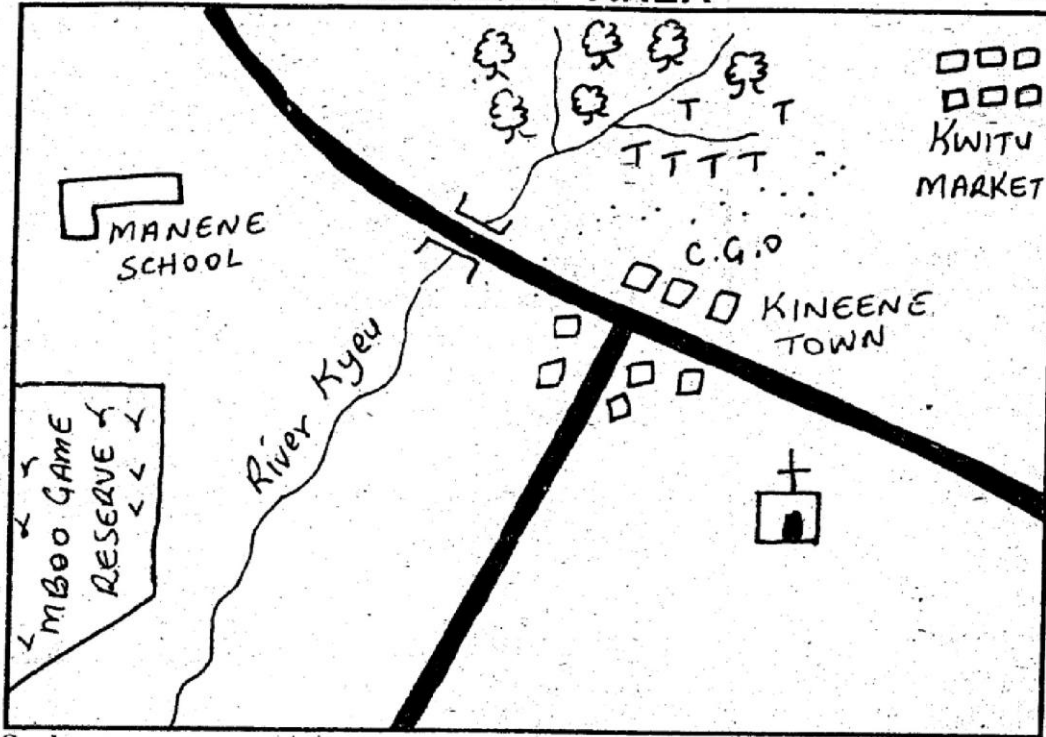


**PRIME MIRROR 008**

**STANDARD FOUR 2015**

**SOCIAL STUDIES /RELIGIOUS EDUCATION**

**MANENE AREA**



KEY	
	School
	Church
	Tea
	County Governor's Office
	Forest
	River and bridge
	Tarmac road
	Game reserve
	Settlement

Scale: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 Km

Use the map of Manene area to answer questions 1-7

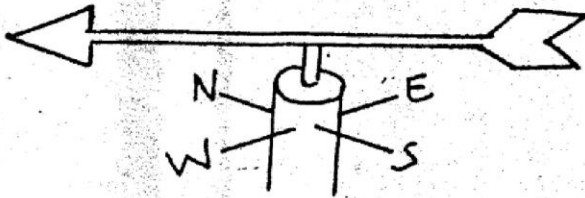
- What is the direction of the church from Mboo game reserve?  
A. North                      B. East  
C. South                      D. West
- People of Manene area are likely to be \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Christians                B. Muslims  
C. Hindus                     D. Pagans
- The head of manene area is the \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. Chief                        B. Senator  
C. Governor                 D. P. C
- Which of the following facilities is not found in Manene area?  
A. School                      B. Church  
C. Forest                      D. Cattle dip
- The main form of transport in Manene area is \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Air                          B. Road  
C. Water                      D. Railway

- The cash crop grown in Manene area is ?  
A. Coffee    B. Wheat    C. Tea    D. Maize
- People in Manene area get water from?  
A. Dam                                      B. River  
C. Borehole                                D. Lake
- Which one of the following animals is **not** in a game park?  
A. Pig    B. Leopard    C. Lion    D. Hyena
- Which one is not a cardinal point of a compass?  
A. South                                      B. West  
C. North                                      D. North West
- In the past people learnt medical practices through?  
A. Apprenticeship  
B. Communication  
C. Imitation  
D. Going to school
- Three of the following are food crops. Which one is **not**?  
A. Maize                                      B. Beans  
C. Coffee                                      D. Cabbage

12. The catching of fish is called \_\_\_\_\_
- Fish farming
  - Fishing
  - Shipping
  - Trapping

**Use the diagram below to answer question 13 - 14**

13. Name the weather instrument shown below



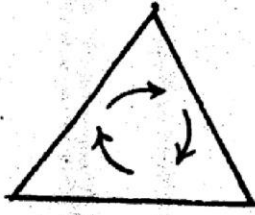
- Windvane
  - Thermometer
  - Raingauge
  - Anemometer
14. The weather instrument above is used to measure?
- Humidity
  - Rainfall
  - Temperature
  - Direction of wind
15. Trees provide people with?
- Fire wood
  - Metals
  - Plastics
  - Nylon
16. A person who belongs to a particular country is \_\_\_\_\_
- Refugee
  - Citizen
  - Foreinger
  - Native
17. The exchange of goods with other goods is called?
- Citizenship
  - Democracy
  - Bartertrade
  - Loyal trade
18. \_\_\_\_\_ is a place where a river starts
- Tributary
  - Source
  - Beaches
  - Mouth
19. A place where people go to buy and sell goods is called \_\_\_\_\_
- Town
  - Industry
  - Market
  - Shop
20. Which of the following is not a human right?
- Right to life
  - Right to shelter
  - Right to education
  - Right to steal
21. Which of the following is a quality of a good citizen?
- Patriotic
  - Thief
  - Dishonesty
  - Disobedient
22. A county is made up of many \_\_\_\_\_
- Locations
  - Districts
  - Villages
  - Division
23. The buying and selling of goods is called \_\_\_\_\_
- trade
  - fishing
  - wildlife
  - Agriculture
24. Kenya is divided into \_\_\_\_\_ counties.
- 47
  - 52
  - 290
  - 68

