Study the map of HOKA AREA above and then answer questions 1 to 7.

1. River Kasa ends in a feature called
   A. delta  B. tributary  C. estuary  D. confluence.

2. Which crop is being irrigated in the region?

3. People of Hoka area do three of the following things except
   A. cultivation  B. trading  C. mining  D. fishing.

4. Who heads Hoka area?
   A. A chief.  B. A district officer.  C. A governor.  D. A police officer.

5. The climate of North Eastern can be described as
   A. cool and wet  B. warm and wet  C. cool and dry  D. warm and dry.

6. Which one of the following physical features is found in the region?

7. People of Hoka area are
   A. Muslims  B. Christians  C. Pagans  D. Traditionalists.

8. Which one of the following people uses the compass most frequently?

9. A constituency is represented by a
   A. Members of parliament  B. Senator  C. Governor  D. President.

10. The best soil for modelling is
    A. clay  B. sand  C. loam  D. alluvial.
11. In traditional education, children were taught by
A. peers  B. cousins  C. teachers  D. elders.

12. On 12th December every year, Kenyans celebrate
A. Labour day  B. Mashujua day  C. Christmas day  D. Jamhuri day.

13. Food, clothes and shelter are known as
A. children's right  B. secondary needs  C. basic needs  D. school requirements.

14. Exchanging of goods for other goods is known as
A. barter trade  B. cash exchange  C. hawking  D. cash trade.

15. The direction found halfway between North and East is known as
A. North East  B. North West  C. South East  D. South West.

16. The growing of flowers for sale is commonly known as
A. horticulture  B. floriculture  C. market gardening  D. mon culture.

17. The colour at the bottom of Kenya's national flag is
A. red  B. white  C. black  D. green.

18. The set of rules used to govern a country are called
A. political parties  B. parliament  C. constituency  D. constitution.

19. The last general elections in your country was held in

20. From the following relatives, choose to one who is your cousin.
A. A sister to your mother.  B. A son of your brother.  C. A daughter of your aunt.  D. A brother of your father.

21. Which one of the following instruments is used to measure air pressure?
A. Barometer  B. Rain gauge  C. Windsock  D. Windvane.

22. Which one of the following signs shows there is a bridge ahead?
A.  
B.  
C.  
D.  

23. How many Presidents have led since independence?
A. One  B. Two  C. Four  D. Three.

24. Chickens are kept mainly to produce
A. meat  B. meat and eggs  C. feathers  D. money.

25. Name the two liquids used in the thermometer

26. Crops that are grown mainly to be sold are known as
A. cash crops  B. food crops  C. irrigation crops  D. subsistence crops.

27. The activity of making mats, ropes and baskets is called
A. leather work  B. iron working  C. weaving  D. pottery.

28. Three of the following are allowed to treat people except
A. doctors  B. dentist  C. herbalists  D. witch doctors.

29. Which of the following is not an element of a good citizenship?

30. The family that includes father, mother and children is called
A. nuclear  B. nuclear  C. good family  D. small family.

31. Which one of the following is the fastest means of communication?

32. Areas where beef cattle are kept are known as
A. cattle ranches  B. cattle boma  C. cattle dip  D. cattle trough.

33. "Densely populated areas" means
A. few people per given km  B. many people per given km  C. one person in an area  D. no people in any area.

34. Bad things done to children are called
A. child right  B. child abuse  C. child beating  D. child punishment.

35. Which of the following is an importance of forests?
A. They make soils cool.  B. They make us famous.  C. They protect soil erosion.  D. They have many trees.

36. Which of the following is the responsibility of children?
37. People who were paid to carry goods were called _______.  
A. porters  B. traders  
C. hawkers  D. arabs.  

38. Which one of the following is not a resource?  
A. Lakes.  B. Forests.  
C. Worship.  D. Soil.  

39. Morals are laws teaching people _______.  
A. to ignore elders.  B. to avoid making friends.  
C. to respect work.  D. to destroy property.  

40. One of the reasons why Jua kali was started was to _______.  
A. create employment  B. make expensive products  
C. develop roads  D. encourage people to work in towns.  

41. Which item is correctly matched with the industry in which it is made?  
C. Mats - iron working.  D. Sandal - weaving.  

42. The deputy President of Kenya is _______.  
A. Raila Odinga  B. Kalonzo Musyoka  
C. William Ruto  D. Uhuru Kenyatta.  

43. The roof of this house is made of _______.  
A. thatch  B. cement  
C. iron sheet  D. glass.  

44. Sick animals are treated by _______.  
A. surgeon  B. veterinary doctor  
C. dentist  D. farmer.  

45. Which of the following communities is not correctly matched with their name for God?  
A. Luhya - Mulungu.  B. Maasai - Enkai.  

46. The carrying away of top soil by rain is called _______.  
A. pollution  B. soil erosion  
C. fertilization  D. famine.  

47. Which of these communities were traditionally known for cattle keeping?  
A. Samburu.  B. Akamba.  
C. Abakuria.  D. Pokomo.  

48. How many counties are there in Kenya?  
A. 47  B. 12  
C. 8  D. 290  

49. A land mass which is completely surrounded by water is called _______.  
A. swamp  B. lake  
C. valley  D. island.  

50. Tourism is important because _______.  
A. many people visit our country  B. it earns the country a lot of money  
C. it is for visitors  D. European come to visit us.  

51. Cutting down of trees is known as _______.  
A. re-afforestation  B. deforestation  
C. afforestation  D. agroforestry  

52. A place with low rainfall is termed as a _______.  
A. grassland  B. plain  
C. desert  D. mountain.  

53. Killing of wild animals without permission is known as _______.  
A. tourism  B. conservation  
C. hunting  D. poaching.  

