

6.	What is the direction of the police station from the sawmill?	13.	The effect of interaction during the migration period was that
	A. North. B. South.		A. towns started in the interior of Eastern
	C. East. D. West.		Africa
7.	Which one of the following species of trees is		
	likely to be found growing in the forest?	*	B. Christianity spread in the Eastern Africa
	A. Mahogany. B. Pine.		C. Formal education spread in Eastern Africa
	C. Cedar. D. Eucalyptus.		D. Communities learnt new economic
8.	Which one of these Bantu Communities		activities.
0.		14.	Coffee in Kenya and Ethiopia is grown
•	settled in the Shungwaya area during-	1. 1.	A. only for export
	migration? A. Swahili. B. Taita.		B. both in large and scale farms
25		1997 - 19	C. in the coastal lowlands
	C. Mijikenda. D. Abagusii.		D. under irrigation.
9.	Which one of the following weather	15.	Most countries in Eastern Africa mainly
	instruments shows both direction and strength	MARKAN-	export
•	of blowing wind?		A. agricultural goods
	A. Windvane. B. Anemometer.		B petroleum products
	C. Barometer. D. Windsock.	anana waxid	C. minerals
10.	Below are facts about a mountain in Eastern	Sen 1	D. manufactured goods.
	Africa;	<u>Use ti</u>	he map of Fastern Africa to answer questions
8	(i) It has snow at the peak	16 to	<u>19.</u>
	(ii) It formed when magma solidified		1.
	(iii) It is a source of rivers		
	(iv) It is located along the equator,		
	The mountain described above is		Exitrea
	A. Mount Elgon		
	B. Mount Kenya	· ·	Jacky and
	C. Mount Kilimanjaro	. *	South Sudan
	D. Mount Ruwenzori.		the second second
11.	Which one of the following groups consist of		
	inland fishing grounds in Eastern Africa?		$ \frac{1}{10000000000000000000000000000000000$
			P Indian
	A. Lake Victoria B. Red sea		Q (Ocean
	Lake Malawi Lake Baringo		
	Lake Tanganyika Indian Ocean	*****	hand
		16.	The river marked X is
· .	C. Lake Rukwa D.R. Rufiji		A. R. Ruvuma B. R. Pangani
	Red sea Indian Ocean	1 (M) (M)	C. River Rufiji D. River Malagarasi
	River Nile Lake Albert	17.	The shaded area marked \mathbf{R} is sparsely
12.	Members of the same clan trace their origin to		populated because it
	A. the same mother		A. occupied by nomadic pastoralists
	B. a common economic activity		B. it is swampy
	C. a common language		C. is hilly and steep
	D. a common male ancestor.		D. receives little rainfall.
	E GE YE STATISTICS THE STATE STATES		D. receives nuce fainfall.

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	Which one of the following communities	D. Sudan and South Sudan.
18.	entered Eastern Africa through the route	Use the diagram below to answer questions
		<u>26 and 27.</u>
4	marked P?	
·	A. Chagga. B. Abagusii.	
	C. Abakuria. D. Baganda.	
19.	The administrative capital city of the country	
•	marked Q is	
	A. Dar es Salaama B. Dodoma	
	C. Arusha D. Moshi.	
20.	Which one of the following statements about	
	an anemometer is correct?	26. The steep sides marked L are known as
Ж. а	A. It collects all the rainwater.	A. escarpments B. faults
	B. It uses mercury.	C. craters D. volcanoes.
•	C. It measures direction of the wind.	27. A country in Eastern Africa where this
	D. It is placed in an open area.	physical feature is found is
21.	Which one of the following groups consist of	A. Sudan B. Somalia
м Ха	mountains formed by faulting and uplifting?	C. Kenya D. Djibouti.
	A. Ruwenzori B Kilimanjaro	28. When the Nandi people fought the British
	Mau Longonot	they were led by
	Usambara Marsabit	A. Waiyaki wa Hinga
		B. Nabongo Mumia
a Gi anan can	C. Menengai D. Elgon	C. Koitalel arap Samoei
2 10	Meru Ras Dashan	D Addis Ababa
••	Ol Doinyo Lengai Moroto	29. Which one of the following towns in Eastern
22.	A school routine helps members of a school	Africa started as an Arab trading centre?
e)	community to	A. Mombasa. B. Kampala.
	A. enable pupils pass all their tests	C. Arusha. D. Addis Ababa.
	B. perform school activities of the day	30. Air transport is mainly used to transport
	C. compete against other schools	A. petroleum products
	D. make the school known in the area.	B. perishable goods
23.	Bananas in Uganda are mainly grown	C. heavy goods
2 ² 8	A. in large plantations	D. sugarcane.
×	B. in the highland regions	31. The Ameru council of elders were in charge
	C. as a food crop	of
	D. for export.	A. leading people to war
24.		B. teaching young people
	caught in Lake Victoria?	C. supervising marriage ceremonies
	A. King fish B. Tilapia.	D. settling disputes.
	C. Tuna. D. Mullet.	32. Representative democracy is practised when
25.		A. people discuss issues affecting them
87 - ×	crude oil are	B. voters elect members of parlianment
	A. Ethiopia and Somalia	C. people report criminal activities to the
	B. Kenya and Tanzania	Which one or me solog
•	C. Rwanda and Burundi	D. people obey the laws of the country.
		3 S/STUDIES/RE STD 6
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39.

22	V 1 1 1 1	
33.	Kenyans obey the laws of the country in order	A. Mount Ruwenzori
	to	B. Mount Usambara
	A. enable the country develop	C. Mount Longonot
	B. make them respected .	D. Mount Pare.
	C. be rewarded by the government	40. Most people in Eastern Africa use vehicles to
	D. make them rich.	move because
34.	The correct position of Eastern Africa is	A. roads are the most developed
	A. 18°W and 52°E, 37°N and 35°S	B. vehicles are cheap to buy
· .	B. 24°E and 42°E, 5°N and 41/2°S	C. road transport is the cheapest
	C. 12°E and 22°E, 52°S and 22°N	D. most people have money.
	D. 22°E and 52°E, 22°N and 12°S	41. Which one of the following roles was
35.	The type of vegetation in a place is mainly	performed by Masaku of the Akamba?
	influenced by	A. Leading people to war.
	A. agricultural activities	B. Treating diseases.
	B. mining activities	C. Teaching children.
	C. amount of rainfall	D. Preaching christianity.
	D. wild animals in an area.	42. The sukuma people entered Tanzania during
36.	Parliamentary election results are announced	migration from the
	by	A North B. South
50 (340)	A. returning officer	C. Wear
	B. presiding officer	43. Which group of Eastern African countries are
÷.	C. the newscaster	in the northern hemisphere?
	D. the speaker.	A Kenya B. Uganda
37.	Cement is mainly manufactured from	Rwanda Burundi
	A. soda ash B. limestone	Tanzania Somalia
	C. fluorspar D. diatomite.	Somana
	he diagram below to answer questions	C Sudan D Djibouti
<u>38 an</u>	d 39 .	Kenya Eritrea
	R	
	non l	44. Maize is grown in large commercial farms in
1		A. Taita Taveta county
		B. Trans Nzoia
		C. Kilifi
		D: Kajiado.
11		-
1		45. A lake in the Rift valley that has fresh water is
38.	When water collects in the part marked R it	
	forms a	Di Edite Hivu
	A. lava - dammed lake	C. Lake Natron D. Lake Bogoria. 46. Disputes in Traditional African Societies were
	B. depressional lake	and an industrional finitean booleties were
	C. man - made lake	solved by
12.5	D. crater lake.	A. clan elders B. medicinemen
39.	Which one of the following mountains in	C. prophets D. warriors.
• •	Africa was formed through the above process	47. The high number of unemployed youth in
	process?	Kenya can lead to
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	A. increase in trading activities		D. build houses for the family.
	B. increase in agriculture activities	56.	Thick evergreen forests commonly grow in
	C. increase in population	An the state of	areas that
	D. increase in criminal activities.		A. receive high rainfall
48.	Which one of the following is not a product		B. experience dry conditions
· · · · ·	of sugarcane?		C. are on the leeward side of mountains
	A. Paint. B. Sugar.		D. have swampy conditions.
• .	C: Molasses. D. Bagase.	57.	It is the responsibility of the government to
49.	River Juba has its source in		A. build places of worship
	A. Aberdare escarpments		B. employ all educated people
•	B. The Ethiopian highlands	с. я. . е	C. protect all citizens
	C. Lake Tana		D. give people farming land.
	D. Lake Victoria.	58.	Which one of he following natural forests in
50.	Pineapple canning in Thika is an example of		Kenya is found in the coastal lowlands?
	A. an assembling industry		A. Mau forest.
	B. a manufacturing industry		B. Arabuko Sokoke forest.
ž ×	C. a processing industry		C. Ngong forest
	D. a service industry		D Kakamega forest.
51.	The largest language group in Kenya is	59.	On a polling day in Kenya a voter is required
	A. Bantu B. Nilotes	San see Si	to show his
	C. Cushites D. Semites.		A. identity card
52.	The work of a presiding officer at a polling		B birth certificate
	station is to		C. driving licence
	A. campaign for candidates		D bankers card.
	B. register voters	60,	The election of a county representative can be
•	C. supervise voting		cancelled by
4	D. show voters who to vote for		A. the speaker B. the president
53.	Most areas in northern Kenya have few	\$	C. the police D. a court of law.
55.	people because they lack		C. the police D. a coult of law.
	A. good road		SECTION II
	B. reliable rainfall	C	IRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION
	C. big towns		ALL
	D. mineral resources.	61.	The first sin committed by human beings was
54.	The independent electoral and Boundaries		the sin of
	commission (IEBC) is headed by		A. disobedience
	A. the president	14. 1	B. worshipping an idol
	B. the speaker	т	C. committing adultery
	C. a returning officer		D. committing murder.
	D. a chairperson	62.	Isaac was the son of
55.			A. Ishmael B. Jacob
33.	It is the responsibility of children in a family	а 1 — 1	C. Esau D. Abraham.
	to	63.	Joseph was sold as a slave in Egypt in the
	A. perform household duties		house of
	B. provide food for te family		A. the king of Egypt B. Potiphar
£.,	C. work to earn their living	2	C. the princess D. Jethro.