25. Which of the following is **not** a member of county executive committee
- Governor
  - Deputy governor
  - Executive county members
  - Judge
26. Which of the following is a way of resolving disagreement in a school.
- fighting
  - abusing
  - apologising
  - stealing
27. The following are ways democracy can be applied in school. Which one is **not**?
- Making class rules
  - Forming tribal meetings
  - Choosing class prefects
  - Choosing clubs leaders
28. The following means of communication were used in the past **except**
- Smoke
  - Drums
  - Horns
  - Mobile phones
29. Animals, birds and plants in their natural environment are known as \_\_\_\_\_
- Poultry
  - Wildgame
  - Wildlife
  - Livestock
30. Which of the following is a major language group in our country?
- European
  - Bantu
  - Cushite
  - Nilotes
31. Small rivers that join to make a big river are known as \_\_\_\_\_
- Channels
  - Streams
  - Distributors
  - Tributaries
32. Rules in a society which guide people on how to behave are known as \_\_\_\_\_
- Regulations
  - Religious practices
  - Moral values
  - Taboos
33. \_\_\_\_\_ refers to birds that are kept at home.
- Dairy
  - Poultry
  - Beef
  - Goats
34. In the past, peopel used \_\_\_\_\_ to carry their goods.
- bicycles
  - Camels
  - Lorries
  - Buses
35. Crops grown for sale are known as \_\_\_\_\_
- Cash crops
  - Food crops
  - Subsistence crops
  - Food crops
36. Beef cattle are kept mainly to provide \_\_\_\_\_
- milk
  - skin
  - meat
  - eggs

37. Forest that are planted by people are known as \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Afforestation                      B. Agro- forestry  
 C. Natural forest                      D. Human- made forest

38. \_\_\_\_\_ is a traditional industry.  
 A. Car manufacturing                  B. Tea processing  
 C. Pottery                                  D. Banking

39. The road sign shown represents



- A. Bumps  
 B. Railway crossing  
 C. Road junction  
 D. Round about

40. Who arrests thieves?  
 A. Chiefs                                  B. Police officer  
 C. Teachers                                D. Doctors

41. People who come to see wildlife and other attractions are called \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Poachers                                B. teachers  
 C. tourists                                  D. preachers

42. Which of the following is **not** a traditional ceremony?  
 A. Baptism                                 B. Initiation  
 C. Naming                                 D. Birth

43. An area with many people is said to be \_\_\_\_\_ populated.  
 A. Sparsely                                 B. Densely  
 C. Medium                                 D. Scattered

44. A person who shows love for his country is said to be \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Loyal                                      B. Honesty  
 C. Tribal                                      D. Patriotic

45. Which one is a basic need  
 A. Vehicle                                 B. Aeroplane  
 C. Food                                      D. Television

46. Moving air is called \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Storm                                    B. Calm  
 C. Rain                                      D. Wind

47. \_\_\_\_\_ are animals kept at home.  
 A. Domestic                                B. Orphan  
 C. Pets                                      D. Wild

48. Which is the quickest means of transport  
 A. water                                    B. roads  
 C. air                                        D. railway

49. In the past, children were taught how to behave by  
 A. teachers  
 B. grandparents  
 C. friends  
 D. policemen

50. A county is headed by \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. chief                                      B. doctors  
 C. governor                                D. councillor

51. Which animal is kept in a game park?  
 A. Monkey                                 B. Dog  
 C. Cat                                        D. Cow

52. North, East, South and West are called \_\_\_\_\_ point.  
 A. main                                      B. important  
 C. major                                    D. cardinal

53. The national flag has \_\_\_\_\_ colours  
 A. 2    B. 3  
 C. 4    D. 5

54. It is a duty of pupils to \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Go home without permission  
 B. Abuse teachers  
 C. Take care of books  
 D. Fight other pupils

55. Which of the following is **not** an importance of democracy  
 A. Promotes equality  
 B. Promotes slavery  
 C. Promotes unity  
 D. Citizenship

56. All the following are symbol of national unity **except**?  
 A. Natinal anthem  
 B. National flag  
 C. Coat of arms  
 D. Citizenship

57. Which of the following is **not** a material used in traditional industries  
 A. clay                                        B. reeds  
 C. wood                                      D. cotton

58. Bees give us \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Sugar                                    B. water  
 C. honey                                    D. milk

59. The sun sets to the \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. West                                      B. East  
 C. North                                    D. South

60. AIDS can be spread through the following ways **except**  
 A. Shaking hands  
 B. Sexual intercourse  
 C. Sharing sharp objects  
 D. Getting contaminated blood

**C.R.E**

61. The fishermen let down the \_\_\_\_\_ and caught fish.  
 A. boats                                      B. hooks  
 C. net                                         D. paddles

62. Jesus fed \_\_\_\_\_ men with five loaves and two fish.  
 A. 4,000                      B. 500  
 C. 5                              D. 5,000
63. Lazarus had been dead for \_\_\_\_\_ days.  
 A. 40                      B. 4                      C. 41                      D. 7
64. Water and wind cause \_\_\_\_\_ erosion.  
 A. water                      B. soil  
 C. wind                      D. sand
65. During the floods everything died **except** \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. people  
 B. Noah and his family  
 C. Noah and his people  
 D. Noah and his wife
66. \_\_\_\_\_ sends rain on earth.  
 A. clouds                      B. God  
 C. Wind                      D. Jesus
67. Jesus has power over \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. nature                      B. books  
 C. jembes                      D. shops
68. \_\_\_\_\_ served God in the temple.  
 A. George                      B. Mary  
 C. Samuel                      D. Elkanah
69. Sharing work creates \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. hatred                      B. harmony  
 C. harmful                      D. Laziness
70. Jesus sent His disciples to preach and \_\_\_\_\_ the sick.  
 A. dead                      B. kill  
 C. heal                      D. beat
71. The \_\_\_\_\_ Samaritan helped the man who was beaten by robbers.  
 A. wise                      B. good  
 C. Levites                      D. Priests
72. People should not exploit \_\_\_\_\_ through work.  
 A. men                      B. teachers  
 C. children                      D. drivers
73. \_\_\_\_\_ is service without pay.  
 A. Orphans                      B. voluntary  
 C. harvest                      D. service
74. Which of the following is **not** a way of serving others?  
 A. Being kind                      B. Caring for them  
 C. Beating them                      D. Showing love
75. \_\_\_\_\_ is a gift from God  
 A. harmony                      B. peace  
 C. service                      D. hatred
76. The following are ways of promoting peace **except** \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. Loving God  
 B. Hating people  
 C. Praying  
 D. Obeying God's commandments
77. The \_\_\_\_\_ and the tax collector went to pray.  
 A. Pharisee                      B. Levite  
 C. Pastor                      D. Disciples
78. The believers were first called christians in \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. Jerusalem                      B. Antioch  
 C. Nazareth                      D. Galilee
79. The first man to be created on earth was \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. John                      B. Joseph  
 C. Adam                      D. Noah
80. \_\_\_\_\_ made an incorrect choice.  
 A. Sappira                      B. Ruth  
 C. Peter                      D. Appostles
81. \_\_\_\_\_ saw the burning bush.  
 A. Pharaoh                      B. Moses  
 C. Peter                      D. Pharaoh
82. Who created the weather?  
 A. woman                      B. man  
 C. Nobody                      D. God
83. Naomi's daughters in law were \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. Ruth and Orpah  
 B. Ruth and Dorcas  
 C. Ruth and Lydia  
 D. Orpah and Mary
84. Abraham had a son whose name was \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. Terah                      B. Noah  
 C. Isaac                      D. Jacob
85. People who are not selfish  
 A. are kind                      B. are happy  
 C. are unkind                      D. are rude
86. Jesus stayed in the wilderness for \_\_\_\_\_ days.  
 A. 39                      B. 40  
 C. 30                      D. 20
87. God created the World in \_\_\_\_\_ days.  
 A. 6                      B. 7  
 C. 8                      D. 12
88. Jesus had \_\_\_\_\_ disciples.  
 A. 10                      B. 8  
 C. 11                      D. 12
89. Jesus was tempted by the devil \_\_\_\_\_ times.  
 A. two                      B. three  
 C. four                      D. five
90. A good leader should \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. Listen to other people's problems  
 B. Laugh at other people's trouble  
 C. Ignore other people's questions  
 D. Talk about other peoples' problems

