Read the passage below. It contains blank spaces numbered 1 - 15. For each blank space, choose the best answer from the choices given.

1 games is very good for our health, 2 it makes us healthy and 3. 4 make it a routine because they leave our bodies healthy and 5.

6 many games are played individually, others are played 7 teams. 8 game do you play at school? 9 football be one of them? 10 a very popular game all 11 the world. Football is played by eleven players in each team. To fully 12 the game, one 13 to understand the rules. It is also important to 14 often so 15 to master football skills.

A. Played
B. To play
C. play of
D. playing

1. Played
2. is it
3. none
4. shall
5. strong
6. but
7. on
8. whose
9. could
10. its
11. of
12. enjoy
13. have
14. practice
15. that

B. To play
C. play of
D. playing

1. Played
2. is it
3. none
4. shall
5. strong
6. but
7. on
8. whose
9. could
10. its
11. of
12. enjoy
13. have
14. practice
15. that
For questions 16 and 17, choose the word which is opposite in meaning to the underlined

16. We bought a very bright bulb.
   A. whiter B. black
   C. dull D. dark

17. The sea became deeper as we swam to get at our boat.
   A. narrow B. shallow
   C. narrower D. shallower

For questions 18 and 19, complete the sentences with the correct question tag.

18. I am feeling cold, __________
    A. isn’t it    B. aren’t I
    C. amn’t    D. is it

19. He took my new ruler, __________
    A. do he?    B. did he?
    C. didn’t he?    D. don’t he?

Choose the Best word to fill the blank spaces in questions 20 to 23.

20. Kirui could not win the race _______ he had an injured knee.
    A. so    B. because

21. Betty was not serious with her studies _______ she passed very well.
    A. so    B. because
    C. but    D. or

22. Either Auma or Njeri _______ the composition writing competition.
    A. won    B. wins
    C. win    D. worn

23. My grandfather was _______ rich that he owned the first Land rover in our village.
    A. so    B. that
    C. very    D. too

In the question 24 and 25, choose the Best choice to complete each sentence.

24. The Steward asked, “________ phone is this?”
    A. which    B. who
    C. whose    D. whom

25. Dan and Kelvin decided to have a race to see _______ was faster.
    A. which    B. who
    C. whose    D. whom

Read the following passage and then answer the questions 26-40.

Njeru was going to visit his cousin who lived in town. He boarded a bus very early in the morning. When they reached their market centre, the bus driver stopped and went to talk to a certain shopkeeper. They talked long without ceasing. At last he got into the bus but unfortunately the bus could not start. Njeru was worried. He hoped his cousin Njagi would wait for him patiently. He was afraid he might give up waiting for him.

Njagi stood for a long time at the bus station. He had so many plans for the afternoon, that he didn’t want Njeru to be late. He wanted to take his cousin to an elevator if there was time. He had just decided to wait ten more minutes then go home. Soon Njeru arrived.

As they walked on the road away from the bus station, it was clear that Njeru had never visited a town before. He continually walked on the road and never looked where he was going. Njeru wasn’t really careless but tired. He was wondering whether his aunt had got the supper ready and whether he was going to be allowed to get to bed early.
26. Where did Njeru live?
   A. In town  B. In the city
   C. In the village  D. In a bus

27. When the bus reached the market centre.
   A. It stopped functioning
   B. It had a puncture.
   C. The driver stopped it
   D. The passengers wanted to buy somethings.

28. What did Njeru think when the bus would not start?
   A. He was thinking of going back home
   B. He thought his cousin would become impatient.
   C. He imagined how the bus would start again.
   D. He blamed the driver for carelessness.

29. Select a word which means the same as ceasing?
   A. Saying  B. Walking
   C. Stopping  D. Laughing

30. It was ______ that the bus would not start.
   A. fortunately  B. unlikely
   C. unluckily  D. unimportant

31. The words give up have been used to mean ______
   A. lose hope  B. continue
   C. refuse  D. get tired

32. Njagi did not want Njeru to be late because ______
   A. he was feeling tired.
   B. he had many plans for the afternoon.
   C. he knew the bus had broken down.
   D. he had seen darkness coming

33. If there was enough time ______
   A. Njeru would be taken to the zoo.
   B. Njeru would be taken to an elevator.
   C. Njeru would be taken to a railway station
   D. Njeru would be showed around the town.

34. How long did Njagi wait for his cousin Njeru?
   A. five hours  B. ten hours
   C. ten minutes  D. a long time

35. An elevator ______
   A. lifts people up the tall buildings
   B. carries people along the streets
   C. carries goods to the bus station
   D. is a place where tired people rest.

36. What is the opposite of the word arrived?
   A. delayed  B. arrival
   C. departed  D. departure

37. Njeru could not look where he was going because ______
   A. he knew the town well.
   B. he feared the tall buildings.
   C. he just followed his cousin.
   D. he had never visited a town before.

38. What is TRUE about Njeru?
   A. He had an aunt living in town
   B. He boarded a car to town
   C. He waited for Njagi to arrive at the bus station.
   D. He was late to wake up and missed the bus station.

39. When Njeru arrived at his aunt’s place?
   A. He was very happy
   B. He was hungry and tired
   C. He was feeling sorry
   D. He was wondering

40. Give the suitable title for the passage.
   A. Traveling in a village bus
   B. Afternoon plans
   C. Njeru visits his cousin.
   D. Towns and their people
Read the following passage and then answer questions 41 - 50.

There once lived a handsome prince who really wanted to marry a princess. He traveled all over the world looking for one. When he could not get one he returned home sadly.

One good night during a terrible storm, there was a soft knock at the door of his house. The king slowly went to open it. Wow! It was a princess who stood outside. Oh, dear! What a terrible state she was in. The water ran down from her hair and her clothes into her shoes.