64.	To remember their life of suffering in Egypt	73.	When Jesus taught about who is the greatest
	the Israelites on the night of the Exodus ate		he used a
	A. unleavened bread		A. child B. sheep
	B. roasted meat		C. mustard seed D. fig tree.
	C. bitter herbs	74.	The parable of the good Samaritan teaches the
	D. while standing.		value of
65.	During the journey of the Israelites from		A. loyalty B. kindness
	Egypt to Canaan		C. friendship D. hardwork.
	A. Moses killed an Egyptian	75.	When Jesus ate the Last Supper, he washed
	B. they worshipped a golden bull calf		his disciples feet to teach them to
	C. the sons of Jacob sold their brother as a		A. be obedient
	slave	÷	B. make friends
	D. Saul was appointed king.		C. preach to all people
66.	By defeating the Midianites using only three		D. be servants of the people.
	hundred men Gideon showed that	76.	Who led a large crowd to Mount Olives to
	A. He knew that he would defeat them		arrest Jesus
	B. He was a brave soldier		A Judas B. Pilate
	C. His enemies were weak		C. Caiaphas D. Herod.
	D. He had faith in God.	77.	The events after the death of Jesus at
67.	The first king of Israel was anointed by		Golgotha teaches Christians that
	A. Samuel B. Saul		A Jesus was innocent
	C. Eli D. Joshua		B . Jesus was the son of God
68.	King Solomon made God angry when he		C Jesus respected the Jewish laws
÷.,	A. asked God fro wisdom		D . The Jews were sorry for killing Jesus.
	B. built the temple in Jerusalem	78.	After the burial of Jesus he was raised back to
	C. allowed people to worship idols		life
	D. welcomed the queen of sheba		A. on the fourth day
69.	Who was thrown into a lions den because of		B. on the second day
	refusing to worship false gods?		C. on the third day
	A. Job. B. Daniel.	×	D. on the fifth day.
3 	C. Jonah. D. Meshack.	79.	On the day of the Pentecost
70.	When angel Gabriel came to announce the		A. Jesus ascended to heaven.
	birth of Jesus he appeared to	e ⁿ	B. Judas Iscariot hanged himself.
	A. Mary B. Elizabeth	5. 54	C. Jesus was crucified.
	C. Joseph D. Zechariah.	2 ×	D. the disciples received power to do
71.	What happened Jesus was baptised in River	· · · · ·	miracles
	Jordan?	80.	Where was Saul going when a bright light
	A. Water stopped flowing.		appeared?
	B. Darkness appeared		A. Damascus. B. Jericho.
	C. A cloud covered Jesus		C. Antioch. D. Joppa.
	D. God spoke from heaven.	81.	The last book in the New Testament is
72.	Which disciple left his father in a boat and		A. Matthew B. Malachi
	followed Jesus?	1940 - 1947	C. Revelation D. Jude.
	A. Andrew. B. Simon.	82.	People in traditional African societies
. *	C. James. D. Matthew.		worshipped in
		н. Эле	A. dark places B. sacred places
	C the minester D. Tother	a	C. churches guivil rient finde of Alow
	C. the princess D. Jethro.		work to earn men living

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83.	Which one of the following is a rite of		SECTION	<u>II</u>
	passage in Traditional African Communities?	IS	LAMIC RELIGIO	US EDUCATION
	A. Baptism. B. Confirmation.	з ^с	····	
	C. Holy mass. D. Initiation.	61.	Which one of the	following surah of the
84.	Children are named after ancestors in			ahi as part of its verses?
	Traditional African Societies to		A. Fatiha.	B. Ikhlas.
	A. remember dead relatives.		C. Falaq.	D. Nas.
	B. worship the ancestors.	62.		following is the fifth pillar
	C. make the children famous.		of Islam?	
	D. make the children have friends.	(2)	A. Zakat.	B. Saum.
85.	Children should respect their parents because		C. Kalima.	D.Hajj.
	A. it is God's command.	63.		(SW) is refered to as
	B. their parents are old.	0.00	A. Tawakkal	B. Taqwa
	C. they would be wise.		C. Iman	D. Ihsaan.
	D. their parents pay their school fees.	64.		s far from hell but near
86.	Christians believe that		A. Satan	B. Prophet
	A. life ends at death		C. Allah	D. Sahabas.
	 B. people will not resurrect 	65.		ting Allah (SW) with other
	C. life has no end	00.		
	D. death marks the end of life.		things is known a	
87.	Christine prays for her own needs. This kind		A. Haram	B. Shirk
0/.		s isanan sisan	C. Sunnah	D. Paganism.
	of prayer is known as A. Intercession B. Adoration	66.		r performed after insha
		A SEALURESS	prayers is	
00	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		A. Tahajud	B. Dhuha
88.	Christians are advised that when fasting they		C. Kusuf	D. Witr .
	should	67.	Salat -ul-idd has _	rakaat
	A. tell other people.		A. two	B. one
	B. should not show it.	and benefitike and	C. three	D. four.
÷.,	C. do it in public.	68.	Muslims fast duri	•
~~	D. wear dirty clothes.		A. Shaban	B. Dhul - hijjah
89.	A child who collects some money in the		C. Ramadhan	D. Rajab.
	school compound should	69.		ters did prophet Mohammad
	A. use it to buy books.	-	(SAW) have?	
	B. throw it away.	490	A. Two.	B. Four.
	C. give it to the teacher on duty.		C. Five.	
. *	D. take it home.	70.		ets of Allah (SW) are
90.	Christianity was introduced in Kenya by		mentioned in the	
:	A. European missionaries		A. 25	B. 20
	B. Arab traders	·	C. 30	D. 15
	C. African chiefs	71.	The holy book re-	vealed to prophet musa (a.s)
	D. Slave traders.		was	
			A. Quran	B. Zabur
			C. Injeel	D. Taurat
5		72.		owing was the tribe of
		1	prophet Mohamm	nad (SAW)?
		<u>R</u> .	A. Aws.	B. Khazraj.
			C.Quraish.	D. Quraidha.
		itua and		
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73.	The first wife of prophet Mohammad (SAW) was	84.	The prophet of Allah (SW) who lived for the longest period was
	A. Khadijah B. Aisha	•	A.Nuh
	C. Sauda D. Asiya.		B. Idris
74.	The last month on the Islamic calender is	1.1	C. Ibrahim
	A. Rajab B. Dhul - hijja	••	D. Musa.
•	C. Ramadhan D. Muharram	85.	Which caliph of Islam accomnied prophet
75.	How old was prophet Mohammad (SAW) when he died?		Mohammad during the journey of Isra - wal miraj?
	A. 40 years. B. 25 years.	1	A.Abubakr.
	C. 55 years. D.63 years.		B. Uthman.
76.		1	C. Umar
	patience?		D. Ali.
	A. Asr. B. Maun.	86.	The person who lead prayers in the mosque is
	C. Kauthar. D. Fatiha.		known as
77.	The pillar of Islam promotes punctuality		A. Muadhin
	among the muslims?	a Martine	B. Kadhi
	A. Hajj. B. Salat.		C.Imam ·
	C. Zakat. D. Shahada		D. Mamuma.
78.	Which faradh part of wudhu is washed first?	87.	Competition for wealth is discouraged in
	A. Hair. B. Feet.		Surah
	C.Face. D. Arms.		A. Dhuha
79.	The angel of Allah who brings rain is known		B. Humaza
	as		C. Maun
	A. Malik B. Jibril		D. Takathur.
	C. Izrail D. Mikail	88.	A Muslim female should wear
80.	Before eating a muslim should say		A. A short and tight dress
	A. Bismillahi		B. A long and loose dress
	B. Subhanallah	1.2	C. A transparent but long dress
	C. Yarhamkallah		D. A tight but long dress.
	D. Alhamdulillah	89.	Which months of the Islamic calender comes
81.	Which one of lthe following cannot be given		after Ramadhan?
	as zakat?		A. Rajab
	A. Maize. B. Gold.		B. Shaban
	C. Clothes. D. Money.		C. Shawwal
82.	Prophet Mohammad (S.A.W) was born on a		D. Dhul - hujjah.
	A. Tuesday B. Monday	90.	Prophet Mohammad (SAW) was sent to
	C. Friday D. Wednesday		A. All people
83.	Which one of the following sunnah prayers is	and the second second	B. Jews
	only performed during the month of		C. Arabs
	Ramadhan?	*	D. to only the poor
	A. Asr. B. Dhuha.		
×	C. Witr. D. Taraweh .		

63. · · Joseph was sold as a slave in Fount

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TARGETER WINGS EVALUATION TEST