**PRIME  
MIRROR  
008**

**STANDARD FOUR 2015**

**SCIENCE**

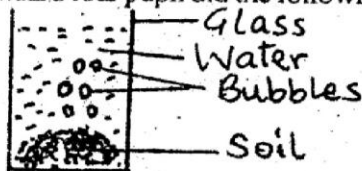
- Which type of tooth has two roots?  
A. Incisors                      B. Canine  
C. Molar                          D. Pre - molar
- The best way of weed control is \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Digging them out            B. Use of chemicals  
C. Up rooting                    D. Mulching
- Chicken kept for eggs are called \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Broilers                        B. Layers  
C. Pullets                         D. Capons
- The phase of the moon below is called \_\_\_\_\_



- First quarter
  - Crescent
  - Gibbous
  - Full moon

- People with HIV/Aids should be \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Killed                         B. Shown love and cared  
C. Jailed                         D. Beaten
- The following are uses of water at home. Which one is not?  
A. Drinking                      B. Washing  
C. Irrigation                     D. Cooking

- Standard four pupil did the following



- They concluded \_\_\_\_\_
- Air has soil
  - Water has air
  - Soil has water
  - Soil has air

- Which one is not an energy giving food \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Ripe bananas                B. Sugar  
C. Sweet potatoes              D. Green bananas
- The main source of heat and light is \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Moon                         B. Torch  
C. Electricity                    D. Sun
- Which food is good for our teeth?  
A. Biscuit                        B. Sugarcane  
C. Cake                          D. Soda
- \_\_\_\_\_ is an edible weed?  
A. Black jack                    B. Oxalis  
C. Wandering jew               D. Sodom apple

- The part labeled Y is \_\_\_\_\_



- Crown
- Neck
- Root
- Gum

- The cutting of wool of a sheep is called?  
A. Shearing                      B. Cutting  
C. Shaving                        D. Trimming
- The following are artificial methods of lighting a house. Which one is not?  
A. torch                          B. Candle                      C. Sun                          D. Lamps
- Clouds cannot be grouped according to?  
A. Appearance                    B. Height  
C. Size                              D. Shape
- To produce means \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Give milk                        B. Give birth  
C. Give manure                    D. Give meat
- The diagram below is a cassava. It is an example of \_\_\_\_\_ crop?



- Fruit
- Vegetable
- Tuber
- Legume

- The sticky substance formed when teeth are not cleaned is called?  
A. Acid                              B. Tooth decay  
C. Tooth cavity                    D. Plaque
- The best soil for modelling is \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Clay                              B. Loam  
C. Sand                              D. Loam and Sand
- Which one is not a cereal crop?  
A. Maize                          B. Millet                        C. Beans                        D. Sorgum
- Below is a diagram of an animal. The animal moves by?



- Gliding
- Galloping
- Slithering
- Flying

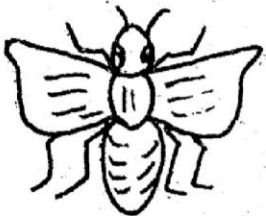
- The following are effect of moving air except?  
A. Blowing soil away            B. Blowing roofs away  
C. Moving vehicles              D. Felling trees

23. \_\_\_\_\_ is not a sense organ?  
 A. Nose B. **Teeth** C. Ears D. Eyes
24. The process by which baby's teeth start to grow is called \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Teething B. Decaying  
 C. Shedding D. Dentures
25. Removal of unwanted plants is called \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Planting B. Irrigation  
 C. Weeding D. Ploughing
26. Which one of the following material can be used to model clouds?  
 A. Mud B. Charcoal  
 C. Manila paper D. Cotton wool
27. Farmers grow cash crops mainly for \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Getting money B. Feeding animals  
 C. Storing them D. Using them at home
28. The symbol shows the weather is \_\_\_\_\_



- A. Sunny  
 B. Calm  
 C. cloudy  
 D. Windy

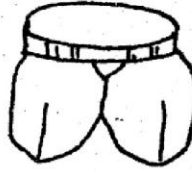
29. In Aids letter 's' stand for syndrome which means?  
 A. To get from B. A group of signs  
 C. Lack of D. To be protected from
30. For the following meal to be a balanced diet one needs \_\_\_\_\_  
**Maize + Beans + \_\_\_\_\_**  
 A. Rice B. Meat C. Cabbage D. Ugali
31. The last four teeth to grow are known as \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Canine B. Pre - molar  
 C. Wisdom teeth D. Incisors
32. The animal below is a bee. It protects itself by?



