

**PRIME
MIRROR
008**

STANDARD SIX 2015

ENGLISH

Read the passage below. It contains blank spaces numbered 1 - 15. for each blank space choose the Best answer from the choices given.

_____ 1 _____ games is very good for our health, _____ 2 _____ ? _____ 3 _____ of us _____ 4 _____ make it a routine because they leave our bodies healthy and _____ 5 _____.

_____ 6 _____ many games are played individually, others are played _____ 7 _____ teams. _____ 8 _____ game do you play at school? _____ 9 _____ football be one of them? _____ 10 _____ a very popular game all _____ 11 _____ the world. Football is played by eleven players in each team . To fully _____ 12 _____ the game, one _____ 13 _____ to understand the rules. It is also important to _____ 14 _____ often so _____ 15 _____ to master football skills.

- | | A. | B. | C. | D. |
|-----|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| 1. | Played | To play | play of | playing |
| 2. | is it | isn't it | doesn't it | does it |
| 3. | none | lots | All | Many |
| 4. | shall | can | could | should |
| 5. | strong | stronger | strongest | big |
| 6. | but | Although | And | So |
| 7. | on | at | in | for |
| 8. | whose | when | where | which |
| 9. | could | had | is | was |
| 10. | its | it's | its' | is being |
| 11. | of | through | right | over |
| 12. | enjoy | enjoyed | enjoyable | enjoyment |
| 13. | have | had | has | was |
| 14. | practice | practise | practised | playing |
| 15. | that | if | and | as |

For questions 16 and 17, choose the word which is opposite in meaning to the underlined

16. We bought a very bright bulb.
 A. whiter B. black
 C. dull D. dark
17. The sea became deeper as we swam to get at our boat.
 A. narrow B. shallow
 C. narrower D. shallower

For questions 18 and 19, complete the sentences with the correct question tag.

18. I am feeling cold, _____
 A. isn't it B. aren't I
 C. amn't D. is it
19. He took my new ruler, _____
 A. do he? B. did he?
 C. didn't he? D. don't he?

Choose the Best word to fill the blank spaces in questions 20 to 23

20. Kirui could not win the race _____ he had an injured knee.
 A. so B. because

C. but D. although

21. Betty was not serious with her studies _____ she passed very well.
 A. so B. because
 C. but D. or
22. Either Auma or Njeri _____ the composition writing competition.
 A. won B. wins
 C. win D. worn

23. My grandfather was _____ rich that he owned the first Land rover in our village.
 A. so B. that
 C. very D. too

In the question 24 and 25, choose the Best choice to complete each sentence

24. The Steward asked, " _____ phone is this?"
 A. which B. who
 C. whose D. whom
25. Dan and Kelvin decided to have a race to see _____ was faster
 A. which B. who
 C. whose D. whom

Read the following passage and then answer the questions 26 -40

Njeru was going to visit his cousin who lived in town. He boarded a bus very early in the morning. When they reached their market centre, the bus driver stopped and went to talk to a certain shopkeeper. They talked long without ceasing. At last he got into the bus but unfortunately the bus could not start. Njeru was worried. He hoped his cousin Njagi would wait for him patiently. He was afraid he might give up waiting for him.

Njagi stood for a long time at the bus station. He had so many plans for the afternoon, that he didn't want Njeru to be late. He wanted to take his cousin to an elevator if there was time. He had just decided to wait ten more minutes then go home. Soon Njeru arrived.

As they walked on the road away from the bus station, it was clear that Njeru had never visited a town before. He continually walked on the road and never looked where he was going. Njeru wasn't really careless but tired. He was wondering whether his aunt had got the supper ready and whether he was going to be allowed to get to bed early.

26. Where did Njeru live?
A. In town B. In the city
C. In the village D. In a bus
27. When the bus reached the market centre.
A. It stopped functioning
B. It had a puncture.
C. The driver stopped it
D. The passengers wanted to buy somethings.
28. What did Njeru think when the bus would not start?
A. He was thinking of going back home
B. He thought his cousin would become impatient.
C. He imagined how the bus would start again.
D. He blamed the driver for carelessness.
29. Select a word which means the same as *ceasing*?
A. Saying B. Walking
C. Stopping D. Laughing
30. It was _____ that the bus would not start.
A. fortunately B. inlikely
C. unluckily D. unimportant
31. The words **give up** have been used to mean _____
A. lose hope B. continue
C. refuse D. get tired
32. Njagi did not want Njeru to be late because _____
A. he was feeling tired.
B. he had many plans for the afternoon.
C. he knew the bus had broken down.
D. he had seen darkness coming
33. If there was enough time _____
A. Njeru would be taken to the zoo.
B. Njeru would be taken to an elevator.
C. Njeru would be taken to a railway station
D. Njeru would be showed around the town.
34. How long did Njagi wait for his cousin Njeru?
A. five hours
B. ten hours
C. ten minutes
D. a long time
35. An elevator _____
A. lifts people up the tall buildings
B. carries people a long the streets
C. carries goods to the bus station
D. is a place where tired people rest.
36. What is the opposite of the word arrived?
A. delayed B. arrival
C. departed D. departure
37. Njeru could not look where he was going because _____
A. he knew the town well.
B. he feared the tall buildings.
C. he just followed his cousin.
D. he had never visited a town before.
38. What is **TRUE** about Njeru?
A. He had an aunt living in town
B. He boarded a car to town
C. He waited for Njagi to arrive at the bus station.
D. He was late to wake up and missed the bus station.
39. When Njeru arrived at his aunt's place?
A. He was very happy
B. He was hungry and tired
C. He was feeling sorry
D. He was wondering
40. Give the suitable title for the passage.
A. Traveling in a village bus
B. Afternoon plans
C. Njeru visits his cousin.
D. Towns and their people

Read the following passage and then answer questions 41 - 50.

There once lived a handsome prince who really wanted to marry a princess. He traveled all over the world looking for one. When he could not get one he returned home sadly.

One good night during a terrible storm, there was a soft knock at the door of his house. The king slowly went to open it. Wow! It was a princess who stood outside. Oh, dear! What a terrible state she was in. The water ran down from her hair and her clothes into her shoes

However, she said she was a real princess, "Well, that we shall find out," thought the queen, but she said nothing. Instead she went into the bedroom and laid a small pea in the slabs of the beds. Upon these, she heaped twenty mattresses and twenty laid down beds. The princess was to sleep there that night.

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>41. A prince is to a princess as a _____ is to an ewe.</p> <p>A. ram B. goat</p> <p>C. sheep D. horse</p> <p>42. Where did the prince go to look for someone to marry?</p> <p>A. All over the place.</p> <p>B. All over the country.</p> <p>C. All over the world.</p> <p>D. All across the earth.</p> <p>43. When the prince was unsuccessful to get a princess, he was _____</p> <p>A. shocked B. angry</p> <p>C. afraid D. sad</p> <p>44. The princess who stood outside _____</p> <p>A. had a soft voice.</p> <p>B. was not in a good state</p> <p>C. caused a terrible storm</p> <p>D. arrived at the door slowly</p> <p>45. Because of the way the princess looked like:</p> <p>A. the prince doubted</p> <p>B. the king doubted</p> <p>C. the princess doubted</p> <p>D. the queen doubted</p> | <p>46. What is the present tense of the underlined word <u>laid</u>?</p> <p>A. Lie B. Lay</p> <p>C. Lied D. Lain</p> <p>47. The queen thought that:</p> <p>A. They would be tricked.</p> <p>B. They would lose their prince</p> <p>C. They would discover the truth</p> <p>D. They would lose the kingdom</p> <p>48. What was not wet in the princess when she arrived?</p> <p>A. Her hair B. Her shoes</p> <p>C. Her clothes D. Her face</p> <p>49. How long would the princess be tested to the truth?</p> <p>A. twenty beds</p> <p>B. Twenty mattresses</p> <p>C. one pea</p> <p>D. one night</p> <p>50. It is NOT TRUE to say that:</p> <p>A. The princess went all over the world</p> <p>B. The knock was answered by the king</p> <p>C. The princess arrived in a stormy night</p> <p>D. The princess seriously needed a marriage partner.</p> |
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DARASA LA SITA 2015

KISWAHILI

Soma kifungu kiki kiska ukamilishe nafasi 1-15

Mlachake aliwaza na kuwazua __1__ akifanya __2__ aliyopewa __3__. Alikumbuka jinsi bangi __4__ __5__ mara ya __6__. Alikumbuka alivyozoeshwa na marafiki zake wawili. Akakumbuka alivyoanza kuona maajabu baada ya kuitumia. Wakati __7__ alijikuta anacheka ovyo ovyo. Bila kun'gamua akawa ametumbukia kwenye bahari __8__ ulevi yenye mawimbi na misukosuko chungu __9__.