However, she said she was a real princess, “Well, that we shall find out,” thought the queen, but she said nothing. Instead she went into the bedroom and laid a small pea in the slabs of the beds. Upon, these, she heaped twenty mattresses and twenty laid down beds. The princess was to sleep there that night.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Option A</th>
<th>Option B</th>
<th>Option C</th>
<th>Option D</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>41. A prince is to a princess as a ______ is to an ewe.</td>
<td>A. ram</td>
<td>B. goat</td>
<td>C. sheep</td>
<td>D. horse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42. Where did the prince go to look for someone to marry?</td>
<td>A. All over the place.</td>
<td>B. All over the country.</td>
<td>C. All over the world.</td>
<td>D. All across the earth.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43. When the prince was unsuccessful to get a princess, he was ______.</td>
<td>A. shocked</td>
<td>B. angry</td>
<td>C. afraid</td>
<td>D. sad</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44. The princess who stood outside ______.</td>
<td>A. had a soft voice.</td>
<td>B. was not in a good state</td>
<td>C. caused a terrible storm</td>
<td>D. arrived at the door slowly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45. Because of the way the princess looked like:</td>
<td>A. the prince doubted</td>
<td>B. the king doubted</td>
<td>C. the princess doubted</td>
<td>D. the queen doubted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46. What is the present tense of the underlined word laid?</td>
<td>A. Lie</td>
<td>B. Lay</td>
<td>C. Lied</td>
<td>D. Lain</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47. The queen thought that:</td>
<td>A. They would be tricked.</td>
<td>B. They would lose their prince</td>
<td>C. They would discover the truth</td>
<td>D. They would lose the kingdom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48. What was not wet in the princess when she arrived?</td>
<td>A. Her hair</td>
<td>B. Her shoes</td>
<td>C. Her clothes</td>
<td>D. Her face</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49. How long would the princess be tested to the truth?</td>
<td>A. twenty beds</td>
<td>B. Twenty mattresses</td>
<td>C. one pea</td>
<td>D. one night</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50. It is NOT TRUE to say that:</td>
<td>A. The princess went all over the world</td>
<td>B. The knock was answered by the king</td>
<td>C. The princess arrived in a stormy night</td>
<td>D. The princess seriously needed a marriage partner.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**PRIME MIRROR 008**

**KISWAHILI**

*Same kifungu kiki kisah akamiliishi nafasa 1-15*

Mlachake aliwaza na kuwazua \_1\_ akifanya \_2\_ aliyoupewa \_3\_. Alikumbuka jinsi bangi \_4\_ \_5\_ maraya \_6\_. Alikumbuka alivyozeshwa na marafiki zake wawili. Akakumbuka alivyooanza kuona maajabu baada ya kuitumia. Wakati \_7\_ alijikuta anacheka ovo ovo. Bila kum'gaimua akawa ametumbuka kwenye bahari \_8\_ ulevi yenye mawimbi na misukosuko chungu \_9\_.


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. alivyokuwa</td>
<td>alipokuwa</td>
<td>alikuwa</td>
<td>anavyokuwa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. adhabu</td>
<td>athabu</td>
<td>ghadhabu</td>
<td>adabu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. shule</td>
<td>katika shulen</td>
<td>shuleni</td>
<td>kwa shule</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. ilimhangaisha</td>
<td>inapomhangaisha</td>
<td>ilipomhangaisha</td>
<td>iliyomhangaisha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. alipobuta</td>
<td>alifuna</td>
<td>alipovuta</td>
<td>alipofuta</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. kwanza</td>
<td>kuanza</td>
<td>kuansa</td>
<td>kwansa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. mwengine</td>
<td>mwingine</td>
<td>ingine</td>
<td>nyinge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. la</td>
<td>ya</td>
<td>za</td>
<td>wa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. zima</td>
<td>lizima</td>
<td>mzima</td>
<td>nzima</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. nao</td>
<td>nalo</td>
<td>nayo</td>
<td>nawo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. mvungi</td>
<td>nyumbai</td>
<td>kichwani</td>
<td>nxoni</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. vitivyonukia</td>
<td>vilivyori</td>
<td>vilivyona</td>
<td>vilimukia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. yake</td>
<td>zaké</td>
<td>wake</td>
<td>lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. kutokana</td>
<td>kwa sababu</td>
<td>kwasababu</td>
<td>kwani</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. ulimuua</td>
<td>umemua</td>
<td>unamuua</td>
<td>ungemuua</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Kuoka swali la 16 hadi 30 ibu kulingana na magingo**

16 Chagua jibu mtawafaka la maamkuzi haya:

Masalkheri

A. Binuru   B. Salama
C. Kheri   D. Sabalkheri

17 Kamiliisha kitendawili hiki:- Kutoa ni kuongeza

A. Maji   B. Shimo   C. Neno   D. Nywele

18 Kanusha sentensi ifiistayo: Kuwa na heshima

Kunapendeza

A. Kutokua na heshima hakupendezi
B. Kuwa na heshima hakupendezi
C. Kutokua na heshima kunapendeza
D. Kutokua na heshima kunaudhi

19. Jina wanaloitana ndugu wasawa wa kike na wa lae wa kiume ni:

A. Mkoji   B. Binamu
C. Umbu   D. Mpywa
20. **Chagua sentensi yenye matumizi ya - ki-icha masharti**
   A. Kibuzi kide kilichiniwa wageni
   B. Nilimkuata akifu marasti yake nilipomtembelea
   C. Alilijibu swali la mwalimu Mbatia kijinga
   D. Ukiweka samadi mchangani, utaongeza mapato

21. Nomino **‘nvasi’** inapatikana katika ngeli gani?
   A. i-zi          B. u-zi
   C. u-i          D. i-i

   A. pu          B. chumbwi
   C. tapuli      D. tifu

23. Andika kwa wingi: Mama yule alienda kumiwona mkunga hodari
   A. Akina mama wale walienda kuwaona wakunga hodari
   B. Wamama wale walienda kuona wakunga hodari
   C. Akina mama wale walienda kuwaona wakunga wahodari
   D. Wamama wale walienda kuwaona wakunga wahodari