54. The type of rainfall formed after heating of water which evaporates to form clouds is called, _______.  
A. relief rainfall  B. convective rainfall  
C. tropical rainfall  D. depression rainfall.  

55. The major points of a compass are called _______.  
A. angular points  B. magnetic points  
C. cardinal points  D. compass directions.  

56. Which of the following is not a natural feature?  
A. Desert  B. Swamp  
C. Rock  D. Plain.  

57. People who move from one place to another in search for pastures are called _______.  
A. shepherds  B. hawkers  
C. farmers  D. nomads.  

58. The following activities can be practised in a cool and wet climate except _______.  
A. tea growing  B. coffee growing  
C. pastoralism  D. dairy farming.  

59. Which of the following arts did the Bantu learn from the Cushites?  
A. Farming.  B. Naming.  
C. Baptism.  D. Circumcision.  

60. Who among the following does repairs of broken chairs and lockers in the school?  
A. Head teacher.  B. Pupils.  
C. Class teacher.  D. Carpenter.
SECTION B

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. God put Adam and Eve in the garden of _______.
   A. Gethsemane  B. Eden  C. Canaan  D. Golgotha.

62. Noah cursed one of his sons because _______.
   A. refused to obey  B. mocking him  C. laughing at him  D. refusing to worship God.

63. Jesus birth was at a place called _______.
   A. Galilee  B. at Jerusalem  C. Bethlehem  D. Judea.

64. "Master, Master, we are about to die!" ... this was said by the disciples when Jesus,
   A. healed the blind man.  B. walked on water.  C. calmed the storm.  D. raised Lazarus from death.

65. Naomi and her family went to Moab because of _______.
   A. war  B. famine  C. blessing  D. protection.

66. The commandment that ask people to respect other people property is _______.
   A. Do not steal  B. Do not kill  C. Do not cheat  D. Do not accuse anyone falsely.

67. The cousin of Mary who was pregnant when Mary was also pregnant was _______.
   A. Hannah  B. Martha  C. Elizabeth  D. Salome.

69. While in the wilderness the Israelites were guided by _______. during the day.
   A. cloud  B. fire  C. wind  D. angel.

70. According to the Apostles Creed, Jesus Christ was conceived by the power of _______.
   A. Holy spirit  B. Joseph  C. Mary  D. God.

71. Hannah went to pray at Shiloh, God gave her _______.
   A. Jacob  B. Samuel  C. Samson  D. Isaac.

72. Jesus is also known as the prince of _______.
   A. joy  B. unity  C. peace  D. kings.

73. According to psalms 19:13, I am fearfully and... _______.
   A. beautiful  B. physically strong  C. God's child  D. wonderfully made.

74. The first people to know the birth of Jesus from the angels were the _______.
   A. Shepherds  B. King Herod  C. Wisemen  D. Disciples.

75. Among the sons of Jacob, who was a dreamer? _______.

76. Which disciple told Jesus they need a lot of money in order to buy food for 5000 people?
   A. John  B. Peter  C. Andrew  D. Philip.

77. The children of Israel were led to Canaan by _______.
   A. Moses  B. Gideon  C. Aaron  D. Joshua.

78. Another name for Matthew the disciple of Jesus was _______.
   A. Nicodemus  B. Nathaniel  C. Peter  D. Levi.

79. The name "Emmanuel" means _______.
   A. Son of God  B. God is able  C. God with us  D. Prince of peace.

80. Three of the following are fruits of the Holy spirit except _______.
   A. love  B. faith  C. faithfulness  D. patience.

81. The first book of the Bible was written by _______.
   A. Abraham  B. Moses  C. Jesus  D. Paul.

82. Man was created in the _______.
   A. image of God  B. vision of God  C. shape of God  D. character of God.

83. We can care for our environment by _______.
   A. cutting trees  B. killing all wild animals  C. planting trees in the desert  D. setting up more industries.

84. Sins lead to one of the following _______.
   A. happiness  B. death  C. obedience  D. loving God.

85. After the trial of Jesus, he was taken to a place called _______.
   A. Canaan  B. Gethsemane  C. Cana  D. Golgotha.

86. _______ are special gifts that God has given each of us. _______.
   A. Presents  B. Games  C. Talents  D. Abilities.

87. The woman who touched the hem of Jesus' garment had suffered for how many years?
   A. 10 years  B. 12 years  C. 18 years  D. 38 years.

88. A part from wisdom, what else was Solomon given by God?
   A. Presents  B. Talents  C. Wealth  D. Land.

89. I saw the presence of God in a burning bush, Who am I? _______.
   A. Isaac  B. Elijah  C. Moses  D. Jesse.

90. Among the 10 lepers healed by Jesus, the 9 who failed to thank him were _______.
   A. Samaritans  B. Romans  C. Gentiles  D. Jews.
TARGETER WINGS EVALUATION TEST

STANDARD FOUR - YEAR 2015

MATHEMATICS

TIME: 2 hours

1. Write in words 76,249
   A. Seven sixty two and forty nine.
   B. Seventy six thousand two hundred and forty nine.
   C. Seven hundred and sixty two and forty nine.
   D. Seventy six hundred two forty nine.