- A. Flying away  
 B. Coiling  
 C. Stinging  
 D. Biting

33. Herbivores get their food from \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Animals B. Plant and animals  
 C. Plant D. Insects
34. Which one of the following is not a poultry?  
 A. Duck B. Rabbit C. Turkeys D. Geese
35. Which one of the following is not a personal item?  
 A. Tooth paste B. Socks  
 C. Tooth brush D. Handkerchief

36. Aids is caused by \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Dirty B. Virus  
 C. Germs D. Saliva
37. The cloth below is made from \_\_\_\_\_ crops



- A. Oil crop  
 B. Beverage crop  
 C. Fibre  
 D. Cereals

38. Which one of the following is not a vegetable?  
 A. Cowpeas leave B. Tomatoes  
 C. Kales D. Yams
39. The dark grey clouds are known as \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Nimbus B. Stratus C. Cirrus D. Cumulus
40. Three of the following living organism live in soil **except**?  
 A. Millipede B. Wasp  
 C. Centipede D. Termite
41. The number of incisor on the upper jaw are \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. 8 B. 4 C. 20 D. 12
42. Very heavy rainfall causes? \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Floods B. Drought C. Fermine D. Darkness
43. The teeth below is used for?



- A. Tearing  
 B. Cutting  
 C. Biting  
 D. Grinding

44. The chemical used to kill ticks is called?  
 A. Herbicide B. Insecticide  
 C. Acaricides D. Pesticide
45. \_\_\_\_\_ is a current of moving air?  
 A. Light B. Heat C. Rain D. Wind
46. The following is a useful animal. Which one is it?  
 A. Lion B. Mosquitoes  
 C. Fleas D. Bee
47. The type of weed below is known as \_\_\_\_\_



- A. Blackjack  
 B. Oxalis  
 C. Mexican marigold  
 D. Wandering jew

48. People wear heavy clothes when the weather is?  
 A. Hot B. Cold C. Sunny D. Windy
49. Scientist who study weather are called \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. Meteorologists B. Astonomers  
 C. Dentist D. Meteorology
50. Water can be stored in the following **except**?  
 A. Jerican B. Pots C. Pipe D. Tanks

**PRIME  
MIRROR  
008**

**STANDARD FOUR 2015**

**ENGLISH**

*Choose the correct answer to fill in the blanks numbered 1 - 15.*

One day Lucy \_\_\_\_\_ 1 \_\_\_\_\_ working \_\_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_\_\_ the farm. She saw \_\_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_\_\_ squirrel and started chasing it. The squirrel ran \_\_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_\_ a hole. Lucy \_\_\_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_\_\_ near the hole. She pushed and turned a stick in the hole \_\_\_\_\_ 6 \_\_\_\_\_ sometime. The \_\_\_\_\_ 7 \_\_\_\_\_ was \_\_\_\_\_ 8 \_\_\_\_\_ frightened. It jumped \_\_\_\_\_ 9 \_\_\_\_\_ of the hole and right into \_\_\_\_\_ 10 \_\_\_\_\_ skirt. Lucy shot \_\_\_\_\_ 11 \_\_\_\_\_ and ran \_\_\_\_\_ 12 \_\_\_\_\_ the wind. The squirrel \_\_\_\_\_ 13 \_\_\_\_\_ of her skirt as \_\_\_\_\_ 14 \_\_\_\_\_ ran. Lucy never pushed \_\_\_\_\_ 15 \_\_\_\_\_ into holes again.

- |     | A.      | B.       | C.        | D.       |
|-----|---------|----------|-----------|----------|
| 1.  | is      | was      | has       | had      |
| 2.  | on      | in       | arround   | with     |
| 3.  | the     | at       | a         | in       |
| 4.  | at      | on       | to        | it       |
| 5.  | sat     | sit      | at        | sitting  |
| 6.  | with    | for      | at        | in       |
| 7.  | sqrrel  | squirel  | squrel    | squirrel |
| 8.  | very    | that     | so        | at       |
| 9.  | in      | for      | out       | of       |
| 10. | lucys'  | lucy's   | luc'ys    | lucys    |
| 11. | up      | off      | down      | out      |
| 12. | with    | off      | down      | out      |
| 13. | fall in | fall off | fall down | fall out |
| 14. | she     | her      | he        | they     |
| 15. | stucks  | sticks   | stiks     | stoks    |

**Fill in the sentences with the appropriate word.**

16. A person who flies an aeroplane is called?  
A. Driver B. Sailor C. Pilot D. Butcher
17. A person who treats sick people is called?  
A. Actor B. Doctor C. Pilot D. Barber
18. A person who sells meat is called a \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Butcher B. Fisher men  
C. tailor D. Driver

**Choose the past tense of the underlined word.**

19. She has a flu  
A. have B. Are C. are D. had
20. She rings a bell  
A. ringed B. rang C. ranged D. rung

**For question 21 - 23 choose the plural of underlined word.**

21. One of her tooth is aching  
A. teethe B. tooth C. teeth D. toothes
22. A fox is a dangerous animal.  
A. oxen B. foxen C. foxes D. oxes

23. She was cut by the knife  
A. knives B. knives C. knifess D. knif
- complete the following similes**
24. Her dress is as white as \_\_\_\_\_  
A. ice B. snow C. paper D. angel
25. As quik as \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Lion B. Lightening  
C. Aeroplane D. Car
26. The teacher was as busy as a \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Bee B. Mother C. Farmer D. Worker

**Fill in the blank spaces with the appropriate article**

27. Did you see \_\_\_\_\_ elephant  
A. an B. the C. a D. and
28. This is \_\_\_\_\_ book  
A. a B. an C. and D. the

**Write the opposite of the underlined word**

29. She is a tall girl.  
A. big B. round C. short D. fat
30. I am happy  
A. good B. sad C. big D. bad

**Read the following passage and answer questions 31 - 40**

We left the school early in the morning for a trip to lake Elementaita. The people were eager to visit and see the famous flamingoes. Just before Naivasha we had a puncture and replaced the wheel.

When we reached Naivasha we drove to a petrol station. The driver fuelled the bus and got the puncture mended.

After the punctured tyre was mended we continued with our journey. We chatted excitedly as we made our way to lake Naivasha. At the lake we saw many birds with long thin legs and pink feathers. The birds did not seem to fear people. We took photographs and enjoyed watching birds, some tourists joined us and they also seemed to enjoy the sight.

