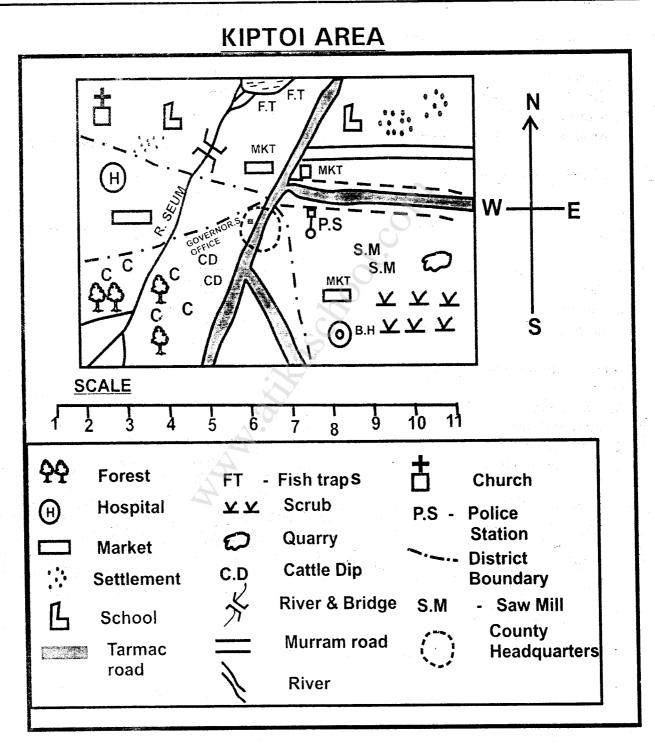
GATUNDU SUB-COUNTY EXAMINATION STANDARD SIX TERM III - 2015 SOCIAL STUDIES & CRE

Time: 2 hours 15 minutes



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	,			
Use the map of Kiptoi a	rea to answer		ntries without direc	
questions 1 - 7		the	sea are known as	
1. What is the length of	f the tarmac road	i ·	nland countries	
from the junction at	the market to	В.	_andlocked countrie:	S
the eastern side?		C. I	Mainland countries	
A. 10km	B. 7km	D. I	Hinterland	
C. 12km	D. 14km	-		
		10.	Longitudes affect	
2. The highest point in	Kiptoi area is	,		
		Α.	Rainfall	
A. Around the fores	t .	В.	Temperature	
B. On the South Eas		C. (Climate	
C. Around the fish t		D.	Time	
D. Around the Coun				
D. Albana the coan	cy moduquement	11.	The below feature is	s known as
3. The head of Kiptoi a	rea is			
3. The head of Riptor a				WARM
A. D.O	B. Governor		A	
C. Chief	D. D.C			
C. Chief	D. D.C		wint	
4. Which is the main e	aanamia aativity		SEA	LAND
	Conomic activity			
in Kiptoi area?	B. mining	A.	Land breeze	
	_		Sea breeze	
C. trading	D. fishing	B.	Convectional rainfa	all
	et of a same in tilentes (<u>.</u>	*	a!!
5. The climate around	the forest is likely	D.	Relief rainfall	
to be	_ XY	10	Block mountains are	oleo known as
A. Hot & dry	.0	12.	DIOCK HIOUHTains are	aiso known as
B. cool and wet	4.			
C. hot and wet		1.	Horst mountains	
D. cool and warm		3	Iselbergs	
	3	1	Fold mountains	egiler -
6. The type of settlem		D.	Volcanic mountains	5
Eastern side of the	map is referred to			•
as	•	[anzania was granted	
A. Linear	B. Nucleated	1	dependence by	
C. Even	D. Sparse	1	Britain	B. Germany
		C.	League of Nations	D. Italy
River Seum flows f	rom			
A. North East to So		14. V	Vho is the head of c	ourt system in
B. South East to N	orth West	K	Cenya?	
C. South West to	North East	A	. Attorney General	
D. South East to North East		В	Chief Justice	
		C	Inspector General	
8. The smallest count	try in Eastern	D	. President	
Africa is	•			
A. Uganda	B. Djibouti	15.	In Kenya, a presid	ent can serve
C. Eritrea	D. Burundi	fo	or a maximum of	•
_				

B. 5 years

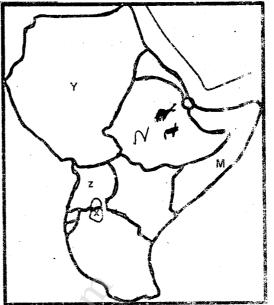
WARM AIR

A. Ten years

C. 15 years	D. 20 years	B. five years C. fifteen years	
16. The Rift Valley waresult of	as formed as a	D. twenty years	
A. Sinking and upl	iftina	23. The earth has a total	o f
B. Faulting and sir			
C. Folding	9	to the north,	ees of latitudes
D. Raising and sin	kina	A. 180°	D 000
D. Halong and only	Kirig		B. 90 ⁰
17. Which one of the	ne following is an	C. 360°	D. $22\frac{10}{2}$
ox-bow lake?	Te TOHOWING IS ALL		
A. Utange	B. Chala	24. Onyango, his father a	nd his
C. Victoria	D. Tana	would belong to the s	ame clan.
G. Victoria	D. Talla	A. Mother	
18. The Falasha bel		B. Grandmother	
18. The Falasha bel	long to	C. Wife	
A Cushitia anaska		D. Sister	
A. Cushitic speake			
B. Bantu speakers		25. The leading county in	màize
C. Nilotic speakers		production in Kenya is	
D. Semitic speaker	' S	A. Trans Nzoia	
40			D. Narok
	llowing statements		D. HUIOK
is false?		26. In Kenya, we have	
A. Uganda is a lan		superior courts.	
B. Kenya was a Br	•	A. 4 B. 5 C.	3 D. 1
C. The capital city	of Eritrea is	A. 4 B. 5 C.	э Б. I
Asmara		27. The main reason why	+h =
D. Lake Shakababo	o is a crater lake.	1	
	.0	colonialists came to c	olonize Eastern
20. Below are chara	acteristics of a		
certain vegetation	zone in Eastern	A. To spread Christian	ity
Africa.	42	B. To stop slave trade	
(i) Contains this	ck forests mainly	C. To develop Eastern	Africa
made of hard		D. To acquire wealth.	•
(ii) The forest fl	oor has scanty		
vegetation	,	28. Who represents the co	ounty in the
The vegetation zon	e is likely to be	national Assembly?	
	, to 20		
A. Equatorial	B. Savanna	A. M.P	
C. Desert	D. Mountain	B. County representati	
	D. Wodiftain	C. Women representat	ive
21. The height abov	re sea leval is	D. Senator	
known as	C 36d level is		• •
A. Latitude	B. Altitude	29. Which community had	l its first
C. see breeze		dispersal point at Paky	
O. GOO DIGGZE	D. land breeze		
22. In Kenva, censu	in in norrical and	A. River lake Nilotes	
22. In Kenya, censu after every	JUO DEITIEU CI C	B. Bantus	
A. Ten years	•	C. Cushites	••
A. ICH YEARS		D. Semites	