2. Add 3641 + 241 + 24
   A. 3906
   B. 3806
   C. 3882
   D. 4281

3. Which of the fraction below is equivalent to \( \frac{1}{2} \)?
   A. \( \frac{3}{5} \)
   B. \( \frac{4}{6} \)
   C. \( \frac{5}{10} \)
   D. \( \frac{7}{9} \)

4. What is the place value of digit 3 in 3421?
   A. 3000
   B. Thousands
   C. Hundreds
   D. 300

5. What fraction is unshaded in the figure below?
   A. \( \frac{2}{6} \)
   B. \( \frac{4}{6} \)
   C. \( \frac{2}{4} \)
   D. \( \frac{1}{2} \)

6. What is the place value of digit 2 in 39.2?
   A. Tens
   B. Ones
   C. Tenths
   D. Hundredths

7. How many fingers do seven girls have?
   A. 70
   B. 84
   C. 35
   D. 140

8. Which is the next number in the sequence below?
   194, 174, 154, ______
   A. 144
   B. 136
   C. 134
   D. 124

9. What is the time shown on the clock face below?

   A. Quarter past seven o'clock.
   B. Quarter to eight o'clock.
   C. Quarter past eight o'clock.
   D. Half past eight o'clock.

10. Mary stayed with her uncle for five weeks and four days. How many days did she stay with her uncle?
    A. 35 days
    B. 44 days
    C. 39 days
    D. 41 days

11. Work out sh. 375cts x 5
    A. sh. 17625cts
    B. sh. 16612cts
    C. sh. 18625cts
    D. sh. 156125cts

12. Multiply \( 9 \times \frac{2}{3} \)
    A. 18
    B. \( \frac{6}{3} \)
    C. 9
    D. 18

TW - 005

MATHEMATICS STD. 4
13. A book costs sh. 94. How much will 8 such books cost?
   A. sh. 752   B. sh. 775
   C. sh. 742   D. sh. 722

14. Measure the total length of the "Z" in centimetres.

15. Rewrite $\frac{27}{100}$ as a decimal.
   A. 0.027   B. 2.7
   C. 27   D. 0.27

16. Mr. Mambo bought a cock for sh. 850. He later sold it for sh. 780. What loss did he make?
   A. sh. 70   B. sh. 60
   C. sh. 120   D. sh. 80

17. How many days are there in the third quarter of the year?
   A. 91   B. 92
   C. 90   D. 93

18. Subtract 390 from 6000
   A. 5710   B. 5620
   C. 5610   D. Impossible

19. How many cups will fill the jar?

20. Which of the numbers below are odd numbers?
   A. 90, 45, 35   B. 64, 36, 92
   C. 37, 49, 51   D. 70, 16, 80

21. Fill in the gap below with the correct word.
   \[
   \frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{4}
   \]
   A. Less than
   B. Equal to
   C. Greater than
   D. None.

22. Work out
   \[
   \frac{3}{8} + \frac{2}{8} + \frac{1}{8} =
   \]
   A. $\frac{5}{8}$   B. $\frac{6}{24}$
   C. $\frac{7}{8}$   D. $\frac{6}{8}$

23. Calculate the distance round the figure below in centimetres.

24. Divide 509 by 23
   A. 23 rem 14
   B. 22 rem 3
   C. 22
   D. 21 rem 10

25. Solve $0.13 + 36.014 + 9.23$
   A. 42.374   B. 4.742
   C. 46.37   D. 45.374

26. There were 9247 men in a meeting, if there were also 11240 women, who attended that meeting. What was the total number of people in the meeting?
   A. 20408
   B. 20487
   C. 24271
   D. 31665
27. How many square units are in the rectangle below?

A. 66 square units  
B. 72 square units  
C. 84 square units  
D. 74 square units

28. Jackson bought
2kg of sugar for sh. 220  
3kg rice for sh. 210  
A panga for sh. 270.  
How much did he pay to the shopkeeper?  
A. sh. 690  
B. sh. 700  
C. sh. 600  
D. sh. 800

29. Work out 3642 - 784  
A. 4426  
B. 3142  
C. 2958  
D. 2858

30. What is the perimeter of the square below?

A. 38cm  
B. 57cm  
C. 76cm  
D. 84cm

31. Purity was given sh. 37 45cts. How many cents was she given?  
A. 3745cts  
B. 37045cts  
C. 37450cts  
D. 37.45cts

32. What is the approximate height of a classroom door?  
A. 2000cm  
B. 200mm  
C. 200cm  
D. 1km

33. Kamau had $\frac{3}{4}$ litres of milk. His daughter drank $\frac{1}{4}$ litres. How much milk was he left with?  
A. $\frac{2}{4}$ L  
B. $\frac{1}{3}$ L  
C. $\frac{1}{6}$ L  
D. 1L

34. Divide 228 by 6  
A. 28  
B. 38  
C. 38 rem 2  
D. 37

35. How many five shilling coins are there in sh. 50?  
A. 15  
B. 5  
C. 10  
D. 25

36. How many cubes are in the stack below?

A. 100  
B. 40  
C. 25  
D. 120

37. A motor bike travelled 305 kilometres in 5 hours. How far did it travel in one hour?  
A. 51  
B. 71  
C. 61  
D. 52

38. Work out  
$\frac{2}{8} \times 3$  
A. 5  
B. 6  
C. $\frac{1}{2}$  
D. $\frac{3}{18500000}$
39. Which of the following numbers below are divisible by both 2 and 5?
A. 20, 15, 10
B. 40, 60, 80
C. 25, 35, 10
D. 15, 50, 75

40. What is the next number in the sequence below?
21, 28, 35, ___
A. 41  B. 39
C. 49  D. 42

41. What is the name of the solid drawn below?
A. Cube  B. Cuboid
C. Rectangle  D. Prism

42. Peter bought a hen for sh. 300. After selling, he made a profit of sh. 105. At what price did he sell the hen?
A. sh. 245  B. sh. 455
C. sh. 445  D. sh. 555