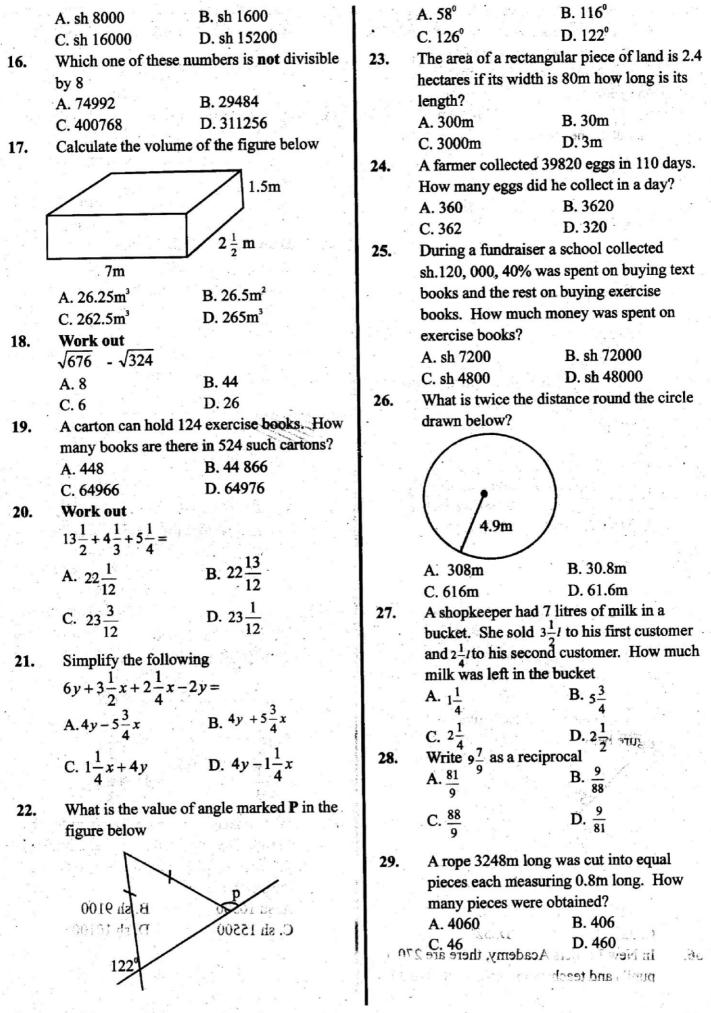
STANDARD SIX - YEAR 2015

MATHEMATICS

005

TIME: 2 hours

1.	Write 7,070,717 in words	8.	Solve the value of t in the equation
2	A. Seven million seven thousand seven		$\frac{1}{2}t - 4 = 2$
	hundred and seventeen.		Á. 42 B. 6
	B. Seven million seven hundred thousand	1	C. 14 D. 2
	seven hundred and seventeen.	9.	Work out $8\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{2} =$
	C. Seven million seven hundred and seven		A. 10 ^{3 5} B. 5
	thousand and seventeen.		C. $\frac{1}{10}$ D. $\frac{1}{5}$
	D. Seven million seventy thousand seven	10.	What is the next number in the sequence?
	hundred and seventeen.		7, 9, 12, 17, 24, 35,
2.	What is the place value of digit 4 in the	*	A. 45 B. 48
	number 82.6345?	- -	C. 47 D. 49
	A. Tenths B. Thousands	11.	Convert $\frac{3}{7}$ into decimal and write your
	C. Thousandths D. Hundredths		answer to 2 decimal places
3.	The total number of people in a certain	Í	A. 0.42 B. 0.41
	District is 674008. There were 340972	f.,	C. 0.43 D. 0.44
	children how many adults were there?	12.	The area of the figure drawn below is
	A. 333036 B. 337036	* <u>1</u>	180cm ² . What is the length of side BC?
	C. 333136 D. 333936 ·	1. A.	A
4.	Find the LCM of 36, 48 and 72		Ν
	A. 72 B. 96		
	C. 144 D. 288		
5.	I think of a number, if I square it and add 4.		15cm
÷.	my answer is 200. What is the number?	-	Area = 180cm ²
	A. 16 B. 14 C. 25 D. 98	÷.	
6.	Round off 779947 to the nearest thousand.		в└└───────────────────────────────────
	A. 779900 B. 78000		A. 12 cm B. 16 cm
	C. 779000 D. 780000		C. 28 cm D. 24 cm
7.	Calculate the area of the shaded part in the	13.	Convert 7m 9cm 2mm into millimetres
	figure drawn below		A. 7092mm B. 792 mm
			C. 70920mm D. 70092mm
		14.	Wesly bought a piece of sugarcane. He ate
			0.7 of the sugarcane. What percentage of
	11cm	. · · ·	the sugarcane was he left with?
			A. 70% B. 30%
8			C. 3% D. 7%
	A. 198cm^2 18 cm B. 188cm^{2+1}	15.	A man spends $\frac{1}{2}$ of his salary on food, $\frac{1}{4}$ on
	C. 99cm ² D. 88cm ²		rent and $\frac{1}{5}$ on school fees. He saves the
			rest. If he saves sh 800 how much money
TI	1 ODE ANTHE FASH		does he earn?
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MATHEMATICS STD. 6

30. The distance from Messy's home to school teachers in the school. If 40% of the pupils is 2km 350m. He walked to school and were boys, how many girls were there in went back home in the evening. What the school? distance did he cover in metres? A. 144 B. 96 A. 2350m B. 2700m C. 162 D. 108 C. 4700m D. 46100m 37. A train arrived at Kisumu at 2035 hrs after 31. Calculate the area of the figure below in travelling for $8\frac{3}{hrs}$ from Nairobi. At what Ares time in AM or PM clock system had the train left Kisumu? A. 11.50pm B. 11.50a.m C. 9.10p.m D. 9.10 a.m 38. Draw a triangle ABC such that line BC=7cm angle ABC = 75° and angle BCA=50°. What is the measure of line AC? 63m A. 7.9 cm B. 8.0 cm A. 0.3969 B. 2.52 C. 8.6 am D. 8.3 cm C. 0.0252 D. 39.69 39. Calculate the area of the unshaded part in 32. The volume of a rectangular tank was the figure drawn below 28.8m³. Its length is 4m while its width is 3m. Calculate the height of the tank? 40 cm A. 4.2m B. 2m 6 cm C. 2.4m D. 3m 12 cm 33. A lorry transporting potatoes left Kinangop at 10.45 a.m and arrived at Nairobi at 2.45 p.m. If the distance from Kinangop to Nairobi is 140km. What was its speed in 28 cm km/h. A. 336cm² B. 372cm² A. 35km/h B. 70km/h C. 480cm² D. 228cm² C. 40km/h D. 45km/h 40. A car consumes 0.3751 of petrol per every There were 36 pupils in a class. Each 34. kilometre. How much litres will it pupils received a 4dl packet of milk. How much millilitres of milk was given out? consume in 3.6km. A. 144ml B. 1440ml A. 1350l B. 1357 C. 1400ml D. 14400ml C. 1.351 D. 13.51 35. Calculate the size of angle marked X in the 41. Work out B. $9\frac{1}{2}$ A. 1^{2} figure below D. $3\frac{2}{2}$ C. 3 42. Miss Makena bought a refrigerator for sh 06 12800. She later sold it making a profit of sh 3700. At what price did he sell the refrigerator? A. 76° A. sh 16500 B. 48° B./sh 9100 C. sh 15500 D. sh 10100 C. 32° D. 52 In New Leaders Academy, there are 270 36. pupils and teachers in total. There are 30

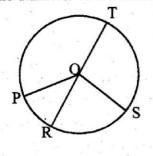
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43.

44.

Which one of the following lines represents the diameter of the circle drawn below?



A. Line POT C. Line ROT B. Line OT D. Line SOT

The table below shows the number of pupils available in 8 classes in Malezi Bora Academy. In total there are 192 pupils in the school.

Class	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
No. of	24	30	26	22	u	23	27	
pupils	100		a g		<u> </u>			

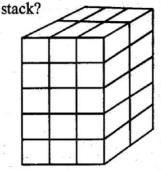
Equal number of pupils are available in classes 5 and 8. How many pupils are there in class 5?

A. 42		B. 40
C. 21	din 1	D. 20
		1 1 6 9 10

45. A milk seller packed 4.8 litres of milk into 300ml bottles. How many bottles did he obtain?

A. 160	з•	B. 16
C. 1600		D. 16000

46. How many cubes are used to make this



A.	60				В.	31	
C.	30				D.	28	
	5.4	1.2	1. 4				

- 47. A woman bought the following items from a shop;
 - $2\frac{1}{2}$ kg of bean at sh 70 per kg
 - 2 tins of potatoes at sh 45 each

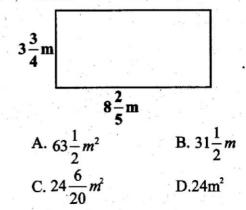
TW - 005

3 loaves of bread @ sh 50 4 bars of soap for sh 160 She paid for the items using 2 - sh 500 notes. How much balance did she receive? A. sh 645 B. sh 555 C. sh 455 D. sh 425

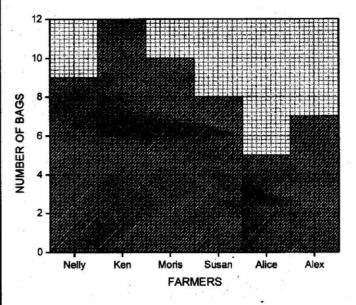
48. The scale on a map is 1cm represents 240m.
What is the actual distance in kilometres represented by 6cm on the same map?
A. 1.44km B. 1440km

C. 14.4km D. 14400km

49. Calculate the area of the figure drawn below.



50. The bar graph below shows the number of bags of maize harvested by 6 farmers.



Calculate the total number of bags of maize harvested by the 6 farmers.

na vooren eg ane e	
A. 53	B. 51
C. 49	D. 48
ations, in reare 270	and the second
in total and	

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TARGETER WINGS EVALUATION TEST

STANDARD SIX - YEAR 2015

ENGLISH

TIME: 1hr 40 mins

005

<u>Read the passage below, it contains blank spaces numbered 1 to 15. For each blank space, choose the best</u> answer from the choices given.

The art of story telling, <u>1</u>, in most communities <u>2</u> the world for thousands of years. Long before books were <u>3</u> stories were <u>4</u> from generation to generation by word of mouth. In Africa, oral traditional still remains in other countries, <u>5</u> famous folk stories are now read in books or even <u>6</u> to on cassettes.

 To be a ______ oral story teller, you need to ______ 8 ____ a clean, interesting voice, full ______ 9 expression

 10 dramatic power. Some stories you ______ 11 ____ repeat from other ______, but others ______ 13 _____ be

 developed by ______ 14 _____ using your _______ 15 ____.

A. has existed	B. has been	C. bas exist	D. has existing
A. on	B. at	C.into	D. in
A. bought	B. sold	C. printed	D. given
A. pasting	B. passed	C. past	D. pass
A. little	B. few	C.my	D. some
A. watched	B. heard	C. listened	D. tokd
A. good	B. best	C. bener	D. bad
A. create	B. develop	C.give	D. tell
A. with	B. to	C. off	D. of
A. but	B. or	C. and	D. also
A. can	B. will	C.my	D. shall
A. sources	B. places	C. medie	D. help
A. ought	B. should	C. could	D. can
A. oneself	B. yourself	C. ourselves	D. otherself
A. thought	B. creative-	C. imagination	D. imagine
	A. on A. bought A. pasting A. little A. watched A. good A. create A. with A. but A. can A. sources A. ought A. oneself	A. onB. atA. boughtB. soldA. pastingB. passedA. pastingB. passedA. littleB. fewA. littleB. fewA. watchedB. heardA. watchedB. bestA. goodB. bestA. createB. developA. withB. toA. withB. orA. butB. orA. canB. willA. sourcesB. placesA. oughtB. shouldA. oneselfB. yourself	A. onB. atC. intoA. boughtB. soldC. printedA. pastingB. passedC. pastA. littleB. fewC. anyA. watchedB. heardC. listenedA. watchedB. heardC. listenedA. goodB. bestC. benerA. createB. developC. giveA. withB. toC. offA. butB. orC. andA. canB. willC. ourselvesA. sourcesB. placesC. rootheA. oughtB. shouldC. couldA. oneselfB. yourselfC. ourselves

For questions 16 to 17, select the correct question tags.

16.	I tried to help bu	?	
	A. didn't I B. did I		
	C. can't I	D. can I	
17.	They are playing	g outside,	?

A. don't they B. aren't they C. dan't they D. are they

In questions 18 to 29. choose the best alternative that fills the blank space.

18.	The hen has	ten eggs.
	A. lain	B. lay
	C. lied	D. laid
19.	Alice and	are going home.
	playing gamage .A	B. her
	C. he	D. they

ENGLISH STD. 6

20.	Her mother died	malaria.	In questions 23 to 25
	A. with		. best replaces the give
	C. on	D. of	

For questions 21 and 22, choose the correctly punctuated sentence.

21. A lets go out.

22.

- B. Lets go out.
- C. Let's go out
- D. Lets's go out.

A. Agnes met a ten years old girl.

- B. We bought a pen, book, pencil and an eraser.
- C. Benson, the school head boy is coming
- D. I asked him what he was doing?

In questions 23 to 25, choose the alternative that best replaces the given sentence.

