



# JARIBIO LA MTHANI WA HIGH FLYER SERIES

## DARASA LA TANO – 2015

### LUGHA YA KISWAHILI

Muda: Saa 1 dakika 40

Mlolongo wa magari \_\_\_\_\_ 1 \_\_\_\_\_ katika barabara ya Mwembeni siku hiyo. Usiku \_\_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_\_\_ mvua \_\_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_\_\_ imenyeshwa sana. Asubuhi \_\_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_\_, watu walijawa na wasiwasi hasa baada ya barabara kuharibiwa na mvua kubwa. \_\_\_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_\_\_ magari yalisombwa na maji. \_\_\_\_\_ 6 \_\_\_\_\_ wa mitaa ya mabanda walipata \_\_\_\_\_ 7 \_\_\_\_\_ zaidi. Nyumba zao zilisombwa na maji na watu kadha kufariki. \_\_\_\_\_ 8 \_\_\_\_\_ wa kaunti yetu \_\_\_\_\_ 9 \_\_\_\_\_ kuwapa pole waathiriwa wa \_\_\_\_\_ 10 \_\_\_\_\_ huo. Kikosi \_\_\_\_\_ 11 \_\_\_\_\_ wanajeshi kilionekana kikiwaokoa wananchi. Wafu walipelekwa \_\_\_\_\_ 12 \_\_\_\_\_ na wale walioumia walipelekwa \_\_\_\_\_ 13 \_\_\_\_\_. Familia yangu \_\_\_\_\_ 14 \_\_\_\_\_. Kila mmoja wetu \_\_\_\_\_ 15 \_\_\_\_\_ salama.

- |                     |                 |                  |                |
|---------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------|
| 1. A. yalionekana   | B. haukuonekana | C. hayakuonekana | D. zilionekana |
| 2. A. hilo          | B. ujao         | C. uliopita      | D. iliopita    |
| 3. A. ulikuwa       | B. yalikuwa     | C. zilikuwa      | D. ilikuwa     |
| 4. A. hiyo          | B. huo          | C. hili          | D. hiki        |
| 5. A. Baadhi ya     | B. Kati ya      | C. Badala ya     | D. Baada ya    |
| 6. A. wakaaji       | B. wakazi       | C. wajakazi      | D. wanakazi    |
| 7. A. faida         | B. manufaa      | C. hasara        | D. thamani     |
| 8. A. viongiozi     | B. waongozi     | C. kiongozi      | D. mwongozi    |
| 9. A. walifumkana   | B. waliondokewa | C. waliwasili    | D. walijionea  |
| 10. A. mikasa       | B. ajali        | C. tukio         | D. mkasa       |
| 11. A. wa           | B. la           | C. cha           | D. za          |
| 12. A. ufuoni       | B. wadini       | C. maktabani     | D. sebuleni    |
| 13. A. kanisani     | B. hospitalini  | C. kafani        | D. makavazini  |
| 14. A. walinusurika | B. alinusurika  | C. iliangamia    | D. ilinusurika |
| 15. A. alikuwa      | B. walikuwa     | C. tulikuwa      | D. ilikuwa     |

**Kutoka swali la 16 hadi la 30 jibu kulingana na maagizo**

16. \_\_\_\_\_ mwalimu nimechelewa kufika shuleni.  
A. Pole B. Samahani  
C. U mzima D. Hongera
17. Nilinunua viatu vya \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. dhamani  
B. nadhifu  
C. thamani  
D. thamini

18. Wanafunzi watatu walipoketi chini ya mti waliweza kuona umbali wa kilomita tatu. Je, wanafunzi sita wataona umbali wa kilomita ngapi?  
A. tano  
B. sita  
C. nne  
D. tatu

19. Ni sentensi gani sanifu na inayomaanisha: Mtoto mwenye vitabu ameondoka.  
 A. Mtoto mwenye ako na vitabu ameondoka  
 B. Mtoto mwenyewe vitabu ameondoka  
 C. Mtoto ambaye ako na vitabu ameondoka  
 D. Mtoto aliye na vitabu ameondoka
20. Kanusha sentensi Nitakaposhinda nitapewa zawadi.  
 A. Nisiposhinda sitapewa zawadi  
 B. Asiposhinda atapewa zawadi  
 C. Nitakaposhinda sitapewa zawadi  
 D. Nisiposhinda nitapewa zawadi
21. Andika umoja wa sentensi: Wazee wamepoteza funguo  
 A. Mzee amepoteza kifunguo  
 B. Kijana amepoteza ufunguo  
 C. Mzee amepoteza kifunguu  
 D. Mzee amepoteza ufunguo
22. Ni nini maana ya kufunga safari?  
 A. Kufika mwisho wa safari  
 B. Kuanza safari  
 C. Kuhairisha safari  
 D. Kufika katikati ya safari
23. Kumkaribisha mtu kwa mikono miwili ni  
 A. Kumpongeza  
 B. Kumlaki  
 C. Kumwonea  
 D. Kumpa wosia
24. Kamilisha methali Kinywa ni nyumba ya  
 A. Matusi  
 B. mambo  
 C. maneno  
 D. makali
25. Jina jingine la adui ni  
 A. hasidi  
 B. mhasibu  
 C. sahibu  
 D. somo
26. Mbuni ni aina ya nyuni, mbuni pia ni aina ya  
 A. mnyama  
 B. mmea  
 C. mtu mkubwa  
 D. zana za vita
27. Chagua kiashiria kisisitizi  
 A. haya hayo  
 B. huyo huyo  
 C. lilo hilo  
 D. hiki hiki
28. Neno tofauti ni gani?  
 A. Kionjamchuzi  
 B. ndewe  
 C. ndevu  
 D. nyusi
29. Andika kinyume cha: Tulicheza mchana kutwa  
 A. Tulicheza mchana kucha  
 B. Hatukucheza mchana kutwa  
 C. Tulicheza usiku kucha  
 D. Tulicheza asubuhi yote
30. Kufanya kazi chapuchapu ni  
 A. Kufanya kazi ovyoovyo  
 B. Kufanya kazi chafu mno  
 C. Kutozingatia maagizo  
 D. Kufanya kazi upesiupesi

**Soma taarifa ifuatayo kisha ujibu swali la 31-40**

Rafiki ni mtu mwenye uhusiano wa karibu na upendo na mwingine. Rafiki pia huitwa mwandani au sahibu. Kuwa na rafiki ni jambo jema. Kuwa na rafiki mwema ni jambo jema zaidi. Ndugu ni kufaana si kufanana. Kuna rafiki mwema kuliko ndugu wa toka nitoke.

Rafiki mbaya humletea mtu matatizo chungu nzima. Ukiwa naye maisha yako yamo hatarini. Mara kwa mara tumesikia watu wakisema " Kikulacho ki nguoni mwako." Methali hii hupigiwa hasa watu ambao wana rafiki wanaowaamini Sana na rafiki wao hao ndio



huwaletea balaa huku wakionekana wenye upendo usio kifani. Kumbe uso ni kusingizia siri i moyoni.

Watu wengi hasa vijana wakati mwingine huwa hawajui kuwachagua marafiki wema. Rafiki mzuri si mwenye sura nzuri, mtu wa kabila lako, dini yako au aliyetoka katika familia ya mabwanyenye. Sahibu mwema ni yule mwenye upendo unaojitokeza katika matendo si maneno tu. Ni yule mtu ambaye anaweza kusema maneno ya kukutia moyo katika kuendeleza jambo zuri kama vile masomo.

Tabia ya rafiki ni muhimu sana. Kuna tabia ambayo husababisha rafiki kuwa kielelezo maishani mwa mtu. Kwa hivyo tunapochagua rafiki lazima tuwe waangalifu. Mtu akichagua rafiki asiye na maadili huenda akaiga mfano huo. Maji hufuata mkondo. Tujihadhari na marafiki waovu.

