Soma kifungu kifuatacho kisha ujaze nafasi 1 - 15 zilizochwa wazi.

1 za kale, paljondokea sungura na kobe. Wanyama hawa 2 marafiki 3 sana. Siku 4 sungura alimwuliza mzee kobe kwa nini hutembea kivivu sana. Jibu 5 ni 6 kobe huringa akitembea kwani mbio yake ni nyepesi 7 sungura.


Mheshimu mwenzako kila mara kwani heshima 15 utumwa.

1. A. Samani
   B. Thamani
   C. Samahani
   D. Zamani

2. A. waliikua
   B. wallikuwa
   C. walikaa
   D. hawakua

3. A. wakubwa
   B. wakumbwa
   C. pakubwa
   D. makubwa

4. A. moja
   B. moya
   C. mojab
   D. monja

5. A. alilopata
   B. alipata
   C. apatalo
   D. hakupatanga

6. A. kua
   B. kuwa
   C. kuanga
   D. kukuwa

7. A. kuliko
   B. kumliko
   C. kuliko
   D. kukuliko

8. A. mnaweza
   B. unaeza
   C. utaweza
   D. unaweza

9. A. kushindana
   B. kuzidana
   C. kusindana
   D. kushidana

10. A. hau
    B. hicho
    C. hii
    D. hiyo

11. A. kumaliza
    B. kumalizia
    C. kumalizisha
    D. kamalisha

12. A. kilipulizwa
    B. kitapulizwa
    C. kinapulizwa
    D. kimepulizwa

13. A. la
    B. za
    C. ya
    D. wa

14. A. za
    B. ya
    C. cha
    D. wa

15. A. ri
    B. huwa
    C. si
    D. haiwi
Kuanzia swali la 16-30 jibu swali kulingana na magizo uliyopewa.

16. Kanusha "Wao hula wali na nyama kilajioni"
   A. Yeye hukula wali na nyama kilajioni.
   B. Wao hawali wali na nyama kilajioni.
   C. Yeye halijali na nyama kilajioni.
   D. Wao hawakulangali wali na nyama kilajioni.

17. Kamilisha methali. "Mtegemea nundu haachi"
   A. kunona
   B. kuugua
   C. kuwa mjinga
   D. kufa maskini

18. Ni msamia gani wa darasani?
   A. Joko
   B. Taipureta
   C. Rafu
   D. Chano

19. Umoja wa mitende ni?
   A. Tende
   B. Mtende
   C. Matende
   D. Mitende

20. Jibu la salamu "subalkheri" ni
   A. kheri
   B. aheri
   C. masalkheri
   D. sebuleri

21. Siku ya tatu baada ya juzi ni
   A. leo
   B. kesho
   C. keshokutwa
   D. majuzi

22. Umbo hili ni
   A. mstari sambamba
   B. njia panda
   C. tao
   D. kipenyo

23. Andika 3 229 kwa maneno
   A. Elfu tatu, mbili na ishirini na sita.
   B. Elfu tatu mbili na ishirini na sita.
   C. Elfu tatu mia mbili na sita.
   D. Elfu tatu, mia mbili ishirini na sita.

24. Kidole kinachotangulia cha Shahada huitwaje?
   A. Cha kati
   B. Gumba
   C. Kidogo
   D. Cha Pete

25. Mwalimu Emmaha amewanasa vipepco
   A. mbili
   B. viwili
   C. wawili
   D. mawili

26. Mtoto wa ngunuwe huitwa kivinimbi ilhali mtoto wa simba huitwa
   A. kinyaunyau
   B. kiroboto
   C. matumatu
   D. shibli

27. Malipo ya kusoma shuleni huitwa
   A. mahari
   B. karo
   C. fidia
   D. mahari

28. Mtu asiyekuwa na uwezo wa kuona huitwaje?
   A. Kipofu
   B. Kizwani
   C. Bubu
   D. Kiwete

29. Neno samani liko katika ngeli gani?
   A. A-WA
   B. U-I
   C. I-ZI
   D. U-ZI

30. Malale ni ugonjwa unaombukizwa na
   A. konokono
   B. mbu
   C. furza
   D. mbung'o
Soma ufhahamu ufuatao kisha ujibu maswali 31 - 40.


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<td>B.</td>
<td>Jamhuri</td>
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<td>C.</td>
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<td>D.</td>
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<td>B.</td>
<td>Askari polisi</td>
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<tr>
<td>C.</td>
<td>Askari jeshi</td>
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<td>D.</td>
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<th>33.</th>
<th>Kati ya askari waafatao ni gani watu huwogopa sana?</th>
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<td>Askari jela</td>
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<td>B.</td>
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<td>Kiongozi wa mashtaka</td>
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<th>Kazi ya askari polisi ni</th>
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<td>B.</td>
<td>kutekeleza sheria na kuweka amani.</td>
</tr>
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<td>C.</td>
<td>kuweka amani na kufungwa wahalifu pingu viwikoni.</td>
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<td>kufikisha watu na kuwafungwa jela.</td>
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<th>Mtu anayetumia kufanya kinyume na sheria huitwaje?</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.</td>
<td>Hakimu</td>
</tr>
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<td>B.</td>
<td>Jaji</td>
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<td>C.</td>
<td>Mshukiwa</td>
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<td>D.</td>
<td>Mkosa heshima</td>
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<th>37.</th>
<th>Ni gani haijatajwa kwenyewe ufhahamu?</th>
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<td>Kufungwa kinyonga</td>
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<td>Kufungwa mienie</td>
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<td>C.</td>
<td>Kufungwa miaka</td>
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<td>D.</td>
<td>Kufungwa maisha</td>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>38.</th>
<th>Anayesoma makosa au mashtaka kortini huitwa</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.</td>
<td>kiongozi wa mashtaka</td>
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<td>B.</td>
<td>karani</td>
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<td>C.</td>
<td>jaji</td>
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<td>D.</td>
<td>polisi</td>
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<tr>
<th>39.</th>
<th>Mahali anaposimama mshtakiwa kortini anapojitea huitwa</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.</td>
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<td>B.</td>
<td>korokoroni</td>
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<td>C.</td>
<td>kizimbani</td>
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<td>D.</td>
<td>kortini</td>
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<tr>
<th>40.</th>
<th>Ufhahamu huu unatufundisha msamiai wa</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.</td>
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<td>B.</td>
<td>makani</td>
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<td>C.</td>
<td>adabu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D.</td>
<td>jela</td>
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</table>
Soma hadithi ifuatayo kisha ajibu swali la 41- 50