Upweke aliokuwa __10__ ulimzindua. Akawachukia marafiki zake waliomshawishi kushiriki ulevi akawahesabu kama maadui wake. Kumbe kikulacho ki __11__ mwako, tena nazi mbovu harabu ya nzima. Alichukia vile nguo zake, vitabu vyake na vitu vingine vyake __12__ sigara. Alichukia jinsi meno __13__ na vidole vya mikono ulivyogetyuka rangi __14__ ya sigara alizokuwa akitumia vikimuuma. Akahofu kuwa ulevi ule __15__.

A	B	C	D
1. alivyokuwa	alipokuwa	alikuwa	anavyokuwa
2. adhabu	athabu	ghadhabu	adabu
3. shule	katika shuleni	shuleni	kwa shule
4. ilimhangaisha	inapomhangaisha	ilipomhangaisha	ilivyomhangaisha
5. alipobuta	alifuta	alipovuta	alipofuta
6. kwanza	kuanza	kuansa	kwansa
7. mwingine	mwingine	ingine	nyingine
8. la	ya	za	wa
9. zima	lizima	mzima	nzima
10. nao	nalo	nayo	nawo
11. mvunguri	nyumbani	kichwani	nguoni
12. vilivyonukia	vilivyonusia	vilivyonuka	vilinukia
13. yake	zake	wake	lake
14. kutokana	kwa sababu	kwasababu	kwani
15. ulimua	umemua	unamua	ungemua

Kuoka swali la 16 hadi 30 jibu kulingana na muagizo

16 Chagua jibu rawafaka la maamkuzi haya:
Masalkheri

- A. Binuru B. Salama
C. Kheri D. Sabalkheri

17 Kamilisha kitendawili hiki:- Kutoa ni kuongeza
A. Maji B. Shimo C. Neno D. Nywele

18 Kanusha sentensi ifuatayo: Kuwa na heshima

kunapendeza

- A. Kutokuwa na heshima hakupendezi
B. kuwa na heshima hakupendezi
C. Kutokuwa na heshima kunapendeza
D. Kutokana na heshima kunaudhi

19. Jina wanaloitana ndugu wasawa wa kike na wale wa kiume ni:

- A. Mkoi B. Binamu
C. Umbu D. Mpwa

20. Chagua sentensi venye matumizi ya - ki-cha masharti

- A. Kibuzi kile kilichinjiwa wageni
B. Nilimkuta akifua mashati yake nilipomtembelea
C. Alilijibu swali la mwalimu Mbatia kijinga
D. Ukiweka samadi mchangani, utaongeza mapato

21. Nomino 'nyasi' inapatikana katika ngeli gani?

- A. i-zi B. u-zi
C. u-i D. i-i

22. Kamilisha sentensi ifuatayo kwa tanakali ya sauti iliyo sahihi. Stella alianguka mchangani ____!

- A. pu B. chumbwi
C. tapuli D. tifu

23. Andika kwa wingi: Mama yule alienda kumwona mkunga hodari

- A. Akina mama wale walienda kuwaona wakunga hodari
B. Wamama wale walienda kuona wakunga hodari
C. Akina mama wale walienda kuwaona wakunga wahodari
D. Wamama wale walienda kuwaona wakunga wahodari

24. Tumia kiashiri aradidi kinachofaa

Mkate umo _____ kabatini

- A. huko huko B. humo humo
C. hapo hapo D. papo hapo

25. Kamilisha sentensi kwa kutumia kivumishi-ingine-kwa usahihi. Dirisha _____ limetengenezwa

- A. lingine B. nyingine
C. jingine D. ingine

26. Mgomba ni kwa ndizi kama vile _____ ni kwa mchele

- A. mpunga B. mtungule
C. mkanju D. mchicha

27. Andika katika usemi wa taarifa

"Chakula hiki ni kitamu," watoto walisema

- A. Watoto walisema kuwa chakula hiki ni kitamu
B. Watoto walisema kuwa chakula hicho kingekuwa kitamu
C. Watoto walisema kuwa chakula hicho kilikuwa kitamu
D. Watoto wanasema kuwa chakula hiki ni kitamu

28. Maana ya msemu, "kuenda mrama" ni _____

- A. enda kama mwenye kilema
B. kuharibika kwa jambo
C. enda msalani
D. ishiwa na matumaini

29. Kutokana na nomino 'tabibu' tunapata kienzi

- A. matibabu B. utabibu
C. tiba D. tibu

30. Ni mnyama yupi ambaye hajaambatanishwa sawa na kikembe chake?

- A. Sungura-kitungule
B. Ndege - kinila
C. Ngamia - kivinimbi
D. Samaki - kichengo

Soma taarifa ifuatayo kisha ujibu maswali 31 - 40

Kati ya wanafunzi ambao nimekutana nao katika maisha yangu ya shuleni, Kipawa ndiye aliyekuwa mwerevu kuliko wote. Kipawa alikuwa na akili nyepesi. Maulana pia alimpa kipaji cha uimbaji. Ungemsikia akiimba ungedhani ni malaika.

Kipawa alizaliwa katika familia ya pato la kadri. Wavyele walikuwa na bidii, heshima na uadilifu. Walikuwa na matarajio makuu kumhusu mwanao wa pekee. Naye Kipawa alionyesha dalili za kutamba maisha. Chambilecho walenga dalili ya mvua ni...

Likizo moja, Kipawa alikata shauri kuenda kumtembelea mjomba wake. Mjomba Kajitenga ndiye aliyekuwa kitinda mimba katika familia ya mamaye Kipawa. Alifanya kazi mjini, kazi ya mshahara mkubwa. Kajitenga alifurahia sana kufika kwa Kipawa. Alimpeleka katika sehemu nyingi pale mjini, hotelini, bustanini hata katika majumba ya starehe. Kajitenga alipenda sana anasa. Aliandamana na Kipawa katika maeneo mengi ya anasa. Polepole alipanda mbegu mbovu katika

shamba safi la Kipawa. Wazazi na walimu hawakujua upanzi huu. Hivyo basi, mbegu ile iliota na kumea ilinawiri na Kipawa akawa akiupalilia mmea kwa siri.

Kitambo watu wagundue ulikuwa ni mti mkubwa wenye matunda mabovu. Tayari Kipawa alikuwa amewaonyesha walijaribu juu chini kukata mti ule. Walifanikiwa lakini madhara hayangeisha.

Ukweli ni kuwa Kipawa alikuwa ameingilia utumiaji wa dawa za kulevya tabia aliyofundishwa na mjombake kwa bahati nzuri walimu walifua dafu kuwaokoa wanafunzi walioanza kuzitumia dawa hizo. Walijaribu kumshauri Kipawa lakini wapi! Maji yalikuwa yamemwagika, hayakuzoleka. Afya yake ilizorota, akashindwa kusoma, kuimba, akawa mtoto mchafu. Akakosa heshima na adabu. Ole wake Kipawa. Nikaamini kuwa dawa za kulevya ni hatari.

31. Kulingana na msimulizi jambo aliloliona kuwa la kipekee kwa Kipawa ni _____
- A. Kierevu
 - B. Kipawa cha uimbaji
 - C. kutumia dawa za kulevya
 - D. adabu njema

32. Alikuwa na akili nyepesi inamaanisha kuwa _____
- A. alikuwa akili punguani
 - B. alikuwa mtukutu
 - C. alikuwa mwerevu
 - D. hakuelewa chochote

33. Uimbaji wa Kipaa umemthilishwa na wa:-
- A. Kinanila
 - B. Malaika
 - C. Chiriku
 - D. Tausi

34. Kulingana na taarifa hii ni sahihi kusema kuwa _____
- A. wazazi wa Kipawa walikuwa matajiri kupindukia
 - B. Kipawa walikuwa wa kiwango cha kati
 - C. Kipawa walikuwa maskini hohehahe
 - D. wazazi wake Kipawa walitumia dawa za kulevya

35. Wazazi wake Kipawa walikuwa na sifa zifuatazo ila
- A. adabu njema
 - B. jitihada za kufanya kazi
 - C. heshima
 - D. wapenda anasa

36. Mjomba Kajitenga
- A. Alikuwa wa mwisho kuzaliwa
 - B. alikuwa mwanabee katika familia yao
 - C. alikuwa mtoto wa kipekee
 - D. hakuwa na dada

37. 'Kajitenga alipenda anasa' Hii inamaanisha kuwa
- A. alipenda kutumia dawa za kulevya
 - B. alikuwa mtu mwadilifu
 - C. alipenda raha na starehe
 - D. alipenda mchezo wa kuwanasa watu

38. "Polepole alipanda mbegu mbovu katika shamba safi Kipawa" inamaanisha _____
- A. kajitenga alimnunulia Kipawa mbegu za kupanda mashambani
 - B. Kipawa hakujua kulima
 - C. kajitenga alitaka Kipawa aendelee na masomo
 - D. kajitenga alimwingiza Kipawa katika maovu

39. Walimu walifua dafu kuwanusuru wanafunzi. Maneno yaliyopigiwa mstari yana maana gani?
- A. Walishindwa
 - B. Walifanikiwa
 - C. Walikataa
 - D. Walikubali

40. Kichwa kinachifaa habari hii ni
- A. Anasa hunasa
 - B. Kipawa na wenzake
 - C. Walimu na Kipawa
 - D. Maisha ya Kajitenga

Wema taarifa ifuatayo kisha ujibu maswali 41 - 50

Dunia imejaa uchafu mwingi, uchafu wa tabia na adabu, uchafu wa hulka na vitendo, uchafu wa mawazo na fikira, uchafu wa hewa na mazingira. Maovu ndiyo mapambo ya dunia. Uvundo ndiyo marashi ya dunia. Wema na maadili vimeadimika kama maziwa ya kuku. Kazi utulie usikilize mazungumzo ya watu, ni uchafu tu. Mavazi ni maudhi tu. Miziki ni matusi tu. Michezo ya dansi kwenye runinga ni uozo mtupu. Miziki ni matusi tu. Uchafuzi na michafuko kila mahali na kila kila kitu.