24. Tumia kiashiri aradidi kinachofaa
   Mkate umu ______ kabatini
   A. huko huko          B. humo humo
   C. hapo hapo          D. papo hapo

25. Kamilikiya sentensi kwa kutumilia kivunishi-ingine-
   kwa usahihii. Dirisha ______ limetengenezwa

26. Mgomba ni kwa ndizi kama vile ______ ni kwa mchele
   A. mpunga          B. mungule
   C. mkanju         D. mchicha

27. Andika katika useti wa taarifa
   "Chakula hiki ni kitamu," watoto walisema
   A. Watoto walisema kuwa chakula hiki ni kitamu
   B. Watoto walisema kuwa chakula hicho
   kingekuwa kitamu
   C. Watoto walisema kuwa chakula hicho kilikuwa
   kitamu
   D. Watoto wanasa kuwa chakula hiki ni kitamu

28. Maana ya msemo, "kuenda murama" ni ______
   A. enda kama mwenye kilema
   B. kuharibika kwa jambo
   C. enda msalani
   D. ishiwa na matumaini

29. Kutokana na nomino "tabibu" tunapata kienzi
   A. matibabu          B. utabibu
   C. tiba            D. tibu

30. Ni mnyama yupe ambaye hajaambatashwa sawa
    na kikembe chake?
   A. Sungura-kitungule
   B. Ndege - kinila
   C. Ngamia - kivirimbi
   D. Samaki - kichengo

---

**Soma taarifa ifuatayo kisha vitibu ngwali 31 - 40**


Kipawa alizaliwa katika familia ya pato la kadri. Wavyele walikuwa na bidii, heshima na uadilifu. Walikuwa na maturajo maku kunhusu mwanao wa pekee. Naye Kipawa alionyesha dalili za kutamba maisha. Chambilecho walihenga dalili ya mvua ni...

shamba saji la Kipawa. Wazazi na walimu hawakuja uanuzi huu. Hivyo basi, mbegu ile iliota na kumia ilinawiri na Kipawa akawahi kulia ntumcia kwa siri.

Kitambo wanci wagundu ulikuwa ni mtu mkuubwa wenyewe matunda mabovu. Tavyari Kipawa alikuwa amewaonyesha walijariibu juu chini kuukata mtu ule. Walifaniikuwa lakini madhara hayangeisha.


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>31. Kulingana na msimulizi jambo aliololina kuwa la kipekee kwa Kipawa ni:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. Kierevu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. Kipawa cha uimbaji</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. kutumia dawa za kulevya</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. adabu njema</td>
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</tbody>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>32. Alikuwa na akili nyepesi inamaanisha kuwa:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. alikuwa akili punguani</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. alikuwa mtukutu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. alikuwa mwerevu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. hakuelewa chochote</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>33. Uimbaji wa Kipaa umemthilishwa na wa:-</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. Kinanila</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. Malaika</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. Chiriku</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. Tausi</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>34. Kulingana na taarifa hii ni sahihi kusema kuwa:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. wazazi wa Kipawa walikuwa matajiri kupindukia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. Kipawa walikuwa wa kiwango cha kati</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. Kipawa walikuwa maskini hohehahe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. wazazi wake Kipawa walitumia dawa za kulevya</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>35. Wazazi wake Kipawa walikuwa na sifa zifuatazo ilal:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. adabu njema</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. jitihada za kufanya kazi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. heshima</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. wapenda anasa</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>36. Mjomba Kajitenga</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. Alikuwa wa mwishe kuzaliwa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. alikuwa mwanabie katika familia yao</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. alikuwa mtoto wa kipekee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. hakuwa na dada</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>37. 'Kajitenga alipenda anasa' Hii inamaanisha kuwa:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. alipenda kutumia dawa za kulevya</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. alikuwa mtu mwadilifu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. alipenda raha na starehe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. alipenda mchezo wa kuwanasa watu</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>38. &quot;Polepole alipanda mbegu mbovu katika shamba safia Kipawa&quot; inamaanisha:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. kajitenga alimmunulia Kipawa mbegu za kupanda mashambani</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. Kipawa hakujua kulima</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. kajitenga alitaka Kipawa aendelea na masomo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. kajitenga alimwingiza Kipawa katika maovu</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>39. Walimu walifua dafu kuwanauszuru wanafunzi. Maneno yaliyopigwa mstari yana maana gani?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. Walishindwa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. Walifanikiwa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. Walikataa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. Walikubali</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>40. Kichwa kinachifaa habari hii ni</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. Anasa hunasa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. Kipawa na wenzake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. Walimu na Kipawa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. Maisha ya Kajitenga</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Luma taarifa isukavye kisha uibu maswali 41 - 50


Mitaa na miji imefurikira furifiri watoto wazururaji wanaotokana ndoa za mabavu zinazowakabili wanadamu wa naye. Tatizo hili si dogo la kupuuzwa. Ni swala nyeti linalohitaji kututuliwa na kutokomeza katika kaburi la sahu.