Palikuwa na mtu mmoja na mkewe. Watu hawa walikuwa na mali chache sana. Mali yao ilikuwa kondoo mmoja na jago oo wawili tu.


41. Jogoo
A. huberca
B. luwika
C. hukoroma
D. ukokooiiko

42. Mara ya kwanza bibi alitaka nani achinjwe mgeni? 
A. Mbuzi
B. Mume
C. Kondoo
D. Jogoo

43. “Allah! Allah!” ilikuwa na maana gani? 
A. Chinja
B. Ni mungu
C. Si mimi
D. Mambu ni kwa Mungu

44. Mwishowe ni nani alichinjwa? 
A. Kondoo
B. Jogoo
C. Wote
D. Kuku

45. Mtu na mkewe walikuwa na mali kiasi gani? 
A. Nyingi
B. Mingi
C. Machache
D. Chache

46. Jogoo aliwika kutokea saa sita hadi 
A. jioni
B. adhuhuri
C. asubuhi
D. usiku

47. Wageni walikuwa wangapi? 
A. Mmoja
B. Moja
C. Hatujaambiwa
D. Wawili

48. Hao watu walikuwa na jogoo wangapi? 
A. Mmoja
B. Wawili
C. Watatu
D. Wanne

49. Ni nani alichuzunika sana? 
A. Kuku
B. Jogoo
C. Kondoo
D. Mume

50. Hadithi hii inatufunza 
A. tsiwapende
B. tsiwachoko
C. tsiwacheca
D. tsiwale
A man 1 was cutting wood 2 a river 3 his axe in the water. 4 was no one to help 5 retrieve it. So he sat 6 on the riverbank and 7 to cry. Suddenly, 8 man dressed 9 white clothes appeared 10 asked him 11 the matter was. Feeling sorry 12 the wood cutter, he dived 13 the water and 14 up a gold axe. He 15 the wood cutter if that was the axe he had lost.

1. A. whom  B. whose  C. who’s  D. who
2. A. near  B. across  C. over  D. into
3. A. lost  B. loose  C. lose  D. last
4. A. They’re  B. There  C. Their  D. The
5. A. her  B. he  C. him  D. she
6. A. near  B. down  C. up  D. far
7. A. began  B. begin  C. begins  D. begun
8. A. a  B. the  C. an  D. our
9. A. on  B. at  C. in  D. into
10. A. but  B. since  C. and  D. for
11. A. when  B. then  C. what  D. which
12. A. with  B. for  C. at  D. from
13. A. into  B. onto  C. upto  D. unto
14. A. bring  B. brings  C. bought  D. brought
15. A. axed  B. asked  C. told  D. tell
16. When Ondari looked ____ the window, he saw the teacher coming.
   A. over
   B. below
   C. through
   D. into

17. We cut the grass ____ a panga.
   A. by
   B. with
   C. for
   D. through

18. A car is ____ than a bicycle.
   A. more expensive
   B. much expensive
   C. expensive
   D. most expensive

19. The pupils walked ____ to avoid being late.
   A. quick
   B. quickly
   C. quicker
   D. more quicker

20. At the party, Rehema had ____ a new pink dress.
   A. wear
   B. wore
   C. weared
   D. worn

21. As slow as a
   A. bird
   B. tortoise
   C. cow
   D. bat

22. As hungry as a
   A. wolf
   B. lion
   C. hyena
   D. fish

Choose the opposite of the underlined word
23. Makumi is very polite.
   A. busy  B. cunning
   C. lazy   D. rude

24. Will you buy that car?
   A. sell  B. bought
   C. sold   D. drive

25. Which of the words below is correct in spelling?
   A. Excitement
   B. Weding
   C. Ceremony
   D. Atend
Read the passage below and use it to answer question 26 to 38

There was once a Prince who wanted to marry a real Princess. He travelled all over the world looking for one but failed to find one, so he returned home.

One night, during a terrible storm, there was a knocking at the gate of the town and the old King went to open it. It was a Princess who stood outside. And oh dear, what a state she was in! The water ran down from her hair and her clothes into her shoes, but she said she was a real Princess.

“Well then we will soon find out,” thought the Queen, but she said nothing. Instead she went into the bedroom and laid a small pea on the slabs of the bed. Upon these she heaped twenty mattresses and twenty bedcovers. The Princess was to sleep there that night.

In the morning she was asked how she had slept.

“Oh, very badly,” she answered. “I have scarcely closed my eyes all night. I lay on something hard, so that my body is all black and blue.”

Everybody knew then that she was a real Princess because no one else would have felt the pea through all those soft mattresses and bedcovers, and so the Prince married her.

