NANDI COUNTY

STD 4 - TERM 3
COMPOSITION

PENPLUS NANDI

Time: 40 mins

YOUR NAME	
NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL	

Write an interesting composition using the title:-

"HOW I CELEBRATED THE MADARAKA DAY"

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NANDI COUNTY
STD 4 - TERM 3
ENGLISH

PENPLUS NANDI

Time:1 hrs 40 mins

Read the passage below. It contains blank spaces numbered 1 - 15. For each of the blank space, choose the best alternative.

Once upon __1__ time, __2__ was __3__ old woman __4__ had __5__ children. She lived __6__ in __7__ house. It was __8__ of timber __9__ iron sheets. She was pretending __10__ be friendly to children __11__ she wasn't. One evening she was cooking __12__ porridge. She __13__ voices of children coming to her house. She __14__ picked up the hot pot. __15__ she was placing it on a shelf it dropped down spilling hot porridge on her whole body.

1. A. a   B. an   C. the   D. for
2. A. their   B. they   C. there   D. them
3. A. un   B. the   C. a   D. an
4. A. she   B. who   C. which   D. he
5. A. any   B. no   C. some   D. many
6. A. a lone   B. harun   C. lonely   D. alone
7. A. their   B. his   C. her   D. she
8. A. built   B. build   C. made   D. bilt
9. A. and   B. then   C. as   D. out
10. A. and   B. for   C. to   D. of
11. A. so   B. and   C. as   D. but
12. A. any   B. some   C. no   D. many
13. A. heard   B. had   C. herd   D. hand
14. A. hurriedly   B. slowly   C. hurridly   D. huryedly
15. A. Then   B. What   C. When   D. That

Choose the correct alternative to complete the sentenses.

16. A lion roars. What do ducks do?

    A. Bellow   B. Bleat

    Quack   D. His

17. Sitting on a sofaset is _____ comfortable than a chair.

    A. as   B. coal

    C. too   D. more

18. Asha was as black as _____

    A. snow   B. coat

    C. dark   D. soil

19. The dog ran away _____ the fence.

    A. on   B. over

    C. through   D. above

20. Joan was the _____ girl in her class.

   A. most beautiful   B. beautiful

   C. more beautiful   D. beauty

21. A carpenter makes furniture. What does a conductor do?

   A. issues tickets

   B. flies an aeroplane

   C. drives a nissan

   D. drives a bus

Fill in the blank with where, what or who.

22. The classteacher couldn't remember _____ he had kept her register.

   A. what   B. who

   C. where   D. whom

23. What is the opposite of he word 'shallow'?

   A. Narrow   B. Depth

   C. Wide   D. Deep

24. As hard as _____

   A. coal   B. blackboard

   C. sky   D. stone

25. What is a young one of a rabbit called?

   A. Kid   B. Doe

   C. Buck   D. Calf

Read the passage below then answer questions 26 - 38.

A long time ago, there was an old peasant. He lived with his wife and children. The children were called Odongo and Akinyi. The house in which they lived was built of bricks. One day Muthoni, the mother of the children fell sick. Odero, the father of the children took her to a nearby hospital. She was admitted. After two days, the woman passed away.

26. What was the old man?

   A. Farmer

   B. Doctor

   C. Teacher

   D. Carpenter

27. The type of family mentioned was likely to be _____

   A. nuclear

   B. extended

   C. single

   D. rich

28. The son of the old man was called

   _____

   A. Akinyi

   B. Odongo

   C. Muthoni

   D. Odero

29. Bricks are made of _____

   A. cement

   B. wood

   C. soil

   D. metal

30. The mother of the children died _____

   A. at home

   B. in a dispensary

   C. in the garden

   D. in a hospital

31. What was the name of Muthoni's husband?
   A. Odongo
   B. Odero
   C. Akinyi
   D. We are not told

32. The story in the passage above can be described as _____
   A. pleasant
   B. interesting
   C. shocking
   D. boring

33. A person who treats sick in a hospital is called a _____
   A. doctor
   B. patient
   C. mason
   D. matron

34. After two days, the woman passed away. This means the same as
   _____
   A. she died
   B. she delivered
   C. she went ahead
   D. she past

35. The word 'old' is mentioned in the passage. The opposite of old as used in the passage is _____

   A. ancient
   B. new
   C. young
   D. knew

36. Muthoni was sick _____
   A. for a long time
   B. for a short time
   C. for a week
   D. for a while

37. The mother of the children fell sick. The present tense of the word fell is

   _____
   A. falling
   B. feel
   C. fall
   D. feeling

38. The family mentioned above was

   _____
   A. rich
   B. strong
   C. wealthy
   D. ordinary

39. The BEST title for this passage could be _____
   A. The old peasant
   B. The orphans
   C. Muthoni
   D. Odero

Read the following passage carefully then answer questions 40 - 50.

One day Musa's grandfather found Musa on a tree in the orchard. He said, "Why do you like playing on trees? Don't you remember that Mwangi, the son of Gicheche fell from a tree, his leg got broken and he almost died? You must stop it."

"I remember very well. I'm very sorry. I'll not repeat it," Musa said. After fortnight Musa was up on another tree again. He had forgotten the warning. He stepped on a thin

branch. It got broken and he fell down. He broke his hand and cried in great pain.

The grandfather found him crying and said, "Musa! Didn't I warn you? Do you see what has happened to you now?"

40. Why do you think Musa was on the tree?

A. To play
B. To pick fruits
C. To dance
D. To look for firewood

41. Who is said to have almost died?

A. Musa
B. Mwangi
C. Gicheche
D. Grandfather

42. The character of Mwangi was LIKELY to be _____

A. obedient
B. honest
C. trusted
D. disobedient

43. Mwangi fell down because he _____

A. slipped
B. slept
C. jumped
D. played

44. Mwangi cried because he _____

A. broke his leg
B. was beaten
C. fell pain
D. was dishonest

45. The word 'fortnight' means _____

A. one week
B. one month

C. two weeks
D. one year

46. Which warning had Mwangi forgotten?

A. Not to play
B. Not to fall down
C. Not to eat fruits
D. Not to climb trees

47. Who had fallen from a tree earlier?

A. Musa
B. Gicheche
C. Grandfather
D. Beat Mwangi

48. What do you think Musa's grandfather did?

A. Took Mwangi to hospital
B. Mwangi
C. Took Mwangi to the headteacher
D. Killed Mwangi

49. The passage above helps us to know the importance of __ _____

A. despline
B. deceplane
C. discipline
D. disipline

50. The BEST title for the passage is

_____

A. The grandfather
B. The naughty boy
C. Mwangi
D. Musa

WILAYA YA NANDI
DARASA LA NNE MUHULA WA TATU
INSHA

PENPLUS NANDI

Muda: Dakika. 40

JINA LAKO		JINA LAK
JINA LA SHULE YAKO		JINA LA S

Andika Insha kuhusu;

"CHAKULA NIKIPENDACHO"

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WILAYA YA NANDI
DARASA LA NNE MUHULA WA TATU
KISWAHILI

PENPLUS NANDI

Muda: Saa 1 Dakika 40

Jaza mianya kwa majibu sahihi kwa swali 1-15.