11. Ni tendo lipi halionyeshi uozo katika dunia?
   A. Mavazi yanayokera
   B. Miziki iliyosheheni mauti
   C. Wingi wa wema na maadili
   D. Mazungumzo machafu

42. "Vimemadimika kama maziwa ya kuku". Hii ni fani gani ya lugha?
   A. Istiara
   B. Nahau
   C. Methali
   D. Tashibi

43. "Maovu ndiyo mapambo ya dunia" ina maana __________
   A. maovu yamejaa duniani kote
   B. maovu hayasikiki
   C. maovu hayajazungumziwa
   D. maovu yameirembesha dunia

44. Uozo uliopia mipaka siku hizi ni upi?
   A. Ulevi wa pombe
   B. Ubakaji
   C. Matumizi ya dawa za kulevya
   D. Mavazi ya aibu

45. Kitendo cha kuwabaka wasichana wadogo kinaonyesha
   A. kuheshimiwa kwa jinsia ya kike
   B. kudumishwa kwa wanawake

46. Neno runinga limetumika katika taarifa hii. Lina maana sawa na:
   A. rumunu
   B. mwengoya
   C. tarakilishi
   D. televisheni

47. Wanaothirika zaidi na ubakaji ni
   A. watoto wadogo
   B. wabakaji
   C. wanaume
   D. wananchi

48. Baadhli ya madhara yanayosababishwa na ubakaji si...
   A. heshima
   B. kifo
   C. magonjwa ya zinaz
   D. aibu

49. Watoto wanaozururahi mitaani wametokana na:
   A. uchafuzi wa mazingira
   B. matumizi ya dawa za kulevya
   C. ubakaji kwa wanawake
   D. mavazi dunia yanayovaliwa

50. Kichwa mwafaka cha taarifa hii ni?
   A. Mavazi ya fedhecha
   B. Uoza katika jinsi
   C. Uchafu wa mazingira
   D. Magonjwa ya zinaz
1. What is the direction of the water pump from the cattle dip?
   A. South West  
   B. East  
   C. West  
   D. North East

2. What is the religion of the people of Mabo area?
   A. Muslims  
   B. Christians  
   C. Pagans  
   D. Traditionalists

3. Which one of the following cash crops is grown in Mabo area?
   A. Sisal  
   B. Coffee  
   C. Maize  
   D. Pyrethrum

4. The railway line in the map is used to transport?
   A. Oil  
   B. Trees  
   C. Stones  
   D. Cattle

5. People in Mabo town get water from the
   A. River  
   B. Borehole  
   C. Lake  
   D. Dam

6. Which is the main economic activity of Mabo area?
   A. Trading  
   B. Farming  
   C. Lumbering  
   D. Mining

7. What is the staple food of the people of Mabo area?
   A. Bananas  
   B. Beans  
   C. Maize  
   D. Pyrethrum

8. Which one of the following Swamps is found in Tanzania?
   A. Lorian  
   B. Kyoga  
   C. Sudd  
   D. Malagasy

9. Which one of the following is the main tourist attraction in the East African Coast?
   A. Wildlife  
   B. Historical sites  
   C. Beautiful scenery  
   D. Sandy beaches

10. The following are factors that promote peace except
    A. Tolerance  
    B. Political differences  
    C. Games and sports  
    D. Transparency

11. Which one of the following is not a reason for the coming of explorers in Africa?
    A. Find the sea route to India  
    B. Locate source of River Nile  
    C. Learn more about people of Africa  
    D. Look for market for their goods
12. Which one of these is the main reason for the formation of East African Community
   A. Promote trade among members
   B. Promote science and research
   C. Unite member countries
   D. Introduce common currency

13. Which one of the following places did the Cushites originate from?
   A. Arabia
   B. South Sudan
   C. Ethiopia
   D. Congo forests

14. Below are statements about a prominent leader in Eastern Africa
   i) Set up private schools
   ii) Sent his army to France for training
   iii) Introduced a new constitution
   iv) Founder member of OAU
   The leader described is,
   A. Julius Nyerere
   B. Haile Selassie
   C. Raila Odinga
   D. Daniel Moi

15. The growing of flowers for sale is called
   A. Horticulture
   B. Intercropping
   C. Floriculture
   D. Mixed cropping

16. The method of fishing shown below is known as
   A. Purse seine
   B. Trawling
   C. Longlining
   D. Net fishing

17. Which one of the following is the cheapest method of preserving fish?
   A. Canning
   B. Sun-drying
   C. Refrigeration
   D. Smoking

18. The forests found in the shores of salty waters are known as,
   A. Planted forests
   B. Lowland forests
   C. Highland forests
   D. Aberdare forests

19. The following are importance of forests except
   A. Protec water sources
   B. Source of firewood
   C. Home for wildlife
   D. Depress soil fertility

20. Which one of the following tourist attraction places is famous for migration of wild beast?

21. Which crop is likely to be grown in the area marked E?
   A. Palms
   B. Cotton
   C. Sisal
   D. Coconut

22. The town marked B is likely to be
   A. Mandera
   B. Wajir
   C. Garissa
   D. Isiolo

23. The physical feature marked C is known as,
   A. Bilesha plains
   B. Loktiti plains
   C. Sibiloi National park
   D. Koobi Fora

24. The following are historical sites found in Kenya except
   A. Fort Jesus
   B. Gedi ruins
   C. Mnarani ruins
   D. Kariandusi

25. The most common means of transport in Kenya is
   A. Air
   B. Railway
   C. Road
   D. Pipeline

26. Below are statements about a town in Kenya
   i) Largest inland port in Kenya
   ii) Industrial centre
   iii) Education centre
   The town described above is
   A. Nairobi
   B. Mombasa
   C. Kisumu
   D. Malindi

27. Which one of the following leaders led the Nandi to visit colonial rule in Kenya?
   A. J. K. Sasakwa
   B. Koitalel Arap Samoei
   C. Karuru wa Gakure
   D. Masaku

28. What was the title of the religious leaders among the Ameru?
   A. Nkomango
   B. Ntiba
   C. Ntuiiko
   D. Mugwe

29. The following are responsibilities of Kenya citizens except
   A. Obey the laws
   B. Voting
   C. Make laws
   D. Pay taxes

30. The Kenya National assembly has how many nominated members?
   A. 12
   B. 290
   C. 1
   D. 47
31. Who is the head of Judiciary in Kenya?
   A. Chairperson  B. Chief Justice  C. Chief Registrar  D. Judge