30. Lake the Rift Valley.	is not part of
A.Natron	B. Eyasi
,	•
C. Turkana	D. Kyoga
31. Manufacturing indus	stries are also
known as	the alternation of
A.Tertiary	B. Processing
C. Secondary	D. service
32. Mountain vegetation	n mainly depends
on	
A.Altitude	B. Latitude
C. Climate	D. longitude
33. Who was the firs	t explorer in
Eastern Africa was	
A. Vasco da Gama	•
B. Karl Peters	
C. David Livingstone	a
D. Ludwig Krapf	,
D. Ludwig Kiapi	
34. The head of the a	army in Buganda
Kingdom was called	
A. Gabuga	B. Muyasi
C. Lukiko	D. Katikiro
35. Harar and Kaffa a	are coffee
growing areas in	are correct
0 0	B. Uganda
•	D. Ethiopia
C. Tanzania	U. Ethiopia
36. Which of the follow	ving statements is
not true about the	
chiefdom?	
A. Mirambo was o	one of the popular
chiefs	
B. Kikoma was th	e information
officer	•
C. Minule was the	tax collector
D. Wanyamphala	
27 Trodo botugan tur	n countries is
37. Trade between two	J COUNTRIES 15
known as	
A. Bilateral trade	-J -
B. Multilateral tra	ae
C. Barter trade	

Ùse	the	map	below	to	answer	questions
38 -	- 43	}				
				7		



38. The lake marked x is known as

A. L. Victoria	B. L. Kycga
C. L. Tanganyika	D. L. Natron
)	

39.	The county marked	Y was colonized
	by	
	A. Germany	B. Italy
	C. British	D. Spair

40. The country marked Z got independence in the year

1463 3. 2011
). 2014 1964

41. The country marked M had colonial masters

A. 3 B. 4 C. 2 D. 4

42. The official language of the country marked M is

A. English
C. Arabic
B. Islamic
D. Amharic

43. Who was the head of German East African Company?

A. Carl Peters

B. William Mackinon

C. Seyyid Said

D. Vasco da Gama

D. International trade

44. Which of these is NOT a county in Kenya?			52. Which crop requires a gentle sloping land for use by machines known as			
A. Stareh	B. Nairobi		combine harveste			
C. Wajir	D. Mombasa		A. Sisal	the state of the s		
			C. Coffee	D. wheat		
45. The capital city of	f Southern					
Sudan is		53	. The most widespr	read means of		
A. Juba	B. Rancid		transport is			
C. Asmara			A. Road	B. rail		
C. Asiliala	D. Djibouti			D. Water		
46. Relief rainfall is al	so known		C. all	D. Water		
	30 KHOWH	54	. Which of the follo	wing rivers form a		
A. Orographic	P. Cyalania	34,	boundary betweei			
= -	•					
C. Convectional	D. Irontai		A. R. Ruvuma			
47 T			C. R. Yala	D. H. H ufiji		
47. The main role of .	Judiciary is to					
•		55	. Growing of fruits	is known as		
A. Implement laws				•		
B. Interprete laws			A. Floriculture			
C. Make policies	•		B. Horticulture			
D. Arrest criminals			C. Aquaculture			
			D. Viticulture			
48. Who is the head	of the legal					
system in Kenya?		56	. Which of the follo	wing countries has		
A. Chief Justice			no railway netwo	rk?		
B. Attorney General			A. Kenya			
C. Cabinet Secretary			B. Somalia	•		
D. Speaker	X		C. Tanzania			
	.0		D. Uganda			
49. Who is the most	senior civil		·			
servant in a ministry		57	Usambara and Pa	re are examples of		
A. Cabinet secretary				ountains.		
B. Principal secretar			A. Volcanic	, (1) (1)		
C. Clerk			B. fold	and the second second		
D. Minister		,	C. residual			
D. Willister			D. Block			
50. The third vice president	dent of Konya		D. BIOCK			
50. The third vice president	Jent of Kenya	E0	la Kanya fara fa	raianar ta avalify		
Was	···	30	. In Kenya, for a fo			
A. Oginga Odinga				itizen, he/she must		
B. Mwai Kibaki			have stayed in Ke	enya for		
C. George Saitori			years.			
D. Daniel Moi			A. 8 B. 7	C. 10 D. 5		
51. A feeling of love the		59		tional Assembly has		
towards his/her cou	intry is known as		a total of	members.		
			A. 290	B. 470		
A. Patriotism	B. Loyalty	ľ	C. 350	D. 68		
C domocracy	Dohodioneo	}				

similarity between Julius Nyerere and Jomo Kenyatta? D. At one time, they were Prime A. They were both chief ministers. Ministers B. Both of them resisted the same colonial master CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION 61. Human beings have authority from C. Seven loaves and few fish God to do all the following D. Two fish and two loaves except A. Use the plants and animals for 67. Jacob had a brother food. called B. Control everything in nature A. Esau B. Laban responsibly C. Enoch D. Isaac 68. _____ is also regarded as a C. Make medicine from plants D. Use plants and animals wrongly helper according to Christians. A.Pastor B. Bishop 62. According to the Agikuyu, the first C. Church leaders D. Holy Spirit man was called A.Ngai B. Gikuyu 69. Lazarus stayed in the grave for C. Mumbi D. Kirinyaga days. A.4 B. 3 63. Work that requires physical energy is C. 2 D. 1 reffered to as A. Hard work 70. When one believes in Jesus Christ, B. Manual work he/she is guaranteed of C. Struggling job life. D. Difficult job A. Eternal B. long 64. Christians were first called C. good Christians at a place called D. better A. Antioch 71. The best friend of God was B. Jerusalem C. Gethsemane A. Abraham D. Galilee B. Isaac C. Jacob 65. Lazarus was the brother to Mary and D. Moses A.Martha B. Naomi 72. Who said faith without action is C. Leah D. Rachel dead? A.Joel 66. Jesus fed 4000 people using B. Paul C. Peter A. 4 fish and few loaves D. James B. 5 loaves and few fish

C. They both established Ujamaa

60. Which one of the following is a

73. Who was the most beloved disciple	C. Wisdom
of Jesus?	D. Speaking in tongues
A.Peter	
B. John	90 The only historical healt in the New
C. Andrew	80. The only historical book in the New
	Testament is
D. Judas	A. Romans
	B. Acts
74. Judas was replaced by	C. Mathew
A.Mathias	D. Revelation
B. Simon	
C. Phillip	81. The shortest verse in the Bible is
D. John	
5. 55111	found in the book of
TE NOOK 1 1 C	A. James
75. NCCK stands for	B. John
 A. National Christian Churches of 	C. Acts
Kenya	D. Luke
B. National Churches of Christians	
of Kenya	82. Which one of the following does not
C. National Centres of Churches of	describe eternal life?
Kenya	
D. National Council of Churches of	A.Everlasting life
	B. Life without an end
Kenya	C. Life with a beginning
	D.Life with an end
76. The ability to analyze the	O'
circumstances we find ourselves in	83. The first four books in the New
and make a judgement is called	Testament are known as
	A. Gospels
A. Assertiveness	B. Historical Books
B. Critical thinking	C. Books of law
C. decision making	
D.creative thinking	D. Epistles
D. Creative thinking	
	84. The fourth Commandment is
77. Eucharist is also known as	observed by some Christians on
A. Lord's Table B. Magnificant	A. Sunday
C. Passover D. holy bread	B. Monday
	C. Easter
78. A tenth of a person's income given	D. Christmas
to God is called .	D. Offistifias
A. offering	OF MAINTENANCE OF THE STATE OF
	85. Which one of the following disciples
B. tithe	was a brother to
C. gift	James?
D. reward	A. John
	B. Andrew
79. Which one of the following is not a	C. Judas
gift of the holy spirit?	D. Mathias
A. Faith	D. Matrias
B. Faithfulness	
ม. เดเนแนแเอง	P .

