

**SOCIAL STUDIES
AND
RELIGIOUS
EDUCATION**

Time: 2 hours 15 minutes

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 90 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the **ANSWER SHEET**, not in the question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:

YOUR INDEX NUMBER

YOUR NAME

NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

6. By drawing a **dark line** inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and do not fold it.
9. For each of the questions 1 – 90, four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a **dark line** inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

Example

In the question booklet:

- 33.** In traditional African societies, the croaking of frogs was associated with the coming of
- A. dry seasons.
 - B. rains.
 - C. good harvest.
 - D. strong winds.

On the answer sheet:

The correct answer is **B**

33. A B C D 13. A B C D 23. A B C D 33. A B C D 43. A B C D

In the set of boxes numbered 33, the box with the letter **B** printed in it is marked.

11. Your **dark line** **MUST** be within the box.
12. For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

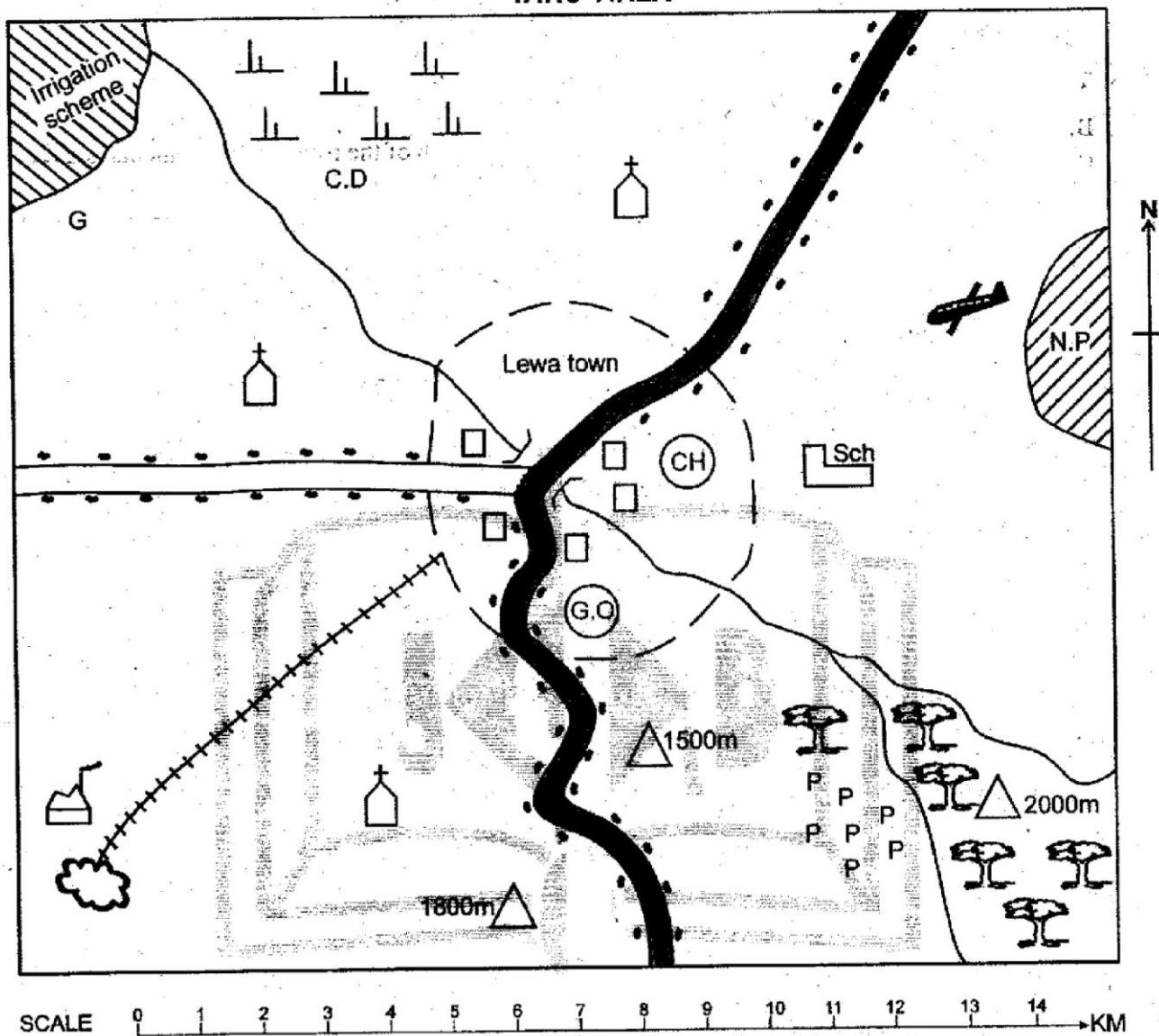
This question paper consists of 12 printed pages

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PART I: SOCIAL STUDIES

TARU AREA



SCALE 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 KM

KEY

P P P	Pyrethrum	Scrub	River and bridge
†	Church	G	Ginnery
factory	Factory	(CH)	Court house
cloud	Limestone mine	(GO)	Governors office
airplane	Air strip	C.D.	Cattle dip
triangle	Hills	grid	Permanent buildings
rectangle	School	dashed line	Railway line

Study the map of Taru area and use it to answer questions 1 - 7

1. What is the approximate length of the tarmac road on the map?
 - A. 10km
 - B. 18.5km
 - C. 20km
 - D. 23km
2. Which crop is grown on the irrigation scheme?
 - A. Sugarcane
 - B. Rice
 - C. Bananas
 - D. Cotton
3. The railway line on the map is **LIKELY** to be used to transport
 - A. cement to the market.
 - B. limestone to the factory.
 - C. people to Lewa town.
 - D. tourists to the national park
4. Which of the following factors **MAINLY** influence the population distribution in Taru area?
 - A. Transport
 - B. Agriculture
 - C. Religion
 - D. Security
5. Lewa town serves three of the following functions **EXCEPT**
 - A. Judicial centre
 - B. Administrative centre
 - C. Educational centre
 - D. Transport centre
6. Which of the following reasons explains why the road on the Southern part of Taru area has a lot of curves?
 - A. The area to the south is very wet.
 - B. The area to the south of the map is hilly.
 - C. The area to the south of the map is flat.
 - D. The area to the south has huge stones.

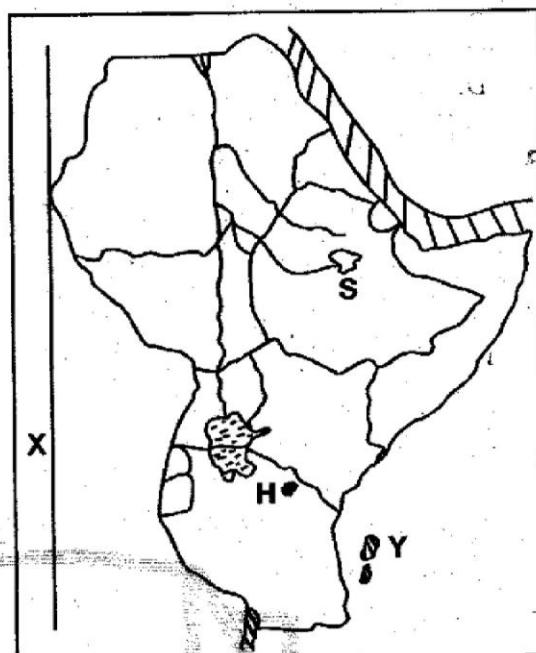
7. Taru area slopes towards
 - A. South east
 - B. North east
 - C. North west
 - D. South west
8. Which of the following statements is **TRUE** about the position of Kenya? It lies
 - A. north west of Indian Ocean
 - B. west of Uganda.
 - C. north of Ethiopia.
 - D. south of Tanzania.
9. Which of the following rivers is **NOT CORRECTLY** matched with its mouth?

A. R. Tana	-	Indian Ocean
B. R. Nzoia	-	L. Victoria
C. R. Ewaso	-	Nyiro north - Indian Ocean
		D. R. Turkwel
		- L. Turkana
10. Which one of the following groups of people have a common origin?

A. Kamba Gusii Njemps	B. Rendille Samburu Maasai
C. Kipsigis Keiyo Gabra	D. Galla Dahalo Borana
11. Which of the following countries was a German colony?
 - A. Mozambique
 - B. Angola
 - C. Namibia
 - D. Egypt
12. Chapter three of the Kenyan constitution describes
 - A. Leadership and integrity
 - B. Citizenship
 - C. Rights and freedom of individuals
 - D. The National security

- 13.** Which of the following is NOT a reason why OAU was formed into AU in 2001? To
- help African countries to gain independence.
 - deal with new challenges like HIV and AIDS.
 - encourage international co-operation.
 - promote research in science and technology.
- 14.** The capital city of Mali is
- Kinshasa
 - Rabat
 - Bamako
 - Windhoek
- 15.** Three of the following are social organisations of the people of Old Ghana kingdom EXCEPT ONE. Which one? The
- Soninke believed in life after death.
 - Soninke lived in grass-thatched houses.
 - Soninke practise African traditional religion.
 - king controlled the Trans-saharan trade.
- 16.** Kenya wants to import electricity from Zambia through Tanzania. Which is the BEST means of transport to use?
- Pipeline transport
 - Railway transport
 - Cable transport
 - Air transport
- 17.** South Africa is the most industrialized nation in Africa. Which of the following reasons has NOT contributed to this development?
- Presence of wide range of minerals.
 - High cost of power.
 - Good infrastructure.
 - Ready market.

Use the map below to answer questions 18 to 21.



- 18.** The lake marked S is an example of a
- Crater lake
 - Ox-bow lake
 - Lava dammed lake
 - Down warping lake
- 19.** The major crop grown on the island marked Y is
- Cocoa
 - Sisal
 - Maize
 - Cloves
- 20.** Which of the following statements is TRUE about the town marked H? It
- is the capital city of Tanzania.
 - is served by a sea port.
 - was developed by the Arab traders.
 - is the headquarters of East African Community.
- 21.** Which is the correct position of the longitude marked X?
- 22°E
 - 23°N
 - 51°E
 - 12°S

- 22.** The following are ways of controlling soil erosion. Which one is NOT?
- Contour ploughing.
 - Ploughing along the slope.
 - Construction of porous dams.
 - Agro-forestry.
- 23.** Which of the following is the MAIN reason why bantus moved from Shungwaya to their present day areas?
- Lack of fertile soil for agriculture.
 - Inadequate rainfall.
 - Attack by the Galla
 - Population pressure.
- 24.** The following characteristics describes a certain major tourist destination in Africa:
- Ancient town of Marakech.*
 - Sandy beaches.*
 - Berber villages*
- The country described above is
- Morocco
 - Egypt
 - Mauritius
 - Zimbabwe
- 25.** The following are causes of lawlessness in the society EXCEPT
- religious differences
 - unemployment
 - corruption
 - equality above the law
- 26.** In which of the following circumstances is one assumed to be a Kenyan citizen by birth?
- A child from another country adopted by a Kenyan.
 - A child below eight years found in Kenya whose parents are not known.
 - A person born outside Kenya and has attained 21 years.
 - A person married to a Kenyan citizen.
- 27.** The following characteristics describes a certain leader in Kenya:
- He was a medicineman.*
 - Took part in long distance trade*
 - Explained the meaning of certain events.*
 - Prophesied about the construction of the railway.*
- The leader described above is
- Masaku
 - Waiyaki wa Hinga
 - Koitalel Arap Samoei
 - Mekatilili wa Menza
- 28.** In Kenya nomination of members of parliament is done by the
- President
 - Chief Justice
 - IEBC
 - political parties
- 29.** Which of the following is the BEST way to conserve wildlife in Kenya?
- Erecting electric fence around the park.
 - Educating the citizens on the importance of wildlife.
 - Arresting and imprisoning the poachers.
 - Imposing heavy punishments on poachers.
- 30.** The indigenous inhabitants in Southern Africa were
- Khoisan
 - Zulu
 - Xhosa
 - Dutch
- 31.** Which of the following statements is NOT TRUE about Samori Toure? He
- arrested British occupation in his area.
 - used Islam as unifying factor.
 - was a religious and a political leader.
 - used scorched earth policy as a fighting tactic.

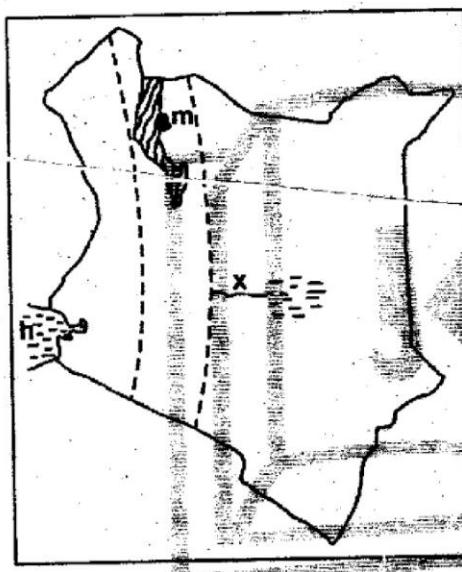
32. The following are characteristics of a certain nomadic community in Africa:

- (i) They are the largest nomadic group.
- (ii) They use horses to scout for grazing land.
- (iii) They keep traditional goats, sheep, cows and horses.