Uaminifu ni muhimu kuzingatiwa mtu anapomchagua rafiki. Mtu mwongo atakutia mashakani. Ukiwa na kipawa fulani chagua rafiki atakayekusaidia kukuza kipawa hicho. Rafiki mvivu atakushauri kukaa ovyo. Shuleni marafiki wavivu husababisha mwanafunzi kutomaliza kazi ya darasani na ile ya ziada. Rafiki mwema atakufaa katika wakati wa shida na furaha. Hatakuwacha ukiwa maskini. Ukimkosea atakusamehe. Ni mwenye matumaini mazuri na mwingi wa ushauri mwema. Je, ulizingatia nini kumchagua rafiki yako?

31. Mwandishi anasema rafiki ni:

- A. Jirani yako wa karibu
- B. Mtu mwenye upendo na uhusiano wa karibu nawe
- C. Mtoto anayekupatia kalamu shuleni
- D. Mtu mnayeishi naye mtaa mmoja

32. Si kweli kusema kuwa rafiki mbaya:

- A. Humletea mtu matatizo
- B. Ni mwongo na mfitini
- C. Humsaidia mtu kukuza kipawa
- D. Hana maadili mema

33. Rafiki mwema hutambulika kwa:

- A. Mali ya wazazi wake
- B. Sura nzuri ya kuvutia watu wengi
- C. Kumfanyia mwenzake kazi ya ziada
- D. Matendo mema

34. Methali maji hufuata mkondo katika kifungu hiki inamaanisha:

- A. Mafuriko hufuata mkondo
- B. Kuna watu wenye tabia nzuri sana
- C. Mtu hufuata matendo ya walio karibu naye
- D. Usione kila mtu ukadhani ni mwema.

35. Mtu mwaminifu hujulikana vipi:

- A. Anapenda kusema ukweli
- B. Ni mwenye bidii masomoni
- C. Anapenda kipawa chake
- D. Ni mwenye sura nzuri

36. Ndugu wa toka nitoke ni ndugu yupi?

- A. Aliyezaliwa mwaka mmoja na wewe
- B. Mnayeishi naye mtaa mmoja
- C. Aliyezaliwa na wazazi wako
- D. Mchangamfu sana.

37. Kulingana na taarifa hii ni kweli kuwa kuna watu wanaochagua marafiki kwa:

- A. Kuzingatia urefu wao
- B. Kwa kuzingatia sura na familia zao
- C. Kuzingatia chakula wanachopenda
- D. Kuzingatia alama za mtihani

38. Mwandishi anasema tunapochagua rafiki ni vyema tuwe

- A. waangalifu
- B. watu wenye mali mengi
- C. watu wanaotenga majirani
- D. Watu wanaoamini kila mtu

39. Rafiki mwema:

- A. Hatakusaidia ukiwa taabuni
- B. Atakutoroka ukikamatwa na polisi
- C. Atakufaa wakati wowote
- D. Ana uso wa jamala

40. Ni nani kati ya hawa vi vyema kuwa naye kama rafiki:

- A. Mwanafunzi asiyewatii walimu lakini hutii wazazi.
- B. Mwanafunzi anayependa kutazama sinema tu.
- C. Mwanafunzi mwenye bidii na mtiifu
- D. Mtoto katili lakini mwerevu masomoni

**Soma ufahamu kwa makini kisha ujibu swali la 41-50**

Katika mji wa Fungueni, aliishi mtu kwa jina Mapevu. Asili yake haikujulikana. Kuna watu waliosema alikuwa ametoka nchi jirani. Wengine walisema Mapevu alikuwa yatima aliyelelewa na kasisi ambaye sasa alikuwa marehemu. Mapevu mwenyewe alisema kuwa aliangukwa duniani usiku mmoja kutoka mbinguni. Mambo hayo yote yaliwashangaza wanafungueni hadi wakakosa kutambua ukweli ulikuwa upi.

Jinsi siku zilivyozidi kupita ndivyo Mapevu alivyoendelea kutajirika. Maskini hohehahe sasa alikuwa akibadili magari ya kifahari. Mkewe Mapevu aliwadharau majirani. Hakumkaribisha mtu yeyote nyumbani kwake. Ajabu ni kuwa, hakuna mtu aliyejua Mapevu alifanya kazi gani. Siri hii iliingia katika daftari la siri za maisha yake.

Wanawe Mapevu walisomea katika shule zilizovuma sana mjini Fungueni. Ingawa walilipiwa karo, hawakufanya bidii masomoni. "Kwa nini nisome kila siku?" Karingo alisikika akiuliza. Huyu alikuwa mwanambee wa Mapevu aliyejaa maringo chungu nzima.

Hakuna refu lisilo na mwisho. Maisha ya Mapevu yalianza kuingia dosari. Baadhi ya maduka yake yaliteketea moto. Magari yake yote yalikusika katika ajali za barabarani kwa kipindi cha miezi miwili. Wanawe wote walisombwa na maji jioni moja kuliponyesha mvua kubwa.

Salaale! Familia ya Mapevu ilikuwa si familia tena. Mkewe sasa ni kiguru. Ashakatwa mguu na mamba akivuka mto uliopitia katikati ya shamba lao kubwa. Mapevu mwenyewe alikuwa katika hali mahututi. Asubuhi moja, aliwaita majirani akasema nao ingawa kwa udhoofu mwingi. Hapo ndipo alipokiri kuwa alishiriki katika uabudu wa shetani. Lo! Kumbe utajiri wake uliletwa usiku wa manane na majitu manane. Baada ya kuzungumza alifumba macho, akajinyoosha kitandani na kulala fofofu. Usingizi usiojua kuamka.

41. Kulingana na kifungu hiki:

- A. Mapevu ulikuwa mji wa bwana Fungueni
- B. Kiini cha Mapevu hakikujulikana
- C. Mapevu alizaliwa na kulelewa Nairobi
- D. Mapevu alikuwa kasisi

42. Mapevu alikuwa na wana wangapi

- A. Idadi haikutajwa
- B. Mmoja
- C. Watatu
- D. Wawili

43. Ni wazi kusema kuwa:

- A. Mapevu aliangukwa na Mungu kutoka mbinguni
- B. Mapevu alikuwa mtoto wa kasisi.



- C. Wana wa Mapevu hawakupenda masomo.  
D. Kazi ya Mapevu ilikuwa siri kubwa.
44. Mke wa Mapevu alikuwa  
A. Mtu karimu na mwadilifu  
B. Mke mwaminifu na mpenda watu  
C. Mtu bahili na mwenye dharau  
D. Mke mwenye bidii na mbadhilifu
45. Ni methali gani inafaa kupigiwa Mapevu;  
A. Mla kwa pupa hadiriki kula tamu  
B. Akili ni mali  
C. Mwenye nguvu mpishe  
D. Mla nawe hafi nawe ila mzaliwa nawe
46. Ni lipi halikusababisha maafa katika familia ya Mapevu:  
A. Uabudu wa shetani  
B. Moto kuteketeza mali  
C. uvamizi ya majirani  
D. Ajali za barabarani
47. Kulingana na taarifa hii si kweli kuwa  
A. Wana wa Mapevu walipuuza masomo  
B. Wanawe Mapevu walijulikana kote nchini  
C. Mapevu alifariki kabla ya mkewe  
D. Magari ya Mapevu yaliangamia
48. Mwandishi anamaanisha nini anaposema kuwa Mapevu alilala usingizi usiojua kumka .  
A. Mapevu alilala usingizi mzito sana  
B. Mapevu alifariki fofofo  
C. Mapevu alizinduka usingizini baada ya muda mrefu  
D. Maana haijulikani na mtu yeyote
49. Maisha ya Mapevu yalianza kuingia dosari. Ni neno lipi lenye maana sawa na dosari.  
A. Uchawi  
B. Shida  
C. kasoro  
D. Ushirikina
50. Ni watu wangapi hawakukumbwa na balaa katika familia ya Mapevu.  
A. Mmoja  
B. Wawili  
C. Karingo na nduguyo  
D. Hakuna