Kuku ___1___ mayai ___2___ sana. Mayai hayo yaliwekwa kwenye choto kisha ___3___ kwa muda wa ___4___ matatu hivi kisha ___5___ vifaranga ___6___ walikuwa na rangi tofauti. Kuku alilinda vifaranga ___7___ wasiliwe na ___8___.

Siku ___9___ kuku aliwaficha vifaranga kwenye mbawa ___10___. Mwewe naye alifanya ujanja na kuangusha punje ___11___ mahindi karibu. Kuku ___12___ na kuangukia kwenye mlo wake. Kuku huyo ___13___ mahindi kwa furaha bila kufahamu ujanja wa mwewe. Mwewe aliwavamia vifaranga na kumchukua ___14___. Kuku alimlilia kifaranga wake lakini kilio si ___15___.

1. A. alizaa   B. aliangua   C. alitaga   D. aliteka
2. A. mengi   B. mingi   C. wengi   D. mwingi
3. A. aliyalalia   B. akayaatumia   C. akayavamia   D. akayakalia
4. A. wiki   B. juma   C. miezi   D. majuma
5. A. yakaanguliwa   B. yakaliwa   C. yakatolewa   D. yakatozwa
6. A. ambavyo   B. ambayo   C. ambaye   D. ambao
7. A. wake   B. vyake   C. vyao   D. zao
8. A. jogoo   B. mbuni   C. mwewe   D. njiwa
9. A. mmoja   B. kimoja   C. moja   D. mocha
10. A. yake   B. zake   C. yao   D. lao
11. A. la   B. ya   C. za   D. wao
12. A. alipuruka   B. alianguka   C. alidandia   D. alizama
13. A. alitafuna   B. alikekela   C. aliyadona   D. aliyagegeda
14. A. kimoja   B. mmoja   C. moja   D. wamoja
15. A. kizuri   B. dawa   C. tatizo   D. kibaya

Jibu maswali nambari 16 - 30 kwa kufuata maagizo yaliyotolewa.

16. Andika sentensi hii katika wingi;

    Ubao utavunjika.

    A. Bao zitavunjika

    B. Mabao yatavunjika

    C. Bao yatavunjika

    D. Mbao zitavunjika

17. Kanusha; Sisi hula asubuhi.

    A. Sisi hatukuli asubuhi.

    B. Sisi hatulangi asubuhi

    C. Sisi hatuli asubuhi.

    D. Sisi hukula asubuhi

18. Alinunua kalamu _____ wino mwekundu.

    A. chenye   B. mwenye

    C. lenye   D. yenye

19. Chagua kiulizi sahihi;

    Amefunga mlango kwa ufunguo

    _____?

    A. upi   B. lipi

    C. ipi   D. zipi

20. Daktari huitwa tabibu au _____.

    A. muuguzi   B. nesi

    C. mganga   D. mchawi

21. Chagua kiambishi sahihi.

    Chungu _____ ko mekoni.

    A. i   B. li   C. u   D. ki

22. Jaza pengo;

    Wayo ni kwa mwanadamu, _____ ni

    kwa ng'ombe.

    A. kiatu   B. mguu

    C. teke   D. kwato

23. Kamilisha methali ifuatayo.

    Baada ya kisa ni _____

    A. faraja   B. kifo

    C. mkasa   D. kitendo

24. Jina 'dawati' liko katika ngeli gani?

    A. LI-YA   B. I-ZI

    C. U-ZI   D. YA - YA

25. Tumia idadi ifaayo;

    Wakulima _____ watasafiri.

    A. wasita   B. kumi na moja

    C. wakumi   D. wanane

26. Kinda ni mtoto wa _____

    A. ndege   B. kuku

    C. nyoka   D. mbwa

27. Taja jina la umbo hili;

    A. Moyo   B. Roho

    C. Mapenzi   D. Kopa

28. Mtu asiyeweza kusikia huitwaje?

    A. Kipofu   B. Kiwete

    C. Kibyongo   D. Kiziwi

29. Tunaliitaje jiko la makaa?

    A. Meko   B. Stima

    C. Seredani   D. Dohani

30. Tegua kitendawili kifuatacho.

    Nyumba ya baba ina wageni wengi.

    A. Soko   B. Kanisa

    C. Shule   D. Ulimwengu

Soma taarifa ifuatayo kisha ujibu maswali 31 - 40.

Hapo zamani wanyama walikuwa wakishiriki katika michezo mbalimbali mara moja kwa mwaka. Wakati huu wa michezo, kila mnyama, ndege na hata samaki walikuwa wanaalikwa na mfalme tembo.

Wanyama hawa walikuwa wanashiriki katika michezo mbalimbali kama vile kushindana mbio, kuogelea, kupigana ngumi na mateke na michezo mingineyo.

Pundamilia alikuwa anashinda kila mara katika mchezo wa kupigana mateke. Mbuni naye alikuwa akishindana mbio zote. Rekodi ya papa katika kuogelea iliwashinda wengi kuivunja.

Kila mwaka, mheshimiwa kinyonga alikuwa akialikwa kuja kushabikia mchezo wake wa kupigana ngumi na mateke. Alikuwa akiupenda kama chanda na pete. Katika mchezo huu, kinyonga alipata maarifa mengi hasa siku ile. Pundamilia alimshinda simba kwa kumpiga teke lililomuumiza.

Michezo ilipofika kikomo saa kumi na moja siku hiyo, washindi wakatangazwa na katibu bwana Ngiri na kutuzwa zawadi kochokocho.

