

KIRINYAGA COUNTY

PENPLUS
KIRINYAGA

STD 4 - TERM 3

ENGLISH

Time : 1 hr 40 mins

Read the passage below and answer the questions correctly:-

A long time ago, men and hyenas 1 friends. One day 2 man and hyena killed a fat buffalo and agreed 3 they would cook and 4 it the next day. They arranged a time and a place to 5 and each promised to bring plenty 6 wood 7 make the fire.

The next morning both 8 punctual since neither had eaten 9 some days. So 10 wasted no time building a fire with a spit over it 11 roast the buffalo.

Unfortunately, the hyena's 12 was so great that the meat was not 13 to cook 14 long before the hyena 15 tearing at the bloody flesh.

- | | | | | |
|-----|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| 1. | A. is | B. was | C. were | D. they |
| 2. | A. a | B. the | C. an | D. of |
| 3. | A. that | B. this | C. these | D. those |
| 4. | A. ate | B. eaten | C. eat | D. eat |
| 5. | A. meat | B. mite | C. might | D. meet |
| 6. | A. for | B. of | C. four | D. off |
| 7. | A. of | B. to | C. on | D. off |
| 8. | A. is | B. was | C. were | D. where |
| 9. | A. to | B. four | C. for | D. in |
| 10. | A. their | B. they | C. there | D. the |
| 11. | A. on | B. in | C. to | D. for |
| 12. | A. appetite | B. apeteite | C. apettite | D. appetitite |
| 13. | A. aloud | B. around | C. allowed | D. alloud |
| 14. | A. by | B. for | C. on | D. due |
| 15. | A. were | B. is | C. begin | D. was |

For questions 16-18, complete these similes

16. His face was as black as ____
 A. night B. colour
 C. soil D. coal
17. My pen is as light as a ____
 A. wool B. ball
 C. feather D. stone
18. As playful as a ____
 A. cat B. dog
 C. mouse D. kitten

Choose the opposite of the underlined

19. Our house is tidy.
 A. clean B. good
 C. untidy D. big
20. There are some tame animal in the park.
 A. wild
 B. bad
 C. domestic
 D. home

Put an apostrophe to show ownership

Mans clothes

C. Mans' clothes

D. Men's clothes

22. A lion mane _____

A. A lions' mane

B. A lion's mane'

C. A lions manes'

D. A lion's mane

Fill in the correct answer

23. A person who draws pictures is a _____

A. artists B. typist

C. cylcist D. mechanic

24. He is a bad boy, _____.

A is he B. isn't he

C. was he D. wasn't he

25. The lion was _____

A. hissing

B. trumpeting

C. roaring

D. barking

Choose the correct questioning word

26. _____ tree is taller?

~~How~~

~~Which~~

C. Who

D. Where

27. _____ came to your house yesterday evening?

A. Who

B. Whom

C. Where

D. When

Choose the odd one out

28. A. Chair B. Bed

C. Table D. Panga

29. A. Apple B. Banana

C. Potato D. Orange

Arrange the following to make a sensible sentence

30. _____ house in my estate is Uhuru

A. Uhuru estate is in Uhuru estate.

B. My house is in Uhuru estate.

C. My Uhuru house is in estate

D. My estate is in Uhuru house.

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow from 31-40

It was on Thursday afternoon. The children of Nyaga primary school were busy working on their field. The next day was sports day and they wanted the field to be ready. They were marking it out and four teachers were with them. Mrs Kiuru, the games mistress asked some children to fetch sticks. "Shall we bring long or short ones?" asked Kamau. "We need both kinds" said Mrs Kiuru, "but please bring more long sticks than short ones"

The children knew that sports day would be interesting. Even some students in std-two and three had come back that afternoon to work with the others. They were collecting some grass which the other children had cut. They were talking and laughing as they worked. About five o'clock the field was ready. Mrs. Kiuru called the children together and said. "Tomorrow is the important day we have been waiting for. Children from five other schools are coming to take part in sports. We have some good runners this year and we hope to win several races" She looked at Ochuodho and smiled and the children cheered.

31. On what day were the children preparing?
- Thursday
 - ~~Afternoon~~
 - Friday
 - Tuesday
32. What were they asked to fetch by the games mistress?
- Grass
 - Water
 - Sticks
 - Stones
33. How many teachers were working with them in the field?
- Three
 - Four
 - Two
 - One
34. What were the children doing on Thursday afternoon?
- Singing
 - Cheering
 - Marking the field
 - Playing
35. What were the two and three children doing?
- Collecting grass
 - Marking out
 - Sweeping
 - Running
36. While they were working _____
- they were jumping and singing
 - ~~they were cheering~~
 - they were talking and singing
 - they were talking and laughing
37. At what time was the field ready?
- At four o'clock
 - At five o'clock
 - At eleven o'clock
 - At two o'clock
38. How many other schools were visiting them?
- Ten schools
 - One school
 - Two schools
 - Five schools
39. What kind of games were these?
- Drama festivals
 - Ball games
 - Running races
 - Singing games
40. The best title for this passage is _____
- Sports day preparation
 - Sports day
 - General cleaning
 - Thursday afternoon

Read the passage below and answer questions 41-50

John was taken to the clinic because he had a sore throat. The doctor asked John to open his mouth. The doctor looked inside.

"Have you eaten anything that tasted strange?" he asked John. John thought about the question then he remembered something. "I ate some fruit." He said, "but it was clean because I sprayed it with insecticide first."

"Did you read the instruction on the can before you sprayed the fruit?" the doctor asked "You should always read the instruction first. You should never spray insecticide on food. You are lucky this time your sore throat will get better. Just drink plenty of water."

- | | |
|---|---|
| 41. Why did John go to the clinic?
A. He was taken there
B. His throat was sore
C. The doctor advised him to go
D. His mother advised him to go | 46. What did the doctor ask John to do?
A. Not to read instructions
B. To taste strange things
C. To always read instructions first
D. The spray insecticide on food severally |
| 42. Where did the doctor look inside?
A. John's throat
B. John's mouth
C. John's teeth
D. John's sore | 47. The word <u>first</u> is underlined. What is the opposite ?
A. Fast B. Last
C. End D. Commence |
| 43. What was on the fruit which John ate?
A. Dirt
B. Insects
C. Clean
D. Insecticide | 48. What did the doctor advice him to do?
A. Use insecticide carefully
B. Eat no more fruits
C. Use more insecticide
D. Drink plenty of water |
| 44. What did the insecticide do to John?
A. It made his throat sore
B. It made him sick
C. It made him lazy
D. It made him well | 49. The word doctor is underlined . Who is a doctor?
A. Person who treats sick people
B. A person who takes care of sick people
C. A person who gives medicine
D. A person who wears white coat |
| 45. What did John forget to do?
A. Eat the fruit
B. Take doctor's advise
C. Read the instructions on the can
D. Clean the fruits | 50. What is the best title for this passage?
A. The balanced diet
B. Use of insecticide
C. Fruits
D. John at the clinic |

WILAYA YA KIRINYAGA

DARASA LA NNE MUHULA WA TATU

PENPLUS
KIRINYAGA

KISWAHILI

Muda: Saa 1 dak 40

Soma kifungu hiki na ujaze mapengo 1-15 kwa majibu yanayofaa:-

__1__ asubuhi na mapema. Siku __2__ tulikuwa tukienda sokoni kunua vitu. Soko __3__ lilikuwa kubwa sana. Tuliingia garini na kulipa __4__ ya kusafiria. Mikononi tulibeba vyondo vya __5__ bidhaa zetu. Dereva __6__ gari nalo __7__ na kung'oa __8__ huku likiacha wingu la moshi nyuma. Tulifika sokoni salama __9__. Wauzaji waliwakaribisha __10__ wao kwa heshima na kuwahimiza wanunue kwa wingi.