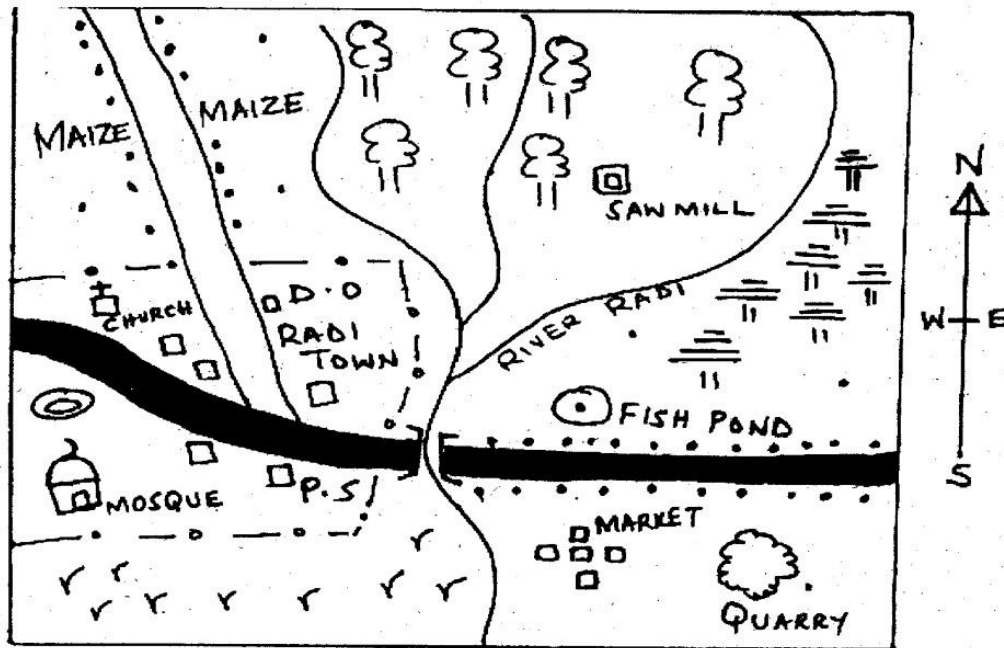


# HIGH FLYER SERIES TRIAL EXAMINATION STANDARD FIVE – 2015

## SOCIAL STUDIES & CRE/IRE

Time: 2 hours 15 minutes

### RADI AREA



0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 KM

#### KEY

- TARMAC ROAD  
 - MURRAM ROAD

- FOREST

- TEA

- GRASS

- PERMANENT BUILDINGS

- SETTLEMENTS

- PLAYING FIELD  
 D.O - DISTRICT OFFICE  
 P.S - POLICE STATION



**Use the map of Radi area to answer to answer questions 1 – 7**

1. The main means of transport in the area represented by the map is
  - A. Air transport
  - B. Rail transport
  - C. Pipeline transport
  - D. Road transport
2. River Radi flows towards one of the following directions. Which one is it?
  - A. North
  - B. South
  - C. West
  - D. East
3. Residents of Radi belong to
  - A. Two religions
  - B. Islamic religion
  - C. Christian religion
  - D. Hindu religion
4. What is the direction of the mosque from the quarry?
  - A. North – East
  - B. South – East
  - C. West
  - D. East
5. Three of the following economic activities are practised in the area covered by the map except one. Which one is it?
  - A. Lumbering
  - B. Mining
  - C. Transportation
  - D. Tourism
6. What is the evidence of fishing in the area covered by the map?
  - A. Fish pond
  - B. Quarry
  - C. River
  - D. Sawmill
7. Radi area is likely to be a
  - A. County
  - B. District
  - C. Division
  - D. Location
8. Three of the following counties are found in Kenya. Which one is NOT?
  - A. Nakuru county
  - B. Busia county
  - C. Isiolo county
  - D. Lodwar county
9. The country that lies to the North – West of Kenya is
  - A. Somalia
  - B. Tanzania
  - C. Uganda
  - D. South Sudan
10. Seasonal rivers flow
  - A. During the wet seasons
  - B. During the dry seasons
  - C. Throughout the year
  - D. From the highlands only
11. Which compass direction lies between North and North East?
  - A. North North East
  - B. East South East
  - C. North North West
  - D. West South West
12. Three of the following are elements of a map. Which one is NOT?
  - A. Title
  - B. Scale
  - C. Compass
  - D. Mountains
13. Imaginary lines running from East to West are known as \_\_\_\_\_
  - A. Longitudes
  - B. Latitudes
  - C. Cardinal points
  - D. Contours
14. The equator is an imaginary line. It passes near the following towns in Kenya except one. Which one is it?
  - A. Wajir
  - B. Maseno
  - C. Timboroa
  - D. Nanyuki
15. Which of these figures gives the approximate size of Kenya in square kilometres?
  - A. 800,000 km<sup>2</sup>
  - B. 600,000 km<sup>2</sup>
  - C. 1,000,000 km<sup>2</sup>
  - D. 700,000 km<sup>2</sup>

16. One of the following rivers is correctly matched with its mouth. Which one is it?
  - A. River Athi - Lake Naivasha
  - B. River Tana - Lake Baringo
  - C. River Sio - Lake Victoria
  - D. River Nyando - Lake Turkana
17. The following are physical features found in Kenya.
  - i. Athi - Kapiti
  - ii. Lokitipi
  - iii. Kano
  - iv. Loita
 All the above are classified as
  - A. Plains
  - B. Plateaus
  - C. Mountains
  - D. Valleys
18. The source of River Tana is
  - A. Mau Ranges
  - B. Nyandarua Ranges
  - C. Mount Kenya
  - D. Mount Longonot
19. A long chain of hills called a
  - A. Conelet
  - B. Range
  - C. Mountain
  - D. Plateau
20. Which of the following lakes found in Kenya is classified as a swampy lake?
  - A. Lake Bogoria
  - B. Lake Naivasha
  - C. Lake Amboseli
  - D. Lake Turkana
21. One of the following sets consists of Lakes that are fresh water lakes. Which one is it?
  - A. Lake Naivasha, Lake Baringo and Lake Jipe
  - B. Lake Chala, Lake Bilisa and Lake Bogoria
  - C. Lake Nakuru, Lake Baringo and Lake Elementaita
  - D. Lake Bogoria, Lake Baringo and Lake Nakuru
22. Which of the following is NOT a relief region found in Kenya?
  - A. The coastal plains
  - B. The highlands
  - C. The lake basin
  - D. The desert region
23. Three of the following are drainage features found in Kenya. Which one is NOT?
  - A. Rivers
  - B. Swamps
  - C. Lakes
  - D. Hills
24. The following statements are true of the Nyika plateau. Which one is NOT?
  - A. Its surface is generally flat
  - B. It is covered with grass and thorny bushes
  - C. It has small hills that have been left behind after erosion
  - D. It receives heavy and reliable rainfall
25. What kind of rainfall is mainly received in the Lake basin?
  - A. Relief rainfall
  - B. Frontal rainfall
  - C. Cyclonic rainfall
  - D. Convectional rainfall
26. Which of the following hills is found in the highlands to the West of the Rift Valley?
  - A. Nyambene Hills
  - B. Larit Hills
  - C. Ngong Hills
  - D. Cherangani Hills
27. The great Rift Valley was formed through a process known as
 

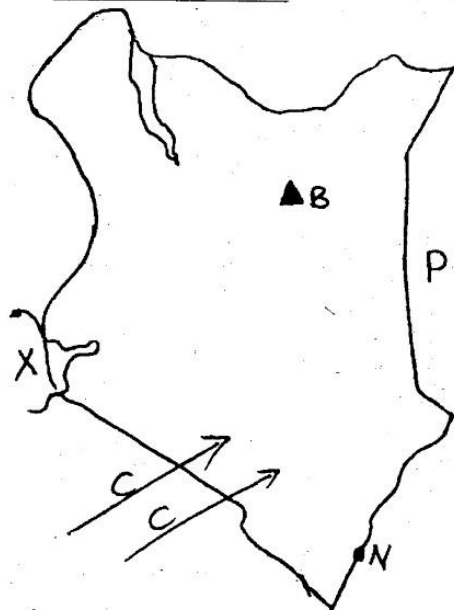
A. Volcanicity	B. Faulting
C. Eruption	D. Folding
28. One of the following islands is located in the Indian Ocean. Which one is it?
  - A. Ol Kokwa island
  - B. Vanga Islands
  - C. Rusinga Island
  - D. Milingo Island



