SOMA KWA MAKINI MAAGIZO YAFUATAYO

2. Ikwa utataka kuandika chochote ambacho si jibu andika katika kijitabu hiki.
3. Ukipisha chagua jibu lako lionyeshe katika KARATASI YA MAJIBU na wala si katika kijitabu hiki cha maswali.

JINSI YA KUTUMIA KARATASI YA MAJIBU

4. Tumia penseli ya kawaida.
5. Hakikisha ya kwamba yafuatayo yameandikwa katika karatasi ya majibu.

NAMBA YAKO YA MTHIHANI

JINA LAKO

JINA LA SHULE YAKO

6. Kwa kuchora kistari katika visanduku vyenye namba zinazokuhusu, onyesha namba yako kamili ya mthihani (yaani namba ya shule na zile namba tatu za mtahiniwa) katika sehemu iliyotengwa mwanzo wa karatasi ya majibu.
7. Usitie alama zozote nje ya visanduku.
8. Iweke safi karatasi yako ya majibu.
10. Kwenye karatasi ya majibu, jibu sahihi lionyeshe kwa kuchora kistari katika kisanduku chenyewe herufi uyiyochagua kuwa ndilo jibu.

MFANO
Katika kijitabu cha maswali:

21. Ni sentensi ipi inayoonyesha 'ki' ya wakati.
   A. Tukienda tutawapata.
   B. Kila mtu asimamo.
   C. Walikalia kiti kizuri.
   D. Walikipenda kiazi.

Katika karatasi ya majibu

1. [A] [B] [C] [D]
11. [A] [B] [C] [D]
21. [B] [C] [D]
31. [A] [B] [C] [D]
41. [A] [B] [C] [D]

Katika visanduku vinavyoonyesha majibu ya swali namba 21, kisanduku chenyewe herufi A ndicho kiichochorwa kistari.

12. Kwa kilal swali, chora kistari katika kisanduku kimoja tu kati ya visanduku vinu ulivyopewa.

Branded Eagle is a mark of genuine High Flyer Series Exams and Books. Beware of imitations.
Jaza mianya ya swali la 1-15 kwa jibu sahibi


1. A. Teabu B. mkasaa C. saa. D. siku
2. A. waliokuwa B. walinurusu C. walununa D. walipoteza
3. A. kucha B. kutwa C. yote D. mzima
4. A. hilo B. hizo C. hayo D. hao
5. A. ifuatayo B. uliufuatia C. iliyofuata D. ijayo
6. A. ya B. za C. la D. wa
7. A. kutenganisha B. kuondo C. kuwapataniasha D. kufurusha
8. A. halali B. mazuri C. nadhifu D. haramu
9. A. hilo B. hayo C. hiyo D. huo
10. A. mbioni B. mbaroni C. nakshi D. kapuni
11. A. watulivu B. vurugu C. watulifu D. wakosefu
12. A. imani B. amani C. utovu D. ubadhi
13. A. ujira B. upweke C. wito D. ukali
14. A. Kwa hivyot B. ili C. il D. ingawa
15. A. ubahi B. maendeleo C. utengano D. ubinafsi

21. Chagua sentensi yenye kiambishi ‘ki’ ya masharti
A. Ulikika kwake mapema utamkuta B. Kikombe chake kimejaa chai C. Tulipowasili kwao alikuwa akilima D. Kipya kinyemi ingawa kidanda

22. Chagua sentensi sahibi kisarufi
A. Mama amenunua sahani jingine nyekundu B. Mama amenunua sahani nyingine nyekundu C. Mama amenunua masahani mengine nyekundu D. Mama amenunua sahani nyingine mwekundu

23. Chagua kihuishi
A. baada ya B. isipokuwa C. baadhi ya D. badala ya

24. Ndugu wa kike na wa kiume huiita:
A. somo B. mkoi C. mpwa D. umbu

25. Nyama zinazoshikilia meno huitwa
A. ufizi B. utaya C. shavu D. mtulinga

Kutoka swali la 16-30 jibu kulingana na maagizo
16. Tegua kitendawili: Kigigongagongwa wanawe hutoka
A. Nazi B. nyumba C. kichugu D. mitambo

17. Mfuko wa mto huitwa
A. Kochi B. foronya C. veli D. sofa

18. Chagua orodha yenye vivumishi pekee:
A. ukulima, uvumili, rubani, kitit B. piga, chezea, ongoza, abudu C. vieusi, mwembamba, ghali, hodari D. polepole, upesi, saba, baada ya

19. Kanusha sentensi ifuatayo:
Chakula ambacho kinapikwa kimejava
A. Chakula ambacho hakipikwi hakijaiva B. Chakula ambacho kinapikwa hakijaiva C. Chakula kipkwacho hakijaiva D. Chakula ambacho hakipikwa hakikuiva

20. Mahindi, mtama, mawehe, na wimbi ni aina za:
A. Vyakula B. mbegu C. nafaka D. matunda

003/ Darasa 7
26. Jana nilipata matundu yakiwa yamejaa sokoni
   A. nomi  B. chepechepe
   C. gubugubi  D. pomoni

27. Chagua sentensi iliyo katika halili timilifu
   A. Mikalimani ameongia darasani.
   B. Njoo twende shuleni.
   C. Dada anapika sima jikoni
   D. Mwanafunzi alisoms, aakaandika akaondoka

28. Tunasema tano ya chokaa, pia tunasema bumba la:
   A. kuni  B. nguo  C. funguo  D. nyuki

29. Akisami 4/9 kwa maneno ni
   A. Sudusi tisa  B. tusui tisa
   C. robo tisa  D. tusui inne

30. Chagua neno lisitoafikiana na mengine
   A. Bisibisi  B. timazi
   C. shubaka  D. utepe

**Soma ufahamu ufuatao kisasa ujibu swali la 31-40**

Naambiwa zamani katika enzi za jamii, watu kuanzia kwa watoto, vijana, watu wa umri wa makamo na wazee walikuwa na heshima, utu, upole na adabu ya hali ya juu. Mvito aliikuwa mali ya jamii. Iwapa angeonyeshwa utundu wowote angepewa adhabu kila na mtu yeyote. Ilikuwa imefahamika kuwa udongo uwahi ungali maji. Na kwa kweli jamii iliikuwa ya kupendeza.


Mitindo yao ya mavazi ni ya kuajabisha ghaya ya kuajabisha. Wanaiga mitindo ya wanamuziki na wananasanaa. Nguo zinazobana miili yao sana na nyingine zinaoacha sehemu za miili nje kama vile mapaja na maziwa ndizo mavazi yao. Sio ajabu kuwa humu nchini wanawe wameanza kuwavua nguo wawakame kama hao na kuwaabisha sana kadamnasi. Kumvua mwenzako nguo pia si maadili, je, dunia ilipasuka wapi?

Wanaume wao hao hawajachwa nyuma. Suruali nدهfu hazifungwi viunoni, zinafungiya makaloni kisha wanarvyo mitindo ya nywele inayowafanya kuonekana kama majambozi. Hali inakuwa mbaya sana wanapokuwa wanavuza sigau abangi huku wakitomeba.


Sitaki hata kutaja swala la matumizi ya dawa za kulevyo ambayo yamebomoa maadili miongoni mwa vijana. Kwa kweli kuna haja ya maadili ya kijamii kuzingatiwa au kizazi hiki cha leo kitajua kugamia kabisa.

