HIGH FLYER SERIES 003

Muda: Saa 1 dakika 40

SOMA KWA MAKINI MAAGIZO YAFUATAYO

1. Umepewa kijitabu hiki cha maswali na karatasi ya kujibu. Kijitabu hiki kina maswali 50.
2. Ikiwa utataka kuandika chochote ambacho si jibu andika katika kijitabu hiki.
3. Ukisha chagua jibu lako lionyeshe katika **KARATASI YA MAJIBU** na wala sio katika kijitabu hiki cha maswali.

JINSI YA KUTUMIA KARATASI YA MAJIBU

4. Tumia penseli ya kawaida.
5. Hakikisha ya kwamba yafuatayo yameandikwa katika karatasi ya majibu.

NAMBA YAKO YA MTIHANI

JINA LAKO

JINA LA SHULE YAKO

6. Kwa kuchora kistari katika visanduku vyenye namba zinazokuhusu, onyesha namba yako kamili ya mtihani (yaani namba ya shule na zile namba tatu za mtahiniwa) katika sehemu iliyotengwa mwanzo wa karatasi ya majibu.

7. Usitie alama zozote nje ya visanduku.

8. Iweke safi karatasi yako ya majibu.

9. Kwa kila swali 1 – 50 umepewa majibu manne. Majibu hayo yameonyeshwa kwa herufi A, B, C, D. Ni jibu **MOJA** tu kati ya hayo manne ambayo ni sahihi. Chagua jibu hilo.

10. Kwenye karatasi ya majibu, jibu sahihi lionyeshwe kwa kuchora kistari katika kisanduku chenye herufi uliyochagua kuwa ndilo jibu.

MFANO

Katika kijitabu cha maswali:

21. Ni sentensi ipi inayoonyesha 'ki' ya wakati.
    A. Tukienda tutawapata.
    B. Kila mtu asimame.
    C. Walikalia kiti kizuri.
    D. Walikipenda kiazi.

Katika karatasi ya majibu

| 1 | [A] [B] [C] [D] | 11 | [A] [B] [C] [D] | 21 | ■ [B] [C] [D] | 31 | [A] [B] [C] [D] | 41 | [A] [B] [C] [D] |

Katika visanduku vinavyoonyesha majibu ya swali namba 21, kisanduku chenye herufi **A** ndicho kilichochorwa kistari.

11. Chora kistari chako vizuri. Kistari chako kiwe cheusi na kisijitokeze nje ya kisanduku.

12. Kwa kila swali, chora kistari katika kisanduku kimoja tu kati ya visanduku vine ulivyopewa.

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Jaza mianya ya swali la 1-15 kwa jibu sahihi

Katika _____1_____ huo, watu _____2_____ mali yao. Wengi walikesha usiku _____3_____ kwa sababu ya ghasia _____4_____. Siku _____5_____ chifu aliandaa mkutano _____6_____ amani ili _____7_____ watu. Makundi _____8_____ yaliyotekeleza shambulizi _____9_____ yalitiwa _____10_____. Serikali iliwahimiza wananchi kuwa _____11_____ na kudumisha _____12_____. Bwana chifu alitoa _____13_____ kwa wakenya wote kuungana pamoja _____14_____ kuendeleza shughuli za _____15_____ katika taifa.

1. A. Taabu	B. mkasa	C. saa.	D. siku
2. A. waliokuwa	B. walinusuru	C walinunua	D. walipoteza
3. A. kucha	B. kutwa	C. yote	D. mzima
4. A. hilo	B. hizo	C. hayo	D. hao
5. A. ifuatayo	B. uliofuatia	C. iliyofuata	D. ijayo
6. A. ya	B. za	C. la	D. wa
7. A. kutenganisha	B. kuondoa	C. kuwapatanisha	D. kufurusha
8. A. halali	B. mazuri	C. nadhifu	D. haramu
9. A. hilo	B. hayo	C. hiyo	D. huo
10. A. mbioni	B. mbaroni	C. nakshi	D. kapuni
11. A. watulivu	B. vurugu	C. watulifu	D. wakosefu
12. A. imani	B. amani	C. utovu	D. ubadhifu
13. A. ujira	B. upweke	C. wito	D. ukali
14. A. Kwa hivyo	B. ili	C. ila	D. ingawa
15. A. ubahili	B. maendeleo	C. utengano	D. ubinafsi

Kutoka swali la 16-30 jibu kulingana na maagizo

16. Tegua kitendawili: Kikigongagongwa wanawe hutoka
    A. Nazi   B. nyumba
    C. kichuguu   D. mitambo

17. Mfuko wa mto huitwa
    A. Kochi   B. foronya
    C. veli   D. sofa

18. Chagua orodha yenye vivumishi pekee:
    A. ukulima, uvumilivu, rubani, kiti
    B. piga, chezea, ongoza, abudu
    C. vieusi, mwembamba, ghali, hodari
    D. polepole, upesi, saba, baada ya

19. Kanusha sentensi ifuatayo:
    Chakula ambacho kinapikwa kimeiva
    A. Chakula ambacho hakipikwi hakijaiva
    B. Chakula ambacho kinapikwa hakijaiva
    C. Chakula kipikwacho hakijaiva
    D. Chakula ambacho hakikupikwa hakikuiva

20. Mahindi, mtama, mawele, na wimbi ni aina za:
    A. Vyakula   B. mbegu
    C. nafaka   D. matunda

21. Chagua sentensi yenye kiambishi 'ki' ya masharti
    A. Ukifika kwake mapema utamkuta
    B. Kikombe chake kimejaa chai
    C. Tulipowasili kwao alikuwa akilima
    D. Kipya kinyemi ingawa kidonda

22. Chagua sentensi sahihi kisarufi
    A. Mama amenunua sahani jingine nyekundu
    B. Mama amenunua sahani nyingine nyekundu
    C. Mama amenunua masahani mengine nyekundu
    D. Mama amenunua sahani nyingine mwekundu

23. Chagua kihusishi
    A. baada ya   B. isipokuwa
    C. baadhi ya   D. badala ya

24. Ndugu wa kike na wa kiume huitana:
    A. somo   B. mkoi
    C. mpwa   D. umbu

25. Nyama zinazoshikilia meno huitwa
    A. ufizi   B. utaya
    C. shavu   D. mtulinga

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26. Jana nilipata matunda yakiwa yamejaa sokoni
   A. nomi
   B. chepechepe
   C. gubigubi
   D. pomoni

27. Chagua sentensi iliyo katika hali timilifu
   A. Mkalimani ameingia darasani
   B. Njoo twende shuleni
   C. Dada anapika sima jikoni
   D. Mwanafunzi alisoma, akaandika akaondoka

28. Tunasema tano ya chokaa, pia tunasema bumba la:
   A. kuni   B. nguo   C. funguo   D. nyuki

29. Akisami 4/9 kwa maneno ni
   A. Sudusi tisa
   B. tusui tisa
   C. robo tisa
   D. tusui nne

30. Chagua neno lisiloafikiana na mengine
   A. Bisibisi
   B. timazi
   C. shubaka
   D. utepe

Soma ufahamu ufuatao kisha ujibu swali la 31-40

Naambiwa zamani katika enzi za jamii, watu kuanzia kwa watoto, vijana, watu wa umri wa makamo na wazee walikuwa na heshima, utu, upole na adabu ya hali ya juu. Mtoto alikuwa mali ya jamii. Iwapo angeonyesha utundu wowote angepewa adhabu kali na mtu yeyote. Ilikuwa imefahamika kuwa udongo uwahi ungali maji. Na kwa kweli jamii ilikuwa ya kupendeza.

Siku hizi jamii yetu ni kama iliyooza kimaadili. Hakuna anayejali kuwa mpole, mwenye heshima na adabu Abadan katan. Tabia hii imekita mizizi sana miongoni mwa vijana. Vijana wa leo ni watukutu kama mkia wa mbuzi. Chambilecho, masikio yao hayasikii dawa.

Ingawa tunaweza kulaumu wazazi wao kwa kiwango fulani, hasa wanaowadekeza watoto wao kiasi cha kutowaadhibu wanapokosa, hii pekee sio sababu ya kuzaliwa kwa kizazi cha maasi. Siku hizi vijana wanaona kwamba wazazi wao ni watu waliopitwa na wakati. Hawataki kusikia wosia wao na hata nasaha kuhusu maisha. Wengi huona kwamba wao ni wa kisasa mno. Wanafanya kila wanalotaka.

Mitindo yao ya mavazi ni ya kuajabisha ghaya ya kuajabisha. Wanaiga mitindo ya wanamuziki na wanasanaa. Nguo zinazobana miili yao sana na nyingine zinazoacha sehemu za miili nje kama vile mapaja na maziwa ndizo mavazi yao. Sio ajabu kuwa humu nchini wanaume wameanza kuwavua nguo wanawake kama hao na kuwaaibisha sana kadamnasi. Kumvua mwenzako nguo pia si maadili, je, dunia ilipasukia wapi?

Wanaume wao hao hawajaachwa nyuma. Suruali ndefu hazifungiwi viunoni, zinafungiwa makalioni kisha wananyoa mitindo ya nywele inayowafanya kuonekana kama majambazi. Hali inakuwa mbaya sana wanapokuwa wanavuta sigara au bangi huku wakitembea.

Vijana vilevile wameyaparamia mapenzi kabla ya ndoa. Zamani ubikira ulitiliwa maanani sana. Leo hii vijana hawajali hilo. Wanashiriki katika mapenzi kiholela. Kuna mimba nyingi miongoni mwa wasichana hata walio katika shule za msingi. Jambo hili linachochewa na muziki kutoka ulaya hasa kutoka kwa wanamuziki wasiojali maadili ya jamii. Isitoshe kusambaa kwa filamu za ngono kwenye mitandao kumeharibu mambo zaidi.

Sitaki hata kutaja swala la matumizi ya dawa za kulevya ambayo yamebomoa maadili miongoni mwa vijana. Kwa kweli kuna haja ya maadili ya kijamii kuzingatiwa au kizazi hiki cha leo kitakuja kuangamia kabisa.