43. What is the next multiple of 6 after 42?
A. 48  B. 54
C. 36  D. 40

44. Work out 34
\[ \times 24 \]
A. 716  B. 806
C. 816  D. 796

45. How many centimetres are there in 32 metres?
A. 320cm  B. 3200cm
C. 0.32cm  D. 32 000cm

46. What is the perimeter of the rectangle below?

\[ 44cm \]
\[ 26cm \]
A. 70cm  B. 136cm
C. 124cm  D. 140cm

47. There are 348 pupils in Githambo Primary School. If there are 129 boys, how many girls are in the school?
A. 219  B. 199
C. 209  D. 221

48. Subtract 71 from 1000
A. 1071  B. 939
C. 929  D. 919

49. There are 21 books to be shared equally among 7 pupils. How many books will each pupil get?
A. 2 rem 4  B. 2 rem 3
C. 2 rem 5  D. 3

50. How many triangles are in the figure below?

\[ A. 3 \]  \[ B. 5 \]
\[ C. 6 \]  \[ D. 8 \]
TARGETER WINGS JARIBIO LA MTIHANI

DARASA LA NNE - MWAKA 2015

KISWAHILI SEHEMU YA KWANZA

MUDA: Saa1 dakika 40

Chagua jibu sahihi ili kuzaa pengo 1 - 15.

Ushirikiano wa wanafunzi masomo una tele kwao. Umoja huu kila aliye na udhaifu katika masomo. Ingawa bongo hazijakua sana, la kufanya kazi pamoja katika masomo hudhihirisha ukweli wa ya umoja ni nguvu utengano ni udhaifu. La mmo ni kwa dhiki na faraja. Ama kweli wanaokata ushirikiano ni wa.

1. A. kwa B. katikati C. kwani D. katika
2. A. masaibu B. maafa C. manufaa D. madhara
3. A. huwainua B. umuina C. humwinua D. umwinua
4. A. mmoja B. kimoja C. moja D. mumoja
5. A. yao B. lao C. zao D. wao
6. A. haja B. lengo C. nia D. ari
7. A. tashibihi B. kitendawili C. semi D. methali
8. A. kukaripiana B. kushirikiana C. kutengana D. kubezana
9. A. mahasimu B. masahibu C. masuujaa D. wandani
10. A. malumbano B. mvutano C. mapendekezo D. maendeleo


11. A. la B. wa C. cha D. ya
12. A. kipupwe B. kiangazi C. gharika D. vuli
13. A. mengi B. nyingi C. mingi D. wengi
14. A. hio B. hayo C. hao D. hiyo
15. A. mauti B. mfu C. maiti D. kaburi
16. Nomino 'muwa' inapatikana katika ngeli gani?
   A. U - I
   B. I - ZI
   C. U - ZI
   D. I - I

17. Monika hupenda kusoma vitabu vya hadithi
   Hii sentensi ipo katika wakati gani?
   A. Ulipita.
   B. Ujao.
   C. Mazoea.
   D. Uliopo.

18. Akisami \( \frac{1}{6} \) huitwa \___
   A. gudhui
   B. mubiri
   C. tusui
   D. thuluthi.

19. Baba yangu ni mkali kama
   A. chui
   B. duma
   C. mbwa
   D. simba.

20. Kamilisha:
    Mna madawati \___ darasani mwem.
   A. mingapi
   B. mangapi
   C. ngapi
   D. yangapi

21. Tumia kimilikishi sahihi
    Miembe \___ imeanza kukauka.
   A. wangu
   B. chako
   C. yetu
   D. letu.

22. Chagua mnyna ambaye si wa familia
    moja na hawa \___
   A. paa
   B. fimó
   C. swara
   D. ngiri.

23. Tegua kitendawili
    Anachora lakini hajui anachochora.
   A. Mtooto.
   B. Konokono.
   C. Nyuki.
   D. Kiwavi.

24. Mwalimu alituambia tuteembee kando ya
    barabara tukitoka shuleni kuelekea
    nyumbani. Maneno 'kando ya' ni \___
   A. kielezi
   B. kimilikishi
   C. kihusishi
   D. kiashiria.

25. Shairi lenye mishoro mימו minne huitwaje?
   A. Tarbia.
   B. Takhmisa.
   C. Tathitha.
   D. Tathnia.

26. Kamilisha kwa kivumishi sahihi
    Ni vyema kuosha vyombo viwe \___
    kabla ya kutumia.
   A. visafi
   B. wasafi
   C. msafi
   D. safi

27. Andika kwa wingi
    Mkoba wangu ulipasuka.
   A. Mikoba yangu zilipasuka.
   B. Mikoba yetu ilipasuka.
   C. Mkoba yetu ilipasuka.
   D. Mikoba yangu ilipasuka.

28. Nywele zinazomea kati ya mdomo wa juu
    na pua huitwa \___
   A. nyusi
   B. kope
   C. masharubu
   D. mavuzi.

29. Chagua sentensi iliyoakifishwa vizuri.
    A. Lo! umenaliza chakula?
    B. Je, umepiga simu!
    C. Shuleni mwem nna walimu wanafunzi
       na nani.
    D. Ni vyema kusikiliza kwa makini
       darasani.

30. Mchwa anaishi kwenyne \___
    A. kizimba
    B. kiota
    C. kichungu
    D. mzinga.
Nchini mwetu mna magonjwa mbalimba yanoaungamiza wananchi. Kuna magonjwa kama vile malaria, ukambi, pepopunda, kifaduro, malale na kipindupindu. Haya magonjwa husababishwa na viini viingiapo mwili.