31. Ni iyi tofaatu kubwa ya jamii ya sasa na ya zamani kulingana na ufahamu?
   A. Jamii ya sasa tofaatu na ya kale impendelea ngono
   B. Jamii ya sasa tofaatu na ya kale hajali swala la maadili
   C. Jamii ya sasa tofaatu na ya kale inazingatia maadili
   D. Jamii ya sasa tofaatu na ya kale inakaribia wanyama

32. Ni vipi mtoto katika jamii ya kale alichukuliva kama wa jamii nzima
   A. Alifunzwa maadili kilama
   B. Angeadhibiwa na yeyote iwapo angekosa
   C. Hakuta mtukutu kama mtoto wa leo
   D. Hatujaelezwa vizuri katika ufahamu
33. Ni methali gani haiwezi kutumiwa kwa maana moja na "udongo uwahi ungali maji"
   A. Samaki mkunjie angali mbichi
   B. Mti ukunjie ungali mdogo
   C. Mtoto umleavyo ndiyovo akuvayo
   D. Chelewa chelewa utapata mwana si wako

34. Je, kulingana na ufahamu, wazazi wanastahili kulumiuwa kabisa kutokana na ukosefu wa maadili mwiongoni mwa vijana?
   A. Ndiyo
   B. La
   C. Hajasemwa
   D. Kwa kiwango Fulani

35. Ni ipi sababu kuu ya vijana kutotii nasaha ya wazazi wao?
   A. Wamelemikia sana
   B. Wazazi wao wanawatekeleza sana
   C. Wanaona wazazi kama watu walio pitswa na wakati
   D. Muziki wa marekani na ulaya umewaharibu

36. Ni nini maana ya "wajaabisha ghaya ya kujaabisha"
   A. Kushangasha sana
   B. Kuabisha sana
   C. Kukera sana
   D. Kuchekesha sana

37. Kwa nini unadhani baadhi ya wanaume wa Kenya wameanza kuwavu wa wasichana na wanawake nguo za? 
   A. Wanataka wawe maarufu nchini     
   B. Wanawake na wasichana wamewadharu wanaume 
   C. Ni mojawapo wa uozó wa maadili katika jamii 
   D. Wanawake na wasichana wamesoma sana

38. Ni ipi ambayo si sifa ya vijana wa leo kulingana na ufahamu?
   A. Kuvalia suruali ndefu zinazokaribia kuanguka
   B. Kutazama filamu za ngono
   C. Kusikiliza wosia na nasaha ya wazazi wao
   D. Kutumia dawa za kulevya

39. Ni sababu gani kuu inayofanya mwendishis kusema kwamba kizazi hiki kinaenda kuangamia?
   A. Kinatumia dawa za kulevya
   B. Kinapenda sana mapenzi kiholela
   C. Kimeiga mambo ya marekani na ulaya
   D. Hakina maadili ya jamii

40. Eleza maana ya msemo "Abadan katan" kama uliyotumika katika ufahamu?
   A. Kabisa
   B. Zaidi
   C. Sana
   D. polepole

Soma taarifa ifutatayo kisha ujibu swali la 41-50

Tumewapa fursa pia ya kuonyesha talanta zenu katika michezo. Dunia hii ina watu mashuhuri kwa mfano katika kandanda mnafahamu Cristiano Ronaldo na Lionel Messi. Hapa nchini katika uigizaji tumemshabibika sana Lupita Nyong’o akiteswa katika michezo wa kuigiza ambao ni wa ngazi ya kimataifa. Hatutakoma kuhimiza kushiriki kwenu katika kandanda, uigizaji, riadha, muziki na michezo mingine.


41. "Naibu mwalimu mkuu, walimu na wanafunzi hamjambo?" hii sehemu ya hotuba huitwaje?
A. Salamu
B. Wito
C. hitimisho
D. aya

42. Ni ipi ambayo haina maana sawa na "furaha riboribo"
A. Furaha kochokocho
B. Furaha chungu
C. Furaha tele
D. Furaha tosha

43. Ni methali ipi isiyo na maana ya "kofi haili bila ya mkono na shavu"
A. Kidole kimoja hakivunji chawa
B. Jifya moja haliihiki chungu
C. Umaoja ni nguvu utengano ni udhaifu
D. Afadhali kanda kuliko kumi nenda rudi

44. Ni jambo lipi ambalo mwalimu mkuu hakulizungumzia
A. Ushirikiano wa walimu na waazizi
B. Ushirikiano wa walimu na wanafunzi
C. Umuhimu wa michezo kwa wanafunzi
D. Wanafunzi waliafanya vibaya katika mihani kupewa nasaha

45. Lupita Nyong’o, Lionel Messi na Cristiano Ronaldo wametajwa ili
A. Kuonyesha umaraifu wao
B. Kutaka wanafunzi kuwaiga
C. Kuwaeleza wanafunzi umuhimu wa michezo
D. Kuwachekeisha maana hotuba hufurahisha

46. Kulingana na mwalimu mkuu, ni jambo gani muhimu ambalo wanafunzi anastahili kuwa nalo?
A. Heshima shule
B. Bidii masomoni
C. Talanta michezo
D. Ushirikiano na mwalimu wake

47. Ni methali ipi ambayo ina maana sawa na "kilicho na mwanzo hakikosi kuwa na mwisho?"
A. Mwanzo wa ngoma ni lele
B. Mbio za sakafunni huushia ukingoni
C. Hakuna marefu yasiyokuwa na ncha
D. Hakuna jibu mwefaka

48. Mtu anayetoa hotuba huitwa
A. katibu
B. hatibu
C. tabibu
D. mkalimani

49. Mwandishi amewataja wachewaji wangapi wa kandanda
A. mmoja
B. watano
C. wawili
D. kumi

50. Mada bora zaidi ya kifungu hiki ni
A. michezo shule
B. Lupita nyong’o
C. vipawa vya wanafunzi
D. hotuba ya mwalimu mkuu

003/ Darasa, 7
KCPE TRIAL EXAMINATION
STANDARD SEVEN - 2015
ENGLISH

Time: 1 hour 40 minutes

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given the question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 50 questions.

2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.

3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the ANSWER SHEET, not in the question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil only.

5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet.

YOUR INDEX NUMBER
YOUR NAME
NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full index number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate’s Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.

7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.

8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and do not fold it.

9. For each of the Question 1 - 50 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only ONE of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.

10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

EXAMPLE

For questions 19-20 choose the alternative that completes the given phrasal verbs correctly:

20. After the accident, his new car was written
A. up
B. off
C. over
D. out

The correct answer is B.

On the answer sheet:

In the set of boxes numbered 20, the box with the letter B printed in it is marked.

11. Your dark line MUST be within the box.

12. For each question ONLY ONE box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

Branded Eagle is a mark of genuine High Flyer Series Exams and Books. Beware of imitations.

© High Flyer Series, 2015 Tel. 0723 499860

TURN OVER
The passage below contains blank spaces numbered 1-16. For each blank space choose the best answer from the given choices.

Watching the other people handing over their bags without question, Njanka felt that she had marked herself out as a first timer worrying about. She felt a bit embarrassed. She hurriedly put the bag in a cubby hole labeled 22.

As she stepped inside, confusion increased. She had no idea to start. There shelves and shelves of books she had never seen so many books in her. There were also various helping to borrow or return books. Elsewhere, there were desks where people were taking notes or reading.

A usually B through
2. realised C saw
3. for D on
4. embarrassed A embarrassed
5. noted B saw
6. space C good
7. after D then
8. his A their
9. when B which
10. are, C was
11. everywhere D anywhere
12. life D live
13. places C counters
14. books D people
15. a lot B lots

For questions 16-20 choose the correct alternative to complete the sentence.

16. The nurse has a son.
A. tall bright brown
B. Bright tall brown
C. brown tall bright
D. brown bright tall

17. John loves a
A. smart green woollen sweater
B. smart woollen green sweater
C. green woollen smart sweater
D. smart green woollen sweater

18. The police boss commanded the troop to position.
A. back to their B. resume back
C. resume to D. resume their

19. Every cloud has a
A. green stone
B. silver lining
C. golden living
D. diamond living

20. Many hands makes
A. light work
B. spoil the work
C. work light
D. are good to work

In question 21-23, choose the word that means the same as the underlined words.