26. What did the Prince wish to do?
A. To marry a real Prince
B. To marry a real Queen
C. To marry a real Princess
D. To marry a real King

27. The opposite of the word Prince is
A. Princess
B. Queen
C. King
D. Duke

28. What did the Prince do when he failed to find a real Princess?
A. He returned home
B. He married a Princess
C. He told his mother
D. He told his father

29. One night there was a
A. heavy rain
B. terrible storm
C. terrific storm
D. terrible rain

30. Who arrived at the gate during the storm?
A. A knocking
B. A Prince
C. A Princess
D. A Queen

31. What was running down from the Princess’ hair to her shoes?
A. Water
B. Hair
C. Beauty
D. Perfume

32. What small thing did the Queen put on the slabs of the bed?
A. Pea
B. Stone
C. Mattresses
D. Bed covers

33. What did the Queen put on top of the pea?
A. Bedcovers
B. Princess
C. Slabs
D. Mattresses

34. Why did the Queen put a pea on the bed?
A. To test if the Princess was real
B. To test if the Prince was real
C. To help the Princess sleep badly
D. To help the Princess sleep well

35. How did the Princess sleep that night?
A. Very badly
B. Very awake
C. Very soundly
D. Very scarcely

36. Which colours describe how the Princess’ body was in the morning?
A. Black and blue
B. Pink and purple
C. Black and red
D. Blue and brown

37. How many people are mentioned in the story?
A. Three
B. Two
C. Four
D. One

38. In the end
A. the Prince married the Princess
B. the King married the Princess
C. the King married the Queen
D. the Prince married the Queen
Read the story below and answer question 39 to 50.

In the beginning there was one man on earth and his name was Kintu. He lived with his cow which provided him with all his needs.

One day Heaven sent his servant to take away Kintu's cow and bring it to him. Kintu followed and demanded his cow back. Heaven told him that he could have his cow if he could do certain things.

Kintu was first given a great deal of food and drink which he was told he must finish all by himself. Fortunately, some ants came and helped him to do this. Heaven next demanded firewood saying that he burned rocks. Once again, luck was on Kintu's side. Lighting flashed and split a rock.

39. In the beginning, how many men were there on earth?
A. One  
B. Two  
C. Many  
D. None

40. Kintu lived with
A. heaven  
B. his wife  
C. his cow  
D. cows

41. Who was sent by Heaven to take Kintu's cow?
A. Heaven  
B. A servant  
C. An angel  
D. Thieves

42. How many things was Kintu asked to do?
A. Many  
B. One  
C. Two  
D. Certain

43. The first thing Kintu was asked to do was to
A. burn rocks  
B. bring lightning  
C. eat a lot of food  
D. eat a lot of ants

44. To finish the food, Kintu was helped by
A. heaven  
B. the servant  
C. no one  
D. ants

45. The word fortunately is underlined. It is close in meaning to
A. luckily  
B. immediately  
C. unfortunately  
D. then

46. The second thing Kintu was asked to do was to
A. finish a lot of food  
B. eat a lot of ants  
C. eat a lot of food  
D. burn rocks with fire

47. How many times was Kintu lucky?
A. Once  
B. Thrice  
C. Twice  
D. Many

48. _____ flashed and split a rock.
A. Kintu  
B. Light  
C. Lightning  
D. Heaven

49. What did the cow provide to Kintu?
A. All his need  
B. Milk  
C. Meat  
D. Meat and milk

50. The word first is underlined. What is the opposite of his word?
A. Second  
B. Last  
C. Next  
D. Lastly
1. Incisors are types of teeth which are chisel-like. They are used for 
   A. biting  
   B. chewing  
   C. grinding  
   D. tearing  

2. The last four teeth in a human being are called  
   A. deciduous teeth  
   B. false teeth  
   C. premolars  
   D. wisdom teeth  

3. A special thread covered with wax that is used to clean between the teeth is called a  
   A. thread  
   B. string  
   C. dental floss  
   D. brush  

4. When should we brush our teeth?  
   A. After every meal  
   B. In the morning  
   C. Before going to bed  
   D. Twice a day  

5. The virus that causes AIDS is called  
   A. immune  
   B. HIV  
   C. bacteria  
   D. syndrome  

6. Plants that grow in areas where they are NOT wanted are called  
   A. weeds  
   B. food crops  
   C. cash crops  
   D. oil crops  

7. Which one of the following is NOT a crop that grows in dry areas?  
   A. Cactus  
   B. Acacia  
   C. Baobab  
   D. Rice  

8. Which of the following is NOT a beverage crop?  
   A. Tea  
   B. Cocoa  
   C. Coffee  
   D. Cotton  

9. Which weed is edible?  
   A. Oxalis  
   B. Pig weed  
   C. Wandering jew  
   D. Mexican marigold  

10. Clouds are grouped according to the following EXCEPT  
    A. appearance  
    B. shape  
    C. height  
    D. size  

11. The different shapes and sizes of the moon at different times of the month are called  
    A. colours  
    B. shapes  
    C. phases  
    D. faces  

12. Which of the following materials can be used to model clouds?  
    A. Clay  
    B. Loam  
    C. Cotton wool  
    D. Charcoal
13. Which one of the following is NOT a reason why animals move? To
   A. escape from danger
   B. die
   C. look for shelter
   D. look for water

14. A butterfly feeds by
   A. biting  B. sucking
   C. pecking  D. chewing

15. A snail moves by
   A. gliding
   B. leaping
   C. crawling
   D. slithering

16. The BEST way of controlling weeds in a nursery bed is
   A. digging them out
   B. uprooting
   C. slashing
   D. mulching