31. Ni ipi tofauti kubwa ya jamii ya sasa na ya zamani kulingana na ufahamu?
   A. Jamii ya sasa tofauti na ya kale imependelea ngono
   B. Jamii ya sasa tofauti na ya kale haijali swala la maadili
   C. Jamii ya sasa tofauti na ya kale inazingatia maadili
   D. Jamii ya sasa tofauti na ya kale inakaribia wanyama

32. Ni vipi mtoto katika jamii ya kale alichukuliwa kama wa jamii nzima
   A. Alifunzwa maadili kila mara
   B. Angeadhibiwa na yeyote iwapo angekosa
   C. Hakuwa mtukutu kama mtoto wa leo
   D. Hatujaelezwa vizuri katika ufahamu

33. Ni methali gani haiwezi kutumiwa kwa
maana moja na ``udongo uwahi ungali
maji''
A. Samaki mkunje angali mbichi
B. Mti ukunje ungali mdogo
C. Mtoto umleavyo ndivyo akuavyo
D. Chelewa chelewa utapata mwana si
wako

34. Je, kulingana na ufahamu , wazazi
wanastahili kulaumiwa kabisa kutokana
na ukosefu wa maadili mwiongoni mwa
vijana ?
A. Ndiyo
B. La
C. Haijasemwa
D. Kwa kiwango Fulani

35. Ni ipi sababu kuu ya vijana kutotii
nasaha ya wazazi wao?
A. Wameelimika sana
B. Wazazi wao wanawatekeleza sana
C. Wanaona wazazi kama watu
waliopitwa na wakati
D. Muziki wa marekani na ulaya
umewaharibu

36. Ni nini maana ya ``wajaabisha ghaya
ya kuajabisha''
A. Kushangasha sana
B. Kuaibisha sana
C. Kukera sana
D. Kuchekesha sana

37. Kwa nini unadhani baadhi ya wanaume
wa Kenya wameanza kuwavua
wasichana na wanawake nguo zao?
A. Wanataka wawe maarufu nchini
B. Wanawake na wasichana
wamewadharau wanaume
C. Ni mojawapo wa uozo wa maadili
katika jamii
D. Wanawake na wasichana
wamesoma sana

38. Ni ipi ambayo si sifa ya vijana wa leo
kulingana na ufahamu ?
A. Kuvalia suruali ndefu zinazokaribia
kuanguka
B. Kutazama filamu za ngono
C. Kusikiliza wosia na nasaha ya
wazazi wao
D. Kutumia dawa za kulevya

39. Ni sababu gani kuu inayomfanya
mwandishi kusema kwamba kizazi hiki
kinaenda kuangamia?
A. Kinatumia dawa za kulevya
B. Kinapenda sana mapenzi kiholela
C. Kimeiga mambo ya marekani na
ulaya
D. Hakina maadili ya jamii

40. Eleza maana ya msemo `` Abadan
katan'' kama uliyotumika katika
ufahamu
A. Kabisa
B. Zaidi
C. Sana
D. polepole

Soma taarifa ifuatayo kisha ujibu swali la 41-50

"Naibu mwalimu mkuu, walimu na wanafunzi hamjambo? Alasiri ya leo nina furaha riboribo tena isiyo na kifani maana tumefika mwisho wa muhula huu wa tatu.Wasemavyo wahenga, kile kilicho na mwanzo hakikosi kuwa na mwisho.

Nawashukuru kwa kuwa watu wenye ushirikiano mkubwa sana. Walimu wamekuwa watu wa kujitolea sana na wenye bidii za mchwa kuhakikisha kwamba masilahi ya wanafunzi yananughulikiwa. Nje na ndani ya darasa wamekuwa wasiochoka kuhakikisha jambo walilotenda lilitendwa kwa ubora .Sio ajabu shule hii imesalia kuwa shule tajika miongoni mwa shule nyingi tu, si za eneo tu hili bali nchini kote.

Wanafunzi sitawasahau maana kofi halilii bila ya shavu na mkono. Mmekuwa wenye heshima ya kiwango cha juu. Ni vizuri kwamba mligundua kuwa heshima ni uti wa mgongo wa kufaulu masomoni kwa mwanafunzi. Hata hivyo , kumekuwa na wachache ambao wamekosa mwelekeo. Hakuna kizuri kisichokuwa na ila . Hao tumewashauri na kuwaeleza ipasavyo.

Masomoni tumetia bidii. Wanafunzi wengi wamepata alama mia tatu na hamsini na zaidi kuanzia darasa la kwanza hadi la saba. Nitazidi kuhimiza wanafunzi wote kujizatiti ili kufikia kilele cha ufanisi. Wale ambao hawakufanya vizuri mnapoenda nyumbani, wazazi au walezi wenu watawapa ushauri.Tunatarajia mabadiliko mwakani.

Tumewapa fursa pia ya kuonyesha talanta zenu katika michezo. Dunia hii ina watu mashuhuri kwa mfano katika kandanda mnafahamu Christiano Ronaldo na Lionel Messi. Hapa nchini katika uigizaji tumemshabikia sana Lupita Nyong'o akiteswa katika mchezo wa kuigiza ambao ni wa ngazi ya kimataifa. Hatutakoma kuhimiza kushiriki kwenu katika kandanda ,uigizaji,riadha, muziki na michezo mingine.

Naomba kutangaza rasmi kufungwa kwa shule hii leo hii. Tutarudi tena tarehe mbili Januari. Nawatakia likizo njema ya krismasi. Asante sana kwa uvumilivu wenu na Mwenyezi Mungu awabariki.''

41. "Naibu mwalimu mkuu, walimu na wanafunzi hamjambo?'' hii sehemu ya hotuba huitwaje?
   A. Salamu
   B. Wito
   C. hitimisho
   D. aya

42. Ni ipi ambayo haina maana sawa na "furaha riboribo"
   A. Furaha kochokocho
   B. Furaha chungu
   C. Furaha tele
   D. Furaha tosha

43. Ni methali ipi isiyo na maana ya ``kofi hailii bila ya mkono na shavu''
   A. Kidole kimoja hakivunji chawa
   B. Jifya moja haliinjiki chungu
   C. Umoja ni nguvu utengano ni udhaifu
   D. Afadhali kenda kuliko kumi nenda rudi

44. Ni jambo lipi ambalo mwalimu mkuu hakulizungumzia
   A. Ushirikiano wa walimu na wazazi
   B. Ushirikiano wa walimu na wanafunzi
   C. Umuhimu wa michezo kwa wanafunzi
   D. Wanafunzi waliofanya vibaya katika mtihani kupewa nasaha

45. Lupita Nyong'o, Lionel Messi na Christiano Ronaldo wametajwa ili
   A. Kuonyesha umaarufu wao
   B. Kutaka wanafunzi kuwaiga
   C. Kuwaeleza wanafunzi umuhimu wa michezo
   D. Kuwachekesha maana hotuba hufurahisha

46. Kulingana na mwalimu mkuu, ni jambo gani muhimu ambalo mwanafunzi anastahili kuwa nalo?
   A. Heshima shuleni
   B. Bidii masomoni
   C. Talanta michezoni
   D. Ushirikiano na walimu wake

47. Ni methali ipi ambayo ina maana sawa na ``kilicho na mwanzo hakikosi kuwa na mwisho?''
   A. Mwanzo wa ngoma ni lele
   B. Mbio za sakafunni huishia ukingoni
   C. Hakuna marefu yasiyokuwa na ncha
   D. Hakuna jibu mwafaka

48. Mtu anayetoa hotuba huitwa
   A. katibu
   B. hatibu
   C. tabibu
   D. mkalimani

49. Mwandishi amewataja wachezaji wangapi wa kandanda
   A. mmoja
   B. watano
   C. wawili
   D. kumi

50. Mada bora zaidi ya kifungu hiki ni
   A. michezo shuleni
   B. Lupita nyong'o
   C. vipawa vya wanafunzi
   D. hotuba ya mwalimu mkuu

HIGH FLYER SERIES 003

KCPE TRIAL EXAMINATION
STANDARD SEVEN - 2015
ENGLISH

Time: 1 hour 40 minutes

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given the question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 50 questions.

2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.

3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the **ANSWER SHEET**, not in the question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil only.

5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet.

YOUR INDEX NUMBER

YOUR NAME

NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.

7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.

8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and do not fold it.

9. For each of the Question 1 – 50 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.

10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

EXAMPLE

For questions 19-20 choose the alternative that completes the given phrasal verbs correctly.

20. After the accident, his new car was written _____.
A. up   B. off
C. over   D. out

The correct answer is **B**.
On the answer sheet:

| [A] [B] [C] [D] | [A] [B] [C] [D] | 20 [A] ▮ [C] [D] | [A] [B] [C] [D] | [A] [B] [C] [D] |

In the set of boxes numbered 20, the box with the letter B printed in it is **marked.**

11. Your dark line **MUST** be within the box.

12. For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

TURN OVER

The passage below contains blank spaces numbered 1 – 15. For each blank space choose the BEST answer from the given choices

Watching the other people ___1___ handing over their bags without question, Njanja ___2___ that she had marked herself out as a first timer ___3___ worrying about. She felt a bit ___4___ . She hurriedly ___5___ the others. The man exchanged her bag for a ___6___ with number 22 on it. He ___7___ put the bag in a cubby hole labeled 22.

As she stepped inside, ___8___ confusion increased. She had no idea ___9___ to start. There ___10___ shelves and shelves of books ___11___ . she had never seen so many books in her ___12___ . There were also various ___13___ where the staff were helping ___14___ to borrow or return books. Elsewhere, there were ___15___ of desks where people were taking notes or reading.