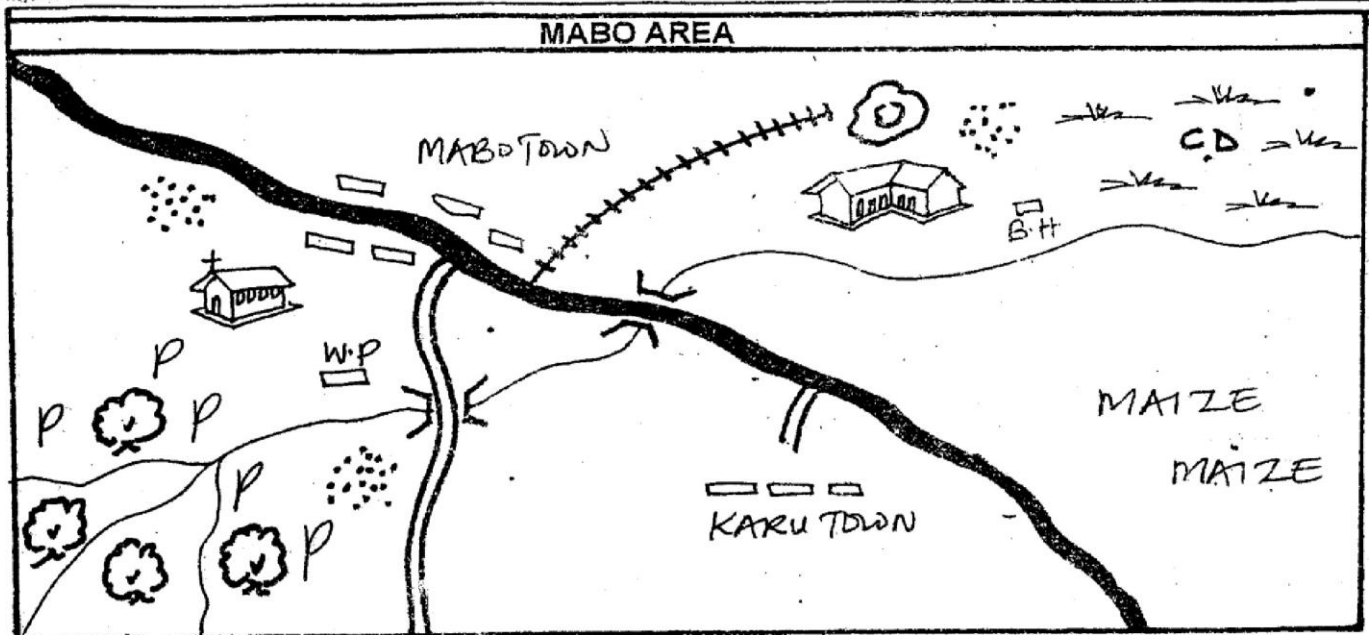
Uvundo uliozuka na kukithiri hivi karibuni ni huu mtindo wa ubakaji na kuwanajisi watoto wadogo. Huu ni udhahilishaji wa jinsia. Kwa nini wanaume watende unyama kiasi hiki. Hii ni tabia mbovu kupindukia. Binadamu wote ni sawa. Wanastahili kuwa sawa, hali na hadhi sawa. Maumbile si hoja. Usawa umo katika ubinadamu na utu wenyewe.

Visa vingi vya ubakaji vinazuka hapa na pale kila uchafu kila uchao. Haya si matokeo ya tamaa tu bali hasa ni unyama. Hata kama tuiite tamaa, ni nani asiyejua kwamba tamaa mbele mauti nyuma? Ubakaji ni kitendo cha aibu, uchafu. Maradhi ni kifo. Husababisha matokeo mabaya sana katika maisha ya jamii. Dada zetu wengi wamepata maradhi ya zinaa ukiwemo ukimwi kwa sababu ya kubakwa baada ya kuviziwa na kuvamiwa vichochooni, mitaani hata afisini huko wanakofanya kazi.

Mitaa na miji imefurika furifuri watoto wazururaji wanaotokana na ndoa za mabavu zinazowakabili wanadamu wa kike. Tatizo hili si dogo la kupuuzwa. Ni swala nyeti linalohitaji kutatuliwa na kutokomezwa katika kaburi la sahu.

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>41. Ni tendo lipi halionyeshi uozo katika dunia?</p> <p>A. Mavazi yanayokera
B. Miziki iliyosheheni matusi
C. Wengi wa wema na maadili
D. Mazungumzo machafu</p> <p>42. 'Vimeadimika kama maziwa ya kuku'. Hii ni fani gani ya lugha?</p> <p>A. Istiara
B. Nahau
C. Methali
D. Tashbihi</p> <p>43. "Maovu ndiyo mapambo ya dunia" ina maana ____</p> <p>A. maovu yamejaa duniani kote
B. maovu hayasikiki
C. maovu hayajazungumziwa
D. maovu yameirembesha dunia</p> <p>44. Uozo uliopita mipaka siku hizi ni upi?</p> <p>A. Ulevi wa pombe
B. Ubakaji
C. Matumizi ya dawa za kulevywa
D. Mavazi ya aibu</p> <p>45. Kitendo cha kuwabaka wasichana wadogo kinaonyesha</p> <p>A. kuheshimiwa kwa jinsia ya kike
B. kudumishwa kwa wanawake</p> | <p>C. watu kuthamini utu
D. watu wamepungukiwa na akili</p> <p>46. Neno runinga limetumika katika taarifa hii. Lina maana sawa na:</p> <p>A. rumunu
B. mwengoya
C. tarakilishi
D. televisheni</p> <p>47. Wanaothirika zaidi na ubakaji ni</p> <p>A. watoto wadogo
B. wabakaji
C. wanaume
D. wananchi</p> <p>48. Baadhi ya madhara yanayosababishwa na ubakaji ni</p> <p>A. heshima
B. kifo
C. magonjwa ya zinaa
D. aibu</p> <p>49. Watoto wanaozurura mitaani wametokana na:</p> <p>A. uchafuzi wa mazingira
B. matumizi ya dawa za kulevywa
C. ubakaji kwa wanawake
D. mavazi duni yanayovaliwa</p> <p>50. Kichwa mwafaka cha taarifa hii ni?</p> <p>A. Mavazi ya fedheha
B. Uozo katika jamii
C. Uchafu wa mazingira
D. Magonjwa ya zinaa</p> |
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SOCIAL STUDIES / RELIGIOUS EDUCATION



Key

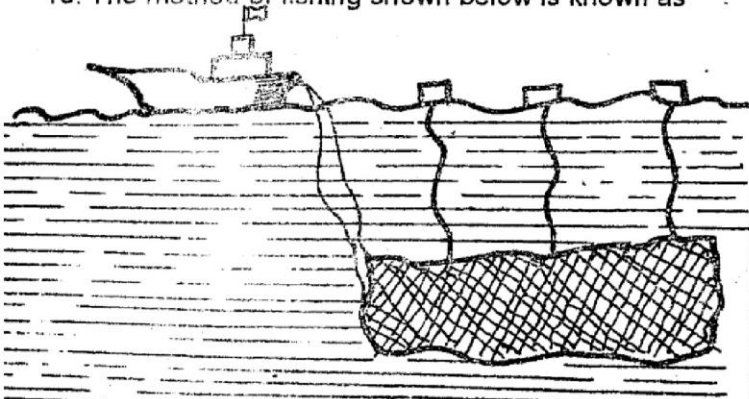
	Forest		Grass		Murrum road
	Pyrethrum		Cattle dip		Permanent houses
	Church		House		W.P water pump
	Quarry		Railway		B.H Borehole
	School		Tarmac Road		

SCALE: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 km

- What is the direction of the water pump from the cattle dip?
 - South West
 - East
 - West
 - North East
- What is the religion of the people of Mabo area?
 - Muslims
 - Christians
 - Pagans
 - traditionalists
- Which one of the following cashcrops is grown in Mabo area?
 - Sisal
 - Coffee
 - Maize
 - Pyrethrum
- The railway line in the map is used to transport?
 - Oil
 - Trees
 - Stones
 - Cattle
- People in Mabo town get water from the _____
 - River
 - Borehole
 - Lake
 - Dam
- Which is the main economic activity of Mabo area?
 - Trading
 - Farming
 - Lumbering
 - Mining