17. If a child wants to climb a wall the child should use a
   A. wheel barrow  B. motorcycle
   C. ladder  D. bicycle

18. Which one of the following is NOT a natural source of light?
   A. The sun
   B. Firefly
   C. Electricity
   D. Stars

19. The plant drawn above is
   A. a cactus  B. an acacia
   C. a sugarcane  D. an aloevera

20. The simple machine is called a
   A. hammer  B. panga
   C. crowbar  D. slasher

21. A blind person has _____ senses.
   A. 3  B. 2
   C. 5  D. 4

22. Which activity is done during a dry season?
   A. Making bricks
   B. Weeding
   C. Planting
   D. Ploughing

23. The shedding of teeth starts at the age of
   A. six years
   B. 12 years
   C. two years
   D. 20 years

24. We get mohair from
   A. sheep
   B. donkey
   C. goat
   D. cow

25. Which one of the following is NOT a characteristic of cumulus clouds?
   A. Flat bottom
   B. Indicates fine weather
   C. Looks like huge bundles of cotton wool
   D. A sign of heavy rain

26. Broilers are kept for meat. They are ready to be slaughtered at the age of
   A. 2 weeks  B. 2 years
   C. 2 months  D. 2 days
27. In which way can you store water for a large number of people?
A. Use of pots
B. Use of buckets
C. Use of dams
D. Use of drums

28. Which animal is CORRECTLY matched with what it gives us?
A. Goat  ___________ Milk  
B. Cow  ___________ Mohair  
C. Sheep  ___________ Milk  
D. Donkey  ___________ Fur

29. The experiment below was done by class four pupils.

Glass  
Bubbles  
Basin  
Cold water  
Hot water

The pupils concluded that
A. soil contains air  
B. water contains air  
C. water has bubbles  
D. air contains water

30. My body is covered with fur, I give birth and I can fly. Whom am I?
A. Hen  
B. Duck  
C. Bird  
D. Bat

31. Rules of cleanliness is called
A. hygiene  
B. smartness  
C. godliness  
D. goodness

32. The below experiment was performed by class three pupils.

Glass  
Bubbles of air  
Water  
Soil  
Basin

They concluded that
A. water contains air  
B. bubbles are contained in the water  
C. soil contains air  
D. air contains soil

33. A fish breathes by means of
A. scales  
B. gills  
C. mouth  
D. nose

34. The MAIN source of light and heat is the
A. fire  
B. moon  
C. electricity  
D. sun

35. These phase of moon above is called
A. old moon  
B. full moon  
C. new moon  
D. crescent

36. When several young ones are born at the same time to the same mother are known as
A. young ones  
B. small babies  
C. a litter  
D. several young ones
37. The young ones of frogs are called
   A. tadpoles
   B. fingerlings
   C. puppies
   D. chicks

38. The sun looks larger than other stars because it is
   A. too hot
   B. too big
   C. closer to the earth than the other stars
   D. too bright

39. _____ are NOT food crops.
   A. Cereals
   B. Legumes
   C. Vegetables
   D. Cotton

40. Weeds do the following to crops EXCEPT
   A. they compete with crops for food
   B. some weeds are poisonous and can transmit diseases to crops
   C. some weed seeds mix with crop seeds hence destroying the farm produce
   D. weeds increases crops yields

41. The facial expressions which are used to communicate are called
   A. gestures
   B. expressions
   C. demonstrations
   D. communication methods

42. Which soil cannot make ribbons?
   A. Clay
   B. Loam
   C. Sand
   D. Mud

43. Which one of the following is NOT a characteristic of animals? They
   A. grow
   B. make their own food
   C. die
   D. reproduce

44. Which of the following is NOT a way of maintaining strong teeth?
   A. Eating hard foods like carrots
   B. Brushing the teeth regulary
   C. Opening sodas using teeth
   D. Eating fresh vegetables and fruits

45. Which of the following is NOT a problem related to teeth?
   A. Bad smell
   B. Bleeding gums
   C. Cavities
   D. Shedding of teeth

46. A millipede protects itself by
   A. coiling itself
   B. running away
   C. hiding in a shell
   D. biting

47. Which of the following is NOT a way of storing water? In
   A. dams
   B. pots
   C. buckets
   D. taps

48. An insect breathes by means of
   A. spiracles
   B. gills
   C. abdomen
   D. nose

49. A vehicle that transports water is called a
   A. bus
   B. tanker
   C. lorry
   D. tractor

50. Which ONE is not a special sound?
   A. A bell
   B. Ambulance sirens
   C. Police sirens
   D. Child cry
Study the map of Ndaku area to answer questions 1 to 7.

1. What is the direction of the school from the chief’s camp?
   A. North West    B. North East
   C. South East    D. South West

2. People in Ndaku area are?
   A. Hindus       B. Christians
   C. Muslims      D. Pagans

3. Which of the following is the economic activity of the people of Ndaku area?
   A. Mining       B. Trading
   C. Crop farming D. Pastoralism

4. The main form of transport in Ndaku area is?
   A. water        B. railway
   C. road         D. air

5. Ndaku area is divided into _______ districts.
   A. 1            B. 3
   C. 2            D. 4

6. The airstrip is likely to be used by which people?
   A. Christians   B. Tourists
   C. Pastoralists D. Maasai

7. The vegetation found in the North-East of Ndaku area is?
   A. Forest       B. Woodland
   C. Shrubs       D. Grass

8. The sun sets in the
   A. East        B. West
   C. North       D. South

9. The President of Kenya is called Hon
   A. Daniel Moi  B. Jomo Kenyatta
   C. Uhuru Kenyatta D. Mwai Kibaki

10. Which one of the following areas is likely to be densely populated?
    A. Slums       B. Swampy area
    C. Semi-arid area D. Game parks

11. A county is headed by a
    A. Governor    B. Chief
    C. District officer D. D.C

12. A land lying between two hills is called a
    A. plain       B. mountain
    C. valley      D. river

13. Many trees growing together make a
    A. mountain    B. forest
    C. lake        D. swamp

Study the diagram below to answer questions 14 to 16.