Sisi __11__ tulinunua nafaka na matunda. Tunda __12__ lilikuwa kubwa mpaka likawashangaza watu wote. Tulimaliza pesa __13__ mpaka ikatulazimu kurudi __14__ miguu. Safari ilikuwa __15__ lakini tulifaulu.

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1. A. Tulidemka | B. Tulirauka | C. Tulirudi | D. Tulikuja |
| 2. A. hio | B. hilo | C. hiyo | D. hii |
| 3. A. hii | B. hili | C. hizo | D. hilo |
| 4. A. dereva | B. pesa | C. nauli | D. kitu |
| 5. A. kubebwa | B. kubeba | C. kupepa | D. kupepea |
| 6. A. aliwakisha | B. aliwasha | C. aliwakisha | D. likakuruma |
| 7. A. liliguruma | B. likanguruma | C. likaguruma | D. likakuruma |
| 8. A. nanga | B. kamba | C. magurudumu | D. safari |
| 9. A. salmini | B. salmini | C. salimini | D. salaumuni |
| 10. A. wauzaji | B. wenyeji | C. wageni | D. wateja |
| 11. A. wote | B. sote | C. zote | D. nyote |
| 12. A. lingine | B. ingine | C. jingine | D. mengine |
| 13. A. zote | B. yote | C. lote | D. kote |
| 14. A. ya | B. wa | C. na | D. kwa |
| 15. A. mrefu | B. ndefu | C. refu | D. kurefu |

Fuata maagizo kujibu maswali nambari 16-30 kwa usahihi

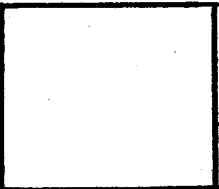
16. Nikimsalimu mjomba 'shikamoo mjomba' atajibu __
A. marahaba mjomba
B. sina neno
C. shikamoo pia
D. marahaba mpwa

17. **Andika wingi wa sentensi ifuatayo**

- Nguo yangu inavutia
A. Nguo zangu zinavutia
B. Nguo zetu zinavutia
C. Nguo zenu zinavutia
D. Nguo yenu inavutia

18. **Kamilisha sentensi ifuatayo kwa usahihi**

- Chakula __ kina viungo huwa kitamu.
A. chenye
B. ambacho
C. yenye
D. ambako

19. Katika bendera yetu ya Kenya, ni rangi gani inayopatikana katika sehemu ya juu zaidi?
A. Nyeusi
B. Nyeupe
C. Nyekundu
D. Kijani
20. Tumia kiashiria sahihi kukamilisha sentensi hii
Viatu ___ vinapendeza.
A. vyako B. yako
C. hivi D. vyote
21. Kiungo cha mwili kinachosafisha damu huitwa ____
A. moyo B. pafu
C. figo D. ini
22. Neno 'pua' lipo katika ngeli gani?
A. U-ZI B. I-ZI
C. LI-YA D. U-YA
23. Vazi la wanawake ambalo hushikilia maziwa huitwaje?
A. Kanchiri B. Shimizi
C. Gauni D. Gagro
24. Umbo hili huitwa ____

A. mche mstatili B. mraba
C. mche mraba D. mstatili
25. Mnyama wa porini anayefanana na ng'ombe anaitwa ____
A. pundamilia
B. twiga
C. swara
D. mbogo
26. Andika kinyume cha 'mfalme'
A. Mkurugenzi
B. Malkia
C. Mwanamwali
D. Binti
27. Kanusha:
Sisi hula asubuhi
A. Sisi hatukuli asubuhi
B. Sisi hatulangi asubuhi
C. Sisi hatuli asubuhi
D. Sisi hukula asubuhi
28. Sehemu ya nyuma katika mguu huitwa ____
A. kisogo
B. utosi
C. kisigino
D. kisugudi
29. Chagua neno lililoandikwa kwa usahihi kumaanisha 'Gari la mizigo'
A. Mgongoteni
B. Mkongoteni
C. Mwokongoteni
D. Mkokoteni
30. Kombe ni makao ya kiumbe kipi?
A. Buibui B. Kobe
C. Nyuki D. Konokono

Soma kifungu hiki kisha ujibu maswali 31-40

Darasa letu liliteliwa kwenda kwa ziara ya mkoa wa Bonde la Ufa. Tulikuwa na bashasha. Kwa wengi wetu ilikuwa ni mara ya kwanza kuzuru mkoa huo. Usiku uliotangulia siku ya safari sikulala. Nilipata usingizi wa manga'munga'mu. Usiku ulikuwa mrefu. Siku iliyofuata nilidamka alfajiri. Nilioga kwa maji vuvuwaa. Nilivaa na kula kiamsha kinywa.

Nilitoka nyumbani na kwenda masia hadi shuleni. Wanafunzi wengine tayari walikuwa wamewasili kila mmoja wetu alikuwa na matumaini makuu. Hatukujua njia ya usafiri kwa sababu kama shule nyingine katika maeneo yale, shule yetu haikuwa na basi. Tulipiga gumzo tukisubiri. Muda si muda, basi moja la kampuni ya usafiri wa umma liliwasili. Tulipiga makofi ungedhani ni mgeni wa heshima aliyewasili. Ilikuwa pia ni mara yangu ya kwanza kuabiri basi kubwa kama hilo.

Tuliitwa majina na kuingia basini mmoja mmoja. Tulikuwa wanafunzi arubaini na wanane.

Tuliaandamana na walimu sita. Utingo naye alikuwa tayari kutuelekeza kuhusu sheria za basi lile. Alisisitiza kuwa sharti kila mwanafunzi afunge ukanda wa usalama. Shanta zetu ziliwekwa kwenye karia. Baada ya maombi mafupi, safari iling'oa nanga. Basi lilienda kwa mwendo wa kadiri. Jambo hilo lilitusaidia kuona mandhari ya nchi. Tuliwasili Nakuru mwendo wa saa saba baada ya kusafiri kwa saa nne. Tulipelekwa kwenye hoteli tulikojionea vituko. Vyoo vya kufyatua vilikuwa maajabu yaliyuotuaacha tumeduwaa.

Asubuhi iliyofuata, tulienda kwenye kasoko ka Menengai na kumqilia siku kwenye mbuga ya wanyama ya ziwa Nakuru. Huko tuliona heroe, manyani, nyati na twiga. Turirudi tukiwa wachovu na kulala fofofu. Tuliambushwa siku iliyofuata na kuenda moja kwa moja hadi Ziwa Bogoria. Hapo kuna upeo wa maajabu. Maji yanayochemka hutoka ardhini. Tulirudi Nakuru tukiwa na hadithi tele za kusimulia. Siku ya mwisho tulifunga virago vyetu na kurudi nyumbani. Ziara hiyo itadumu kwenye kumbukumbu zetu.