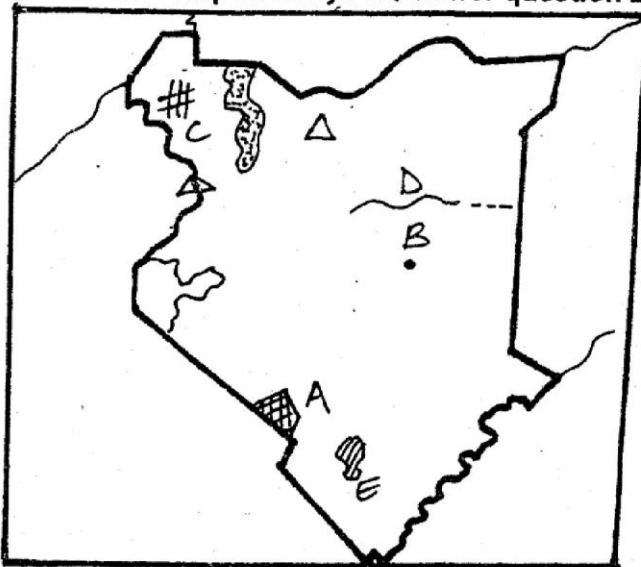
- What is the staple food of the people of Mabo area?
 - Bananas
 - Beans
 - Maize
 - Pyrethrum
- Which one of the following Swamps is found in Tanzania?
 - Lorian
 - Kyoga
 - Sudd
 - Malagasy
- Which one of the following is the main tourist attraction in the East African Coast?
 - Wildlife
 - Historical sites
 - Beautiful scenery
 - Sandy beaches
- The following are factors that promote peace except
 - Tolerance
 - Political differences
 - Games and sports
 - Transparency
- Which one of the following is not a reason for the coming of explorers in Africa
 - Find the sea route to India
 - Locate source of River Nile
 - Learn more about people of Africa
 - Look for market for their goods

12. Which one of these is the main reason for the formation of East African community
- Promote trade among members
 - Promote science and research
 - Unite member countries
 - Introduce common currency
13. Which one of the following places did the Cushites originate from?
- Arabia
 - South Sudan
 - Ethiopia
 - Congo forests
14. Below are statements about a prominent leader in Eastern Africa
- Set up private schools
 - Sent his army to France for training
 - Introduced a new constitution
 - Founder member of OAU
- The leader described is,
- Julius Nyerere
 - Haille sellasie
 - Raila Odinga
 - Daniel Moi
15. The growing of flowers for sale is called _____
- Horticulture
 - Intercropping
 - Floriculture
 - Mixed cropping
16. The method of fishing shown below is known as



- Purse seining
 - Trawling
 - Longlining
 - Net drifting
17. Which one of the following is the cheapest method of preserving fish?
- Canning
 - Sundrying
 - Refrigeration
 - Smoking
18. The forests found in the shores of salty waters are known as,
- Planted forests
 - Lowland forests
 - Highland forests
 - Aberdare forests
19. The following are importances of forests except
- Protect water sources
 - Source of firewood
 - Home for wildlife
 - Decrease soil fertility
20. Which one of the following tourist attraction places is famous for migration of wild beast?

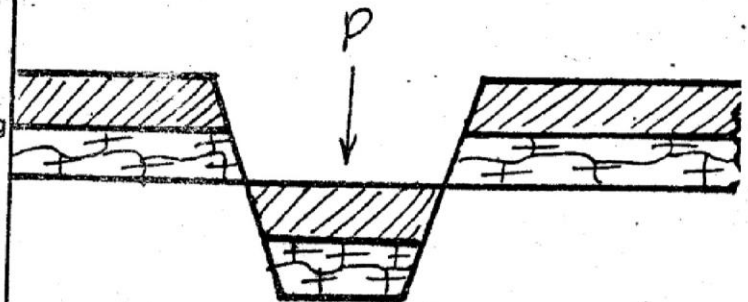
- Maasai Mara
 - Tsavo
 - Sibiloi
 - Amboseli
- Use the map of Kenya to answer question 21-23



21. Which crop is likely to be grown in the area marked E?
- Palms
 - Cotton
 - Sisal
 - Coconut
22. The town marked B is likely to be _____
- Mandera
 - Wajir
 - Garrisa
 - Isiolo
23. The physical feature marked C is known as,
- Bilesha plains
 - Lokitipi plain
 - Sibiloi National park
 - Koobi Fora
24. The following are historical sites found in Kenya except
- Fort Jesus
 - Gedi ruins
 - Mnarani ruins
 - Kariandusi
25. The most common means of transport in Kenya is,
- Air
 - Railway
 - Road
 - Pipeline
26. Below are statements about a town in Kenya
- Largest inland port in Kenya
 - Industrial centre
 - Education centre
- The town described above is _____
- Nairobi
 - Mombasa
 - Kisumu
 - Malindi
27. Which one of the following leaders led the Nandi to visit colonial rule in Kenya?
- Sakawa
 - Koitalel Arap Samoei
 - Karuru wa Gakure
 - Masaku
28. What was the title of the religious leaders among the Ameru?
- Nkomango
 - Ntiba
 - Ntuiko
 - Mugwe
29. The following are responsibilities of Kenya citizens except
- Obey the laws
 - Voting
 - Make laws
 - Pay taxes
30. The Kenya National assembly has how many nominated members?
- 12
 - 290
 - 1
 - 47

31. Who is the head of Judiciary in Kenya?
A. Chairperson B. Chief Justice
C. Chief Registrar D. Judge
32. Which one of the following is the newest country in Eastern Africa?
A. Eritrea B. Kenya
C. Djibout D. South Sudan
33. The longitude 0° is referred to as,
A. Tropic of cancer
B. Tropic of capricorn
C. Equator
D. Prime meridian
34. Drainage features in a map are shown by use of which colour?
A. Purple B. Blue
C. Red D. Green
35. Which is not an example of a block mountain?
A. Pare B. Usambara
C. Ruwenzori D. ngorongoro
36. The lines that develop when rocks of the earth break are called _____
A. Faults B. Cracks
C. Folds D. Escarpments
37. The following are examples of plain Nilotes found in Kenya except?
A. Karamojong B. Jie
C. Njemps D. Iteso
38. Which is the main reason for the migration of Cushites?
A. Diseases B. Drought
C. Quarrels D. External attacks
39. A group of families who trace their origin to a common forefather form a
A. Age group B. Clan
C. Family D. Age set
40. Coffee in Ethiopia is mainly grown in area known as
A. Songea B. Arusha
C. Kaffa D. Nyamira
41. Which one of the following buys cattle for slaughtering and processing into beef and beef products?
A. KMC B. KPCS
C. ADC D. KARI
42. The main inland fishing ground in Tanzania is
A. Lake Tanganyika B. Indian Ocean
C. Lake Natron D. Lake Malawi
43. Which one of the following is the main problem facing tourism in Eastern Africa?
A. Poor roads B. Poaching
C. Taxes D. Political instability
44. Owen falls dam is located near which town in Uganda?
A. Kampala B. Entebbe
C. Jinja D. Tororo
45. Which one of these communities was led by council of elders?
A. Wanga B. Maasai
C. Nandi D. Ameru
46. Omulamuzi among the baganda was the
A. Chief Justice B. Katikiro
C. Omuwanika D. Kitongole
47. The Nyanwezi were ruled by chiefs with title _____
A. Orkolyot B. Ntemi
C. Oloibon D. Nabongo
48. Which one of the following methods is used in

- commercial fishing?
A. Use of traps B. Use of lines
C. Purse seining D. Use of herbs
49. Which one of the following is the ruling coalition party in Kenya?
A. Jubilee B. CORD
C. Eagle D. Amani
50. Which one of the following is a modern method of preserving fish only?
A. Canning B. Sun drying
C. Salting D. Smoking
51. Which party led Kenya to gain independence?
A. ODM B. PNU
C. KANU D. CORD
52. Which one is the main product which we get from beef cattle?
A. Eggs B. Milk
C. Pork D. Meat
53. Which one of these people is elected to represent women in a county?
A. Senator
B. Women representative
C. Governor
D. Member of county Assembly
54. Which community is **incorrectly** matched with its leader?
A. Masaku - Kamba
B. Nabongo Mumia - Gusii
C. Koitalel arap Samoei- Nandi
D. Mekatilili- Giriama
55. Which one of the following bodies is in charge of elections in Kenya?
A. ECK B. Parliament
C. IEBC D. County Assembly
56. The following are arms of the government **except**.
A. Executive B. Legislature
C. Judiciary D. County assembly
57. Madaraka day is celebrated on which date?
A. 20th October B. 1st May
C. 12th December D. 1st June
58. The diagram below shows formation of the Rift valley