- 23. We called off the meeting.
 - A. We cancelled the meeting.
 - B. We postponed the meeting.
 - C. We joined the meeting.
 - D. We attended the meeting.
- 24. The people gathered in the stadium cheered
 - A. The crowd cheered.
 - B. The congregation cheered.
 - C. The spectators cheered.
 - D. The players cheered.
 - " I am happy," he said
 - A. He said that I am happy.
 - B. He said that he was happy.
 - C. He said that he is happy.
 - D He said that he got happy.

Read the passage below carefully and then answer questions 26 to 38.

Once upon a time, sparrow and termite were good friends. They spent time looking for food together and relaxing under a tree when the weather was hot.

25.

One day it rained heavily the whole night. Termite lived in a beautiful hole. She had built it and decorated it. When termite woke up and got out of her house, she was swept away by the floods. Sparrow who was shivering up to the tree while watching what was happening on the ground, with his sharp eyes, he noticed his best friend being swept away by the waters. Quickly, he plucked a leaf from the branch of tree where he was perched and dropped it on the ground while shouting at his friend, termite, to get hold of it to save her life. Termite was saved and was grateful.

"That's what friends are for ant," said termite. "I could not imagine you drowning. I would have been very lonely without you." Not long, sparrow became very ill and could not fly fast. He preferred resting on a branch of his favourite tree everyday.

Termite was very sorry for her dear friend. She wished him a quick recovery. Dust as they were chatting, they heard some noise. Soon they realized it was the hunter and his son. Termite was worried they would kill him on that day as he was weak. While the hunter was aiming his arrow at the sparrow, termite got inside the pants of his son and bit him. The little boy let a loud cry and the hunter turned to look while running towards his son.

19.

are going nome. B. her Alice and A. me

•philip in the Name of the

> B. aren 't they D. are they

A. don't they C. can they

26. According to the first paragraph sparrow and termite	32. Which proverb can fit in the second paragraph?
A. spent time fighting each other	A. Every cloud has a silver lining.
B. were great foes	B. A friend in need is a friend in deed.
C. lived together on a tree	C. All that glitters is not gold.
D. rested under a tree when it was hot.	D. Blood is thicker than water.
27. How did the sparrow save the termite?	33. Had the termite not stepped on the leaf
A. He threw a leaf at her.	A. she would have been saved
B. He took her out of water.	B. she would have not been drowned
C. He called for help.	C. she would not have survived
D. He swam across the water.	D. she would have help sparrow.
28. What happened to the termite when she woke	34. The word 'perched' can best be replaced by
up?	A. landed B. flown
A. She swam in the river.	C. carried D. helped.
B. Sparrow was carried by water.	35. What had sparrow done when he was ill?
C. She was carried away by the water.	A. He flew away.
D. She found the sparrow sick.	B. He learnt his lesson.
29. Why was sparrow shivering?	C. He was killed.
A. He was sick.	D. He could not fly.
B. He had been rained on.	36. Who had come to attack the sparrow?
C. He feared that he would lose his friend.	A. The termite.
D. He got scared.	B. The elephant.
30. Which one of the following is a true	C. The hunter and the son.
description of the sparrow?	D. The poacher.
A. cowardice. B. greedy.	37. How was the sparrow saved?
C. helpful. D. lonely.	A. The termite bit the hunter's son.
31. Sparrow noticed his best friend drowning	B. The termite bite the hunter.
because	C. The loud cry of the boy.
A. he loved his friend so much	D. The hooting of sparrow.
B. he had strong vision	38. Which one of the following is the best title
C. he lived on top of a tree	for the passage you have just read?
D. he was very intelligent.	A. Good Friendship.
at-ohn a	B. The Hunter and the Son.
	C. The Drowning Termites
	D. The Sparrow.

Read the passage below carefully and then answer questions 39 to 50.

19.46

Any person under the age of eighteen is a child. Internationally every child has a right despite their race, colour or background. A right is something that you are allowed to do or have. There are various kinds of child rights. They include, right to life, every child should enjoy his/her life fully. No one should deny children their right in any way such as by not providing them with food or treating them in a way that can lead to their death. D. Rights of Citizens.

Another kind of right is the right to play and rest. This explains why in every school there is time for break during which children are set free to enjoy themselves by playing good games or just taking a rest after

3

ENGLISH STD. 6

learning in class. Playing games makes children happy and friendly to one another. It is also a form of physical exercise. This makes the child grow up in a healthy way.

Children also have the right to education. Every child who is of school going age should be in school. Through school, children are taught how to get skills such as reading and writing that will help them to be useful members of the society. Again pupils also discover their talents which they can use for their own benefit and the society at large. This helps to develop a nation of people who are famous in the society such as athletes, footballers, doctors, chefs and mechanics, who discovered their talents as they went to school.

Children have a right to protection from use of illicit drugs. This means that a child should never be used to produce use or traffic harmful drugs. When children engage in sniffing glue, for example, it is wrong since it affects their health. Other drugs such as bhang and tobacco are also harmful since they cause diseases. Smoking tobacco causes lung cancer which leads to death.

		(1) S ⁽¹⁾	
39.	According to the first paragraph it is true to	45.	How many rights are mentioned in the
	say that		passage?
	A. any person over eighteen years of age is a		A. 3 . B. 2
	child	· .	C. 5 D. 4
	B. some children have rights while others do not have rights	46.	What is the importance of going to school? A. Children are able to become healthy.
×	C. children should not be denied their rights		B. Children get time to play.
	D. children do not have rights,		C. Children are able to read and write.
40.	Children's right are limited to		D. Children grow up well.
	A. race B. age	47.	Who among the following did not discover
	C. colour D. background.		their takents in school?
41.	Right to life ensures that a child		A. Dentists.
	A. enjoys his life to the fullest		B. Engineers.
	B, can be led to death		C. Terrorists.
	C. is provided with education		D. Swimmers.
	D, is well - fed	48.	
42.	Which one of the following is a denial of	40.	The word 'illicit' can be replaced by
74.	- child right?	and the second	A. illegal
			B. illegible
	A. Providing food.	1.1.5	C. legal
	B. Taking a child to school		D. allowed.
	C. Loving a child.	49.	Smoking can lead to
40	D. Mistreating a child.		A. breast cancer
43.	Why do schools have break time?		B. lung cancer
	A. Allow children to play and rest.	÷	C. bone cancer
	B. Allow children to take tea.	• •	D. skin cancer.
۰ ` : :	C. Allow children to go home.	50.	The most appropriate title for the passage is
	D. Allow children to feed.		A. Child Abuse
44.	Which one of the following is an importance	de la composición de la composicinda composición de la composición de la composición	B. Importance of Play
	of playing games?		C. Children's Rights
	A. Children fight one another.		D. Rights of Citizens.
<u>_</u> `	B. Helps in socialization		
	C. Children can injure one another.		
	D. Children fight one another.		

TARGETER WINGS EVALUATION TEST



STANDARD SIX - YEAR 2015

SCIENCE



TIME: 1 hr 40 mins

- 1. Which one of the following is a physical change found in boys only during the adolescence stage?
 - A. Broadening of shoulders.
 - B. Pubic hair.
 - C. Increase in height and weight.
 - D. Feeling embarassed by the body changes.
- 2. Green plants lose a lot of water mostly when the weather is
 - A. calm and hot.
 - B. hot and dry.

3.

4.

5.

6.

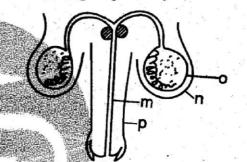
- C. hot and windy.
- D. cool and calm.
- Which one of the following is port a reproductive organ in female? B. Urethra
- A. Uterus. D. Oviduct.
- C. Ovary.
- The illustration below shows a type of pollination.



What is the name of the type of pollination drawn above?

- A. Wind pollination.
- B. Cross pollination.
- C. Self pollination.
- D. Insect pollination.
- Which one of the following diseases consists of only non-communicable diseases?
- A. Anaemia, Malaria, Tetanus.
- B. Tetanus, Marasmus, Anaemia.
- C. Typhoid, Malaria, Tuberculosis.
- D. Typhoid, Tuberculosis, Kwashiorkor.
- Which one of the following methods least controls the spread of malaria?
- TW 005

- A. Destroying mosquitoes breeding areas.
- B. Sleeping under treated mosquito nets.
- C. Draining stagnant water.
- D. Avoiding people who are suffering from malaria.
- 7. The diagram below represents the male reproductive system of a human being. What is the name of the parts labelled m, n, o, p respectively?



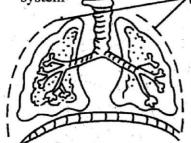
	A. Scrotum, testis.	, penis, urethra
4. (B. Penis, testis, sc	rotum, urethra
	C. Urethra, scrotu	m, testis, penis
	D. Scrotum, testis	
	At what age is the second anti-polio	
		inistered to an infant?
	A. 10th week	B. 9 months
	C. 6th week	D. 14th week
9.	At what stage of H	IIV infection does a
	patient start showi	
	A. Full blown AIL	• •
	B. Asymptomatic	stage.
/	C. Window stage.	Ŭ.
	D. Symptomatic.	
10.		of the gas is used in
	florescent bulbs?	-
	A. 78%	B. 0.97%
	C. 21%	D. 0.03%
11.	Which one of the	following statements
	about the sun is un	
÷ 1.	A. The sun is a sta	F
		entre of the solar system.
	and the second	nain source of energy.
		s light from the moon.

SCIENCE STD. 6

- 12. Below are some signs and symptoms of a certain waterborne disease
 - (i) Itching of the bowels
 - (ii) Blood in urine and stool

The type of disease described above can be prevented by one of the following ways. Which one?

- A. Vaccination.
- B. Destroying mosquitoes breeding places.
- C. Wearing gumboots while walking on stagnant water.
- D. Eating a balanced diet.
- 13. Which one of the following practices would increase soil erosion in a given area?
 - A. Deforestation.
 - B. Planting cover crops.
 - C. Afforestation.
 - D. Re-afforestation.
- 14. Job would always oil his panga before storing it. What would be the best reason for this?
 - A. To avoid pests that could consume it
 - B. To maintain its sharpness.
 - C. To make it look attractive,
 - D. To prevent rusting.
- 15. Below is a diagram of the human breathing system



What happens to the parts labelled **W** when one is breathing out? They

A. move upwards and outwards

B. move downwards and inwards

C. relax

- D. remains the same.
- 16. A piece of metal can be made to float on water by changing its

A. density.B. weight.C. shape.D. volume.

- 17. The following are artificial ways of lighting a house. Which one is **not**?
 - A. Use of a lamp
 - B. Use of translucent roofs.
 - C. Use of electricity.
 - D. Use of a candle.

- 18. Which one of the following is not a use of heat?
 - A. Ironing.B. Warming.C. Cooking.D. Photography.
- 19. Which one of the following lists consists of only energy giving foods?