31. Kwa nini msemaji alikuwa na usingizi wa mang'amung'amu?
A. Alikuwa na maradhi yaliyomsumbua
B. Usiku ulikuwa mrefu
C. Alikuwa na hamu ya kusafiri
D. Ilikuwa ni kawaida yake kutolala
32. Usiku unaweza kuwa mrefu ikiwa ____
A. umelala mapema
B. hujapata usingizi mzuri
C. umelala usingizi wa pono
D. unaenda safari
33. Ni kweli wanafunzi wale huenda shuleni ____
A. kwa basi
B. kwa baiskeli
C. kwa gari
D. kwa miguu
34. Wanafunzi walisafiri kwa ____
A. basi la shule
B. basi la kukodisha
C. baiskeli
D. matatu ya umma
35. Safari hii ilikuwa na jumla ya watu wangapi?
A. Arubaini na nane
B. Hamsini na wanne
C. Hamsini na mbili
D. Hamsini na nne

36. Safari hii iling'oa nanga saa ngapi?
A. Saa saba
B. Saa nne
C. Saa tatu
D. Saa moja
37. Msaidizi wa dereva huitwa ____
A. utingo
B. msaidizi
C. mwalimu
D. dereva mdogo
38. Wanafunzi walizuru kasoko ya Menengai ____
A. siku ya tatu
B. siku ya kwanza
C. siku ya nne
D. siku ya pili
39. Ni nini ambacho hakikuwa ndani ya gari?
A. Orodha ya majina
B. Shanta za wanafunzi
C. Usukani
D. Viti vya gari
40. Kilichowashangaza zaidi wanafunzi ni ____
A. vyoo vya kufyatua
B. kasoko ya Menengai
C. maji yanayochemka kutoka ardhini
D. kuona heroe ndani ya maji

Soma habari kisha ujibu maswali 41-50

Kuna maradhi ya aina mbalimbali. Yapo yaliyo na dawa na yasiyo na dawa. Kuna ndwele ambazo husambazwa na wadudu na nyingine husababishwa na uchafu. Ugonjwa wa kipindupindu husababishwa na uchafu. Ni ugonjwa ambao unaweza kuua kwa urahisi. Ugonjwa kama ukimwi hauna tiba na unatisha kama zimwi.

Lakini ni ugonjwa upi ambao huwaua watu wengi zaidi barani Afrika? Utafiti unaonyesha kuwa ugonjwa wa malaria ndio unaoua watu wengi zaidi. Ugonjwa huu huenezwa na mibu ambao hufyonza damu ya binadamu. Wakati wa msimu wa masika, watu wengi hupata ugonjwa huu kwa sababu mibu hutaga mayai kwa wingi na viluwiluwi huanguliwa na kukua haraka.

Wasemavyo wahenga, kinga ya shinda tiba. Ugonjwa wa malaria una tiba. Kinachosababisha vifo ni ulegevu wa binadamu. Mgonjwa anapaswa kutafuta huduma za matibabu punde anapougua. Akifanyiwa uchunguzi mapema huweza kutibiwa kwa urahisi bila kulazwa hospitalini. Watu wanapaswa kusafisha mazingira, kukata nyasi na kunyunyuzia mafuta maji yaliyotuma. Wakifanya hivyo mayai hayawezi kuanguliwa. Mbu hawana maisha marefu. Baada ya muda mfupi watakuwa wameisha. Ni vyema watu wajifunike kwa vyandarua wakati wa kulala ili wasiumwe na mibu.

Hali kadhalika, inapendekezwa kuwa ukienda mahali palipo na historia ya malaria ni vyema kumeza vidonge vya kuzuia ugonjwa huu. Ni aibu kama tutaendelea kuangamizwa na maradhi ambayo yana kinga na dawa. Tushirikiane tuangamize ugonjwa wa ukimwi kwani umoja ni nguvu, utengano ni udhaifu.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 41. Ni ugonjwa gani ambao hauwezi kusababishwa na uchafu?
A. Homa ya matumbo
B. Malale
C. Kipindupindu
D. Kuendesha | 46. Watu wengi huugua malaria msimu wa ____
A. masika
B. kiangazi
C. wowote
D. joto |
| 42. Ugonjwa hatari zaidi ni ____
A. unaoua
B. unaoambukiza
C. unaosambaa
D. usio na tiba | 47. Malaria humwua mtu ikiwa ____
A. ametibiwa hospitalini
B. hajapata matibabu mazuri
C. ametibiwa kwenye maji
D. ameumwa na mibu |
| 43. Neno UKIMWI linamaanisha ____
A. Ukosefu wa kinga mwingi
B. Upotevu wa kinga mwilini
C. Upungufu wa Kinga mwilini
D. Ukosefu wa kiini mwilini | 48. Ni ipi si njia ya kujikinga malaria kulingana na habari hi?
A. Kudungwa sindano ya kinga
B. Kulala ndani ya chandarua
C. Kuharibu makao ya mibu
D. Kumeza vidonge ukienda sehemu ya historia ya malaria |
| 44. Kulingana na mwandishi, maradhi ya ____
A. malaria hayastahili kumwua mtu
B. malaria huua kwa sababu ya ukosefu wa dawa
C. malaria huua watu wachache
D. malaria ni ugonjwa wa kuambukiza | 49. Mtoto wa mibu huitwa kiluwiluwi, naye mtoto wa nzi ni ____
A. kiwavi
B. kiluwiluwi
C. buu
D. kiyoyo |
| 45. Ni ugonjwa upi ambao huwaua watu wengi zaidi?
A. Ukimwi
B. Kipindupindu
C. Malaria
D. Kifafa | 50. Kichwa cha habari hii ni ____
A. Ukimwi
B. Tiba
C. Maradhi
D. Kipindupindu |