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 31. At what time did we leave for the trip?<br>A. Early<br>B. Morning<br>C. After noon<br>D. Night   | 36. At the petrol station what did the driver do?<br>A. fuelled the bus<br>B. sang a song<br>C. Stopped<br>D. Washed the bus |
| 32. Where did we go for the trip?<br>A. Elementaita B. Nairobi C. Nakuru D. Machakos   | 37. How did the pupils chatter?<br>A. Happily B. Excitedly C. Slowly D. Sadly  |
| 33. What did we see in the lake?<br>A. Flamingoes B. water C. Plants D. Lion   | 38. What did we see in the lake?<br>A. Snakes B. Frogs C. Birds D. Fish  |
| 34. What happened before Naivasha?<br>A. We had an injury<br>B. We had a puncture and replaced the wheel<br>C. Took our food<br>D. We saw the lake | 39. We took _____ and enjoyed watching the birds?<br>A. Pictures B. Photograph<br>C. Bags D. Money                           |
| 35. When we reached Naivasha we drove to the?<br>A. road B. Petrol station<br>C. Town D. Lake  | 40. Which people joined us in the lake?<br>A. Friends B. Europeans<br>C. Teachers D. Tourists                                |

**Read the following passage and answer questions 41 - 50**

When people wanted to travel they used different means of transport. Some people use bicycles other cars, matatus, buses, train, boats, or aeroplanes.

Bicycles are commonly used in towns and in countryside you can use bicycle to travel for short distances. They do not move as fast as cars. But riding them is faster than walking. Cars travel on roads and can travel very fast. A small car usually carries five people. It has a room for laggages and it is comfortable. Cars cost a lot of money most people do not have cars of their own. When they want to travel and visit distant places they travel by bus. The conductor asks you to pay fare. He gives you a ticket that shows how much money you have to pay and where you will alight. A matatu is smaller than a bus. In some towns people prefer using matatus. A matatu has a conductor too.

Matatu drivers and conductors are expected to be courteous and responsible. In some cities like Nairobi people prefer using trains. A train has many coaches and carries many people. It travels in a railway line.

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 41. A car usually has space for _____ people.<br>A. One B. Five C. Three D. Four   | 46. To get out of a bus is to _____<br>A. Drop B. Alight C. light D. Go down   |
| 42. Most people use buses because?<br>A. They like buses<br>B. Bus drivers are good<br>C. They do not have cars of their own<br>D. They want to travel short distances                             | 47. Bus drivers and conductors are supposed to be?<br>A. Smooth and with loud voices<br>B. Brave and strong<br>C. Frightening and respectful<br>D. Courteous and responsible |
| 43. Which means of transport is mainly used in country side<br>A. Buses B. Bicycle C. Matatus D. Trains  | 48. A train carries many people because it has?<br>A. Many coaches B. Many seats<br>C. Railwayline D. Many conductors  |
| 44. The word laggage means?<br>A. Things used for carry clothes or items on journey<br>B. Weight being measured in cars<br>C. Things conductors carry on their backs<br>D. Space for people to sit | 49. Where do people prefer using train?<br>A. Around the towns B. In cities<br>C. Where distances are short D. In the countryside  |
| 45. After someone pays fare in a bus the conductor?<br>A. Says thanks to the person<br>B. Tells the person to get out<br>C. Passes and asks another one for fare<br>D. Gives the person a ticket   | 50. What is the best title for the passage?<br>A. Means of transport<br>B. Matatus<br>C. Trains in railwayline<br>D. Cars  |



**PRIME  
MIRROR  
008**

**DARASA LA NNE 2015**

**KISWAHILI**

**Jaza pengo zifuatazo baada ya kusoma taarifa ifuatayo. Chagua jibu lililo sahihi**

Nyani \_\_\_\_\_ 1 \_\_\_\_\_ alikuwa anaona njaa. Akatamani sana apate kitu \_\_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_\_\_ ili ashibe. Alianza kutafuta \_\_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_\_\_ za kupata mlo. Mara alitokeza \_\_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_\_ shamba \_\_\_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_\_\_ mahindi \_\_\_\_\_ 6 \_\_\_\_\_ sana. Alianza \_\_\_\_\_ 7 \_\_\_\_\_ pupa na papara kama fisi \_\_\_\_\_ 8 \_\_\_\_\_ kupindukia. Alihakikisha \_\_\_\_\_ 9 \_\_\_\_\_ amezunguka kote. Kote shambani \_\_\_\_\_ 10 \_\_\_\_\_ huku akiendelea kubugia matunda, maharagwe, viasi na muhogo. Mwenye shamba \_\_\_\_\_ 11 \_\_\_\_\_ alimkuta nyani amelala \_\_\_\_\_ 12 \_\_\_\_\_ huku \_\_\_\_\_ 13 \_\_\_\_\_ kama paka. Alianza kumpiga \_\_\_\_\_ 14 \_\_\_\_\_ hasira. Nyani alilia akiwa na huzuni \_\_\_\_\_ 15 \_\_\_\_\_ lakini hakuna aliyemwonea huruma hata kidogo.

- |     | A.            | B.         | C.          | D.        |
|-----|---------------|------------|-------------|-----------|
| 1.  | Moja          | mmoja      | kimoja      | wamoja    |
| 2.  | akule         | kukula     | ale         | kukulwa   |
| 3.  | upande        | wakati     | mbinu       | wenyebe   |
| 4.  | kwa           | ndani      | katika      | cha       |
| 5.  | na            | la         | ya          | cha       |
| 6.  | nyingi        | mingi      | mengi       | nyingine  |
| 7.  | kula na       | kukula kwa | kula kwa    | kulala    |
| 8.  | mlafi         | mlaji      | mkulaji     | mlafilafi |
| 9.  | kwa           | kuwa       | kua         | cha       |
| 10. | lote          | pale       | lile        | mle       |
| 11. | alifika       | alikofika  | alipofika   | kufika    |
| 12. | fe fe fe      | fo fo fo   | ndi ndi ndi | ti fi fi  |
| 13. | Aking'ong'ona | akingoroma | akikoroma   | guruma    |
| 14. | na            | kwa        | wa          | mwa       |
| 15. | mwingi        | mingi      | nyingi      | mengi     |

**Tumia - ote - kwa kujaza pengo**

16. Kitabu \_\_\_\_\_ kimechafuka  
A. vyote B. Chote C. wote D. yote
17. Nyua \_\_\_\_\_ zimebomoka.  
A. yote B. zote C. zote D. kwote
18. Haraka haraka haina \_\_\_\_\_  
A. serikali B. baraka C. bahati D. uzuri
19. Mtoto akililia wembe \_\_\_\_\_  
A. usimpe B. akatwe C. mpe D. apigwe
20. Dalili ya mvua ni \_\_\_\_\_  
A. matope B. upepo C. moshi D. mawingu

**Kamilisha vitendawili**

21. Popo mbili za vuka mto \_\_\_\_\_  
A. meno B. macho C. miguu D. mikono
22. mama nieleke \_\_\_\_\_  
A. nyumba B. gari C. kitanda D. kitabu

**Tumia enve katika sentensi.**

23. Miti \_\_\_\_\_ mizizi haianguki.  
A. zenye B. wenye C. yenye D. mwenye
24. Mtoto anacheza \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Watoto wanacheza  
B. Mtoto wanacheza  
C. Mitoto watachezeana  
D. Watoto watachezeana

**Kanusha sentensi ifuatayo**

25. Mliondoka haraka.  
A. mliondoka polepole B. hamkuondoka haraka  
C. hamjaondoka haraka D. hamjaondoka polepole
26. Umbo hili linaitwaje?