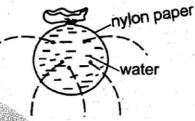
A. Rice, Green banana, Chapati.

B. Cowpeas, Meat, Fish.

C. Ripe banana, Rice, Cassava.

D. Maize, Beef, Sorghum.

20. Std 6 pupils from performed the experiment drawn below?



What were the pupils investigating?

- A. Pressure in liquids increase with depth.
- B. Pressure in liquids decrease with depth.
- C. Pressure in liquids is exerted in all directions.
- D Pressure in liquids is equal at the same level.
- All the following are methods of grazing. Which method allows the animals to move all over the grazing area freely?
 - A. Tethering. B. Herding.
- C. Paddocking. D. Zero grazing.

22. Which one of the following uses of water can be a use of water at the farm as well as industry?

A. Making fountains.

B. Washing tools.

C. Bathing.

D. Boat racing.

- 23. In which part of the human digestive system does digestion start?
 - A. Small intestine. B. Stomach.

C. Mouth. D. Colon.

24. Which one of te following is **not** a characteristic of Amphibians?

- A. They live partly in water and partly on dry land.
- B. They have scales on their body.
- C. They lay many eggs.
- D. They have moist skin that is smooth.

21.

SCIENCE STD. 6

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25.

Std 5 pupils did the experiment illustrated below to investigate a certain property of soil.

- Soil Smoke
- Which property of soil were they investigating? Whether
- A. soil has humus. B. soil has water.
- D. son has water.
- C. soil has living organisms.
- D. soil has air.
- 26. Which one of the following is **not** an example of a concentrate?
 - A. Salt licks.
 - B. Bone meal.
 - C. Nappier grass.
 - D. Fish meal.
- 27. Which one of the following statements best defines what environment is?
 - A. Living things that surrounds us
 - B. People that surround us.
 - C. Non-living things that surrounds us.
 - D. All that is around living things.
- 28. Which of the following groups consists of green non-flowering plants **only**?
 - A. Sugarcane, banana, maize.
 - B. Ferns, cedars, cypress.
 - C. Maize, beans, mushroom.
 - D. Moss, algae, puffballs.

29. Hellen noticed clouds that had the following characteristics.

- (i) Thick white clouds
- (ii) Feathery clouds.

The characteristics described above belongs to which type of cloud?

- A. Cumulus. B. Nimbus.
- C. Heavy clouds. D. Low clouds.
- 30. In which part of the female reproductive system does ovulation take place?A. Fallopian tube. B. Ovary.
 - C. Cervix D. Uterus.

- 31. Std 5 pupils of Kongoni Primary School performed the experiment shown below
 - hot water
 - Which property of matter were the pupils investigating? A. Air is a poor conductor of heat B. Air contracts when heated. C. Air occupies space. D. Air expands when its temperature rises. Which one of the following parts is not part of the breathing system? A. Airsacs. B. Rectum. C. Trachea. D. Diaphragm. Which one of the following processes takes place when temperatures are increased? A. Evaporation and melting. **B** Evaporation and freezing C. Melting and condensation D. Freezing and condensation. The loudness or softness of a sound is referred to as A. noise B. echo C. volume D. sound. Which of the following types of teeth do not belong to the group of teeth called decidous teeth? A. Canines. B. Wisdom teeth. C. Premolars. D. Incisors. Which one of the following is not a product of a goat? A. Mohair. B. Mutton. C. Wool. D. Skin. Below is a diagram that shows a practice that farmers do their crops during the dry season and base not .8 drv grass

32.

33.

34.

35.

36.

37.

What is the main reason for doing so to the crops?

- A. To control weeds.
- B. To provide the crop with manure after the grass rots.
- C. To make the plant firm.
- D. To conserve water.
- Which one of the following does not help 38. an animal to grow healthy?
 - A. Proper housing.
 - B. Adding fertiliser.
 - C. Proper medical care.
 - D. Proper feeding.
- Which state of matter expands most when 39. exposed to heat?
 - B. Liquids. A. Solids. D. Water. C. Air.
- Which of the following colours of the 40. rainbow is the most dispersed? B. Red A. Violet.
 - D. Indigo C. Yellow.
- Below is the diagram of a leaf 41.

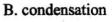
Which one of the following shows a list of crops that have a type of leaf like the one drawn above?

- A. Sugarcane, Maize, Wheat.
- B. Cabbage, Coffee, Beans.
- C. Rice, Beans, Avocado tree.
- D. Mango tree, Coconut, Peas.
- Which one of the following plants have the 42. pistil and the stamen in two separate plants? A. Maize. B. Jacaranda tree.

C. Pawpaw. D. Banana.

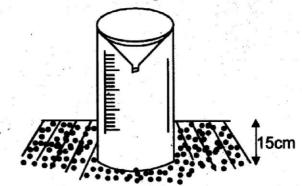
- Which one of the following shows a good 43. conductor of heat and an insulator respectively?
 - A. Wax and copper.
- of the entries B. Iron and Aluminium.
 - C. Plastic and Aluminium.
 - D. Copper and plastic.
 - The process by which water vapour changes 44. into water is known as

A. melting



D. freezing.

C. evaporation 45. What is the main reason as to why the weather instrument drawn below is dug 15cm below the ground?



A. To reduce the rate of evaporation of the collected water. B. To make it firm in the soil. C. To prevent splashing of rain water. D. To withstand erosion. Which one of the following characteristics are similar to both the fish and birds? A. Both lay unfertilized eggs. B. Both do not have scales. C. Both have scales. D. Hoth breathe through lungs. 47. Which two parts of a seed form the embryo? A. Endosperm and radicle. **B.** Cotyledon and Plumule C. Plumule and Radicle. D. Endosperm and Cotyledon. 48. The mass of a substance cannot be measured in one of the following. Which one? A. Tonnes. B. Kilograms. C. Grammes. D. Newtons. The transfer of heat through air is by 49. A. radiation B. convection C. conduction D. conduction and convection. In which part of the male reproductive 50. system are the male sex cells produced? A. Urethra. B. Glands. C. Epididymis. INDUE D. Testis

Hand elections a

TARGETER WINGS JARIBIO LA MTIHANI



DARASA LA SITA - MWAKA 2015 KISWAHILI SEHEMU YA KWANZA



MUDA: Saal dakika 40

Soma kifungu kifuatacho. Kina nafasi 1 mpaka 15. Kwa kila nafasi umepewa majibu manne hapo. Chagua jibu lifaalo zaidi kati ya yale uliyopewa.

 Ajali
 1
 zinazotokea nchini ziko na kinga. Ni
 2
 ajali itokee pasi na mwenye makosa.

 Ukilimulika suala
 3
 kwa jicho pevu utaona kuwa kinga ya ajali
 4
 . Tuache
 5
 za kudai

 kuwa ajali fulani
 6
 na ndiyo maana ilitokea.
 7
 madereva
 8
 hawazingatii sheria za

 barabarani.
 9
 wale wanaozingatia hawawasuti
 10
 wasiozingatia. Wakati wa kulaumiana

 umepita.
 Magari
 11
 mabovu
 12
 Yule atapatikana na
 13
 barabarani asimlaumu

 14
 ila yeye mwenyewe.
 Si wajua
 15
 ?