	A	B	C	D
1.	usually	through	this	casually
2.	realised	saw	show	raised
3.	for	on	by	in
4.	embarrassed	embarrassed	embarrassed	embarrassed
5.	noted	saw	show	copied
6.	space	good	book	disk
7.	after	then	before	beyond
8.	his	their	her	there
9.	when	which	where	whom
10.	are	was	is	were
11.	everywhere	anywhere	every where	any where
12.	life	live	house	field
13.	places	counters	chairs	seats
14.	books	people	pupils	users
15.	a lots	lots	a lot	lot

For questions 16 – 20 choose the correct alternative to complete the sentence

16. The nurse has a _____ son.
    A. tall bright brown
    B. Bright tall brown
    C. brown tall bright
    D. brown bright tall

17. Ann loves a _____
    A. smart green woollen sweater
    B. smart woollen green sweater
    C. green woollen smart sweater
    D. green smart woollen sweater

18. The police boss commanded the troop to _____ position.
    A. back to their
    B. resume back
    C. resume to
    D. resume their

19. Every cloud has a _____
    A. green stone
    B. silver lining
    C. golden living
    D. diamond living

20. Many hands makes _____
    A. light work
    B. spoil the work
    C. work light
    D. are good to work

In question 21 – 23, choose the word that means the same as the underlined words

21. Kanzime's aunt seldom goes to the game park.
    A. never   B hardly
    C. always   D. regularly

22. The muddy structure was brought down by the heavy rains.
    A. build again
    B. constructed
    C. repaired
    D. demolished

23. Due to the weight the bridge gave away.
    A. allowed   B. gave in
    C. straightened   D. collapsed

24. A. brave   B. box
     C. ox   D. blade

25. A. dark   B. black
     C. dull   D. bright

Read the following passage and answer questions 26 – 38

Nthuku lived together with his goats, sheep, fowls, cats, dogs, donkeys and cows. He got milk from cows and goats as fowls gave him eggs, the sheep wool and donkeys ferried his heavy loads while the dogs and cat helped to look after the homestead at night. Nthuku made sure that his friends were well fed and slept well.

As a team they worked very hard, cultivating more land and growing enough food to feed them all. A strong fence surrounded their land. Other animals remained in the forest, living as they had always done.

Nthuku and his friends lived happily for many years. One dark night, the dog heard a loud cracking sound somewhere on the farm. He immediately barked to wake up the others. The cock heard the dog and crowed loudly. Soon Nthuku and other animals came out to see what was happening. More cracking sound were heard from the maize field and they all ran there.

When they reached the maize field, they saw a group of elephants, antelopes, gazelles and hyenas. They had broken the fence and were eating crops in the farm. "We can't let our neighbours get away with this." Said Nthuku. "We'll put traps along the path they made. If they came again, they'll be caught!.

26. Nthuku lived with _____
     A. his family
     B. his people
     C. his neighbours
     D. his friends

27. Which of the animals below provided Nthuku with only one specific benefit?
     A. sheep and fowls
     B. cow and donkey
     C. cats and dogs
     D. cocks and goats

28. Nthuku and his friends worked very hard to _____
     A. have enough food
     B. live alone as usual
     C. cultivate more land
     D. surround their farm

29. They had a strong fence so as to _____
     A. give them a place to sleep
     B. look after their home.
     C. have good food.
     D. keep away their enemies.

30. Nthuku and his friends had peace for _____
     A. all years   B. some years
     C. hardly a year   D. two years

31. Neighbours invaded the farm _____
     A. one dark night   B. at sun set
     C. at dawn   D. at noon

32. The invaders were discovered by the _____
     A. cocks   B. cats
     C. dogs   D. donkeys

33. Other friends were woken up by _____
     A. neighing and mooing
     B. barking and crowing
     C. hissing and shouting
     D. moving and shouting

34. Nthuku and his friends were led to the maize field by _____
     A. the dog   B. the cock
     C. cracking   D. elephant

35. Nthuku's neighbours were _____
     A. wild animals
     B. domestic animals
     C. all animals
     D. people around

36. The neighbours broke the fence in order to _____
     A. awake dogs and cockerel
     B. gain entry to the farm
     C. annoy Nthuku and his friends
     D. make cracking sound

37. After entry to the farm, Nthuku decided to _____
   A. repair the fence
   B. harvest the crop.
   C. chase away the animals
   D. make traps.

38. The best title for this story is _____
   A. The dark night
   B. Nthuku and his neighbours.
   C. The great deal
   D. The homestead.

Read the passage below and then answer questions 39 – 50

People who have no friends are **miserable** and are very prone to stress and related social vices. Loners have very many problems because they have no friends they can trust and share their worries with. Sometimes loners may go crazy, commit suicide, be involved in drugs and to some extend become a criminal. It is therefore important to make friends.

People who have good friends are happier and healthier than those without. It is important to make friends and keep old ones. It is proved that people with close friends have greater ability to fight illness than those who are solitary. Friendship needs to be cultivated. People need to find time to relate and share ideas, worries and opinions with trusted friends. At times, you need to put off something you had planned to do just to have time with friends. People are more important than things and relating well with other people brings much joy to our lives. When it is not possible to be with your friends, keep contact through calls, sms, facebook, whatsapp and twitter.

We should learn to open up to close friends. This means that we should be willing to share inner feelings with them. Share with friends your fears, worries, hopes and desires. As a result we feel ourselves before our true friends. We must be prepared to be misunderstood and at times betrayed. Good friends are those who accept us just the way we are and encourage us to overcome our weaknesses. After all none of us is perfect. It is our duty to listen to our friends when they have problems. We must advise them when it is needed. It is bad to impose your will on others, just suggest. Encourage them to do that they think best for them. When your friends are shaken after going through a difficult experience, be there for them.

Having different friends for different activities such as singing in choir, sports and community development helps broaden your outlook and enriches your life. Life also becomes interesting. Learn to show sincere interest in what other people are doing. This will draw them to you. If you are friendly, kind and considerate, people will be attracted to you. Talk to strangers well and people who seem lonely. As you meet the needs of others, your own needs will be met.

39. The word **miserable** is underlined, its opposite is _____
   A. depressing   B. stress
   C. happy   D. mischief

40. In the first paragraph one can be _____
   A. unhealthy through friends
   B. stressed through friends.
   C. happy through friends.
   D. talkative through friends.

41. People who have close friends _____
   A. hardly ever fall sick
   B. are less likely to get sick.
   C. are better than those without
   D. realise their goodness.

42. As used in the passage, "putting off" means _____
   A. postponing
   B. forgetting
   C. extinguishing
   D. avoiding

43. People are more important than things imply _____
   A. you can buy accidents.
   B. things cannot really help you.
   C. things cannot meet certain human needs.
   D. relating with people need effort.

44. The best definition of a true friend it the _____
   A. one who listens to us no matter what we say
   B. one who knows our fears and weaknesses.
   C. one who encourages us to overcome our weaknesses.
   D. one who knows that he or she is not perfect.

45. We should listen to our friends sympathetically but we must not _____
   A. make decision for them
   B. offer them any advice
   C. ask them to do bad things
   D. let them rest alone.

46. As used in the passage "be there for them mean _____
   A. sit near your friends
   B. be willing and avail help to them.
   C. give them all your time.
   D. have a kind heart.

47. We should have friends of all kinds to help us_____
   A. sing and play games together
   B. do many things together.
   C. get much wealth
   D. learn many things about life.

48. It FALSE to state that _____
   A. one who wants to make friends must be friendly and kind
   B. being considerate is important in friendship
   C. people are drawn to those who show interest in them.
   D. it's quite easy to maintain a friendship

49. People who do not have friends may _____
   A. engage in social evils.
   B. become very successful.
   C. become very useful
   D. become very healthy.

50. The best summary for the passage is _____
   A. It is good to speak honestly to your friends.
   B. Time friendship is wonderful but require much effort.
   C. Friends should not take each other for granted.
   D. Friends need us when they are good.

KCPE TRIAL EXAMINATION
STANDARD SEVEN – 2015
MATHEMATICS

Time: 2 hours

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given the question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 50 questions.

2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.

3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the **ANSWER SHEET**, not in the question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil only.

5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet

> **YOUR INDEX NUMBER**
>
> **YOUR NAME**
>
> **NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL**

6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.

7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.

8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and do not fold it.

9. For each of the Question 1 – 50 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.

10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

EXAMPLE

In the question Booklet

24. What is the square root of 0.0081?
   A. 0.9   B. 0.09
   C. 0.6561   D. 0.009

The correct answer is B (0.09).

On the answer sheet:

| 4 [A] [B] [C] [D] | 14 [A] [B] [C] [D] | 24 [A] ■ [C] [D] | 34 [A] [B] [C] [D] | 44 [A] [B] [C] [D] |

In the set of boxes numbered 24, the box with the letter B printed in it is marked.

11. Your dark line MUST be within the box.

12. For each question ONLY ONE box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

TURN OVER

1. Which one of the following is 8041786 in words?
   A. Eighty million forty-one thousand seven hundred and eighty six
   B. Eight hundred and four thousand seven hundred and eighty six
   C. Eight million forty one thousand seven hundred and eighty six
   D. Eight million four hundred and one thousand seven hundred and eighty six

2. What is the total value of digit 7 in the number 46.087?
   A. Thousandths
   B. 0.007
   C. 7
   D. 0.07

3. What is the value of
   $9 - 2^4/_5 - 3^2/_3$?
   A. $2^8/_{15}$
   B. $3^8/_{15}$
   C. $4^2/_{15}$
   D. $3^2/_{15}$

4. What is the value of
   $3 + 4 + 5(1 + 2 + 3)$?
   A. 72
   B. 17
   C. 60
   D. 37

5. What is 12½% as a fraction in simplified form?
   A. $^5/_{40}$
   B. $^2/_{25}$
   C. $^1/_8$
   D. $^1/_5$

6. What is the product of LCM of 8, 12 and 16 and their G.C.D?
   A. 52
   B. 192
   C. 96
   D. 48

7. What is the area of the rectangle drawn below?
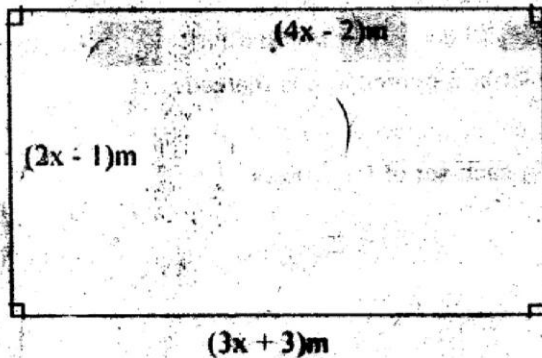
   A. 5m²
   B. 54m²
   C. 72m²
   D. 162m²