A. never B hardly
C. always D. regularly

22. The muddy structure was down by the heavy rains.
A. build again B. constructed
C. repaired D. demolished

23. Due to the weight, the bridge gave away.
A. allowed B. gave in
C. straightened D. collapsed
For questions 24 and 25, choose the odd one out

24. A. brave  B. box  C. ox  D. blade

25. A. dark  B. black  C. dull  D. bright

Read the following passage and answer questions 26 – 36

Nthuku lived together with his goats, sheep, fowls, cats, dogs, donkeys and cows. He got milk from cows and goats as fowls gave him eggs, the sheep wool and donkeys ferried his heavy loads while the dogs and cat helped to look after the homestead at night. Nthuku made sure that his friends were well fed and slept well.

As a team they worked very hard, cultivating more land and growing enough food to feed them all. A strong fence surrounded their land. Other animals remained in the forest, living as they had always done.

Nthuku and his friends lived happily for many years. One dark night, the dog heard a loud cracking sound somewhere on the farm. He immediately barked to wake up the others. The cock heard the dog and crowed loudly. Soon Nthuku and other animals came out to see what was happening. More cracking sound were heard from the maize field and they all ran there.

When they reached the maize field, they saw a group of elephants, antelopes, gazelles and hyenas. They had broken the fence and were eating crops in the farm. "We can’t let our neighbours get away with this." Said Nthuku. "We’ll put traps along the path they made. If they came again, they’ll be caught!"

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>26. Nthuku lived with</td>
<td>A. his family</td>
<td>B. his people</td>
<td>C. his neighbours</td>
<td>D. his friends</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27. Which of the animals below provided Nthuku with only one specific benefit?</td>
<td>A. sheep and fowls</td>
<td>B. cow and donkey</td>
<td>C. cats and dogs</td>
<td>D. cocks and goats</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28. Nthuku and his friends worked very hard to</td>
<td>A. have enough food</td>
<td>B. live alone as usual</td>
<td>C. cultivate more land</td>
<td>D. surround their farm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29. They had a strong fence so as to</td>
<td>A. give them a place to sleep</td>
<td>B. look after their home</td>
<td>C. have good food</td>
<td>D. keep away their enemies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30. Nthuku and his friends had peace for</td>
<td>A. all years</td>
<td>B. some years</td>
<td>C. hardly a year</td>
<td>D. two years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31. Neighbours invaded the farm</td>
<td>A. one dark night</td>
<td>B. at sunset</td>
<td>C. at dawn</td>
<td>D. at noon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32. The invaders were discovered by the</td>
<td>A. cocks</td>
<td>B. cats</td>
<td>C. dogs</td>
<td>D. donkeys</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33. Other friends were woken up by</td>
<td>A. neighing and mooing</td>
<td>B. barking and crowing</td>
<td>C. hissing and shouting</td>
<td>D. moving and shouting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34. Nthuku and his friends were led to the maize field by</td>
<td>A. the dog</td>
<td>B. the cock</td>
<td>C. cracking</td>
<td>D. elephant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35. Nthuku’s neighbours were</td>
<td>A. wild animals</td>
<td>B. domestic animals</td>
<td>C. all animals</td>
<td>D. people around</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36. The neighbours broke the fence in order to</td>
<td>A. awake dogs and cockerel</td>
<td>B. gain entry to the farm</td>
<td>C. annoy Nthuku and his friends</td>
<td>D. make cracking sound</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
37. After entry to the farm, Nthuku decided to
   A. repair the fence
   B. harvest the crop.
   C. chase away the animals
   D. make traps.

38. The best title for this story is
   A. The dark night
   B. Nthuku and his neighbours.
   C. The great deal
   D. The homestead.

Read the passage below and then answer questions 39 – 50

People who have no friends are miserable and are very prone to stress and related social vices. Loners have very many problems because they have no friends they can trust and share their worries with. Sometimes loners may go crazy, commit suicide, be involved in drugs and to some extent become a criminal. It is therefore important to make friends.

People who have good friends are happier and healthier than those without. It is important to make friends and keep old ones. It is proved that people with close friends have greater ability to fight illness than those who are solitary. Friendship needs to be cultivated. People need to find time to relate and share ideas, worries and opinions with trusted friends. At times, you need to put off something you had planned to do just to have time with friends. People are more important than things and relating well with other people brings much joy to our lives.

When it is not possible to be with your friends, keep contact through calls, sms, facebook, whatsapp and twitter.

We should learn to open up to close friends. This means that we should be willing to share inner feelings with them. Share with friends your fears, worries, hopes and desires. As a result we feel ourselves before our true friends. We must be prepared to be misunderstood and at times betrayed. Good friends are those who accept us just the way we are and encourage us to overcome our weaknesses. After all none of us is perfect. It is our duty to listen to our friends when they have problems. We must advise them when it is needed. It is bad to impose your will on others, just suggest. Encourage them to do that they think best for them. When your friends are shaken after going through a difficult experience, be there for them.

Having different friends for different activities such as singing in choir, sports and community development helps broaden your outlook and enriches your life. Life also becomes interesting. Learn to show sincere interest in what other people are doing. This will draw them to you. If you are friendly, kind and considerate, people will be attracted to you. Talk to strangers well and people who seem lonely. As you meet the needs of others, your own needs will be met.

39. The word miserable is underlined, its opposite is
   A. depressing
   B. stress
   C. happy
   D. mischief

40. In the first paragraph one can be
   A. unhealthy through friends
   B. stressed through friends.
   C. happy through friends.
   D. talkative through friends.

41. People who have close friends
   A. hardly ever fall sick
   B. are less likely to get sick.
   C. are better than those without
   D. realise their goodness.

42. As used in the passage, “putting off” means
   A. postponing
   B. forgetting
   C. extinguishing
   D. avoiding

43. People are more important than things imply
   A. you can buy accidents
   B. things cannot really help you.
   C. they cannot meet certain human needs
   D. relating with people need effort.
44. The best definition of a true friend is
the ______
A. one who listens to us no matter what we say
B. one who knows our fears and weaknesses.
C. one who encourages us to overcome our weaknesses.
D. one who knows that he or she is not perfect.

45. We should listen to our friends sympathetically but we must not
______
A. make decision for them
B. offer them any advice
C. ask them to do bad things
D. let them rest alone.

46. As used in the passage “be there for them mean ______
A. sit near your friends
B. be willing and avail help to them.
C. give them all your time.
D. have a kind heart.

47. We should have friends of all kinds to help us ______
A. sing and play games together
B. do many things together.
C. get much wealth
D. learn many things about life.

48. It FALSE to state that ______
A. one who wants to make friends must be friendly and kind
B. being considerate is important in friendship
C. people are drawn to those who show interest in them.
D. it's quite easy to maintain a friendship

49. People who do not have friends may ______
A. engage in social evils.
B. become very successful.
C. become very useful
D. become very healthy.

50. The best summary for the passage is ______
A. It is good to speak honestly to your friends.
B. Time friendship is wonderful but require much effort.
C. Friends should not take each other for granted.
D. Friends need us when they are good.
READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given the question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 50 questions.

2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.

3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the ANSWER SHEET, not in the question booklet.

   HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil only.

5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:

   YOUR INDEX NUMBER
   YOUR NAME
   NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full index number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate’s Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.

7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.

8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and do not fold it.

9. For each of the Question 1 - 50, four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only ONE of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.

10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

    EXAMPLE:
    In the question booklet

    24. What is the square root of 0.0081?
       A. 0.9
       B. 0.09
       C. 0.0561
       D. 0.009

    The correct answer is B (0.09)
    On the answer sheet:

    [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ]

    In the set of boxes numbered 24, the box with the letter B printed in it is marked.