31. Wanyama walikuwa wakifanya michezo mara ngapi kwa mwaka?
    - A. Mbili
    - B. Moja
    - C. Tano
    - D. Kumi
32. Kulingana na taarifa ni mchezo upi ambao haukupendwa na wanyama?
    - A. Kuogelea
    - B. Mbio
    - C. Kupigana
    - D. Kuimba
33. Ni nani aliyekuwa mshindi katika mchezo wa kupigana mateke?
    - A. Pundamilia
    - B. Simba
    - C. Kinyonga
    - D. Papa
34. Kulingana na hadithi, makao yake papa ni wapi?
    - A. Mitini
    - B. Nyumbani
    - C. Majini
    - D. Mwituni
35. Ni wakati gani katika michezo ambao kinyonga alipata maarifa mengi?
    - A. Pundamilia alipomshinda simba
    - B. Simba alipomshinda pundamilia
    - C. Papa alipoogelea akashinda
    - D. Mbuni alipomshinda ngiri.

36. Mbuni alipokea zawadi kwa kushinda mchezo upi?
    - A. Kuogelea
    - B. Mbio
    - C. Kuimba
    - D. Kucheza
37. Neno 'kochokocho' limetumika katika ufahamu. Neno hii lina maana ya
    _____
    - A. chache
    - B. ndogo
    - C. kwa wingi
    - D. tele
38. Ni nani aliyekuwa katibu wa mchezo mwaka huo?
    - A. Papa
    - B. Kinyonga
    - C. Ngiri
    - D. Ndovu
39. Neno lenye maana sawa na 'tembo' ni
    _____
    - A. ndovu
    - B. simba
    - C. mbuni
    - D. papa
40. Kichwa mwafaka cha hadithi hii ni
    _____
    - A. Hapo zamani
    - B. Wanyama na mbuni
    - C. Siku ya michezo ya wanyama
    - D. Kupigana mateke

Soma kifungu hiki kisha ujibu maswali 41 - 50.

Nyoteyo ni msichana mwenye umri wa miaka kumi na miwili. Ana bidii sana masomoni, hata wanafunzi wanzake humwita 'nyota'.

Nyoteyo hana wazazi, yeye ni yatima. Yeye ni mwanafunzi katika shule ya msingi ya Naelewa. Wazazi wake waliaga dunia walipovamiwa na wezi nyumbani kwao miaka mitatu iliyopita. Yeye huishi na mjomba wake.

Nyoteyo hupenda rafiki safi. Hapendi kukaa na watoto wachoyo, wachafu, wanaonuka kama beberu, wezi na wasiofanya kazi za walimu. Hupenda kusoma vitabu vingi vya kiswahili na hadithi nzuri. Yeye husema kuwa akimaliza masomo yake angependa kuwa mhubiri ili awahubirie watu amani. Jambo hili ni tofauti na mahitaji ya wenzake.

Kwa kweli hapendi vita. Yeye ni mpole kama mwanakondoo. Huwauliza walimu wake maswali katika masomo yake. Sasa Nyoteyo ndiye kiranja wa darasa lake la tano. Alichaguliwa na mwalimu wake Bwana Furaha kwa sababu ya tabia zake za kuwapendeza wengi. Ni wangapi wangetamani kuwa na tabia kama za Nyoteyo?

41. Nyoteyo alikuwa na miaka mingapi wazazi wake walipokufa?
   A. Kumi na miwili
   B. Sita
   C. Tisa
   D. Kumi

42. Ni akina nani waliowaua wazazi wa Nyoteyo?
   A. Majabazi
   B. Wezi
   C. Wachawi
   D. Askari

43. Nyoteyo hapendi _____
   A. wanafunzi wanaofanya kazi ya mwalimu.
   B. wanafunzi wanaonukia
   C. wanafunzi wasiooga
   D. wanafunzi wanaowatii walimu wao

44. Kulingana na hadithi hii ni kweli kuwa _____
   A. Nyoteyo ni msomaji bora wa vitabu vya kiswahili.
   B. Nyoteyo si yatima.
   C. Nyoteyo anaishi peke yake kwake
   D. Nyoteyo hupenda kukaa na wanafunzi wachoyo

45. Nyoteyo ni mpole kama _____
   A. maji
   B. mwanakondoo
   C. yatima
   D. wazazi wake

46. Tunamaanisha nini tunaposema kuwa "Nyoteyo ni yatima"?
   A. Hapendi wanafunzi wabaya
   B. Yeye ni mwerevu na hana hatia
   C. Anasoma kwa bidii
   D. Hana wazazi

47. Nyoteyo anatamani kuwa nani atakapomaliza masomo yake?
   A. Daktari
   B. Mwimbaji
   C. Msomaji
   D. Mhubiri

48. Nani aliyemchagua Nyoteyo kuwa kiongozi wa darasa lake?
   A. Wanafunzi
   B. Bwana Furaha
   C. Kiranja
   D. Wazazi

49. Nyoteyo alikuwa akiishi kwa _____ wake.
   A. rafiki
   B. mjomba
   C. mwalimu
   D. wanafunzi

50. Hadithi hii inatufundisha nini?
   A. Usiposoma utapita.
   B. Tuwe na upendo na amani maishani.
   C. Kila mwanafunzi ni yatima.
   D. Tusiwaulize walimu maswali mengi darasani
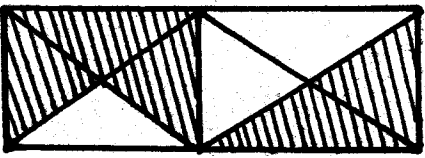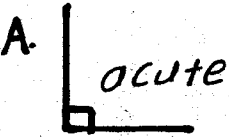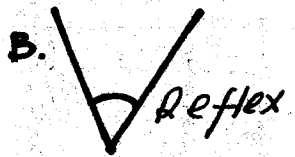
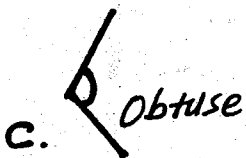# NANDI COUNTY
STD 4 - TERM 3
MATHEMATICS

Time: 2 hrs

PENPLUS NANDI

1. Write five thousand six hundred and ten in numerals.
   A. 5610
   B. 50610
   C. 50006010
   D. 506010

2. What is the place value of digit 6 in 3607?
   A. Tens
   B. Hundreds
   C. One
   D. Thousands

3. Which of these numbers is NOT divisible by both 2 and 5?
   A. 1010
   B. 1000
   C. 1005
   D. 2040

4. What is the total value of digit 3 in 3607?
   A. 300
   B. 30
   C. 3
   D. 3000

5. Which number comes after 4999?
   A. 4090
   B. 5000
   C. 4990
   D. 5001

6. What fraction is shaded?

   A. $5/8$
   B. $8/8$
   C. $1/8$
   D. $3/8$

7. In a certain village, there are 4921 men, 3684 women and 9601 children. How many people are there altogether?
   A. 20481
   B. 18205
   C. 18206
   D. 16982