Malaria ni ugonjwa unaolewta na mbu. Mbu hupenda mahali penye giza na kwenye maji yaliyotuama au takataka. Basi yafaa kuharibu mashimo kwa kuyafunikia, kuchoma takataka na kuzika mikebe mitupu ili mbu wasipate mahali pa kutagia.


Aidha kuna magonjwa ya zinaa kama ukimwi, kaswende na kisonono. Magonjwa haya huambakizwa kupitia mapenzi ya kiholela. Ukimwi hasa ni ugonjwa ambao haunaji tiba. Kila mtu ajihadhari!


31. Maradhi ya ametaja maradhi ya fusatayo ila
A. kaswende
B. tauni
C. malale
D. malaria.

32. Maradhi ya malaria husababishwa na
A. nzi
B. mbung'o
C. viroboto
D. mbu.

33. Ni ugonjwa upi humfanya mtu kuendesha na kutapika?
A. Ukimwi.
B. Kisonono.
C. Waba.
D. Pepopunda.

34. Ugonjwa wa kipindupindu husababishwa na nini?
A. Uchafu.
B. Ukosefu wa kinga mwiliini.
C. Mapenzi ya kiholela.
D. Mbu.

35. Maji yaliyotuama na
A. maji mengi
B. maji machafu
C. maji yanayotiririka
D. maji yaliyokwama.

36. Magonjwa ya zinza ambayo mwanahili ametaja si pamoja na
A. kifaduro
B. ukimwi
C. kisonono
D. kaswende.

37. Mbu hupenda kuishi mahali gani?
A. Motoni.
B. Chumbani.
C. Chooni.
D. Gizani.

38. Ni ugonjwa upi hauna tiba kabisa kulingana na mwanahili?
A. Pepopunda.
B. Malaria.
C. Ukimwi.
D. Waba.

39. Suluhu ya kudumu kwa kujiepusha na magonjwa ni
A. kula vizuri
B. kuishi katika mazingira safi
C. kumwona daktari mapema
D. kufanya mazoezi.

40. Mwishoni mwa kifungu mwanahili anatoka mwito upi?
A. Tudumishe afya kwani haina mfano.
B. Tushirikiane ili kuangamiza mbu.
C. Tulinde mazingira.
D. Kila mtu ajihadhari.
Soma habari ifuatayo kisha utibu la 41 - 50


41. Ni nani aliyekuwa amemaliza kupika chakula?
   A. Nanjala.
   B. Ndugu Wafula.
   C. Mama Nanjala.
   D. Wafula.

42. Kishuka ni ________
   A. chakula cha jioni
   B. chakula cha asubuhi
   C. chakula cha mchana
   D. kuku na ugali.

43. Watoto walikula vifuatavyo ila ________
   A. kuku
   B. matunda
   C. ugali
   D. mboga.

44. Maana ya ‘akapiga dua’ ni ________
   A. kupakua chakula
   B. kupiga magoti
   C. kula
   D. kuomba Mungu.

45. Mwewe ni ________
   A. myanya
   B. ndege
   C. mdudu
   D. mtu.

46. Mwewe alichukua nini?
   A. Kuku.
   B. Ugali.
   C. Nguo.
   D. Kifaranga.

47. Vifaranga walikuwa wakitafuta chakula wapi?
   A. Msituni.
   B. Chumbani.
   C. Mchangani.
   D. Darini.

48. Ni watu wangapi wametajwa kwenyewe kifungu hiki?
   A. Sita.
   B. Watano.
   C. Watatu.
   D. Wanne.

49. Ni nani aliyekuwa chakula cha watoto?
   A. Paka.
   B. Mwewe.
   C. Kifaranga.
   D. Kuku.

50. Methali gani inaweza kuelezea yaliyotokea?
   A. Mwenda pole hajikwai.
   B. Dua la kuku halimpati mwewe,
   C. Mtaka yote hukosa yote.
   D. Majuto ni mjukuu.
1. Which pair of teeth consists of those that are shed only?
   A. Incisors and premolars.
   B. Molars and canines.
   C. Molars and incisors.
   D. Premolars and molars.

2. Which one of the following is a use of light in the house?
   A. To see clearly.
   B. Photography.
   C. Making food in plants.
   D. Transportation.

3. The process of removing unwanted plants that grow in the shamba is called
   A. uprooting
   B. weeding
   C. digging out
   D. removing.

4. A cactus tree grows in
   A. water
   B. swampy areas
   C. muddy areas
   D. dry areas

5. AIDS can be transmitted through all the following ways except
   A. blood transfusion
   B. shaking hands
   C. from mother to child during birth
   D. sexual intercourse.

6. Which statement is not true about the type of teeth drawn below?

   ![](image)

   A. They are used in grinding food.
   B. They are four in number in the mouth.
   C. They are sharp pointed.
   D. They are used for tearing food.

7. Which one of the following is not a tuber crop?
   A. Cassava.
   B. Arrow root.
   C. Carrot.
   D. Sorghum.

8. The main reason for mulching is to
   A. add manure
   B. make the soil beautiful
   C. control weeds
   D. make the plants healthy.

9. The phase of the moon drawn below is called

   ![](image)

   A. crescent
   B. gibbous
   C. new moon
   D. full moon.

10. Nimbus clouds have all the following characteristics except one. Which one?
    A. Appear like cotton wool.
    B. Have grey colour.
    C. Appear like mountains.
    D. Indicate heavy rainfall.

11. Which one of the following describes a use of water in the industry?
    A. Swimming.
    B. Watering farm animals.
    C. Irrigating crops.
    D. Making fountains.