KIRINYAGA COUNTY

PENPLUS
KIRINYAGA

STD 4 - TERM 3

MATHEMATICS

Time: 2hrs

1. Write in symbols
Seventy five thousand five hundred and five

A. 75505
B. 75005
C. 75550
D. 750005

2. What is the place value of digit 8 in the number 71804?

A. Thousands
B. Hundreds
C. Tens
D. Ones

3. What is the total value of digit 6 in the number 67291

A. 700
B. 67000
C. 7200
D. 60000

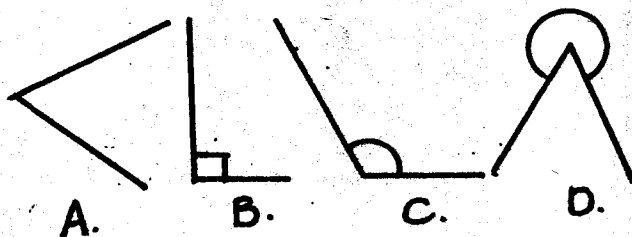
4. $28 + 74345 + 214$

A. 74559
B. 74577
C. 74587
D. 74597

5. Multiply 544 by 10

A. 544 B. 5440
C. 54440 D. 540

6. Which of the following is an acute angle



7. Which one of the shapes below has four sides equal?

A. Triangle
B. Rectangle
C. Square
D. Circle

8. $12 \times \square = 144$

A. 12 B. 132
C. 21 D. 156

9. Subtract $2222 - 797 =$

A. 1435
B. 1415
C. 3019
D. 1425

10. An even number multiplied by an odd number

A. Odd number
B. Even number
C. Square number
D. Prime number

11. Which fraction below is the smallest?

A. $\frac{1}{12}$
B. $\frac{1}{9}$
C. $\frac{1}{7}$
D. $\frac{1}{5}$

12. What is $\frac{1}{5}$ of 88

A. 8
B. 89
C. 11
C. 10

13. How many days are there in the months of June, August and November?

A. 90 B. 91
C. 93 D. 92

14. Write 0.17 as a fraction

A. $\frac{17}{10}$

B. $\frac{1}{17}$

C. $\frac{17}{1000}$

D. $\frac{17}{100}$

15. Complete the sequence below

7, 14, 21, _____

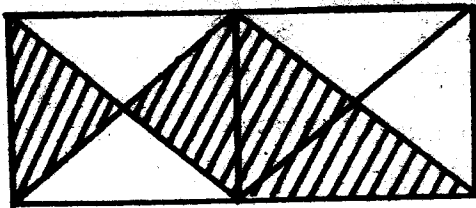
A. 28

B. 27

C. 34

D. 35

16. What is the fraction of unshaded part?



A. $\frac{3}{8}$

B. $\frac{1}{4}$

C. $\frac{1}{2}$

D. $\frac{5}{8}$

17. Write $\frac{5}{8}$ in words

A. Five eight

B. Five eighths

C. Eight five

D. Eight eight

18. A packet of milk cost sh,35. How much will 12 packets cost?

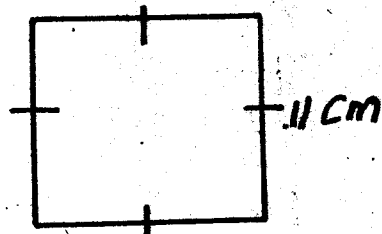
A. 420

B. 47

C. 4200

D. 470

19. Find the area



A. 1210cm

B. 121cm

C. 121cm²

D. 121m²

20. Which of the following number is not divisible by 5? 38, 50, 55, 80

A. 80

B. 55

C. 50

D. 38

21. Work out

$\frac{3}{8} + \frac{1}{8}$

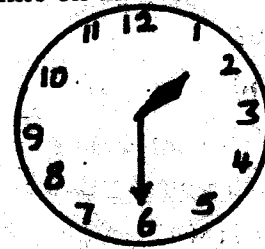
A. $\frac{7}{8}$

B. $\frac{7}{16}$

C. $\frac{4}{8}$

D. $\frac{3}{8}$

22. What is the time on the clockface below



A. Half past six

B. Half past one

C. 10 minutes past six

D. 10 minutes past one

23. Work out

Week days

4 5

+ 5 6

A. 10 weeks 1 day

B. 10 weeks 4 days

C. 9 weeks 1 day

D. 9 weeks 4 days

24. What is the approximate mass of your class teacher?

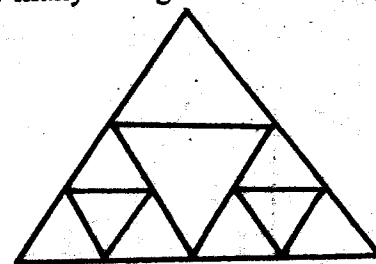
A. 35kg

B. 20kg

C. 75 kg

D. 30kg

25. How many triangles are in the figure



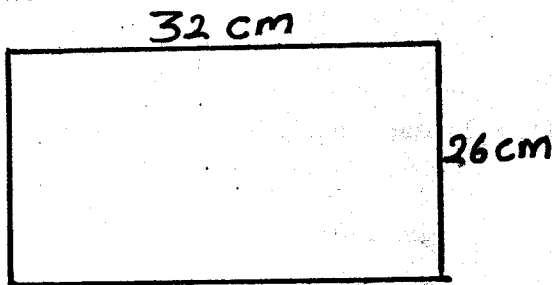
A. 9

B. 10

C. 11

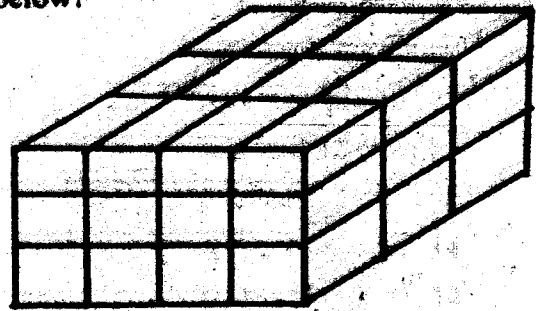
D. 13

26. $1 - \frac{3}{4}$
 A. $\frac{1}{4}$ B. $\frac{2}{4}$
 C. $\frac{3}{3}$ D. $\frac{4}{3}$
27. A farmer planted 512 trees in rows. If each row had 32 trees, how many rows were planted?
 A. 32 B. 34
 C. 16 D. 14
28. There are 75 mangoes to be shared equally among 14 pupils. How many mangoes remained?
 A. 6 B. 4
 C. 5 D. 3
29. Write $7\frac{5}{8}$ as an improper fraction
 A. $\frac{61}{8}$ B. $\frac{5}{56}$
 C. $\frac{56}{8}$ D. $\frac{20}{8}$
30. How many minutes are there in $3\frac{3}{4}$ hrs?
 A. 180 min B. 225 min
 C. 125 min D. 220 min
31. In a school there are 946 pupils 435 are boys. How many girls are in the school?
 A. 611 B. 1381
 C. 411 D. 511
32. What is the perimeter of the rectangle below?



- A. 116 cm
 B. 58 cm
 C. 116cm^2
 D. 58cm^2
33. How many $\frac{1}{4}$ kg packets are there in $10\frac{1}{2}$ kg?
 A. 40 B. 42
 C. 12 D. 11

34. How many cubes are there in the stack below?



- A. 27 B. 40
 C. 36 D. 30
35. Solve for k in
 $K + 63 = 94$
 A. 31 B. 157
 C. 30 D. 147
36. Which one of the following shows the factors of 24?
 A. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 9, 12, 24
 B. 4, 6, 8, 12, 18, 24
 C. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 12, 16
 D. 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 24
37. What is the missing number in
 $\frac{7}{11} = \frac{\square}{77}$
 A. 42 B. 49
 C. 54 D. 56
38. Simplify $44p + 19p - 14p - 9p$
 A. 40p B. 63p
 D. 23p D. 86p
39. Which one of the following is an odd number?
 A. 450 B. 677
 C. 228 D. 500
40. Multiply $\frac{4}{7} \times 49$
 A. 21 B. 11
 C. 28 D. 35
41. Subtract