8. What is the next number in the pattern below?
   3, 6, 9, 15, 24, _____
   A. 39
   B. 36
   C. 40
   D. 42

9. Work out
   $$\frac{4.2 \times 1.96 \times 7.2}{0.35 \times 1.8}$$
   A. 9.48
   B. 9.408
   C. 94.08
   D. 940.8

10. What is the value of angle ABC in the figure below?

    A. 12°
    B. 37°
    C. 78°
    D. 65°
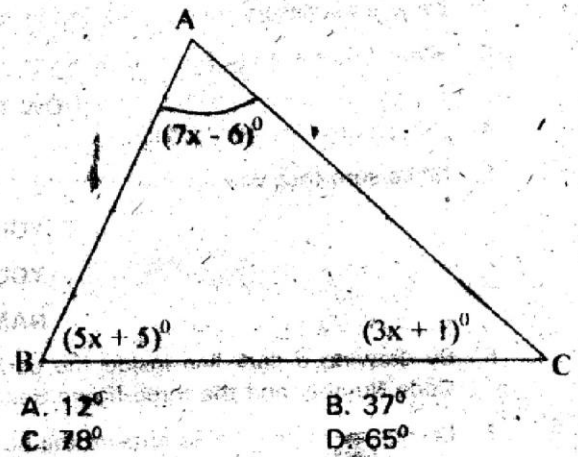
11. What is the perimeter of the figure below? Take $\pi = ^{22}/_7$

    A. 400m
    B. 301m
    C. 299m
    D. 520m
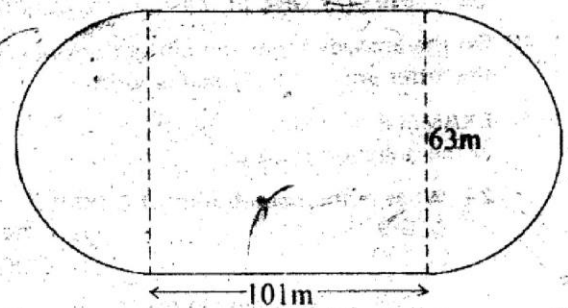
12. Motego bought the following items from a shop:
    3 packets of milk @ sh 55
    2kg of sugar @ sh 110
    1½ kg of meat for sh 300
    6 cakes @ sh 25
    If he gave the shopkeeper a sh 1000 note, what balance did he get?
    A. sh 835
    B. sh 165
    C. sh 15
    D. sh 290

003/Std. 7   2

13. What is the smallest number that can be added to 5422 to make it divisible by 11?
    A. 10
    B. 12
    C. 1
    D. 3

14. Omugo's stride is ¾ of a metre. How many strides will he take to cover 120 metres?
    A. 30
    B. 90
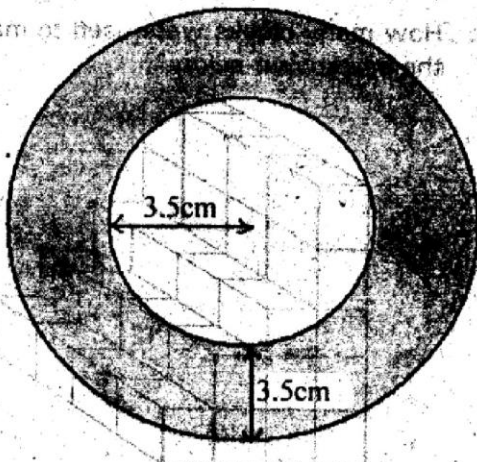   C. 40
    D. 160

15. A woman spent $^3/_8$ of her salary on clothing, $^1/_5$ on rent and ¼ on food. She saved the rest. What fraction of her salary did she save?
    A. $^7/_{40}$
    B. $^{17}/_{40}$
    C. $^{11}/_{40}$
    D. $^{33}/_{40}$

16. Odhiambo covered 18km in 12 minutes. What was his speed in km/h?
    A. 1½km/h
    B. 90km/h
    C. 150km/h
    D. 15km/h

17. What is the area of the shaded region? Take $\pi = ^{22}/_7$

    A. 38.5cm²
    B. 154cm²
    C. 115.5cm²
    D. 808.5cm²

18. Amanda bought a bicycle at sh 18,000 and sold it making a profit of 15%. At what price did he sell the bicycle?
    A. sh 2,700
    B. sh 27,000
    C. sh 20,070
    D. sh 20,700

19. What is the area of the trapezium drawn below?
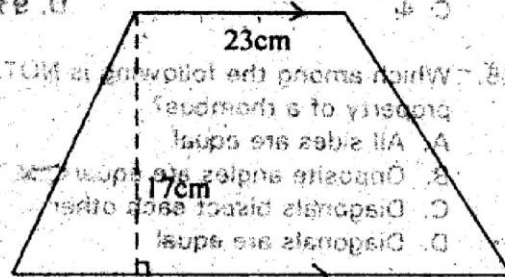
    A. 476cm²
    B. 425cm²
    C. 551cm²
    D. 759cm²

20. In the figure below, AB is parallel to CD. Line AB=AD and angle CDE = 64°
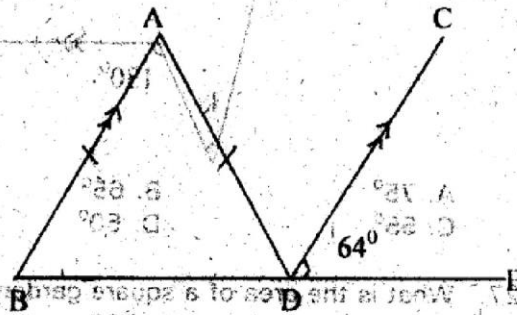
    What is the value of angle ADC?
    A. 64°
    B. 52°
    C. 118°
    D. 58°

21. What is the square root of 0.0529?
    A. 0.0023
    B. 0.27
    C. 0.0027
    D. 0.23

22. Three bells are set to ring at intervals of 4min, 6min and 9min respectively. If they ring together at 11.24am, at what time will they ring together next?
    A. 12.00am
    B. 11.36am
    C. 12 noon
    D. 11.50am

23. What is the value of
    $$\frac{5xy^2}{x-cy}$$ if x = 3, y = 2 and c = 0
    A. 20
    B. 300
    C. 600
    D. 60

24. What is the value of
    $\frac{1}{6}$ of 60 – 9 × $\frac{1}{3}$ ÷ $\frac{3}{4}$

    A. 12
    C. 4
    B. 8
    D. 9 ¾

25. Which among the following is NOT a property of a rhombus?
    A. All sides are equal
    B. Opposite angles are equal
    C. Diagonals bisect each other
    D. Diagonals are equal

26. What is the value of angle marked k in the figure below?

    A. 75°
    C. 55°
    B. 65°
    D. 50°

27. What is the area of a square garden in ares whose perimeter is 220 metres?
    A. 0.3025
    C. 3025
    B. 30.25
    D. 55

28. Solve for k in the equation
    $\frac{3k + 6}{8} = 12$

    A. 30
    C. 34
    B. 90
    D. 102

29. Atwoli now earns sh 3500 after getting an increase of 40%. What was his salary before the increase?
    A. Sh 2,100
    B. Sh 1,400
    C. Sh 2,500
    D. Sh 4,900

30. What is the value of
    $\frac{8^2 + 8}{4}$

    A. 72
    C. 18
    B. 27
    D. 24

31. Arrange the fractions $\frac{3}{5}$, $\frac{2}{3}$, $\frac{8}{15}$ and $\frac{5}{8}$ from the largest to the smallest.
    A. $\frac{2}{3}$, $\frac{5}{8}$, $\frac{3}{5}$, $\frac{8}{15}$
    B. $\frac{2}{3}$, $\frac{5}{8}$, $\frac{3}{5}$, $\frac{8}{15}$
    C. $\frac{8}{15}$, $\frac{3}{5}$, $\frac{5}{8}$, $\frac{2}{3}$
    D. $\frac{8}{15}$, $\frac{5}{8}$, $\frac{3}{5}$, $\frac{2}{3}$

32. Which of the following statements is correct?
    A. $3^2 < \sqrt{100}$
    B. $\frac{4}{5} > 0.8$
    C. $\frac{5}{2} < 2.3$
    D. $\frac{5}{8} = 0.63$

33. A child slept at 8.30pm and woke up after sleeping for 3 hours 55 minutes. At what time in 24h clock did the child wake up?
    A. 2425h
    C. 0025h
    B. 1225h
    D. 0125h

34. During a birthday party, $\frac{3}{5}$ of the children present were boys. If there were 120 girls, how many boys were present?
    A. 180
    C. 72
    B. 80
    D. 48

35. How many blocks were used to make the pile shown below?

    A. 64
    C. 44
    B. 20
    D. 48

36. Simplify
    $\frac{3}{5}$(12m – 9t) + $\frac{4}{5}$(15m – 5t)

    A. 14m + 8t
    B. 20m – 2t
    C. 7m + 4t
    D. 20m + 2t

37. A trader sold 2.4 tonnes of rice in 2kg packets. How many packets did he sell altogether?
    A. 1200
    B. 12000
    C. 120
    D. 120000

38. Construct a triangle XYZ such that XY = 7cm, XZ = 5cm and angle ZXY = 65°. What is the measure of angle XYZ?
    A. 72°   B. 43°
    C. 143°   D. 137°

39. How many cubic centimeters are there in 0.00108m³?
    A. 108
    B. 10800
    C. 108000
    D. 1080

40. A farmer planted trees on both sides of a path leading to his house at intervals of 4 metres. If the path is 100 metres long, how many trees did he plant?
    A. 25   B. 26
    C. 52   D. 50

41. If 25% of a quantity is 220, what is 40% of the same quantity?
    A. 880   B. 88
    C. 352   D. 350

42. How many revolutions will a wheel whose radius is 42cm make to cover a distance of 660 metres? Take $\pi = {}^{22}/_7$
    A. 250   B. 25
    C. 50   D. 500

43. What is the missing number y in the magic square below?

5	3	
	6	Y
		7

    A. 2   B. 1
    C. 10   D. 3

44. The container below holds 30 litres when full of water. What is the height of the cylinder?
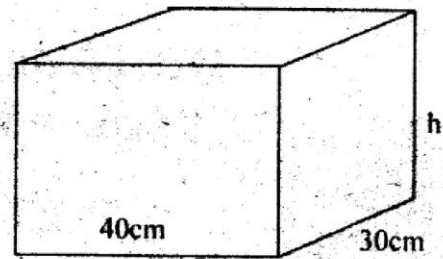
    A. 15cm   B. 20cm
    C. 35cm   D. 25cm

45. Work out

T	Kg	g
9	1 0	1 0
- 3	4 6 8	8 3 5

    A. 5T   542kg   175g
    B. 5T   541kg   165g
    C. 5T   541kg   175g
    D. 6T   541kg   165g

46. A rectangular plot whose perimeter is 780m has its length measuring 240 metres. What is the area of the plot in hectares?
    A. 3.6ha   B. 36ha
    C. 36000ha   D. 360ha

47. What is the curved surface area of a tin whose radius is 6.3cm and height 15cm? Take $\pi = {}^{22}/_7$
    A. 124.74cm²   B. 594cm²
    C. 718.74cm²   D. 843.48cm²

48. What is the product of the vertices and faces of an open cuboid?
    A. 48   B. 60
    C. 96   D. 40

The table below shows the number of pupils absent from school in class 7 which has 40 pupils in one week.