8. What is an eighth of 96?
   A. 12
   B. 14
   C. 10
   D. 16

9. How many quarter litres of milk are there in 25 kg?
   A. $4^1/_6$
   B. 100
   C. 50
   D. $6^1/_4$

10. Four pupils of Mugunda Primary School were each given $1/_5$ of an orange. What fraction of the orange did they eat altogether?
    A. $1/_5$
    B. $4/_5$
    C. $3/_5$
    D. $2/_5$

11. What is the next number in the sequence?
    12, 14, 16, 18, 20, _____
    A. 24
    B. 23
    C. 21
    D. 22

12. Which of these angles is CORRECTLY matched.

    A. acute
    B. Reflex
    C. Obtuse
    D. Right angle

13. $3/_7 + 2/_7 =$
    A. $5/_7$
    B. $1/_7$
    C. $4/_7$
    D. 0

14. Seventy two books were issued to eight new boys of a certain school. How many books did each boy receive?

A. 8   B. 7

C. 64   D. 9

15. 5609 + ☐ = 9899

A. 5390   B. 5290
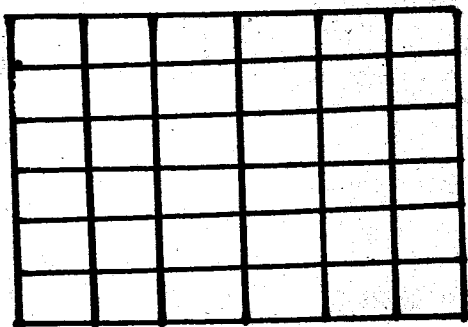
C. 4290   D. 15418

16.
Weeks	Days
3	4
x	4

Wks	days
A. 13	2
B. 14	2
C. 14	6
D. 13	6

17. $\frac{1}{3}$ of ☐ = 8
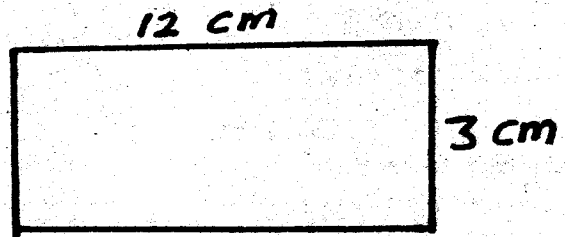
A. 2 $\frac{2}{3}$ B. 24