Hrs	Min
8	14
-3	48

A. 4hrs 16 min

B. 5hrs 26 min

C. 4 hrs 26 min

D. 11hrs 62min

42. Convert 5m 73cm into centimeters

A. 5073cm

B. 573cm

C. 5730cm

D. 5703cm

43. Work out: $202.34 + 0.03 + 14.1$

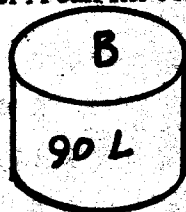
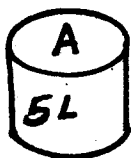
A. 216.34

B. 344.34

C. 217.34

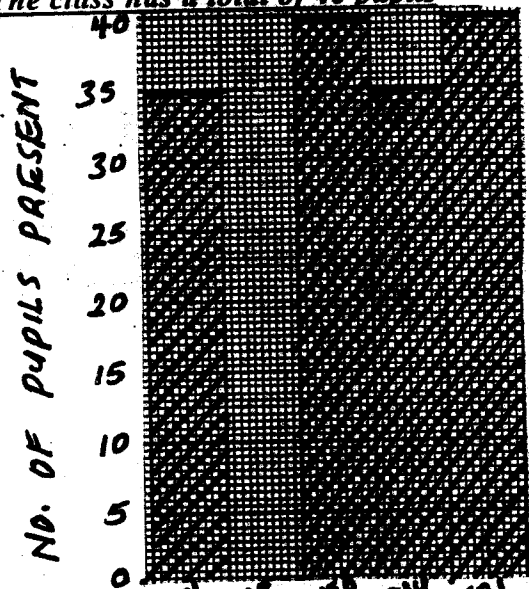
D. 216.47

44. How many container A can fill container B



A. 18 B. 95 C. 16 D. 20

The graph below shows school attendance during one week. The class has a total of 40 pupils



45. On which days were all the pupils present?

A. Wednesday and Friday

B. Monday and Thursday

C. Tuesday and Friday

D. Wednesday and Thursday

46. Which day is likely to be a public holiday?

A. Monday

B. Wednesday

C. Tuesday

D. Friday

47. How many pupils were absent on Thursday?

A. 10

B. 5

C. 35

D. 40

48. What will be the next pattern in the sequence below?



?



A.



B.



C.



D.

49. What is Sh. 487.60 take away Sh. 111.80?

A. 37570

B. Sh. 598.50

C. Sh. 375.80

D. Sh. 375.70

50. Work out

Sh. cts

40 3

x 5

A. Sh. 200 05 cts

B. Sh. 201 05 cts

C. Sh. 200 105 cts

D. Sh. 200 15 cts

KIRINYAGA COUNTY

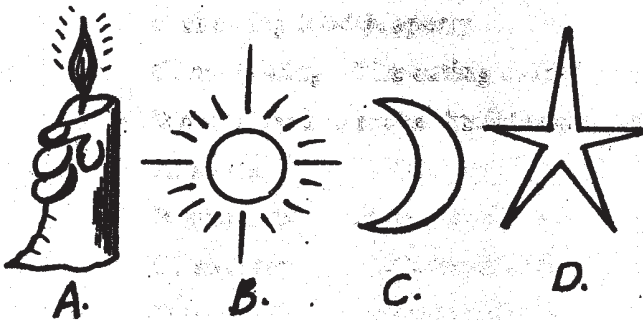
PENPLUS
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STD 4 - TERM 3

SCIENCE

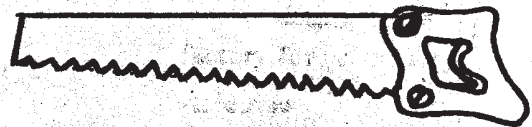
Time: 1 hr 40 mins

- Air in motion is called _____.
A. water
B. smoke
C. temperature
D. wind
- Which one of the following is not made from plants?
A. Paper
B. Clothes
C. Medicines
D. Water
- People weed during the ____ season.
A. dry B. rainy
C. windy D. wet
- Coffee _____ are harvested and taken to the factory for processing.
A. leaves B. berries
C. stones D. boll
- Which of the following sources of light is not natural?



- All the following are importance of brushing teeth except _____.
A. to prevent tooth decay
B. to avoid sugary foods
C. to provide fresh breath in the mouth
D. to remove food particles from the mouth

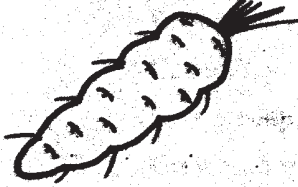
- When eating some food, we bite using _____.
A. incisors B. premolars
C. canines D. molars
- Which one of the following is a domestic use of water?
A. Used for fishing
B. Ferrying people
C. Washing utensils
D. Watering crops
- For an animal to grow healthy it should be provided with the following except _____.
A. food B. water
C. excreta D. shelter
- Name the tool shown below



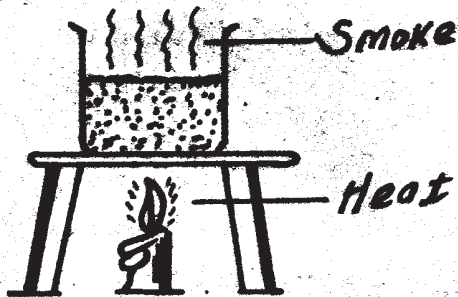
- A. spade B. hammer
C. rake D. saw

Study the weather diagram below and answer questions 11-14

Day	Morning	Afternoon
Mon		
Tue		
Wed		
Thur		
Frid		
Sat		
Sun		

11. The table shown above is called weather _____
- station
 - record
 - picture
 - chart
12. Which day was the hottest ?
- Monday
 - Wednesday
 - Sunday
 - Tuesday
13. On which two days will clothes dry well?
- Monday and Tuesday
 - Friday and Saturday
 - Sunday and Monday
 - Tuesday and Friday
14. On which day did it rain only in the afternoon?
- Monday
 - Friday
 - Thursday
 - Tuesday
15. Water is stored in the following ways except one. Which one?
- Pipes
 - Tanks
 - Dams
 - Pots
16. Substances that are contained in foods and keep us in good health are called _____
- medicines
 - poison
 - nutrients
 - balanced diet
17. Foods that give us strength to work and play are called _____
- strong foods
 - protective foods
 - energy -giving foods
 - body building foods
18. The following animals are found in the soil except _____
- earthworm
 - grasshoppers
 - safari ants
 - termites
19. The plant shown here is a _____
- 
- tuber
 - fruit
 - legume
 - cereal
20. The type of clouds that look like cotton wool and have a flat bottom are called _____
- nimbus
 - cirrus
 - cumulus
 - stratus
21. Meat from goats is called _____
- beef
 - white
 - mutton
 - broiler
22. Farmers control the growth of weeds in a farm by all the following methods except _____
- use of chemicals
 - mulching
 - adding fertilizers
 - uprooting
23. At about what age do teeth begin to grow in a child?
- Three months
 - Six months
 - Nine months
 - Six years
24. Tea and coffee are _____ crops.
- beverage
 - cereal
 - fibre
 - tuber

25. Which one of the following does not make up organic matter in the soil?
- Dead parts of animals
 - Broken glasses and pots
 - Waste from animals
 - Dead rotting plants
26. Animals kept at home for recreational purposes are called- _____
- dogs
 - pets
 - pests
 - domestic
27. The experiment below was done by std 4 pupils



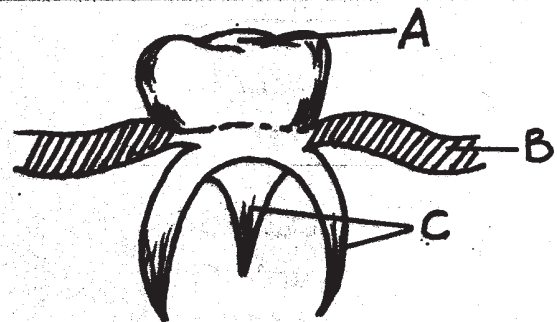
What was being investigated?