DAY	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI
NO OF PUPILS ABSENT	5	4	-	2	4

49. Which day were all the pupils present?
    A. Monday   B. Tuesday
    C. Wednesday   D. Thursday

50. What was the average attendance per day that week?
    A. 3   B. 37
    C. 185   D. 15

KCPE TRIAL EXAMINATION

STANDARD 7 – 2015

SCIENCE

Time: 1 Hour 40 minutes

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given the question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 50 questions.

2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.

3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the ANSWER SHEET, not in the question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil only.

5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet

YOUR INDEX NUMBER

YOUR NAME

NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

6. By drawing a **dark line** inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.

7. Do not make any marks outsides the boxes.

8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and do not fold it.

9. For each of the Question 1 – 50 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only ONE of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.

10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

EXAMPLE

In the Question Booklet:

4. The following are functions of plant roots. Which one is NOT?
   - A. Absorbing water.
   - B. Making plant food.
   - B. Holding the plant.
   - D. Storage of food.

The correct answer is **B**

On the answer sheet:

4 [A] ▮C] [D]   14 [A] [B] [C] [D]   24 [A] [B] [C] [D]   34 [A] [B] [C] [D]   44 [A] [B] [C] [D]

In the set of boxes numbered 4, the box with the letter D printed in it is marked.

11. Your **dark line** MUST be within the box.

12. For each question ONLY ONE box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

1. Standard 5 pupils made the weather instrument shown below.

The weather instrument works on the fact that?
A. Air occupies space.
B. Liquids occupy space.
C. Air makes objects to move.
D. Air exerts pressure.

2. Which of the following crop pests is correctly matched with the part of plant it attacks?
A. Stalkborer-roots.
B. Aphids-grains.
C. Rodents-seedlings.
D. Weevils-cereals.

3. The following shows various meals that were eaten by standard 4 pupils. Which one of them was balanced?
A. Chapatti, rice, milk.
B. Pineapple, rice, chicken.
C. Beans, milk, potatoes.
D. Orange, green banana, spinach.

4. The type of cloud that causes a halo to appear around the sun or moon is?
A. Nimbus.   B. Cumulus.
C. Cirrus.   D. Stratus.

5. The following are waterborne diseases. Which one is not?
A. Malaria.   B. Cholera.
C. Typhoid.   D. Bilharzias.

6. During child immunization, which vaccine protects the body against three diseases?
A. Antimeasles.
B. BCG.
C. Oral polio.
D. DPT.

7. Standard 5 pupils poured equal amounts of four liquids on a slope and made the observation shown below.

Which liquid had the highest viscosity?
A. P
B. Q
C. R
D. S

8. External livestock parasites can be controlled by all the following methods except?
A. Rotational grazing.
B. Drenching.
C. Dipping.
D. Spraying.

9. Which statement below is false about stall feeding?
A. Diseases are easily controlled.
B. Animals have to be tethered.
C. Manure is easily collected.
D. Animals do not move around.

10. Which solid below will dissolve in water?
A. Chalk dust.
B. Flour.
C. Glucose.
D. Sand.

11. The male reproductive organ than introduces sperms into the vaginas
A. Penis.
B. Sperm duct.
C. Glands.
D. Testis.

12. Standard 5 pupils collected the plant shown below

The plant reproduces by means of?
A. Budding.
B. Seeds.
C. Cones.
D. Spores.

13. Which one of the following is not a simple tool used by farmers?
A. Spade.
B. Wheelbarrow.
C. Axe.
D. Mattock.

14. Which weather condition below will make clothes take the longest time to dry?
A. Dry and calm.
B. Dry and windy.
C. Cold and windy.
D. Cold and calm.

15. Which one of the following is not important when taking medicine?
A. Date of manufacture.
B. The dose.
C. Duration to complete the dose.
D. How to store the medicine.

16. The function of hemoglobin in the blood is to
A. Carry digested food.
B. Fight germs.
C. Combine with oxygen.
D. Help in blood clotting.

17. Standard 4 pupils uprooted the plant shown below
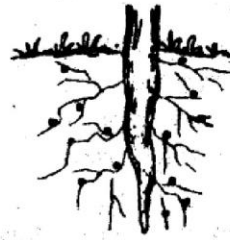
Which of the following would represent the plant that the pupils uprooted?
A. Rice.
B. Groundnuts.
C. Mango.
D. Irish potato.

18. The aspect of matter that cannot be changed is?
A. Spade.
B. Weight.
C. Volume.
D. Density.

19. The following materials were collected by standard 6 pupils. Which one of them would allow some light to pass through?
A. Frosted glass.
B. Mirror.
C. Windowpane.
D. Wood.

20. The diagram below shows an activity standard 7 pupils carried out during a science lesson.
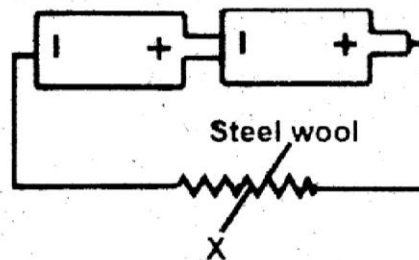
Which two forms of energy did the pupils observe at the part marked
A. Electricity and light.
B. Heat and electricity.
C. Heat and light.
D. Electricity and sound.

21. Which one of the following characteristics is true for both plants and animals? They
    A. Make their food and grow.
    B. Reproduce and transpire
    C. Excrete and use oxygen,
    D. Move and use carbon dioxide.

22. An insect pollinated flower has the following characteristics except?
    A. Is large in size.
    B. Has feathery stigma.
    C. Produce nectar
    D. Has stick pollen grains.

23. After abusing a certain drug Juma showed the following signs;
    i. Hallucinations.
    ii. Aroused appetite.
    iii. Red eyes.
    iv. Withdrawn.
    Which of these drugs did Juma take?
    A. Mandrax.
    B. Cocaine.
    C. Khat.
    D. Bhang.

24. Convection of heat occurs in
    A. Solids and gases.
    B. Solids only.
    C. Liquids and gases.
    D. Liquids and solids.

25. Which pair of levers below have the same position of effort, load and fulcrum.
    A. Spade and tongs.
    B. Claw hammer and door hinge.
    C. Wheelbarrow and lid opener.
    D. Crowbar and fishing rod.

26. Which one of the following is a magnetic material?
    A. Aluminium plate.
    B. Copper coin.
    C. Steel spoon.
    D. Rubber cup.

27. Which group below shows plants that have fibrous root system
    A. Mango, kales, orange.
    B. Grass, maize, wheat.
    C. Cowpeas, beans, groundnuts.
    D. Maize, groundnuts, peas.

28. _____ is not an example of force.
    A. Weight.
    B. Effort.
    C. Mass.
    D. Friction.

29. Standard 6 pupils carried out the activity shown below.
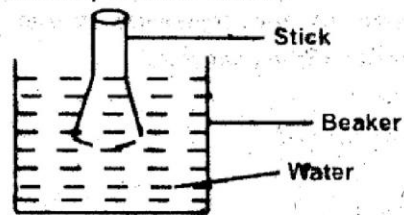
    Which property of light were the pupils investigating?
    A. Reflection.
    B. Dispersion.
    C. Defraction.
    D. Refraction.

30. Which of the following groups consists of legal drugs in Kenya?
    A. Khat, heroine, beer.
    B. Tobacco, bhang, khat.
    C. Khat, tobacco, alcohol.
    D. Bhang, cocaine, mandrax

31. Which of the following is the reason for including vitamin A in our diet?
    A. Promote good eyesight.
    B. Promote strong immunity.
    C. Increase blood production.
    D. Promote smooth skin.

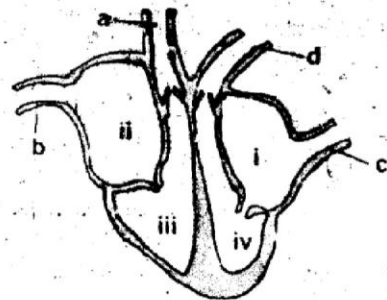Use the pie chart below to answer questions 32 and 33
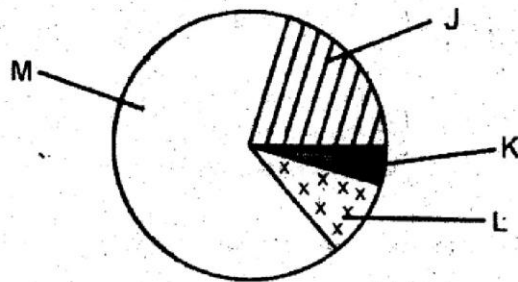
32. Name the components of air marked J and L respectively
   A. Rare gases and oxygen.
   B. Nitrogen and oxygen.
   C. Oxygen and rare gases.
   D. Carbon dioxide and oxygen.