C. 16   D. $\frac{3}{8}$

18. How many small squares can you count?

A. 32   B. 36   C. 28   D. 9
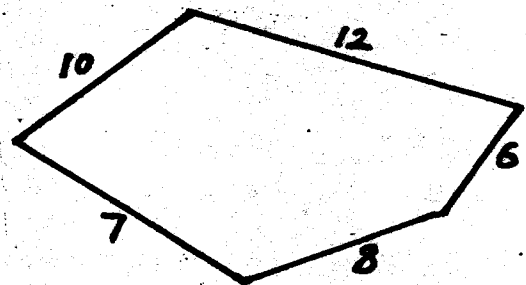
19. Find the perimeter of the figure below

12 cm
3 cm

A. 48 cm   B. 15 cm

C. 24 cm   D. 30 cm

20. Work out;

$$9621$$
$$+ 588$$

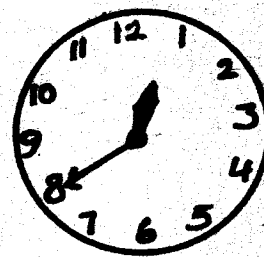A. 10209   B. 10109

C. 9167   D. 11109

21. Waihenya ran round the figure drawn twice. How many metres did he cover?

10   12
7   6
8

A. 43 m   B. 86 m   C. 64 m   D. 72 m

22. What is the time?

A. Twenty minutes to one

B. Eight o'clock

C. 5 minutes past eight

D. Twenty minutes past one

23. Work out;

    3

    x 90
    _____

    _____

    A. 270   B. 273

    C. 27   D. 93

24. One biscuit costs sh. 3. I want to buy
    5 biscuits. How much shall I pay for
    the biscuits?

    A. sh. 18   B. sh. 2

    C. sh. 15   D. sh. 8

25. Convert sh. 9 into cents.

    A. 9000 cts   B. 9 cents

    C. 900 cts   D. 90 cts

26. What is the place value of digit 7 in
    the number 96.07?

    A. 7 tens   B. Ones

    C. Hundredths   D. Tenths

27. Work out;

    6.1

    - 4.52
    _____

    _____

    A. 2.48   B. 2.42

    C. 0.58   D. 1.58

28. Convert 10 m 65 cm into centimeters.

    A. 10065 m   B. 1605 m

    C. 165 m   D. 1065 m

29. Change 4 h 15 min to minutes.

    A. 415 minutes   B. 245 minutes

    C. 255 minutes   D. 240 minutes

30. How many hours are there in 195
    minutes?

    A. $2^3/_4$ hrs   B. $3^1/_4$ hrs

    C. 4 hrs   D. 3 hrs

31. How many kg are there in 24 quarter
    kilograms?

    A. 6kg   B. 48 kg

    C. 96 kg   D. 12 kg

32. $^1/_4$ of 12 =

    A. 6   B. 3

    C. 48   D. 4

33. Weeks   Days

    12   4

    - 5   6
    _____

    _____

    A. 7 wks 1 day

    B. 6 wks 8 days

    C. 6 wks 5 days

    D. 7 wks 2 days

34. The cost of 3 books is sh. 99. What is
    the cost of such one book?

    A. sh. 96   B. sh. 297

    C. sh. 33   D. sh. 23

35. Wangeci had sh. 200.60. She used
    sh. 100.80. How much money did
    she remain with?

    A. 96.80   B. 301.40

    C. 98.20   D. 99.80

36. Write 0.8 as a fraction.

    A. $^{10}/_8$ B. $^8/_{10}$ C. $^8/_{10}$ D. $^2/_{10}$

37. Which of the years below is not a leap
    year?

    A. 2004   B. 2008

    C. 2010   D. 1016

38. $^3/_4 = \Box/_{12}$

    A. 9   B. 8

    C. 6   D. 6

39. <u>Sh.</u>   <u>cts</u>

    16   60

    x   5

    _____

    A. 83.00   B. 80.00

    C. 80.30   D. 82.00

40. Work out;

    <u>m</u>   <u>cm</u>

    8   36

    x   7

    _____

       m   cm

    A. 58   52

    B. 57   52

    C. 58   42   56   42

41. How many days are there in the month of June, July and September?

    A. 90   B. 91

    C. 92   D. 89

42. Halima bought $^2/_4$ kg of sugar, $^1/_4$ kg of tea and $^1/_4$ kg of rice. What was the total mass of the items?

    A. $^1/_4$ kg   B. $^3/_4$ kg

    C. 1 kg   D. $^1/_2$ kg

43. How many litres are there in 24 litres?

    A. 96   B. 6

    C. 12   D. 72

44. How many $^1/_4$ hours are there in 6 days?

    A. 124   B. 132   C. 144   D. 72

45. Work out;

    6|78

    A. 13   B. 18

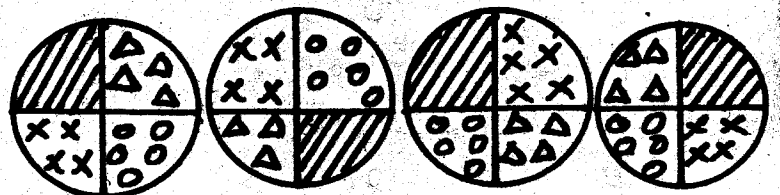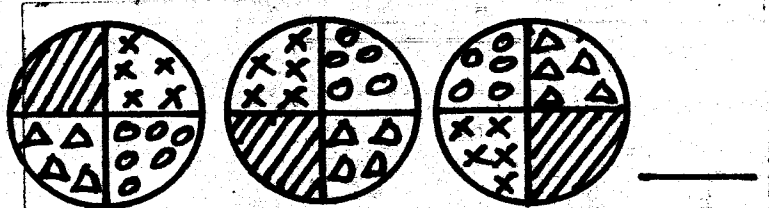   C. 14   D. 6

46. What is the perimeter of a square whose side is 35 cm?

    A. 35 cm   B. 120 cm

    C. 70 cm   D. 140 cm
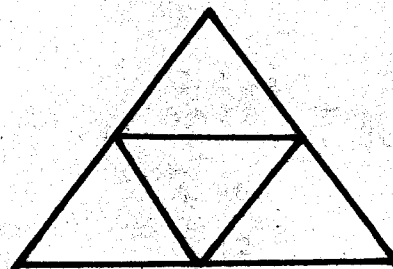
47. What is the approximate mass of a hen?

    A. $^1/_4$ kg   B. 1 kg

    C. 4 kg   D. 35 kg

48. What is the next pattern?

    A.   B.   C.   D.

49. How many triangles can you count?

    A. 7   B. 6   C. 4   D. 5

50. Convert 50.100 as a decimal.

    A. 5.0   B. 0.05

    C. 5.00   D. 0.50

NANDI COUNTY
STD 4 - TERM 3
SCIENCE

PENPLUS NANDI

Time: 1hr 40 mins

1. Which of the following is NOT a type of teeth?
   A. Jaw
   B. Canine
   C. Premolar
   D. Molar

2. _____ teeth have 3 roots.
   A. Premolar
   B. Incisor
   C. Molar
   D. Canine

3. The first teeth grow when a child is ___
   A. 6 years
   B. 6 months
   C. 1 year
   D. 6 weeks

4. The tooth shown below is a _____

   A. premolar   B. molar
   C. canine   D. incisor

5. AIDs can affect _____
   A. adults only
   B. men only
   C. all people
   D. women only

6. AIDs is caused by _____
   A. sydrome
   B. immunity
   C. deficiency
   D. HIV

7. Air in motion is called _____
   A. water
   B. temperature
   C. smoke
   D. wind

8. The sending back of light by a mirror is called _____
   A. reflection
   B. shining
   C. reflector
   D. echo

9. Light helps one to _____ things.
   A. see
   B. smile
   C. shine
   D. reflect

10. People weed during the _____ season.
    A. dry
    B. rainy
    C. windy
    D. wet

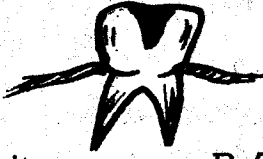11. A snake moves by _____
    A. crawling
    B. walking
    C. slithering
    D. leaping

Use the weather chart below to answer questions 12 - 15.

| Day	Morning	Afternoon
Monday		
Tuesday		
Wednesday		
Thursday		
Friday		

12. Which day was the BEST to carry an umbrella?

A. Thurday   B. Friday
C. Wednesday   D. Monday

18. Which day was the BEST to wash clothes?
A. Friday   B. Wednesday
C. Tuesday   D. Monday

14. On which day did it rain throughout?
A. Thursday   B. Monday
C. Tuesday   D. Friday

15. Windy condition was observed on

_____

A. Wednesday morning
B. Wednesday afternoon
C. Thursday morning
D. Monday afternoon

16. Which of these plants are legumes?
A. Groundnuts and peas
B. Sorghum and maize
C. Coffee and cocoa
D. Spinach and coconut

17. Which one of the following is NOT a cash crop?
A. Sunflower
B. Coffee
C. Maize
D. Tea

18. In the table below which group of food crops is NOT correctly matched with its example?

Group	Example
A. Tubers	Arrowroot
B. Cereals	Groundnuts
C. Vegetables	Spinach
D. Fruits	Apple

19. The two MAIN types of crops are _____
A. food crops and oil crops
B. food crops and cash crops
C. farm crops and cash crops
D. food crops and farm crops