The community described above is

- A. Maasai
- B. Samburu
- C. Tswana
- D. Fulani

Use the map of Kenya below to answer questions 33 to 35



33. The river marked x raises from

- A. Aberdare ranges
- B. Mt. Kenya
- C. Lorian swamp
- D. Ngong hills

34. The pre-historic site labelled m is called

- A. Nariokotome
- B. Koobi fora
- C. Olorgesailie
- D. Olduvai gorge

35. Which of the following lakes was NOT formed in the same process as the lake marked ?

- A. L. Kyoga
- B. L. Bangweulu
- C. L. Chad
- D. L. Tana

36. Which of the following towns in Kenya is NOT connected with a railway?

- A. Nanyuki
- B. Solai
- C. Meru
- D. Magadi

37. Three of the following are problems affecting trade in Eastern Africa region. Which one DOES NOT?

- A. Political differences among countries.
- B. Production of similar goods.
- C. Poor roads and infrastructure
- D. Production of different types of trade goods

38. The following are conditions necessary for the growth of a certain crop:

- (i) Low altitude upto 750m above sea level.
- (ii) Humid conditions
- (iii) High temperatures of between 24°C and 28°C
- (iv) Protection from strong winds.

The crop described above is

- A. cloves
- B. bananas
- C. cocoa
- D. wheat

39. Which of the following groups below comprises of trees only found in Congo forest?

- A. Mahogany
Elgon teak
Ebony

- B. Cypress
Eucalyptus
Cedar

- C. Pine
Mahogany
Iron wood

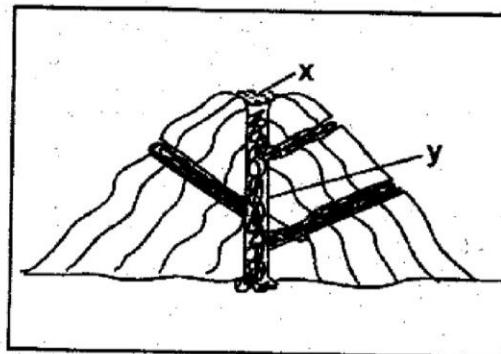
- D. Oak
Teak
Cypress

40. Which of the following types of fish is NOT found in marine waters?

- A. Kingfish
- B. Mullet
- C. Tuna
- D. Mudfish

- 41.** Three of the following are planted forests in Kenya EXCEPT one. Which one?
 A. Turbo
 B. Maji Mazuri
 C. Arabuko Sokoke
 D. Kaptagat
- 42.** Movement of people out of our country is called
 A. Immigration
 B. Urban - urban migration
 C. Rural - urban migration
 D. Emigration
- 43.** Which of the following statements is NOT TRUE about the senate in Kenya?
 A. There are 16 nominated women by political parties.
 B. There are two members male and female representing the people with disabilities.
 C. There are 47 elected women representatives each representing a county.
 D. There are two members male and female representing the youth.

Use the diagram below to answer questions 44 and 45



- 44.** The part labelled y is called
 A. dyke
 B. vent
 C. magma
 D. lava

- 45.** Which of the following lakes is NOT an example of the lake marked x?
 A. L. Shala
 B. L. Paradise
 C. L. Tanganyika
 D. L. Nyos
- 46.** The following were reasons for the scramble and partition of Africa by Europeans. Which one was NOT? To
 A. settle their surplus population.
 B. search for raw materials for their industries.
 C. get market for their products
 D. develop Africa for the benefit of Africans.
- 47.** The time at Accra Ghana is 9:00am. What is the time in Kismayu 35°E?
 A. 11:20pm
 B. 6:40pm
 C. 6:40am
 D. 11:20am
- 48.** Which one of the following factors can lead to slow population growth?
 A. Low mortality rate
 B. Rising cost of living
 C. Sex preference
 D. Early marriages

- 49.** The following describes a certain community in Africa:
 (i) Participated in long - distance trade.
 (ii) They were ruled by the hereditary king.
 (iii) The clan heads assisted the king to rule
 (iv) The king was the commander - in-chief of the armed forces.

The community described above is
 A. Baganda
 B. Nyamwezi
 C. Abawanga
 D. Hehe

- 50.** Three of the following are functions of a clan EXCEPT
- determining religious practices and beliefs of the clan.
 - protect the witchdoctors from harm by clan members.
 - safe guarding the value of the clan.
 - planting and conducting marriage ceremonies.
- 51.** The following are types of industries. Which one is a service industry?
- Cement making
 - Paper making
 - Tyre re-treading
 - Maize milling
- 52.** The following information describes a certain African leader:
- Introduced a new constitution in his country.*
 - Organised his government into ministries.*
 - He sent his army to train in France.*
 - He was a founder member of OAU*
- The leader described above is
- Julius Nyerere
 - Nelson Mandela
 - Gamel Abdel Nasser
 - Haile Selassie
- 53.** Which of the following aspects of culture should NOT be preserved?
- Paying of bride price.
 - Female circumcision.
 - Use of elders to solve conflicts.
 - Use of proverbs in teaching.
- 54.** Who among the following is the head of judiciary?
- Chief justice
 - President
 - Judge of the supreme court
 - Attorney general
- 55.** Mr. Gitimu a social studies teacher at Kimbo primary school asked his pupils to give elements of a good citizen. Who gave a WRONG answer?
- | | |
|---------|---------------|
| A. Emma | - patriotism |
| B. Alex | - loyalty |
| C. Tony | - nepotism |
| D. Mary | - law abiding |
- 56.** Which of the following arms of government implements government policy?
- Judiciary
 - Parliament
 - Executive
 - IEBC
- 57.** Who among the following is NOT a member of the school management committee?
- Deputy Headteacher.
 - The chair person.
 - Headteacher.
 - Class representative
- 58.** Which of the following is a MAJOR export crop in Ethiopia?
- Tea
 - Livestock products
 - Sugarcane
 - Coffee
- 59.** Which of the following communities is NOT CORRECTLY matched with the economic activity it practised in the past?
- | | |
|-------------|---------------------|
| A. Kamba | - trading |
| B. Kuria | - crop growing |
| C. Gusii | - livestock keeping |
| D. Kipsigis | - mixed farming |
- 60.** Which of the following minerals is exported in large quantities from Kenya?
- Limestone
 - Soda ash
 - Diatomite
 - Flourspar

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PART II: RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

SECTION A

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. In Genesis chapter three all the following are results of man's disobedience EXCEPT one. Which one?
A. The snake was cursed to crawl
B. God put enmity between snake and man
C. Woman was told to toil to produce any food
D. Woman would experience pain during childbirth
62. During the covenant between Abraham and God, Abraham made a sacrifice. Which of the following was NOT part of the sacrifice he made? A
A. cow B. goat
C. bull D. ram
63. The following are forms of sexual misuse. Which of them did Lot get involved in?
A. Rape B. Incest
C. Adultery D. Fornication
64. Which of the following Christian qualities did Jacob show by marrying Leah?
A. Love B. Tolerance
C. Patience D. Faith
65. During the Exodus, God provided water for Israelites in one of the following places. Which one?
A. Mt. Sinai B. Bethel
C. Marah D. Gershom
66. One of the following was NOT an instruction for the Israelites during the passover. Which one is it?
A. Take bitter herbs to show they were in a hurry
B. Remain indoors until morning
C. Eat unleavened bread while standing
D. Mark their doors with blood
67. Among the following specialists in the African community who could have been banished by the community?
A. Diviners B. Sorcerers
C. Medicine men D. Priests
68. An occasion among the traditional African communities that marked the movement from childhood to adulthood is
A. initiation B. marriage
C. circumcision D. birth

69. Who among the Bible personalities is NOT correctly matched with the suffering he went through?
A. Jesus - physical suffering
B. Lazarus - mental suffering
C. Man of Galilee - mental suffering
D. Job - emotional suffering
70. "So it is with faith; if it is alone and with no actions it is dead". These words are found in the book of
A. Jude B. Paul
C. Peter D. James
71. "Whoever has two shirts must give one to the man who has none". In the gospel of Luke this message was given by
A. Paul B. Prophet Isaiah
C. Jesus D. John the baptist
72. When Jesus was presented in the temple, Simeon said all the following about him EXCEPT that he would
A. bring salvation to all people
B. be the light of the gentiles
C. be called son of God
D. bring glory to the people of Israel
73. Which of the following parables was used by Jesus to teach the value of the kingdom of God?
A. Great banquet B. Hidden treasure
C. Lost coin D. Growing seed
74. Complete the beatitude as taught by Jesus in the book of Matthew. Happy are the meek for they
A. shall inherit the earth
B. shall see God
C. shall be comforted
D. shall inherit the kingdom of God
75. When teaching the Lords prayer, Jesus emphasized on four elements of prayer. Which one is NOT one of them?
A. Adoration B. Confession
C. Humility D. Thanksgiving
76. The following are events that took place after Jesus was arrested.
(i) He was accused of working on the Sabbath
(ii) He was taken before the Sanhedrin
(iii) He was taken before Pilate
(iv) He was taken to Annas

- Which one is the correct order in which they came?
- (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)
 - (ii), (iii), (iv), (i)
 - (iv), (ii), (i), (iii)
 - (iv), (ii), (iii), (i)
- 77.** "Jesus gave them the name Boanerges, which means men of thunder" Mark 3:17. Who were they?
- James and John
 - Peter and Andrew
 - Phillip and Bartholomew
 - Thomas and James
- 78.** There are many social problems. Which of the ones below involves treating people of your family differently?
- Racism
 - Nepotism
 - Corruption
 - Ethnicity
- 79.** On the day of Pentecost, the disciples of Jesus were in one of the towns. Which one?
- Bethany
 - Jerusalem
 - Jericho
 - Antioch
- 80.** Which one of the following is NOT one of the gifts of the Holy Spirit?
- Preaching
 - Wisdom
 - Faithfulness
 - Healing
- 81.** The MAIN reason why Pilate allowed Jesus to be killed by the Jews was because
- he found Jesus guilty of claiming to be King
 - Jesus claimed he was the king of the Jews
 - Jesus was going to be saviour of the world
 - he wanted to please the Jews
- 82.** Three of the following people were guided by the Holy Spirit not to go to Bithynia but to Macedonia. Who was not?
- Silas
 - Timothy
 - Paul
 - Philip
- 83.** People work for all the following reasons EXCEPT
- to please their teachers
 - to avoid being a burden to others
 - to fulfil God's command
 - to meet their basic needs
- 84.** The BEST way that Christians can show God's love for each other would be by
- praying together
 - helping the needy
 - going to church
 - giving tithes
- 85.** Shedding of blood during traditional African circumcision was important because it
- united the initiates with God
 - made the initiates responsible adults
 - made the initiates strong
 - united the initiates with ancestors
- 86.** Which one of the following would be the BEST way for a Christian youth to use his leisure time?
- Watch a movie
 - Play with friends
 - Serve the needy
 - Read a novel
- 87.** Okinda your classmate refuses to do manual work and says it's dirty. What is the BEST action for you to take?
- tell your teacher about it
 - inform him its work like any other
 - ask his parents to speak to him
 - leave him alone and do your work
- 88.** Which of the following shows the right way a Christian could use his wealth?
- contributing in community projects
 - saving in a bank
 - taking his family out
 - buying clothes for people
- 89.** Kitonga your classmate takes alcohol. The BEST thing for you to do is
- advise him about the dangers of taking alcohol
 - join him to drink together
 - report him to the police
 - pray for him
- 90.** Which of the following reasons shows why the Christian missionaries came to Africa?
- Build the railway
 - Build schools
 - Provide medical care
 - Spread the gospel of Christ

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SECTION B

ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

- 61.** Which one of the following chapters give an account of what happened in the year that the prophet was born Surah
A. Al-kaafirun B. Al-Qureish
C. Al-Aadiyaat D. Al-Fiyl
- 62.** Surah Al-Kauthar says that Allah (s.w.) gave the prophet many favours. Which favour is not mentioned in both surah Inshirah and Dhuha?
A. Raised his fame.
B. Made him rich.
C. Gave him assured security.
D. Gave him spiritual guidance.
- 63.** Islam gives the following information on evolution of man, which are also sequential. Which one is said in Surah Al-Alaq? Man was created from
A. a clot of blood
B. soil
C. gushed reproductive water.
D. sexual cells.
- 64.** In Surah, Tiyn, Allah (s.w.) swears by places of revelation of these holy books. Which book's place of revelation is not mentioned? The holy
A. Qur'an B. Zabuur
C. Injil D. Taurat
- 65.** Trinity is a reliable pillar in Christian faith but polytheism and shirk in Islam, condemned in Surah _____.
A. Kaafirun B. Al-Lahab
C. Al-Qadar D. Ikhlas
- 66.** A Muslim and any other person who is untrustworthy, breaks promises and tell lies will be punished in
A. huthwama hell fire.
B. bottom most depth of hell fire.
C. haawia hellfire
D. extreme heat of lowered sun.
- 67.** According to the prophets tradition all these people received direct curse form Allah EXCEPT one who
A. gives false testimony.
B. deals in bribe.
C. changes boundaries of the earth illegally.
D. hides a criminal out of justice.
- 68.** A bright man judges his soul and does what will benefit him in the hereafter where as a stupid man follows the wishes of his soul, so Muslims should
A. judge their souls.
B. follow the wises of their souls.
C. think before they act.
D. always ask for forgiveness.
- 69.** The following are Islamic manner of eating EXCEPT one. Which one?
A. Eat the food while hot to scare away germs.
B. The food should be brought when you are seated.
C. The food should not spill all over as you eat.
D. Eat the food from your direct side of the plate.
- 70.** Which one of the following is NOT an Islamic guidance in selling of goods to customers?
A. charge a reasonable profit.
B. explain the defects of goods if any.
C. give correct measures and quality.
D. charge interest only on credit facilities.
- 71.** Which of these Takbiraats in Salaat Janaza, is CORRECTLY matched with what should be done?
A. First Takbira - The dua of the Mayyit.
B. Second Takbira - The prayer of the prophet (p.b.u.h)
C. Third Takbira - The dua of the Muslim Umma
D. Fourth Takbira - Surah Al-fatiha.
- 72.** Izaar, lifaafah and qamis are things important to the mayyit at the time of
A. salaat janaza B. ghusul
C. kuffun D. dafan
- 73.** Muslims are allowed to eat meat of an animal that died as a result of
A. impact of a hunters arrow.
B. devourment by a carnivorous animal.
C. impact of a horn of a fellow animal.
D. falling from a height.
- 74.** All the following things are done to find extreme body beauty not being contended with Allah's best mould. Which one is allowed in Islam and has no side effects?
A. Undergoing plastic surgery
B. Application of henna on nails and beards.
C. Application of bleaching deodorants.
D. Drawing permanent tatoos.