14. The part labelled A is called a
    A. jar         B. cylinder
    C. funnel      D. glass

15. The part labelled B is called
    A. jar         B. cylinder
    C. funnel      D. glass

16. The weather instrument above is used for measuring
    A. rainfall     B. temperature
    C. medicine    D. wind

17. When a driver sees the bumps ahead sign he or she should
    A. stop        B. drive carefully
    C. turn back   D. rive fast

18. Which of the following is NOT a physical feature?
    A. River       B. Mountain
    C. Bridge      D. Valley

19. Our National flag has _____ colours.
    A. 6           B. 3
    C. 5           D. 4
20. We get wax and honey from
A. sheep  B. bees
C. pigs   D. cows

21. Which of the following is child abuse?
A. Taking a child to hospital.
B. Taking a child to school.
C. Working in farms instead of going to school.
D. Providing shelter for the child.

22. Another name for grassland vegetation is
A. savanna  B. scrub
C. thicket  D. bushland

23. The following are major communities living in our country EXCEPT
A. Bantu  B. Nilotes
C. Cushites  D. Europeans

24. Which of the following is NOT a traditional means of communication?
A. Letter  B. Smoke
C. Drum beating  D. Message

25. Which one of the following communities is a Nilote?
A. Agikuyu  B. Luo
C. Akamba  D. Mijikenda

26. Kenya is made up of ______ counties.
A. 46  B. 42
C. 47  D. 45

27. Plains in our county are MAINLY important for
A. settlement  B. forest
C. farming  D. sources of rivers

28. Chicken kept for meat are known as
A. subsistence  B. beef
C. broilers  D. layers

29. Ann a std four girl is suffering from HIV/AIDS, which is the BEST way to handle her?
A. Tell her to leave school.
B. Take care and help her
C. Laugh at her
D. Tell her to sit and play alone.

30. The BEST time for winnowing grains is when the weather is
A. cloudy  B. rainy
C. windy  D. sunny

31. Semi-arid areas
A. have a lot of rainfall
B. have very many people
C. are hot and wet
D. are hot and dry

32. While walking home Dolisina class four girl was offered some sweets by a stranger. Which is the BEST thing for her to do?
A. Accept the sweets and say thank you.
B. Refuse the sweets and walk away.
C. Hug the stranger happily
D. Take the stranger home.

33. The quickest means of transport is
A. road  B. air
C. water  D. railway

34. Which of the following is NOT a right of the child?
A. Right to food  B. Right to protection
C. Right to disobey  D. Right to education

35. Animals that are kept at home are known as animals.
A. domestic  B. pack
C. wildlife  D. marine

36. A nuclear family consists of
A. father, mother and aunt
B. mother, uncle and children
C. mother and nephews
D. father, mother and children

37. The Turkana, Maasai and Iteso are all
A. Semites  B. Nilotes
C. Bantu  D. Cushites

38. The following are traditional food EXCEPT
A. millet  B. pan cake
C. yams  D. arrow roots

39. The MAIN cardinal points add up to?
A. four  B. three
C. two  D. true North
40. Which of the following represents a traditional Maasai house?

A. 
B. 
C. 
D. 

41. In the past boys were taught to
A. cook  
B. clean houses  
C. take care of babies  
D. take care of animals  

42. Which of these is NOT a fruit?
A. Paw paw  
B. Pineapple  
C. Spinach  
D. Water melon  

43. Long time ago people use to wear clothes made from
A. skin  
B. wool  
C. nylon  
D. cotton  

44. When there is no teacher in class, who is in charge?
A. Head teacher  
B. Teacher  
C. Prefect  
D. Nobody  

Use the diagram to answer questions 45 to 46.

45. The weather is
A. cloudy  
B. sunny  
C. windy  
D. rainy  

46. The weather is BEST for
A. harvesting  
B. planting  
C. winnowing  
D. ploughing  

47. The liquid that is put in the thermometer is called
A. mercury  
B. water  
C. milk  
D. kerosene  

48. Which of the following is NOT a source of water?
A. River  
B. Lake  
C. Borehole  
D. Soil  

49. A school community is NOT made up of
A. teachers  
B. pupils  
C. thieves  
D. workers  

50. The following are happy occasions EXCEPT
A. birthday  
B. burial  
C. wedding  
D. naming  

51. Which colour of Kenyan’s flag represents people of Kenya?
A. Black  
B. White  
C. Red  
D. Green  

52. The major problem facing our country today is
A. accidents  
B. diseases  
C. terrorism  
D. drought  

53. The quickest method to send information is by
A. newspaper  
B. radio  
C. letter  
D. mobile phone  

54. The exchange of goods for goods is called
A. barter trade  
B. selling  
C. currency  
D. buying  

55. We wear light clothes during
A. hot days  
B. windy days  
C. rainy days  
D. cold days  

56. Who among the following arrests criminals?
A. Judges  
B. Police  
C. Teachers  
D. Guards  

57. A buyer can meet a seller in a
A. church  
B. school  
C. hospital  
D. market
58. _______ are laws that guide our behaviour in the society.
   A. School rules       B. Family rules
   C. Moral rules        D. Church rules