20. The BEST type of soil for farming is
A. sand
B. clay
C. none
D. loam

21. The BEST soil for making ribbons is

_____

A. loam
B. sand
C. all
D. clay

22. Which of the following plants is NOT a spice?
A. Cinamon
B. Garlic
C. Neem
D. Gloves

23. The diagram below shows one of the problems related to teeth. Which problem is it?

A. Cavity   B. Tooth decay
C. Bad smell   D. Bleeding gums

24. The ability of the body to fight against diseases is called _____
A. acquired
B. syndrome
C. deficiency
D. immunity

25. In HIV the letter V stands for _____
A. vain
B. virus
C. volume
D. value

26. Which one of the following is NOT a weed?
A. Black jack
B. Oxalis
C. Sweet potatoes
D. Sodom apple

27. Which weed has small thorns on the stem, purple flowers and yellow fruits when ripe?

A. Pigweed

B. Mexican marigold

C. Oxalis

D. Sodom apple

Study the diagram below and answer questions 28 - 29.
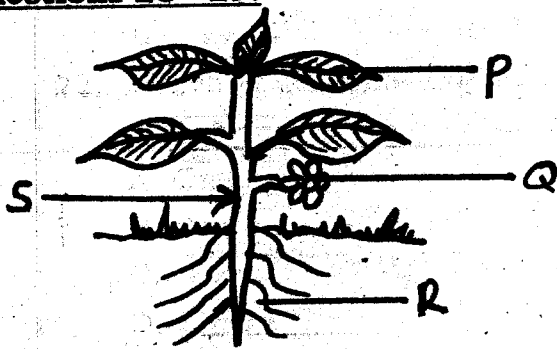
28. Which part produces seeds?

A. P

B. Q

C. R

D. S

29. The part marked R is the _____

A. leaves

B. roots

C. stem

D. flower

30. The following are ways of maintaining healthy teeth. Which one is NOT?

A. Eating sugary foods

B. Eating a balanced diet

C. Visiting a dentist regularly

D. Brushing the teeth after meals

31. An adult person has _____ premolar.

A. 2

B. 4

C. 8

D. 32

32. Unwanted crops in a farm are known as _____

A. weeds

B. food crops

C. cash crops

D. cereals

33. We can separate mud from water by _____

A. boiling

B. pouring

C. transporting

D. filtering

34. Water can be stored in the following containers EXCEPT _____

A. baskets

B. drums

C. pots

D. tanks

35. Which of the following is NOT a special sound?
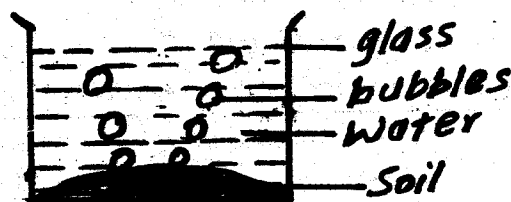
A. Siren

B. Whispering

C. Screaming

D. Bell ringing

36. The way we behave when taking meals is called _____

A. food manners
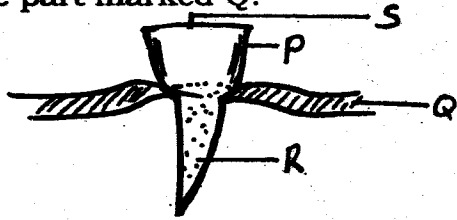
B. house manners

C. tea manners

D. table manners

37. A standard 4 pupil carried out the experiment shown below.

From the experiment, it is TRUE to say that _____

A. soil has bubbles

B. soil has animals

C. soil has water

D. soil has air

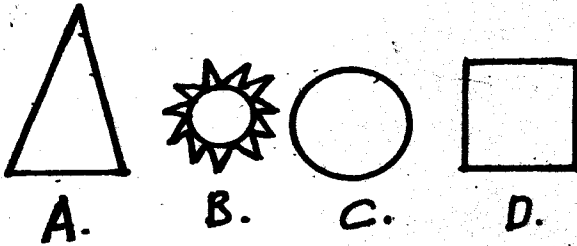38. Study the diagram below and name the part marked Q.

A. Crown   B. Root
C. Gum   D. Enamel

39. Bees defend themselves by _____
A. biting
B. hitting
C. stinging
D. barking

40. Which wheel will move easily?

A.   B.   C.   D.

41. When a person CANNOT talk he can use _____
A. smell
B. gestures
C. taste
D. sight

42. Coffee, tea and cocoa are _____
A. beverages
B. tubers
C. weeds
D. legumes

43. Which one of the following is NOT obtained from fibre crops?
A. Oil
B. Clothes
C. Ropes
D. Thread

44. The removal of weeds growing among crops is called _____

A. digging
B. uprooting
C. weeding
D. pulling

45. _____ is NOT needed for good health.
A. Food
B. Sweets
C. Exercise
D. Rest

46. The structure shown below is built by a _____
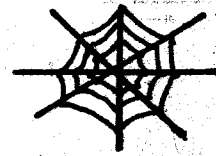
A. mosquito   B. bee
C. fly   D. spider

47. Which of the following is NOT a simple machine?
A. Bicycle
B. Hammer
C. Saw
D. Spade

48. Bleeding gum is also known as _____
A. cavity
B. gingivitis
C. tooth decay
D. toothache

49. We make water safe for drinking by _____
A filtering
B. cooling
C. heating
D. boiling

50. Which colour is at the top of at rainbow?
A. Green
B. Black
C. Red
D. White

NANDI COUNTY
STD 4 - TERM 3
SOCIAL STUDIES/C.RE.

PENPLUS NANDI

Time: 2 hrs 15 mins

Study the map of Kiahuria Area below and answer questions 1 - 7.
KIAHURIA AREA.