- 75.** How can one apply Ihsaan in handling cases among people who have differences?
 A. Be careful
 B. Have education.
 C. Be just.
 D. Consider Islamic faith.
- 76.** HIV/AIDS, Tuberculosis, cancer and many other clinical diseases take too long and may not even be cured. Which kind of encouragement would you give the victims of such?
 A. To curse the devil for such temptations.
 B. Spend all their wealth on treatment as there is no hope.
 C. Teach them what is bound to get them in graves.
 D. To have tolerance like Nabii Ayyub.
- 77.** The following are pairs of prophets of Allah who stayed in the same era serving as prophets EXCEPT prophet
 A. Ibrahim (A.S) and Lut (A.S)
 B. Issa (A.S) and Muhammad (A.S)
 C. Ismail (A.S) and Ishaq (A.S)
 D. Yaqub (A.S) and Yusuf (A.S)
- 78.** The GREAT function of Hijratul wida-a took place in the
 A. field of Arafa.
 B. field at Aqaba.
 C. slopes of mount Swafa.
 D. compound of Masjid Nabawi.
- 79.** In which of the following places was the prophet (p.b.u.h) attacked by a hostile community when he visited them on Da'awa mission?
 A. Shaam B. Khaibar
 C. Abwa'a D. Taif
- 80.** Which one among these intoxicants is referred to as "the mother of all evils"?
 A. Bhang B. Cocaine
 C. Alcohol D. Opium
- 81.** Nabii Ibrahim (A.S) miraculously survived when _____ ordered his army to lynch him in fire.
 A. Fir'aun B. Namrud
 C. Ahab D. Twaalut
- 82.** How many darajas is congregation salaat awarded above singularly prayed salaat?
 A. 17 B. 11
 C. 1000 D. 27
- 83.** Muslims who fully participate in fardh kifaya ibaada of giving the mayyit his full due rites, is rewarded thawaabs equivalent to mount uhud. This measure is called.
 A. Nisaab B. Qulattein
 C. Qiratun D. Shibr
- 84.** The Christian monk who spotted the signs of prophethood in the young Muhammed while on Syria market was called
 A. Raaghib Bahira B. Abraha Ashram
 C. Dhul Karnain D. John Paul
- 85.** Which of the following remarks express happiness on someone's achievements?
 A. Subhanallah B. Maashallah
 C. Wabillahi Tawfiq D. Jazaakallah
- 86.** The following are attributes of Allah mentioned in the first three verses of Surah Fatiha. Which one is NOT? The
 A. guardian B. merciful
 C. sovereign king D. creator
- 87.** In how many fardh prayers do the imams recite chapters of the holy Qur'an loudly?
 A. Three B. Two
 C. Four D. One
- 88.** Each time heavy dark grey clouds formed for a heavy rain pour, the prophet never settled since he feared for his Umma a punishment similar to the people of prophet
 A. Shuaib (A.S.) B. Swaleh (A.S.)
 C. Nuh (A.S) D. Lut (A.S)
- 89.** Which of the following is a pure Hajj ibaada without mixing it with lesser Hajj activities?
 Hajj
 A. Qiran B. Ifrad
 C. Umra D. Tamatu
- 90.** At what time do angels take register of those who attended Jum'a prayer close their books and sit down? When the
 A. Imaam stands up for Khutba.
 B. Imaam stands up for Jum'a prayer.
 C. mosque fills to the doorstep.
 D. their register fills up.

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JARIBIO LA TATU K.C.P.E **DARASA LA NANE 2015**

**KISWAHILI
SEHEMU YA
KWANZA:
LUGHA**

Muda: Saa 1 dakika 40

SOMA KWA MAKINI MAAGIZO YAFUATAYO

1. Umepewa kijitabu hiki cha maswali na karatasi ya kujibu. Kijitabu hiki kina maswali 50.
2. Ikiwa utataka kuandika chochote ambacho si jibu andika katika kijitabu hiki.
3. Ukisha chagua jibu lako lionyeshe katika **KARATASI YA MAJIBU** na wala sio katika kijitabu hiki cha maswali.

JINSI YA KUTUMIA KARATASI YA MAJIBU

4. Tumia penseli ya kawaida.
5. Hakikisha ya kwamba yafuatayo yameandikwa katika karatasi ya majibu:

NAMBA YAKO YA MTIHANI

JINA LAKO

JINA LA SHULE YAKO

6. Kwa kuchora kistari katika visanduku ~~vyenye~~ namba zinazokuhusu, onyesha namba yako kamili ya mtihani (yaani namba ya shule. Na zile namba tatu za mtahiniwa) katika sehemu iliyotengwa niwanzo wa karatasi ya majibu.
7. Usitie alama zozote nje ya visanduku.
8. Iweke safi karatasi yako ya majibu.
9. Kwa kila swali 1 – 50 umepewa majibu manne. Majibu hayo yameonyeshwa kwa herufi A, B, C na D. Ni jibu MOJA tu kati ya hayo manne ambayo ni sahihi. Chagua jibu hilo.
10. Kwenye karatasi ya majibu, jibu sahihi lionireshwe kwa kuchora kistari katika kisanduku chenyeye herufi uliyochagua kuwa ndilo jibu.

Mfano

Katika kijitabu cha maswali:

- 11. Mtu anayetengeneza vyombo vya vyuma ni**

- A. sonara
- B. rubani
- C. mhusuni
- D. mwashi

Jibu sahihi ni C

1 (A)(B)(C)(D) 11 (A)(B)(C)(D) 21 (A)(B)(C)(D) 31 (A)(B)(C)(D) 41 (A)(B)(C)(D)

Katika visanduku vinavyoonyesha majibu ya swali namba 11, kisanduku chenyeye herufi C ndicho kilichochorwa kistari.

11. Chora kistari chako vizuri. Kistari chako kiwe cheusi na kisijitokeze nje ya kisanduku.
12. Kwa kila swali, chora kistari katika kisanduku kimoja tu kati ya visanduku vinne ulivyopewa.

Kitabu hiki cha maswali kina kurasa 7 zilizopigwa chapa

Watahiniwa ni lazima wahakikishe kuwa kurasa zote za karatasi ya mtihani zimepigwa chapa sawasawa na kuwa maswali yote yamo.

Soma vifungu vifuatavyo. Vina nafasi 1 mpaka 15. Kwa kila nafasi umepewa majibu manne hapo. Chagua jibu lifaalo zaidi kati ya yale uliyopewa.

Uvumilivu ni sifa mojawapo muhimu 1 mja katika maisha yake. Hii ni ile hali ya kuwakubali wengine 2. Mja ambaye ni mvumilivu 3 hawi mtu wa 4 pale anapokosewa na wenzake. Anapouona udhaifu wa wenzake, hatauchukulia 5 huo kama 6 cha kuwadunisha hadharani na kujiona bora. Hata pale 7 na wenye nguvu, atamwachia Maulana amtetee huku akizingatia kuwa 8. Adinasi akosapo uvumilivu huishi maisha 9 kama jiwe la komango.

1. A. anazokuwa nazo B. anayekuwa nazo C. anayokuwa nayo D. anaokuwa nayo
2. A. vile walio B. jinsi walivyo C. namna waliyo D. kama walio
3. A. almuradi B. hata kama C. ingawaje D. aghalabu
4. A. kulipiza kisasi B. kulipia kishazi C. kulipiza kizazi D. kulipisha kizazi
5. A. ushujaa B. unyonge C. uongo D. ukweli
6. A. sababu B. ajili C. kiini D. udhuru
7. A. anavyodhulumiwa B. analodhulumiwa C. anachodhulumiwa D. anapodhulumiwa
8. A. fimbo ya mnyonge mlifi ni Mungu B. bura yangu sibadili na rehani
C. ukitaka kumla nguriwe chagua aliyenona D. dawa ya moto ni moto
9. A. ngumu B. gumu C. magumu D. vigumu

Sote tuliajibia bidhaa mbalimbali alizounda katika 10 ile yake ya uhunzi. Alikuwa amefua 11. Hakika 12 wake ulibainika 13 kutokana na uzuri wa vyombo hivyo. Isitoshe, kipato anachopata kutokana na mauzo ya bidhaa zenyewe kilituacha 14 kwa mshangao. Hapo ndipo nilipong' amua kuwa si lazima ni ng'ang' anie kazi za ofisini kama wafanyavyo vijulanga wengine. Kazi ni kazi 15 impatie mja riziki.

10. A. duka B. karakana C. kiwanda D. zahanati
11. A. mikufu, miundu na visu
C. meza, masofa na madawati B. mashoka, pete na vyungu
D. majembe, sufuria na masanduku
12. A. ukali B. bidii C. umahiri D. tidhamu
13. A. dhahiri shahiri B. salama salimini C. bure bilashi D. raha mustarehe
14. A. mikono juu B. tumefumba macho C. pumzi juujuu D. vinywa wazi
15. A. afadhali tu B. bora tu C. kuliko tu D. pengine tu

Kuanzia swali la 16 hadi 30, jibu kila swali kulingana na maagizo uliyopewa.

16. Chagua kielezi katika sentensi ifuatayo.

Wanafunzi wengi waliogoma walitembea makundimakundi.

- A. wengi
- B. walitembea
- C. makundimakundi
- D. waliogoma

17. Ni sentensi gani iliyotumia kivumishi cha -a unganifu kuonyesha aina ya kitu?

- A. Nyumba ya udongo haihimili vishindo.
- B. Mawe ya kujengea huchongwa vizuri.
- C. Swali la tatu haliwezi kujibika.
- D. Kondoo wa mjomba amenona sana.

18. Orodha ipi inayoonyesha mapambo ya masikio?

- A. Kikuba, kipuli, kipini, kikuku
- B. Bali, herini, kipuli, mapete
- C. Utunda, mkanda, siniguse, barakoa
- D. Bangili, furungu, uvoo, kugesi

19. Ni sentensi gani imetumia kivumishi -ingine kuonyesha baadhi ya?

- A. Mbuzi mwingine amechinjwa karamuni.
- B. Wameamua kulala katika chumba kingine.
- C. Jiko hili na jinginetu yatanunuliwa kesho.
- D. Wanafunzi wengine hawajafanya mtihani.

20. Masalkheri ni kwa asubuhi kama vile ‘makiwa’ ni kwa

- A. waliofiwa
- B. asubuhi
- C. usiku
- D. kuagana

21. Andika wingi wa sentensi ifuatayo:

- Uovu wake ulikashifiwa hadharani
- A. Uovu wao ulikashifiya hadharani.
 - B. Maovu yake yalikashifiwa hadharani.
 - C. Maovu yao yalikashifiwa hadharani.
 - D. Uovu yao yalikashifiwa hadharani.

22. Tambulisha sentensi inayoonyesha muda mfupi tu uliopita.

- A. Mawe yamevunjwa kwa mtaimbo.
- B. Mihadarati itamdhuru afya yake.
- C. Ningalichelewa ningalimwudhi mwalimu.
- D. Maji yaliyochafuka yaliwadhuru kiafya.

23. Neno lipi limeambatanishwa vizuri na kisawe chake?

- A. Barabara - taliki
- B. Ukuta - kiambaza
- C. Pua - wajiji
- D. Basi - pasi

24. Ni inayowakilisha nafsi ya kwanza imetumika katika sentensi gani?

- A. Kakangu ni mwashi stadi.
- B. Mama alinishauri niwe mtiisu
- C. Chura amejitumbukiza majini.
- D. Leteni nguo zenu ili zifuliwe.

25. Kinyume cha kutamani ni

- A. kutamauka
- B. kuchukia
- C. kupendelea
- D. kukataa

26. Kati ya viteuzi vifuatayyo, kipi kinaonyesha masharti?

- A. Ajabu! Mzazi hamjui myanawe!
- B. Huyu siye aliyeefika kwanza
- C. Iwapo mtaelewapa mtashirikiana vizuri.
- D. Alimwona akamwita akamtuma dukani.

27. Funza ni kwa king’onyo kama ilivyo ngamia kwa

- A. kihongwe
- B. kipura
- C. kivinimbi
- D. nirihi

28. Bainisha sentensi yenye kimilikishi cha nafsi ya tatu:

- A. Bidii yake ilimletea ufanisi.
- B. Tumbo langu hunisokota sana.
- C. Maskani yenu huwa safi sana
- D. Kunyamaza kwako kuna maana gani?

29. Tumia ‘na’ ya uhusiano kwa usaha.

Shambani kwenu _____ kumelimwa vizuri.

- A. nalo
- B. nako
- C. namo
- D. napo

30. Tegua kitendawili kifuatacho.

Amekufa mmoja wakafufuka wengi.

- A. juu
- B. mvua
- C. mbegu
- D. jiwe

Yasome makala yafuatayo kwa makini kisha ujibu maswali 31 – 40

Shule za mijini, ingawa zinaaminiwa kuwa bora, hazipiti zile za mashambani. Shule za mashambani hazikujengwa kwa majengo ya kisasa. Hata hivyo, bado ni mahali pema pa kusomeshea watoto, wakafaulu mitihani na kuyakabili maisha yao ya baadaye.

Miji ina shughuli nyingi za kisasa kama vile disko na sinema. Kutembea mijini kunaathiri vijana wanaosomea huko. Vijana wengi kutoka shulenii ama kwa ruhusa au hata bila ya ruhusa wakajizururia mijini ili kupata matilaba yao mbalimbali. Hali hii ya miji inayovuta vijana wa miji haipatikani sana mashambani, hivyo vijana wa huko huweza kusoma vyema.