- 86. Peter and John met a lame man who used to beg at the beautiful gate in
 - A. Bethany
 - B. Canaan
 - C. Jerusalem
 - D. Bethlehem
- 87. According to the Bukusu creation story, God created two assistants called Mukobe and
 - A. Sela
 - B. Were Khakaba
 - C. Mwambu
 - D. Murumwa
- 88. John is a boy in your class. You have realized that he smokes a cigarette. Which is the best action to take?
 - A. Abandon him as your friend
 - B. Report him to the parents

- C. Report him to the teacher
- Advice him on the dangers of smoking
- 89. Your classmate cheats during examination period. Which is the best step to take?
 - A. Report him to the teacher
 - B. Report the matter to the police
 - C. Ask him to show you the answers as well.
 - D. Remain silent and don't take any action
- 90. A particular quality in someone's character is known as
 - A. Character trait
 - B. Vice
 - C. Virtue
 - D. A moral value

GATUNDU SUB-COUNTY EXAMINATION STANDARD SIX TERM III - 2015

KISWAHILI

Muda: Saa 1 dakika 40

Chagua jibu sahibi kijaza pengo 1 – 15					
Bwana Bwata aliwasili 1 2 kulipokucha akiwa tayari 3 meli iendayo mbita. Alikuwa na samaki 4 , 5					
	ayo mbita. Alikuwa n	a samaki4			
aliwanunua 6	awapelekee	/, ndugu na ra	10 aliitoma		
wanaoishi lwandaromb	o ilipowadia saa	9 kamili	10 anno		
s 11 ya mel	i na ziara ikapamba m	ioto. Siku ilikuwa _	12 Salia,		
kwani 13 y		4 . Chombo	15		
kilikuwa kikiyumba juu	ya maji.		_		
A	В	С	D		
1. Pwani	puwani	puani	bwani		
2. alasiri	alifajiri	alf a jiri	alufajiri		
Kuharibi	kuabiri	kuabiria	kuhubir		
4. Wengi	mingi	nyingi	wingi		
5. ambaye	ambao	ambazo	ambayo		
6. ili	hili	ndiyo	ila		
7. jamii	jamaa	ukoo	koo		
8. yake	wao	wake	zake		
9. moja	saba	nane	tisa		
10.Hasubui	hasubuhi	asubuhi	asubui		
11.ndani	nje	juu	chini		
12.mbaya	baya	zuri	jema		
13.upepo	maji	mawingu	mawimbi		
14.kubwa	mikubwa	makubwa 	ndefundefu		
15.hicho	hiyo	hio	hilo		
Tumia maagizo uliopewa	a kujibu swali 16- 30	19. Mtu akiami	ua ni bora		
16. Lipi ni tofauti?		·	na maji.		
A. nyusi	B. sharafa	A. kula, ale,			
C. kope	D. manyoya	B. kukula, a	kule, akunywe		
		C. kukula, a	kule, anywe		
17. Nyani haoni		D. kula, ale,	, anywe		
A. kudule	B. kundule				
C. kondole	D. kodole	20. Ondoa ami	oa katika sentensi ifuatayo		
o. Korraoio		Maii ambay	o yalimwagika ni yangu		
18. Kamilisha: mwizi	alifungwa kwa	A maii amb	payo yalimwagika ni yangu		
sababu ya	wake.		imwagika ni yang u		
	B. umwizi		yomwagika ni yangu		
A. uwizi			omwagika ni yangu		
C. wizi	D. uizi	ט. maji myc	Allivagika ili yaligu		

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21. Kiti kidogo cha miguu	mitatu
huitwa? A. kinyago	B. kigonda
C. kibogo	D. matakia
22. Barabara hii ina vumb)i
sana.	
A. mwingi	B. nyingi
C. jingi	D. lingi
23. Umbo hili ni?	
‡ = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	
A. mche mstatili	B. mstatili
C. mraba	D. sanduku
24. Mwanafunzi	ndiye
alianguka uwanjani.	
A. wasita	B. sita
C. wa sita	D. msita
25. Andika wingi : ua wa	ingu umerika

- kwenye soko lile
 - A. maua yetu yamefika kwenye masoko yale
 - B. maua yangu yamefika kweye masoko yale
 - C. nyua zangu zimefika kwenye soko

- D. ngua zetu zimefika kwenye masoko yale
- 26. Andika kwa maneno: 767,003
 - A, elfu saba sitini na saba na tatu
 - B. mia saba sitini na saba elfu na tatu
 - C. laki saba mia sita elfu na saba na tatu
 - D. elfu mia saba sitini na saba elfu na tatu

27. T	umia	kiunganishi	kifaacho:	John
ame		• -	hajapata	shule
A. il	a		B. mbon	а
C. b	ado	· -	D. ndio	

- 28. Kanusha: ningalijua ningalinyamaza.
 - A. nisingejua nisingenyamaza
 - B. nisingelijua nisingelinyamaza
 - C. nisingalijua nisingalinyamaza
 - D. nisingalijua nisinganyamaza
- Ni sentensi ipi isiyo sahihi? 29.

Α.	mtoto	mmoj	а

- B. nyati moja
- C. kiatu kimoja
- D. kalamu moja
- Neno kiwavi liko katika ngeli gani?
 - A. LI YA

B. KI - VI

C. A -WA

D. 1 - ZI

Soma tarifa ifuatayo kisha ujibu swali 31 - 40

Malaria ni ugojwa hatari sana, ugonjwa huu huua hata kuliko ugonjwa hatari wa ukosefu wa kinga mwilini. Malaria huweza huzuiwa kwa njia mbalimbali. Njia hizi ambazo ni mwafaka huzuia mbu, kumuuma binadamu na huua mbu. Mbu ndiye mdudu anayesambaza ugonjwa huu.

Sio mbu wote wanaosambaza ugonjwa huu, bali ni mbu wa kike almaarufu kama "anofelesi" mbu huyu ndiye abebaye vidudu (vinavyo sababisha) malaria.