29. Which of the following climatic conditions are mainly experienced in the northern parts of Kenya?
- Hot and Wet conditions
  - Cool and Dry conditions
  - Hot and Dry conditions
  - Cool and Wet conditions
30. Which of these crops is likely to do well in areas that experience cool and wet conditions?
- Pyrethrum
  - Cashewnuts
  - Coconuts
  - Sugarcane
31. The following describes a type of soil found in Kenya.
- They are formed after deposition
  - They are found in river valleys and flood plains
  - They are fertile
- The type of soil described above is the
- Alluvial soil
  - Sandy soil
  - Red volcanic soil
  - Black cotton soil
32. Which of the following conditions is not experienced in the semi – desert climatic region?
- Temperatures are high during the day
  - Temperatures are low at night
  - The region is hot and wet throughout the year
  - The area receives low rainfall
33. One cause of soil erosion is
- Overstocking
  - Afforestation
  - Crop rotation
  - Mulching
34. Three of trees are found in planted forests. Which one is NOT?
- Pine
  - Mahogany
  - Eucalyptus
  - Cedar
35. Bamboo trees, short alpine grass and heath and moorland are some of the vegetation that are part of
- Swamp vegetation
  - Desert vegetation
  - Mountain vegetation
  - Savanna woodland vegetation
36. The following are sub-groups of the Mijikenda who migrated and settled in the coastal region of Kenya. Which one is NOT?
- Wadigo
  - Waribe
  - Wajibana
  - Wataweta
37. Three of the following communities can be classified as plain nilotes of Kenya. Which one is NOT?
- Samburu
  - Njemps
  - Nandi
  - Iteso
38. Highlands are densely populated mainly because they
- They have large areas of forest cover
  - Have large pieces of land
  - They receive high and reliable rainfall
  - They experience low temperatures
39. Which of these counties of Kenya is likely to have a high population density?
- Mandera
  - Vihiga
  - Samburu
  - Isiolo
40. The Keiyo, Marakwet and the Sabaot communities are generally known as
- Plains nilotes
  - Highland nilotes
  - Cushitic speakers
  - River- Lake nilotes

41. Which Asians helped in building the Kenyan – Uganda railway during the colonial period in Kenya?  
A. Indians                      B. Chinese  
C. Pakistanis                D. Arabs
42. One of the following communities migrated into Kenya from the horn of Africa. Which one is it?  
A. Dorobo                      B. Maasai  
C. Burji                        D. Luo
43. Which of these areas found in Kenya are we likely to find mangrove vegetation?  
A. Kitale                        B. Nairobi  
C. Marsabit                    D. Kilifi
44. One of these Bantu communities migrated into Kenya and settled in Rusinga and Mfangano Islands?  
A. Abagusii                    B. Wataita  
C. Abakuria                    D. Abasuba
45. Swahili language came up as a result of intermarriage between  
A. Arabs and Jews  
B. Europeans and Bantu  
C. Bantu and Arabs  
D. Nilotes and Cushites

Use the map below to answer questions 46 – 50



46. Three of the following statements are true of the lake marked X. Which one is NOT?  
A. The lake is used for transport  
B. The lake is useful in fishing activities  
C. The lake is useful in mining activities  
D. It is a fresh water lake
47. Which of these communities used the route marked CC during their migration into Kenya?  
A. Luo                              B. Pokot  
C. Akamba                        D. Samburu
48. The town marked N which is near a large water body is likely to be \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Mombasa                      B. Voi  
C. Mandera                        D. Taveta
49. The mountain marked B is likely to be \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Mount Longonot  
B. Mount Suswa  
C. Mount Elgon  
D. Mount Marsabit
50. The country bordering Kenya and marked P on the map is likely to be \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Ethiopia  
B. Somalia  
C. Sudan  
D. Tanzania
51. Traditional education in the African communities was got through the following ways except one. Which one is it?  
A. Story-telling  
B. Through ceremonies  
C. Through writing  
D. Through imitation
52. Which of the following cannot be classified as a cultural artifact?  
A. Jingles  
B. Gourds  
C. Shields  
D. Ruler



53. Three of the following were age-sets among the Kalenjin of Kenya. Which one is NOT?  
 A. Chumo                      B. Oloiboni  
 C. Korongoro                D. Sawe
54. Three of the following were crops by the traditional African communities in the pre-colonial period. Which one is NOT?  
 A. Pyrethrum                B. Arrowroots  
 C. Sorghum                  D. Millet
55. In the past traditional African communities in Kenya mainly interacted through  
 A. Seminars                B. Games  
 C. Trade                    D. Weddings
56. The following are members of county assembly in Kenya except one. Whom is it?  
 A. The speaker of the county assembly  
 B. A nominated member of the county assembly  
 C. An elected member of the county assembly  
 D. The Deputy Governor in the county
57. Members of the county Assembly are elected in areas known as -----  
 A. Wards  
 B. Constituencies  
 C. Districts  
 D. Division
58. Which of the following is NOT a way of resolving a disagreement?  
 A. Arbitration  
 B. Mediation  
 C. Apologizing  
 D. Complaining
59. The right of individuals in Kenya are found in a document known as \_\_\_\_  
 A. Encyclopedia  
 B. Constitution  
 C. Black book  
 D. Hansard
60. Which of the following crops is MOST likely to be grown in a green house?  
 A. Cotton                    B. Tea  
 C. Flowers                  D. Sisal

## **CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION**

61. All types of animals found in the sea and the birds of the air were created by God on the  
 A. First day of creation  
 B. Second day of creation  
 C. Third day of creation  
 D. Fifth day of creation
62. The Sabbath day or the Lord's Day is always remembered as the day  
 A. God created the heavens  
 B. God created the human beings  
 C. God created the plants and the seas  
 D. God rested after completing His work of creation
63. In the traditional African society God was worshipped in \_\_\_\_  
 A. Special places of worship  
 B. Through His son  
 C. Through the Holy Spirit  
 D. Churches and cathedrals
64. Three of the following were names of God in the traditional African societies of Kenya. Which one is NOT?  
 A. Engoro  
 B. Nyasaye  
 C. Enkai  
 D. Jehovah

65. Which prophet of God was fed by birds and raised the son of a widow at Zarephath?  
 A. Elijah  
 B. Elisha  
 C. Isaiah  
 D. Joel
66. Which patriarch of Israel helped his family members to go to Egypt when there was hunger in the land of Caanan?  
 A. Moses  
 B. David  
 C. Isaac  
 D. Joseph
67. When David killed Goliath, the Israelites were being attacked by \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Philistines  
 B. Midianites  
 C. Caananites  
 D. Jebusites
68. The following describes a king in Israel.  
 i. He was a good shepherd  
 ii. He was anointed as a king when he was a young boy  
 iii. He brought the Ark of the Covenant to Jerusalem.  
 The king described above is  
 A. King Ahab  
 B. King Saul  
 C. King David  
 D. King Solomon
69. The following books are found in the Old Testament except one. Which one is it?  
 A. Psalms  
 B. Leviticus  
 C. Philemon  
 D. Ruth
70. Growth of the feelings is known as \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Mental growth  
 B. Emotional growth  
 C. Physical growth  
 D. Spiritual growth
71. Which commandment of God has a promise added to it?  
 A. The first commandment  
 B. The second commandment  
 C. The fifth commandment  
 D. The sixth commandment
72. Three of the following were sons of Noah. Who was NOT?  
 A. Shem  
 B. Ham  
 C. Japheth  
 D. Seth
73. Who among the following was not one of the twelve disciples of Jesus?  
 A. James  
 B. John  
 C. Peter  
 D. Silas
74. Jesus helped Simon Peter to  
 A. Catch a lot of fish  
 B. Become a rich man  
 C. Become a king of the Jews  
 D. Become a tax collector
75. Jesus showed generosity in the miracle where He fed a crowd of  
 A. Six thousand people  
 B. Two thousand people  
 C. Three thousand people  
 D. Four thousand people
76. A good leader should have the following qualities except  
 A. Humility  
 B. Gentleness  
 C. Co-operation  
 D. Hostility
77. The power to forgive sins was seen when Jesus  
 A. Healed a paralysed man  
 B. Healed Peter's mother-in-law  
 C. Calmed the storm  
 D. Healed the ten lepers