33. Which two components of air when put together will form 79% of air by volume?
   A. M and J.
   B. J and K.
   C. K and L.
   D. M and L.

34. The following are examples of straight fertilizers. Which one is not?
   A. CAN.
   B. DAP.
   C. SSP.
   D. Urea.

35. Which one of the following is not a recreational use of water?
   A. Swimming.
   B. Cooling engines.
   C. Boat racing.
   D. Surfing.

36. During a science lesson, standard 5 pupils classified plants as shown below.
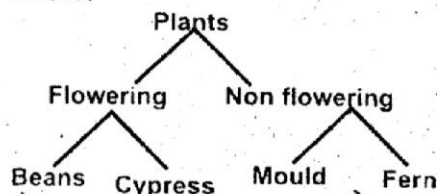
Which plant did the pupil classify wrongly?
   A. Beans.
   B. Cypress.
   C. Mould.
   D. Fern.

37. Which of the following is not needed in an experiment used to investigate presence of organic matter in soil?
   A. Lid.
   B. Soil.
   C. Heat.
   D. Sufuria.

38. During food digestion, bile juice mixes with food in which part of the alimentary canal?
   A. Small intestine.
   B. Colon.
   C. Duodenum.
   D. Stomach.

39. Which one of the following show the ratio of white blood cells to red blood cells in the human blood?
   A. 600:1
   B. 1:6
   C. 1:600
   D. 60:1

40. Pasture preserved before drying is known as
   A. Hay
   B. Fodder
   C. Silage
   D. Concentrate
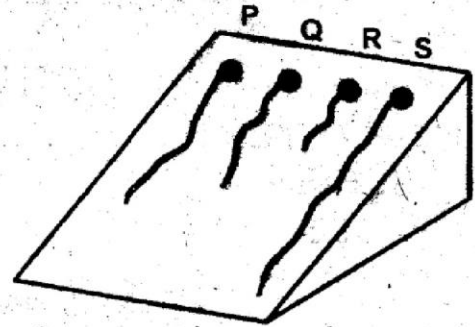
Use the diagram below to answer question 41-42

1. Standard 5 pupils made the weather instrument shown below.

The weather instrument works on the fact that?
A. Air occupies space.
B. Liquids occupy space.
C. Air makes objects to move.
D. Air exerts pressure.

2. Which of the following crop pests is correctly matched with the part of plant it attacks?
A. Stalkborer-roots.
B. Aphids-grains.
C. Rodents-seedlings.
D. Weevils-cereals.

3. The following shows various meals that were eaten by standard 4 pupils. Which one of them was balanced?
A. Chapatti, rice, milk.
B. Pineapple, rice, chicken.
C. Beans, milk, potatoes.
D. Orange, green banana, spinach.

4. The type of cloud that causes a halo to appear around the sun or moon is?
A. Nimbus.   B. Cumulus.
C. Cirrus.   D. Stratus.

5. The following are waterborne diseases. Which one is not?
A. Malaria.   B. Cholera.
C. Typhoid.   D. Bilharzias.

6. During child immunization, which vaccine protects the body against three diseases?
A. Antimeasles.
B. BCG.
C. Oral polio.
D. DPT.

7. Standard 5 pupils poured equal amounts of four liquids on a slope and made the observation shown below.

Which liquid had the highest viscosity?
A. P
B. Q
C. R
D. S

8. External livestock parasites can be controlled by all the following methods except?
A. Rotational grazing.
B. Drenching.
C. Dipping.
D. Spraying.

9. Which statement below is false about stall feeding?
A. Diseases are easily controlled.
B. Animals have to be tethered.
C. Manure is easily collected.
D. Animals do not move around.

10. Which solid below will dissolve in water?
A. Chalk dust.
B. Flour.
C. Glucose.
D. Sand.

11. The male reproductive organ than introduces sperms into the vagina is
A. Penis.
B. Sperm duct.
C. Glands.
D. Testis.

KCPE TRIAL EXAMINATION
STANDARD SEVEN – 2015
SOCIAL STUDIES & CRE/IRE

Time: 2 hours 15 minutes

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given the question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 90 questions.

2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.

3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the ANSWER SHEET, not in the question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil only.

5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet

YOUR INDEX NUMBER

YOUR NAME

NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.

7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.

8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and do not fold it.

9. For each of the Question 1 – 90 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only ONE of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.

10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

EXAMPLE

In the Question Booklet:

32. Which of the following is NOT a problem that faces trade in Eastern Africa?
   A. High taxation
   B. Inadequate capital
   C. Lack of goods for trade.
   D. Production of similar goods.
   The correct answer is C

On the answer sheet:

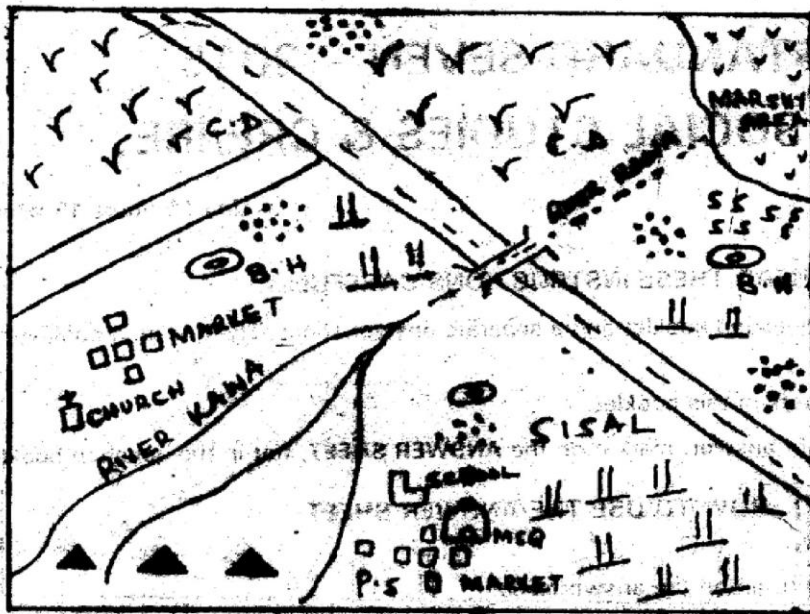| 31 | [A] [B] [C] [D] | 32 | [A] [B] ▉ [D] | 33 | [A] [B] [C] [D] | 34 | [A] [B] [C] [D] | 35 | [A] [B] [C] [D] |

In the set of boxes numbered 32, the box with the letter C printed in it is marked.

11. Your dark line MUST be within the box.

12. For each question ONLY ONE box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

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KAWA AREA

KEY

```
[=======] - TARMAC ROAD        □□□ - PERMANENT BUILDING
[       ] - MURRAM ROAD        P.S - POLICE STATION
▲ ▲ ▲    - HILLS              C.D - CATTLE DIP
S S S S  - SUGARCANE
Y Y Y Y  - GRASS
Ⅱ Ⅱ Ⅱ Ⅱ  - SCRUB
🕌 MSQ   - MOSQUE
⊙        - BOREHOLE
-------- - SEASONAL RIVER
••••••   - SETTLEMENTS
```

Use the map of Kawa area to answer questions 1 – 7

1. What is the approximate length of the murram road in the area covered by the map?
   - A. 7.2 km
   - B. 10.5 km
   - C. 15.2 km
   - D. 4.2 km

2. The general climate of the area covered by the map is likely to be
   - A. Cool and dry
   - B. Cool and wet
   - C. Hot and dry
   - D. Hot and wet

3. The following economic activities are carried out in kawa area. Which one is NOT?
   - A. Transportation
   - B. Tourism
   - C. Trading
   - D. Farming

4. The highest part in the area covered by the map lies to the
   - A. North – East
   - B. North – West
   - C. South – West
   - D. South – East

003/Std. 7

2

5. The main source of water for residents communities in Kawa area in colonial period?
   A. The river
   B. The borehole
   C. The swamp
   D. The dam

6. Which of these statements is TRUE of the area covered by the map?
   A. Residents of Kawa area belong to one religion
   B. Land in Kawa area slopes towards the North – West
   C. Most parts of Kawa area receives adequate rainfall
   D. Swamp vegetation such as the papyrus reeds is likely to grow in the North Eastern part of the map

7. Most of the settlements in the area covered by the road
   A. Are found along the road
   B. Are in clusters
   C. Are found around the hills
   D. Are found near the church

8. Which of the following islands is found in the Atlantic Ocean?
   A. Cape Verde
   B. Comoro
   C. Mauritius
   D. Madagascar

9. One of the following continents of the world is found to the North East of Africa. Which one is it?
   A. North America
   B. South America
   C. Europe
   D. Asia

10. The following bays are found in Africa. Which one is CORRECTLY matched with the country where it's located?
    A. Delagoa – Namibia
    B. Alexander – Somalia
    C. Walvis – Mozambique
    D. Ungwana – Kenya

11. Which of these African countries lies to the East of Chad?
    A. Egypt
    B. Libya
    C. Sudan
    D. Niger

12. The time in a town X located at 45° East is 6:00 p.m. What will be the time in a town P located at 15° West?
    A. 2:00 p.m
    B. 2:00 a.m
    C. 10:00 p.m
    D. 10:00 a.m

13. One of the following statements is true about the rotation of the earth. Which one is it?
    A. Rotation of the earth causes varying lengths of the day and night at different times of the year
    B. Rotation of the earth takes 365 1/4 days
    C. The earth rotates from East to West
    D. The earth rotates on its axis

14. In which of these months are we likely to experience winter conditions in Tunis?
    A. December
    B. June
    C. July
    D. August

15. Three of the following rivers flow into the Atlantic Ocean. Which one does not?
    A. River Cunene
    B. River Congo
    C. River Limpopo
    D. River Volta

16. The following plateaus are found in Africa. Which one is NOT correctly matched with the country where it is found?
    A. Nyika plateau – Kenya
    B. Jos plateau – Nigeria
    C. Bie plateau – Angola
    D. Fouta Djalon plateau – Ghana