12. Std Four pupils ate the following types of foods;
    Mercy → roast maize, beans, chapati.
    Hellen → chapati, eggs, oranges.
    Dedan → beef, eggs, ugali.
    Moses → oranges, pork, fish.
Who ate a balanced diet?
A. Mercy. B. Moses.
C. Dedan. D. Hellen.

13. _____ is not a factor that affects sinking and floating of an objects.
A. Shape
B. Material
C. Size
D. Weight.

14. All the following animals can fly except one. Which one?
A. Owl. B. Bee.
C. Bat. D. Ostrich.

15. Std 4 pupils from Karim Primary school did the experiment drawn below.

Which aspect of soil were they investigating?
A. Soil has organic matter.
B. Soil has air.
C. Soil has living organisms.
D. Soil has water.

16. Which one of the following lists consists of cash crops only?
A. Coffee, sorghum, cotton.
B. Tea, coffee, sisal.
C. Cotton, millet, sisal.
D. Beans, maize, millet.

17. Which one of the following is not a characteristic of animals?
A. Animals die and rot.
B. Animals eat.
C. Animals move from one point to another.
D. Animals make their own food.

18. We should brush our teeth ______
A. after every meal
B. in the morning
C. before sleeping
D. before every meal.

19. Which one of the following animals protects itself by hiding in a shell?
A. Crocodile. B. Chameleon.
C. Snail. D. Snake

20. The best soil for modelling is ______
A. sand soil
B. clay soil
C. garden soil
D. loam soil.

21. Which one of the following is a poisonous weed?
A. Wandering jew.
B. Black jack.
C. Pigweed.
D. Thorn apple.

22. The type of tool drawn below can be maintained by all the following ways except ______
A. sharpening the tool
B. repairing the handle
C. oiling the handle
D. storing it properly.

23. Which one of the following is not a product of a cow?
A. Milk.
B. Beef.
C. Hide.
D. Mutton.

24. Which one of the following is not a way of storing water?
A. Use of buckets.
B. Use of taps.
C. Use of pots.
D. Use of tanks.
25. When green plants die and rot they form ____
   A. water  B. soil  C. humus  D. dirt.

26. Which of the following animals is correctly matched with its home?
   A. Rabbit → hutch.
   B. Dog → sty.
   C. Pig → kennel.
   D. Cat → bucket.

27. When light bounces off a mirror, we say it has been ____
   A. bent  B. reflected  C. shining  D. changed.

28. Which one of the following shows a good table manner?
   A. Talking when you have food in the mouth.
   B. Eating excess food.
   C. Licking fingers while eating.
   D. Avoiding speaking when eating food.

29. A bottle top floats on water because of its ____
   A. weight  B. shape  C. size  D. material.

30. The abbreviation ‘AIDS’ stands for ____
   A. Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome.
   B. Advanced Immuno Deficiency Syndrome.
   C. Acquired Infection Deficiency Syndrome.
   D. Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome.

31. The sticky substance that is present in teeth if not well brushed is called ____
   A. wax  B. food remains  C. plaque  D. mucus.

32. Three of the following are cereal crops. Which one is not?
   A. Sorghum.
   B. Maize.
   C. Millet.
   D. Sisal.

33. Which one of the following types of foods consists of energy giving foods only?
   A. Eggs, meat, fish.
   B. Ugali, sweet potatoes, chapati.
   C. Chapati, rice, tomatoes.
   D. Sukumawiki, ripe bananas, oranges.

34. The cutting of wool off a sheep is called ____
   A. trimming  B. cutting  C. shearing  D. wooling.

35. The soil that has the largest soil particles is ____
   A. clay soil  B. sandy soil  C. loam soil  D. black soil.

36. Which one of the following is the main source of light during the day?
   A.  
   B.  
   C.  
   D.  

37. Which one of the following is not an importance of soil?
   A. Soil is the home of many small animals.
   B. Cash crops grow on soil.
   C. Food crops grow on soil.
   D. Soil provides animals with the air they breathe.

38. ____ is the body organ that is responsible for feeling.
   A. Tongue  B. Skin  C. Ears  D. Eyes
39. All the following can be shared except one. Which one?
   A. Utensils.
   B. Toilets.
   C. Handkerchiefs.
   D. Washing soaps.

40. A young, green, growing plant in the shamba is referred to as ________
   A. seedling
   B. bean seed
   C. weed
   D. young plant.

41. Which one of the following tools can be used to collect fallen leaves?
   A. "!
   B. "
   C. "
   D. "

42. At what age do teeth start to shed in a child?
   A. 6 months
   B. 12 months
   C. 6 years
   D. 12 years.

43. Which one of the following lists of food can be eaten when raw?
   A. Beans, maize, peas.
   B. Sugarcane, carrot, sweet potatoes.
   C. Arrowroots, carrots, cassava.
   D. Maize, sugarcane, yams.

44. Which one of the following is not a domestic animal?
   A. Camel.
   B. Giraffe.
   C. Donkey.
   D. Goose.

45. Which part of the onion plant do we eat?
   A. All parts.
   B. Roots.
   C. Stem.
   D. Leaves.

46. AIDS is caused by ________
   A. bacteria virus
   B. AIDS virus
   C. HIV
   D. human virus.

Below is a weather chart. Use it to answer questions 47 to 49.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>MON</th>
<th>TUE</th>
<th>WED</th>
<th>THUR</th>
<th>FRI</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Morning</td>
<td>🌬️</td>
<td>🌬️</td>
<td>🌬️</td>
<td>☀️</td>
<td>🌬️</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Afternoon</td>
<td>☀️</td>
<td>🌬️</td>
<td>PPP</td>
<td>🌬️</td>
<td>☀️</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

47. Which two days were cloudy in the morning?
   A. Tuesday and Thursday.
   B. Friday and Tuesday.
   C. Monday and Thursday.
   D. Wednesday and Friday.