Ugonjwa mwingine unaosambazwa na wadudu ni kichocho. Ugonjwa huu pia ni hatari lakini sio kama malaria. Visalisali ndivyo vinavyosababisha ugonjwa huu. Ugojwa huu hubebwa kwenye miili ya koa, wanapatikana majini. Mojawapo ya dalili za ugonjwa huu ni kukohoa damu.

Tusisahau malale ambao pia ni ugonjwa hatari sana. Ugonjwa huu husambazwa na kusababishwa na mbung'o. anapokuuma huacha viini vya ugonjwa huu ndani ya damu yako. Ugonjwa huu nao ni wa kiajabu kwani aliyeumwa husinzia kila wakati. Aidha, ugonjwa huu huishika mifugo.

Tauni pia ni ugonjwa unaosababishwa na viroboto wa panya. Viroboto hawa hupatikana kwenye mwili wa panya. Tunaweza tukauzuia kwa kuhakikisha kuwa mazingira tuishimo ni safi ili tusije tukashambuliwa na panya pamoja na viroboto.

31.	Ugonjwa	hatari	zaidi	kulingana	na
	habari ni?	,			

- A. Malale
- B. kichocho
- C. malaria
- D. ukimwi

32. Konokono huleta ugonjwa upi?

- A. malaria
- B. kichocho
- C. malale
- D. tauni

33. Neno koa lina maana ya;

- A. kiroboto
- B. konokono
- C. mbu
- D. mbung'o

34. Ni mdudu yupi asiyesambaza ndwele;

- A. panya
- B. konokono
- C. viroboto
- D. mbung'o
- 35. Kati ya haya ni lipi halimaanishi sawa na mengine.
 - A. maradhi.
- B. ndwele
- C. ukongo
- D. ulemavu

- 36. Ukitembea ndani ya naji utapata;
 - A. malaria
- B. malale
- C. tauni
- D. kichocho

37. Kuhifadhi mazingira safi huzuia;

- A. tauni
- B. ukimwi
- C. malaria
- D. malale

38. Kulingana na habari ni kweli kuwa;

- A. malaria ni hatari kuliko tauni
- B. kichocho huletwa na mbu
- C. tauni ni hatari kuliko malaria
- D. panya huleta malaria

39. Lipi lisiloambatana na mengine;

- A. kichocho
- **B.** tauni
- C. malaria
- D. ukimwi

40. Ukiwa unakojoa damu una ugonjwa upi?

- A. kichocho
- B. ukimwi
- C. malaria
- D. tauni

Soma shairi ifuatayo kisha ujibu swali 41 – 50 Bahati najitokeza, nina mambo kemukemu Wananchi kueleza, wapate kuyafahamu Mazingira hupendeza, makao yetu muhimu

Sote tukiyandumisha, faida kwetu wenyewe

Wakubwa nao wadogo, jamani muyatunzeni Musiyaone mzigo, tafadhali safisheni Karatasi na magogo, sionekane machoni Sote tukiyandumisha, faida kwetu wenyewe

Sote tujikaze sana, mazingira kusafisha Tujue kutunziana, nchini kufurahisha Sote tusaidiane, mazingira nadhifisha Sote tukiyadumisha, faida kwetu wenyewe

Kaditama nimefika, habari nimewapa Okoteni takataka, niahidi kusafisha Mazingira kichafuka, yanaudhi na kutisha Sote tukiyandumisha, faida kwetu wenyewe

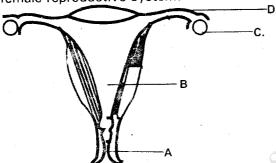
41. Shairi hili lina b A. 16 B. 4	_	. 46. Makao yetu n	<u>.</u> •
		A. mazingira	B. banati
42. Mwandishi wa	shairi hili	C. kemukemu	D. faida
ni?	•		
A. mzee	B. mvulana	47. Mshororo wa m	wisho
C. mpenda mazing		unaorudiwarudi	wa huitwa
43. Shairi hili linahu	เรน?	A. vina	B. ubati
TO: Official fail information		C. mizani	D. kib vagizo
A. ubaya wa mazi	ngira		
B. mazingira		48. Shairi hili lina m	
C. mambo kemker	n	A. 4 B 8	C. 32 D. 16
D. usafi wa mazin	•		
		49. Vina vya kati na	a vya mwisho katika
44. Shairi la aina h	ii huitwa?	ubeti wa kwanz	za ni
y, Official to differ		A. sha, na	3. na, sha
A. tarbia	B. tathlitha	C. sha, we	D. za, mu
C. tathnia	D. takhmisa		
		50. Tusipoyatunza	mazingira vizuri
45 Mtu anayetung	a mashairi huitwa?	, 0	
	B. mtunzi	A. banati atajito	keza
C. malenga	D. mwimbaji	B. yataudhi na k	cutisha
o. maionga		C. nchi itafurah	
		D. tutapata faid	
			i i

GATUNDU SUB-COUNTY EXAMINATION STANDARD SIX TERM III - 2015 SCIENCE

Time: 1 hour 40 Min

1.	Which one of the following physical		
	changes during adolescence is common		
	to both boys and girls?		

- A. Increase in weight and height
- B. Deepening of the voice
- C. Enlargement of hips
- D. Broadening of shoulders
- 2. The illustration below represents the female reproductive system.



Which of the letters represents the part where the development of the baby takes place?

A. A

в. в

C.TC

D. D

- 3. In the male reproductive system, sperms are produced in the
 - A. epididymis

B. glands

C. penis

D. testis

- 4. Which one of the following is the BEST way of controlling malaria?
 - A. Applying mosquito repellants
 - B. Sleeping under mosquito nets
 - C. Using insecticides
 - D. Destroying mosquito-breeding areas
- 5. Which one of the following is NOT a communicable disease?
 - A. Malaria

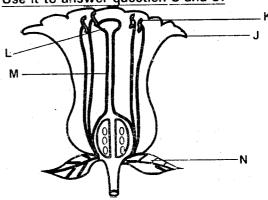
B. Common cold

C. Tetanus

D. Typhoid

- 6. Which one of the following diseases is NOT prevented by the DPT vaccine?
 - A. Tuberculosis
 - B. Whooping cough
 - C. Diphtheria
 - D. Tetanus
- 7. The type of soil erosion that can occur without being noticed is ______.
 - A. Gulley erosion
 - B. Rill erosion
 - C. Sheet erosion
 - D. Splash erosion.

The illustration below represents a flow. Use it to answer question 8 and 9.