32. Which one of the following is the newest country in Eastern Africa?
   A. Eritrea  B. Kenya  C. Djibouti  D. South Sudan

33. The longitude 0° is referred to as,
   A. Tropic of cancer  B. Tropic of capricorn  C. Equator  D. Prime meridian

34. Drainage features in a map are shown by use of which colour?
   A. Purple  B. Blue  C. Red  D. Green

35. Which is not an example of a block mountain?
   A. Pare  B. Usambara  C. Ruwenzori  D. ngorongoro

36. The lines that develop when rocks of the earth break are called
   A. Faults  B. Cracks  C. Folds  D. Escarpments

37. The following are examples of plain Nilotes found in Kenya except?
   A. Karamojong  B. Jie  C. Njemps  D. Iteso

38. Which is the main reason for the migration of Cushites?
   A. Diseases  B. Drought  C. Quarrels  D. External attacks

39. A group of families who trace their origin to a common forefather form a
   A. Age group  B. Clan  C. Family  D. Age set

40. Coffee in Ethiopia is mainly grown in area known as
   A. Songea  B. Arusha  C. Kaffa  D. Nyamira

41. Which one of the following buys cattle for slaughtering and processing into beef and beef products?
   A. KMC  B. KPCS  C. ADC  D. KARI

42. The main inland fishing ground in Tanzania is
   A. Lake Tanganyika  B. Indian Ocean  C. Lake Natron  D. Lake Malawi

43. Which one of the following is the main problem facing tourism in Eastern Africa?
   A. Poor roads  B. Poaching  C. Taxes  D. Political instability

44. Owen falls dam is located near which town in Uganda?
   A. Kampala  B. Entebbe  C. Jinja  D. Tororo

45. Which one of these communities was led by council of elders?
   A. Wangsa  B. Maasai  C. Nandi  D. Ameri

46. Omulamuzi among the baganda was the
   A. Chief Justice  B. Katikiro  C. Omukama  D. Kitongole

47. The Nyamwezi were ruled by chiefs with title
   A. Orikolot  B. Ntemi  C. Oloobon  D. Nabongo

48. Which one of the following methods is used in commercial fishing?
   A. Use of traps  B. Use of lines  C. Purse seining  D. Use of herbs

49. Which one of the following is the ruling coalition party in Kenya?
   A. Jubilee  B. CORD  C. Eagle  D. Amani

50. Which one of the following is a modern method of preserving fish only?
   A. Canning  B. Sun drying  C. Salting  D. Smoking

51. Which party led Kenya to gain independence?
   A. ODM  B. PNU  C. KANU  D. CORD

52. Which is the main product which we get from beef cattle?
   A. Eggs  B. Milk  C. Pork  D. Meat

53. Which one of these people is elected to represent women in a county?
   A. Senator  B. Women representative  C. Governor  D. Member of county Assembly

54. Which community is incorrectly matched with its leader?
   A. Masaku - Kamba  B. Nabongo Mumia - Gusi  C. Koitaar arap Samoei-Nand  D. Maktatili-Girama

55. Which one of the following bodies is in charge of elections in Kenya?
   A. ECK  B. Parliament  C. IEBC  D. County Assembly

56. The following are arms of the government except?
   A. Executive  B. Legislature  C. Judiciary  D. County assembly

57. Madaraka day is celebrated on which date?
   A. 20th October  B. 1st May  C. 12th December  D. 1st June

58. The diagram below shows formation of the Rift valley

      p

The part marked P is known as
   A. Fault  B. Floor  C. Cracks  D. Escarpment

59. Which one of the following maintains security in our borders?
   A. Police  B. Elders  C. Chiefs  D. Armed forces

60. Counting of people in Kenya takes place after how many years?
   A. 5  B. 10  C. 2  D. 50
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SECTION II</th>
<th>CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>61. On the second day, God created what?</td>
<td>A. Light</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>62. Abraham moved from which place to the foreign land?</td>
<td>A. Haran</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>63. During the floods, Noah first send which animal</td>
<td>A. Dove</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>64. Which one of these was not a son of Noah</td>
<td>A. Ham</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65. Which one of these people took his brothers birthright?</td>
<td>A. David</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>66. Which one of the following people was about to sacrifice is son on mount Moriah?</td>
<td>A. Adam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67. Which king of Israel asked God for wisdom</td>
<td>A. Solomon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>68. Samuel's mother was known as</td>
<td>A. Hannah</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>69. The son of king Saul who was David's friends was</td>
<td>A. Amram</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70. Which one of these is not a promise of God to Abraham?</td>
<td>A. Foreign land</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71. A habit took the vineyard of</td>
<td>A. Elijah</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72. Which one of the following is not a fruit of the Holy Spirit?</td>
<td>A. Goodness</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73. &quot;A sword for the Lord and Gideon&quot; during this time the israelites defeated the</td>
<td>A. Cananites</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>74. Jesus grew up in the town of</td>
<td>A. Damascus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75. When Jesus wanted to wash his disciples feet, who refused to be washed at first?</td>
<td>A. John</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76. We celebrate the death of Jesus on</td>
<td>A. Good Friday</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>77. Jesus raised Lazarus in the town of</td>
<td>A. Judea</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>78. A good pupil should be,</td>
<td>A. Brutal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>79. Irresponsible sexual behaviour may not lead to</td>
<td>A. Unwanted pregnancy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80. During pentecost the Holy Spirit descended to the disciples in form of</td>
<td>A. Tongues of fire</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81. Which one of the following is not a Gospel book?</td>
<td>A. Matthew</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>82. In traditional African society young children were taught by</td>
<td>A. Parents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>83. Leisure time can well be used by</td>
<td>A. Playing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>84. Which one of these is not a quality of a good leader?</td>
<td>A. Integrity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85. Jesus resurrected after how long?</td>
<td>A. 3 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>86. Joseph, Mary and baby Jesus went to Bethlehem for</td>
<td>A. Presentation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>87. People in traditional African society showed forgiveness by</td>
<td>A. Shaming meals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>88. Jesus defeated death through</td>
<td>A. Baptism</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>89. Paul and Silas fought over a piece of sugarcane. What advice can you give them?</td>
<td>A. Continue fighting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90. Amina does not finish the teachers assignments, she spends most of her time sleeping. What advice can you give her?</td>
<td>A. Finish the assignments</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1. A certain disease has the following symptoms: 
   - Chest pains. 
   - Night sweat. 
   - Persistent coughs. 
   - Loss of weight. 
   The disease described above is ________ 
   A. Typhoid  
   B. Anaemia  
   C. Tuberculosis  
   D. Yellow fever 

Study the diagram below and answer question 2.