78. Jesus died in order \_\_\_\_\_  
A. For human beings to get salvation  
B. To prove that He was the son of God  
C. To show His power over death  
D. For human beings to witness His resurrection
79. Jesus prayed and sweat what looked like drops of blood at  
A. The temple in Jerusalem  
B. A synagogue in Nazareth  
C. The garden of Gethsemane  
D. The pool of Siloam
80. In what occasion did Jesus wash the disciples' feet?  
A. During His baptism  
B. During His resurrection  
C. During the last supper  
D. During the transfiguration
81. In the story of the Good Samaritan, the injured man belonged to the \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Egyptian community  
B. Samaritan community  
C. Jewish community  
D. Canaanite community
82. How many jars were filled with water when Jesus changed water into wine?  
A. Four  
B. Five  
C. Six  
D. Seven
83. Moses built an altar for God at the foot of Mount \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Olives  
B. Sinai  
C. Ararat  
D. Carmel
84. The story of Ananias and his wife Sapphira teaches Christians to be  
A. Fair  
B. Honest  
C. Corrupt  
D. Humble
85. From the Apostles' Creed God is regarded as the \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Messiah  
B. Creator  
C. Protector  
D. Giver
86. Who among the following disciples of Jesus worked as a tax official?  
A. Matthew  
B. Judas Iscariot  
C. John  
D. Peter
87. Which of the following is a fruit of the Holy Spirit?  
A. Preaching  
B. Wisdom  
C. Love  
D. Healing
88. According to the Apostles' Creed, Jesus suffered  
A. Under King Herod  
B. Under Pontius Pilate  
C. Under the High Priest  
D. Under the Pharisees
89. Which of these parables of Jesus teaches us to help those in difficulties?  
A. Parable of the sower  
B. Parable of the master and the three servants  
C. Parable of the Good Samaritan  
D. Parable of the Pharisee and the tax collector
90. James, a standard five boy is from a rich family. He despises classmates from poor families. As a Christian you should remind him the value of \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Being honest  
B. Being courageous  
C. Being kind  
D. Being humble



# HIGH FLYER SERIES TRIAL EXAMINATION

## STANDARD 5 – 2015

### SCIENCE

Time: 1 Hour 40 minutes

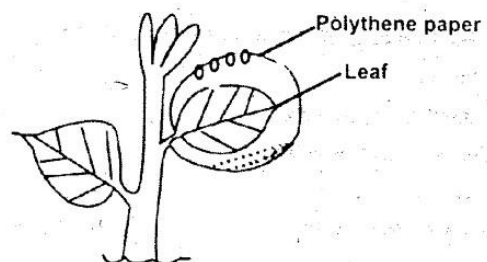
- Which one of the following type of tooth grows first in the human mouth?
  - Canine
  - Molar
  - Incisor
  - Pre molar
- The function of the colon in the alimentary canal is to
  - Complete digestion
  - Absorb water
  - Store faeces
  - Absorb digested food
- The organ of the breathing system that cleans the air is
  - Airsacs
  - Lungs
  - Nose
  - Diaphragm
- Which system in the human body does HIV virus destroy?
  - Immune system
  - Reproductive system
  - Breathing system
  - Digestive system
- Medicines that cure known diseases are called
  - Pain killers
  - Antibiotics
  - Vaccines
  - Stimulants

- In the diagram below, which stage of HIV and AIDS does a person look healthy but tests positive



- J
  - K
  - L
  - M
- Which disease below is spread by drinking dirty water?
    - Malaria
    - Common cold
    - Tuber culosis
    - Typhoid
  - Which of the following crops is the odd one out?
 

A. Flax	B. Cotton
C. Sunflower	D. Sisal
  - Which process does the diagram below represent in green plants
    - Photosynthesis
    - Transpiration
    - Breathing
    - Absorption





10. The following plants have a fibrous root system except

- A. Millet
- B. Sorghum
- C. Maize
- D. Bean

11. Which one is a green non flowering plant?

- A. Mould
- B. Onion
- C. Moss
- D. Mushroom

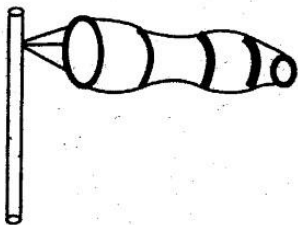
12. \_\_\_\_\_ Cannot be seen in the sky at night

- A. Sun
- B. Stars
- C. Clouds
- D. Moon

13. Which of the following heavenly body goes round the earth?

- A. Stars
- B. Sun
- C. Moon
- D. Planets

14.



Which aspect of weather does the weather instrument shown measure?

- A. Speed of wind
- B. Amount of rain
- C. Changes in temperature
- D. Strength of wind

15. The best weather condition for washing clothes is?

- A. Calm and cloudy
- B. Sunny and windy
- C. Sunny and calm
- D. Rainy and windy

16. Which one of the following is NOT an example of poultry?

- A. Duck
- B. Chicken
- C. Ostrich
- D. Turkey

17. All animals do the following except

- A. Moving
- B. Feeding
- C. Giving birth
- D. Reproducing

18. Which characteristic below is NOT common in all mammals?

- A. They lay eggs
- B. They have mammary glands
- C. They have a backbone
- D. They have hair or fur

19. The following show domestic uses of water except

- A. Bathing
- B. Swimming
- C. Drinking
- D. Cooking

20. Safe water for drinking should be

- A. Clean
- B. Cold
- C. Filtered
- D. Boiled

21. Large volumes of water are stored in

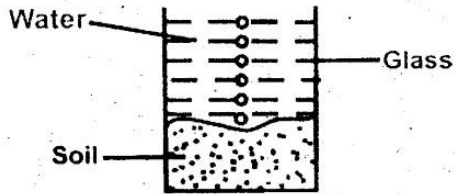
- A. Dams
- B. Pipes
- C. Pots
- D. Drums

22. Which of these types of soils is found along the river bank?

- A. Clay
- B. Sand
- C. Loam
- D. Loam and sand

23. This activity shows that soil has

- A. Humus
- B. Water
- C. Air
- D. Animals



24. The best soil for making bricks for building houses is

- A. Sand
- B. Loam
- C. Clay
- D. Sand and clay

25. The ability of water to rise through soils is called

- A. Drainage
- B. Capillarity
- C. Texture
- D. Water retention

26. Which of these foods is NOT a source of energy to the body?

- A. Cabbage
- B. Green banana
- C. Yams
- D. Bread

27. Which meal below shows a balanced diet?

- A. Milk, bread and eggs.
- B. Rice, fish and chapatti.
- C. Ugali, meat and spinach.
- D. Arrowroots, milk and meat.

28. Lack of enough food causes a disease called?

- A. Kwashiorkor.
- B. Marasmus.
- C. Rickets.
- D. Anaemia.

29. The main source of light on earth is?

- A. Electricity.
- B. Moon.
- C. Stars.
- D. Sun.

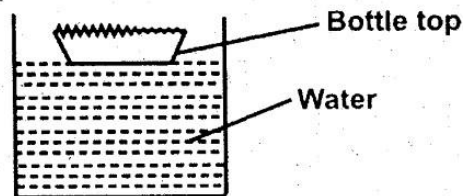
30. Which of these objects will reflect the least amount of light?

- A. Stone.
- B. Aluminium plate.
- C. Mirror.
- D. Iron sheet.

31. The following are uses of heat except?

- A. Cooking.
- B. Photosynthesis.
- C. Drying.
- D. Ironing.

32.



Which property of a bottle top makes it float on water as shown in the diagram?

- A. Size.
- B. Material.
- C. Shape.
- D. Weight.