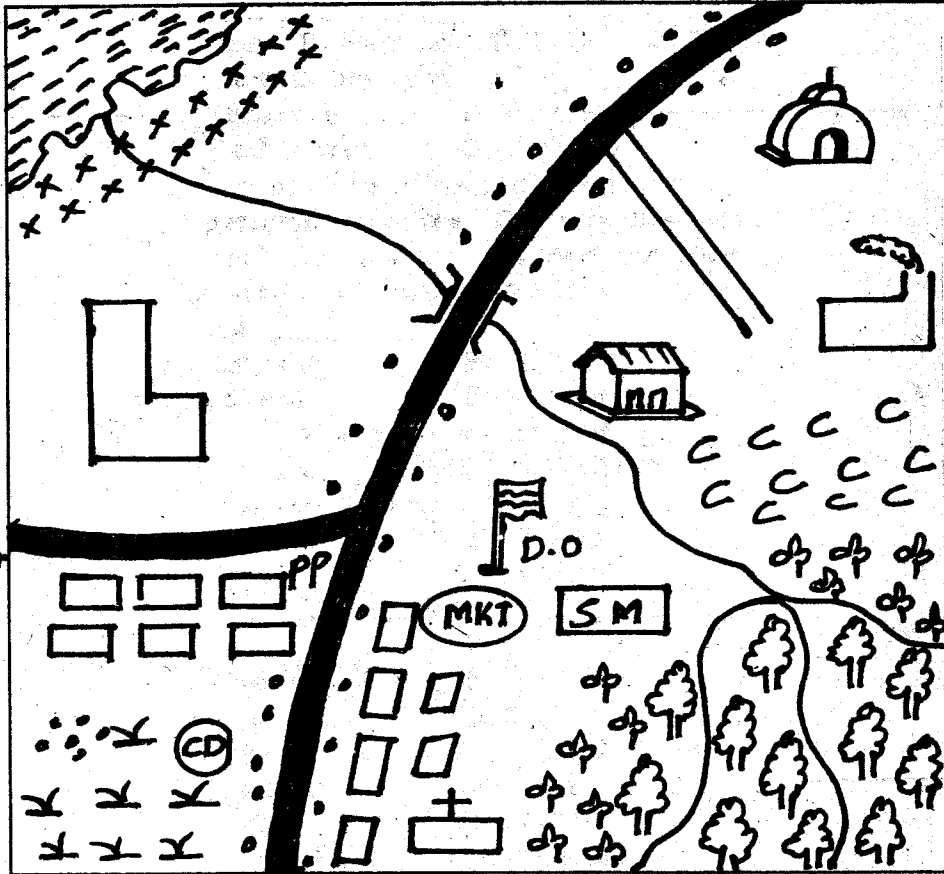| KEY	
Tea	
Forest	
Tarmac road	
Murram road	
MKT	Market
S.M	Saw mill
C C C	Coffee
Swamp	
Coffee factory	
Tea factory	
D.O	District Officer Office
Shrubs	
River and bridge	
•••	Settlements
Church	
Mosque	
Permanent buildings	
P.P	Police post
School	
Lake	
C.D	Cattle Dip

1. What is the direction of the mosque from the cattle dip?
   A. North East   B. North West
   C. South East   D. North
2. People from the North East of Kiahuria East are LIKELY to be _____
   A. Hindus   B. Christians
   C. Kavonokia   D. Muslims
3. The head of administration of Kiahuria area is LIKELY to be a _____
   A. Chief   B. D.O   C. D.C   D. Elder
4. The highest area of Kiahuria area is LIKELY to be _____
   A. South East   B. North
   C. North East   D. West
5. Which service is LIKELY to lack in Kiahuria area?
   A. Education   B. Hospital
   C. Transport   D. Religion
6. If a thief was caught at a market in Kiahuria area he is LIKELY to be taken to the _____

A. market   B. D.O office
C. church   D. police post
7. Which is the major means of transport at Kiahuria area?
   A. Road   B. Railline   C. Air   D. Water
8. Most rivers in Nyeri county are _____
   A. big B. permanent C. seasonal D.small
9. A person who belongs to a particular country is called a _____
   A. native B.shujaa C. citizen D. refugee
10. Which of the following lakes is NOT found in Nyeri county?
    A. L. Victoria   B. L. Teleki
    C. L. Gallery   D. L. Hidden
11. The instrument below is used to measure _____
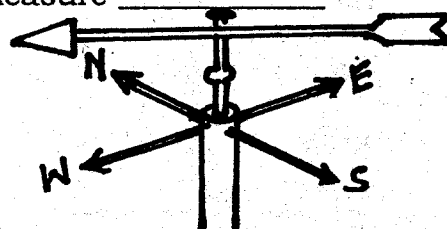
A. the direction of the wind
B. the speed of the wind
C. the amount of rainfall
D. the strength of the wind
12. Cutting down the trees without planting others is _____
A. agro forestry   B. deforestation
C. afforestation   D. re-afforestation
13. Areas with many people are said to have _____
A. high population density
B. a population
C. low population density
D. a big town
14. Cloud, sunshine, wind and rainfall are the _____ of weather.
A. problems   B. elements
C. things   D. climate
15. Pigs are MAINLY kept for _____
A. wool   B. mutton
C. pork   D. beef
16. Which one of the following is NOT a human right?
A. Right to life
B. Right to own property
C. Right to education
D. Right to corruption
17. Sick people can be treated by the following people EXCEPT _____
A. witch doctor   B. doctor
C. herbalist   D. surgeon
18. The following are Cushites apart from _____
A. Kikuyu   B. Somali
C. Rendile   D. Oromo
19. Which of the following is NOT grown in Nyeri county?
A. Coffee   B. Tea
C. Wheat   D. Cocoa
20. The activity where people travel from one place to another for pleasure is called _____
A. visiting   B. wildlife
C. tourism   D. travelling
21. People who speak in a similar way and use words that are related to each other are called _____
A. communities   B. language group
C. Bantus   D. Nilotes
22. _____ is a beverage crop.
A. Coffee   B. Sisal
C. Pyrethrum   D. Wheat

23. Fishing in Nyeri county is carried out in the following rivers EXCEPT _____
A. R. Sagana   B. R. Gura
C. R. Thuti   D. R. Chania
24. The colour of our flag that represents the blood that was shed during the struggle for independence is _____
A. black   B. white
C. red   D. green
25. The origin homeland of the Bantu is believed to be _____ .
A. Congo   B. Kenya
C. Somali   D. Uganda
26. North, South, East and West are in one word called _____
A. direction   B. cardinal points
C. windvane   D. places
27. A place that has tall grasses and few scattered trees is called _____
A. forest   B. savanna
C. riverine   D. mangrove
28. Which one is NOT a way of resolving conflicts in a school?
A. Apologizing
B. Fighting
C. Involving other people
D. Finding the cause of disagreement.
29. The way of life of a certain community is their _____
A. food   B. culture
C. place   D. cloth
30. Supplying water to the plant is called _____
A. rainfall   B. tap
C. irrigation   D. fishing
31. Which one is found in the dry area?
A. Cactus   B. Bamboo
C. Riverine   D. Flowers
32. One of the forms of communication was used in the past. Which one is it?
A. Letters   B. Mobile phones
C. Email   D. Drum beating
33. Hills, mountains, rivers and valleys are all _____ features.
A. national   B. physical
C. direction   D. cardinal
34. Most people in our county are _____
A. teachers   B. farmers
C. fishermen   D. doctors
35. The MAIN source of water is _____
A. lakes   B. forest
C. rain   D. taps
36. Clothes are made from _____