8. Germination of pollen grains occurs at the part marked

A. M

B. L

C. K

C. L.

D. .I

9. Which of the labelled parts protects the flower during the bud stage?

A. J.

B. N

ן ח

10. Which one of the following plants has male and female flowers on separate plants?

A. Maize

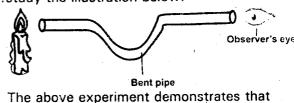
B. Sugarcane

C. Mango

D. Pawpaw.

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- 11. Which one of the following does NOT pass through the micropyle of a seed? A. plumule C. air D. radicle 12. Three of the following are required during seed germination EXCEPT A. Water B. oxygen D. warmth. C. light 13. Which one of the following planets is also called the evening star? A. Venus B. Mercury C. Mars. D. Jupiter 14. Which one of the following steps comes last when modeling the solar system? A. Modeling the planets and the sun B. Mounting the planets to the orbit C. Drawing circles on the manila paper D. Putting the name tags on the planets 15. Which one of the following is NOT a rotational method of grazing? A. herding B. strip grazing D. tethering C. paddocking 16. Lucerne, desmodium and clover are examples of animal feeds rich in A. vitamis B. proteins D.carbohydrates C. fats and soils 17. When fodder is harvested, dried and stored for future use, it is referred to as B. Silage A. Concentrate D. pasture. C. hay 18.A pupil was taken to the hospital with the following symptoms. Violent diarrhea with mucus (i) Severe abdominal pains (ii) Vomiting The above was likely to be suffering
- 20. Wearing gumboots when walking in pools of water can help in preventing B. bilharzia A. cholera .D. typhoid C. malaria 21.Std 4 pupils carried out the activity below during a science lesson Fresh gardan The component being investigated was A. Air in soil B. water in soil C. mineral particles in soil D. organic matter in soil 22. The type of soil erosion that causes deep V or U shaped valleys is A. Gullev erosion B. rill erosion C. splash erosion D. sheet erosion 23. Which one of the following methods of food preservation is both modern and traditional? B. drving A. Salting C. smoking D. canning 24. Which one of the following foods can be preserved using ash? A. Green grams B. Beef C. Milk mangoes 25.study the illustration below.



- A. Light bounces on a shiny surface
- B. Light bends

disease that affects the

19. Typhoid fever is a serious water-borne

from A. typhoid

C. malaria

A. Liver

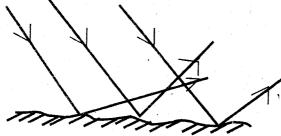
C. intestines

B. bilharzia D. cholera

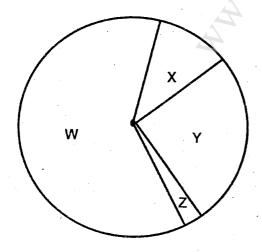
B. bladder

D. stomach

- C. Light travels in a straight line
- D. Light travels round corners
- 26 Materials that allow some light to pass through them but we cannot see through them clearly are known as
 - A. Transparent
- B. opaque
- C. Dark
- D. translucent
- 27. Name the type of reflection shown below.



- A. Irregular reflection
- B. Normal reflection
- C. Regular reflection
- D. Zigzag reflection
- 28. Which one of the following colours of the rainbow is refracted the least?
 - A. Violet
- B. orange
- C. Red
- D. Green
- 29. Omungo put a ruler in a glass containing some water. The ruler appeared bent as a result of
 - A. deflection
- B. refraction
- C. reflection
- D. dispersion



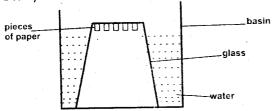
- 30. The letter that represents the gas used by plants during photosynthesis is
 - A. Z
- B. Y C. W
- D. X

- 31. Which one of the following is NOT a use of the gas marked Y?
 - A. Germination
 - B. putting out fire
 - C. breathing
 - D. burning
- 32. Nitrogen from the air is taken in by plants through the
 - A. Stem
- B. leaves
- C. roots
- D. flowers
- 33. The tendency of an object to remain either stationary or in motion is known
 - A. Gravity
- B. friction
- C. mass
- D. Inertia
- 34. Force is measured in
 - A. Grammes
- B. Tonnes
- C. Newtons
- D. kilograms
- 35. Amos dropped two objects of different masses from the same height at the same time. What did he observe?
 - A. The heavier one reached the ground first
 - B. The two objects remained in the air
 - C. Both reached the ground at the same time.
 - D. The lighter one touched the ground first.
- 36.Post-test counseling is given to a person
 - A. Before taking a HIV test
 - B. After taking a HIV test
 - C. Before visiting a VCT clinic
 - D. After taking drugs for HIV
- 37.A raingauge is placed 15cm underground in order to prevent
 - A. Evaporation of the collected water
 - B. Splashing of water into the funnel
 - C. A lot of water from entering
 - D. Damage of the measuring jar.
- 38. The digestion of fats and oils takes place in the
 - A. Mouth
 - B. small intestine
 - C. stomach
 - D. duodenum

- 39.a class four pupil came across a weed with the following characteristics.
 - (i) Had a strong unpleasant smell
 - (ii) Had yellow flowers

The weed was likely to be

- A. Soddom apple
- B. Mexican marigold
- C. pigweed
- D. Wandering jew
- 40. Which one of the following is NOT a function of leaves in green plants?
 - A. Photosynthesis
 - B. Transpiration
 - C. Absorption of water
 - D. Breathing
- 41. Which one of the following groups of plants is made of beverage crops?
 - A. Sisal, cotton, flax
 - B. Sunflower, cocoa, coffee
 - C. Coffee, coconut, barley
 - D. Tea, coffee, cocoa
- 42. Which of the following weather instruments measures both strength and direction of wind?
 - A. Raingauge
 - B. Anemometer
 - C. Windvane
 - D. Windsock
- 43. Which one of the following animals does not belong to amphibians?
 - A. Lizards
- B. frogs
- C. toads
- D. salamanders
- 44. Study the illustration below.



The above experiment demonstrates that

- A. Air occupies space
- B. Air has weight
- C. Air exerts pressure
- D. Air expands when treated
- 45. Heat travels in solids by

- A. Convection
- B. conduction
- C. radiation
- D. convection and conduction
- 46. Which state of matter expands the most when heated?
 - A. Solids
 - B. Liquids
 - C. Air
 - D. vaccum
- 47. Farmers keep sheep in their farms mainly for
 - A. Mohair and milk
 - B. Mutton and milk
 - C. Mutton and wool
 - D. Wool and milk
- 48. Which one of the following is not involved in breathing?
 - A. Diaphragm
- B. windpipe
- C. Airsacs
- D. gullet
- 49 Measles vaccine is given to children at the age of
 - A. 9 months
- B. 6 weeks
- C. 10 weeks
- 14 weeks
- 50. Clouds with are puffy white with a flat base are also likely to _____
 - A. Appear very low in the sky
 - B. Indicate fine weather ...
 - C. Be dark grey
 - D. Indicate heavy rainfall