17. The following lakes are found in Africa
    i. Lake Tanganyika
    ii. Lake Malawi
    iii. Lake Chad
    iv. Lake Bangweulu
    Arrange the above lakes from the smallest to the largest
    A. i, ii, iii, iv
    B. iv, iii, ii, i
    C. iii, ii, i, iv
    D. ii, iii, iv, i

18. Three of the following mountains were formed as a result of volcanic process. Which one is NOT?
    A. Mount Ngadobo
    B. Mount Suswa
    C. Mount Bara
    D. Mount Nyamlagira

19. Lake Chad was formed as a result of
    A. Volcanic action
    B. Faulting
    C. Downwarping
    D. Human activities

20. Barchans and Sand dunes are features mostly found in
    A. Desert regions
    B. Coastal plains
    C. Mountains
    D. The Rift Valley

21. The following describes a river in Africa.
    i. It is the third longest in the continent
    ii. It ends in form of a delta
    iii. One of its tributaries rises from Adamawa highlands
    The river described is known as
    A. River Congo   B. River Volta
    C. River Niger   D. River Senegal

22. The winds received on the windward of a mountain such as Mount Kenya are usually
    A. Hot and dry
    B. Cool and dry
    C. Warm and dry
    D. Warm and wet

23. Which of the following wind patterns is responsible for the formation of rainfall in the Mediterranean climatic region?
    A. Harmattan winds
    B. Westerly winds
    C. South - Westerly winds
    D. South East Monsoon winds

24. Which of these types of soils support the growth of cashew nuts, coconuts and mangoes?
    A. Black cotton soils
    B. Red earth soils
    C. Sandy soils
    D. Alluvial soils

25. The following communities are found in Eastern Africa. Which among them are Southern Cushites only?
    A. Ogaden, Hawiyah and Gabbra
    B. Hawiyah, Boran and Rendille.
    C. Sanye, Burungi and Somali
    D. Iraqw, Hawa and Gorowa

003/Std. 7   4

26. Which of the following is NOT an effect of migration and settlement of communities in Kenya in the pre-colonial period?
    A. Some communities were displaced from their original areas of settlement
    B. New languages came up
    C. Plantation farming was introduced to communities that were traditionally pastoralists
    D. Some communities were absorbed by others

27. Three of the following Bantu communities settled in Southern Tanzania after migrating into Eastern Africa in the pre - colonial period. Which one did not?
    A. Yao   B. Makonde
    C. Chagga   D. Ngoni

28. Which of these communities can fit in the box marked S below?

LANGI	ACHOLI	DINKA	S

    A. Giriama   B. Luo
    C. Bagarra   D. Tigre

29. A single - parent family consists of
    A. The two parents and their children
    B. Either the father or the mother and the children
    C. A man and the two wives
    D. A man, many wives and children

30. Three of the following statements about clans in African traditional societies in Kenya are true except one. Which one is it?
    A. Clans trace their origin from a common ancestor
    B. Clans gave members a sense of belonging
    C. Clan members were allowed to marry one another
    D. Clan members are considered to be relatives

31. Which of the following areas are we likely to find displayed cultural artefacts?
    A. Animal orphanage
    B. National parks
    C. National Archives
    D. Governor's office

32. The following are aspects of culture among communities in Kenya. Which one should be discouraged?
A. Use of songs and narratives in teaching
B. Respect for the elderly
C. Use of elders to settle conflicts
D. Wife and husband inheritance

33. The following are characteristics of desert climate. Which one is NOT?
A. The skies are cloudless
B. The climatic region experiences low temperatures during the day and high temperatures at night
C. The region receives low and unreliable rainfall
D. Very low temperatures are experienced at night

34. One characteristic of Mediterranean vegetation is that
A. Trees form canopies
B. There is continuous grass cover and short scattered trees
C. There are scattered thorny bushes and cactus plants
D. Trees are cone shaped

35. Bush fallowing was carried out by communities in the pre- colonial period mainly
A. To allow the land regain its fertility
B. To allow members of the family to have time for resting
C. To get a bigger piece of land for cultivation
D. To provide pasture for the livestock
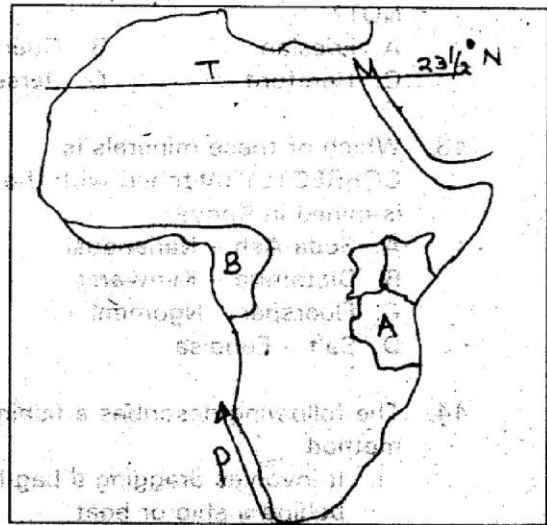
36. The following describes a crop grown in Kenya
   i. Requires moderate rainfall of between 500 mm to 1100 mm
   ii. Requires warm temperatures during the growing period
   iii. Provides a raw material for a product used in hospitals

The crop described above is
A. Coffe
B. Tea
C. Cotton
D. Wheat

Use the map of Africa to answer questions 37 – 40

37. The latitude marked T crosses the following countries except one. Which one is it?
A. Sudan
B. Algeria
C. Western Sahara
D. Egypt

38. The climatic region marked B experiences
A. Hot and wet conditions
B. Rainfall during winter
C. Rainfall during summer
D. Hot and dry conditions

39. The Ocean current marked P
A. Is the warm Benguela current
B. Is the cold Walvis Bay current
C. Encourages formation of rainfall
D. Is the warm Agulhas current

40. After the scramble and partition of Africa, the country marked A was a colony of
A. Italy
B. France
C. Germany
D. Britain

41. The production of sisal has declined in Eastern Africa mainly
A. Due to harsh climatic conditions
B. Due to reduction of farming land
C. Competition from man-made fibres
D. Due to lack of labour in the farms

42. The following are common breeds of dairy cattle in Kenya. Which one is NOT?
   A. Friesian   B. Guernsey
   C. Hereford   D. Jersey

43. Which of these minerals is CORRECTLY matched with the place it is mined in Kenya?
   A. Soda Ash – Kariandusi
   B. Diatomite – Kimwarer
   C. Fluorspar – Ngomeni
   D. Salt – Fundisa

44. The following describes a fishing method
   i. It involves dragging a bag-like net behind a ship or boat
   ii. The net has weights and floats
   iii. The method is used in the deep sea
   The method described above is known as _____
   A. Harpooning   B. Trawling
   C. Purse seining   D. Net-drifting

45. The following are characteristics of planted forests except one. Which one is it?
   A. The trees are in rows
   B. The forests provide a raw materials for paper making industries
   C. The forests are mainly found in arid areas
   D. Most of the trees in these forests are soft woods

46. The following sets of countries are found in Eastern Africa. Which among them are members of Inter-Governmental Authority on Development (I.G.A.D)?
   A. Djibouti, Kenya and Tanzania
   B. South Sudan, Tanzania and Uganda
   C. Uganda, Eritrea and Sudan
   D. Sudan, Eritrea and Rwanda

47. Which of these are products from secondary industries?
   A. Tea, Sugar and Milk
   B. Sisal, cooking Oil and Timber
   C. Cement, Paper and Chemicals
   D. Vehicles, Electronics and Chemicals

48. The following are problems facing wildlife in Eastern Africa except one. Which one is it?
   A. Pollution in the National Parks and Game Reserves
   B. Illegal killing of wild animals
   C. Pests and diseases
   D. Reduced number of visitors in the National Parks and Game Reserves

49. Which of these seaports is NOT correctly matched with the country where it is located?
   A. Kismayu – Somalia
   B. Massawa – Djibouti
   C. Mtwara – Tanzania
   D. Lamu – Kenya

50. One of the following was a non verbal means of communication among communities found in Kenya in the pre-colonial period. Which one is it?
   A. Use of messengers
   B. Ululations to signifying birth of a child
   C. Beating of drums to call people for a meeting
   D. Screaming in times of danger

51. The following relate to a traditional leader in Kenya.
   i. He collaborated with the British
   ii. He wanted the British to protect him from attacks by his enemies
   iii. He was made a Paramount chief by the British in 1909
   The person described above is
   A. Ngonyo wa Mwavuo
   B. Nabongo Mumia
   C. Waiyaki wa Hinga
   D. Laibon Lenana

52. Peter, a child of seven years has been found in Kenya. His parents and his nationality are not known. Peter will become a Kenyan citizen by
   A. Registration
   B. Birth
   C. Recommendation
   D. Adoption

53. Three of the following early visitors to Eastern Africa were involved in trading activities except one. Whom is it?
A. William Mackinon
B. Carl Peters
C. H.M Stanley
D. Seyyid Said

54. The following relate to a town found in Eastern Africa
i. It began as a small fishing village
ii. Its name means 'stones'
iii. It is a major industrial centre
iv. It is a lake port
The town described above is
A. Jinja
B. Kisumu
C. Arusha
D. Addis Ababa

55. Three of the following were officials of the traditional Buganda government except one. Which one is it?
A. Omulamuzi
B. Mganwe
C. Katikiro
D. Bataka

56. Which of these explorers went into the interior of Eastern Africa and did his exploration around Lake Tanganyika, River Lualaba and River Zambezi?
A. Vasco Da Gama
B. John Speke
C. David Livingstone
D. Richard Burton

57. One of the following was the main aim of scramble and partition of Eastern Africa by European nations. Which one is it?
A. To get raw materials for their industries
B. To stop slave in Eastern Africa
C. To spread Christianity in Eastern Africa
D. To create employment opportunities for the Africans

58. In Kenya the judiciary is in charge of
A. Arresting suspecting criminals
B. Interpreting the laws
C. Making the laws
D. Approving presidential appointees

59. Which of the following Kenyan government officials works for the executive arm of government?
A. The speaker
B. The Chief Justice
C. The Magistrate
D. The Attorney General

60. Which of these statements about the body in charge of Elections in Kenya is true?
A. Both the chairperson and the vice-person should belong to the same gender
B. The body is headed by a director
C. The body organizes the printing of ballot papers
D. The body nominates candidates on behalf of political parties

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. After the great flood at the time Noah, the ark rested at
A. Mount Nebo
B. Mount Moriah
C. Mount Ararat
D. Mount Horeb

62. During God's covenant with Abraham, God's presence was shown through

A. A cloud   B. A strong wind
C. Lightning   D. A flaming torch

63. When the angel of God appeared to Gideon he was
A. Offering incense in the temple
B. Looking after his father's sheep and goats
C. Threshing wheat
D. In deep sleep

64. From the story of Jonathan and David we learn to
A. Be humble
B. Be courageous
C. Be sincere
D. Have patience

66. Which of these prophets was told by God that he was chosen to be a prophet when he was still in his mother's womb?

A. Ezekiel
B. Jeremiah
C. Daniel
D. Hosea

67. Which of these books found in the Old Testament cannot be classified as historic book?

A. First Chronicles
B. Judges
C. Obadiah
D. Nehemiah

68. Who among the following personalities visited Moses during the exodus and advised him to choose judges who would help him in solving disputes?