7. A. Miongoni mwa B. Baadhi ya C. Kinyume na D. Pamoja na 8. A. zetu B. wetu C. wangu D. yetu 9. A. Naye B. Nami C. Ati D. Nao 10. A. wenzangu B. wenzao C. wenzako D. wenzetu 11. A. yote B. zote C. lolote D. lote 12. A. yapigwe marufuku B. yapigwe vita C. yapigwe kumbo D. yapigwe i 13. A. shangingi B. pujo C. gari D. katara 14. A. yoyote B. wowote C. yeyote D. sote 15. A. mpanda ngazi hushuka B. mie nyumba ya udongo sihimili vishindo C. msiba wa kujitakia hauna kilio D. yote yang'aayo si dhahabu. Kuanzia swali nambari 16 mpaka 30. chagua jibu B. Mama ataenda jioni akilia. <i>lifaalo</i> . I. C. Mana atarudi asubuhi akinuna. 16. Chagua jina lfsilostahili kuwa katika Ng'ombewaljitumbukiza josho A. Limau B. Mpera C. Mboga D. Mchungwa. 17. Chagua kinyume cha: Mama ataenda jioni akilabasamu! P Mama ataondok					
 3. A. nzima B. mzima C. zima D. lizima A. nziko B. liko C. kiko D. iko D. kiko S. A. fikira B. wazo C. busara D. wazimu A. ingezuilika B. ingezuiwa C. haingezuilika D. halingezu A. Miongoni mwa B. Baadhi ya C. Kinyume na D. Pamoja na B. A. zetu B. wetu C. wangu D. yetu D. Nao C. Kinyume na D. Pamoja na B. A. zetu B. wetu C. wangu D. yetu D. A. wenzangu B. wenzao C. wenzako D. wenzetu I. A. yote B. zote C. lolote D. lote D. lote D. lote D. lote D. katara I. A. yoyote B. wowote C. yeyote D. sote I. A. mpanda ngazi hushuka C. msiba wa kujitakia hauna kilio Kuanzia swali nambari 16 mpaka 30, chagua jibu <i>Kuanzia swali nambari 16 mpaka 30, chagua jibu</i> Ifiaalo. I. C. hagua kinyume cha: Mama atarudi jioni akitabasamu: A. Baba ataondoka asubuhi akinuna. 	1.	A. mingi	B. nyingi	C.zingi	D. mengi
 4. A. ziko B. liko C. kiko D. iko S. A. fikira R. wazo C. busara D. wazimu A. ingezuilika B. ingezuiwa C. haingezuilika D. halingezu A. Miongoni mwa B. Baadhi ya C. Kinyume na D. Pamoja na B. Azetu B. wetu C. wangu D. yetu S. A. zetu B. wetu C. wangu D. yetu D. Nao O. A. wenzangu B. wetu C. Ati D. Nao O. A. wenzangu B. wenzao C. wenzako D. wenzetu I. A. yote B. zote C. lolote D. lote D. lote D. yapigwe marufuku B. yapigwe vita C. yapigwe kumbo D. yapigwe ita A. shangingi B. pujo C. gari D. katara I. A. yoyote B. wowote C. yeyote D. sote I. A. yoyote B. wowote C. yeyote D. sote I. A. mpanda ngazi hushuka C. msiba wa kujitakia hauna kilio D. yote yang'aayo si dhahabu. Kuanzia swali nambari 16 mpaka 30. chagua jibu Kuanzia simu A. Limau B. Mpera C. Mboga D. Mchungwa. T. Chagua kinyume cha: Mama atarudi jioni akitabasamu: A. Baba ataondoka asubuhi akinuna. B. Baba ataondoka asubuhi akinuna. Hamba atanudi asubuhi akinuna. Hamba atarudi jioni akitabasamu: A. Baba ataondoka asubuhi akinuna. P	2.	A. muhali	B. rahisi	C.vyema	D. wepesi
 5. A. fikira B. wazo C. busara D. wazimu A. ingezuilika B. ingezuiwa C. haingezuilika D. halingezui A. Miongoni mwa B. Baadhi ya C. Kinyume na D. Pamoja na A. Zetu B. wetu C. wangu D. yetu D. Nao O. A. wenzangu B. wenzao C. wenzako D. wenzetu I. A. yote B. zote C. lolote D. lote D. katara A. mpanda ngazi hushuka C. msiba wa kujitakia hauna kilio Kuanzia swali nambari 16 mpaka 30. chagua jibu Iifaalo. C. Chagua jina fisilostahili kuwa katika kundi hili. Mchungwa, mparachichi, mpaipai, mpera, mboga, limau A. Limau B. Mpera C. Mboga D. Mchungwa. T. Chagua kinyume cha: Mama atarudi jioni akitabasamu! A. Baba ataondoka asubuhi akinuna. 	3.	A. nzima	B. mzima	C. zima	D. lizima
 A. ingezuilika B. ingezuiwa C. haingezuilika D. halingezu A. Miongoni mwa B. Baadhi ya C. Kinyume na D. Pamoja na B. Baadhi ya C. Kinyume na D. Pamoja na D. yetu A. Naye B. Nami C. Ati D. Nao A. wenzangu B. wenzao C. wenzako D. wenzetu A. yote B. zote C. lolote D. lote A. shangingi B. pujo C. gari D. katara A. shangingi B. pujo C. gari D. katara A. shangingi B. pujo C. gari D. katara A. mpanda ngazi hushuka B. mie nyumba ya udongo sihimili vishindo C. msiba wa kujitakia hauna kilio Kuanzia swali nambari 16 mpaka 30. chagua jibu lifaalo. Chagua jina fisilostahili kuwa katika kundi hili. Mchungwa, mparachichi, mpaipai, mpera, mboga, limau A. Limau B. Mpera C. Mboga D. Mchungwa. Chagua kinyume cha: Mama ataenda jioni akitabasamu! A. Baba ataondoka asubuhi akinuna. 	4.	A. ziko	B. liko	C. kiko	D. iko
7. A. Miongoni mwa B. Baadhi ya C. Kinyume na D. Pamoja na 8. A. zetu B. wetu C. wangu D. yetu 9. A. Naye B. Nami C. Ati D. Nao 10. A. wenzangu B. wenzao C. wenzako D. wenzetu 11. A. yote B. zote C. lolote D. lote 12. A. yapigwe marufuku B. yapigwe vita C. yapigwe kumbo D. yapigwe i 13. A. shangingi B. pujo C. gari D. katara 14. A. yoyote B. wowote C. yeyote D. sote 15. A. mpanda ngazi hushuka B. mie nyumba ya udongo sihimili vishindo C. msiba wa kujitakia hauna kilio D. yote yang'aayo si dhahabu. Kuanzia swali nambari 16 mpaka 30. chagua jibu B. Mama ataenda jioni akilia. <i>Kuanzia swali nambari 16 mpaka 30. chagua jibu</i> B. Mama ataenda jioni akilia. <i>Kuanzia swali nambari 16 mpaka 30. chagua jibu</i> B. Mama ataenda jioni akilia. <i>Kuanzia swali nambari 16 mpaka 30. chagua jibu</i> B. Mama ataenda jioni akilia. Iffaalo. Mchungwa, mparachichi, mpaipai, mpera, mboga, limau B. Mpera C.	5.	A. fikira	B. wazo	C.busara	D. wazimu
 8. A. zetu B. wetu C. wangu D. yetu 9. A. Naye B. Nami C. Ati D. Nao 10. A. wenzangu B. wenzao C. wenzako D. wenzetu 11. A. yote B. zote C. lolote D. lote 12. A. yapigwe marufuku B. yapigwe vita C. yapigwe kumbo D. yapigwe i 13. A. shangingi B. pujo C. gari D. katara 14. A. yoyote B. wowote C. yeyote D. sote 15. A. mpanda ngazi hushuka B. mie nyumba ya udongo sihimili vishindo C. msiba wa kujitakia hauna kilio D. yote yang'aayo si dhahabu. Kuanzia swali nambari 16 mpaka 30. chagua jibu lifaalo. 16. Chagua jina thilostahili kuwa katika kundi hili. Mchungwa, mparachichi, mpaipai, mpera, mboga, limau A. Limau B. Mpera C. Mboga D. Mchungwa. 17. Chagua kinyume cha: Mama atarudi jioni akitabasamu! A. Baba ataondoka asubuhi akinuna. 19. Tambua upande 'P' 	6.	A. ingezuilika	B. ingezuiwa	C. haingezuilika	D. halingezuilika
 9. A. Naye B. Nami C. Ati D. Nao 10. A. wenzangu B. wenzao C. wenzako D. wenzetu 11. A. yote B. zote C. lolote D. lote 12. A. yapigwe marufuku B. yapigwe vita C. yapigwe kumbo D. yapigwe i 13. A. shangingi B. pujo C. gari D. katara 14. A. yoyote B. wowote C. yeyote D. sote 15. A. mpanda ngazi hushuka B. mie nyumba ya udongo sihimili vishindo C. msiba wa kujitakia hauna kilio D. yote yang'aayo si dhahabu. 16. Chagua jina Ifsilostahili kuwa katika kundi hili. 16. Chagua jina Ifsilostahili kuwa katika kundi hili. 17. Chagua kinyume cha: Mama atarudi jioni akitabasamu. 18. Mg'ombe Walijitumbukiza josho 19. Tambua upande 'P' 19. Tambua upande 'P' 	7.	A. Miongoni mwa	B. Baadhi ya	C.Kinyumena	D, Pamoja na
 10. A. wenzangu B. wenzao C. wenzako D. wenzetu 11. A. yote B. zote C. lolote D. lote 12. A. yapigwe marufuku B. yapigwe vita C. yapigwe kumbo D. yapigwe i 13. A. shangingi B. pujo C. gari D. katara 14. A. yoyote B. wowote C. yeyote D. sote 15. A. mpanda ngazi hushuka B. mie nyumba ya udongo sihimili vishindo C. msiba wa kujitakia hauna kilio D. yote yang'aayo si dhahabu. 16. Chagua jina Ifsilostahili kuwa katika kundi hili. Mchungwa, mparachichi, mpaipai, mpera, mboga, limau A. Limau B. Mpera C. Mboga D. Mchungwa. 17. Chagua kinyume cha: Mama ataondoka asubuhi akinuna. 18. Mg'ombe Yang'aayo Mashariki Mashariki Mama ataondoka asubuhi akinuna. 	8.	A. zetu	B. wetu	C. wangu	D. yetu
 11. A. yote B. zote C. lolote D. lote 12. A. yapigwe marufuku B. yapigwe vita B. pujo C. gari D. katara 13. A. shangingi B. pujo C. gari D. katara 14. A. yoyote B. wowote C. yeyote D. sote 15. A. mpanda ngazi hushuka C. msiba wa kujitakia hauna kilio 15. A. mpanda ngazi hushuka C. msiba wa kujitakia hauna kilio 16. Chagua jina Itsilostahili kuwa katika kundi hili. 17. Chagua kinyume cha: Mama atarudi jioni akitabasamu! A. Baba ataondoka asubuhi akinuna. 	9.	A. Naye	B. Nami	C. Ati	D. Nao
 A. yote A. yapigwe marufuku B. yapigwe vita A. shangingi B. pujo C. yapigwe kumbo D. katara A. shangingi B. pujo C. gari D. katara C. yeyote D. sote S. A. mpanda ngazi hushuka C. msiba wa kujitakia hauna kilio Kuanzia swali nambari 16 mpaka 30, chagua jibu Iffaalo. Chagua jina ifsilostahili kuwa katika Kundi hili. A. Limau B. Mpera C. Mboga D. Mchungwa. C. Magua kinyume cha: Mama atarudi jioni akitabasamu! A. Baba ataondoka asubuhi akinuna. 	10.	A. wenzangu	B. wenzao	C. wenzako	D. wenzetu
 12. A. yapigwe marufuku B. yapigwe vita 13. A. shangingi B. pujo 14. A. yoyote B. wowote 15. A. mpanda ngazi hushuka C. msiba wa kujitakia hauna kilio 16. Chagua jina fisilostahili kuwa katika kundi hili. 16. Chagua jina fisilostahili kuwa katika kundi hili. 16. Chagua jina fisilostahili kuwa katika kundi hili. 17. Chagua kinyume cha: Mama atarudi jioni akitabasamu: A. Baba ataondoka asubuhi akinuna. 	11.	-	B. zote	C. lolote	D. lote
 13. A. shangingi B. pujo 14. A. yoyote B. wowote 15. A. mpanda ngazi hushuka C. msiba wa kujitakia hauna kilio 15. A. mpanda ngazi hushuka C. msiba wa kujitakia hauna kilio 16. Chagua jina fisilostahili kuwa katika kundi hili. Mchungwa, mparachichi, mpaipai, mpera, mboga, limau A. Limau B. Mpera C. Mboga D. Mchungwa. 17. Chagua kinyume cha: Mama ataondoka asubuhi akinuna. 17. Chagua kinyume cha: Mama ataondoka asubuhi akinuna. 18. Ng'ombe Mchungwa. 19. Tambua upande 'P' 10. Katara D. Katara C. gari D. katara C. yeyote D. sote B. mie nyumba ya udongo sihimili vishindo D. yote yang'aayo si dhahabu. 14. C. Mama ataenda jioni akilia. C. Mama ataenda jioni akilia. 15. Chagua kinyume cha: Mama ataendoka asubuhi akinuna. 16. Chagua kinyume cha: Mama ataendoka asubuhi akinuna. 17. Chagua kinyume cha: Mama ataendoka asubuhi akinuna. 18. Ng'ombe Mashariki P 	12.		B. yapigwe vita	C. yapigwe kumbo	D. yapigwe inda
14.A. yoyoteB. wowoteC. yeyoteD. sote15.A. mpanda ngazi hushuka C. msiba wa kujitakia hauna kilioB. mie nyumba ya udongo sihimili vishindo D. yote yang'aayo si dhahabu.16.Chagua jina fisilostahili kuwa katika kundi hili. Mchungwa, mparachichi, mpaipai, mpera, mboga, limau A. LimauB. Mpera C. wenyeweB. zenyewe C. wenyewe17.Chagua kinyume cha: Mama atarudi jioni akitabasamu! A. Baba ataondoka asubuhi akinuna.B. Mama ataenda jioni akilia. C. Mama ataenda jioni akilia. D. Baba atarudi asubuhi akinuna.14.A. Limau Mama ataenda jioni akitabasamu! A. Baba ataondoka asubuhi akinuna.15.A. Baba ataondoka asubuhi akinuna.	13.				
C. msiba wa kujitakia hauna kilioD. yote yang'aayo si dhahabu.Kuanzia swali nambari 16 mpaka 30. chagua jibu lifaalo.B. Mama ataenda jioni akilia. C. Mama atarudi asubuhi akicheka. D. Baba atarudi asubuhi akinuna.16. Chagua jina Ifsilostahili kuwa katika kundi hili. Mchungwa, mparachichi, mpaipai, mpera, mboga, limau A. LimauB. Mama ataenda jioni akilia. C. Mama atarudi asubuhi akinuna.18. Ng'ombe C. wenyeweWalijitumbukiza josho A. yenyewe19. Tambua upande 'P'17. Chagua kinyume cha: Mama atarudi jioni akitabasamu! A. Baba ataondoka asubuhi akinuna.Image: Comparison of the second s	14.			C. yeyote	D. sote
C. msiba wa kujitakia hauna kilioD. yote yang'aayo si dhahabu.Kuanzia swali nambari 16 mpaka 30. chagua jibu lifaalo.B. Mama ataenda jioni akilia. C. Mama atarudi asubuhi akicheka. D. Baba atarudi asubuhi akinuna.16. Chagua jina Ifsilostahili kuwa katika kundi hili. Mchungwa, mparachichi, mpaipai, mpera, mboga, limau A. LimauB. Mama ataenda jioni akilia. C. Mama atarudi asubuhi akinuna.18. Ng'ombe C. wenyeweWalijitumbukiza josho A. yenyewe19. Tambua upande 'P'17. Chagua kinyume cha: Mama atarudi jioni akitabasamu! A. Baba ataondoka asubuhi akinuna.Image: Comparison of the second s	15.	A. mpanda ngazi hushuka		B. mie nyumba ya ud	longo sihimili vishindo
 <u>Kuanzia swali nambari 16 mpaka 30, chagua jibu</u> lifaalo. <u>Ifaalo.</u> <u>Chagua jina Ifsilostahili kuwa katika</u> kundi hili. <u>Chagua jina Ifsilostahili kuwa katika</u> kundi hili. <u>Mchungwa, mparachichi, mpaipai, mpera,</u> mboga, limau <u>A. Limau</u> <u>B. Mpera</u> <u>C. Mboga</u> <u>D. Mchungwa</u>. <u>Mama atarudi jioni akitabasamu</u>: <u>A. Baba ataondoka asubuhi akinuna</u>. 		·	akilio		-
Mama atarudi jioni akitabasamu. A. Baba ataondoka asubuhi akinuna.	<i>lifaal</i> 16.	<u>o.</u> Chagua jina lfsilostahili kundi hili. Mchungwa, mparachichi, mboga, limau A. Limau B. I C. Mboga D. J	kuwa katika mpaipai, mpera, Mpera	C. Mama atarud D. Baba atarudi 18. Ng'ombe A. yenyewe C. wenyewe 19. Tambua upande	i asubuhi akicheka. asubuhi akinuna. walijitumbukiza joshoni. B. zenyewe D. mwenye 'P'
TW - 005 1 KISWAHILI DARASA LA		Mama atarudi jioni akital			
	TW -	- 005	1	K	ISWAHILI DARASA LA SITA

