam

27. The flesh that holds the teeth is known as
   A. gum     B. jaw bone
   C. crown   D. root

28. A meal that contains the three groups of food is said to be
   A. balanced B. sweet
   C. nutritious D. healthy

29. The udder of the dairy goats should be
   A. small    B. short
   C. large    D. long

30. Which component of soil is investigated by adding water to a sample of soil?
   A. Water    B. Humus
   C. Minerals D. Air

31. Washing, cleaning and drinking are all uses of water
   A. in industries B. at home
   C. for recreation D. on the farm

32. The teeth that grow to replace the deciduous teeth are called _____ teeth

33. Weeds should be
   A. allowed to grow in the field
   B. planted with the crops
   C. removed from the farms
   D. watered to grow faster

34. The animal below moves by
   A. hopping B. flying
   C. swimming D. galloping

35. Which one is a natural way of lighting a house?
   Use of
   A. doors B. windows
   C. candles D. lamps

36. The LEAST effective method of controlling weeds is
   A. digging out B. use of chemicals
   C. uprooting D. slashing

37. Which one is NOT a group of food in a diet?
   A. Protective foods
   B. Body building foods
   C. Carbohydrates
   D. Cereals

38. Which instrument produces sound by plucking?
39. Which one of the following animals is found at home?
   A. Crocodile  B. Ostrich
   C. Giraffe  D. Donkey

40. Which of the following is a product of fibre crops?
   A. Papers  B. Baskets
   C. Pencils  D. Plates

41. Which organ is a sense of touch?
   A. Skin  B. Tongue
   C. Tear  D. Eye

42. The diagram below represents an experiment done to investigate an aspect of water:

```
A  B  C  D
--- --- --- ---
   ---
   ---
   ---
   ---
```

Which hole threw water the farthest?
   A. D  B. A
   C. B  D. C

43. A std 2 pupil is LIKELY to have _____ molars
   A. 12  B. 6
   C. 4  D. 0

44. A spider has ___ pairs of legs
   A. 4  B. 8
   C. 3  D. 6

45. Which one of the following is a sinker?
   A. Feather  B. Dry stick
   C. Coin  D. Paper

46. The plant below is grouped as _____ crop

```
   A  B  C  D
   --- --- --- ---
```

A. oil  B. tuber
   C. fibre  D. fruit

47. Which type of teeth are the wisdom teeth?
   A. Molars  B. Incisors
   C. Canines  D. Premolars

48. Clouds are NOT grouped according to their
   A. height  B. weight
   C. appearance  D. shape

49. Which one of the following is NOT a legume?
   A. Bean  B. Coffee
   C. Pease  D. Green grams

50. Water is NOT stored in _____
   A. Pots  B. Buckets
   C. Pipes  D. Tanks

   SCIENCE - 08/4/15
Use the map of Kigumo area to answer questions 1-7.

1. What is the direction of the quarry from the sheep farm?
   A. North East  B. South East
   C. North West  D. South West

2. The religion practiced in Makuto area is
   A. Islam    B. Christianity
   C. Hinduism D. Paganism

3. How many bridges are there in Makuto area?
   A. one  B. two
   C. three D. four

4. Makuto area has
   A. one location  B. two locations
   C. three locations  D. four locations

5. The MOST common means of transport in Makuto area is
   A. road  B. railway station
   C. water  D. air

6. The main food crop in Makuto area is
   A. rice  B. maize  C. Sorghum  D. Millet

7. Which one of the following is a physical feature in Makuto area?
   A. road  B. maize
   C. hill  D. bridge

Use the diagram below to answer questions 8 and 9

8. The above diagram represents a weather instrument called
   A. raingauge  B. windvane
   C. windsock  D. thermometer

9. The weather element measured with the above instrument is
10. The type of vegetation found along the river valley in our country are called
A. Mangrove    B. Weeds
C. Riverine    D. Water lily

11. The buying and selling of goods and services is known as
A. Trade   B. Market
C. Communication    D. Customs

12. The colour of our National flag that stand for economic activity in our country is
A. red    B. black
C. white    D. green

13. Rivers in our country which flow throughout the year are called
A. seasonal rivers    B. permanent rivers
C. temporary rivers    D. ever there rivers

14. The head of a location is the
A. Senator    B. Governor
C. Member of county assembly    D. Chief

15. The large farms where beef animals are kept are called
A. Bomas    B. Ranches
C. Zero grazing   D. Paddocks

16. Which one of the following is not a product from trees?
A. charcoal    B. furniture
C. medicine    D. ceramics

17. The four cardinal points of a compass do not include
A. North West    B. East
C. South    D. North

18. The direction that the needle of a compass always point is
A. South    B. North
C. East    D. West

19. Savanna vegetation is also called
A. desert vegetation    B. forest vegetation
C. scrub vegetation    D. grassland vegetation