A. Aaron
B. Amram
C. Jethro
D. Eliezar

69. Which of the following is NOT one of the Ten Commandments that were given to Moses by God at Mount Sinai?

A. 'Do not commit murder'
B. 'Do not steal'
C. 'Do not accuse anyone falsely'
D. 'Do not judge others'

70. When the family of Elimelech and Naomi left the land of Israel they went to the land of

A. Moab
B. Egypt
C. Persia
D. Canaan

71. Reuben was one of the sons of Jacob. He pleaded with his brothers not to kill Joseph but

A. Sell him to Egyptian traders
B. Throw him in a dry well
C. Throw him in a deep valley
D. Warn him against dreaming

73. The gifts of myrrh, frankincense and gold were brought to Jesus by

A. Pharisees
B. Teachers of the law
C. The wise men
D. The Shepherds

74. Which of the following parables of Jesus teaches us on the value of the kingdom of God?

A. Parable of the mustard seed
B. Parable of the hidden treasure
C. Parable of the great feast
D. Parable of the lost sheep

75. Jesus taught the beatitudes during His Sermon

A. On a hill
B. In the temple
C. In the Synagogue
D. On a boat

76. According to the beatitudes taught by Jesus, the humble

A. Will be called sons of God
B. Will be satisfied fully
C. Will receive what God has promised
D. Will be comforted

77. One of the following is a secular value. Which one is it?

A. Spiritual poverty
B. Purity
C. Wealth
D. Humility

78. One of the following people worked as a missionary in India and helped poor people. Whom is it?

A. Mother Teresa
B. Johann Ludwig Krapf
C. Johann Rebmann
D. Bishop Hannington

79. Which of the following is a teaching of Jesus on prayer?
A. Prayer should be said in hidden places only
B. Prayer should be long
C. Prayer should be said in public places only
D. Prayer should be said in humility

80. Stephen was the first Christian martyr. His murder was approved by
A. Gamaliel
B. Saul
C. Nicodemus
D. Barnabas

81. How many jars of water were turned into wine by Jesus Christ at Cana of Galilee?
A. Six
B. Seven
C. Eight
D. Nine

82. Which parable of Jesus teaches us to help those in need?
A. Parable of the sower
B. Parable of the widow and the judge
C. Parable of the good Samaritan
D. Parable of the ten virgins

83. Philip met the Ethiopians Eunuch who was
A. Reading from the book of Daniel
B. Reading from the book of Malachi
C. Reading about the suffering of Jesus
D. Reading about the baptism of Jesus

84. The following are churches found in Kenya
i. The Legio Maria church of Africa
ii. The Akorino Churches
iii. African Divine Churches
All the above churches are classified as
A. African Independent Churches
B. Pentecostal Churches
C. Charismatic Churches
D. Evangelical Churches

85. The angel who announced the birth of Jesus appeared to Mary in the town of _____
A. Jerusalem
B. Nazareth
C. Bethany
D. Samaria

86. In the African traditional religion people who died during our own life time are referred to as _____
A. The ancestors
B. The forefathers
C. The living dead
D. The living

87. Which of the following is a similarity between African traditional religion and Christianity?
A. There is resurrection of the dead
B. God is seen as the father
C. God exists in three forms
D. God lives in special forests

88. Bezalel son of Uri is mentioned in the book of Exodus. He was talented in three of the following ways except one. Which one is it?
A. He was good at cutting jewels
B. He was good in planning skilful designs
C. He was a good speaker
D. He was good in embroidery

89. Atieno from Ushindi Primary School was involved in the following activities during her free time. As a Christian, which one was the BEST?
A. Playing games with friends
B. Surfing the internet
C. Visiting relatives
D. Visiting a children's home

90. When Peter and other members of the early church were filled with the Holy Spirit on the day of Pentecost —
A. They were filled with courage
B. They condemned the Pharisees
C. They became drunk
D. They all spoke in the Hebrew language

JARIBIO LA MTIHANI WA KCPE

DARASA LA SABA – 2015

INSHA

HIGH FLYER SERIES 003

Muda: Dakika 40

NAMBA YAKO YA MTIHANI	
JINA LAKO	
JINA LA SHULE YAKO	

SOMA MAAGIZO HAYA KWA MAKINI

1. Kwenye nafasi zilizoachwa hapo juu andika namba yako kamili ya mtihani, jina lako na jina la shule yako.

2. Sasa fungua karatasi hii, soma kichwa cha insha kwa makini na uandike insha yako kwenye nafasi zilizoachwa.

Kijitabu hiki kina kurasa nne zimepigwa chapa.

Kwa maelezo Mufti ya mbinu za uandishi wa insha pata nakala yako ya
"HIGH FLYER SERIES INSHA SHESHE"

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Umepewa mwazo wa insha, iendeleze huku ukifanya iwe ya kuvutia zaidi.

Uwanja wa Lalasalama ulifurika watu. Baada ya mgeni wa heshima kuwasili ....

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KCPE TRIAL EXAMINATION
STANDARD 7 – 2015
COMPOSITION

Time: 40 minutes

YOUR INDEX NUMBER	
YOUR NAME	
NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL	

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. In the spaces provided above write your full Index Number, Your Name and Name of your school.
2. Now open this paper read the composition subject carefully and write your composition on the lines provided.

This Question Paper consists of 4 printed pages.

For tips on how to write best compositions, get a copy of "HIGH FLYER SERIES COMPOSITION"

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TURN OVER

Below is the beginning of a story. Complete it and make it as interesting as possible.

Our eagerly awaited visitors started arriving and soon our compound ....

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HIGH FLYER TRIAL EXAM 2015

STANDARD SEVEN

MARKING SCHEME

HIGH FLYER SERIES 003

ENGLISH	KISWAHILI	MATHS	SCIENCE	SOCIAL STUDIES		I.R.E
1. D	1. B	1. C	1. A	1. A		
2. A	2. D	2. B	2. D	2. C	51. B	
3. C	3. A	3. A	3. B	3. B	52. B	
4. B	4. B	4. D	4. C	4. C	53. C	
5. D	5. C	5. C	5. A	5. B	54. A	
6. D	6. D	6. B	6. D	6. D	55. B	I.R.E
7. B	7. C	7. D	7. C	7. B	56. C	1. C
8. C	8. D	8. A	8. B	8. A	57. A	2. B
9. C	9. A	9. C	9. B	9. D	58. B	3. B
10. D	10. B	10. D	10. C	10. D	59. D	4. B
11. A	11. A	11. A	11. A	11. C	60. C	5. D
12. A	12. B	12. B	12. D	12. A		6. A
13. B	13. C	13. C	13. B	13. D		7. A
14. D	14. B	14. D	14. D	14. A	**C.R.E**	8. B
15. B	15. B	15. A	15. A	15. C	61. C	9. B
16. B	16. C	16. B	16. C	16. D	62. D	10. D
17. A	17. B	17. C	17. B	17. B	63. C	11. A
18. D	18. C	18. D	18. D	18. C	64. C	12. B
19. B	19. B	19. A	19. A	19. C	65. A	13. A
20. C	20. C	20. B	20. C	20. A	66. B	14. B
21. B	21. A	21. D	21. C	21. C	67. C	15. B
22. D	22. B	22. C	22. B	22. D	68. D	16. C
23. D	23. C	23. A	23. D	23. B	69. D	17. A
24. B	24. D	24. B	24. C	24. C	70. A	18. A
25. B	25. A	25. D	25. A	25. D	71. B	19. D
26. D	26. A	26. C	26. C	26. C	72. A	20. D
27. C	27. A	27. B	27. B	27. C	73. C	21. D
28. A	28. D	28. A	28. C	28. B	74. B	22. B
29. D	29. D	29. C	29. D	29. B	75. A	23. C
30. B	30. C	30. D	30. C	30. C	76. C	24. B
31. A	31. B	31. B	31. A	31. C	77. C	25. B
32. C	32. B	32. A	32. C	32. D	78. A	26. C
33. B	33. D	33. C	33. B	33. B	79. D	27. B
34. C	34. C	34. A	34. B	34. D	80. B	28. B
35. A	35. D	35. C	35. B	35. A	81. A	29. A
36. B	36. A	36. D	36. B	36. C	82. C	30. D
37. D	37. C	37. A	37. A	37. A	83. C	
38. B	38. C	38. B	38. C	38. A	84. A	
39. C	39. D	39. D	39. C	39. B	85. B	
40. C	40. A	40. C	40. C	40. C	86. C	
41. B	41. A	41. C	41. B	41. C	87. B	
42. A	42. B	42. A	42. D	42. C	88. C	
43. C	43. D	43. B	43. B	43. D	89. D	
44. C	44. A	44. D	44. A	44. B	90. A	
45. A	45. C	45. C	45. D	45. C		
46. B	46. A	46. A	46. C	46. C		
47. D	47. C	47. B	47. B	47. C		
48. D	48. B	48. D	48. A	48. D		
49. A	49. C	49. C	49. C	49. B		
50. C	50. D	50. B	50. B	50. C		