- The part marked P is known as
A. Fault B. Floor
C. cracks D. Escarpment
59. Which one of the following maintains security in our borders?
A. Police B. Elders
C. Chiefs D. Armed forces
 60. Counting of people in Kenya takes place after how many years?
A. 5 B. 10
C. 2 D. 50

SECTION II
CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. On the second day, God created what?
A. Light B. Human being
C. Sky D. Sun, moon, stars
62. Abraham moved from which place to the foreign land?
A. Haran B. Ur
C. Canaan D. Midian
63. During the floods, Noah first send which animal
A. Dove B. Goat
C. Lamb D. Raven
64. Which one of these was **not** a son of Noah
A. Ham B. Japheth
C. Obed D. Jacob
65. Which one of these people took his brothers birth right?
A. David B. Isaac
C. Joseph D. Jacob
66. Which one of the following people was about to sacrifice is son on mount Moriah?
A. Adam B. Abraham
C. Saul D. Rehoboam
67. Which king of Israel asked God for wisdom
A. Solomon B. David
C. Saul D. Noah
68. Samuels mother was known as,
A. Hannah B. Rebecca
C. Rachel D. Ruth
69. The son of king Saul, who was Davids friends was
A. Amram B. Jonathan
C. John D. Esau
70. Which one of these is not a promise of God to Abraham?
A. Foreign land
B. Be a father of great Nation
C. Promised a son
D. Bless the world through Isaac
71. A hab took the vineyard of _____
A. Elijah B. Zacheus
C. Naboth D. Jezebel
72. Which one of the following is **not** a fruit of the Holy Spirit?
A. Goodness B. Peace
C. Faithfulness D. Healing
73. "A sword for the Lord and Gideon" during this time the Israelites defeated the
A. Cananites B. Midianites
C. Syrians D. Jews
74. Jesus grew up in the town of
A. Damascus B. Bethlehem
C. Nazareth D. Bethany
75. When Jesus wanted to wash his disciples feet, who refused to be washed at first?
A. John B. Philip
C. Peter D. Judas
76. We celebrate the death of Jesus on,
A. Good Friday B. Easter Monday
C. Passover D. Christmas
77. Jesus raised Lazarus in the town of _____
A. Judea B. Bethany
C. Bethel D. Peniel
78. A good pupil should be,
A. Brutal B. Obedient
C. Dishonesty D. Corrupt
79. Irresponsible sexual behaviour may not lead to
A. Unwanted pregnancy
B. HIV/AIDS
C. School dropouts
D. Happy marriage
80. During pentecost the Holy Spirit descended to the disciples in form of _____
A. Tongues of fire
B. Flying doves
C. Smoke
D. drops of rain
81. Which one of the following is **not** a Gospel book?
A. Mathew B. Mark
C. Luke D. Acts
82. In traditional African society young children were taught by _____
A. Parents B. Elders
C. Pastors D. Teachers
83. Leisure time can well be used by _____
A. Playing
B. Fighting each other
C. Swimming
D. Visiting the sick
84. Which one of these is **not** a quality of a good leader?
A. Integrity
B. Honesty
C. Corrupt
D. Hard working
85. Jesus resurrected after how long?
A. 3 weeks
B. 4 days
C. 3 days
D. 5 hours
86. Joseph, Mary and baby Jesus went to Bethlehem for _____
A. Presentation B. Census
C. Passover D. Baptism
87. People in traditional African society showed forgiveness by
A. Sharing meals
B. Praying
C. Singing songs
D. Offering sacrifices
88. Jesus defeated death through _____
A. Baptism
B. Ascending to heaven
C. Transfiguration
D. Resurrection
89. Paul and Oluoch fought over a piece of sugarcane. What advice can you give them?
A. Continue fighting
B. Pray for them to change
C. Beat them up
D. Tell them to forgive each other
90. Amina does not finish the teachers assignments, she spends most of her time sleeping. What advice can you give her?
A. Finish the assignments
B. Never do the work
C. Transfer to another school
D. Do the work for her

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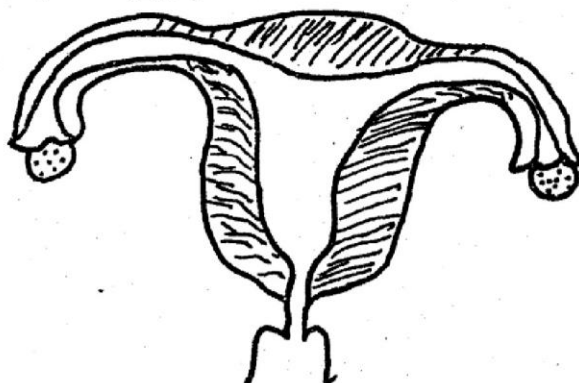
STANDARD SIX 2015

SCIENCE

Time: 1hr 40mins

1. A certain disease has the following symptoms:
 - Chest pains.
 - Night sweat.
 - Persistent coughs.
 - Loss of weight.
 The disease described above is _____
 A. Typhoid B. Anaemia
 C. Tuberculosis D. Yellow fever

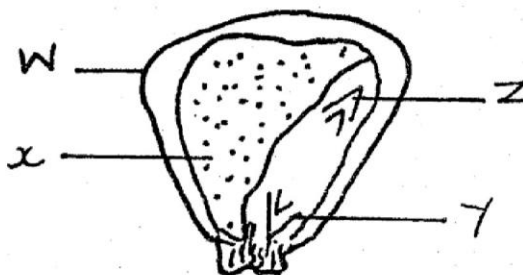
Study the diagram below and answer question 2.



2. From the above diagram fertilisation takes place in the part labelled?
 A. C B. A
 C. D D. C
3. A std 5 pupil added water to the soil in a tin. He noticed bubbles coming out. The main reason for this was _____
 A. air in the soil.
 B. air is found in water.
 C. presence of living things.
 D. presence of humus in the soil.
4. Digestion of food begins in the _____
 A. large intestines B. small intestines
 C. stomach D. mouth
5. Which one of the following expands most when heated?

- A. Wood B. Metal
 C. Water D. Air
6. The movement of the earth round the sun is called?
 A. Revolution B. Rotation
 C. Spinning D. Orbiting
7. Animals that spend their first stage of their life in water and the rest on land are called?
 A. Mammals B. Amphibians
 C. Reptiles D. Birds
8. In males, sperms are produced in the _____
 A. Epididymis B. Urethra
 C. Testis D. Penis
9. Pollen grains are contained in the _____
 A. Filament B. Stamen
 C. Style D. Anther
10. The earth rotates from _____
 A. South to east B. East to west
 C. North to south D. West to east

Study the diagram below and answer the questions



11. Which part makes the embryo?
 A. W B. X
 C. Y D. Z
12. Which part stores food for the seed?
 A. Z B. W
 C. X D. Y
13. Pick out the list that consists of male sex organs only?

- A. Penis, ovary, testis
- B. Scrotum, penis, oviduct
- C. Testis, spermduct, penis
- D. Testis, uterus, penis

14. The continuous tube from the mouth to the anus is called?

- A. Digestion
- B. Alimentary canal
- C. Stomach
- D. Intestines

15. All the following are uses of heat except?

- A. Lighting
- B. Drying
- C. Warming
- D. Cooling

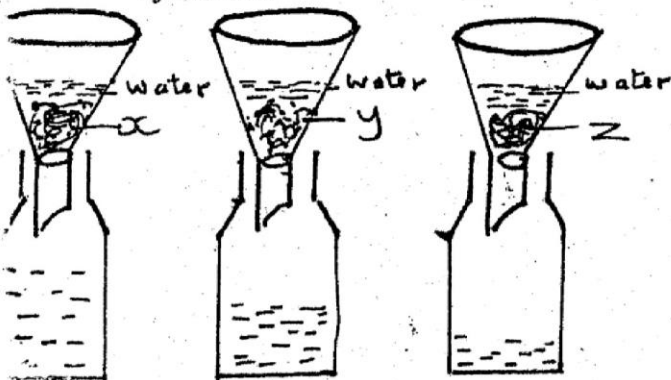
16. Which of the following would make a plastic container sink?

- A. Using a bigger plastic container
- B. Changing its shape.
- C. Filling it with soil.
- D. Tying it to a piece of wood.

17. Fruits and vegetables are important in the diet because _____

- A. They help in making blood healthy.
- B. They repair worn out tissues.
- C. They provide energy.
- D. They protect the body against diseases.

18. The experiment below was done by std 5 pupils to investigate a certain character of the soil.



Which conclusion did they make?

- A. Floods are common in areas of soil Z.
- B. Soil Y has the best drainage.
- C. Soil Z has the poorest drainage.
- D. Soil Z has the best drainage.

19. The following are all cereal crops except?

- A. Maize
- B. Beans

- C. Sorghum
- D. Millet

20. Stems have the following functions except?

- A. Transport water and minerals.
- B. Support the plant parts.
- C. Absorb water and minerals.
- D. Food and water storage.