GATUNDU SUB-COUNTY EXAMINATION STANDARD SIX TERM III - 2015 ENGLISH

	•				Time: 1 h	ours 40 minutes
Read	the passage below.	It contains blank spa-	ces numbe	red 1 to 15	5. For eac	h blank space,
		se the BEST alternativ				• •****
	Children 1 be	informed 2 t	he deadly_	3	as <u>4</u>	as possible
5	_it should be a lesson	6schools j	ust like	7oth	er lesson.	8
parent	s do not like telling _	9 children	<u>10</u> they	are sufferi	ing1	1 for fear of
		they will read. The				
talk to	them openly. We sh	nould 13 them on	the dange	ers involved	l and how	to remain safe.
14	_we should encourag	ge them to love those	already	15	_with it.	
	A	В	С		D`	
1.	will	can	should		shall	
2.	at	in	with		about	
3.	disease	decease	desease		diseas	
4.	earlier	early	late	9	quick	
5.	Infact	However	In fact		Then	
6.	In	on	with		by	
7.	all	one	another		any	
8.	All	Few	A few		Not	
9.	their	the	there		those	•
.10.	when	what	how		that	
11.	for	with	from		at	
12.	better	good	worst		best	
13.	advice	talk	advise		organise	
14.	Besides	Beside	An		However	
15.	affected	infected	suffering		dead	•
						_
	se a word that is OPP	OSITE of the		A. cleaned	l .	B. neglected
	lined word	Δ^{-}		C. old		D. modern
16.			Choos	e the CORF	SECT word	I to fill the gaps
	A. got	B. touched	20.			weets between
	C. hit	D. failed	20.	Jean and	arca tric 3	WESTS BOTWOOM
17.	The sea was rough	at midday			B. I. C.	we D. them
17.	A. smooth	B. wavy			D. 1	, Wo
	C. soft	D. calm	21.	The Lion's	: was	brown in colour
	C. 3011	D. Gaiiii		A. mane		B. main
18.	I purchased those m	nangoes at		C. hair	;	D.mail
	Kongowea Market			.		
	A. bought	B. buy	22.	The table	s surface t	felt rather
·-	C. sell	D. sold		A. course		B. coarse
			· .	C. cause		D. coax
19.	That house is well o	cared for	1			

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23.	The sun had when I woke		A. me	B. I
	up.	* .	C. she	D. he
	A. rise. B. rose	0.5	Add a question to	<u>ig</u>
	C. risen D. arose	25.	Let's stand	D
			A. isn't it	B. won't we
			C. shan't we	D. shall we
24.	The teacher rewarded Janet and		•	•
	Read the passage below and a	answer q	uestions that follow	<u>/s:</u>
The .	death of a parent is the worst thing that o	on hone	on to a shild. Who	other the recent dies
sudd	enly or after a long illness makes no difference to through if this happens to you.			
VVIII &	You may find it difficult to believe that of	ne of vo	our parents has reali	v died. Coping with
the n	news is really difficult for the first day and			
	e. It is very normal to feel scared and inse			
	eassuring.	ouro urre	i the production of the	, and a second of the second o
5010	You can find it comforting to attend the	funeral a	and if possible, to ta	ake part in the actual
huria	I even if just symbolically. It may make yo			
	s with his or her absence and will almost o			
faste		Jortanny	The year to get ext	o, eno parone o mean.
14310	In a bid to protect you and save you th	e pain s	ome adults may no	t tell vou everythina
abou	t how your parent died. They may be afrai		•	
	s happens, you should try to make first m	4		
	to know exactly what happened. If you s			
	for the sake of your mental peace. Ask qu			•
	ash? Where did it crash? Knowing these			•
	ngs:			,
, 00	When a parent dies, many things begin	to worr	v vou. You will su	ddenly not have any
mon	ey, you have to move out of your house, y			
	school. Do not let small problems over wh			
		,		
26.	The worst thing to happen in life is to		A. truly	B. precisely
			C. definitely	D. same as
	A. move from your home		• •	
	B. loose one parent	30.	Why do some parer	nts hide the truth?
	C. be told bad news	1	A. to let children liv	
• .	D. lose one parent to death		B. it's not children'	•
			C. It is the duty of	the police
27.	On the first day and night after the		D. to save them the	The state of the s
	death its is	31.	We can control all	
	A. unbelievable that a parent has died		EXCEPT	
	B. difficult to cope with the news		A. fail an exam	
	C. advisable to be with people		B. contract HIV/Al	DS
	D. bad to feel insecure		C. car accident	
			D. death	
28.	"to come to terms with"			
	means to	32	A woman whose h	usband is dead is
· -	A. reach an agreement	1	called, a	
	B. accept that something is unavoidable		A. window:	B. widower
	C. agree		C. orphan	D. widow
	D. accept		as aspirate	
•	, accept	33	If as a child you rea	alize the truth is not
20	Another word for exactly is	33.	being told	processing and the second field of the second
23.	Cinomies Mondison evactions -	3	July Com	• '

C. some to terms with death of th A. cry loudly B. let them understand that you would D. attend the funeral and take part in like to know the burial even if just symbolically. C. talk to the police D. seek more help 37. It is false that A. We should not be over whelmed by 34. If both parents die, one is left as a minor issues B. most parents fear telling their B. orphan A. orphanage children about death D. coward C. street child C. it is not comforting to attend a 35. All these cause worry when a parent D. one should seek to be told the truth dies EXCEPT A. who will pick you from school 38. This passage teaches us as children B. if we shall have to shift to another house A. know death comes only through road C. if we shall go to heaven accidents D. if there will be enough money B. know that when parents die, friends 36. What can make one feel closer to the come

Read the passage below and answer questions

C. thank God for our parents

D. look for ways of earning money

The day dawned bright and early with everyone in the Kombo family in high spirits because this was the last day of the year. Wanja Kombo, fourteen, tall, slim and extremely pretty had sat her national primary school examinations and was now waiting for the results with trepidation yet she was excited at the prospect of joining high school like her sister June who was now in her second year.

June Kombo was a serious sixteen year old who paid little attention to her peers but worked hard to get good marks. Having maintained a high standard in the academics, she was the best student in her school.

Wanja's father, Joseph Kombo, was in his late forties and his hair was graying at the temples. Working as a civil servant in one of the government ministries, he was a good man who showered his children with praises.

Miriam Kombo, his wife was still beautiful and bubbly at forty-three. A stay-at-home mum, she kept the home in the tip-top shape and took good care of the children. Mambo, the youngest was eight years and all he cared about was his truck. He also loved his puppy and had little or no care for his school work. Fortunately he was naturally bright and easily passed his exams.

One this particular day, Mr. Kombo left for work as usual while his wife and kids stayed behind as schools were in recess. Mrs. Kombo jokingly remarked that may be the results would be announced that day. Wanja laughed. It was 1.00pm and time for news. The broadcaster

on the local station boomed, 'Now the news hea	
examination results were announced today with countrywide.' That was all Wanja needed to he knew she had got good grades. "I passed, I passorother jumped together with her though he did excitement.	Tanga Primary School taking first position ar. Her primary school had topped and so she sed," Wanja jumped up and down. Her little
39. Why was everyone in the Kombo	C. it was new year's eve
family in high spirits?	D. father had got a new job

Gatundu Sub-County Examinations Term III

A. Wanja had passed her examination

B. the results had been announced

dead parent and even accept that

he/she has really died?