Licha ya shughuli kama disko na sinema, maisha ya mijini ni ghali. Ughali huu huwafanya wazazi wa watoto walioko mijini kufeweza kukidhi mahitaji ya watoto wao wanaosomea humo. Watoto nao huvutiwa na mienendo ya watu waishio maisha ghali. Si ajabu kuwa wasichana huwafuata mashaibu matajiri na wavulana kuwafuata maajuza wa kutajika. Tumeshuhudia visa vingapi vya vijana wa kike na wa kiume wakiandamana na mababi na mabibi, kisa na maana wanahitaji pesa za kumudu starehe!

Isitoshe, ujambazi siku hizi umechacha mijini. Vijana wa mijini hukabiliwa na hatari za kila aina. Wanafunzi huweza kujilingiza katika shughuli za kijambazi wanaposomea mijini. Wengi wameathiriwa na ghiliba za kila aina. Visa vya kubakwa kwa wasichana na kulawitiwa kwa wavulana vimezidi na kuwa ibada. Isitoshe, vijana wengi wa mijini huwa wahasiriwa wa visa vya kijambazi kama vile uvamizi wa wanyang’anyi nyumbani au shulenii. Ingawa hata mashambani kuna visa vya ujambazi, si vingi kama mijini.

Ingawaje kuna miadarati katika sehemu za mashambani; tabia ya kutumia miadarati imezidi mno katika sehemu za mji. Mijini kuna vijana wa aina tofauti na misingi tofauti. Miadarati ya aina zote zilc, hata kokeni hutumiwa katika sehemu za mji. Matokeo ni wanafunzi hawa kujifunza wizi na unyang’anyi ili kupata miadarati na uraibu wa aina nyingine.

Athari za mijini huwaingiza vijana katika mahusiano ya kimpenzi mapema. Mahusiano kama haya hutokana na sinema na filamu zipatikanazo mijini. Mahusiano ya kimpenzi baina ya wavulana na wavulana au baina ya wasichana na wasichana, hukithiri mijini. Matokeo ya mahusiano haya ni uozo na kukosa kufaulu katika mitihani na hatimaye maisha.

Ni kweli kuwa shule za mijini pia zina manufaa mengi, kama vile vifaa vinavyowawezesha wanafunzi kufanya vyema. Wanafunzi wa mijini hunufaika kwa kuwepo na huduma za umeme ambazo hazipatikani katika sehemu nyingi za mashambani. Aidha, usafiri mijini ni bora zaidi, hivyo basi wanafunzi huyawahi masomo yao mapema bila kuchoka kwa kutembea masafa marefu. Hata hivyo, tunadai kuwa mijini kuna vishawishi vingi ambavyo huenda vikawafanya vijana wasiyamudu masomo yao.

- 31.** Chagua kauli sahihi kulingana na aya ya kwanza.
A. Shule za mijini na za mashambani ni bora.
B. Shule za mijini ni bora kuliko za mashambani.
C. Mashambani kuna shule duni kama za mijini.
D. Shule zote ni bora kwani zina yifaa vyote muhimu.
- 32.** Lengo **KUU** la elimu kulingana na makala haya ni
A. kupata kazi nzuri baadaye.
B. kufaulu mitihani yote ipasavyo.
C. kuukabili mustakabali ipasavyo.
D. kujiepusha matatizo yote shulenii.
- 33.** Vijana wanaotembea na kuzurura mijini
A. ni wale wanaovunja sheria za shule.
B. wengine hupata vibali nya shule.
C. aghalabu hutukuzwa kutoka shulenii.
D. ni wale wa wazazi wasiowajibika.
- 34.** Neno matilaba kama liliyotumika lina maana ya
A. hoja
B. lengo
C. sababu
D. haja
- 35.** Kiini cha vijana kuwafuata watu waliowazidi umri **hasa** huwa
A. kushawishiwa na shinikizo la rika.
B. hamu ya starehe wasizozimudu.
C. kutoelcwya madhara ya tabia hizi.
D. matokeo ya uozo katika jamii.
- 36.** Maana ya vimezidi na kuwa ibada ni kuwa vimekuwa
A. kawaida na kuzoleka katika jamii
B. lazima na kukubalika na jamii.
C. nadra na kuishangaza jamii.
D. vingi na kuwapata wanajamii wote.
- 37. Kulingana na aya ya nne**
A. ujambazi umekithiri mashambani kuliko mijini.
B. uhalifu wa mijini ni mbaya kuliko wa mashambani.
C. uvunjaji wa sheria haujapamba moto mashambani.
D. uhalifu hautendeki mashambani kwa vyovyote vile.
- 38. Matokeo ya kusikitisha zaidi kwa vijana wanaoingilia mapenzi mapema huwa**
A. kufeli katika mitihani.
B. mahusiano ya jinsia moja.
C. kukosa adabu mitaani.
D. kutofaulu maishani.
- 39. Usafiri bora wa mijini huwafaa vipi wanafunzi?**
A. Hawawezi kuchelewa kufika.
B. Huwapunguzia tchovu.
C. Wao hufurahia usafiri huo.
D. Huwaepusha na baridi kali
- 40. Msimamo wa mwandishi wa makala ni kuwa shule za**
A. mijini ni bora kuliko za mashambani.
B. mashambani zina yifaa vyote nya kufanikisha elimu.
C. mashambani hazikabiliwi na changamoto nyingi kama za mijini.
D. mijini hazikabiliwi na shida kama zile za mashambani.

Soma kifungu kifuatacho kisha ujibu maswali 41 – 50

Niliamka kwa kishindo baada ya kusikia sauti kali iliyotoka mkabala wa nyumba yetu. Nilipigwa na duwazi nisijue nifanye nini. Nilichomoka hadi nje nikielekeza sikio langu ilikotoka sauti. Lo! kufika nje sikuweza kuona chochote kwani moshi ulikuwa umetanda angani na kuichafua hewa barabara.

Nilishikwa na jazba huku kimako kikijipa kipaumbele kwenye mtima wangu nilipong' amua kuwa kelele zile zilikuwa za akina mama waliokuwa wakipiga unyende huku wakitazama baiti ya amu iliyokuwa ikiteketea. Taraa tu, niliongeza moja na moja nikapata jibu. Nikaenda shio ili niwasajidie adinasi waliojitoa mhanga kuuzima moto ule uliokuwa umejipa sifa kemkemu. Mambo yalikuwa yameharibika. Lakini kila mmoja wetu alikuwa amekataa kusalimu amri. Waja wengine waliiweka aushi yao kati ya minanda na kwato za mauti walipojaribu kujitoma sebuleni ili kuokoa vitu angalau vichache vilivyokuwemo. Waama Rabana kweli si Athumanji. Samani na vitu vingine vyenye bei viliweza kuokolewa.

Kwa muda wa saa nzima tulizidi kupambana na mto ule. Kila mtu ali^{kuwa} sasa ametokwa na jasho kiasi kwamba ungedhani yalikuwa mashindano ya uogeleaji. Macho ya kila mja yalibadilika rangi na kuwa mekundu mithili ya pilipili kutokana na moshi na hari kuu. Wengine makainasi yaliwadondoka ndo ndo pamoja na michirizi ya machozi iliyowatoka njia nne nne bila kupenda kwao. Lakini madhali wahenga walinenaa kuwa umoja ni nguvu na utengano ni udhaifu, mwishowe moto ulianza kudidimia. Waja nao wakajigawanya wengine wakaendelea kupambana na moto ule huku wengine wakimhudumia mkaza-amu aliyekuwa kapoteza fahamu. Huduma ya kwanza ilifanywa haraka hadi akapata afueni. Wenye nyoyo za bua walimilia mkaza-amu nao wengine wakaendelea kumliwaza.

Kisha mambo yalibadilika ghafla kuliposikika harufu ya nyama choma. Kwa mshangao watu wakaanza kusaka ilikotokea harufu ile. Acha mkaza-amu aanze kwi kwi kukawa na kizungumkuti. Kumbe kilichokuwa kikinuka si twingine ila binamu yangu Bedi aliyezingirwa na moto ule alipokuwa amelala. Bedi alizaliwa bila uwemo wa kuona. Aha! Insi-wakapata kukumbukaa kuwa mkaza-amu hakumpenda mwanawe na hivyo moto taa naukutokea kwa ajali bali aliuwasha ili amwulje mbali Bedi. Watu walipotanabahi kweli mkaza-amu ndiye aliyeuwasha moto ule kwa dhamira ya kumwua mtoto huyo, kipigo cha kitutu kilimfanya kama aliyepigwa kipapai.

Amu alipofahamishwa yaliyojiri siku hiyo, alishikwa na kiwewe. Hakuhiarri tena kurejea kwake. Alitia mbugi miguuni asioneokane tena. Penyenye zasema kuwa amekuwa chakaramu. Maskini amu aliipoteza baiti yake, mwanawe inpendwa na akili zake razini. Fauka ya hayo, alimpoteza mkaza-amu aliyemdhania kuwa hurulaini, kumbe ni nduli.

- 41.** Mwandishi anasema aliamshwa na
- vigelegele vilivytoka mbele ya nyumba yao.
 - kishindo kilichotokea nyuma ya nyumba yao
 - kelele kutoka upande ulioelekeana na nyumba yao
 - vicheko vilivytoka kando ya nyumba yao.
- 42.** Mnenaji hakuona chochote njiani kutokana na
- mwendo alioondoka.
 - moshi ulioenea kote.
 - hofu kuu iliyomkumba.
 - ukali wa mto ulioenea.
- 43.** Badala ya kusema nikaenda shoti mwandishi pia angesema
- nikaondoka kasi.
 - nikaenda mrama.
 - nikachana mbuga
 - nikachapa miguu.
- 44.** Watu waliojitema sebuleni kuyanusuru mali
- walikuwa wezi sugu.
 - walikuwa wamekata tamaa.
 - hawakujali madhara ya moto.
 - waliyahatarisha maisha yao.
- 45.** Orodhha ifaayo zaidi ya samani ni
- ndoo, karai, fagie na meza.
 - kochi, meza, kitanda na rafu.
 - redio, runinga, tarakilishi na kinanda.
 - vitanda, viti, mito na magodoro.
- 46.** Macho yalikuwa mekundu mithili ya pilipili kutokana na moshi na hari kuu. Je, hii ni fani gani ya lugha?
- Istiara
 - Tashhis
 - Tashbihi
 - Shadda
- 47.** Moto ulianza kudidimia kutokana na
- ushirikiano wa waliokuwepo.
 - bidii ya waliokuwepo.
 - ujuzi wa waliokuwepo.
 - ulegevu wa waliokuwepo.
- 48.** Kauli gani **SI** sahihi kulingana na makala?
- Wapo watu waliolia pamoja na mkaza amu
 - Wapo watu waliomtuliza mkaza-amu
 - Msimulizi alimpa mkaza-amu huduma ya kwanza.
 - Awali watu hawakujua chanzo cha moto.
- 49.** Bedi hakupendwa na mamaye kutokana na
- uziwi wake.
 - ujeuri wake.
 - jinsia yake.
 - ulemavu wake.
- 50.** Methali inayoweza kupigia mfano kilio cha mkaza amu ni:
- Uchungu wa mwana aujuaye mzazi.
 - Hakuna msiba usiokuwa na wenzake.
 - Mwizi hajidumbi.
 - Akuzaaye kwa dhiki ndiye rafiki.

The new **JESMA APRIL HOLIDAY HOMEWORK BOOKLET** will be available in all leading Bookshops and Supermarkets from **27th March, 2015**.
Get busy with Jesma Homework

K.C.P.E. THIRD TRIAL STANDARD EIGHT 2015

SCIENCE

Time: 1hr 45mins

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 50 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the ANSWER SHEET, not in the question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:

YOUR INDEX NUMBER

YOUR NAME

NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and do not fold it.
9. For each of the Questions 1 – 50, four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only ONE of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

Example

In the Question Booklet:

- 14. Nitrogen present in the air is taken by plants through the**

- A. flowers
- B. stems
- C. roots
- D. leaves

The correct answer is C (roots)

On the answer sheet:

<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> D
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> D
<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> D
<input type="checkbox"/> A	<input type="checkbox"/> B	<input type="checkbox"/> C	<input type="checkbox"/> D

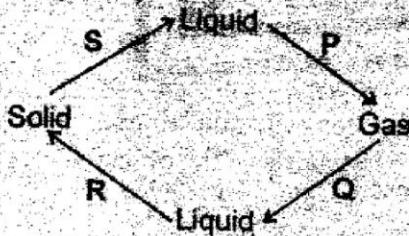
In the second set, the box with the letter C printed in it is marked.

11. Your dark line MUST be within the box.
12. For each question ONLY ONE box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

This question paper consists of 7 printed pages

Candidates should check the question paper to ensure that all the pages are printed as indicated and no questions are missing

1. Which one of the following shows the **CORRECT** order of flow of blood in a human body?
- Right auricle → pulmonary artery → lungs → pulmonary vein → left auricle
 - Pulmonary vein → left auricle → left ventricle → aorta → body → vena cava
 - Vena cava → right auricle → right ventricle → pulmonary vein → aorta
 - Aorta → vena cava → right ventricle → lungs → pulmonary vein
2. Which of the following is **NOT** an oil crop?
- Sesame
 - Turnips
 - Groundnuts
 - Simsim
3. In which of the following parts of the gut is a digestive juice unnecessary?
- Duodenum
 - Mouth
 - Ileum
 - Gullet
4. The diagram below shows how matter changes from one state to another.



Name the processes P, Q and S respectively?