21. Which of the following animals does not belong to the same group as others?

- A. Spider
- B. Butterfly
- C. Weevil
- D. Flea

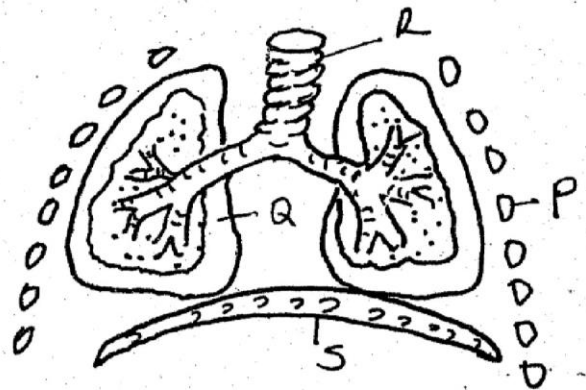
22. Which one of the following is NOT an importance of water in the diet?

- A. It cools the body.
- B. It prevent the skin from drying.
- C. It helps to remove waste products.
- D. It prevent constipation.

23. A shadow is formed when light falls on all the following except?

- A. A painted glass.
- B. A book.
- C. Mirror
- D. Clear glass.

24. The diagram below shows the human breathing system.



When we breath in, _____

- A. part P moves upwards.
- B. part R becomes dome-shaped.
- C. part S moves downwards.
- D. part Q flattens.

25. HIV is spread in all the following ways except?

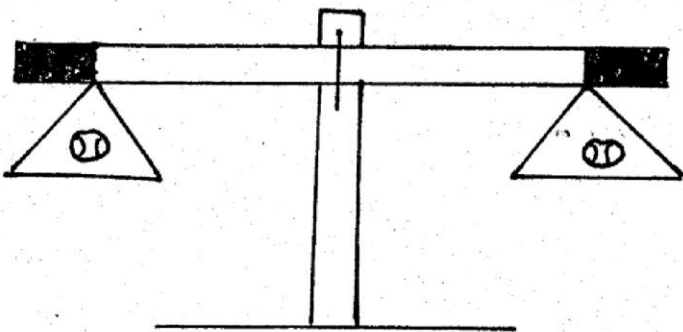
- A. Exchange of saliva.
- B. Blood transfusion.
- C. Mosquito and other insect bites.
- D. Through open wounds.

26. The following are ways of maintaining strong teeth except?

- A. Eating lots of cakes, sweets and biscuits.
- B. Eating sugarcane, carrots and coconuts.
- C. Eating eggs, drinking milk.
- D. Visiting dentist regularly.

27. Immunization for infants is carried out to _____
- A. make children sick.
 - B. cure diseases.
 - C. examine diseases.
 - D. prevent diseases.

28. The instrument below was constructed by std 5 pupils.



It is used to measure _____

- A. Weight
- B. Volume
- C. Mass
- D. Shape

29. The following are characteristics of a flower:
- Small in size.
 - No scent.
 - Feathery stigma.
 - Large anthers.

The flower is pollinated by _____

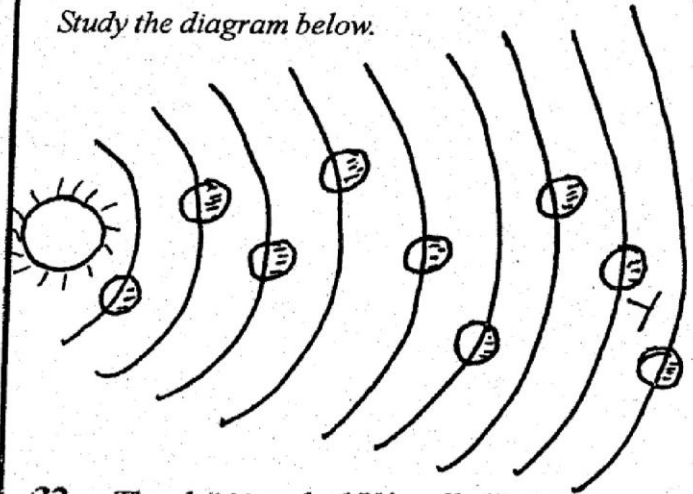
- A. Wind
- B. Water
- C. Birds
- D. Insects

30. _____ are the breathing organs of plants.
- A. Roots
 - B. Leaves
 - C. Stem
 - D. Flowers

31. The following are signs of a certain disease:
- It occurs in children under 5 years
 - Stomach swells
 - Skin becomes loose
 - Brownish thin hair on the head
- The above signs and symptoms are likely to be of a disease called _____

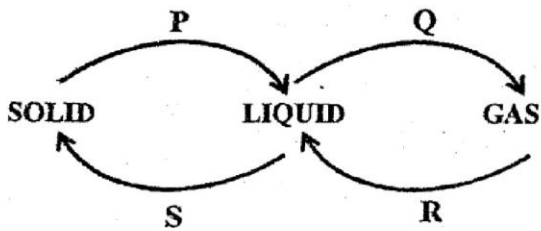
- A. rickets
- B. anaemia
- C. marasmus
- D. kwashiorkor

Study the diagram below.



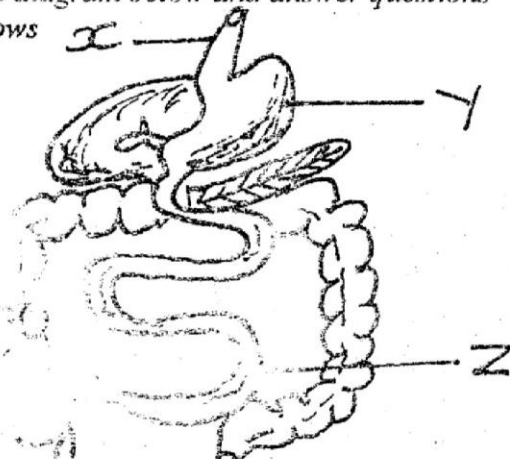
32. The planet marked Y is called?
- A. Earth
 - B. Pluto
 - C. Neptune
 - D. Venus
33. Which one of the following is not an immunizable disease?
- A. Yellow fever
 - B. Typhoid
 - C. Tetanus
 - D. Malaria
34. Three of the following are properties of solids. Which one is not?
- A. Have definite shape
 - B. Have definite mass.
 - C. Expand when heated.
 - D. Have indefinite volume.
35. In seed germination what comes first?
- A. Shoot
 - B. Radicle
 - C. Cotyledon
 - D. Plumule
36. The breaking down of food into small soluble substances is known as:-
- A. Egestion
 - B. Respiration
 - C. Constipation
 - D. Digestion
37. In human deciduous teeth are?
- A. 20
 - B. 24
 - C. 32
 - D. 28
38. The following are uses of water, which one is a use of water in the industry?
- A. Surfing
 - B. Making fountains
 - C. Cleaning tools
 - D. Swimming

39. Which one of the following is not a problem related to teeth?
 A. Bleeding gum B. Tooth cavity
 C. Tooth decay D. Swollen tongue
40. Which two processes require decrease in temperature?



- A. P and R B. P and S
 C. Q and S D. R and S
41. All the following are natural ways of lighting a house except?
 A. Open windows
 B. Sky lights
 C. Pressure lamps
 D. Translucent windows
42. Which one of the following plant is green non-flowering?
 A. Cactus B. Fir
 C. Bracket tree D. Toadstool
43. Which of the following is a safe way of using tools?
 A. Digging the soil to your toes.
 B. Peeling sugarcane near your hands.
 C. Driving in a nail while someone else is holding it.
 D. Using a chopping board when cutting kales.

Study the diagram below and answer questions that follows



44. In which part is water and mineral salts absorbed?
 A. W
 B. Z
 C. Y
 D. T
45. Which part in the above diagram produces gastric juice?
 A. W
 B. X
 C. Y
 D. T
46. The part that produces juice that helps in digestion of fats is labeled?
 A. Z
 B. T
 C. W
 D. Y
47. Which sign or symptom below describes anaemia?
 A. The child cries a lot.
 B. The skin becomes elastic.
 C. The skin appear pale.
 D. Sores at the corners of the mouth.
48. The soil with a rough texture also _____
 A. cracks when dry.
 B. retains a lot of water.
 C. spreads easily when in a heap.
 D. has the highest capillarity.
49. Which farm animal provides the farmer with mohair?
 A. Goat
 B. Sheep
 C. Horse
 D. Camel
50. The method of heat transfer in vacuum is through?
 A. Radiation
 B. Conduction
 C. Convection
 D. Conduction and radiation.