- A. mche duara  
B. pia  
C. duara  
D. mchemraba

**Chagua jibu sahihi.**

- Tarakimu 9, 299 itaitwaje kwa maneno?  
A. elfu tisa na tisa  
B. mia tisa, mbili tisa na tisa  
C. elfu tisa, mia tisa ishirini na tisa  
D. elfu tisa, mia mbili tisini na tisa.

**Andika kikamilifu ukitumia sifa - pya**

28. Kabati \_\_\_\_\_ lina vikombe vingi.  
A. mpya B. jipya C. lipya D. kipya

**Kamilisha misemo**

29. Mtoto alianguka akalia \_\_\_\_\_  
A. kwi B. Kwi kwi kwi  
C. kwa kwa kwa D. fo fo fo
30. Alivalia nguo nyeusi \_\_\_\_\_  
A. fo fo fo B. ti ti  
C. kwa kwa kwa D. ti ti ti

**Soma habari ifuatayo kisha ujibu maswali 31 - 40.**

Hapo zamani za kaja paitikuwa na mvulana aliyeitwa kasisi. Kasisi alitoka katika familia maskini sana. Wazazi wake walimwagalia mwana wao kwa matumaini makumbwa sana kwani ndiye aliyekuwa kifungua mimba. Alisoma kwa shida sana ili aweze kuumaliza umaskini uliokuwa kwao. Mvulana huyu alikuwa na bidii ya mchwa na aliweza kufaulu vyema katika masomo yake. Baadaye alibarikiwa kuwa mhadishi na kuweza kuwasaidia jamaa zake sana. Kwa kweli mvumilivu hula mbivu

<p>31. Familia ya mtoto huyu ilikuwa?                  A. Tajiri B. Maskini sana                  C. Nzuri sana D. Mbaya</p> <p>32. Mvulana anaye zungumziwa katika kifungu hiki anaitwa?                  A. Kasisi B. Kasiri C. Kashisi D. Kahisi</p> <p>33. Familia ilimwagalia mwana wao kwa _____ makumbwa.                  A. Majuta B. Uangalifu                  C. Matumaini D. Maagizo</p> <p>34. Kwa kuwa walikuwa maskini, mvulana huyu alisoma kwa _____ sana.                  A. Kusaidiwa B. Furaha C. Bahati D. Shida</p> <p>35. Mvulana huyu alikuwa _____                  A. Kifungua mimba B. Mdogo sana                  C. Kitinda mimba D. Mfupi sana</p> <p>36. Mvulana huyu alikuwa na bidii ya _____                  A. Mchwa B. Babake C. Mamake D. Mwalimu</p>	<p>wake</p> <p>37. Mvulana huyu alitaka kufanyia nini jamii yake baada ya masomo?                  A. Kuwanunulia shamba                  B. Kuwatoroka                  C. Kuwatoa katika umaskini                  D. Kuwachekesha</p> <p>38. Baadaye mvulana huyu aliweza kufanya kazi gani?                  A. Ualimu B. Uhadishi                  C. Uakili D. Udaktali</p> <p>39. Aliweza kufanya nini katika masomo yake?                  A. Kuacha masomo B. Kufanya vibaya                  C. Kuanguka D. Kufaulu</p> <p>40. Nini maana ya "Mvumilivu hula mbivu"                  A. Asiye mvumilivu hupata baraka                  B. Bendera hufuata upepo                  C. Mwenye uvumilivu hupata baraka                  D. Mwenye heri hupata subira</p>
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**Soma habari hii na ujibu maswali yafuatayo 41 - 50.**

Kanune alifika shuleni akiwa amechelewa. Wanafunzi wenzake walikuwa wameingia madarasani mwao alipowasili. Kwa vile hakutaka mwalimu mkuu amuone, alijificha kwa muda karibu na maktaba ya shule. Akiwa hapo aliangalia huku na huku kuona kama mwanafunzi mkuu alikuwa karibu. Alipokuwa akifanya hivyo, alimwona mtu aliyevaa miwani mieusi akinyemelea mlango wa maktaba. Alikuwa na ndevu mingi. Kuona hivyo alikimbia mpaka darasani kuwajulisha wanafunzi wenzake, hakumwogopa mwalimu mkuu tena.

"Mwizi" aliwambia wanafunzi wenzake. "yuko wapi?" wanafunzi wote waliuliza kwa pamoja wakisimama, "ameingia ndani ya maktaba," kanune aliwajibu. Bila kungoja, kila mwanafunzi alisika gongo kwelekea kwenye maktaba akipiga mayoe. Kusikia kelele za wanafunzi mwizi huyo alitoka mbio na kuirukia pikipiki yake. Alipiga moto na kuanza kutoroka. Wanafunzi walijaribu kumfukuza lakini hawakuweza kumshika. Mwalimu mkuu alimpongeza kanune kwa kumzuia mwizi huyo asiibe, lakini alimkubusha asizoe kuchelewa.

<p>41. Kanune alifika shuleni _____                  A. Asubuhi sana B. Jioni                  C. Mapema D. Akiwa amechelewa</p> <p>42. Wanafunzi wenzake walikuwa wapi kanune alipofika shuleni?                  A. Ndani ya maktaba B. Darasani                  C. Shambani D. Nyumbani</p> <p>43. "Alipowasili" inamaana _____                  A. Alipofika B. Alipoondoka                  C. Alipolala D. Alipoamka</p> <p>44. Kanune alijificha wapi _____                  A. Ndani ya maktaba B. Juu ya maktaba                  C. Karibu na maktaba D. Chini ya maktaba</p> <p>45. Mwizi ambaye Kanune alimuona alikuwa na _____                  A. Ndevu na miwani B. Gongo na miwani                  C. Ndevu na gongo D. Pikipiki</p>	<p>46. Kanune alimwona mtu huyo, alikwenda _____                  A. Ndani ya maktaba                  B. Darasani                  C. Katika ofisi ya mwalimu mkuu                  D. Alikimbia na kurudi nyumbani</p> <p>47. Mtu ambaye kanune alimwona alikuwa?                  A. Mwalimu mkuu B. Mwanafunzi                  C. Mfanyikazi D. Mwizi</p> <p>48. Wanafunzi walielekea kwenye maktaba wakiwa wameshika _____                  A. Panga B. Shoka C. Gongo D. Bastola</p> <p>49. Mwizi alitoroka kwa kutumia _____                  A. Basi B. Pikipiki C. Lori D. Baiskeli</p> <p>50. Mwalimu mkuu alimpongeza Kanune na kumkubusha asizoe nini?                  A. Kuiba B. Kucheza                  C. Kupiga mayowe D. Kuchelewa</p>
---	---