- Freezing, melting, evaporation
- Condensation, evaporation, melting
- Evaporation, condensation, freezing
- Evaporation, condensation, melting

5. Which one among the list below highlights the **CORRECT** order of flow of urine from the kidney?
- Kidney → urethra → bladder → ureter
 - Kidney → bladder → ureter → urethra
 - Kidney → ureter → bladder → urethra
 - Kidney → ureter → urethra → bladder

6. Which is the **BEST** way of managing weeds in a kitchen garden?
- Uprooting
 - Use of herbicides
 - Mowing
 - Mulching

7. The information below describes a type of tooth
- It is long and pointed.*
 - It is used for piercing.*
 - It has one root.*
 - they are four in number.*

The tooth described is **LIKELY** to be

- Canine
- Molar
- Premolar
- Incisor

8. Which of the following is **NOT** a method of using energy sparingly?
- Improving the road network.
 - Walking for short distances.
 - Cooking with an improved jiko.
 - Pooling of transport when travelling to one direction.

9. A single fixed pulley makes easier by
- changing the direction of force.
 - ensuring that distance moved by both effort and load are equal.
 - reducing work to be done.
 - moving effort force against gravity.

10. Which of the following is the **BEST** way of separating a mixture of salt, flour and iron filings?
- Dissolve, filter, evaporate
 - Decant, filter, evaporate
 - Dissolve, decant, evaporate
 - Decant, dissolve, evaporate

11. Which one of the following controls the temperature at which sperms are produced?
- Epididymis
 - Vas deferens
 - Sperm duct
 - Scrotum

12. Which of the following properties make suction of soda using a straw possible?

- A. Air pressure
- B. Liquid density
- C. Air mass
- D. Liquid pressure

13. The **BEST** method of controlling human intestinal worms is by

- A. washing fruits.
- B. proper disposal of faeces.
- C. proper hygiene.
- D. washing hands after visiting the toilet.

14. The artery that supplies blood to the heart is called

- A. coronary artery
- B. cardiac artery
- C. aorta
- D. renal artery

15. Which of the following is a property of humus? It

- A. is readily available and convenient
- B. provides specific nutrients
- C. scorches plants
- D. blinds soil particles

16. The property of soil that can be tested using lime water is soil has

- A. air
- B. living things
- C. minerals
- D. water.

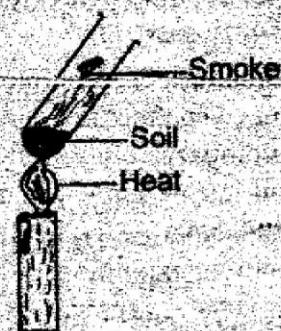
17. Which of the following is NOT a rotational method of grazing?

- A. Herding
- B. Tethering
- C. Strip grazing
- D. Paddocking

18. A std 5 pupil found her brother vomiting and suspected that he had taken poison. The **BEST** thing she could do was to

- A. take him to hospital
- B. call the police
- C. call an adult neighbour
- D. give him milk to drink.

19. The experiment below shows that soil has



- A. air
- B. organic matter
- C. water
- D. minerals

20. When hard water is boiled using kettles or boilers it forms a coating called

- A. lather
- B. foam
- C. fur
- D. scum

21. Which of the following teeth is never shed?

- A. Premolars
- B. Molars
- C. Incisors
- D. Canines

22. Which of the following factors does NOT affect floating and sinking?

- A. Density of the object.
- B. Material of the object.
- C. Weight of the object.
- D. Mass of the object.

23. The pairs of crops given below store food in their roots EXCEPT

- A. cassava, sweet potatoes
- B. arrowroots, carrots
- C. turnips, potatoes
- D. radishes, beetroot.

24. Which of the following takes place during respiration?

- A. Pressure in the chest increases
- B. Thoracic volume increases
- C. Pressure in the chest decreases
- D. Ribs move downwards.

25. Which of the following internal parasites affects the small intestines **ONLY**?

- A. Hookworms
- B. Lungworms
- C. Roundworms
- D. Liverflukes

26. The reason why a raingauge is placed in an open field is to prevent

- A. splashing of water into the raingauge
- B. dripping of water into the raingauge
- C. evaporation of collected raindrops
- D. blockage of the raingauge by tall vegetation.

27. The **MAIN** reason why farmyard manure is added to a compost heap is to

- A. introduce bacteria to the soil
- B. provide additional nutrients to the soil
- C. enhance decomposition
- D. provide nutrients for the bacteria.

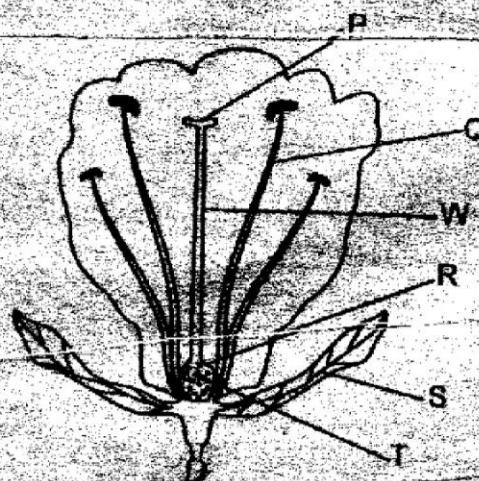
28. The third DPT and fourth Polio vaccine is given at the age of

- A. $2\frac{1}{2}$ months
- B. $3\frac{1}{2}$ months
- C. 9 months
- D. $1\frac{1}{2}$ months

29. Which of the following animal feeds has high fibre content?

- A. Lucern
- B. Calf pencils
- C. Fodder
- D. Hay

Use the diagram below to answer questions 30 to 32.



30. Which part on the diagram performs the same function as the fallopian tube in the female reproduction system?

- A. P
- B. R
- C. W
- D. T

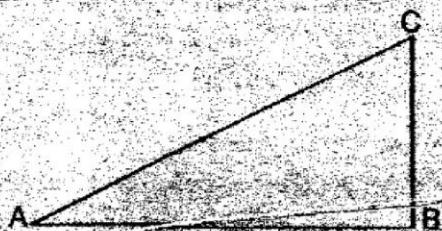
31. Which of the following will NOT happen if all similar parts to Q are chopped off?

- A. Self pollination
- B. Formation of a fruit
- C. Cross pollination
- D. Formation of seeds

32. On which part do pollen grains germinate?

- A. W
- B. R
- C. T
- D. P

33. The following diagram shows an inclined plane.



Which of the following steps should be done in order to make work more easier?

- A. Make length AC longer
 - B. Make length BC longer
 - C. Make angle CAB larger
 - D. Make angle ACB smaller
34. Which of the following animal feeds can BEST be regularly fed to animals in strips?
- A. Silage
 - B. Pastures
 - C. Hay
 - D. Fodder
35. The diagram below shows a type of plant.



The plant is a

- A. parasitic plant
- B. green non-flowering plant
- C. non green flowering plant
- D. saprophytic plant

36. A child was found in a hospital with the following symptoms:

- i) Pale finger nails
- ii) Very weak
- iii) Pain in the joints
- iv) Fever and headache

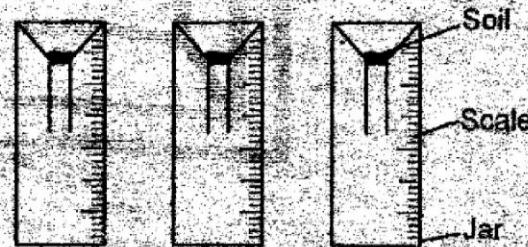
The child was probably suffering from

- A. Malaria
- B. Tuberculosis
- C. Cholera
- D. Typhoid

37. A driver whose car used to skid on muddy roads needs to do all the following EXCEPT

- A. re-treading the tyres
- B. increasing speed whenever he travels on such roads
- C. carrying heavy loads always
- D. buying new tyres

38. Which of the following need NOT be the same for the experiment below to be effective?



- A. Amount of soil
- B. Sizes of scales
- C. Collecting jars
- D. Type of soil

39. Which of the following is both an oil crop and a legume?

- A. Maize
- B. Cow peas
- C. Groundnuts
- D. Corn

40. A snail moves by one of the following methods. Which one?

- A. Sliding
- B. Slithering
- C. Crawling
- D. Gliding

41. Which of the following beaks is one LIKELY to find near an insect pollinated flowers?



A



B



C

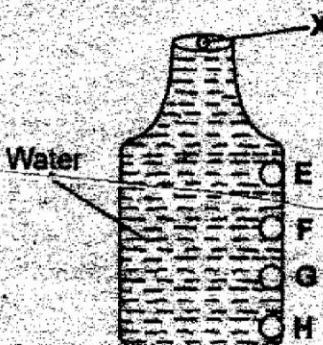


D

42. The carnassial teeth found in panthers are used for

- A. slicing meat pieces from the prey
- B. piercing the prey when killing it.
- C. cutting small pieces of meat from the prey.
- D. grinding hard bones.

43. Which of the following would happen in the experiment below if hole X is closed and others are left open?



- A. Hole E would throw water nearest.
- B. Hole H would throw water nearest.
- C. Hole E would not allow water out.
- D. All other holes would allow water out.

44. Which of the following belongs to two classes of levers?

- A. Wheelbarrow
- B. Fishing rod
- C. Spade
- D. Crowbar

45. The force applied to overcome the load in a single fixed pulley is called

- A. load
- B. pivot
- C. effort
- D. friction

46. Which of the following is NOT necessary for germination to occur?

- A. Dry cotton wool
- B. Water
- C. Oxygen
- D. Wet cotton wool

47. Which one of the following is NOT an industrial use of water?

- A. Making fountains
- B. Sport fishing
- C. Washing machines
- D. Cooling engines

- 48.** Which of the following produces by budding?
- A. Yeast
 - B. Spirogyra
 - C. Algae
 - D. Euglena
- 49.** One of the following methods control pollution of both soil, air and water. Which one?
- A. Screening of industrial fumes
 - B. Treating sewerage
 - C. Assist treatment of industrial waste
 - D. Recycling of plastics and tyres
- 50.** Which one of the following is NOT a method of creating public awareness about HIV?
- A. Using a mobile phone
 - B. Television advertisement
 - C. Use of bill boards
 - D. Printing educative brochures

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MATHEMATICS

Time: 2 hours

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 50 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the ANSWER SHEET, not in the question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use only an ordinary pencil.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:

YOUR INDEX NUMBER

YOUR NAME

NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and **DO NOT FOLD IT**.
9. For each of the Questions 1 – 50, four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

Example

In the Question Booklet:

- 14.** Convert 0.45m^3 into cm^3
- A. 4500cm^3
B. $450\,000\text{cm}^3$
C. 45cm^3
D. $45\,000\,000\text{cm}^3$

The correct answer is **B** ($450\,000\text{cm}^3$)

On the answer sheet:

4 A B C D

14 A B C D

24 A B C D

34 A B C D

44 A B C D

In the set of boxes numbered 14, the box with the letter B printed in it is marked.

- 11. Your dark line MUST be within the box.**

- 12. For each question ONLY ONE box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.**

This question paper consists of 8 printed pages

Candidates should check the question paper to ensure that all the pages are printed as indicated and no questions are missing.

1. Which of the following numbers is five million, five hundred thousand and four?
- 5 149 004
 - 250 000
 - 5 500 004
 - 5 400 004

2. What is 7.8963 rounded off to the nearest hundredth?
- 7.900
 - 7.90
 - 7.9
 - 8.00

3. Work out the value of:

$$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \text{ of } 1\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{5} \div \frac{4}{5} \times \frac{3}{5} ?$$

- $1\frac{7}{20}$
- $\frac{3}{5}$
- $1\frac{3}{8}$
- $\frac{3}{4}$

4. Which of the following combinations is the correct prime factorisation of 72?
- $2 \times 4 \times 3 \times 3$
 - $2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 4$
 - $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3$
 - $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 9$

5. What is the volume of a cylindrical tank of diameter 2.8m and a height of 1.2m in m^3 ?
- 7392 m^3
 - 739.2 m^3
 - 73.92 m^3
 - 7.392 m^3

6. In a class the ratio of boys to girls is 2:3.
On Thursday $\frac{2}{3}$ of the girls took part in charity walk. If 18 girls took part in the walk how many boys are there?

- 45
- 18
- 16
- 12

7. The table below shows the amount of money that was in a shopkeeper's cash box.

1-shs coins	150
5-shs coins	32
10-shs coins	29
20-shs coins	52
40-shs coins	14

He changed half of the money into 100 shillings notes and the rest into 50 shillings notes. How many notes did he get in total?