2. From the above diagram fertilisation takes place in the part labelled? 
   A. C  
   B. A  
   C. D  
   D. C 

3. A std 5 pupil added water to the soil in a tin. He noticed bubbles coming out. The main reason for this was ________ 
   A. air in the soil.  
   B. air is found in water.  
   C. presence of living things.  
   D. presence of humus in the soil. 

4. Digestion of food begins in the ________ 
   A. large intestines  
   B. small intestines  
   C. stomach  
   D. mouth 

5. Which one of the following expands most when heated? 
   A. Wood  
   B. Metal  
   C. Water  
   D. Air 

6. The movement of the earth round the sun is called? 
   A. Revolution  
   B. Rotation  
   C. Spinning  
   D. Orbiting 

7. Animals that spend their first stage of their life in water and the rest on land are called? 
   A. Mammals  
   B. Amphibians  
   C. Reptiles  
   D. Birds 

8. In males, sperms are produced in the ________ 
   A. Epididymis  
   B. Urethra  
   C. Testis  
   D. Penis 

9. Pollen grains are contained in the ________ 
   A. Filament  
   B. Stamen  
   C. Style  
   D. Anther 

10. The earth rotates from ________ 
    A. South to east  
    B. East to west  
    C. North to south  
    D. West to east 

Study the diagram below and answer the questions

11. Which part makes the embryo? 
    A. W  
    B. X  
    C. Y  
    D. Z 

12. Which part stores food for the seed? 
    A. Z  
    B. W  
    C. X  
    D. Y 

13. Pick out the list that consists of male sex organs only?
14. The continuous tube from the mouth to the anus is called?
   A. Digestion  B. Alimentary canal  C. Stomach  D. Intestines

15. All the following are uses of heat except?
   A. Lighting  B. Drying  C. Warming  D. Cooling

16. Which of the following would make a plastic container sink?
   A. Using a bigger plastic container  B. Changing its shape.
   C. Filling it with soil.  D. Tying it to a piece of wood.

17. Fruits and vegetables are important in the diet because
   A. They help in making blood healthy.  B. They repair worn out tissues.
   C. They provide energy.  D. They protect the body against diseases.

18. *The experiment below was done by std 5 pupils to investigate a certain character of the soil.*

```
[Diagram of an experiment with water being poured into three containers labeled x, y, z.]
```

Which conclusion did they make?
A. Floods are common in areas of soil Z.
B. Soil Y has the best drainage.
C. Soil Z has the poorest drainage.
D. Soil Z has the best drainage.

19. The following are all cereal crops except?
   A. Maize  B. Beans  C. Sorghum  D. Millet

20. Stems have the following functions except?
   A. Transport water and minerals.  B. Support the plant parts.
   C. Absorb water and minerals.  D. Food and water storage.

21. Which of the following animals does not belong to the same group as others?
   A. Spider  B. Butterfly  C. Weevil  D. Flea

22. Which one of the following is NOT an importance of water in the diet?
   A. It cools the body.  B. It prevent the skin from drying.
   C. It helps to remove waste products.  D. It prevent constipation.

23. A shadow is formed when light falls on all the following except?

24. The diagram below shows the human breathing system.

```
[Diagram of human breathing system with labels Q, P, etc.]
```

When we breath in, 
A. part P moves upwards.
B. part R becomes dome-shaped.
C. part S moves downwards.
D. part Q flattens.

25. HIV is spread in all the following ways except?
   A. Exchange of saliva.  B. Blood transfusion.
   C. Mosquito and other insect bites.  D. Through open wounds.

26. The following are ways of maintaining strong teeth except?

---

*SCIENCE STD 6*
27. Immunization for infants is carried out to
   A. make children sick.
   B. cure diseases.
   C. examine diseases.
   D. prevent diseases.

28. The instrument below was constructed by std 5 pupils.

   ![Balance Scale Diagram]

   It is used to measure
   A. Weight
   B. Volume
   C. Mass
   D. Shape

29. The following are characteristics of a flower:
   - Small in size.
   - No scent.
   - Feathery stigma.
   - Large anthers.

   The flower is pollinated by
   A. Wind
   B. Water
   C. Birds
   D. Insects

30. ________ are the breathing organs of plants.
   A. Roots
   B. Leaves
   C. Stem
   D. Flowers

31. The following are signs of a certain disease:
   - It occurs in children under 5 years
   - Stomach swells
   - Skin becomes loose
   - Brownish thin hair on the head

   The above signs and symptoms are likely to be of a disease called

32. The planet marked Y is called?
   A. Earth
   B. Pluto
   C. Neptune
   D. Venus

33. Which one of the following is not an immunizable disease?
   A. Yellow fever
   B. Typhoid
   C. Tetanus
   D. Malaria

34. Three of the following are properties of solids. Which one is not?
   A. Have definite shape
   B. Have definite mass.
   C. Expand when heated.
   D. Have indefinite volume.