11. Your dark line MUST be within the box.

12. For each question ONLY ONE box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.
1. Which one of the following is 8041786 in words?
A. Eighty million forty-one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six
B. Eight hundred and four thousand seven hundred and eighty-six
C. Eight million forty-one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six
D. Eight million four hundred and one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six

2. What is the total value of digit 7 in the number 46.087?
A. Thousandths
B. 0.007
C. 7
D. 0.07

3. What is the value of \(9 - 2^{1/2} - 3^{1/3}\)?
A. \(2^{1/2}\)
B. \(3^{1/3}\)
C. \(4^{1/2}\)
D. \(3^{1/3}\)

4. What is the value of \(3 + 4 + 5(1 + 2 + 3)\)?
A. 72
B. 17
C. 60
D. 37

5. What is 12\(\frac{1}{2}\)\% as a fraction in simplified form?
A. \(\frac{5}{40}\)
B. \(\frac{2}{25}\)
C. \(\frac{1}{8}\)
D. \(\frac{1}{6}\)

6. What is the product of LCM of 8, 12 and 18 and their G.C.D?
A. 52
B. 192
C. 96
D. 48

7. What is the area of the rectangle drawn below?
A. 5\(m^2\)
B. 54\(m^2\)
C. 72\(m^2\)
D. 162\(m^2\)

8. What is the next number in the pattern below?
3, 6, 9, 15, 24,
A. 39
B. 36
C. 40
D. 42

9. Work out
\[
\frac{4.2 \times 1.96 \times 7.2}{0.35 \times 1.8}
\]
A. 9.48
B. 9.408
C. 94.08
D. 940.8

10. What is the value of angle ABC in the figure below?
A. 12\(^\circ\)
B. 37\(^\circ\)
C. 78\(^\circ\)
D. 65\(^\circ\)

11. What is the perimeter of the figure below? Take \(\pi = \frac{22}{7}\)
A. 400\(m\)
B. 301\(m\)
C. 290\(m\)
D. 520\(m\)

12. Motega bought the following items from a shop:
- 3 packets of milk @ sh 56
- 2kg of sugar @ sh 110
- 1\(\frac{1}{2}\)kg of meat for sh 300
- 6 cakes @ sh 16
If he gave the shopkeeper a sh 1000 note, what balance did he get?
A. sh 835
B. sh 165
C. sh 15
D. sh 280
13. What is the smallest number that can be added to 6422 to make it divisible by 11?
   A. 10  B. 12  C. 1  D. 3

14. Omondi’s stride is ¾ of a metre. How many strides will he take to cover 120 metres?
   A. 30  B. 90  C. 40  D. 180

15. A woman spent 3/4 of her salary on clothing, ¼ on rent and ¼ on food. She saved the rest. What fraction of her salary did she save?
   A. 7/40  B. 17/40  C. 1/40  D. 3/4

16. Odhiambo covered 18km in 12 minutes. What was his speed in km/h?
   A. 7.5km/h  B. 90km/h  C. 150km/h  D. 15km/h

17. What is the area of the shaded region?
   Take π = 22/7

18. Amanda bought a bicycle at sh. 18,000 and sold it making a profit of 15%. At what price did he sell the bicycle?
   A. sh 2,700  B. sh 27,000  C. sh 20,070  D. sh 20,700

19. What is the area of the trapezium drawn below?

20. In the figure below, AB is parallel to CD. Line AB = AD and angle CDE = 64°

21. What is the square root of 0.0529?
   A. 0.0023  B. 0.27  C. 0.0027  D. 0.23

22. Three bells are set to ring at intervals of 4mm, 6mm and 9mm respectively. If they ring together at 11.24am, at what time will they ring together next?
   A. 12.00am  B. 11.36am  C. 12 noon  D. 11.50am

23. What is the value of
   \[ 5xy^2 \] if \( x = 3 \), \( y = 2 \) and \( c = 0 \)
   A. 20  B. 300  C. 800  D. 800c
24. What is the value of \( \frac{3}{5} \) of 60?\n   A. 12\n   B. 4\n   C. 9\n   D. 9 \%\n\n25. Which among the following is NOT a property of a triangle?\n   A. All sides are equal\n   B. Opposite angles are equal\n   C. Diagonals bisect each other\n   D. Diagonals are equal\n
26. What is the value of an angle marked \( k \) in the figure below?\n   A. 75\degr\n   B. 65\degr\n   C. 55\degr\n   D. 50\degr\n
27. What is the area of a square garden whose perimeter is 220 metres?\n   A. 6,302.5\n   B. 36,250\n   C. 30,250\n   D. 56,000\n
28. Solve for \( k \) in the equation\n   \[ 3k - 6 = 12 \]
   A. 30\n   B. 36\n   C. 34\n   D. 30\%\n
29. At a well, how many shs 3600 after getting an increase of 40%? What was his salary before the increase?\n   A. Sh 2,100\n   B. Sh 1,400\n   C. Sh 2,500\n   D. Sh 4,900

30. What is the value of \( b^2 + 8 \) in the triangle shown below?\n   A. 84\n   B. 82\n   C. 82\n   D. 84\n
31. Arrange the fractions \( \frac{3}{5}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{8}{15} \) and \( \frac{4}{5} \) from the largest to the smallest.\n   A. \( \frac{3}{5}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{8}{15}, \frac{4}{5} \)\n   B. \( \frac{8}{15}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{5} \)\n   C. \( \frac{4}{5}, \frac{8}{15}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{2}{3} \)\n   D. \( \frac{4}{5}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{8}{15} \)

32. Which of the following statements is correct?\n   A. \( 3^2 < \sqrt{100} \)\n   B. \( \frac{6}{8} > 0.8 \)\n   C. \( 3 < 2.3 \)\n   D. \( \frac{7}{8} = 0.63 \)

33. A child slept at 9:30 pm and woke up after sleeping for 3 hours. At what time in 24-hour clock did the child wake up?\n   A. 2425h\n   B. 1225h\n   C. 0025h\n   D. 0125h

34. A child was born at 10:40 am and died after sleeping for 7 hours. At what time did the child die?\n   A. 06:40\n   B. 07:40\n   C. 08:40\n   D. 09:40

35. How many blocks were used to make the pile shown below?\n   A. 84\n   B. 82\n   C. 82\n   D. 84

003/Std. 7
37. A trader sold 2.4 tonnes of rice in 2kg packets. How many packets did he sell altogether?
   A. 1200  
   B. 12000  
   C. 120  
   D. 120000

38. Construct a triangle XYZ such that XY = 7cm, XZ = 8cm and angle XZY = 55°. What is the measure of angle XYZ?
   A. 72°  
   B. 43°  
   C. 143°  
   D. 137°

39. How many cubic centimeters are there in 0.00108 m³?
   A. 108  
   B. 10800  
   C. 108000  
   D. 1080

40. A farmer planted trees on both sides of a path leading to his house at intervals of 4 metres. If the path is 100 metres long, how many trees did he plant?
   A. 25  
   B. 26  
   C. 52  
   D. 60

41. If 25% of a quantity is 220, what is 40% of the same quantity?
   A. 880  
   B. 88  
   C. 352  
   D. 350

42. How many revolutions will a wheel whose radius is 42cm make to cover a distance of 600 metres? Take π = 22/7.
   A. 250  
   B. 25  
   C. 50  
   D. 500

43. What is the missing number y in the magic square below?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>5</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>6</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>y</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   A. 2  
   B. 1  
   C. 10  
   D. 3

44. The container below holds 30 litres when full of water. What is the height of the cylinder?

45. Work out

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>T</th>
<th>Kg</th>
<th>g</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>468</td>
<td>83 5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   A. 5T 542kg 175g  
   B. 5T 541kg 165g  
   C. 5T 541kg 175g  
   D. 6T 541kg 165g

46. A rectangular plot whose perimeter is 780m has its length measuring 240 metres. What is the area of the plot in hectares?
   A. 3.6ha  
   B. 36ha  
   C. 360ha  
   D. 3600ha

47. What is the curved surface area of a tin whose radius is 6.3cm and height 15cm? Take π = 22/7.
   A. 124.74cm²  
   B. 594cm²  
   C. 718.74cm²  
   D. 843.48cm²

48. What is the product of the vertices and faces of an open cuboid?
   A. 48  
   B. 60  
   C. 96  
   D. 40

The table below shows the number of pupils absent from school in class 7 which has 40 pupils in one week.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DAY</th>
<th>MON</th>
<th>TUE</th>
<th>WED</th>
<th>THU</th>
<th>FRI</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NO OF PUPILS ABSENT</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

49. Which day were all the pupils present?
   A. Monday  
   B. Tuesday  
   C. Wednesday  
   D. Thursday

50. What was the average attendance per day that week?
   A. 3  
   B. 37  
   C. 185  
   D. 15
READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given the question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 50 questions.