59. We celebrate Madaraka day on
   A. 1st May           B. 1st June
   C. 1st January       D. 1st April

60. An airport or airstrip is found on
   A. highlands         B. plains
   C. hills             D. mountains
PART II: RELIGIOUS EDUCATION
SECTION A:

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. The Bible is divided into ______ parts.
   A. 2   B. 3
   C. 1   D. 4

62. God is the creator of
   A. animals only  B. human beings only
   C. everything    D. none

63. To show Jesus has power over nature, Jesus calmed the
   A. drought      B. storm
   C. sea          D. fire

64. ______ built the Ark
   A. John        B. Noah
   C. Mark        D. Moses

65. We talk to God through
   A. player      B. fighting
   C. shouting    D. prayer

66. ‘This is my own dear son, with whom I am pleased’. Who said these words?
   A. God         B. Jesus
   C. Holy Spirit D. Abraham

67. We celebrate the death and resurrection of Jesus in the month of
   A. December    B. April
   C. June        D. January

68. A good leader should be humble and
   A. corrupt     B. violent
   C. honest      D. proud

69. Lazarus had two sisters. Mary and
   A. Naomi       B. Mercy
   C. Ruth        D. Martha

70. Jesus had ______ disciples.
   A. 18          B. 12
   C. 10          D. 4

71. ______ and Eve were our first parents.
   A. Adam        B. Enoch
   C. Peter       D. Noah

72. Naomi had ______ sons.
   A. 4
   B. 3
   C. 1
   D. 2

73. We should respect and ______ our teachers and parents.
   A. abuse       B. hate
   C. obey        D. ignore

74. Too much rain causes
   A. war         B. floods
   C. separation  D. drought

75. We should say ______ when we wrong others.
   A. go away     B. thank you
   C. sorry       D. nothing

76. Hindu worship in a place called a
   A. Temple      B. Mosque
   C. Church      D. Shrine

77. Pupils in your school are your
   A. classmates  B. schoolmates
   C. friends     D. relatives

78. Jesus died on the cross because of our
   A. education  B. enemies
   C. food       D. sins

79. The children of Israel were slaves in
   A. Canaan      B. Kenya
   C. Israel      D. Egypt

80. ______ is the last book of the Old Testament.
   A. Malachi     B. Revelation
   C. Genesis     D. Matthew

81. God created heaven and earth for ______ days.
   A. 7           B. 6
   C. 5           D. 4

82. Moses was given ______ commands by God at Mount
   A. Kenya       B. Horeb
   C. Sinai       D. Cumeal
83. ______ stayed with priest Eli in the temple.
A. James     B. Elijah
C. Hosea      D. Samuel

84. Joseph was sold by ______ to Egypt.
A. his brothers  B. his father
C. his mother   D. his enemies

85. Prophet ______ spoke about the birth of Jesus in the Old testament.
A. Amos       B. Elisha
C. Isaiah     D. Moses

86. Christ went through a difficult time in the garden of
A. Eden       B. Gethsemane
C. Galileo    D. Carmel

87. We should love and help the ______ people.
A. rich       B. friends
C. clever     D. needy

88. Emmanuel means
A. God with us  B. Messiah
C. Sinner      D. Disciple

89. We should protect God’s creation by
A. cutting down trees  B. feeding animals
C. animals             D. polluting the environment

90. Why should Christians not fear death?
A. They won’t die  B. There is resurrection after death
C. Satan kills people  D. Only sinners die

SECTION B:
ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. Which verse of Surah Al-Fil matches this picture?
A. Wa-Arsala aleihum thwayaran abaabiil
B. Alam Jaz-al Kaidahum Fii tadh-liil
C. Alam tarakaifat fa’ala Rabbuka bi as-habil fiyl
D. Tammiihim bihijsaratin min Siijijil

62. What did Allah (s.w) show the Qureish people in Surah Al-Qureish?
A. The best way to play gambling
B. The best way to recite poems
C. The best way of trade
D. The best way to make food

63. Which word in Surah Kauthar did the enemies of the prophet use calling him?
A. Anhar      B. Kauthar
C. Abtar      D. Shaami-aka

64. Surah ______ tells us, how Allah (s.w) cursed one of the prophet’s uncle.
A. Kauthar    B. Lahab
C. Humran     D. Nasr

65. In every Swalah, we must recite Surah
A. Nasir     B. Ikhlas
C. Falaq      D. Fatih

66. A Muslim is a brother to a Muslim and should do all these to him EXCEPT
A. punish him when he does any wrong
B. serve him in time of need
C. remove difficulties from him
D. welcome him for food and ceremonies

67. If we worship other things together with Allah it becomes
A. Ihsaan     B. Shirk
C. Ibaadah    D. Israaf

68. When you give a full Islamic greeting you ______ thawaabs.
A. 5, 5, 5 = 15  B. 7, 7, 7 = 21
C. 10, 10, 10 = 30  D. 5, 5, 7 = 17

69. People who fear Allah and have good behaviour will go to
A. hell       B. heaven
C. masjid Haram  D. paradise

70. Even if our toilets are clean we should not enter them with
A. shoes     B. the Holy Qur’an
C. the left foot  D. water
71. Who among these people in Swalat should recite Tasha-had?

A.  

B.  

C.  

D.  