- 2 200
- 22
- 33
- 1 100

8. A map is drawn to scale 1:20 000. What is the distance in Kilometres of a road measuring 32cm on the map?

- 6400km
- 640km
- 64km
- 6.4km

9. By how many times is the LCM of 12, 18 and 24 greater than their GCD?

- 12
- 72
- 6
- 66

10. What is the value of:

$$\frac{1}{2} \text{ of } (10 - 4) + \frac{3}{4} \text{ of } 8 \div 2 - 2 \times 6 + 4$$

- 4
- 8
- 3
- 6

- 11.** In a hall there are 30 rows of seats. One row accommodates 10 children or 8 adults. One day $\frac{2}{5}$ of the rows were occupied by the adults, the other rows except one were occupied fully by children. How many people were in the hall that day?
- 264
 - 96
 - 276
 - 266
- 12.** During a community policing meeting 30 more women than men attended the meeting and three times as many men as children. If there were 1360 people altogether, how many men attended the meeting?
- 190
 - 570
 - 600
 - 220
- 13.** The following are characteristics of a certain quadrilateral.
- All sides are equal.
 - Some angles are equal.
 - Diagonals are not equal.
 - Diagonals bisect at right angle.
- The quadrilateral described above is
- Square
 - Rectangle
 - Rhombus
 - Trapezium
- 14.** A cylindrical water tank has a radius of 2m and a height of 1.5m. The tank contains water to a height of 50cm. How many more litres need to be added to completely fill the tank? ($\pi = 3.14$)
- 12 560 litres
 - 6 280 litres
 - 18 840 litres
 - 9 240 litres
- 15.** A running track is in the form of a rectangle 100m long and 70m wide. The widths of the rectangle are also the diameters of the semicircles attached to the rectangle. What is the area of the track in hectares?
(Take $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$)
- 10.850 hectares
 - 0.8925 hectares
 - 8925 hectares
 - 1.085 hectares
- 16.** What is the difference between the mean and the mode of the numbers given below.
23, 25, 40, 33, 36, 23, 27, 28, 22, 31, 20
- 28
 - 5
 - 23
 - 51
- 17.** In the figure below ABC is a straight line and ED is parallel to AC. Line AB = BD and angle RQF = 130° .
-
- What is the size of angle ADE?
- 65°
 - 115°
 - 55°
 - 50°
- 18.** What is the sum of the next two numbers in the sequence?
2, 4, 7, 12, 19, _____, _____
- 30
 - 43
 - 73
 - 13

19. A bus left Namanga on Tuesday 2325hrs and took 9 hours 45 minutes to reach Nakuru. When did the bus reach Nakuru?
- Wednesday 8.10am
 - Tuesday 9.10am
 - Tuesday 8.10am
 - Wednesday 9.10am

20. What is the value of

$$\frac{0.8 + 1.2 \times 0.4 - 0.24}{0.04}$$

- 0.0026
- 0.026
- 2.6
- 26

21. Tanya uses $\frac{1}{2}$ of her salary on fees, $\frac{1}{5}$ for food and $\frac{1}{3}$ of the remainder for bills. The rest of the money is used for entertainment. How much is spent on entertainment if her salary is sh. 20000?
- Sh.4 000
 - Sh.5 000
 - Sh.2 000
 - Sh.10 000

22. The table below shows Otuoma's marks in an examination.

Subject	Maths	Kisw	Scie	Eng	SSt.
Marks out of 10	5	6	4	7	8

If this information was to be presented on a pie-chart what angle would represent Kiswahili?

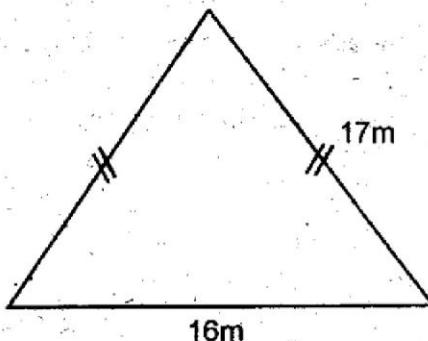
- 90°
- 72°
- 120°
- 60°

23. Find the value of x in the equation:

$$\frac{x-1}{5} + \frac{2x-12}{2} = 1$$

- 3
- 2
- 6
- 4

24. The diagram below is a flower garden in a form of triangle. What is the area of the garden in m^2 ?



- 240 m^2
- 272 m^2
- 255 m^2
- 120 m^2

25. An open concrete water tank has a diameter of 5.6m and height of 2m. If the tank was painted on the outside wall, what was the area covered by the paint?

- 24.64 m^2
- 59.84 m^2
- 49.28 m^2
- 35.2 m^2

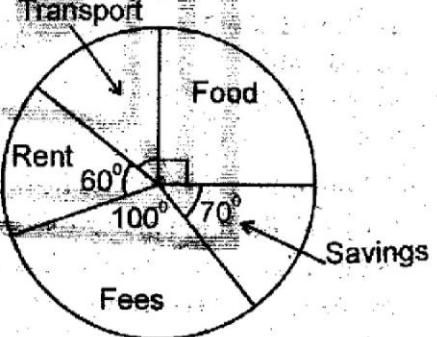
26. In the year 2012 February 14th was on Tuesday, which day was 14th June the same year?

- Thursday
- Wednesday
- Tuesday
- Friday

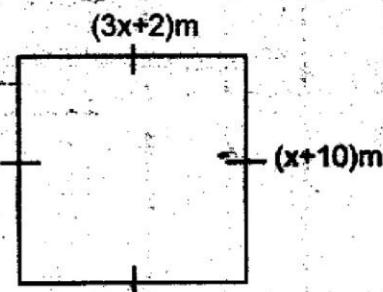
27. Arrange the fractions in ascending order.

$$\frac{3}{4}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{7}{8}, \frac{4}{5}$$

- $\frac{7}{8}, \frac{4}{5}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{2}{3}$
- $\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{4}{5}, \frac{7}{8}$
- $\frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{5}, \frac{7}{8}, \frac{3}{4}$
- $\frac{3}{4}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{5}, \frac{7}{8}$

28. The line given below is one side of a triangle PQR. On this line construct triangle PQR in which QR = 6.5cm and angle PQR = 75°
- 
29. At a company omo is packed into 250 grammes sachets. The sachets are put in a big carton each holding 180 sachets. The cartons are loaded in a lorry which carries 40 cartons. How many tonnes does the lorry carry in three trips?
- 5.4 tonnes
 - 7.2 tonnes
 - 1.8 tonnes
 - 3.6 tonnes
30. The hire purchase price of a water pump was 24,000. Terry bought it on hire purchase and paid a deposit of 25%. She paid the rest in 15 equal monthly instalments. How much was each instalment?
- Sh.1 600
 - Sh.1 200
 - Sh.1 125
 - Sh.2 000
31. Omogeni bought p mangoes, his friend Otwere bought n mangoes. Kemunto bought six mangoes less than both Omogeni and Otwere. Which one of the following expressions represent the total number of mangoes bought by the three friends?
- $2p + 2n + 6$
 - $2p + 2n - 6$
 - $2p + 2n - 3$
 - $2p + 2n + 7$
32. Mr. Gathuma got a discount of sh.375 for buying a suit. If this represented 12% of the marked price, how much did he pay for the suit?
- Sh.3 000
 - Sh.2 500
 - Sh.2 625
 - Sh.3 375
33. Six men can do a certain job in 4 days. How many more days are needed to do the same work if two men fail to turn up for work?
- 6 days
 - 8 days
 - 2 days
 - 9 days
34. The pie chart below shows how Naliaka spent her January salary. If she spent sh.2 400 on transport how much did she spend on both rent and food?
- 
- | Category | Angle | Approximate Percentage |
|----------|-------------|------------------------|
| Rent | 60° | ~17% |
| Food | 100° | ~28% |
| Fees | 70° | ~20% |
| Savings | (Remaining) | ~35% |
- Sh.9 000
 - Sh.3 600
 - Sh.5 400
 - Sh.21 600
35. Solve: $\frac{4t^2 + n^2}{2t}$
when $t = 2$ and $n = 3$
- $3\frac{1}{4}$
 - $7\frac{1}{4}$
 - $4\frac{1}{4}$
 - $6\frac{1}{4}$
36. Hussein bought a cow for sh. 18 000. He later sold it at Sh.17 100. What was the percentage loss?
- 5%
 - 50%
 - 10%
 - 15%

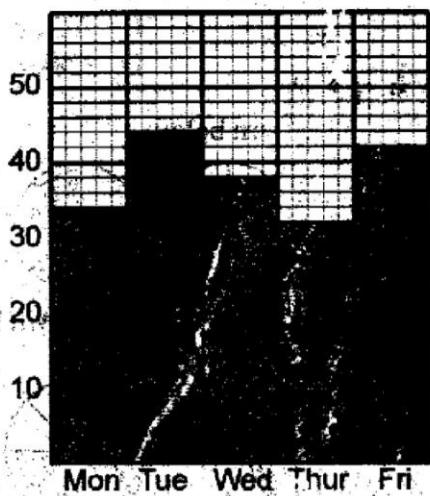
37. Calculate the area of the figure below.



- A. $14m^2$
- B. $196m^2$
- C. $56m^2$
- D. $140m^2$

38. A saleslady earns a basic salary of sh. 12 000 plus 5% commission on sales of goods above sh. 100 000. How much did she earn one month after selling goods worth sh. 180 000?
- A. Sh.4 000
 - B. Sh.21 000
 - C. Sh.9 000
 - D. Sh.16 000

39. The graph below shows how class eight pupils of Enchero primary school attended school in a certain week. The number of pupils in the class are 45.



What is the average number of absentees in class e.g. it in that week?

- A. 39
- B. 5
- C. 6
- D. 40

40. Simplify:

$$\frac{1}{2}(16x - 2y - 2) + \frac{1}{3}(15x + 21y + 9)$$

- A. $3x + 8y - 4$
- B. $13x + 8y + 4$
- C. $3x - 6y + 2$
- D. $13x + 6y + 2$

41. Miriam and Mildred shared some money in the ratio 5:6. If Mildred got sh.400 more than Miriam, how much money was there before sharing?

- A. Sh.4 000
- B. Sh.5 000
- C. Sh.2 000
- D. Sh.10 000

42. Mirugi started a 144km journey at 8.30am. If he completed the journey at 10.30am, what was his speed in m/s?

- A. 72m/s
- B. 20m/s
- C. 10m/s
- D. 36m/s

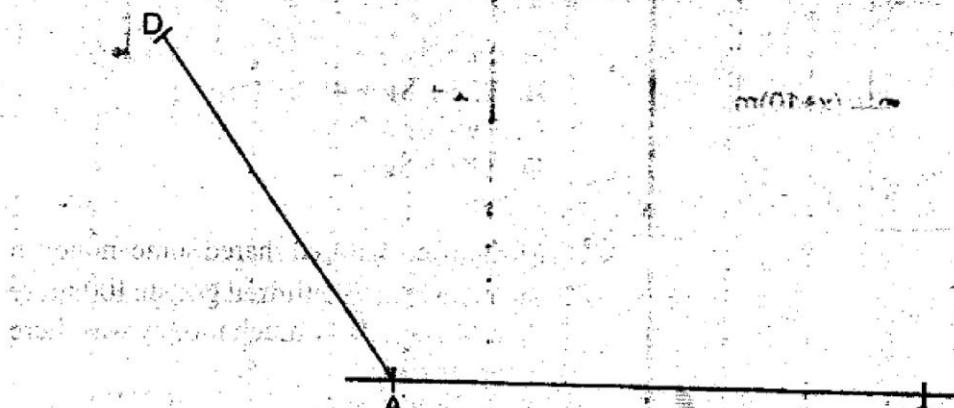
43. Kamau deposited sh. 50 000 in a bank which paid simple interest at the rate of 5% per month. How much interest did his money earn by the end of the year?

- A. Sh.2 500
- B. Sh.15 000
- C. Sh.30 000
- D. Sh.3 000

44. The marked price of a jacket was sh.800. During a sale the price was reduced to sh.640. What was the percentage decrease?

- A. 20%
- B. 16%
- C. 50%
- D. 40%

45. The diagram below shows a part of a parallelogram ABCD. Complete the parallelogram and measure the length of the shorter diagonal.



A. 10.1 cm

B. 6 cm

C. 5.5 cm

D. 7 cm

46. Almasi bought the following items from a shop.

3kgs sugar @ sh. 85

4 loaves of bread @ sh. 43

1 bucket of potatoes @ sh. 315

3kgs rice for sh. 210

3kgs of meat sh. ?

If he paid a total of sh. 2032, what was the price of one kg of meat?

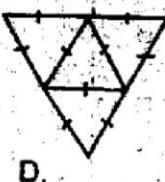
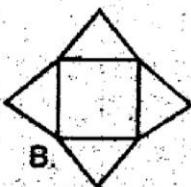
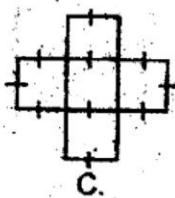
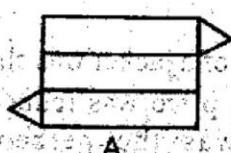
A. Sh.220

B. Sh.180

C. Sh.1080

D. Sh.360

47. Which of the following net will be used to form a square prism?



48. The table below shows the distance in kilometres between some towns.

X			
M	L		
88	56		
124	92	48	N
164	142	102	P

Osoro started the journey in the morning from town P going to K via L. In the evening he went back to P via M. How many kilometres did he cover in total?