2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.

3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the ANSWER SHEET, not in the question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil only.

5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:

   YOUR INDEX NUMBER
   YOUR NAME
   NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate’s Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.

7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.

8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and do not fold it.

9. For each of the Question 1 – 50 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only ONE of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.

10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

EXAMPLE

In the Question Booklet:

4. The following are functions of plant roots. Which one is NOT?
   A. Absorbing water.
   B. Making plant food.
   C. Holding the plant.
   D. Storage of food.

The correct answer is B

On the answer sheet:

4 [A] [B] [C] [D] 14 [A] [B] [C] [D] 24 [A] [B] [C] [D] 34 [A] [B] [C] [D] 44 [A] [B] [C] [D]

In the set of boxes numbered 4, the box with the letter D printed in it is marked.

11. Your dark line MUST be within the box.

12. For each question ONLY ONE box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

Branded Eagle is a mark of genuine High Flyer Series Exams and Books. Beware of imitations.

© High Flyer Series, 2015 Tel. 0723 499860
1. Standard 5 pupils made the weather instrument shown below.

![Weather instrument](image)

The weather instrument works on the fact that?
A. Air occupies space.
B. Liquids occupy space.
C. Air makes objects to move.
D. Air exerts pressure.

2. Which of the following crop pests is correctly matched with the part of plant it attacks?
A. Stalkborer-roots.
B. Aphids-grains.
C. Rodents-seedlings.
D. Weevils-cereals.

3. The following shows various meals that were eaten by standard 4 pupils. Which one of them was balanced?
A. Chapatti, rice, milk.
B. Pineapple, rice, chicken.
C. Beans, milk, potatoes.
D. Orange, green banana, spinach.

4. The type of cloud that causes a halo to appear around the sun or moon is?
A. Nimbus.  B. Cumulus.
C. Cirrus.  D. Stratus.

5. The following are waterborne diseases. Which one is not?
A. Malaria.  B. Cholera.

6. During child immunization, which vaccine protects the body against three diseases?
A. Antimeasles.
B. BCG.
C. Oral polio.
D. DPT.

7. Standard 5 pupils poured equal amounts of four liquids on a slope and made the observation shown below.

![Observation](image)

Which liquid had the highest viscosity?
A. P
B. Q
C. R
D. S

8. External livestock parasites can be controlled by all the following methods except?
A. Rotational grazing.
B. Drenching.
C. Dipping.
D. Spraying.

9. Which statement below is false about stall feeding?
A. Diseases are easily controlled.
B. Animals have to be tethered.
C. Manure is easily collected.
D. Animals do not move around.

10. Which solid below will dissolve in water?
A. Chalk dust.
B. Flour.
C. Glucose.
D. Sand.

11. The male reproductive organ that introduces sperms into the vagina is?
A. Penis.
B. Sperm duct.
C. Glands.
D. Testis.
12. Standard 5 pupils collected the plant shown below.

![Mushroom Image]

The plant reproduces by means of?
A. Budding.
B. Seeds.
C. Cones.
D. Spores.

13. Which one of the following is not a simple tool used by farmers?
A. Spade.
B. Wheelbarrow.
C. Axe.
D. Mattock.

14. Which weather condition below will make clothes take the longest time to dry?
A. Dry and calm.
B. Dry and windy.
C. Cold and windy.
D. Cold and calm.

15. Which one of the following is not important when taking medicine?
A. Date of manufacture.
B. The dose.
C. Duration to complete the dose.
D. How to store the medicine.

16. The function of hemoglobin in the blood is to
A. Carry digested food.
B. Fight germs.
C. Combine with oxygen.
D. Help in blood clotting.

17. Standard 4 pupils uprooted the plant shown below.

![Plant Image]

Which of the following would represent the plant that the pupils uprooted?
A. Rice.
B. Groundnuts.
C. Mango.
D. Irish potato.

18. The aspect of matter that cannot be changed is?
A. Spade.
B. Weight.
C. Volume.
D. Density.

19. The following materials were collected by standard 6 pupils. Which one of them would allow some light to pass through?
A. Frosted glass.
B. Mirror.
C. Windowpane.
D. Wood.

20. The diagram below shows an activity standard 7 pupils carried out during a science lesson.

![Electric Circuit Diagram]

Steel wool

Which two forms of energy did the pupils observe at the part marked
A. Electricity and light.
B. Heat and electricity.
C. Heat and light.
D. Electricity and sound.
21. Which one of the following characteristics is true for both plants and animals? They
A. Make their food and grow
B. Reproduce and transpire
C. Excrete and use oxygen
D. Move and use carbon dioxide.

22. An insect pollinated flower has the following characteristics except?
A. Is large in size.
B. Has feathery stigma.
C. Produce nectar
D. Has stick pollen grains.

23. After abusing a certain drug Juma showed the following signs:
   i. Hallucinations.
   ii. Arouse appetite.
   iii. Red eyes.
   iv. Withdrawn.
Which of these drugs did Juma take?
A. Mandrax
B. Cocaine
C. Khat
D. Bhang

24. Convection of heat occurs in
A. Solids and gases
B. Solids only
C. Liquids and gases
D. Liquids and solids

25. Which pair of levers below have the same position of effort, load and fulcrum.
A. Spade and tongs
B. Claw hammer and door hinge
C. Wheelbarrow and lid opener
D. Crowbar and fishing rod

27. Which group below shows plants that have fibrous root system
A. Mango, kales, orange
B. Grass, maize, wheat
C. Cowpeas, beans, groundnuts
D. Maize, groundnuts, peas

28. _______ is not an example of force.
A. Weight
B. Effort
C. Mass
D. Friction

29. Standard 6 pupils carried out the activity shown below.

Which property of light were the pupils investigating?
A. Reflection
B. Dispersion
C. Reflection
D. Refraction

30. Which of the following groups consists of legal drugs in Kenya?
A. Khat, heroine, beer
B. Tobacco, bhang, khat
C. Khat, tobacco, alcohol
D. Bhang, cocaine, mandrax

31. Which of the following is the reason for including vitamin A in our diet?
A. Promote good eyesight
B. Promote strong immunity
C. Increase blood production
D. Promote smooth skin
32. Name the components of air marked J and L respectively
   A. Rare gases and oxygen.
   B. Nitrogen and oxygen.
   C. Oxygen and rare gases.
   D. Carbon dioxide and oxygen.

33. Which two components of air when put together will form 79% of air by volume?
   A. M and J.
   B. J and K.
   C. K and L.
   D. M and L.

34. The following are examples of straight fertilizers. Which one is not?
   A. CAN.
   B. DAP.
   C. SSP.
   D. Urea.

35. Which one of the following is not a recreational use of water?
   A. Swimming.
   B. Cooling engines.
   C. Boat racing.
   D. Surfing.

36. During a science lesson, standard 5 pupils classified plants as shown below.

   Plants
   Flowering Non flowering
   Beans Cypress Mould Fern

   Which plant did the pupil classify wrongly?
   A. Beans.
   B. Cypress.
   C. Mould.
   D. Fern.

37. Which of the following is not needed in an experiment used to investigate presence of organic matter in soil?
   A. Lid.
   B. Soil.
   C. Heat.
   D. Sufuria.

38. During food digestion, bile juice mixes with food in which part of the alimentary canal?
   A. Small intestine.
   B. Colon.
   C. Duodenum.
   D. Stomach.