20. Which one of the following is not a traditional industry?
A. weaving    B. pottery
C. iron working    D. printing

21. Which one of the following was not done by girls in traditional society?
A. fetching water    B. collecting firewood
C. cooking   D. raiding neighbours

22. Doctors who make medicine from vegetation are
A. Vegetarians    B. Herbalists
C. Midwives   D. Diviners

23. A skill taught through apprenticeship was
A. crops growing    B. Medicine
C. Hunting   D. Herding

24. The vegetation that grows on its own is called
A. human made vegetation    B. planted vegetation
C. natural vegetation    D. artificial vegetation

25. The young ones of a fish are known as
A. fingerlings    B. chicks
C. piglets    D. puppies

26. Geese, chickens and ducks are called
A. poultry    B. beef
C. dairy    D. birds

27. Several constituencies make up
A. locations    B. wards
C. counties    D. sub-locations

28. The sun sets in the
A. East    B. West
C. North    D. South

29. A bad moral includes
A. honesty    B. obedience
C. trust    D. selfishness

Use the diagram to answer questions 30 and 31

30. The liquid used in the above instrument is
A. kerosine    B. mercury
C. water    D. petrol

31. The above instrument is used in units called
A. degress celsius    B. millilitres
C. litres    D. centimeters

32. Which one of the following is not an example of a physical feature?
A. hill    B. plains
C. dam    D. river

33. The word weather means
A. the height above sea level    B. the daily changes of the atmosphere
C. the hotness of a place    D. the sunshine in a place

34. Which one of the following is not an example of a livestock product?
A. milk    B. beef
C. silk    D. mutton

35. Which one of the following is a soft wood tree?
A. Ceder    B. Mahogany
C. Mvule    D. Camphor

36. Birds kept for eggs are called
A. broilers    B. layers
C. coupon    D. locals

37. The direction between West and North is called
A. West North    B. North West
C. South West    D. North East

38. Which one of the following words means people's way of life?
A. democracy    B. clan
39. Which one of the following is a traditional means of transport?
A. air  B. road  C. road  D. water

40. The destruction of forests is known as
A. poaching  B. afforestation  C. deforestation  D. desertification

41. The ceremony young people went through before becoming adults was
A. wedding  B. naming  C. initiation  D. marriage

42. In traditional society the youth were mainly taught by
A. relatives  B. warriors  C. elders  D. special teachers

43. Which one of the following can not use road transport?
A. carts  B. cars  C. bicycles  D. dhows

44. Wild animals and plants are found in a special place called
A. Game parks  B. Museums  C. Orphanages  D. Forests

45. Crops grown for sale are known as
A. food crops  B. subsistence crops  C. cash crops  D. fibre crops

46. A society with law and order has
A. law breakers  B. peace  C. disputes  D. conflicts

47. People walking along the road are known as
A. pedestrians  B. passengers  C. police  D. thieves

48. Which one of the following is not an example of a drainage feature?
A. lake  B. spring  C. ocean  D. hill

49. Area with a few people are said to be
A. highly populated  B. densely populated  C. sparsely populated  D. thinly populated

50. Our National flag has colours
A. One  B. Two  C. Three  D. Four

51. On which day do Kenyans celebrate Mashujaa day?
A. 1st June  B. 10th October  C. 20th October  D. 12th December

52. The coldness or hotness of a given place is referred to as its
A. latitude  B. altitude  C. plateau  D. temperature

53. Which one of the following is an importance of fishing?
It
A. leads to poverty  B. is a source of minerals  C. a source of proteins  D. provides mutton to the people

54. Which one of the following is not a language group?
A. Nilotes  B. Maasai  C. Cushites  D. Bantu

55. A river ends at a place called
A. Highland  B. Source  C. Mouth  D. Valley

56. In our county most people travel using
A. railway  B. road  C. air  D. horses

57. In the traditional society the youth learnt at
A. school  B. church  C. shrines  D. home

58. A member of parliament represents an area known as
A. sublocation  B. constituency  C. ward  D. county

59. Which one of the following is used to move the metal indicator of the thermometer back to its original position?
A. magnet  B. glass  C. water  D. mercury

60. The common trees in savanna vegetation is
A. Ceder  B. Acacia  C. Water lily  D. Papyrus

C.R.E.