A. 378km

B. 182km

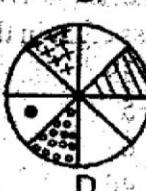
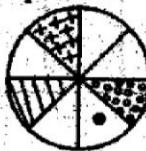
C. 196km

D. 328km

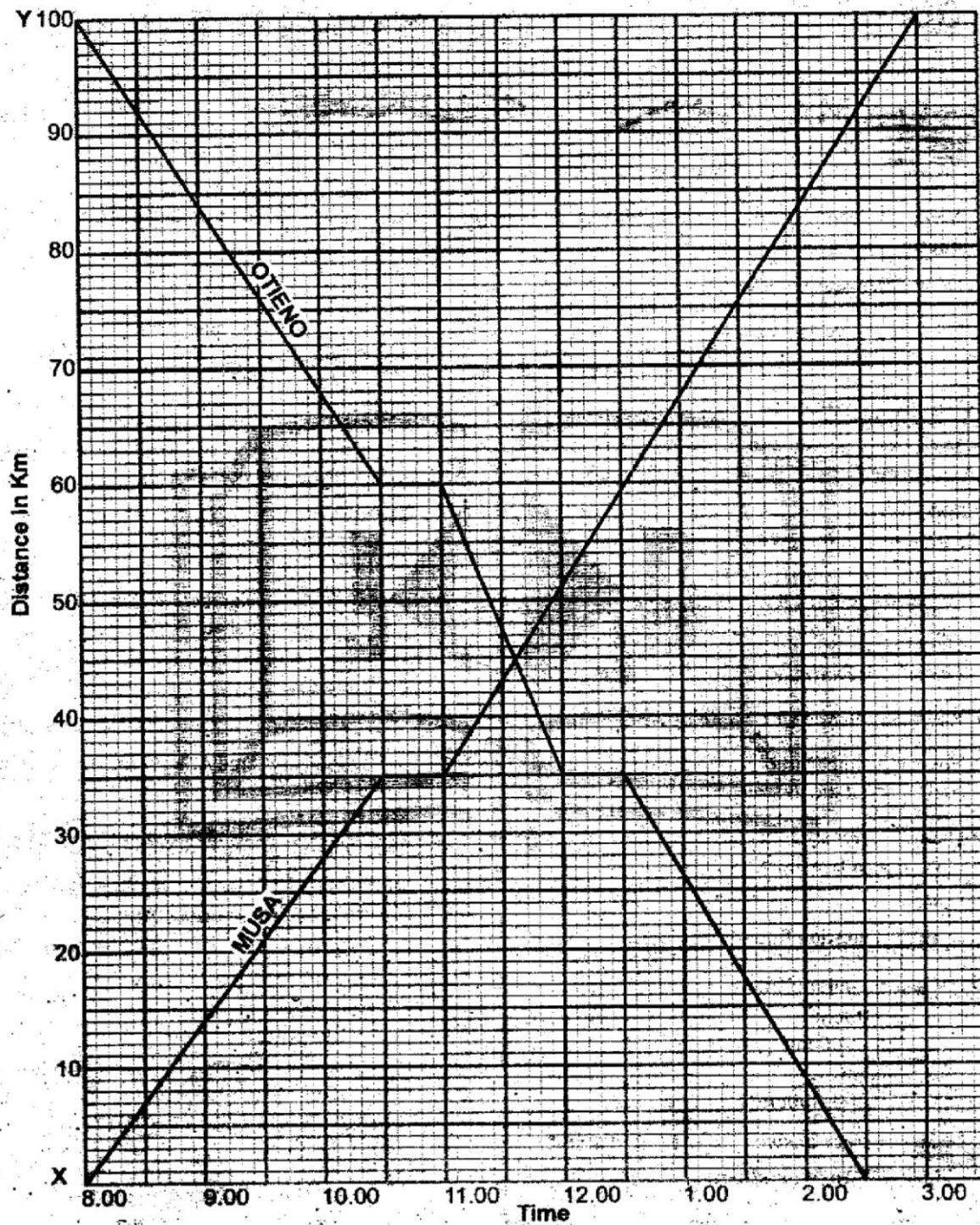
49. Study the pattern below.



Which of the following shapes will be next in the pattern?



50. The graph below shows the journey of two cyclists Musa and Otieno.



How far from town Y was Musa when Otieno started his last part of the journey?

- A. 60km
- B. 40km
- C. 65km
- D. 35km

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**K.C.P.E. THIRD TRIAL
STANDARD EIGHT 2015**

**ENGLISH
SECTION A:
LANGUAGE**

Time: 1 hour 40 minutes

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 50 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the **ANSWER SHEET**, not in the question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:

YOUR INDEX NUMBER

YOUR NAME

NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and do not fold it.
9. For each of the questions 1 – 50, four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only ONE of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

Example

In the Question Booklet:

For question 14, choose the alternative that means the OPPOSITE of the underlined word.

- 14. The teacher shouted to the pupil, ‘Do not give me vague answers!’**

- A. bad
- B. true
- C. dirty
- D. precise

The correct answer is D.

On the answer sheet:

13 A B C D 14 A B C D 24 A B C D 34 A B C D 44 A B C D

In the set of boxes numbered 14, the box with the letter D printed in it is marked.

11. Your dark line **MUST** be within the box.
12. For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

This question paper consists of 7 printed pages.

Read the passage below. It contains blank spaces numbered 1 - 15. For each blank space, choose the **BEST** alternative from the choices given.

The players ran 1 the field and took their 2. One team was dressed in green T-shirts, shorts and socks 3 the other was in red attire. The two linesmen and the 4 soon filed in 5 each of the linesmen carrying a flag to use. On the other 6, the referee had a ball and 7 whistle. We knew that he had two cards in 8 one or different pockets, a red one and the other yellow. Along the touch-line sat the 9 players and the coach who looked very 10.

The game soon started and 11 the cloud cheering from both sides, it seemed a 12 game. Little did we know that the clouds, which were 13 low above the adjacent green hills, 14 soon interrupt the game. It came without any warning and the referee had no 15 but to stop the game prematurely.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| 1. A. in | B. along | C. into | D. about |
| 2. A. points | B. positions | C. areas | D. locations |
| 3. A. when | B. then | C. so | D. while |
| 4. A. official | B. coach | C. referee | D. umpire |
| 5. A. each | B. all | C. some | D. either |
| 6. A. side | B. hand | C. way | D. head |
| 7. A. the | B. that | C. its | D. a |
| 8. A. neither | B. both | C. either | D. any |
| 9. A. extra | B. reserve | C. more | D. spare |
| 10. A. anxious | B. shocked | C. amazed | D. eager |
| 11. A. inspite | B. - despite | C. in spite | D. in spite |
| 12. A. victorious | B. balanced | C. successful | D. dull |
| 13. A. flying | B. shuttling | C. drifting | D. climbing |
| 14. A. would | B. should | C. could | D. might |
| 15. A. otherwise | B. way | C. reason | D. option |

For questions 16 to 17, select the ALTERNATIVE that means the same as the underlined sentence.

16. No sooner had the guest-of-honour arrived than we all stood up.
- A. We all stood up just before the guest-of-honour arrived.
 - B. We all stood up immediately the guest-of-honour arrived.
 - C. When the guest-of-honour arrived, we all stood up.
 - D. The guest-of-honour arrived then we all stood up.
17. The sun hardly shines when rain is falling.
- A. The sun occasionally shines as the rain falls.
 - B. The sun never shines when rain is falling.
 - C. Sometimes the sun shines when rain is falling.
 - D. It is rare for the sun to shine while rain is falling.

In questions 18 and 19, choose the ALTERNATIVE that can best complete the given sentence.

18. Had I scored the required marks, I
- A. would have been offered the scholarship
 - B. could be offered the scholarship
 - C. would be offered the scholarship
 - D. would have to be offered the scholarship
19. The teacher asked the class if they wanted some milk but
- A. either the girls or the boys responded positively.
 - B. neither the girls nor the boys responded positively.
 - C. neither the girls or the boys responded positively.
 - D. either the girls nor the boys responded positively.

For questions 20 and 21, choose the words that can best replace the underlined words.

20. He said he did not mind helping the old man.
- A. did not want to help
 - B. was able to help
 - C. might decide to help
 - D. was willing to help.
21. Julia's sister gave her a dear watch as a birthday present.
- A. unique
 - B. expensive
 - C. rare
 - D. beautiful

For question 22 and 23, choose the best arrangement of the sentences to form a sensible paragraph.

- (i) Laka went to ask the Head teacher the following morning
- (ii) This had been caused by the heavy rains that had washed away the wooden bridge.
- (iii) Laka left home for school in the morning
- (iv) His parents became very worried when he did not return that evening.
- (v) He told them Laka had accompanied one of his friends to their home.
- A. (iii), (iv), (v), (ii), (i)
 - B. (iii), (i), (ii), (v), (iv)
 - C. (iii), (ii), (v), (i), (iv)
 - D. (iii), (iv), (i), (v), (ii)
23. (i) Each of them was arrested and driven away in a police land rover.
- (ii) The police officers stormed into the house.
- (iii) All those who were inside the room were shocked.
- (iv) They did not know how their hideout had been found out.
- A. (ii), (iii), (iv), (i)
 - B. (iv), (ii), (i), (iii)
 - C. (iii), (ii), (iv), (i)
 - D. (ii), (iii), (i), (iv)

*Read the passage below and then answer
questions 24 to 25*

Four pupils: Dulo, Chege, Besi and Leti were discussing the crops grown in their local area. Besi and Leti liked sugar cane and maize while Dulos's list was topped by tobacco, just like Chege's which had both sunflower and soya beans. All the children mentioned rice but only Leti liked sorghum. Had Chege not said that he liked sweet potatoes, it would have gone unnoticed.

24. Which of the following statements is

TRUE according to the passage?

- A. Two pupils had listed an equal number of crops.
- B. All the pupils had more than three crops on their list.
- C. Each child listed a different number of crops from the others.
- D. Only one child had less than four crops listed.

25. The most popular crop among the pupils

is

- A. sugarcane
- B. rice
- C. tobacco
- D. sunflower

Read the passage below and then answer questions 26 to 38.

Long ago, there lived a poor couple. They lacked food on almost daily basis and had it not been for the hardworking man, they would have starved to death. The man left home at dawn and returned after sunset. His wife remained at home, taking care of their beloved daughter and the cow both of them treasured so much. The girl, however was given more love and attention than she actually required as by then she was ten years old.

As a routine, the man left home long before the girl and her mother woke up. One day, the two woke up and the girl started crying loudly immediately. Her mother tried to silence her but it was all in vain; she cried even more hysterically. This was caused by a dream the girl had had in the night. She had dreamt that she had given birth to a wonderful baby girl but upon waking up, she could not find her baby. She cried continuously and loudly and when the mother could not stop her, she did not only join the daughter but cried even louder than her. The loud wailing was heard far and wide across the hills.

Soon, a sizeable group gathered at the home. The women, huddled in groups, looking at the crying pair sadly. The men, on the other hand, found it difficult to understand the purpose of the wails. They tried to silence the mother and her daughter but when they too failed, they retreated to a corner of the home for consultation. They returned soon and the old man addressed the gathering. He said that it would be proper to appease the two by conducting a burial although there was no body for the ceremony. He added that if the girl saw a burial ceremony in progress, she would get convinced that the daughter had died and calm down.

It was a well-known custom that mourners are fed at funerals. When the elders asked the mother what she had for the mourners who had gathered there, she had nothing to say for there was actually nothing to eat. However, when the elders said the mourners would leave them to conduct the burial on their own, she quickly gave out their only cow to be slaughtered. As if that was the signal they had been waiting for all along, the cow was soon reduced to pieces of fried, roasted, stewed and boiled meat.

There was nothing to bury so in the shallow grave, a banana stem, which was wrapped well, was laid. Then, the mourners ate the food. They only left the hump for the old man of the home as per the tradition otherwise they still had the appetite to clear it all. Having done their bit, they left in twos and threes, back to their homes, talking in low tones.

It was late in the evening when the old man returned home. The nice aroma of fried, roasted and stewed beef was still lingering in their air and it aroused his senses as strange at once. As he headed to his house, he noticed that his cow was missing from the usual place it had always been tied and dogs were eating many bones lying about in the home. He immediately realised that the bones, the dogs and the smell all pointed to one thing, the cow.

26. Why do you think the man left home very early every day?
A. To avoid interfering with the wife's chores at home.
B. To look after the only cow the family had.
C. To visit the neighbours in the village.
D. To ensure the family had some food.
27. The girl was given more love than she required because
A. she was probably the only child.
B. she demanded the attention from both parents.
C. her mother was always there for her.
D. she never had friends to play with.
28. When did the girl's problems start?
A. The moment she woke up.
B. As she had the dream.
C. As soon as she started crying.
D. When her mother joined her in the dreaming.
29. Why did the mother cry even louder than the daughter?
A. The daughter had insisted that she too join her in the crying.
B. She expected her husband to hear their cries and return home.
C. She was frustrated and felt more pain than her daughter.
D. She too had longed to have a beautiful granddaughter.
30. The group that had gathered at the home before the old men consulted could BEST be described as
A. mourners B. congregation
C. mob D. crowd
31. When the men retreated to a corner, it was because
A. They needed to find a solution to the immediate problem.
B. The crying was too loud to enable them concentrate.
C. They had a secrete plot against the family.
D. The other women had started crying too.
32. The burial that was conducted in the home was actually a
A. rehearsal
B. curtain - raiser
C. concert
D. mock
33. The reduction of the cow to the various pieces of meat means
A. The cooks were not good enough to prepare the food.
B. The meat was cooked in a variety of ways.
C. The mourners had been hungry for a long time.
D. It was hardly enough for the mourners.
34. The tradition of the people ensured that
A. All the mourners ate food cooked in various ways.
B. Only the mourners present ate the food cooked there.
C. The owner of the home had a specific part reserved for him.
D. The cow was eaten in the owner's absence.
35. What do you think were the people talking about as they walked back to their homes?
A. How good the food they had eaten was.
B. The assistance they had offered the old man's family in his absence.
C. The next home they would go to perform the same duty.
D. The strange situation they had handled that day.
36. Who would bear the most blame for the whole predicament?
A. The girl's mother.
B. The old man.
C. The mourners.
D. The girl
37. Why did the old man feel the smell of beef at his home was strange?
A. The meat smelt like that of his only cow.
B. He knew the financial status of his home.
C. His wife had never been a good cook.
D. He was given the hump to eat alone.
38. The BEST title for this passage would be
A. The healthy cow.
B. The beautiful girl and her mother
C. The disastrous dream
D. The wise elders

Read the passage below and then answer questions 39 to 50.

Watermelon is an oval-shaped green and white striped fruit. Some species are round and dark green in colour. Most of them are grown near water-logged areas because it needs a lot of water to form the fruit. The ripe fruit is reddish and contains many small dark hard seeds. It is advisable to incorporate the fruit in our diet because of its various nourishing nutrients.

However, while we enjoy the sweet, fleshy and refreshing fruit we often discard the tiny seeds. This is because it is commonly believed that it is the reddish flesh that contains all that our body needs. This is not true as the benefits of the seeds are many.

Watermelon seeds, also known as Kalahari seeds contain nourishing nutrients such as fatty acids, proteins, minerals and vitamin B. Roasted watermelon seeds contain copper, involved in the production of melanin, a pigment that provides colour to hair and skin. The roasted seeds can also be served as a snack or used to garnish salads. In Nigeria, they are used to make certain soups.