39. Which one of the following show the ratio of white blood cells to red blood cells in the human blood?
   A. 600:1
   B. 1:6
   C. 1:600
   D. 60:1

40. Pasture preserved before drying is known as
   A. Hay
   B. Fodder
   C. Siage
   D. Concentrate

Use the diagram below to answer question 41-42
1. Standard 5 pupils made the weather instrument shown below.

The weather instrument works on the fact that?
A. Air occupies space.
B. Liquids occupy space.
C. Air makes objects to move.
D. Air exerts pressure.

2. Which of the following crop pests is correctly matched with the part of plant it attacks?
A. Stalkborer-roots.
B. Aphis-grains.
C. Rodents-seedlings.
D. Weevils-cereals.

3. The following shows various meals that were eaten by standard 4 pupils. Which one of them was balanced?
A. Chapatti, rice, milk.
B. Pineapple, rice, chicken.
C. Beans, milk, potatoes.
D. Orange, green banana, spinach.

4. The type of cloud that causes a halo to appear around the sun or moon is?
A. Nimbus.
B. Cumulus.
C. Cirrus.
D. Stratus.

5. The following are waterborne diseases. Which one is not?
A. Malaria.
B. Cholera.
C. Typhoid.
D. Bilharzias.

6. During child immunization, which vaccine protects the body against three diseases?
A. Antimeasles.
B. BCG.
C. Oral polio.
D. DPT.

7. Standard 5 pupils poured equal amounts of four liquids on a slope and made the observation shown below.

Which liquid had the highest viscosity?
A. P
B. Q
C. R
D. S

8. External livestock parasites can be controlled by all the following methods except?
A. Rotational grazing.
B. Drenching.
C. Dipping.
D. Spraying.

9. Which statement below is false about stall feeding?
A. Diseases are easily controlled.
B. Animals have to be tethered.
C. Manure is easily collected.
D. Animals do not move around.

10. Which solid below will dissolve in water?
A. Chalk dust.
B. Flour.
C. Glucose.
D. Sand.

11. The male reproductive organ than introduces sperms into the vagina is:
A. Penis.
B. Sperm duct.
C. Glands.
D. Testis.
KCPE TRIAL EXAMINATION
STANDARD SEVEN – 2015
SOCIAL STUDIES & CRE/IRE

Time: 2 hours 15 minutes

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given the question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 90 questions.

2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.

3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the ANSWER SHEET, not in the question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil only.

5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:
   - YOUR NAME
   - YOUR NUMBER
   - NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate’s Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.

7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.

8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and do not fold it.

9. For each of the Question 1 – 90 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only ONE of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.

10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

    EXAMPLE

    In the Question Booklet:
    32. Which of the following is NOT a problem that faces trade in Eastern Africa?
        A. High taxation
        B. Inadequate capital
        C. Lack of goods for trade.
        D. Production of similar goods.
        The correct answer is C

    On the answer sheet:
    31. [A] [B] [C] [D]
    32. [A] [B] [C] [D]
    33. [A] [B] [C] [D]
    34. [A] [B] [C] [D]
    35. [A] [B] [C] [D]

    In the set of boxes numbered 32, the box with the letter C printed in it is marked.

11. Your dark line MUST be within the box.

12. For each question ONLY ONE box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

Branded Eagle is a mark of genuine High Flyer Series Exams and Books. Beware of imitations.

"For better grasp of the subject get yourself a copy of HIGH FLYER SERIES STD. 7 SOCIAL STUDIES, G.R.E AND I.R.E OR HIGH FLYER SERIES STD. 7 ENCYCLOPAEDIA.

© High Flyer Series, 2015 Tel. 0723 499860 TURN OVER
Use the map of Kawa area to answer questions 1 - 7.

1. What is the approximate length of the main road in the area covered by the map?
   A. 7.2 km
   B. 10.5 km
   C. 15.2 km
   D. 4.2 km

2. The general climate of the area covered by the map is likely to be
   A. Cool and dry
   B. Cool and wet
   C. Hot and dry
   D. Hot and wet

3. The following economic activities are carried out in Kawa area. Which one is NOT?
   A. Transportation
   B. Tourism
   C. Trading
   D. Farming

4. The highest part in the area covered by the map lies to the
   A. North - East
   B. North - West
   C. South - West
   D. South - East
5. The main source of water for residents of Kawa area is
   a) Dam
b) Organizing c) River
d) The dam

6. If the water is at 1500m above sea level, the altitude
   a) 1500m
b) 1500m

c) 1500m

7. Which of the following river flows into the Atlantic Ocean? Which one does not?

8. Which of the following statements is true about the rotation of the earth? Which one is it?

9. One of the following continents is not found in Africa. Which one is it?

10. The following countries are NOT in the East of Chad:

11. Which of these African countries lies to the East of Chad?

12. The time in a town located at 45°
   East is 6:00 p.m. What will be the time in a town located at 15°
   East?
   a) 2:00 p.m.
   b) 2:00 p.m.
   c) 10:00 a.m.
   d) 10:00 a.m.

13. One of the following statements is true about the rotation of the earth. Which one is it?

14. In which of these months are we likely to experience winter conditions in Tunisia? (Assume the same conditions as in
    India)

15. Three of the following rivers flow into the Atlantic Ocean. Which one does not?

16. The following plateaus are found in Africa. Which one is NOT correctly matched with the country where it is found?

17. The following lakes are found in Africa. Arrange the above lakes from the smallest to the largest.

18. Three of the following mountains were formed as a result of volcanic process.

003/Std. 7 3
19. Lake Chad was formed as a result of
A. Volcanic action
B. Faulting
C. Downwarping
D. Human activities

20. Barchans and Sand dunes are features mostly found in
A. Desert regions
B. Coastal plains
C. Mountains
D. The Rift Valley

21. The following describes a river in Africa.
   i. It is the third longest in the continent
   ii. It ends in form of a delta
   iii. One of its tributaries rises from Adamawa Highlands
The river described is known as
A. River Congo B. River Volta
C. River Niger D. River Senegal

22. The winds received on the windward of a mountain such as Mount Kenya are usually
A. Hot and dry
B. Cool and dry
C. Warm and dry
D. Warm and wet

23. Which of the following wind patterns is responsible for the formation of rainfall in the Mediterranean climatic region?
A. Harmattan winds
B. Westerly winds
C. South – Westerly winds
D. South East Monsoon winds

24. Which of these types of soils support the growth of cashew nuts, coconuts and mangoes?
A. Black cotton soils
B. Red earth soils
C. Sandy soils
D. Alluvial soils

25. The following communities are found in Eastern Africa. Which among them are Southern Cushites only?
A. Ogaden, Hawiyah and Gabbra
B. Hawiyah, Boran and Rendille
C. Sanye, Burungi and Somali
D. Iraqw, Hawa and Gorowa

26. Which of the following is NOT an effect of migration and settlement of communities in Kenya in the pre-colonial period?
A. Some communities were displaced from their original areas of settlement
B. New languages came up
C. Plantation farming was introduced to communities that were traditionally pastoralists
D. Some communities were absorbed by others

27. Three of the following Bantu communities settled in Southern Tanzania after migrating into Eastern Africa in the pre-colonial period. Which one did not?
A. Yao B. Makonde
C. Chagga D. Ngoni

28. Which of these communities can fit in the box marked S below?
   A. Girama B. Luo
   C. Bagarza D. Tigre

29. A single-parent family consists of
A. The two parents and their children
B. Either the father or the mother and the children
C. A man and two wives
D. A man, many wives and children

30. Three of the following statements about clans in African traditional societies in Kenya are true except one. Which one is it?
A. Clans trace their origin from a common ancestor
B. Clans gave members a sense of belonging
C. Clan members were not allowed to marry one another
D. Clan members are considered to be relatives