72. Only dogs and pigs are the two examples of Najis

A. Mukhaaffa  
B. Muhaddatha  
C. Mutawasit  
D. Mughallahadha  

73. Muslims give out _______ from their wealth.

A. Swaum  
B. Hijj  
C. Zakkat  
D. Salaat  

74. In which form of purification do we use clean soft sand?

A. Istinjaa  
B. Tayammum  
C. Ghusul  
D. Wudhu  

75. Which Salaat has got three rakaats?

A. Fajr  
B. Asr  
C. Maghrib  
D. Dhaajj  

76. In the Mosque, the Imam stands at _______ when he gives out Khutba.

A. Mimbar  
B. Mihaarab  
C. Swafa  
D. Fajr  

77. Which one of the following is NOT a Fardh part of ‘ibadah?

A. Washing the face  
B. Cleaning face, in and out  
C. Washing part of the hair  
D. Washing the feet  

78. A good Islamic cloth totally covers the _______ parts of the body.

A. Farj  
B. Fardh.  
C. Sunna  
D. Aura.  

79. There are _______ attributes of Allah.

A. 109  
B. 119  
C. 129  
D. 99.  

80. Which prophet is WRONGLY matched with what happened to him?

A. He understood the language of every creature - Prophet Suleiman  
B. He was cut into two pieces - Prophet Yahya  
C. He was swallowed by a big fish - Prophet Yunus  
D. He was thrown in a deep well - Prophet Yusuf  

81. What is the duty of Angel Izra’il?

A. To bring Wahyi  
B. To remove souls.  
C. To blow a trumpet.  
D. To control rainfall.  

82. In order to make good use of time Muslims should be

A. generous  
B. honest  
C. punctual  
D. hard working  

83. Which one of the following activities in Islam is not Haraam?

A. Begging  
B. Stealing  
C. Trading  
D. Gambling  

84. Which choice shows the first and the last months of Islamic Calendar?

A. Muharram and Dhul-Hijja  
B. Rajab and Ramadhan  
C. Rabiaa Awal and Shawwaal  
D. Janaam Uula and Shaaban  

85. Which one of the following is NOT an Islamic piece of advice?

A. Be a Walad Swarih  
B. Join good company  
C. Hate non-Muslims  
D. Visit the sick  

86. _______ took the prophet to Shaam for the first time to learn business.

A. Friend Abu Bakr  
B. Uncle Abu Talib  
C. Lady Khadija - his wife  
D. Halima - his foster mother  

87. The _______ helped Nabii Suleiman to build the Bait al-Maqdis grand Mosque.

A. Elephants  
B. Angels  
C. Slaves  
D. Jinns  

88. Again Masjid Aqsa was the _______ direction of Qibla.

A. First  
B. Second  
C. Third  
D. Fourth  

89. Which sign shows the Hindu Temple of worship?

A.  
B.  
C.  
D.  

90. Somebody does something good for you. As a Muslim you thank him by saying

A. Maashallah  
B. Jazaakallah  
C. Instaallah  
D. Bi-Khair Alhamdulillah
1. Which one of the following numbers is forty thousand and seven?
   A. 40 070
   B. 40 007
   C. 40 700
   D. 47 000

2. Write the following number in words 60 606.
   A. Sixty thousand six hundred and sixty.
   B. Six thousand six hundred and sixty six.
   C. Sixty thousand six hundred and sixty six.
   D. Sixty thousand six hundred and six.

3. What is the place value of digit 5 in 15 643?
   A. Hundreds
   B. Tens
   C. Ten thousands
   D. Thousands

4. What is the total value of digit 9 in 96 427?
   A. 90 000
   B. 900
   C. 90
   D. 9 000

5. Which one of the following is NOT a multiple of 6?
   A. 12
   B. 14
   C. 18
   D. 24

6. Among the following pairs of factors, which is the odd one out?
   A. 9 × 4
   B. 6 × 6
   C. 4 × 8
   D. 3 × 12

7. Which one of the following numbers is divisible by 2, 5 and 10?
   A. 805
   B. 3182
   C. 1095
   D. 1240

8. The following are even numbers. Which one is NOT?
   A. 25
   B. 18
   C. 13
   D. 11

9. What do you get when you add two odd numbers?
   A. Even number
   B. Odd number
   C. No answer
   D. Zero

10. Add the following 12604+138+7+3943=
    A. 15 691
    B. 17 701
    C. 16 691
    D. 16 791

11. Michael has two donkeys. One donkey weighs 456kg and the other one 475kg. What is their total weight?
    A. 930kg
    B. 921kg
    C. 831kg
    D. 931kg

12. A coffee factory sold 4073kg of coffee in the month of February, 10354kg in March and 7985 in April. How many kg did the factory sell in the three months?
    A. 12 412
    B. 22 412
    C. 22 312
    D. 22 402

13. There are 10 007 women in Mukuru village and 9578 men. How many more women than men are in that village?
    A. 429
    B. 1429
    C. 329
    D. 519
14. Anita had 1512 goats. She sold 989 of them to Okumu. How many was she left with?
   A. 423  B. 1523  C. 523  D. 2501

15. What do I take away from eighty two to get forty nine?
   A. 33  B. 23  C. 13  D. 43

16. What is the next number in the pattern?
   50, 49, 47, 44, 40, __
   A. 36  B. 35  C. 41  D. 37

17. What answer do you get when you multiply 98 by 7?
   A. 786  B. 586  C. 686  D. 1686

18. Ten children were playing with marbles. Each child had thirty six marbles. How many marbles did they have altogether?
   A. 3600  B. 36  C. 46  D. 360