**MATHEMATICS**

1. What is sixty nine thousand four hundred and six in symbols?

- A. 9646                      B. 69406  
C. 6946                      D. 96406

2. What is the value of the missing number in  $72 \div \quad = 8$ ?

- A. 9            B. 64            C. 80            D. 72

3. What is the place value of digit 5 in 48509?

- A. Thousands              B. Ten thousands  
C. Tens                      D. Hundreds

4. Complete the partten 13, 26, 39, 52, \_\_\_\_\_

- A. 58            B. 78            C. 65            D. 56

5. Work out; 7564

$$\begin{array}{r} 7564 \\ - 4428 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

- A. 3234            B. 3246            C. 3136            D. 2236

6. Which set is made up of odd numbers only?

- A. 4,9,12                      B. 10,16,17  
C. 13,17,15                      D. 12,14,20

7. Work out;  $13604 + 5 + 397$

- A. 14006            B. 14096            C. 13996            D. 14906

8. Work out; 80054

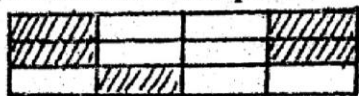
$$\begin{array}{r} 80054 \\ - 29587 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

- A. 69433                      B. 50477  
C. 50567                      D. 50467

9. What is the value of  $\frac{2}{8} + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{4}{8}$ .

- A.  $\frac{7}{24}$             B.  $\frac{7}{8}$             C.  $\frac{6}{8}$             D.  $\frac{8}{24}$

10. What is the unshaded part?



- A.  $\frac{7}{12}$             B.  $\frac{3}{12}$             C.  $\frac{5}{12}$             D.  $\frac{8}{12}$

11. How many days are there in the month of April and May?

- A. 61            B. 62            C. 60            D. 31

12. How many weeks are there in 42 days?

- A. 8            B. 7            C. 6            D. 5

13. Divide;  $20 \overline{)760}$

- A. 28            B. 38            C. 30            D. 26

14. Calculate;  $5 \overline{)308}$

- A. 61 rem 3                      B. 6 rem 8  
C. 61 rem 8                      D. 61

15. Work out;  $54 \times 40 =$

- A. 2160            B. 216            C. 2016            D. 206

16. What is the next number in the partten?

- 42, 37, 32, 27, \_\_\_\_\_  
A. 26            B. 23            C. 22            D. 29

17. Work out;  $3 \times \frac{2}{9} =$

- A.  $\frac{5}{9}$             B.  $\frac{2}{27}$             C.  $\frac{1}{9}$             D.  $\frac{6}{9}$

18. What is five hundred and eight point seven in figures(symbol)

- A. 58.7                      B. 5008.7  
C. 508.7                      D. 5.870

19. Work out;  $303.8 + 3.3$

- A. 307.1            B. 633.3            C. 333.8            D. 336.8

20. Which of the following is not measured in meters(m)?

- A. Length of a class room  
B. Length of a book  
C. Length of a field  
D. Height of a man

21. What is approximate length of a pen?

- A. 4 cm            B. 17cm            C. 30 cm            D. 50 cm

22. How many cm are there in 3m 25cm.

- A.3025            B.3.25cm            C.32500cm            D.325 cm

23. Work out;

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{m} \quad \text{cm} \\ 5 \quad 24 \\ \times \quad 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

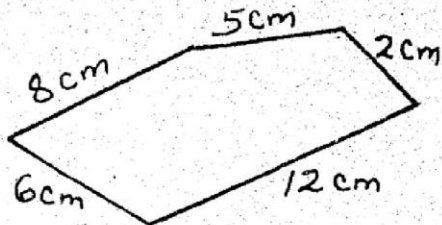
- A. 30m 144cm                      B. 3 144cm  
C. 30m 44 cm                      D. 31m 44cm

24. Work out;

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{m} \quad \text{cm} \\ 8 \quad 25 \\ + 9 \quad 85 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

- A. 17m 100cm                      B. 17cm 110cm  
C. 18m 10cm                      D. 18m 00cm

25. Calculate the perimeter of the figure below.

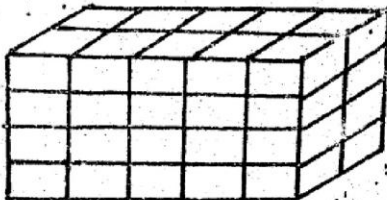


- A. 33cm  
B. 30cm  
C. 29cm  
D. 34cm

26. Calculate the perimeter of a rectangle whose side measure 12cm by 5cm.

- A. 17 cm  
B. 34 cm  
C. 60 cm  
D. 7 cm

27. How many cubes were used to make the stock?



- A. 10  
B. 38  
C. 20  
D. 40

28. How many  $\frac{1}{4}$  liters are there in 20 L

- A. 80  
B. 20  
C. 10  
D. 5

29. What is:  $\frac{1}{4} \text{ kg} + \frac{1}{4} \text{ kg} + \frac{1}{4} \text{ kg} + \frac{1}{4}$

- A.  $1\frac{1}{4}$   
B.  $\frac{3}{4} \text{ kg}$   
C. 1kg  
D.  $1\frac{1}{2} \text{ kg}$