31. Which of the following areas are we likely to find displayed cultural artefacts?
A. Animal orphanage
B. National parks
C. National Archives
D. Governor’s office
32. The following are aspects of culture among communities in Kenya; Which one should be discouraged?
   A. Use of songs and narratives in teaching
   B. Respect for the elderly
   C. Use of elders to settle conflicts
   D. Wife and husband inheritance

33. The following are characteristics of desert climate. Which one is NOT?
   A. The skies are cloudless
   B. The climatic region experiences low temperatures during the day and high temperatures at night
   C. The region receives low and unreliable rainfall
   D. Very low temperatures are experienced at night

34. One characteristic of Mediterranean vegetation is that:
   A. Trees form canopies
   B. There is continuous grass cover and short scattered trees
   C. There are scattered thorny bushes and cactus plants
   D. Trees are cone shaped

35. Bush fallowing was carried out by communities in the pre-colonial period mainly:
   A. To allow the land regain its fertility
   B. To allow members of the family to have time for resting
   C. To get a bigger piece of land for cultivation
   D. To provide pasture for the livestock

36. The following describes a crop grown in Kenya:
   i. Requires moderate rainfall of between 500 mm to 1100 mm
   ii. Requires warm temperatures during the growing period
   iii. Provides a raw material for a product used in hospitals

The crop described above is
   A. Coffee
   B. Tea
   C. Cotton
   D. Wheat

37. The latitude marked T crosses the following countries except one. Which one is it?
   A. Sudan
   B. Algeria
   C. Western Sahara
   D. Egypt

38. The climatic region marked B experiences:
   A. Hot and wet conditions
   B. Rainfall during winter
   C. Rainfall during summer
   D. Hot and dry conditions

39. The Ocean current marked P:
   A. Is the warm Benguela current
   B. Is the cold Walvis Bay current
   C. Encourages formation of rainfall
   D. Is the warm Agulhas current

40. After the scramble and partition of Africa, the country marked A was a colony of:
   A. Italy
   B. France
   C. Germany
   D. Britain

41. The production of sisal has declined in Eastern Africa mainly due to:
   A. Due to harsh climatic conditions
   B. Due to reduction of farming land
   C. Competition from man-made fibres
   D. Due to lack of labour in the farms
42. The following are common breeds of dairy cattle in Kenya. Which one is NOT?
A. Friesian  B. Guernsey  C. Hereford  D. Jersey

43. Which of these minerals is CORRECTLY matched with the place it is mined in Kenya?
A. Soda Ash – Kariandusi  B. Diatomite – Kimwarer  C. Fluorspar – Ngomeni  D. Salt – Fundisa

44. The following describes a fishing method
i. It involves dragging a bag-like net behind a ship or boat
ii. The net has weights and floats
iii. The method is used in the deep sea
The method described above is known as
A. Harpooning  B. Trawling  C. Purse-seining  D. Net-drifting

45. The following are characteristics of planted forests except one. Which one is it?
A. The trees are in rows  B. The forests provide a raw material for paper making industries  C. The forests are mainly found in arid areas  D. Most of the trees in these forests are soft woods

46. The following sets of countries are found in Eastern Africa. Which among them are members of Inter-Governmental Authority on Development (I.G.A.D.)?
A. Djibouti, Kenya and Tanzania  B. South Sudan, Tanzania and Uganda  C. Uganda, Eritrea and Sudan  D. Sudan, Eritrea and Rwanda

47. Which of these are products from secondary industries?
A. Tea, Sugar and Milk  B. Sisal; cooking Oil and Timber  C. Cement, Paper and Chemicals  D. Vehicles, Electronics and Chemicals

48. The following are problems facing wildlife in Eastern Africa except one. Which one is it?
A. Pollution in the National Parks and Game Reserves  B. Illegal killing of wild animals  C. Pests and diseases  D. Reduced number of visitors in the National Parks and Game Reserves

49. Which of these seaports is NOT correctly matched with the country where it is located?

50. One of the following was a non-verbal means of communication among communities found in Kenya in the pre-colonial period. Which one is it?
A. Use of messengers  B. Utulivu – to signify birth of a child  C. Beating of drums to call people for a meeting  D. Screaming in times of danger

51. The following relate to a traditional leader in Kenya
i. He collaborated with the British ii. He wanted the British to protect him from attacks by his enemies iii. He was made a Paramount chief by the British in 1909
The person described above is
A. Ngonyo wa Mwavuo  B. Nabongo Mumbi  C. Waivai wa Hinga  D. Laibon Lenane

52. Peter, a child of seven years has been found in Kenya. His parents and his nationality are not known. Peter will become a Kenyan citizen by
A. Registration  B. Birth  C. Recommendation  D. Adoption
53. Three of the following early visitors to Eastern Africa were involved in trading activities except one. Whom is it?
   A. William Mackinon
   B. Carl Peters
   C. H.M Stanley
   D. Seyyid Said

54. The following relate to a town found in Eastern Africa
   i. It began as a small fishing village
   ii. Its name means 'stones'
   iii. It is a major industrial centre
   iv. It is a lake port
   The town described above is
   A. Jinja
   B. Kisumu
   C. Arusha
   D. Addis Ababa

55. Three of the following were officials of the traditional Buganda government except one. Which one is it?
   A. Omulamuzi
   B. Mganwe
   C. Katikiro
   D. Bataka

56. Which of these explorers went into the interior of Eastern Africa and did his exploration around Lake Tanganyika, River Lualaba and River Zambezi?
   A. Vasco Da Gama
   B. John Speke
   C. David Livingstone
   D. Richard Burton

57. One of the following was the main aim of scramble and partition of Eastern Africa by European nations. Which one is it?
   A. To get raw materials for their industries
   B. To stop slave in Eastern Africa
   C. To spread Christianity in Eastern Africa
   D. To create employment opportunities for the Africans

58. In Kenya the judiciary is in charge of
   A. Arresting suspecting criminals
   B. Interpreting the laws
   C. Making the laws
   D. Approving presidential appointees

59. Which of the following Kenyan government officials works for the executive arm of government?
   A. The speaker
   B. The Chief Justice
   C. The Magistrate
   D. The Attorney General

60. Which of these statements about the body in charge of Elections in Kenya is true?
   A. Both the chairperson and the vice-person should belong to the same gender
   B. The body is headed by a director
   C. The body organizes the printing of ballot papers
   D. The body nominates candidates on behalf of political parties

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. After the great flood at the time Noah, the ark rested at
   A. Mount Nebo
   B. Mount Moriah
   C. Mount Ararat
   D. Mount Horeb

62. During God's covenant with Abraham, God's presence was shown through
   A. A cloud
   B. A strong wind
   C. Lightning
   D. A flaming torch

63. When the angel of God appeared to Gideon he was
   A. Offering incense in the temple
   B. Looking after his father's sheep and goats
   C. Threshing wheat
   D. In deep sleep

64. From the story of Jonathan and David we learn to
   A. Be humble
   B. Be courageous
   C. Be sincere
   D. Have patience
65. David was associated with the house of ______.
A. Samuel
B. Gad
C. Zadok
D. Ahijah

66. Which of these prophets was told by God to tell a king to be a prophet when he was still in the mother’s womb?
A. Isaiah
B. Ezekiel
C. Daniel
D. Hosea

67. Which of these books found in the Old Testament cannot be classified by its historical setting?
A. First Chronicles
B. Judges
C. Obadiah
D. Nehemiah

68. Who among the following personalities visited Moses during the Exodus and advised him to choose judges who would help him in solving disputes?
A. Joshua
B. Eliezer
C. Joshua
D. Jethro

69. Which of the following is NOT one of the Ten Commandments that were given to Moses by God on Mount Sinai?
A. Do not commit murder
B. Do not commit theft
C. Do not accuse anyone falsely
D. Do not judge righteously

70. When the family of Elimelech and Naomi left the land of Israel they went to the land of ______.
A. Meab
B. Egypt
C. Persia
D. Canaan

71. Reuben was one of the sons of Jacob. He pleaded with his brothers not to kill Jacob but:
A. Sell him to Egyptian traders
B. Throw him in a dry well
C. Throw him in a deep valley
D. Warn him against dreaming