	A. Kaskazini magharibi	26.	Kanusha:
	B. Kusini mashariki		Anadai yeye huenda kwake na kurudi.
	C. Kaskazini mashariki		A. Anadai yeye huenda kwake na kurudi.
	D. Kusini magharibi.		B. Hadai kuwa yeye huenda kwake na
20.	Shairi lenye mishororo mitatu katika kila		kurudi.
	ubeti huitwaje?		C. Hadai kuwa yeye huwa haendi kwake
	A. Tathlitha B. Tarbia	6	wala kurudi.
	C. Takhmisa D. Tasdisa.		D. Amedai kuwa yeye anaenda kwake lakini
21.	Tegua kitendawili	- 6 - 6	harudi.
	Pango langu lina mawe meupe na zulia	27.	Andika kwa kauli ya taarifa:
	jekundu.	1. j	"Nitasafiri kwa gari kesho,"alisema.
	A. mdomo B. kikombe		A. Alisema kuwa atasafiri kwa gari kesho.
	C. chimbo D. gari.		B. Alisema kuwa atasafiri kwa gari siku
22.	Kipindi cha miaka kumi huitwa		itakayofuata.
	A. kikwi B. korija	• .	C. Alisema kuwa angesafiri kwa gari
	C. mwongo D. lukuki	A BARROW	siku iliyofuata.
23.	Chagua kiambishi kifaacho		D. Alidai kuwa alipendelea usafiri wa gari.
5	Tai hata - shinda kipungu kupaa angani .	28.	Maneno: mzuri, mwembamba, nene, safi,
	A. i B. m	e en	ni
	C. ki D. li		A vielezi B. vivumishi
24.	'Ka' imetumikaje katika sentensi hii?	e en para de contractados Rectos de la contractados	C. viashiria D. viarifa.
	Nilienda, tukaongea, tukala, nikaondoka.	29.	Nini maana ya, 'sarifu chakula'?
	A. Kuonyesha hali ya kuendelea kwa		A. Tumia chakula vibaya.
	matukio.		B. Pendelea chakula fulani.
	B. Kuonyesha hali ya wakati uliopita.		C Tumia chakula vizuri.
s. *	C. Kuonyesha hali ya masharti.		D Kula kwa pupa.
10	D. Kuonyesha hali ya kufuatana kwa	30.	Mtu huyu ni kinyonga'yaani;
	matukio.	teffeithe	A. anapenda kubadilishabadilisha rangi.
25.	Tambua kihusishi katika sentensi hii		B. ni mgeuzi.
	Merikebu imezama ndani ya maji.	a di seri	C. hana msimamo imara.
	A. imezama B. maji		D. anapenda kuwasumbua wengine.
	C. merikebu D. ndani ya.		
¥			

Soma kifungu kifuatacho kisha ujibu maswali 31 mpaka 40.

Hapo kale palikuwa na jamii ambayo ilikuwa ikitumia msitu wao asili. Jamii hii iliyoitwa Mil haingemruhusu yeyote aingie kwenye msitu huo isipokuwa wazee walioenda kufanya tambiko. Jambo la kushangaza ni kuwa hata serikali ya nchi haikuruhusiwa kugusa wala kuingia katika msitu huo. Maafisa wa serikali walishangaa walipoamua kupanda miti zaidi katika msitu huo. Serikali ilikuwa katika harakati za kuhifadhi misitu ya kiasili. Aidha ilinuia kuvuna mbao za kutosha kutokana na upanzi huo ili kusaidia katika uzalishaji viwandani.

Wazee wa mji wa Mil waliposikia hivyo, walikataa katakata. Waliamini kuwa yeyote angeingia katika msitu huo, basi mizimu ingegura. Ili kuweza kulainisha nyoyo za mizimu hii lazima kafara ingefanywa kutakasa msitu huo. Vuta nikuvute baina ya jamii hii ya Mil na serikali ilizuka kwa kuwa serikali ilidai kuwa ndiyo yenye manalaka ya mali yote ya nchi. Hivyo basi haingeliruhusu kundi dogo la jamii kusitisha juhudi zake za kuhifadhi mazingira. Jamii hii ya Mil ilionyeshwa kwa nini kanga hana manyoya shingoni. Serikali ilivileta vikosi vya polisi ili kusimamia shughuli hiyo ya upanzi wa miti.

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KISWAHILI DARASA LA SITA

2

Wazee hawa wa Mil walionekana kuwa nyuma mithili ya koti kwa kuwa wao wenyewe walishiriki katika ukataji wa miti yenyewe. Wazee hawa walikuwa wakiikata miti ili kupata maganda ya kuezeka nyumba zao. Asilimia tisini ya nyumba za jamii hii ya Mil ziliezekwa kwa maganda. Desturi hii ya kukata miti kiholela ndiyo ilikuwa kichocheo kikuu cha serikali kutaka kuongezea miti. Aidha serikali ilitaka kuwafunza jinsi ya kutafuta njia mbadala ya kuezeka nyumba zao.

Idadi ya watu pia iliongezeka sana. Idadi hii kubwa ilichangia kukatwa kwa miti kwa wingi. Wazee hawa wa eneo hili la Mil wanastahili kujua kuwa kupanda miti kutazuia jangwa ambalo halitawesaza wote. Afadhali kupanda miti kuliko kukabiliana na athari zake.

31.	Msitu wa kiasili katika jamii ya Mil	36.	Serikali iliona ilidharauliwa kwa kuwa,
	A. ulitumiwa kufanyia shughuli za kilimo na		A. ndiyo iliyopanda miti katika msitu huo
	wakazi wake.	1. J. J.	wa kiasili.
	B. ulithaminiwa sana kwa kuwa ni wazee wa	1	 B. mpango wake haukuwafurahisha wakazi wa Mil.
	kijiji walioruhusiwa kuingia.		
	C. Ulikuwa hauingiwi na yeyote hata	1. and 1. A	 C. ndiyo yenye mamlaka ya vitu vyote nchini.
	wanyamapori.	al Salates	D. haikuwakilishwa na yeyote katika jamii
22	D. ulikuwa hatari sana.		ya Mil.
32.	<u>Tambiko</u> ni	37.	Ili kufaulu kupanda miti,
	A. utekelezaji wa ada fulani ili kutuliza mizimu.	n an	A. Serikali iliwabembeleza wakazi wa Mil.
	B. shughuli za kulisha mifugo.		A. libidi serikali kutoa rushwa kwa wakazi
	C. kukata miti.	transistani serenja Lizimizir Musimi se	wa Mil.
	D. kutafuta kuni.	Sares (C. Serikali ililazimika kutumia mabavu.
33.	Nia ya serikali ya kuingia msituni		D. Serikali iliingia katika msitu majira ya
55.	ilikuwa gani?		usiku.
	A. Kukata miti ili kutengeneza mbao.	38.	Ni nini maana ya, 'Mizimu ingegura'?
	B. Kuchunguza waliokuwa wakifanya		A. Mizimu ingekasirika.
	shughuli za kilimo.		B. Mizimu ingelalamika.
•	C. kujua ukubwa wa msitu huo.	1.10	C. Mizimu ingebishana.
×	D. kupanda miti ili kuhifadhi misitu ya	1 I I	D. Mizimu ingehama.
	kiasili.	39.	Shida kubwa ya wazee ni kuwa,
34.	Nyoyo za mizimu zililainishwa kwa		A. walizuilia serikali kuingia msituni.
	A. kufanya kafara.	5 g a	B. walizuilia wakazi kuingia msituni.
÷ .	B. kupandiwa miti mingi.		C. hata wao wenyewe walikata miti bila
	C. kuombewa na wakazi wa Mil.		kupanda.
	D. Kuwashiwa moto mkubwa.		D. walikuwa wamezeeka sana kiasi cha
35.	Wakazi wa Mil,	- 40	kushindwa kulinda msitu wa Mil.
	A. yaonekana walikuwa wafuasi wa dini ya	40.	Ni methali gani inakubaliana na ujumbe
	Kikristo.	1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -	uliopigiwa kistari?
	B. yaonekana walikuwa wafuasi wa dini ya	ા ગુજ	A. Kwenye miti hakuna wajenzi.
· .	Kiisilamu.		B. Kinga ni bora kuliko tiba.C. Moyo wa mtu ni msitu mkubwa.
	C. yaonekana walikuwa watu walioamini	e e tract	D. Penye wazee hapaharibiki neno.
¥.	nguvu za kiitikadi.	2	2. I onye wazee napanarioiki itene.
	D. yaonekana waliongozwa na dini za		C. K.Rusto.
	kisasa.	6	 Mehreren "Si mirico havebea, sichinik
		1	and a second