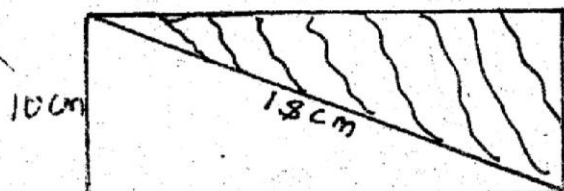
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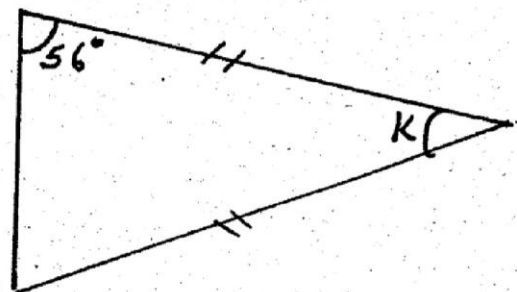
MATHEMATICS

Time: 2hrs

1. What is one million two hundred and four thousand one hundred and two written in symbols?
A. 1 204 102 B. 1 024 102
C. 1 204 012 D. 1 024 012
2. What is the total value of digit 4 in the product of 645 and 23?
A. 14 835 B. 4 000
C. 400 D. 40 000
3. Round off 321 803 and 83 495 to the nearest thousand and find their sum?
A. 404 000 B. 405 298
C. 405 000 D. 406 000
4. What is the sum of the squares of 16 and 25?
A. 41 B. 881
C. 1 681 D. 369
5. Which one of the following numbers is divisible by 8?
A. 909 183 B. 59 386
C. 41 286 D. 3 264
6. What is the reciprocal of $1\frac{1}{5}$?
A. $\frac{5}{6}$ B. $\frac{6}{5}$
C. $\frac{5}{1}$ D. $\frac{1}{5}$
7. What is the greatest number that can divide 36, 48 and 72 equally without a remainder?
A. 12 B. 144
C. 6 D. 24
8. In a class of 50 pupils $\frac{2}{5}$ were girls, how many boys were there?
A. 10 B. 30
C. 20 D. 12
9. What is the area of the unshaded part.



10. What is the square of $1\frac{7}{9}$?
A. $1\frac{1}{3}$ B. $1\frac{49}{81}$
C. $3\frac{13}{81}$ D. $28\frac{1}{9}$
11. A farmer harvested 20, 349 bags of maize in 2009. This was 3, 504 more bags than the year 2008. How many bags were harvested in the two years?
A. 16, 845 B. 37, 194
C. 44, 202 D. 23, 853
12. What is the place value of digit 3 in the number 148.035?
A. Hundredths
B. Tenths
C. Tens
D. Hundreds
13. What is the value of n in the equation $\frac{1}{3}n - 3 = 4$?
A. 1 B. 7
C. 3 D. 21
14. Calculate the size of angle K in the figure below.



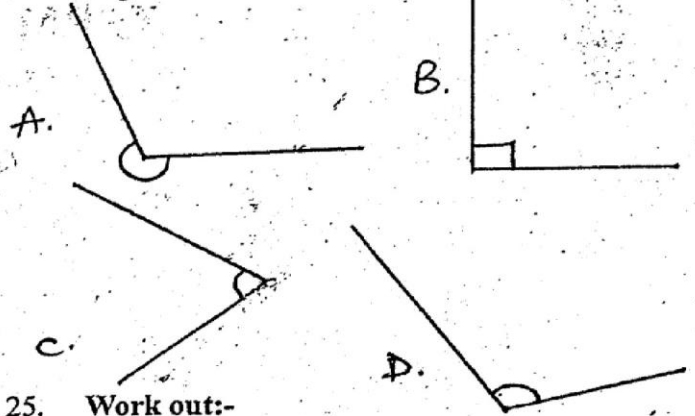
15. In a certain school a class of 45 pupils drank 250ml of milk each in one day. What was the capacity of the milk in litres?
A. 11 250 B. 1 125

16. What is the next number in the sequence below?

$$\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{9}, \frac{1}{16}, \frac{1}{25}$$

- A. $\frac{1}{34}$ B. $\frac{1}{36}$
 C. $\frac{1}{49}$ D. $\frac{1}{64}$
17. A staff meeting started at 12.45p.m and ended at 3.30p.m; how long did it last?
 A. 2h 45min B. 9h 15min
 C. 2h 15min D. 3h 45min
18. What is the sum of the prime number between 50 and 60?
 A. 163 B. 112
 C. 275 D. 220
19. Which one of the following is the smallest fraction?
 A. $\frac{2}{3}$ B. $\frac{7}{8}$
 C. $\frac{1}{2}$ D. $\frac{3}{4}$
20. The school storekeeper received 9 720 exercise books. He was told to share them equally among 40 classes in the school. How many books did each class get?
 A. 243 B. 2 420
 C. 218 D. 242
21. Arrange the following set of decimal from largest to the smallest.
0.32, 0.239, 0.92, 0.923 and 0.39.
 A. 0.32, 0.39, 0.92, 0.239, 0.923.
 B. 0.923, 0.239, 0.92, 0.39, 0.32
 C. 0.92, 0.923, 0.239, 0.39 0.32.
 D. 0.923, 0.92, 0.39, 0.32, 0.239.
22. Which of following fraction is equivalent to $1\frac{2}{3}$?
 A. $2\frac{4}{6}$ B. $1\frac{6}{9}$
 C. $1\frac{4}{6}$ D. $6\frac{2}{3}$
23. In one district there are six hundred thousand and fifty people. If children are four hundred and two thousand seven hundred how many adults are there?
 A. 197 350 B. 197 800
 C. 247 300 D. 297 350

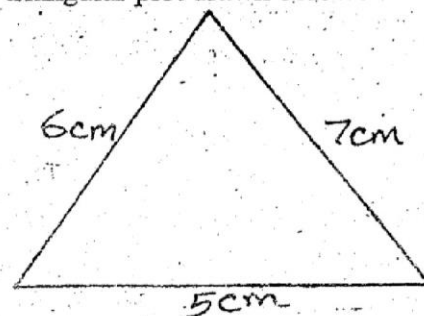
24. Which one of the following is an obtuse angle?



25. Work out:-

$$5\frac{1}{3} - 1\frac{5}{6}$$

- A. $4\frac{1}{2}$ B. $7\frac{1}{6}$
 C. $3\frac{1}{2}$ D. $4\frac{1}{6}$
26. The perimeter of a square is 48cm What is its area?
 A. 12cm B. 230cm
 C. 192cm D. 144cm
27. Eliud worked with a certain company in the month of February, March, April and May in the year 2008, for how many days did he work for the company?
 A. 120 B. 121
 C. 119 D. 122
28. What is the number XLVII written in Hindu /Arabic Numerical?
 A. 47 B. 44
 C. 57 D. 67
29. Simplify.
 $5(x + 6) + 2(2x - 3)$
 A. $9x + 3$ B. $9x - 24$
 C. $9x + 24$ D. $9x + 36$
30. Given the liner scale 1cm represents 5m, what is the actual perimeter in meters of the triangular plot drawn below?

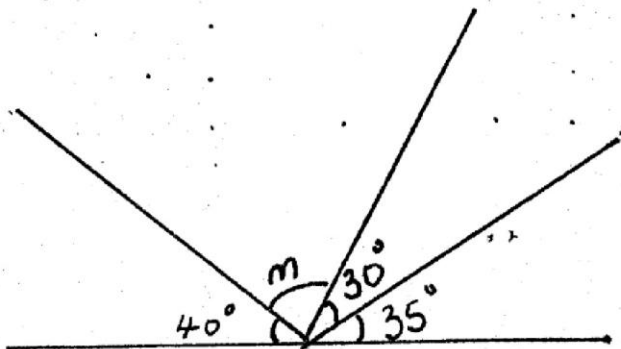


- A. 18 B. 75
C. 90 D. 45

31. Which one of the following statements is **NOT TRUE** about a rectangle?

- A. Angles are not equal.
B. Diagonals are equal.
C. Two opposite side are equal.
D. Sum of the interior angle is 360° .

32. What is the value of angle marked M in the figure below?



- A. 65° B. 75°
C. 60° D. 85°

33. In one day a factory processed 800kg tea. If this tea was packed into 500g packet how many packets were obtained?

- A. 19 B. 1 600
C. 16 000 D. 160

34. Work out.

$$0.05 \times 0.18$$

- A. 0.009 B. 0.0009
C. 0.09 D. 0.9

35. Mutiso bought the following items

- 2 loaves of bread @sh 35
3 Kg of maize flour @Sh 60
 $1\frac{1}{2}$ of sugar @Sh 88
5 cabbages @Sh 15

If he paid using Sh 500 note how many balance did he receive?

- A. Sh. 457 B. Sh. 87
C. Sh. 413 D. Sh. 43

36. A box measures 8cm long, 6cm wide and 10cm high. What is its volume?

- A. 24cm^3 B. 480cm^3
C. 240cm^3 D. 48cm^3

37. Which one of the following statements is **TRUE** about an isosceles triangle?

- A. All side are equal.
B. All angles are equal.
C. Each angle is 60°
D. Two of its angles are equal.

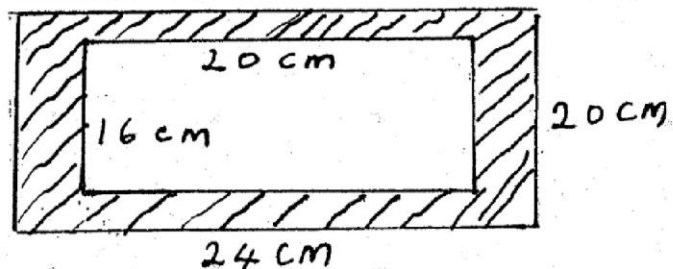
38. Ali covered 40% of his journey by bus and walked the rest, if the whole journey was 20km how many kilometers did he walk?