The seeds have also been used in the treatment of diabetes. This involves boiling a handful of watermelon seeds in a litre of water for about forty-five minutes then drinking the concoction.

These seeds are also beneficial in preventing deficiencies caused by insufficient intake of calories or protein, which could cause marasmus and kwashiorkor. The unsaturated fatty acids keep the skin healthy, moisturised, soft, firm and well-toned. This is a sure way of keeping the skin clean and free from skin disorders.

Vitamin B is also vital for keeping the blood, nervous system and immune system healthy. Watermelon seeds are also a good source of positive calories and energy and are effective in sharpening memory. So, next time you think of throwing away watermelon seeds, consider their health benefits first.

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>39. Which of the following is NOT common in the two species of watermelons?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. The water they need during growth.B. The colour of the flesh.C. The location where they are grown.D. The colour of the outer skin. <p>40. The nutrients contained in the watermelon.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. makes the flesh red and seeds hard and dark.B. makes it essential to be included in the diet.C. ensures it grows well near water-logged areas.D. contributes to the number of small dark seeds found in the flesh. | <p>41. What is the general perception of people on the watermelon seeds?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. They are of no use to the body.B. It has not been conclusively arrived at.C. They are as important as the flesh of the fruit.D. They should not be thrown away. <p>42. While we eat the fleshy refreshing fruit, we should</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. Handle the dark hard seeds carefully.B. Forget what is commonly said about the seed.C. Equally think about its side effects to the body.D. Remember the value of the seeds to the body. |
|--|---|

- 43.** Fatty acids, proteins, minerals and vitamins are given as an example in the passage of
- The only ways in which the seeds are useful to us.
 - Some of the nourishing nutrients we can get from the seed.
 - All that people do not know about the watermelon seeds.
 - The most important benefits we can get from the watermelon seed.
- 44.** How does watermelon contribute to the beauty of our hair?
- Its fatty acids, protein and minerals do the darkening effect.
 - The reddish flesh contains the necessary ingredients.
 - The outer covering is eaten to provide the darkening effect.
 - Roasted watermelon seeds contain melanin that makes the hair dark.
- 45.** Diabetes patients benefit more from the watermelon if
- They first eat the watermelon fresh then eat the seeds.
 - They drink the soup made from watermelon seeds.
 - The seeds are boiled in water as required then they drink the water.
 - They eat both the roasted seeds and the reddish flesh.
- 46.** Nigerians use watermelon seeds differently from Kenyans in that
- Their knowledge of its medicinal value is low.
 - It is used more there as a form of food.
 - They do not need it to treat diabetes.
 - They do not grow the two varieties as it is in Kenya.
- 47.** Which of the following is not one of the benefits of watermelon seeds?
- Identifying the nervous and immune systems of the body.
 - Controlling of marasmus and kwashiorkor.
 - Keeping the skin moist, firm, ~~soft~~ and well-toned.
 - It is used as a part of a meal and keeping skin healthy.
- 48.** The positive calories and energy produced by the watermelon seeds enable us to
- Keep off from catching simple diseases.
 - Get the pigment that provide colour to hair and skin.
 - Think well and remember what we are told.
 - Avoid being nervous or getting skin disorder.
- 49.** In comparison between the flesh and the watermelon seeds, we can say that,
- It is not clear whether the flesh has more benefits than the seeds.
 - The seeds and the watermelon flesh are equally useful.
 - Watermelon flesh can be better than the seeds if eaten frequently.
 - Watermelon seeds could be more useful than the flesh.
- 50.** The BEST summary for this passage would be
- The benefits of watermelon seeds.
 - How Nigerians and Kenyans benefit from watermelon.
 - Advantages of eating watermelon.
 - Different types and use of watermelons.

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**KISWAHILI
SEHEMU YA PILI:
INSHA**

Muda: Dakika 40

NAMBA YAKO YA MTIHANI	
JINA LAKO	
JINA LA SHULE YAKO	

SOMA MAAGIZO HAYA KWA MAKINI

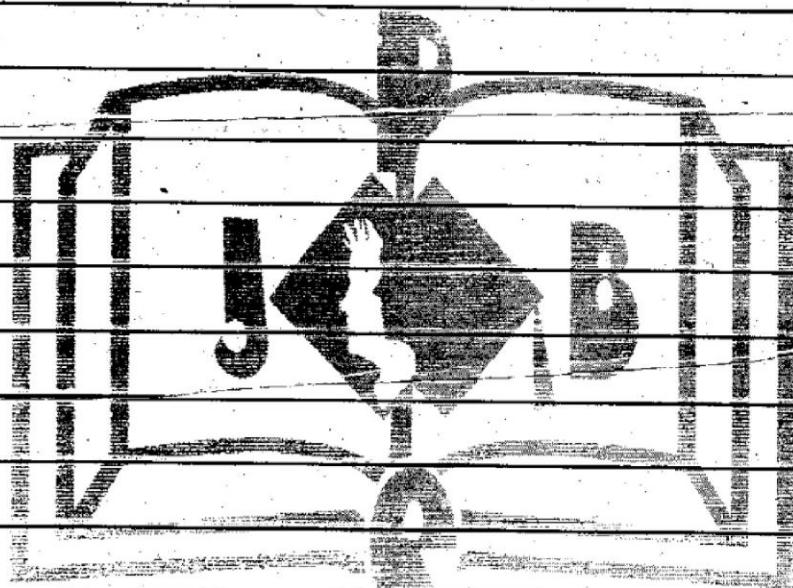
1. Kwenye nafasi zilizoachwa hapo juu andika namba yako kamili ya mtihani, jina lako na jina la shule yako.
2. Sasa fungua karatasi hii, soma kichwa cha insha kwa makini na uandike insha yako kwenye nafasi uliyoachiwa.

Kijitabu hiki kina kurasa 4 zilizopiga - wa chapa.

Umepewa dakika 40 kuhandika insha yako.

**Andika insha isiyopungua ukurasa imoja na pusu ukimalizia kwa maneno ya fuatayo huku ukifanya
iwe ya kusisimua zaidi.**

.....
**Baada ya hapo, wavyele wangu walini kanya kisha
nikapewa adhabu na Mwalimu Mkuu na kushauriwa na Bi. Tunza.**



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SECRET

**ENGLISH
SECTION B:
COMPOSITION**

Time: 40 minutes

YOUR INDEX NUMBER	
YOUR NAME	
NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL	

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

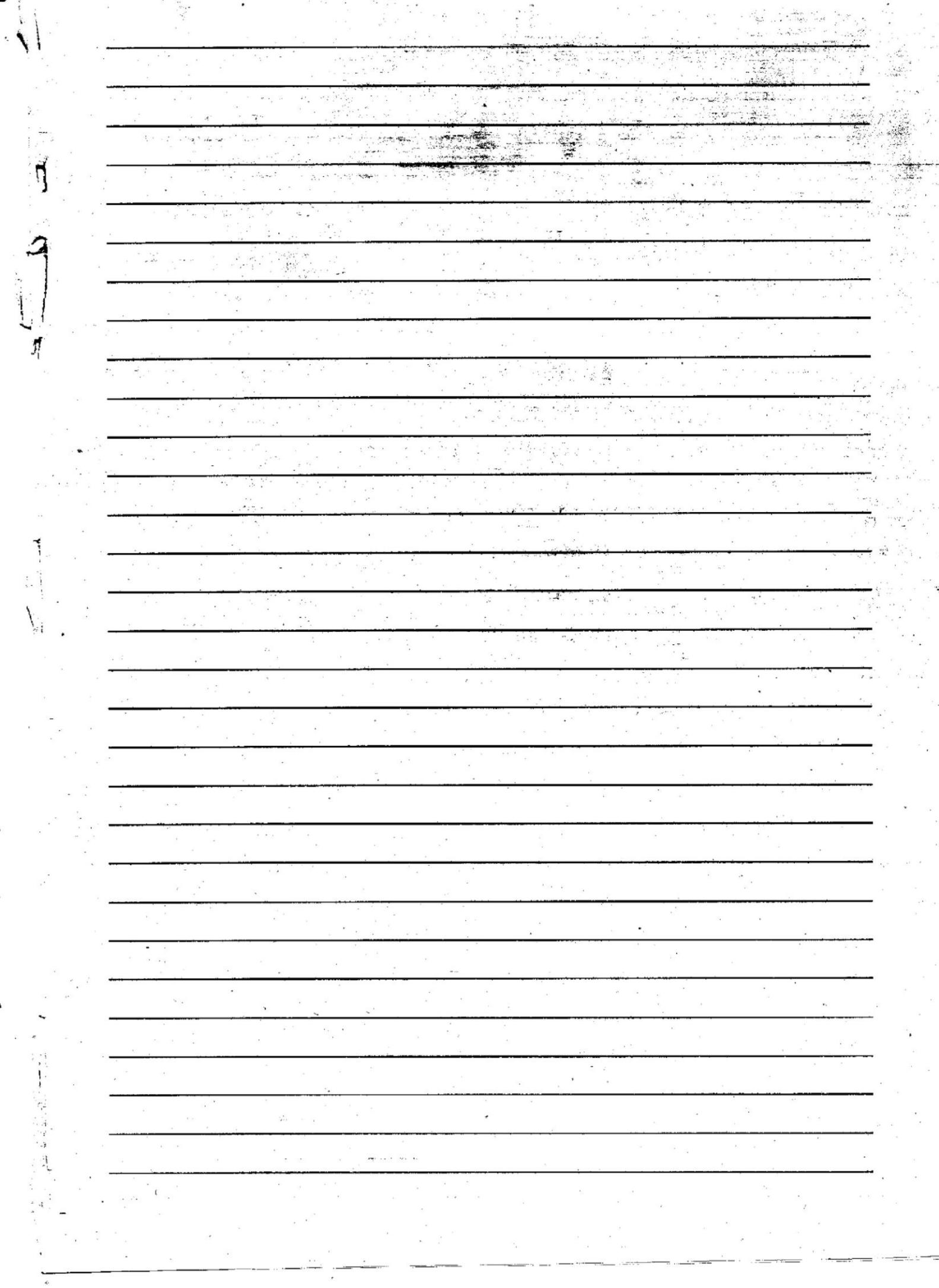
1. In the spaces provided above, write your full index number, your name and name of your school.
2. Now open this paper, read the composition subject carefully and write your composition on the lines provided.

This question paper consists of 4 printed pages.

You have 40 minutes to write your composition.

Below is the beginning of a story. Write and complete the story. Make your story as interesting as you can.

We were hardly out of the school compound when we saw people running towards the main road. At once, we all broke into a run towards



K.C.P.E THIRD TRIAL
STANDARD EIGHT 2015
MARKING SCHEME

ENGLISH	KISWAHILI	MATHS	SCIENCE	SOCIAL STUDIES	CRE	IRE
1. C	1. C	1. C	1. B	1. B	51. C	61. D
2. B	2. B	2. B	2. B	2. D	52. D	62. C
3. D	3. D	3. A	3. D	3. A	53. B	63. A
4. C	4. A	4. C	4. D	4. A	54. A	64. B
5. A	5. B	5. D	5. C	5. C	55. C	65. D
6. B	6. C	6. B	6. D	6. B	56. C	66. A
7. D	7. D	7. C	7. A	7. C	57. A	67. B
8. C	8. A	8. D	8. B	8. A	58. D	68. A
9. B	9. C	9. A	9. A	9. C	59. C	68. C
10. A	10. B	10. C	10. A	10. D	60. B	69. B
11. D	11. D	11. D	11. D	11. C	61. D	70. D
12. B	12. C	12. B	12. A	12. B	62. C	71. B
13. C	13. A	13. C	13. C	13. A	63. B	72. C
14. A	14. D	14. A	14. A	14. C	64. A	73. A
15. D	15. B	15. D	15. D	15. D	65. C	74. B
16. B	16. C	16. B	16. B	16. C	66. C	75. C
17. D	17. A	17. A	17. A	17. B	67. C	76. D
18. A	18. B	18. C	18. C	18. C	68. A	77. B
19. B	19. D	19. D	19. B	19. D	69. B	78. A
20. D	20. A	20. D	20. C	20. D	70. C	79. D
21. B	21. C	21. A	21. B	21. A	71. C	80. C
22. D	22. A	22. B	22. D	22. B	72. D	81. B
23. A	23. B	23. C	23. C	23. C	73. A	82. D
24. C	24. B	24. D	24. C	24. A	74. B	83. C
25. B	25. A	25. D	25. A	25. D	75. D	84. A
26. D	26. C	26. A	26. B	26. B	76. C	85. B
27. A	27. D	27. B	27. D	27. A	77. C	86. D
28. B	28. A	28. C	28. E	28. D	78. B	87. A
29. C	29. B	29. A	29. D	29. B	79. A	88. C
30. D	30. C	30. B	30. B	30. A	80. A	89. B
31. A	31. A	31. B	31. A	31. A	81. D	90. A
32. D	32. C	32. C	32. D	32. D		
33. A	33. B	33. C	33. A	33. A		
34. C	34. D	34. A	34. B	34. B		
35. D	35. B	35. D	35. D	35. D		
36. A	36. A	36. A	36. A	36. C		
37. B	37. C	37. B	37. B	37. D		
38. C	38. D	38. D	38. D	38. C		
39. D	39. B	39. C	39. C	39. A		
40. B	40. C	40. D	40. D	40. D		
41. A	41. C	41. A	41. C	41. C		
42. D	42. B	42. B	42. A	42. D		
43. B	43. A	43. C	43. C	43. C		
44. D	44. D	44. A	44. D	44. B		
45. C	45. B	45. B	45. C	45. C		
46. B	46. C	46. D	46. A	46. D		
47. A	47. A	47. C	47. B	47. D		
48. C	48. C	48. A	48. A	48. B		
49. D	49. D	49. B	49. A	49. A		
50. A	50. C	50. B	50. A	50. B		