30. How many sh 5 coins are there in sh 95

- A. 19  
B. 24  
C. 95  
D. 20

31. How many hours are there in **480 min**

- A. 5 hrs  
B. 4 hrs  
C. 8 hrs  
D. 48 hrs

32. How many days are there in 240hrs

- A. 20 days  
B. 24 days  
C. 10 days  
D. 12 days

33. Which month of the year has **31 days**?

- A. August  
B. September  
C. April  
D. November

34. What is the total value of digit 8 in 44892

- A. Hundreds  
B. 800  
C. 892  
D. 8

35. Which of the following is **not** a divisor of 3?

- A. 20  
B. 24  
C. 27  
D. 36

36. Which of these numbers is divisible by both 3 and 5

- A. 18  
B. 20  
C. 30  
D. 36

37. If there are 142 pupils in the field and 113 in their classroom, how many pupils are there in the school altogether.

- A. 142  
B. 246  
C. 255  
D. 113

38. Work out by:  $\frac{200}{100} \times 183$

$$\frac{200}{100} \times 183$$

- A. 139  
B. 261  
C. 505  
D. 249

39. There were 694 pupils in Kikuku Primary School. If there were 436 boys how many girls were there?

- A. 252  
B. 268  
C. 258  
D. 436

40. What is:  $90 \times 5$ .

- A. 45  
B. 405  
C. 590  
D. 450

41. Katangi has 8 boxes of pens. Each box has 30 pens. How many pens does he have altogether?

- A. 830  
B. 240  
C. 308  
D. 38

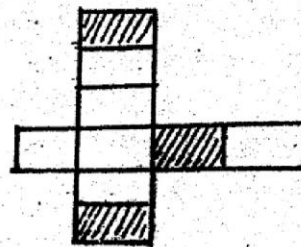
$$6 \overline{) 68}$$

- A. 11 rem 2  
B. 8 rem 11  
C. 11 rem 8  
D. 12

$$31 \overline{) 999}$$

- A. 32 rem 7  
B. 3 rem 9  
C. 31 rem 7  
D. 33 rem 1

44.



What is the shaded fraction

- A.  $\frac{3}{10}$   
B.  $\frac{3}{9}$   
C.  $\frac{3}{6}$   
D.  $\frac{6}{10}$

45. What is a fifth of 40

- A. 45  
B. 20  
C. 8  
D. 10

46. Which is seven twelfths?

- A.  $\frac{7}{12}$   
B.  $\frac{12}{7}$   
C.  $\frac{5}{7}$   
D.  $\frac{7}{12}$

47. What is:  $\frac{2}{10}$  as a decimal

- a. 210  
B. 0.2  
C. 2.1  
D. 0.01

48. Work out  $209 - 0.9$

- A. 200  
B. 208.1  
C. 209.1  
D. 209.0

49. How many cm are there in 13m

- A. 1300  
B. 130  
C. 1.3  
D. 31

50. What is the perimeter of a square of side 15cm

- A. 15cm  
B. 60cm  
C. 30cm  
D. 45cm

**PRIME  
MIRROR  
008**

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**COMPOSITION**

*Time: 40 Mins*

<b>YOUR NAME:</b>	
<b>NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL:</b>	

**Write an interesting composition on the title below.**

**A MARKET DAY**

Lined area for writing the composition.



**MARKING SCHEME**

MATHS		ENGLISH		KISWAHILI		SCIENCE		SOCIAL STUDIES			
1. B	26. B	1. B	26. A	1. B	26. A	1. D	26. D	1. B	26. C	51. A	76. B
2. A	27. D	2. B	27. A	2. C	27. D	2. A	27. A	2. A	27. B	52. D	77. A
3. D	28. A	3. C	28. A	3. C	28. B	3. B	28. C	3. C	28. D	53. C	78. B
4. C	29. C	4. C	29. C	4. A	29. B	4. B	29. B	4. D	29. C	54. C	79. C
5. D	30. A	5. A	30. B	5. B	30. D	5. B	30. C	5. B	30. A	55. B	80. A
6. C	31. C	6. B	31. A	6. A	31. B	6. C	31. C	6. C	31. D	56. D	81. B
7. A	32. C	7. B	32. A	7. C	32. A	7. D	32. D	7. B	32. C	57. D	82. D
8. D	33. A	8. A	33. A	8. A	33. C	8. A	33. C	8. A	33. B	58. C	83. A
9. B	34. B	9. C	34. B	9. B	34. D	9. D	34. B	9. D	34. B	59. B	84. C
10. C	35. A	10. B	35. B	10. C	35. A	10. B	35. A	10. A	35. A	60. A	85. A
11. A	36. C	11. A	36. A	11. C	36. A	11. C	36. B	11. C	36. C	61. C	86. B
12. C	37. C	12. D	37. B	12. B	37. C	12. D	37. C	12. B	37. D	62. D	87. A
13. B	38. A	13. B	38. C	13. C	38. B	13. A	38. D	13. A	38. C	63. B	88. D
14. A	39. C	14. A	39. B	14. B	39. D	14. C	39. A	14. D	39. D	64. B	89. B
15. A	40. D	15. B	40. D	15. A	40. C	15. C	40. B	15. A	40. B	65. B	90. D
16. C	41. A	16. C	41. B	16. B	41. D	16. B	41. B	16. B	41. C	66. B	
17. D	42. A	17. B	42. C	17. C	42. B	17. C	42. A	17. C	42. A	67. A	
18. C	43. A	18. A	43. B	18. B	43. A	18. D	43. C	18. B	43. B	68. C	
19. A	44. B	19. D	44. A	19. C	44. C	19. A	44. C	19. C	44. D	69. B	
20. A	45. C	20. B	45. D	20. D	45. A	20. C	45. D	20. D	45. C	70. C	
21. B	46. D	21. C	46. B	21. B	46. B	21. A	46. D	21. A	46. D	71. B	
22. D	47. B	22. C	47. D	22. C	47. D	22. B	47. A	22. B	47. A	72. C	
23. D	48. B	23. B	48. A	23. C	48. C	23. B	48. B	23. A	48. C	73. B	
24. C	49. A	24. B	49. B	24. A	49. B	24. A	49. A	24. A	49. B	74. C	
25. A	50. B	25. B	50. A	25. B	50. D	25. C	50. C	25. D	50. C	75. B	

**COMPOSITION / INSHA MARKING SCHEME**

**MARKING CRITERION**

- The composition will be assessed according to the following general guidelines.
  - The maximum mark will be 40 and the minimum mark 01.
  - Does the script show that the candidate can communicate accurately, fluently and imaginatively in English.

**Accuracy**

(16 marks)

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| (a) Correct tense and agreement of verbs (4 marks) | (b) Accurate use of vocabulary (4 marks) |
| (c) Correct spelling (4 marks)                     | (d) Correct punctuation (4 marks)        |

**Fluency**

(16 marks)

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| (a) Work in the correct order (4 marks) | (b) Sentences connected and paragraphs (4 marks) |
| (c) Correct spelling (4 marks)          | (d) Ideas developed in logic sequence (4 marks)  |

**Imagination**

(8 marks)

- |  |
|--|
| (a) Usual but appropriate use of words and phrases (4 marks) |
| (b) Variety of structure (4 marks)                           |

**NB: Please, teachers are requested to scrutinize this marking scheme before use.**