3

KISWAHILI DARASA LA SITA

Soma shairi lifuatalo kisha ujibu maswali 41 mpaka 50

Sili hiyo yenu nyama, hata iwe vipi tamu Kwayo ng'ombe sitahama, labda iwe ya sumu Kiamuru mahakama, Biblia ndiye hakimu Nyama ya punda siili, sizishiki mila mbili.

Sasa punda watalia, mateso tawazidia Si mizigo kubebea, kichinjoni kuingia Ni wapi watakimbia, sifikiwe na majeraa Nyama ya punda siili, sizishiki mila mbili.

Hicho kijenga kiwanda, tapoteza wengi punda Idadi yao itakonda, kuimarika tadinda Tutaanza kuwawinda, siwepo wa kuwalinda Nyama ya punda siili, sizishiki mila mbili.

Hii mila ya kigeni, ghalibu tutapingana Nyama kushirikiana, punda hatutafanana Usiku ama mchana, mezani sitakutana Nyama ya punda siili, sizishiki mila mbili

41.	Shairi hili ni la bahari gani?		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	A. Takhmisa B. Ta rbia		A. Mzigo wa mwenzio ni ukanda wa usafi. B. Ajiingizaye kwa yasiyomhusu hupata
	C. Tathnia D. Tathmina.		yasiyomrithi.
42.	Mtunzi wa shairi hili, A. anajaribu kuwahimiza watu kudunisha		C. Asante ya punda ni mateke. D. Mtu pweke ni uvundo.
4 . t o _	mila zao. B. anawahimiza watu wawaheshimu punda. C. anawataka watu wawafuge punda wengi.	47.	Ulaji wa punda kutokana na shairi hili, A. ni tamaduni za kigeni. B. ni tamaduni zetu.
	D. anajaribu kuwahimiza watu kudumisha mila zao.		B. ni tamaduni zetu.C. ni mapenzi ya Wakenya wengi.D. ni suluhu ya upungufu wa nyama.
43.	Mtunzi wa shairi hili anapenda nyama ya mnyama gani?	48.	"Idadi itakonda" inamaanisha vipi? A. Idadi itapungua.
	A. Punda.B. Mbuzi.C. Ng'ombe.D. Ngamia.		B. Idadi itaongezeka. C. Idadi italeta shida.
44.	Mtunzi wa shairi hili, A. anaunga mkono ujenzi wa kiwanda cha punda		D. Idadi itaachiliwa iwe fremu kwa kutolishwa.
4)18 4	B. anapinga ujenzi wa kiwanda cha punda C. anataka watu waache kufuga punda	49.	"Sili hiyo yenu nyama, hata iwe vipi tamu," ni
	D. anataka punda waache kubeba mizigo.		A. mwanzoB. mlotoC. mleoD. Mkarara
45.	Mshairi anashiriki katika dini gani? A. Kiislamu. B. Kichina.	50.	Kitabu cha mashairi huitwaje? A. Kamusi. B. Diwali.
46.	C. Kikristo, D. Kihindi. Mshororo, "Si mizigo kubebea, kichinjioni kuingia," unaonyesha ukweli wa methali	ាងស្ថេត ខាន់ ស្ថេត	C. Diwani. D. Riwaya.
	gani?		

4

TARGETER WINGS EVALUATION TEST



STANDARD SIX - YEAR 2015

SECTION B



ENGLISH: COMPOSITION

TIME: 40 mins

TURN OVER

YOUR NAME		í.		
NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL				

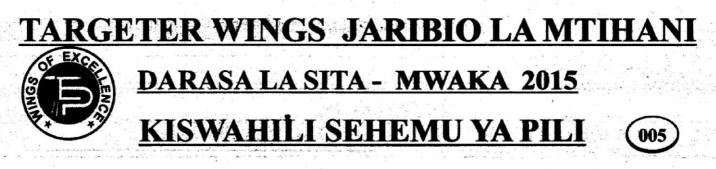
READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

- 1. In the spaces provided above, write your name and the name of your school.
- 2. Now open the page, read the heading of the composition carefully and write your composition on the lines provided.

This Question Paper consists of 4 printed pages.

"Published and printed by Targeter Educational Publishers Ltd. Email: exams@targeterpublishers.co.ke

	You have 40 minutes to write your composition.	
This on interacting (composition beginning with the following sentence.	
My father	came home looking very happy. He told me that	······
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A. S. S. S.		
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KISWAHILI: INSHA

MUDA: Dakika 40

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	and the second secon	a dia mandri dia dia mandri dia dia mandri dia dia mandri dia dia dia dia dia dia dia dia dia di			Tag í Var er veleðegr urðreinn m. v ef a	<u>n an an an an</u> Arrana. An
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	an go a ann an	بر و درو د انسه، بهری بوشه شره	- The state of the second state of the	بازد ولاد المنظ ويوردون محمد الألاغ	n	د. مربع معرفون می بود بی در در مربع از مر
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2. S	nsa fungua karatasi hii,	soma kichwa	cha insha kwa	makini na uan	like inshn yako	
2. S	nsa fungua karatasi hii, iyoachiwa	soma kichwa	cha insha kwa	makini na uan	like inshn yako	
2. S	nsa fungua karatasi hii,	soma kichwa	cha insha kwa	makini na uan	like inshn yako	
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2. S	nsa fungua karatasi hii, iyoachiwa	soma kichwa	cha insha kwa	makini na uan	like inshn yako	e Galania deserva de la del contra de contra contra por serva de la contra de constitues contra administrativas de la contra de
2. S	isa fungua karatasi hii, iyoachiwa	soma kichwa	cha insha kwa	makiri na ven	like insha yako	e Galania deserva de la del contra de contra contra por serva de la contra de constitues contra administrativas de la contra de
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TW - 005



RGETER WINGS EVALUATION TEST STANDARD SIX - YEAR 2015

MARKING SCHEME

(005)

MATHS	ENGLISH	KISWAHILI	SCIENCE	S/STUDIES/R.E	
1. D 26. D 2. C 27. A 3. A 28. B 4. C 29. A 5. B 30. C 6. D 31. D 7. C 32. C 8. A 33. A 9. A 34. D 10. B 35. C 11. C 36. A 12. D 37. B 13. A 38. D 14. B 39. B 15. C 40. C 16. B 41. D 17. A 42. A 18. A 43. C 19. D 44. D 20. D 45. B 21. B 46. C	1. A 26. D 2. D 27. A 3. C 28. C 4. B 29. B 5. D 30. C 6. C 31. B 7. A 32. B 8. B 33. C 9. D 34. A 10. C 35. D 11. B 36. C 12. A 37. A 13. D 38. A 14. B 39. C 15. C 40. B 16. A 41. A 17. B 42. D 18. D 43. A 19. C 44. B 20. D 45. D 21. C 46. C	1. B 26. C 2. A 27. C 3. C 28. C 4. D 29. C 5. A 30. B 6. C 31. B 7. B 32. A 8. B 33. D 9. D 34. A 10. B 35. C 11. A 36. C 12. A 37. C 13. D 38. D 14. C 39. C 15. C 40. B 16. A 41. B 17. A 42. A 18. C 43. C 19. D 44. B 20. A 45. C 21. A 46. C	1. A 26. C 2. C 27. D 3. B 28. B 4. C 29. A 5. B 30. B 6. D 31. D 7. C 32. B 8. C 33. A 9. D 34. C 10. B 35. B 11. D 36. C 12. C 37. D 13. A 38. B 14. D 39. C 15. B 40. A 16. C 41. B 17. B 42. C 18. D 43. D 19. A 44. B 20. C 45. A 21. B 46. C.	1. A 31. D R.E 2. C 32. B 61. A 3. C 33. A 62. D 4. D 34. D 63. B 5. B 35. C 64. C 6. A 36. A 65. B 7. A 37. B 66. D 8. C 38. D 67. A 9. D 39. C 68. C 10. B 40. A 69. B 11. A 41. B 70. A 12. D 42. C 71. D 13. D 43. D 72. C 14. B 44. B 73. A 15. A 45. A 74. B 16. C 46. A 75. D 17. D 47. D 76. A 19. B 49. B 78. C 19. B 49. B 78. C 19. B 49. B 79. D 20. D 50. C 80. A 21. A 51. A 81. C 22. B 52. C 82. B 23.	
22. D 47. D 23. A 48. A 24. C 49. B 25. B 50. B	22. B 47. C 23. A 48. A 24. C 49. B 25. B 50. C	22. C 47. A 23. B 48. A 24. D 49. A 25. D 50. C	22. B 47. C 23. C 48. D 24. B 49. B 25. A 50. D	26. A 56. A 86. C 27. C 57. C 87. D 28. C 58. B 88. B 29. A 59. A 89. C 30. B 60. D 90. A	

COMPOSITION / INSHA MARKING SCHEME

Marking Scheme Criterion

• The composition will be assessed according to the following general guidelines

• The maximum mark will be 40 and minimum mark 01.

• The script show that the candidate can communicate accurately, fluently and imaginatively in English

Accuracy

(a) Correct tense and agreement of verbs
(b). Accurate use of vocabulary
(c) Correct spelling
(d). Correct punctuation
(d). Correct spellings
(d). Correct spellings
(d). Correct spellings
(d). Correct spellings
(d). Ideas developed in logic sequence
(a) Unusual but appropriate use of words and phrases
(b). Variety of structure

N.B: Please, teachers are requested to scrutinize this marking scheme before use. It is worth

MARKING SCHEME STD. 6