33. Pressure in liquids depends on?

- A. Amount of water.
- B. Depth
- C. Surface area
- D. Size of container.

34. Which substance below will melt when heated?

- A. Ice.
- B. Wood.
- C. Stone.
- D. Paper.

35. Farmers use a \_\_\_\_\_ to scoop soil on the farm.

- A. Jembe.
- B. Rake.
- C. Slasher.
- D. Spade.

36. To prevent iron tools from rusting, we should?

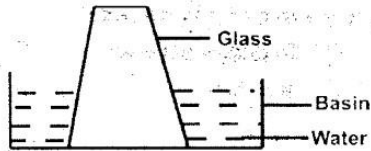
- A. Wash them.
- B. Oil them.
- C. Sharpen them.
- D. Keep them safely.



37. \_\_\_\_\_ is not a simple tool?

- A. Fork jembe.
- B. Claw hammer.
- C. Wheel barrow.
- D. Panga

38.



This experiment shows that matter

- A. Occupies space.
- B. Has weight.
- C. Exerts pressure.
- D. Has mass.

39. Which statement below is NOT correct about states of matter?

- A. Solids have definite volume.
- B. Liquids have definite shape.
- C. Gases have definite mass.
- D. Gases have no definite volume.

40. Which animal below is the odd one out?

- A. Snake.
- B. Frog.
- C. Newt.
- D. Toad.

41. Which pair of animals below gives us mutton?

- A. Cattle and sheep.
- B. Goat and poultry.
- C. Goat and sheep.
- D. Sheep and pig.

42. Which animal below feeds on both meat and plants?

- A. Zebra.
- B. Pig.
- C. Leopard.
- D. Horse.

43. The part of a green plant that transport water and mineral salts is?

- A. Stem.
- B. Flower.
- C. Roots.
- D. Leaf

44. The best method of controlling weeds on the farm is by?

- A. Uprooting.
- B. Slashing.
- C. Applying herbicides.
- D. Digging them out.

45. Which one of the following is a tuber crop?

- A. Onion
- B. Cabbage.
- C. Cassava.
- D. Pumpkin.

46. Which one is not a problem related to teeth?

- A. Bad smell.
- B. Shedding.
- C. Cavities.
- D. Bleeding gums.

47. \_\_\_\_\_ Separates the chest cavity and the abdomen?

- A. Ribs.
- B. Lungs.
- C. Air sacs
- D. Diaphragm.

48. Which one of the following is NOT a reason for lighting the house?

- A. Keep away pests.
- B. Prevent accidents.
- C. Promote beauty of the house.
- D. Read comfortably.

49. Which one of the following shows natural sources of heat?

- A. Moon.
- B. Sun.
- C. Candle.
- D. Electricity.

50. Digestion of food begins in the?

- A. Stomach.
- B. Ileum.
- C. Mouth.
- D. Food pipe.





# HIGH FLYER SERIES TRIAL EXAMINATION

STANDARD FIVE – 2015

## ENGLISH

### Fill in the gaps

My 1 friend 2 a very good footballer. Everybody in 3 school likes 4 for 5 skill especially when he 6 at the goal. Last Sunday 7 took him 8 a friendly match 9 our opponents. The game 10 on a low note 11 in the tenth minute he received a 12 from Voke our winger, dodged properly 13 released a left 14 kick which the goalkeeper 15 save. "Goaaaal!" we all cheered.

- | A           | B        | C       | D         |
|-------------|----------|---------|-----------|
| 1. good     | bad      | worst   | best      |
| 2. was      | is       | are     | has       |
| 3. our      | their    | me      | its       |
| 4. his      | her      | him     | me        |
| 5. he's     | her      | him     | his       |
| 6. shoots   | shorts   | short   | shot      |
| 7. my       | I        | they    | she       |
| 8. from     | with     | of      | for       |
| 9. with     | for      | against | by        |
| 10. started | starts   | starded | starting  |
| 11. and     | now      | also    | but       |
| 12. past    | pass     | pause   | purse     |
| 13. after   | before   | more    | and       |
| 14. hand    | feet     | foot    | footer    |
| 15. could   | will not | won't   | could not |

### Complete the following

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 16. A _____ of puppies<br>A. kennel                      B. group<br>C. litter                        D. set | 18. A _____ of singers<br>A. group                        B. troop<br>C. choir                         D. church |
| 17. A _____ of birds<br>A. swarm                        B. set<br>C. pack                         D. flock   | 19. A _____ of players<br>A. team                         B. group<br>C. set                            D. troop |



**Select the correct adjective**

20. Who makes \_\_\_\_\_ noise  
Joyce or James?  
A. little B. less  
C. least D. much
21. This is the \_\_\_\_\_ mango in  
the store  
A. Juiciest B. Juicy  
C. Juicier D. Sweeter
22. What is the \_\_\_\_\_ news?  
A. late B. latest  
C. later D. latter
23. This cup is \_\_\_\_\_ than that  
one  
A. dirty B. dirtier  
C. dirtiest D. dirtier

**Select the adjectives**

24. My mum is a beautiful lady  
A. Mum B. Beautiful  
C. My D. Lady

25. This is a lovely flower  
A. lovely B. this  
C. is D. flower

26. Robah is a generous man  
A. Robah B. Is  
C. Man D. Generous

27. The main door was closed  
A. door B. main  
C. closed D. was

**Write the plurals of the given words**

28. Knife  
A. Knives B. Knife  
C. Knifes D. Knivies
29. Roof  
A. Rooves B. Roof  
C. Roofs D. Roofes
30. Sheep  
A. Ships B. Sheep  
C. Sheeps D. Goats

**Read the passage below then answer the questions**

Kokis wedding was on a bright summer day on the eighth of June last year. So eagerly had she waited for the D-day that on the eve of it she hardly slept. She woke up at the crack of dawn, had a shower and dressed.

The hours she spent in the dressing room made everybody wonder. She took so long and then came out with her gorgeous white wedding gown with maids on both sides like the peacock.

She looked at her bedroom and stopped. She felt bad that she would never sleep there again. As everyone did the final touches here and there the hooting of the bridegroom's motorcade screamed in the air. Everybody was excited. She walked out very majestically as women sang songs for her. Outside there were many people who were waiting to see her.

31. It is true to say that the day was \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Rainy B. Sunny  
 C. Cloudy D. Foggy
32. D-day means  
 A. A sad day  
 B. A bad day  
 C. An important day  
 D. Die day
33. The day before an important day is called its \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Eve B. Holiday  
 C. D-day D. Wedding day
34. At the crack of dawn means  
 A. Night  
 B. Very late  
 C. Sunset  
 D. Very early in the morning
35. The opposite of dawn is \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Noon  
 B. Dusk  
 C. Midnight  
 D. Daylight
36. Why did Koki take long to prepare? She probably \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Wanted to be very smart  
 B. Didn't want to see people  
 C. Had no oil  
 D. Was waiting for the gown
37. Why were people shocked as she prepared herself?  
 A. They were late.  
 B. The bridegroom had come  
 C. They were hungry  
 D. She took long
38. Why did Koki feel bad after looking at her bedroom?  
 A. She would come back  
 B. It was dirty  
 C. She would never sleep there  
 D. She felt sleepy
39. A group of cars can be referred to as a \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. flock B. crowd  
 C. team D. fleet
40. Bride is to bridegroom as prince is to \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Princes B. Princess  
 C. King D. Queen

**Read the passage below then answer the questions**

My mother keeps her money in a drawer. She always locks it and puts the key in her pocket. One day she needed some money for shopping but she could not find the key. She looked for it in her bag, in my room, under the table but could not find it.

She called a carpenter to come and break open the drawer. When it was opened, there was nothing there. Oh! Said mother. Now I have no money to pay you. I think somebody stole it. I had kept eight hundred shillings here.



Just then my father came in and my mother told him the news. Oh! He said. 'I am sorry I took the money to work but forgot to tell you about it. Here it is and here is the key.' My mother paid the carpenter fifty shillings. He left happily.