- Water
 - Living things
 - Humus
 - Mineral salts
28. Which type of tooth is very broad and has a rough surface?
- Canine
 - Incisors
 - Gum
 - Molars
29. A tooth doctor is called _____
- optician
 - dentist
 - nurse
 - teeth doctor
30. Artificial teeth are also called _____
- wisdom
 - dentures
 - milk
 - deciduous
31. Tooth decay is also known as _____
- cavities

- gingivitis
 - bad breath
 - dental carries
32. Watering of crops in the farm is called _____
- weeding
 - recreation
 - irrigation
 - fountain
33. The following are sources of water except _____
- rain
 - lake
 - tank
 - well
34. Which group are examples of fibre crops?
- Cotton and sisal
 - Coconut and groundnuts
 - Sunflower and coconut
 - Cotton and sunflower

Use the diagram below to answer questions 35 and

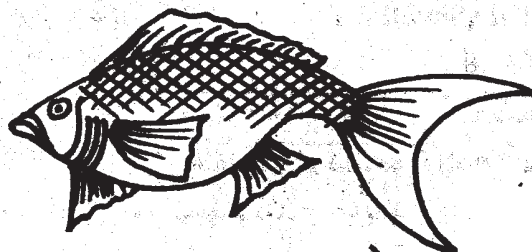
36



35. Name the parts named AB and C respectively
- Gum, roots, ridges
 - Ridges, gum, roots
 - Roots, gum, ridges
 - Ridges, roots, gum
36. Name the tooth drawn above
- molar
 - premolar
 - canine
 - incisors
37. AIDS is caused by _____
- syndrome
 - HIV

- C. Immunity
D. Deficiency
38. Which of the following lists consist of protective food only?
A. Beef, maize, potatoes
B. Carrots, ripe bananas, tomatoes
C. Mutton, cassava, pawpaw
D. Fish, beans, termites
39. The cutting of wool in sheep is called ____
A. shaving
B. shearing
C. slaughtering
D. castrating
40. Which of the following is the odd one out?
A. Maize B. Wheat
C. Millet D. Carrots
41. Which one of the following is not a component of the soil?
A. Clay soil
B. Humus
C. Air
D. Living things
42. We filter water using ____
A. sieve
B. germs
C. piece of cloth
D. soil
43. Which one of the following animals does not protect itself by stinging?
A. Wasp
B. Bee
C. Caterpillar
D. Scorpion
44. Which one of the following body organs acts as a sense of sight?
A. Ear
B. Nose
C. Skin
D. Eye

45. Animals die because of the following ways except ____
A. removing waste
B. reaching old age
C. accidents
D. diseases
46. Which of the following is not a simple machine?
A. Bicycle
B. Hammer
C. Saw
D. Spade
47. The animal below breath by means of ____



- A. lungs
B. skin
C. gills
D. swimming
48. The following are table manners except ____
A. eating with mouth closed
B. licking fingers
C. chewing food properly
C. not talking while eating
49. Wool is used to make the following except ____
A. shoes
B. blankets
C. sweater
D. scarfs
50. The following are domestic animals except ____
A. dog
B. house
C. chicken
D. owl

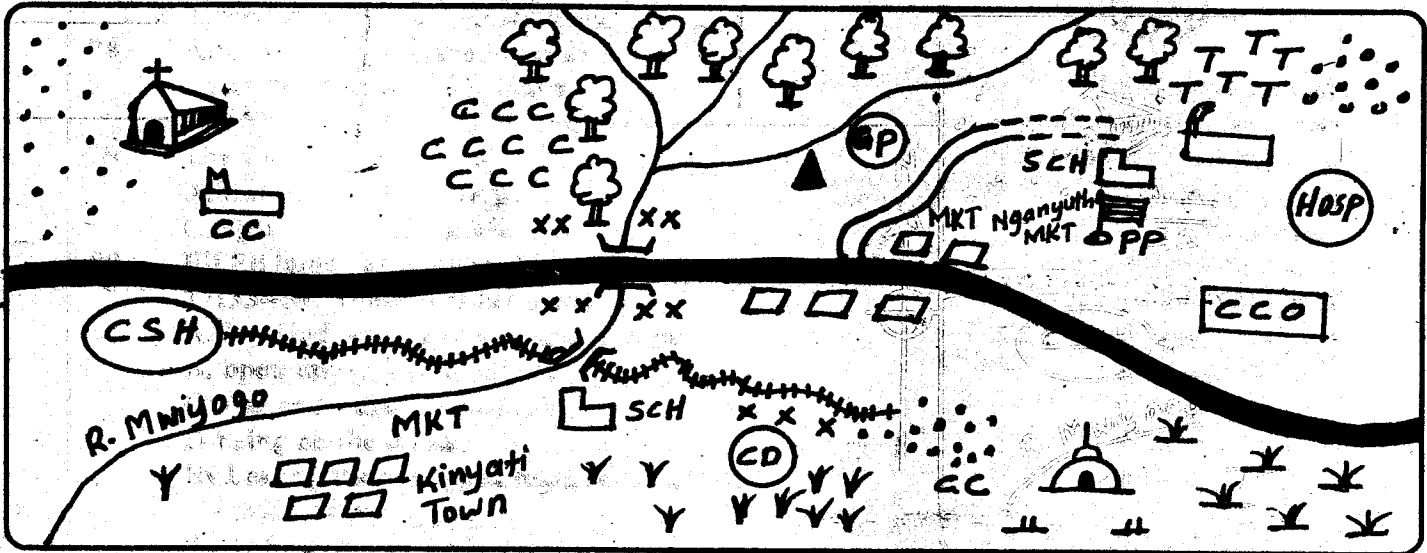
KIRINYAGA COUNTY

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STD 4 - TERM 3

SOCIAL STUDIES / C.R.E. Time : 2 hrs 15 min

KIBITHUI AREA



KEY

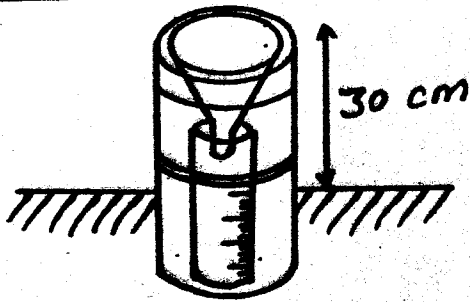
	Tarmac road		Mosque		School
	Dry weather road		County Council Office		Settlement/houses/huts
	Murrum road		Police post		Scrubs and grass
	Railway		Tea		Forest
	River and bridge		Coffee		Hill
	Permanent building		Hospital		Market
	Church		Game Park		Chief's Camp
	Cattle Dip		County Slaughter House		