72. What verifying place did God say must be the house of God? It must be the gate that opens to Heaven? (Genesis 28:17).
A. Jacob
B. Moses
C. Aaron
D. Abraham

73. The gifts of ______, frankincense and gold were brought to Jesus by:
A. Merchants
B. Teachers of the Law
C. The wise men
D. The Shepherds

74. Which of the following passages of Jesus teaches us on the nature of the kingdom of God?
A. Parable of the mustard seed
B. Parable of the hidden treasure
C. Parable of the great feast
D. Parable of the last sheep

75. Jesus taught the beatitudes during His Sermon on the Mount. Which of the following did Jesus teach?
A. On a hill
B. In the temple
C. In the Synagogue
D. On a boat

76. According to the Beatitudes taught by Jesus, the humble:
A. Will be called sons of God
B. Will be satisfied
C. Will receive what God has promised
D. Will be comforts

77. One of the following is a secular value:
A. Purity
B. Poverty
C. Wealth
D. Humility

78. One of the following people worked as a missionary in India and helped poor people work among them.
A. Mother Teresa
B. Johann Ludwig Krupf
C. Johan Rebmann
D. Bishop Hannington
79. Which of the following is a teaching of Jesus on prayer?
A. Prayer should be said in hidden places only
B. Prayer should be long
C. Prayer should be said in public places only
D. Prayer should be said in humility

80. Stephen was the first Christian martyr. His murder was approved by
A. Gamaliel  B. Saul
C. Nicodemus  D. Barabbas

81. How many jars of water were turned into wine by Jesus Christ at Cana of Galilee?
A. Six  B. Seven
C. Eight  D. Nine

82. Which parable of Jesus teaches us to help those in need?
A. Parable of the sower
B. Parable of the widow and the judge
C. Parable of the good Samaritan
D. Parable of the ten virgins

83. Philip met the Ethiopians Eunuch who was
A. Reading from the book of Daniel
B. Reading from the book of Malachi
C. Reading about the suffering of Jesus
D. Reading about the baptism of Jesus

84. The following are churches found in Kenya
i. The Legio Maria church of Africa
ii. The Arabino Churches
iii. African Divine Churches
All the above churches are classified as
A. African Independent Churches
B. Pentecostal Churches
C. Charismatic Churches
D. Evangelical Churches

85. The angel who announced the birth of Jesus appeared to Mary in the town of
A. Jerusalem  B. Nazareth
C. Bethany  D. Samaria

86. In the African traditional religion people who died during our own life time are referred to as
A. The ancestors
B. The forefathers
C. The living dead
D. The living

87. Which of the following is a similarity between African traditional religion and Christianity?
A. There is resurrection of the dead
B. God is seen as the father
C. God exists in three forms
D. God lives in special forests

88. Bezalel son of Uri is mentioned in the book of Exodus. He was talented in three of the following ways except one. Which one is it?
A. He was good at cutting jewels
B. He was good in planning and skillful designs
C. He was a good speaker
D. He was good in embroidery

89. Asipha from Usihini Primary School was involved in the following activities during her free time. As a Christian, which one was the BEST?
A. Playing games with friends
B. Surfing the internet
C. Visiting relatives
D. Visiting a children’s home

90. When Peter and other members of the early church were filled with the Holy Spirit on the day of Pentecost
A. They were filled with courage
B. They condemned the Pharisees
C. They became drunk
D. They all spoke in the Hebrew language
**JAARIBIO LA MTIHANI WA KCPE**

**DARASA LA 7ABA – 2015**

**INSIKA**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAMBA Yako</th>
<th>YA MTIHANI</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JINA LAKO</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JINA LA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SHULE YAKO</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SOMA MAAGIZO NAYA KWA MAKINI**

1. Kwenywe nafasi zilizoachwa hapo juu anadike namba yako kamili ya mtihani, jina lako na jina la shule yako.

2. Sasa fungwa karatasi hii, soma kichwa cha insia kwa makini na uandiko insha yako kwenywe nafasi zilizoachwa.

`Kijitabu hiki kina kurasa nne zimepigwa chapa.`

*Kama maelezo Muhti ya mbinu za uandishi wa insia peta nafasi yako ya “HIGH FLYER SERIES INSHA SHESHE”*

---

Branded Eagle is a mark of genuine High Flyer Series Exams and Books. Beware of imitations.

© High Flyer Series, 2015 Tel. 0723 499860 FUNDUA KURASA

003/Darasa la 7
Umepewa mwazo wa insba, iendelea kufuata iwe ya kuvutia zaidi.
Uwanja wa Lalasalama utafika watu. Baada ya mgeni wa heshima kuwasili

003/Darasa la 7
KCPE TRIAL EXAMINATION
STANDARD 7 – 2015
COMPOSITION

Time: 40 minutes

YOUR INDEX NUMBER

YOUR NAME

NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. In the spaces provided above write your full Index Number, Your Name and Name of your school.
2. Now open this paper read the composition subject carefully and write your composition on the lines provided.

This Question Paper consists of 4 printed pages.

For tips on how to write best compositions, get a copy of “HIGH FLYER SERIES COMPOSITION”

“For better grasp of the subject get yourself a copy of HIGH FLYER SERIES STD. 7 ENGLISH OR HIGH FLYER SERIES STD. 7 ENCYCLOPAEDIA.

Branded Eagle is a mark of genuine High Flyer Series Exams and Books. Beware of Imitations.

© High Flyer Series, 2015 Tel: 0723 499860

TURN OVER

003/Std. 7

1
Below is the beginning of a story. Complete it and make it as interesting as possible.

Our eagerly awaited visitors started arriving and soon our compound ...........
## HIGH FLYER TRIAL EXAM 2015
### STANDARD SEVEN
#### MARKING SCHEME

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ENGLISH</th>
<th>KISWAHILI</th>
<th>MATHS</th>
<th>SCIENCE</th>
<th>SOCIAL STUDIES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>34. C</td>
<td>34. B</td>
<td>34. A</td>
<td>34. B</td>
<td>34. D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42. A</td>
<td>42. B</td>
<td>42. A</td>
<td>42. D</td>
<td>42. C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44. C</td>
<td>44. A</td>
<td>44. D</td>
<td>44. A</td>
<td>44. B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47. D</td>
<td>47. C</td>
<td>47. B</td>
<td>47. B</td>
<td>47. C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>C.R.E.</th>
<th>SOCIAL STUDIES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. C</td>
<td>51. B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. B</td>
<td>52. B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. B</td>
<td>53. C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. B</td>
<td>54. A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. D</td>
<td>55. B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. A</td>
<td>56. C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. A</td>
<td>57. A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. B</td>
<td>58. B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. B</td>
<td>59. D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. D</td>
<td>60. C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. A</td>
<td>61. C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. B</td>
<td>62. D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. A</td>
<td>63. C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. B</td>
<td>64. C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. B</td>
<td>65. A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17. A</td>
<td>67. C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18. A</td>
<td>68. D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19. D</td>
<td>69. D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20. D</td>
<td>70. A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21. D</td>
<td>71. B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22. B</td>
<td>72. A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23. C</td>
<td>73. C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24. B</td>
<td>74. B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25. B</td>
<td>75. A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26. C</td>
<td>76. C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27. B</td>
<td>77. C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28. B</td>
<td>78. A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29. A</td>
<td>79. D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30. D</td>
<td>80. B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31. A</td>
<td>81. A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32. C</td>
<td>82. C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33. B</td>
<td>83. A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34. C</td>
<td>84. A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35. A</td>
<td>85. B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36. B</td>
<td>86. B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37. D</td>
<td>87. B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38. B</td>
<td>88. C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39. C</td>
<td>89. D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40. C</td>
<td>90. A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41. B</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42. A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43. C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44. C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45. A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46. B</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47. D</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48. D</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49. A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50. C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>