19. What is 315 divided by 3?
   A. 105  B. 15  C. 50  D. 150

20. When you divide 905 by 21 what remainder do you get?
   A. 43  B. 403  C. 2  D. 20

21. Kamakwa Primary School wanted to hire matatus to transport its 364 pupils to National Meusum. If each matatu carried 13 pupils, how many matatus did they board?
   A. 28  B. 208  C. 20  D. 80

22. Write the next two numbers in the following pattern. 9, 18, 36, 72, ___, ___
   A. 288, 144  B. 144, 288  C. 74, 76  D. 78, 80

23. Complete the following pattern.
   256, 128, 64, 32, ___, ___
   A. 16  B. 8  C. 34  D. 30

24. What fraction is shaded?

   ![Fraction Diagram]

   A. \(\frac{3}{8}\)  B. \(\frac{5}{8}\)  C. \(\frac{1}{2}\)  D. \(\frac{1}{4}\)

25. Work out the following \(\frac{1}{12}\) of 24

   A. 3  B. 2  C. 4  D. 6

26. Write the following fraction in words \(\frac{3}{8}\)

   A. Three eights  B. Eight thirds  C. Three and eight  D. Two eighths
27. Which one of the following is an equivalent fraction of $\frac{3}{4}$

- A. $\frac{6}{12}$
- B. $\frac{6}{8}$
- C. $\frac{9}{14}$
- D. $\frac{9}{12}$

28. What is $\frac{3}{4} \times 24 =$

- A. 18
- B. 6
- C. 9
- D. 12

29. Convert the following fraction into a decimal $\frac{36}{100}$

- A. 3.6
- B. 3.06
- C. 0.36
- D. 1.36

30. Convert the following decimal into a fraction 0.05

- A. $\frac{5}{10}$
- B. $\frac{5}{100}$
- C. $\frac{50}{10}$
- D. $\frac{5}{1000}$

31. What is the place value of digit 6 in the following figure 17.65?

- A. Ones
- B. Tens
- C. Tenths
- D. Hundredths

32. Work out the following:

$100 + 7.34 + 0.03 =$

- A. 107.37
- B. 8.37
- C. 11.34
- D. 10.737

33. Take away $7 - 2.63 =$

- A. 5.63
- B. 4.37
- C. 4.63
- D. 4.27

34. The length of a string is 5m 75cm. What is the length in cm?

- A. 570cm
- B. 5075cm
- C. 475cm
- D. 575cm

35. Kimani climbed a tree 652cm high. What was the length in metres and centimetres?

- A. 6m 52cm
- B. 65m 2cm
- C. 6m 00cm
- D. 6m 2cm

36. Add 32m 45cm to 11m 80cm

- A. 43m 125cm
- B. 44m 125cm
- C. 44m 120cm
- D. 44m 25cm

37. Take away 3m 75cm from 9m 13cm

- A. 5m 38cm
- B. 6m 62cm
- C. 6m 38cm
- D. 6m 28cm

38. Akech had 3 ropes each measuring 13m 75cm long. What was the total length of the ropes?

- A. 40m 25cm
- B. 39m 225cm
- C. 41m 25cm
- D. 39m 25cm

39. Divide 25m 80cm by 6

- A. 4m 30cm
- B. 4m 13cm
- C. 4m 3cm
- D. 3m 30cm

40. Find the perimeter of the following figure

```
60cm
   /
 60cm
```

- A. 90cm
- B. 180cm
- C. 1800cm
- D. 160cm

41. What is the side of a square whose perimeter is 92cm?

- A. 46cm
- B. 368cm
- C. 32cm
- D. 23cm

42. One side of a square is 25cm long. What is the perimeter of the square in metres?

- A. 100m
- B. 1000m
- C. 1m
- D. 10m
43. A rectangle is 72cm long and 63cm wide. What is its perimeter?
   A. 270cm   B. 135cm
   C. 4536cm  D. 260cm

44. How many days are there in the months of April, August and November?
   A. 91   B. 90
   C. 93   D. 92

45. How many triangles can you see?

A. 4   B. 3
   C. 7   D. 5

46. Work out the following

\[ 1 - \frac{3}{4} = \]

A. \( \frac{2}{4} \)   B. \( \frac{1}{4} \)
   C. \( 1\frac{3}{4} \)   D. \( \frac{2}{3} \)

47. Find the value of \( x \) in \( \frac{2}{3} = \frac{x}{6} \)

A. 6   B. 2
   C. 4   D. 8

48. If one shirt takes 5 minutes to dry in the sun, how long will it take for eight such shirts?
   A. 40 minutes
   B. 5 minutes
   C. 13 minutes
   D. 8 minutes

49. A rectangle has a length of 30cm and its perimeter is 100cm. What is its width?
   A. 20cm   B. 50cm
   C. 70cm   D. 130cm

50. Subtract the fraction of the unshaded part from the whole.

A. \( \frac{6}{12} \)   B. \( \frac{5}{12} \)
   C. \( \frac{12}{12} \)   D. \( \frac{7}{12} \)
KISWAHILI
SEHEMU YA PILI:
INSHA

Andika insha kuhusu "SIKU YA FURAHA"

Muda: dakika 40
Write a story about MY HAPPIEST DAY EVER.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ENGLISH</th>
<th>KISWAHILI</th>
<th>MATHS</th>
<th>SCIENCE</th>
<th>SOCIAL STUDIES</th>
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</thead>
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<td>34. C</td>
<td>34. D</td>
<td>34. D</td>
<td>34. C</td>
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<tr>
<td>42. C</td>
<td>42. C</td>
<td>42. C</td>
<td>42. C</td>
<td>42. C</td>
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</table>

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