Study the map of **KIBITHUI AREA** above and answer questions 1-7

- The economic activity likely to be carried out at the Southern part of Kibithui is ____
 A. mixed farming B. crop farming
 C. pastoralism D. mono cropping
- The general flow of R. Mwiyo is ____
 A. South B. North
 C. South east D. South West
- People of Northern part of Kibithui area are ____
 A. Pagans B. Muslims

- C. Christians D. Hindus
 A thief was caught at Nganyuth market. He was taken to ____
 A. police post B. school
 C. hospital D. county council office
- The highest administrator at Kibithui area is
 A. chief B. Assistant Chief
 C. D.O D. Governor
- The railway line on the map is likely to transport ____
 A. tourist B. police C. tree D. livestock
- The man made feature at the point XXX is

A. river B. water C. bridge D. tank
 Use the diagram below to answer the question below



8. The instrument shown above is placed 30cm above the ground in order _____
 A. to be seen by the pupils
 B. to prevent water from splashing into the container
 C. to collect more water
 D. to make water warm
9. Rainfall is measured in _____ units.
 A. millimetres B. millilitres
 C. kilograms D. centilitres
10. On 12th December we celebrate _____
 A. Mashujaa day B. Madaraka day
 C. Jamhuri day D. Labour day
11. Green light in traffic lights tells us to _____
 A. stop B. run away
 C. cross D. get ready
12. The removal of top soil by water is called _____
 A. washing B. erosion
 C. floods D. dust
13. People walking by the road are called _____
 A. passengers B. pedestrians
 C. passerby D. walkers
14. Our county is headed by _____
 A. President B. Deputy President
 C. Governor D. Chief
15. Money brought from other countries is called _____
 A. dollar B. foreign currency
 C. shilling D. imports
16. When people depend on each other it is called _____
 A. interdependence B. independence
 C. culture D. get together
17. _____ are people who speak in a similar manner and use words that are related.
 A. Community B. Asian
 C. Language group D. language barrier
18. People who move from one place to another with their animals are called _____
 A. Maasai B. Samburu
 C. pastoralists D. grazers
19. _____ is a person who belongs to a particular country.
 A. Foreigners B. Citizen C. Christian D. Police

20. _____ is a place where beef cattle are kept.
 A. Ranch B. Lunch
 C. Boma D. Cattle dip
21. In the past people used to the following method of communication. Which one is not?
 A. Drumming B. Ululation
 C. Send young people D. Television
22. Perishable goods eg flowers are transported by _____
 A. railway B. road C. air D. water
23. This is a map of _____



- A. Kenya B. County C. District D. Shamba
24. The two peaks of Aberdare ranges are _____
 A. Kinangop and Lasasuma
 B. Lasasuma and Batian
 C. Nelion and Kinangop
 D. Lenana and Batian
25. The colour at the bottom of our flag represent?
 A. Peace B. Vegetation
 C. Blood D. People
26. A place where there are many people living is said to be _____ populated.
 A. densely B. sparsely
 C. nuclear D. linear
27. As Juma was walking from school, the shadow pointed towards _____
 A. North B. East C. West D. South
28. The exchange of good for good is called _____ trade.
 A. exchange B. market
 C. barter D. currency
29. Rivers that dry up during dry season are called _____ rivers.
 A. tributaries B. permanent
 C. dry D. seasonal
30. Small rivers that join the big river are called _____
 A. tributaries B. swamps
 C. channels D. lakes
31. In the olden days children were taught by their _____
 A. church elders B. agemates
 C. classmates D. elders
32. Father, mother and children make up a _____ family.

- A. extended B. nuclear
C. clan D. community
33. The way of life is called _____
A. culture B. food C. clothes D. cattle
34. Who among the following is not a member of the county Assembly?
A. Speaker B. Deputy Governor
C. Member from the youth
D. Elected members from ward
35. In the past sick people were treated by _____
A. veterinary B. medicman
C. doctor D. Nurse
36. Most of people in Nyeri county are _____
A. doctors B. farmers
C. teachers D. drivers
37. Pigs are mainly kept for _____
A. wool B. skin C. pork D. milk
38. Growing of trees together with crops is called _____
A. afforestation B. deforestation
C. re-afforestation D. agroforestry
39. The activity of travelling from one place to another for pleasure is called _____
A. tourism B. leisure
C. passenger D. wildlife
40. People who made tools from iron were known as _____
A. witchdoctors B. herbalists
C. blacksmiths D. carpenter
41. A place where rules of a country are made is called _____
A. parliament B. county C. ward D. District
42. _____ are things people have and can use to make their lives better.
A. Cars B. Computers C. Resources D. food
43. The following are traditional ceremonies. Which one is not?
A. Naming ceremony
B. Initiation ceremony
C. Christmass ceremony
D. Circumcision ceremony
44. Making of thing like pens, papers and clothes is called _____
A. manufacturing B. tailoring
C. trading D. transporting
45. A cash crop found in our county that is used to make beverages is _____
A. cocoa B. wheat C. coffee D. avocados
46. The road sign shown means _____



- A. road is crossed B. there is a junction
C. Hospital D. roundabout
47. Democracy in the school is shown in the following ways except _____
A. choosing prefects B. sharing ideas
C. choosing clubs D. choosing hiding places
48. Which one is the main language group in our county?
A. Bantu B. Cushites C. Nilotes D. Semites
49. Food, clothes and shelter are called _____
A. Basic need B. Secondary need
C. Social need D. Economic need
50. Rain, sunshine, wind, clouds are _____ of wealth.
A. seasonal B. element
C. climate D. farming
51. The best time of the day to do winnowing is _____
A. rainy B. cloudy C. sunshine D. windy
52. The physical feature marked X and Y are called _____
-
- A. valley and a hill B. River and hill
C. Plain and hill D. Lake and swamp
53. _____ is a large area of water surrounded by land.
A. River B. Stream
C. Plains D. Lake
54. Which one of the following National parks is found in Nyeri county?
A. Aberdare B. Nakuru
C. Maasai mara D. Amboseli
55. One of the following was a traditional industry?
A. Weaving B. paper making
C. Refining D. Milk processing
56. The main work of police is to _____
A. guard people B. salute us
C. chase thieves D. keep law and order
57. Which of the following is a moral values?
A. Honest B. Corruption
C. Robbery D. Stealing
58. Acacia and cactus grow in _____ vegetation.
A. wet B. rainy
C. dry D. mountains
59. Members of county assembly represents an area called _____
A. constituency B. district
C. county D. ward
60. Which one of the following is not a symbol of National unity?
A. National Anthem B. National Flag
C. Court of arms D. National holiday