48. On which day did clothes dry faster while on a cloth line?
   A. Monday.
   B. Thursday.
   C. Tuesday.
   D. Wednesday.

49. On which day did the pupils wear heavy clothes to school?
   A. Friday.
   B. Tuesday.
   C. Monday.
   D. Wednesday.

50. _____ is an example of a vegetable.
   A. An avocado
   B. Groundnut
   C. A tomato
   D. Sugarcane.
TARGETER WINGS EVALUATION TEST
STANDARD FOUR- YEAR 2015
ENGLISH

Read the passage below carefully. It contains blank spaces numbered 1 to 15. For each blank space, choose the best answer from the choices given.

1. summer 2. fox was roaming, he 3. nice grapes 4. a farm 5. the river. He 6. the river to be 7. deep. It 8. not 9. for him to cross.
10. the following day, he 11. giraffe and 12. him about the grapes. Giraffe

1. A. On B. At C. About D. During
2. A. as B. while C. before D. because
3. A. so B. saw C. see D. seen
4. A. on B. in C. above D. over
5. A. across B. over C. under D. on
6. A. gotten B. find C. found D. finds
7. A. to B. soo C. too D. much
8. A. is B. were C. was D. been
9. A. impossible B. possible C. impossible D. possible
10. A. At B. On C. When D. In
11. A. met B. meet C. meat D. meted
12. A. said B. told B. tolled C. told D. told
13. A. agrees B. agread C. agreed D. agree
14. A. took B. take C. taken D. tooked
15. A. there B. their C. they D. here
In questions 16 and 17, choose the correctly spelt word.

16. A. Hippopotomus
   B. Hippopotamas
   C. Hippopotomas
   D. Hippopotamus

17. A. Diseases
   B. Diseases
   C. Diseases
   D. Diseases

For questions 18 to 20, choose the opposite of the underlined word.

18. It was the easiest sum.
   A. hard
   B. easier
   C. harder
   D. hardest.

19. We have a long way to go.
   A. shorter
   B. tall
   C. short
   D. small.

20. She is a bright girl.
   A. dull
   B. dark
   C. black
   D. white.

For questions 21 to 23, choose the correct form of verb given.

21. He _____ (eat) breakfast before he goes to school.
   A. ate
   B. eats
   C. eated
   D. eat

22. They _____ (fly) their kites before they raced.
   A. fly
   B. flies
   C. fled
   D. flew

23. They _____ (go) to church every Sunday.
   A. go
   B. goes
   C. went
   D. gone

For questions 24 to 26, complete with the correct preposition.

24. Our classrooms are made _____ stones.
   A. with
   B. on
   C. of
   D. off

25. The old woman was suffering _____ typhoid.
   A. of
   B. with
   C. by
   D. from

26. I agree _____ you.
   A. with
   B. by
   C. in
   D. about

For questions 27 and 28, complete with the right word.

27. A person who flies an aeroplane is a _____
   A. captain
   B. pilot
   C. driver
   D. engineer.

28. People travelling in buses are called _____
   A. passangers
   B. passangers
   C. travellers
   D. bus users.

For questions 29 and 30, write the correct past tense of the word.

29. They _____ before going back.
   A. paied
   B. payed
   C. paid
   D. paid

30. She _____ her finger.
   A. cutted
   B. cuted
   C. cuts
   D. cut
Young Gabo lived in Shimba village with her parents. She was kind and helped other people. She would visit Tina the old woman who lived at the edge of the village near River Shimba. This woman had nobody to help her but her help came from a small shamba where she grew cabbages, tomatoes, carrots and onions.

During Gabo’s visit the old woman would give her ripe bananas and after eating would tell her stories about ogres. One day Gabo went to Tina’s home to be shown how to make baskets but she found Tina very sad. When she inquired to know why, Tina told her that someone had stolen her vegetables. Gabo told her not to worry she could help her catch the thieves.

At night Gabo wore many rags and made a scary hat. She hid in a bush behind the shamba. After a short while she saw Tila and Vila cutting the cabbages. She then produced a deep frightening roar claiming to be the ogre. The two boys took to their heels but the ogre shouted and told them to stop because he would eat them. They stopped shaking and moved close to the ogre, which made them promise not to steal again and would work in Tina’s shamba and plant more cabbages.

31. In which village did Gabo live?
   A. River Shimba.  
   B. Tila.  
   C. Shimba.  
   D. Vila.  

32. Young Gabo lived with
   A. Tina the old woman  
   B. her parents  
   C. Tila and Vila  
   D. her grandmother. 

33. Whom would Gabo visit always?
   A. Old Tina.  
   B. Her grandfather.  
   C. Tila.  
   D. Vila.  

34. Where did Old Tina live?
   A. Across the river.  
   B. Far from the village.  
   C. Near the market.  
   D. Near River Shimba.  

35. Which one is not among things grown in Tina’s shamba?
   A. Cucumbers.  
   B. Onions.  
   C. Carrots.  
   D. Cabbages.  

36. What would Tina give Gabo during her visits?
   A. Onions.  
   B. Apples.  
   C. Bananas.  
   D. Cabbages.  

37. Why was Tina sad one day that Gabo visited her?
   A. She was tired.  
   B. Her vegetables had been stolen.  
   C. She was sick.  
   D. She didn’t have food.  