- A. 20km B. 40km
C. 12km D. 8km

39. What is the value of the true fraction $\frac{12}{25}$ converted as a decimal?

- A. 4.8 B. 0.48
C. 0.408 D. 0.048

40. Calculate the area of the shaded region.



- A. 480cm^2 B. 76cm^2
C. 320cm^2 D. 160cm^2

41. What is the value of:-

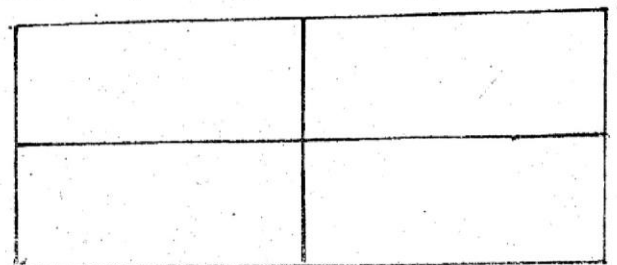
$$3264 \div 32 =$$

- A. 12 B. 1002
C. 102 D. 21

42. Caesar bought 260 oranges to sell. He arranged the oranges in heaps of 5 oranges each. He sold each heap for sh 30 how much money did he get from the sale of the oranges?

- A. Sh 52 B. Sh 7 800
C. Sh 1 650 D. Sh 1 560

43. How many rectangle are in the figure below.



- A. 9 B. 4
C. 7 D. 8

44. Which one of the following digits is thousand position in the number 8403105?

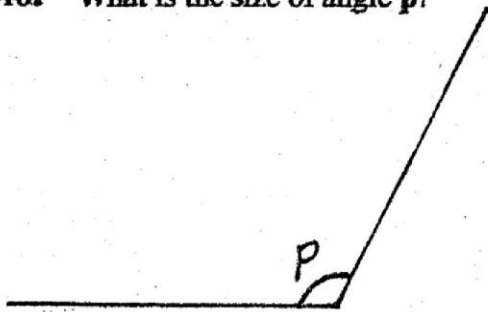
- A. 0 B. 4
C. 3 D. 1

45. What is the value of n in the magic square below.

	3	8
	7	
6		n

- A. 10 B. 5
C. 4 D. 9

46. What is the size of angle p?



- A. 115° B. 65°
C. 75° D. 125°

47. The table below shows the postal rates for sending letters.

Letters (Limit of weight 2kg)	Sh.	Cts.
Upto 20g	19	00
Over 20g to 50g	23	00
Over 50g to 100g	25	00
Over 100g to 250g	38	00
Over 250g to 500g	64	00
Over 500g to 1kg	102	00
Over 1kg to 2kg	145	00

Mr Muli sent the following letters:-

One letter weighing 51g.

One letter weighting 550g.

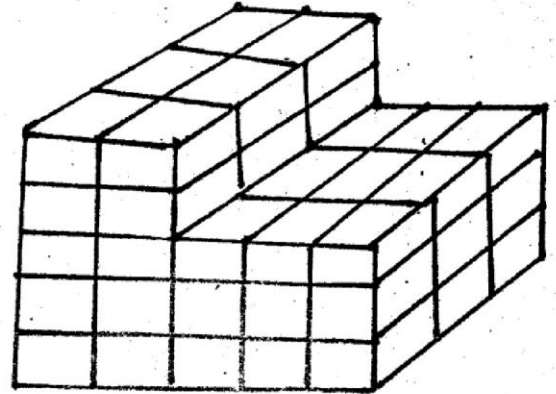
One letter weighing 870g.

One letter weighing $1\frac{1}{2}$ kg.

How much did he pay for sending the letters?

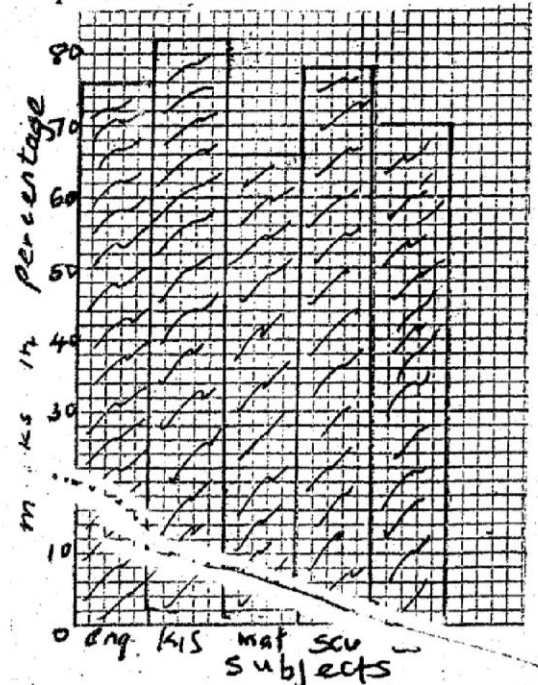
- A. Sh 291.00 B. Sh 330.00
C. Sh 377.00 D. Sh 374.00

48. How many cubes make the stack below?



- A. 75 B. 57
C. 45 D. 51

The graph below shows the number of marks obtained by a pupil in a standard 5 class use it to answer question 49 and 50.



49. What is the difference between the highest and the lowest score?

- A. 82 B. 18
C. 16 D. 66

50. What was the total mark obtained in that exam?

- A. 372 B. 360
C. 352 D. 362

**PRIME
MIRROR
008**

STANDARD SIX 2015

COMPOSITION

Time: 40mins

YOUR NAME	
NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL	

Write an interesting composition using the following heading.

THE MOST ENJOYABLE JOURNEY.

Lined area for writing the composition.

**PRIME
MIRROR
008**

STANDARD SIX 2015

MATHS	ENGLISH	KISWAHILI	SCIENCE	SOCIAL AND RELIGIOUS EDUCATION	
1. A	1. D	1. A	1. C	1.A	51.C
2. B	2. B	2. A	2. D	2.B	52.D
3. C	3. D	3. C	3. A	3.D	53.B
4. B	4. D	4. A	4. D	4.C	54.B
5. D	5. A	5. C	5. B	5.C	55.C
6. A	6. B	6. A	6. A	6.B	56.D
7. A	7. C	7. B	7. B	7.C	57.D
8. B	8. D	8. B	8. A	8.D	58.B
9. D	9. A	9. D	9. D	9.D	59.D
10. C	10. A	10. A	10. B	10.B	60.B
11. B	11. D	11. D	11. C	11.D	
12. A	12. A	12. C	12. C	12.A	C.R.E
13. D	13. C	13. A	13. C	13.C	
14. B	14. A	14. B	14. B	14.B	61.C
15. C	15. D	15. D	15. D	15.C	62.A
16. B	16. C	16. C	16. C	16.D	63.D
17. A	17. D	17. D	17. D	17.B	64.C
18. B	18. B	18. A	18. C	18.B	65.D
19. C	19. C	19. C	19. B	19.D	66.B
20. A	20. B	20. D	20. C	20.A	67.A
21. D	21. C	21. A	21. A	21.C	68.A
22. B	22. A	22. D	22. A	22.C	69.B
23. A	23. A	23. A	23. D	23.B	70.D
24. D	24. C	24. B	24. C	24.D	71.C
25. C	25. B	25. A	25. C	25.C	72.D
26. D	26. C	26. A	26. A	26.C	73.B
27. B	27. C	27. C	27. D	27.B	74.C
28. A	28. B	28. B	28. A	28.D	75.C
29. C	29. C	29. D	29. A	29.C	76.A
30. C	30. A	30. B	30. B	30.A	77.B
31. A	31. A	31. A	31. D	31.B	78.B
32. B	32. B	32. C	32. C	32.D	79.D
33. B	33. B	33. B	33. D	33.D	80.A
34. A	34. D	34. B	34. D	34.B	81.D
35. D	35. A	35. D	35. D	35.D	82.A
36. B	36. C	36. A	36. D	36.A	83.D
37. D	37. D	37. C	37. A	37.C	84.C
38. C	38. A	38. D	38. A	38.B	85.C
39. B	39. B	39. B	39. D	39.B	86.B
40. D	40. C	40. A	40. D	40.C	87.A
41. C	41. A	41. C	41. C	41.A	88.D
42. D	42. C	42. A	42. B	42.A	89.D
43. A	43. D	43. A	43. D	43.B	90.A
44. C	44. B	44. B	44. D	44.C	
45. C	45. D	45. B	45. C	45.D	
46. A	46. A	46. D	46. A	46.A	
47. D	47. A	47. A	47. C	47.B	
48. B	48. D	48. A	48. C	48.C	
49. C	49. D	49. C	49. A	49.A	
50. A	50. C	50. B	50. A	50.A	