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <p>41. We say a _____ of drawers<br/>           A. group                      B. chest<br/>           C. suite                      D. flight</p> <p>42. Mother needed money for _____<br/>           A. Salon                      B. School fees<br/>           C. Shopping                  D. Buying</p> <p>43. Tables, beds and chairs are all _____<br/>           A. Furniture                  B. Furnitures<br/>           C. Woodens                  D. Materials</p> <p>44. The word news is underlined.<br/>           What news was it?<br/>           A. The carpenter<br/>           B. The missing money<br/>           C. The missing dad<br/>           D. The mother and carpenter</p> <p>45. Was the key lost?<br/>           A. Yes it was<br/>           B. Yes, it wasn't<br/>           C. No it was<br/>           D. No it wasn't</p> <p>46. Where was father?<br/>           A. Shopping                  B. Market<br/>           C. Work                      D. Home</p> | <p>47. Mother looked for the keys in these places except<br/>           A. My room<br/>           B. Kitchen<br/>           C. Under the table<br/>           D. In her bag</p> <p>48. What was in the drawer after it was opened?<br/>           A. Fifty shillings<br/>           B. The key<br/>           C. Eight hundred shilling<br/>           D. Nothing</p> <p>49. How much money did mother remain with after paying the carpenter?<br/>           A. Fifty shillings<br/>           B. Eight hundred shillings<br/>           C. Seven hundred shillings<br/>           D. Seven hundred and fifty shillings</p> <p>50. What do you say when you wrong someone?<br/>           A. Thank you<br/>           B. Sorry<br/>           C. Right<br/>           D. Nothing</p> |
|---|---|





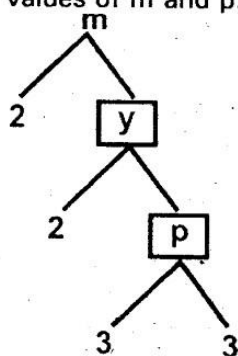
# **HIGH FLYER SERIES TRIAL EXAMINATION** **STANDARD FIVE – 2015** **MATHEMATICS**



Time: 2 hours

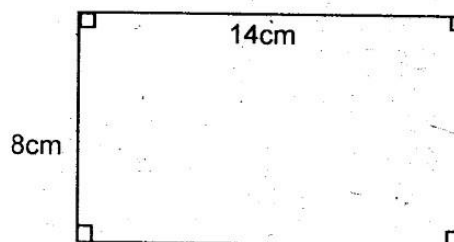
- Write two hundred and forty thousand and seventy seven in symbols  
 A. 204770  
 B. 240077  
 C. 204077  
 D. 247077
- What is the place value of digit 9 in 739428?  
 A. Ten thousand  
 B. Thousandths  
 C. Thousands  
 D. Hundreds
- Write  $\frac{13}{5}$  as a mixed fraction  
 A.  $\frac{5}{13}$   
 B.  $\frac{2}{5}$   
 C.  $1\frac{3}{5}$   
 D.  $2\frac{3}{5}$
- What is the LCM of 8, 12 and 15?  
 A. 120  
 B. 60  
 C. 240  
 D. 150
- Round off 3089 to the nearest 100  
 A. 3080  
 B. 3090  
 C. 3000  
 D. 3100

- Complete the factor tree and find the values of m and p.



- |       |    |
|-------|----|
| M     | p  |
| A. 36 | 18 |
| B. 36 | 9  |
| C. 18 | 9  |
| D. 9  | 36 |

- What is the sum of the prime numbers between 1 and 15?  
 A. 41  
 B. 38  
 C. 50  
 D. 47
- Simplify  $\frac{24}{36}$   
 A.  $\frac{6}{9}$   
 B.  $\frac{12}{18}$   
 C.  $\frac{2}{3}$   
 D.  $\frac{4}{6}$
- Ali buys a packet of milk everyday. If a packet of milk costs sh 45, how much will he spend in the month of April?  
 A. sh 1305  
 B. sh 1260  
 C. sh 1395  
 D. sh 1350
- What is the area of the rectangle below?



- |                     |                     |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| A. $92\text{cm}^2$  | B. $112\text{cm}^2$ |
| C. $102\text{cm}^2$ | D. $122\text{cm}^2$ |

- Work out  

$$\begin{array}{r} 7896 \\ + 2837 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

- |          |          |
|----------|----------|
| A. 9733  | B. 10723 |
| C. 10733 | D. 10633 |

- Work out

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{Hrs} \quad \text{min} \\ 3 \quad 20 \\ - 1 \quad 40 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

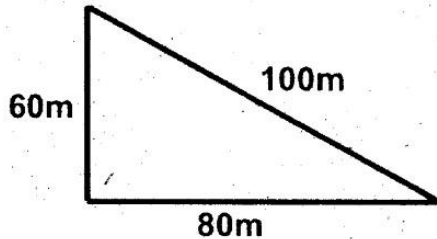
- |               |               |
|---------------|---------------|
| A. 1hrs 40min | B. 2hrs 40min |
| C. 1hr 20min  | D. 2hrs 20min |



13. Mwende had 7540 chicken in her farm. 2465 chickens died. How many chickens remained?

A. 10005                      B. 5075  
C. 4975                      D. 5085

14. What is the perimeter of the figure below?



A. 280m                      B. 140m  
C. 180m                      D. 240m

15. How many minutes are in  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours?

A. 150                      B. 180  
C. 550                      D. 250

16. Work out

$$\begin{array}{r} 215 \\ \times 12 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

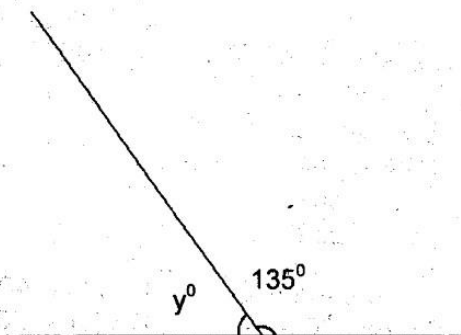
A. 2480                      B. 1580  
C. 2580                      D. 2680

17. Work out

$$\begin{array}{r} 30412 \\ - 16875 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

A. 23537                      B. 13537  
C. 14647                      D. 13647

18. What is the size of angle marked t?

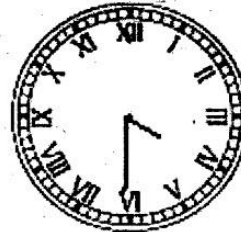


A.  $45^\circ$                       B.  $55^\circ$   
C.  $25^\circ$                       D.  $15^\circ$

19. Add  
 $43.05 + 11.58 =$

A. 64.63                      B. 53.64  
C. 54.53                      D. 54.63

20. What is the time shown?



A. 20min past 6 o'clock  
B. Half past 5 o'clock  
C. Half past 4 o'clock  
D. Quarter past 4 o'clock

21. What is the next number in the pattern below?

5, 9, 13, 17, 21, \_\_\_\_\_

A. 26                      B. 23  
C. 24                      D. 25

22. How many  $\frac{1}{4}$  litres can fill a 12 litre basin?

A. 3                      B. 48  
C. 16                      D. 24

23. What is the area of a square whose perimeter is 40cm?

A.  $10\text{cm}^2$                       B.  $1600\text{cm}^2$   
C.  $100\text{cm}^2$                       D.  $160\text{cm}^2$

24. Work out

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{Sh} \quad \text{cts} \\ 34 \quad 25 \\ \times \quad 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

A. sh 171 25cts  
B. sh 170 25cts  
C. sh 170 05cts  
D. sh 171 05cts

25. What is the GCD of 24, 36 and 60?

A. 4                      B. 6  
C. 18                      D. 12

26. Work out

$$6 - 2\frac{1}{2}$$

A.  $4\frac{1}{2}$                       B.  $3\frac{1}{2}$   
C.  $2\frac{1}{2}$                       D.  $5\frac{1}{2}$