B. attend the funeral only

A. crying

B. excitement

trepidation means

A: happiness

40.

cess means that vn r a weekend the holidays bout to be announce stay-at-home roum a B. secretary
r a weekend the holidays bout to be annound stay-at-home mum a
the holidays bout to be announce stay-at-home mum a
stay-at-home mum
stay-at-home mum
8
8
r B secretary
D. 00 31 3131 7
D. house wife
the examination?
n the passage
•
r knew the results
unced that day
rish to go to high
was second in the
er is hardworking
probably year
B. forty one
D. forty eigh
_ : : : : , : : . .
t t r

GATUNDU SUB-COUNTY EXAMINATION STANDARD SIX TERM III - 2015 **MATHEMATICS**

Time: 2 hours

- 1. Write 18,008,004 in words.
 - A. Eighteen thousand eight hundred and
 - B. Eighteen million eight hundred and
 - C. Eighteen million eight thousand and
 - D. Eighteen million eighty thousand and four.
- 2. Round off 8.968 to two decimal places.
 - A. 8.96
- B. 8.97
- C. 9.00
- D. 8.00
- 3. How many groups of hundreds are there in the total value of five in the number 45689?
 - A. 5000
- B. 500
- C. 50

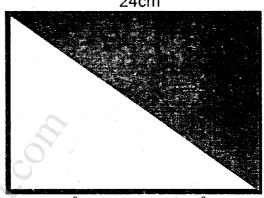
- D. 5
- 4. What ir reciprocal of $3\frac{2}{3}$?
- A. $\frac{23}{7}$ B. $\frac{21}{7}$ C. $\frac{7}{21}$
- 5. Which of the following numbers is divisible by 8?
 - A. 2024
- B. 5820
- C. 3108
- D. 2458
- 6. What is the GCD of 36, 48 and 72?
 - A. 12
- B. 6
- C. 4
- 7. Add 8647 + 68941 + 34609
 - A. 102197
- B. 112197
- C. 112097
- D. 111197
- 8. What is the value of 13.63×3.3 ?
 - A. 43.979
- B. 449.79
- C. 34.979
- D. 44.979
- 9. Write XLIX in hindu Arabic numerals
 - A. 51
- B. 59
- C. 49
- 10. What is the value of x in 4(3x + 2) = 44

- A. $4\frac{1}{2}$
 - B.4 C. $3\frac{1}{2}$
- D. 3

15cm

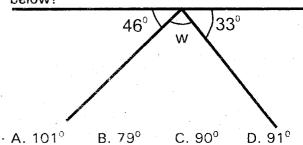
11. What is the area of the shaded part in the figure below?

24cm



A. 240cm²

- B. 180cm²
- C. 90cm²
- D. 360cm²
- 12. What is the value of W in the figure below?



13.Work out

A. 15L 850ml C. 16L 570ml

- B. 16L 580ml
- D. 15L
- 14. Work out $7^3/8 + 2^1/4 + 1^1/2$? A. $10\frac{7}{8}$ B. $10\frac{1}{8}$ C. $10\frac{3}{4}$ D. $11\frac{1}{9}$

- 15. Work out $4\frac{3}{8} \div \frac{7}{16}$?

 A. 10 B. $4\frac{6}{7}$ C. $\frac{1}{10}$

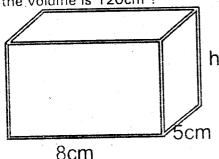
- 16.A test began at 8.15 am and it took 2 hours 15 minutes. At what time did the test end?
 - A. 10.30pm

B. 6.00 am

- C. 10.30 a.m
- D. 6.00 p.m
- 17. What is the square root of $1\frac{7}{9}$?

 A. $\frac{4}{9}$ 4 B.5 $\frac{1}{3}$ C.1 $\frac{1}{3}$ D. $\frac{3}{4}$

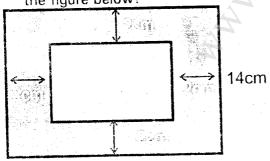
- 18. What is the height of the cuboid below if the volume is 120cm³?



- A. 40cm
- B. 3cm
- C. 4cm
- D. 5cm
- 19. What is the next number in the series helow?
 - 5, 7, 10, 14, 19
 - A. 27

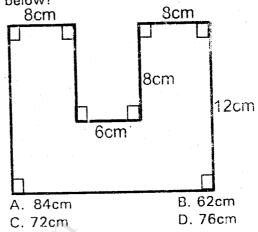
C. 24

- D. 25
- 20. Work out 910408 666666 =
 - A. 243742
- B. 243842
- C. 253742
- D. 243752
- 21. What is the area of the shaded part in the figure below?



- 18cm
- A. 252cm²
- B. 140cm²
- C. 112cm²
- D. 60cm²
- 22. What is the circumference of a circle whose radius is 14cm? (Take $\pi^{\frac{22}{7}}$)
 - A. 44cm
- B. 88cm
- C. 102cm
- D. 116cm

- 23.Kuria bought 90 eggs. He later found out that $\frac{1}{6}$ of them are broken. How many eggs were not broken?
 - A. 15 B. 85
- C. 65
- D. 75
- 24. What is the perimeter of the figure below?



- 25.A factory packed 40 litres of medicine in 8ml satchets. How many satchets were packed?
 - A. 5000
- B. 500

C. 50

- D. 5
- 26. Write $\frac{5}{8}$ as a decimal.
 - A. 6.3
- C. 6.25
- D. 0.625
- 27. Arrange the following ractions in ascending order. $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{5}{6}$, $\frac{2}{3}$, $\frac{1}{2}$

- 28. Shiro ran 6000 metres in 25 minutes. What was her speed in m/s?
 - A. 240m/s
- B. 40m/s
- C. 4m/s
- D. 24m/s
- 29. What is the value of angle marked t below?

- 30. Convert $2\frac{1}{4}$ kg into grams.
 - A. 2.25g
- B. 22.5g
- C. 225g
- D. 2250g
- 31. Achieng bought the following items from a supermarket.
 - $2\frac{1}{2}$ litres of milk at sh.50 per litre
 - 3 loaves of bread at sh55 per loaf
 - 2 trays of eggs for sh. 600
 - A match box for sh. 5

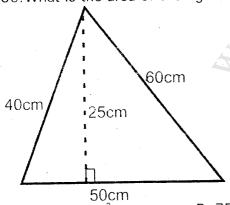
How much did she pay for the items?

- A. sh.1495
- B. sh.710
- C. sh. 895
- D. sh785
- 32. What is the complementary angle of
 - A. 53°

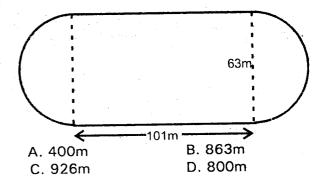
- B. 63°
- C. 143°
- D. 153°
- 33. What is the value of $8 \frac{2}{3} \frac{5}{6}$?

 A. $7\frac{1}{3}$ B. $6\frac{1}{2}$ C. $7\frac{1}{2}$ D. $6\frac{2}{3}$

- 34. What is the place value of digit 6 in 314652?
 - A. hundredths
- B. 600
- C. thousands
- D. hundreds
- 35. What is the sum of the first 33 odd numbers?
 - A. 1089
- B. 1056
- C. 1287
- D. 1122
- 36. What is the area of the figure below?