38. Who were the thieves in the story?
   A. Gabo and Tila.  
   B. Vila and Tina.  
   C. Tina and Vila.  
   D. Tila and Vila.  

39. What did the thieves promise to do?
   A. Take cabbage home.  
   B. Bring more cabbages.  
   C. Work in Tina’s shamba.  
   D. Weed the crops.  

40. What lesson did the boys learn?
   A. Stealing is bad.  
   B. Ogres are good.  
   C. Digging is easy.  
   D. It’s not good to steal in a shamba.
Hydropower is the largest source of electricity in Kenya. This provides 55 percent of the total produced. Much of the hydropower comes from large scale stations and dams on River Tana and River Turkwel.

About 85 percent of Kenya's electricity comes from dams called the Seven Forks power station. These dams are found on River Tana. Sondu Miriu hydro-electric power project is currently being constructed to the East of Lake Victoria. This will also help to minimize floods that always occur when River Sondu is filled with a lot of rain water.

Small hydropower stations produce little electricity which is mostly used in rural areas. Such stations are found on Tana river and in Western Kenya. These dams can also have negative outcome on population and the environment. Dams affect stream water supply and on the other hand dams reduce floods.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>41.</th>
<th>Hydropower is the largest source of,</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.</td>
<td>fuel</td>
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<tr>
<td>B.</td>
<td>water</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C.</td>
<td>electricity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D.</td>
<td>firewood.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>42.</th>
<th>From the passage electricity comes from the following rivers. Which one has not been mentioned?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.</td>
<td>Tana.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B.</td>
<td>Sondu.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C.</td>
<td>Turkwel.</td>
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<tr>
<td>D.</td>
<td>Athi.</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>43.</th>
<th>The Seven Forks dams produce ___ percent of Kenya's electricity.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B.</td>
<td>55</td>
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<td>C.</td>
<td>65</td>
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<td>D.</td>
<td>15</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>44.</th>
<th>On which river are the Seven Forks dams?</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.</td>
<td>River Athi.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B.</td>
<td>River Turkwel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C.</td>
<td>River Tana.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D.</td>
<td>River Sondu.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>45.</th>
<th>Little electricity produced by small stations is used in ___</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.</td>
<td>urbans area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B.</td>
<td>rural areas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C.</td>
<td>river Tana</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D.</td>
<td>towns</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>46.</th>
<th>As used in the passage 'negative outcome' means __________</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.</td>
<td>problems caused</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B.</td>
<td>good effects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C.</td>
<td>problems coming</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D.</td>
<td>bad effects.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>47.</th>
<th>Before building of the Seven Forks, Tana River people experienced ___</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.</td>
<td>drought</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B.</td>
<td>floods</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C.</td>
<td>diseases</td>
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<tr>
<td>D.</td>
<td>famine</td>
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</tbody>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>48.</th>
<th>Dams have negative outcome on ___</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.</td>
<td>rivers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B.</td>
<td>hills.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C.</td>
<td>people.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D.</td>
<td>bushes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>49.</th>
<th>What happens when river Sondu is filled with rain water?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.</td>
<td>Floods occur.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B.</td>
<td>People get electricity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C.</td>
<td>Lake Victoria is filled also.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D.</td>
<td>Environment becomes dirty.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>50.</th>
<th>Suggest the best title for this passage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.</td>
<td>Uses of Electricity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B.</td>
<td>Rivers of Kenya.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C.</td>
<td>Uses of Rivers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D.</td>
<td>Generation of Electricity.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
TARGETER WINGS EVALUATION TEST
STANDARD FOUR - YEAR 2015

SECTION B

ENGLISH: COMPOSITION

TIME: 40 mins

YOUR NAME

NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. In the spaces provided above, write your name and the name of your school

2. Now open the page, read the heading of the composition carefully and write your composition on the lines provided.

This Question Paper consists of 4 printed pages.

Published and printed by Targeter Educational Publishers Ltd.
Email: exams@targeterpublishers.co.ke
You have 40 minutes to write your composition.

Write an interesting composition about the following heading:

OUR FARM
SOMA MAAGIZO HAYA KWA MAKINI

1. Kwenye nafasi zilizoachwa hapo juu andika jina lako na jina la shule yako.


Kijitabu hiki kina kurasa 4 zilizopigwa chapa.
Umepewa dakika 40 kuandika insha yako

Andika insha ifuatayo kwa maneno yako mwenyewe na uifanye iwe ya kupendeza zaidi.

DARASA LANGU
### TARGETER WINGS EVALUATION TEST
#### STANDARD FOUR - YEAR 2015

#### MARKING SCHEME

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MATHS</th>
<th>ENGLISH</th>
<th>KISWAHILI</th>
<th>SCIENCE</th>
<th>S/STUDIES/R.E</th>
<th>C.R.E</th>
<th>L.R.E</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

#### COMPOSITION / INTHA MARKING SCHEME

Marking Scheme Criteria:
- The composition will be assessed according to the following general guidelines
- The maximum mark will be 100 and the minimum mark 01
- The script shows that the candidate can communicate accurately, fluently and imaginatively in English

Accuracy:
(a) Correct tense and agreement of verbs
(b) Accurate use of vocabulary
(c) Correct spelling
(d) Correct punctuation

Fluency:
(a) Work in the correct order
(b) Sentences connected and paragraphs
(c) Coherence of ideas
(d) Ideas developed in logical sequence

Imagination:
(a) Unusual but appropriate use of words and phrases
(b) Variety of structure

N.B: Please, teachers are requested to scrutinize this marking scheme before use. It is worthwhile

MARKING SCHEME STD. 4