61. Day and night was created by God on _____ day
A. 1st  B. 2nd  C. 3rd  D. 4th

62. “It must be a ghost” On which of the following occasions did the disciples of Jesus think that He was a ghost
A. when He resurrected from the dead  B. when He walked on water  C. when He raised Lazarus from the dead  D. when He fed five thousand people

63. ________ and ________ were the sons of Zebedee
A. Levi and John  B. John and James  C. Mathew and James  D. Isaac and John

64. During the times of Noah there was rain for _____ days and nights
A. Forty  B. Four hundred  C. Four  D. Fifty

65. Moses was given the ten commandments at Mount
A. Morriah  B. Sinai  C. Olives  D. Kenya

66. Who among the following made the correct choice
A. Adam  B. Eve  C. Cain  D. Ruth
67. Who among the following was the first king of Israel?
A. David  
B. Solomon  
C. Saul  
D. Herod

68. All the following people did not help Jesus to carry the cross except
A. Judas  
B. Peter  
C. Simon of Cyrene  
D. John the Baptist

69. Jesus was crucified outside Jerusalem at a place called
A. Golgotha  
B. Bethany  
C. Gethsemane  
D. Olives

70. During Easter, what do Christians remember?
A. the birth of Jesus  
B. the death of Jesus  
C. the ascension of Jesus  
D. the anointing of Jesus

71. Jesus is our saviour. He saved us by
A. walking on water  
B. calming the storm  
C. eating with sinners  
D. dying on the cross

72. The following are services carried out at home. Which one is not?
A. washing clothes  
B. arranging books  
C. baby sitting  
D. carrying books to the staff room

73. Jethro was the father in law of
A. Aaron  
B. Levi  
C. Moses  
D. Abraham

74. A group of people who believe in Jesus and follow his teaching is called
A. an audience  
B. a team of champions  
C. a Christian community  
D. a troop of Christians

75. A good leader should not be
A. selfish  
B. honest  
C. humble  
D. kind

76. According to 1 Peter 2:21 when serving others we should be ready to
A. celebrate  
B. suffer  
C. travel  
D. pray

77. Levi was a
A. christ priest  
B. banker  
C. tax collector  
D. burglar

78. A man who was attacked by robbers and beaten badly was helped by a good
A. priest  
B. samaritan  
C. gentile  
D. levite

79. Agikuyu call their God
A. Ngai  
B. Were  
C. Enkai  
D. Mulungu

80. Jesus grew up in
A. Bethlehem  
B. Jerusalem  
C. Nazareth  
D. Bethsaida

81. Adam and Eve lost the gift of the everlasting life when
A. they ate the fruits  
B. they were cheated the snake  
C. they disobeys God  
D. they realised they are naked

82. Who among the following Kings of Israel is regarded as the wisest?
A. David  
B. Solomon  
C. Ahab  
D. Saul

83. Who said these words: "Your people will be my people and your God will be my God"?
A. Naomi  
B. Elimelech  
C. Ruth  
D. Orpah

84. Moses made three of the following excuses to God except one. Which one?
A. He was not a good speaker  
B. He lacked authority  
C. He had killed an Egyptian  
D. He said that the people were willing to listen to him

85. Who among the following started serving God at an early age?
A. Abraham  
B. Jonathan  
C. Samuel  
D. Solomon

86. Which is the second book of the Old Testament
A. Exodus  
B. Mark  
C. Genesis  
D. Mathew

87. Who among the following was not a disciple of Jesus?
A. Peter  
B. Philip  
C. James  
D. Joseph

88. When Jesus calmed the storm he showed His power over
A. death  
B. water  
C. nature  
D. environment

89. We are required to     those who wrong us
A. neglect  
B. jail  
C. forgive  
D. abuse

90. Mr John is a manager of a school in the city. He is rude, abusive, cruel and dishonest. He is a leader
A. kind  
B. good  
C. bad  
D. loved
Write an interesting story about:

A JOURNEY I ENJOYED MOST
Andika insha ya kupendeza juu ya:

**SIKU NILIYOKUWA NA FURAHA SANA**
### STEGA SERIES - STD 4
### MARKING SCHEME 2015

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### A COMPOSITION MARKING SCHEME

#### MARKING CRITERION
1. The composition will be assessed according to the following guidelines.
   - The maximum mark will be 40 and the minimum (mark 0)
   - Does the script show that the candidate can communicate accurately, fluently and imaginatively in English?

### Accuracy (8 marks)
- a) Correct tenses and agreement of verbs (4 marks)
- b) Accurate use of vocabulary (4 marks)

### Fluency (8 marks)
- a) Words in the correct order (4 marks)
- b) Sentence connection and paragraphs (4 marks)
- c) Correct spelling (4 marks)
- d) Ideas developed in logical sequence (4 marks)

### Imagination (8 marks)
- a) Unusual but appropriate use of words and phrases (4 marks)
- b) Variety of structure (4 marks)

**NB:** Please, teachers are requested to scrutinize this marking scheme before use, it is worth

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**S/SERIES 08 MARKING SCHEME 4/2015**