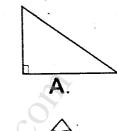


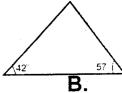
- A. 1250cm²
- B. 750cm
- C. 625cm²
- D. 500cm²
- 37. Simplify 3(7t + 4w)
 - A. 21t + 12w
- B. 21w + 12t
- C. 21t + 4w
- D. 7t + 12w
- 38. Rudisha ran round this field twice. How many metres did he cover?

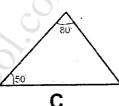


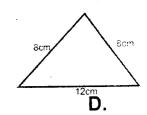
- 39. if 1 cm represent 40m, how many centimeters will represent 360m?
 - A. 8cm
- B. 12cm

- C. 9cm
- D. 14cm
- 40. Which triangle below is scalene?







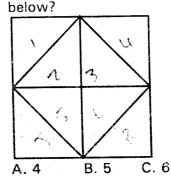


- 41. How many minutes are in 4hr 36min?
 - A. 276

B. 240

C. 436

- D. 296
- 42. The charges for sending a telegram are sh. 20.00 for the first ten words or less. Each additional word is charges sh. 1.00 a tax of 15% is also charged. How much does this telegram cost? SHUJAA OPUODHO BOX 8679 MIGORI **BURIAL ON WEDNESDAY AT NOON** MANDELA AMIMO
 - A. Sh. 22.00
- B. Sh. 25.00
- C. Sh. 26.00
- D. sh. 25.30
- 43. How many squares are in the figure

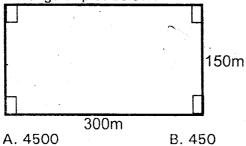


- 44. Which one of the following is NOT a perfect square?
 - A. 484

B. 616

C. 324

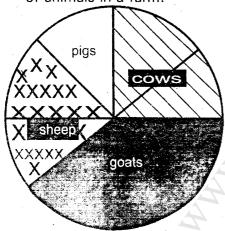
- D. 256
- 45.Use \geq , <, > or = to make the statement true.
 - 0.875 A. <
- B. >
- 46. What is the area in ares of the rectangular plot below?



- A. 4500

C. 45

- D. 4.5
- 47. The pie chart below shows the number of animals in a farm.



If the number of pigs in the farm is 15, how many more goats than pigs are there in the farm?

- A. 45
- B. 15
 - C. 30
- D. 120

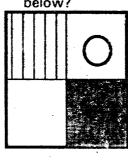
48. Work out.

Ңr	min	sec
48	55	- 40
15	40	35
+ 3	25	25
$t_1 \epsilon_2^{\dagger}$	10,1	

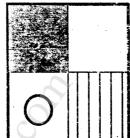
Hr	min		sec
A. 67	21	•	00
B. 48 93	00		40
C. 67	1		00
D. 68 95	1	1004	40

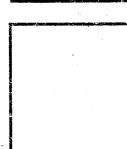
- 49. Write 12.10am in 24h clock system.
 - A. 1210h
- B. 0010h
- C. 2410h
- D. 1000h

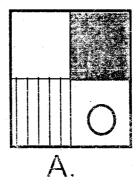
50. Which is the next shape in the pattern

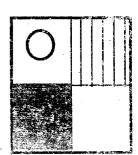


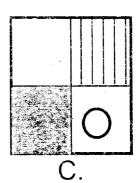


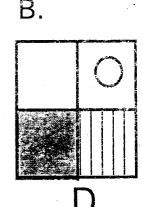












STANDARD SIX TERM III - 2015 MARKING SCHEME

ENGLISH	KISWAĤILI	MATHS	SCIENCE	S	OCIAL STUDIES	
. c	1. A	1. C	1 A	1. B	51.A	
), D	2. C	2. B /	2. B	2. A	52. D	
1. A	3. B	3. C /	3. D	3. B	53. A	
i. B i. C	4. A	4. D	4. D	4. C	54. A	
	5. B	5. A 6. A	5. C	5. B	55. D	100
5. A /	6. A		6. A	6. B	56.B	
/. D	7. <u>B</u> .	7. B	7. C	7. C	57. D	
3, C	8. D 🔆	8. D	8. B	8. B 9. B	58.B	
). A	9. A	9% C	9. B	9. B 10. D	59. C 60. D	
10. B	10. C	10: D	10. D 11. A	10. D	60. U	
11. C	11. A 12. A	11.B 12.A	12. C	12. A	C.R.E	
12. D 13. C	13.D	13. B	13. B	13. A	61. D	
	14.C	14. D	14. D	14. B	62. B	
14. A	15. A	15. A	15. A	15. A	63. B	
15. B 16. C	16. D	15. A 16. C	16. B	16. B	64. A	tym 18
A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR OF THE SECOND	16, D 17, B	17. C	17. C	17. A	65. A	
17. D 18. D	18. C	18.B	18. D	18. D	66. C	1
19. B	19. D	19. D	19. C	19. D	67. A	
20. A	20. C	20. A	20. B	20. A	68. D	
21. A	21. B	21. C	21. D	21.B	69. A	
21. A 22. B	22. C	22. B	22. A	22. A	70. A	
22. C	23. B	23. D	23. B	23. B	71.A	
24. A	24. C	24. A	24. A	24. D	72. D	
25. D	よ25. D	25. A	25. C	25. A	73. B	
26. D	26. B	26. D	26. D	26. C	74.A	
27. C	27. A	27, B	27. A	27. D	75. D	
28. B	28. C	28. C	28. C	28. C	76. B	
29. B	29. B	29.B	29. B	29. A	77. A	
30. D	30.C	30. D	30. A	30. D	78. B	
31. D	31. Č	31.€	31. B	31.C	79. B	
32. D	32. B / 🗘	32. A	32. C	32. A	80. B	
33. B	33. B	33. B	33, D	33. A	81. B	
34. B 😹	- 34 A	34. D	34. C	34. B	82. D	
35. C	35. D [√] ,	- 35. A	35. C	35. D	83. A	
36. D	36. D	36. C	36. B	36. D	84.A	
37. C	37. C	37. A	37. A	37. A	85. A	14. F
38. C	38. A	38. D	38. D	38. A	86. C	- A
39. C	39. D	39. C	39. B	39. B	87. D	
40. D	40. A	40.B	40. C	40.B	88. D	4
41, C	41.B	41.A	41. D	41. A	89.A	
42. A	42.C	42. D	42. D	42. D	90.A	To the second
43. B	43, D	∦43. C	43. A	43. A		******** ! *
44. D	44. A	44.B	44. A	44.A		
45. B	45.C	45. C	45. B	45. A		7.50 Spirit
46. C	46. A	46.B	46. C	46. A		
47. D .	47.D	47. C	47. €	47.B		
48. ZD	48. D	48. D	48. D	48. B		
49. D	49. D∞	49.B	49. A	49.B		7
The second second			The second secon	The state of the s	1 (**) 「ことがは重要が、「きないなど、おいて、」、「こので、事に、」、「こので、ので、」。	