27. What is a sixth of 48?

A. 6  
C. 8

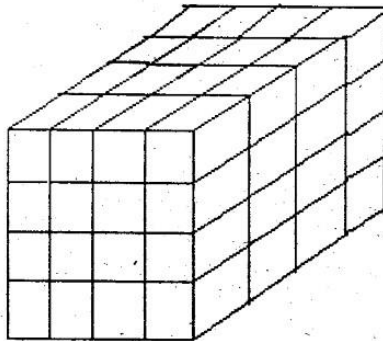
B. 12  
D. 16

28. Work out

Weeks	Days
8	1
- 3	6
<hr/>	

A. 4 weeks 2days  
B. 4 weeks 5 days  
C. 5 weeks 2 days  
D. 5 weeks 5 days

29. How many cubes make the stack below?



A. 60  
B. 64  
C. 48  
D. 80

30. How many shillings are in 2500 cents?

A. sh 2500                      B. sh 2.50  
C. sh 25                          D. sh 250

31. Work out

$$414 \div 18 =$$

A. 23                      B. 22 rem 16  
C. 22                      D. 24

32. Which fraction below is equivalent to  $\frac{2}{9}$ ?

A.  $\frac{8}{45}$  B.  $\frac{12}{56}$   
C.  $\frac{4}{9}$  D.  $\frac{6}{27}$

33. Work out

$$195 - 28 - 76 =$$

A. 91  
C. 101

B. 119  
D. 81

34. Arrange the following fractions from the smallest to the largest  $\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{1}{2}$

A.  $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{5}$       B.  $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{5}$   
C.  $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{2}{3}$       D.  $\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}$

35. Mwakadzi bought the following:

4kg of sugar for sh 380  
3 loaves of bread @ sh 50  
2 bottles of water @ sh 25

How much did he spend on the items?

A. sh 455  
B. sh 580  
C. sh 1695  
D. sh 555

36. What is the value of  $x$  in

$37 + x = 115?$

A. 152  
C. 68

B. 88  
D. 78

37. Write down the prime factorization of 90

A.  $2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5$   
B.  $3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5$   
C.  $2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5$   
D.  $2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 7$

38. Write 0.04 as a fraction in simplest form

A.  $\frac{4}{100}$                       B.  $\frac{2}{50}$   
C.  $\frac{1}{25}$                          D.  $\frac{4}{25}$

39. Change  $7\frac{3}{8}$  into a mixed fraction

A.  $7\frac{1}{8}$                       B.  $9\frac{1}{8}$   
C.  $8\frac{7}{8}$                       D.  $9\frac{3}{8}$

40. Simplify

$$31x - 11x + 8x - 5x$$

A.  $7x$                       B.  $17x$   
C.  $28x$                       D.  $23x$

- 41. Work out**

M	cm
7	5 4
x	4

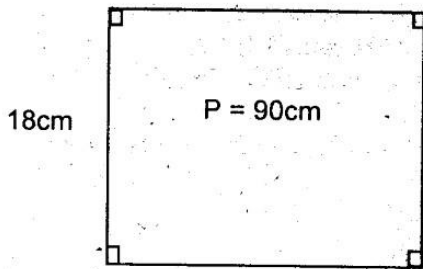
A. 29m 16cm  
B. 30m 16cm  
C. 30m 6cm  
D. 29m 6cm

42. Which one is NOT a prime number?

A. 37                  B. 53  
C. 39                  D. 59

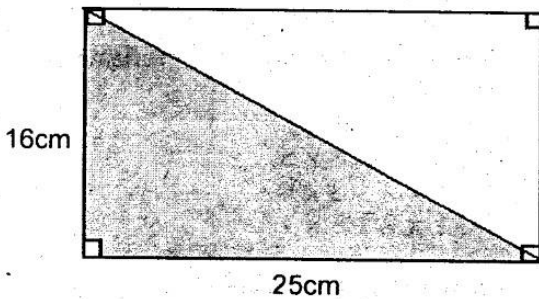


43. The perimeter of the figure below is 90cm. If its width is 18cm, what is its length?



- A. 54cm  
C. 36cm  
B. 32cm  
D. 27cm

44. What is the area of the shaded part in the figure below?



- A.  $200\text{cm}^2$   
C.  $100\text{cm}^2$   
B.  $400\text{cm}^2$   
D.  $160\text{cm}^2$

45. Work out

Km	m	cm
3	270	72
+ 2	329	28

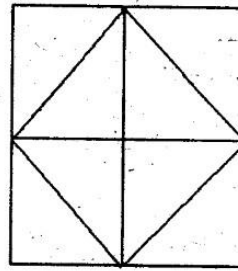
- A. 5km 599m 90cm  
B. 5km 600m 10cm  
C. 5km 600m 1cm  
D. 5km 600m

46. Add

$$5869 + 2399 + 788 =$$

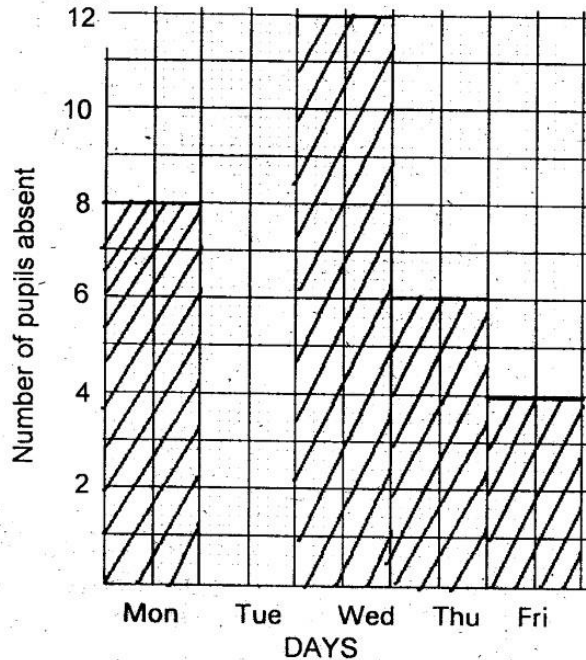
- A. 11056  
C. 9056  
B. 10056  
D. 8956

47. How many squares are in the figure below?



- A. 6  
C. 4  
B. 8  
D. 5

The bar graph below shows the number of pupils absent during one week. The class has a total of 50 pupils.



48. On which day was every pupil present?  
A. Monday  
C. Wednesday  
B. Tuesday  
D. Thursday
49. How many pupils were present on Wednesday?  
A. 12  
C. 38  
B. 28  
D. 30
50. On which day did eight pupils miss school?  
A. Monday  
C. Friday  
B. Thursday  
D. Wednesday

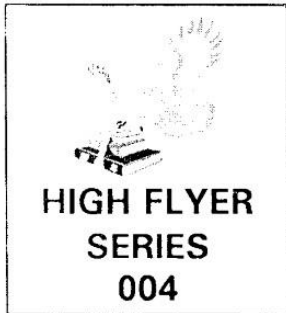


# HIGH FLYER SERIES TRIAL EXAMINATION

## STANDARD 5 – 2015

### ENGLISH

### COMPOSITION



**Time: 40 minutes**

<b>YOUR NAME</b>	
<b>NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL</b>	

### READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. In the spaces provided above write your full Index Number, Your Name and Name of your school.
2. Now open this paper, read the composition subject carefully and write your composition on the lines provided.

**This Question Paper consists of 4 printed pages.**



**Write an interesting story on:**

## MY FAMILY

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There is no text or other markings on the paper.

# JARIBIO LA MTIHANI WA HIGH FLYER SERIES



**DARASA LA TANO – 2015**

**KISWAHILI – SEHEMU YA PILI**

**INSHA**

**Muda: Dakika 40**

<b>JINA LAKO</b>	
<b>JINA LA SHULE YAKO</b>	

## SOMA MAAGIZO HAYA KWA MAKINI

1. Kwenye nafasi zilizoachwa hapo juu andika namba yako kamili ya mtihani, jina lako na jina la shule yako.
2. Sasa fungua karatasi hii, soma kichwa cha insha kwa makini na uandike insha yako kwenye nafasi zilizoacha.

**Kijitabu hiki kina kurasa nne zimepigwa chapa.**



**Andika insha ya kuvutia zaidi juu ya:**

## SIKU YA MICHEZO SHULENI MWETU

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