35. In seed germination what comes first?
   A. Shoot
   B. Radicle
   C. Cotyledon
   D. Plumule

36. The breaking down of food into small soluble substances is known as:
   A. Egestion
   B. Respiration
   C. Constipation
   D. Digestion

37. In human deciduous teeth are?
   A. 20
   B. 24
   C. 32
   D. 28

38. The following are uses of water, which one is a use of water in the industry?
   A. Surfing
   B. Making fountains
   C. Cleaning tools
   D. Swimming
39. Which one of the following is not a problem related to teeth?
   A. Bleeding gums
   B. Tooth cavity
   C. Tooth decay
   D. Swollen tongue

40. Which two processes require a decrease in temperature?

   \[ \text{SOLID} \rightarrow \text{LIQUID} \rightarrow \text{GAS} \]

   A. P and R
   B. P and S
   C. Q and S
   D. R and S

41. All the following are natural ways of lighting a house except?
   A. Open windows
   B. Sky lights
   C. Pressure lamps
   D. Translucent windows

42. Which one of the following plants is green non-flowering?
   A. Cactus
   B. Fir
   C. Bracket tree
   D. Toadstool

43. Which of the following is a safe way of using tools?
   A. Digging the soil to your toes.
   B. Peeling sugarcane near your hands.
   C. Driving in a nail while someone else is holding it.
   D. Using a chopping board when cutting kales.

44. In which part is water and mineral salts absorbed?
   A. W
   B. Z
   C. Y
   D. T

45. Which part in the above diagram produces gastric juice?
   A. W
   B. X
   C. Y
   D. T

46. The part that produces juice that helps in digestion of fats is labeled?
   A. Z
   B. T
   C. W
   D. Y

47. Which sign or symptom below describes anaemia?
   A. The child cries a lot.
   B. The skin becomes elastic.
   C. The skin appear pale.
   D. Sores at the corners of the mouth.

48. The soil with a rough texture also
   A. cracks when dry.
   B. retains a lot of water.
   C. spreads easily when in a heap.
   D. has the highest capillarity.

49. Which farm animal provides the farmer with mohair?
   A. Goat
   B. Sheep
   C. Horse
   D. Camel

50. The method of heat transfer in vacuum is through?
   A. Radiation
   B. Conduction
   C. Convection
   D. Conduction and radiation.
1. What is one million two hundred and four thousand one hundred and two written in symbols?
   A. 1204 102  
   B. 1024 102  
   C. 1 204 012  
   D. 1 024 012.
2. What is the total value of digit 4 in the product of 645 and 23?
   A. 14 835  
   B. 4 000  
   C. 400  
   D. 40 000.
3. Round off 321 803 and 83 495 to the nearest thousand and find their sum?
   A. 404 000  
   B. 405 298  
   C. 405 000  
   D. 406 000.
4. What is the sum of the squares of 16 and 25?
   A. 41  
   B. 881  
   C. 1 681  
   D. 369.
5. Which one of the following numbers is divisible by 8?
   A. 909 183  
   B. 59 386  
   C. 41 286  
   D. 3 264.
6. What is the reciprocal of $1 \frac{1}{5}$?
   A. $\frac{5}{6}$  
   B. $\frac{6}{5}$  
   C. $\frac{4}{5}$  
   D. $\frac{1}{5}$.
7. What is the greatest number that can divide 36, 48 and 72 equally without a remainder?
   A. 12  
   B. 144  
   C. 6  
   D. 24.
8. In a class of 50 pupils $\frac{2}{5}$ were girls, how many boys were there?
   A. 10  
   B. 30  
   C. 20  
   D. 12.
9. What is the area of the unshaded part.

10. What is the square of $1 \frac{1}{2}$?
    A. $1 \frac{1}{2}$  
    B. $1^{49}/63$  
    C. $3^{13/81}$  
    D. $28^{1/2}$.

11. A farmer harvested 20, 349 bags of maize in 2009. This was 3, 504 more bags than the year 2008. How many bags were harvested in the two years?
    A. 16, 845  
    B. 37, 194  
    C. 44, 202  
    D. 23, 853.

12. What is the place value of digit 3 in the number 148.035?
    A. Hundredths  
    B. Tenths  
    C. Tens  
    D. Hundreds.

13. What is the value of $n$ in the equation $1\frac{1}{3}n - 3 = 4$?
    A. 1  
    B. 7  
    C. 3  
    D. 21.

14. Calculate the size of angle $K$ in the figure below.

15. In a certain school a class of 45 pupils drank 250ml of milk each in one day. What was the capacity of the milk in litres?
    A. 11 250  
    B. 1 125.
16. What is the next number in the sequence below?

\[
\frac{1}{40}, \frac{1}{90}, \frac{1}{160}, \frac{1}{150}
\]

A. \(\frac{1}{34}\)  B. \(\frac{1}{36}\)
C. \(\frac{1}{40}\)  D. \(\frac{1}{64}\)

17. A staff meeting started at 12.45 p.m and ended at 3.30 p.m; how long did it last?

A. 2h 45min   B. 9h 15min
C. 2h 15min   D. 3h 45min

18. What is the sum of the prime number between 50 and 60?

A. 163   B. 112
C. 275   D. 220

19. Which one of the following is the smallest fraction?

A. \(\frac{2}{3}\)  B. \(\frac{7}{8}\)
C. \(\frac{1}{2}\)  D. \(\frac{3}{4}\)

20. The school storekeeper received 9720 exercise books. He was told to share them equally among 40 classes in the school. How many books did each class get?

A. 243   B. 2420
C. 218   D. 242

21. Arrange the following set of decimal from largest to the smallest.

0.32, 0.239, 0.92, 0.923 and 0.39.

A. 0.32, 0.39, 0.92, 0.239, 0.923.
B. 0.923, 0.239, 0.92, 0.39, 0.32.
C. 0.92, 0.923, 0.239, 0.39, 0.32.
D. 0.923, 0.92, 0.39, 0.32, 0.239.