CRE

61. Which of the following is a bad effect of weather?
A. Floods B. Rain
C. Warm temperature D. Calm wind
62. Jesus raised Lazarus to show that he had power over ____
A. nature B. people C. death D. sickness
63. Buying and selling things in the temple showed ____
A. order in the temple
B. people feared God
C. respect to the house of God
D. disrespect to the house of God
64. The small boy who gave his five loaves of bread and two fish showed that he was ____
A. selfish B. unselfish
C. greedy D. unkind
65. Jesus prayed in the garden of ____
A. Golgotha B. Eden
C. Gethsemane D. Jordan
66. Which one of the following is a way of giving service at home?
A. Playing football B. Fetching firewood
C. Stealing D. Fighting
67. Who among the following made the right choice?
A. Anania B. Judas C. Saphira D. ham
68. Jesus was baptised by ____
A. John the disciple B. John the baptised
C. Simon peter D. sons of Zebedee
69. A group of people who believe that Jesus Christ is their lord and saviour is called ____
A. Jesus community
B. Bulhaism community
C. Islam community
D. Christian community
70. Moses married Zipporah a daughter of a midian priest called ____
A. Aaron B. Elimelech
C. Jethro D. Abraham
71. Jesus overcame evil by being ____
A. prayerful B. brave
C. unfaithful D. preaching
72. Jesus was tempted by the devil after ____
A. crucifixion B. birth
C. baptism D. resurrection
73. Who among the following were sisters of Lazarus?
A. Mary and Martha C. Mary and Elizabeth
C. Martha and Naomi D. Ruth and Naomi
74. Eli the priest was helped by ____ in the temple.
A. Zachariah B. Samwel
C. Elikanah D. Jesus
75. The early followers of Jesus Christ were first called Christian at ____
A. Jerusalem B. Jericho
C. Bethlhem D. Antioch
76. Solomon asked God to give him one of the following. Which one?
A. Money B. Long life
C. Wisdom D. Friends
77. The following items should be shared except-
A. food B. house C. toothbrush D. wealth
78. After the floods in the times of Noah the water dried up after ____ days.
A. 150 B. 50 C. 140 D. 40
79. The Luo call their God ____
A. Mulungu B. Murungu
C. Ngai D. Nyasaye
80. Eli Eli lama Sabachthani Matthew 27:33--50. These words means ____
A. My God why have you abandon me
B. open up
C. rise and walk
D. being on the cross
81. By healing the paralysed man, Jesus showed he had power ____
A. to forgive sins and heal the sick
B. over nature
C. over death
D. over life
82. We serve the country by doing one of the following. Which one?
A. Playing hid and seek B. Burning charcoal
C. Planting trees D. Fighting one another
83. Sharing work make work all the following except ____
A. easier B. enjoyable
C. promote unity D. promote hatred
84. Jesus means ____
A. saviour B. Christ
C. Immanuel D. wonderful councillor
85. Elimelech the husband of Ruth went to Moab to look for ____
A. land B. cattle C. food D. water
86. When God called Moses, he said he was the God of all the following except- ____
A. Jacob B. Isaac C. Abraham D. David
87. Adam and Eve were given the garden of ____
A. Gethsemane B. Eden C. Jordan D. Canaan
88. The mother of Jesus Christ was known as ____
A. Elizabeth B. Ruth C. Mary D. Naomi
89. David son of Jese killed a Philistine called ____
A. Goliath B. Samson C. Saul D. Jonathan
90. All the following are elements weather except ____
A. cloud B. wind C. water D. rain

KIRINYAGA COUNTY

PENPLUS
KIRINYAGA

STD 4 - TERM 3

MARKING SCHEME

MATHS		ENGLISH		KISWAHILI		SCIENCE		S/ STUDIES CRE		
1.A	31. D	1.C	31. A	1:B	31. C	1.D	31. A	1. C	31. D	61. A
2.B	32. A	2.B	32. C	2.C	32. B	2.D	32. C	2. D	32. B	62. C
3. D	33. B	3. A	33. B	3. D	33. D	3. D	33. C	3. C	33. A	63. D
4. C	34. C	4. D	34. C	4. C	34. B	4. B	34. A	4. A	34. A	64. B
5. B	35. A	5. D	35. A	5. A	35. B	5. A	35. B	5. D	35. B	65. C
6. A	36. D	6. B	36. D	6. B	36. C	6. B	36. A	6. D	36. B	66. B
7. C	37. D	7. B	37. B	7. B	37. A	7. A	37. B	7. C	37. C	67. D
8. A	38. A	8. C	38. D	8. A	38. D	8. C	38. B	8. B	38. D	68. B
9.D	39. D	9.C	39. C	9.C	39. B	9.C	39. B	9. A	39. A	69. D
10.B	40. C	10.B	40. A	10.D	40. A	10.D	40. D	10.C	40. C	70. C
11.A	41. C	11.C	41. B	11.B	41. B	11.D	41. A	11. C	41. A	71. A
12. C	42. B	12. A	42. B	12. C	42. D	12. B	42. C	12. B	42. C	72. C
13. B	43.D	13. C	43.D	13. A	43.C	13. D	43.C	13. B	43. C	73. A
14. D	44.A	14. B	44.A	14. D	44.A	14. A	44.D	14. C	44. A	74. B
15. A	45. A	15. D	45. C	15. B	45. C	15. A	45. A	15. B	45. C	75. D
16. C	46. C	16. D	46. C	16. D	46. A	16. C	46. A	16. A	46. B	76. C
17. B	47. B	17. C	47. B	17. B	47. B	17. C	47. C	17. C	47. D	77. C
18. A	48. B	18. D	48. D	18. B	48. A	18. B	48. B	18. C	48. A	78. A
19. C	49. D	19. C	49. C	19. A	49. A	19. A	49. A	19. B	49. A	79. D
20. D	50. D	20. A	50. D	20. C	50. C	20. C	50. D	20. A	50. B	80. A
21. A		21. D		21. C		21. C		21. D	51. D	81. A
22. B		22. D		22. E		22. C		22. A	52. A	82. C
23. B		23. A		23. A		23. B		23. A	53.D	83. D
24. C		24. B		24. B		24. A		24. A	54. A	84. A
25.D		25.C		25.D		25.B		25. B	55. A	85. C
26. A		26. B		26.		26. B		26. A	56. D	86. D
27. C		27. A		27. C		27. C		27. C	57. A	87. B
28. C		28. D		28. C		28. D		28.C	58. C	88. C
29. A		29. C		29. D		29. B		29. D	59. D	89. A
30. B		30. B		30. D		30. B		30. A	60. D	90. C

COMPOSITION / INSHA MARKING SCHEME

MARKING CRITERION

- The composition will be assessed according to the following general guidelines.
 - The maximum mark will be 40 and minimum mark 01
 - Does the script show that the candidate can communicate accurately, fluently and imaginatively in English.

Accuracy (16 Marks)

- | | |
|---|--|
| (a) Correct tense and agreement of verbs (4marks) | (b) Accurate use of vocabulary (4 marks) |
| (c) Correct spelling (4marks) | (d) Correct punctuation (4marks) |

Fluency (16 marks)

- | | |
|---|--|
| (a) Work in the correct order (4 marks) | (b) Sentences connected and paragraphs (4 marks) |
| (c) Correct spelling (4marks) | (d) Ideas developed in a logic sequence (4marks) |

Imagination (8 marks)

- | |
|--|
| (a) Unusual but appropriate use of words and phrases (4 marks) |
| (b) Variety of structure (4marks) |

NB: Please teachers are requested to scrutinize this marking scheme before use. it is worth