22. Which of following fraction is equivalent to \(1\frac{3}{4}\)?

A. \(2\frac{4}{6}\)  B. \(1\frac{4}{9}\)
C. \(1\frac{4}{6}\)  D. \(6\frac{2}{3}\)

23. In one district there are six hundred thousand and fifty people. If children are four hundred and two thousand seven hundred how many adults are there?

A. 197 350   B. 197 800
C. 247 300   D. 297 350

24. Which one of the following is an obtuse angle?

[Diagram of angles A, B, C, D]

A. \(\angle A\)  B. \(\angle B\)
C. \(\angle C\)  D. \(\angle D\)

25. Work out:

\[5\frac{1}{5} - 1\frac{1}{6}\]

A. \(4\frac{1}{2}\)  B. \(7\frac{1}{6}\)
C. \(3\frac{1}{2}\)  D. \(4\frac{1}{6}\)

26. The perimeter of a square is 48cm What is its area?

A. 12cm   B. 230cm
C. 192cm   D. 144cm

27. Bluid worked with a certain company in the month of February, March, April and May in the year 2008, for how many days did he work for the company?

A. 120   B. 121
C. 119   D. 122

28. What is the number XLVII written in Hindu /Arabic Numerical?

A. 47   B. 44
C. 57   D. 67

29. Simplify.

\[5(x + 6) + 2(2x - 3)\]

A. \(9x + 3\)  B. \(9x - 24\)
C. \(9x + 24\)  D. \(9x + 36\)

30. Given the liner scale 1cm represents 5m, what is the actual perimeter in meters of the triangular plot drawn below?

[Diagram of triangle with sides 6cm, 7cm, and 5cm]
31. Which one of the following statements is NOT TRUE about a rectangle?
A. Angles are not equal.  
B. Diagonals are equal.  
C. Two opposite side are equal.  
D. Sum of the interior angle is 360°.

32. What is the value of angle marked M in the figure below?

33. In one day a factory processed 800kg tea. If this tea was packed into 500g packet how many packets were obtained?
A. 19  
B. 1 600  
C. 16 000  
D. 160

34. Work out.
0.05 × 0.18
A. 0.009  
B. 0.0009  
C. 0.09  
D. 0.9

35. Mutiso bought the following items
2 loaves of bread @Sh 35
3 Kg of maize flour @Sh 60
1½ of sugar @Sh 88
5 cabbages @Sh 15
If he paid using Sh 500 note how many balance did he receive?
A. Sh 457  
B. Sh 87  
C. Sh 413  
D. Sh 43

36. A box measures 8cm long, 6cm wide and 10cm high. What is its volume?
A. 24cm³  
B. 480cm³  
C. 240cm³  
D. 48cm³

37. Which one of the following statements is TRUE about an isosceles triangle?
A. All side are equal.  
B. All angles are equal.  
C. Each angle is 60°  
D. Two of its angles are equal.

38. Ali covered 40% of his journey by bus and walked the rest, if the whole journey was 20km how many kilometers did he walk?
A. 20km  
B. 40km  
C. 12km  
D. 8km

39. What is the value of the true fraction 12/25 converted as a decimal?
A. 4.8  
B. 0.48  
C. 0.408  
D. 0.048

40. Calculate the area of the shaded region.

41. What is the value of:
3264 + 32 =
A. 12  
B. 1002  
C. 102  
D. 21

42. Ceasar bought 260 oranges to sell. He arranged the oranges in heaps of 5 oranges each. He sold each heap for sh 30 how much money did he get from the sale of the oranges?
A. Sh 52  
B. Sh 7 800  
C. Sh 1 650  
D. Sh 1 560

43. How many rectangle are in the figure below.
44. Which one of the following digits is thousand position in the number 8403105?
A. 0 B. 4
C. 3 D. 1

45. What is the value of n in the magic square below.

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>n</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A. 10 B. 5
C. 4 D. 9

46. What is the size of angle p?

A. 115° B. 65°
C. 75° D. 125°

47. The table below shows the postal rates for sending letters.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Limit of weight 2kg</th>
<th>Sh.</th>
<th>Cts.</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Upto 20g</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 20g to 50g</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 50g to 100g</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 100g to 250g</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 250g to 500g</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 500g to 1kg</td>
<td>102</td>
<td>00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 1kg to 2kg</td>
<td>145</td>
<td>00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mr Muli sent the following letters:
One letter weighing 51g.
One letter weighing 550g.
One letter weighing 870g.
One letter weighing \(1 \frac{1}{2}\) kg.

48. How many cubes make the stack below?

A. 75 B. 57
C. 45 D. 51

49. What is the difference between the highest and the lowest score?
A. 82 B. 18
C. 16 D. 66

50. What was the total mark obtained in that exam?
A. 372 B. 360
C. 343 D. 340
Write an interesting composition using the following heading:

THE MOST ENJOYABLE JOURNEY.
Andika Insha ya kuvutia kwa kulendeleza kianzio kifuujiacho.

Tuliweza kufika shuleni bila wasiwasi, baadaye,
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MATHS</th>
<th>ENGLISH</th>
<th>KISWAHILI</th>
<th>SCIENCE</th>
<th>SOCIAL AND RELIGIOUS EDUCATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>34. A</td>
<td>34. D</td>
<td>34. A</td>
<td>34. D</td>
<td>34.B 81.D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35. D</td>
<td>35. A</td>
<td>35. A</td>
<td>35. D</td>
<td>35.D 82.A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41. C</td>
<td>41. A</td>
<td>41. C</td>
<td>41. C</td>
<td>41.A 88.D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42. C</td>
<td>42. A</td>
<td>42. A</td>
<td>42. B</td>
<td>42.A 89.D</td>
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<tr>
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<td>43. D</td>
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<td>43. D</td>
<td>43.B 90.A</td>
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<tr>
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<td>47. C</td>
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<tr>
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<td>49. D</td>
<td>49. C</td>
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**MARKING SCHEME STD 6**