A. wood   B. timber
C. wool   D. clay

37. A long period without rain is called___
    A. floods   B. drought
    C. cloudy   D. windy

38. The name of our deputy president is

    _____
    A. Raila   B. Uhuru
    C. Kalonzo   D. Ruto

39. There are _____ counties in Kenya.
    A. 45   B. 47   C. 8   D. 10

40. Which one is the fastest means of
    transportation?
    A. Road   B. Railway
    C. Air   D. Water

41. Vegetation that grows on its own is
    called _____ vegetation.
    A. natural   B. planted
    C. desert   D. mountain

42. Short grass, short trees and
    scattered thorny bushes are referred
    to as _____ vegetation.
    A. savannah   B. scrub
    C. desert   D. woodland

43. The amount of rainfall is measured in
    _____ units.
    A. millimetres   B. millilitres
    C. degree   D. kilogrammes

44. Cotton, coffee, sisal and pyrethrum
    are examples of _____ crops.
    A. food   B. cash
    C. subsistence   D. fibre

45. Wedding and child naming
    ceremonies are _____ social activities.
    A. happy   B. sad   C. ugly   D. bad

46. Things that we use to make our lives
    better are called _____
    A. natural   B. resources
    C. man-made   D. activities

47. People who kill wildlife animals are
    called _____
    A. killers   B. game rangers
    C. poachers   D. ivory

48. People with special needs have _____
    A. disabilities   B. abilities
    C. security   D. money

49. _____ is the buying and selling
    of goods and services.
    A. Hawking   B. Fishing
    C. Farming   D. Trading

50. Removing dead parts of plants is
    called _____

A. weeding   B. cutting
C. pruning   D. harvesting

51. The sun rises in the _____ and sets
    to the _____
    A. West, East B. South, East
    C. East, West D. East, North

52. Kamau is facing North. Where is his
    back facing?
    A. North   B. East   C. South   D. West

53. People who keep animals only are
    called _____
    A. shepherds   B. pastoralists
    C. fishemen   D. wildlife

54. On 1st June we celebrate _____ day.
    A. Mashujaa   B. Jamhuri
    C. Labour   D. Madaraka

55. The physical feature shown below is a

    _____

    A. mountain
    B. river
    C. valley
    D. plain

56. A person who runs away from his
    country due to fighting is called a ____
    A. orphan   B. refugee
    C. athete   D. tourist

57. This is a house of _____

    A. Kikuyu
    B. Maasai
    C. Turkana
    D. Pokomo

58. The head of a county is called a _____
    A. senator   B. governor
    C. prime minister   D. president

59. Many trees growing together form a

    _____
    A. defforestation   B. afforestation
    C. forest   D. resources

60. Things that are round us form _____
    A. environment   B. people
    C. houses   D. air

C.R.E

61. How many lepers were healed by
    Jesus?
    A. 12   B. 11   C. 10   D. 3

62. The following were sons of Noah
    EXCEPT _____
    A. Japheth   B. Cain
    C. Shem   D. Ham

63. When Jesus fed 5,000 people, the
    small boy brought _____

A. five loaves of bread and two fish
B. two loaves of bread and five fish
C. twelve loaves of bread and two fish
D. two loaves of bread and twelve fish

64. What did Judas Iscariot do?
A. Mocked Jesus   B. Betrayed Jesus
C. Denied Jesus   D. Crucified Jesus

65. God is happy when we live in _____ with our schoolmates.
A. hatred   B. dishonest
C. cruelty   D. harmony

66. Which of the following is NOT a way of worship?
A. Singing praises to God.
B. Praying for a meal
C. Dreaming about heaven
D. Saying a prayer in the morning

67. Jesus was crucified in mount _____
A. Calvary   B. Olive
C. Moriah   D. Sinai

68. Young people serve the church by ___
A. cleaning their home
B. leading the Sunday school
C. taking part in school drama
D. being obedient

69. God made Adam and Eve and put them in the Garden of _____
A. Moriah   B. Adam
C. Babylon   D. Eden

70. God told Moses that His name was ___
A. I AM   B. King
C. Great   D. Immanuel

71. The father of Esau and Jacob was ___
A. Joseph   B. Moses
C. Isaac   D. Abraham

72. The Bible says that God sent Elijah to the town of _____
A. Bethlehem   B. Zarephath
C. Haran   D. Cyrene

73. What work did Levi do before meeting with Jesus?
A. Tax collector   B. Disciple
C. Apostle of Jesus   D. Teaching

74. Christians celebrate resurrection of Jesus Christ during _____
A. Christmas   B. Sabbath
C. Easter   D. Lord's day

75. A good leader and helper should NOT be _____
A. of good character   B. honest
C. mature in faith   D. a lover of money

76. _____ was the son of king David.
A. Simon   B. Joseph

C. Nathan   D. Solomon

77. Which of the following is an importance of sharing work?
A. It makes working difficult
B. It promotes unity
C. It makes working boring
D. I don't know

78. Abraham and Sarah got a baby called _____
A. Esau B. Samuel C. Isaac D. Philip

79. Jesus was brought up in _____
A. Nazareth   B. Egypt
C. Bethlehem   D. Jericho

80. Simon of Cyrene helped Jesus to ____
A. perform miracles   B. carry the cross
C. heal the sick   D. feed the poor

81. The arrival of an important person is called _____
A. birthday   B. holy day
C. advent   D. sabbath day

82. "........... wherever you go I will go; where you live. I will live" These words were said by _____
A. Ruth   B. Naomi
C. Orpha   D. Mahlon

83. God tested Abraham's _____ by asking him to sacrifice his only son.
A. wisdom   B. pride
C. love   D. faith

84. Moses led the people of Israel from Egypt to the promised land called _____
A. Judah   B. Galilee
C. Jerusalem   D. Canaan

85. Goliath belonged to the _____ army.
A. Jews   B. Philistines
C. Romans   D. Pharaohs

86. The following are commands of Jesus Christ to His disciples EXCEPT _____
A. cast out demons
B. preach the gospel
C. punish sinners
D. heal the sick

87. God punished king Ahab and Jezebel for being _____
A. good B. honest C. unfair D. kind

88. The Masaai call their God _____
A. Enkai   B. Nyasaye
C. Asis   D. Were

89. God is happy when we are _____
A. poor B. obedient C. lazy D. rude

90. _____ is a very bad skin disease.
A. HIV/AIDS   B. Common cold
C. Malaria   D. Leprosy

NANDI COUNTY
STD 4 - TERM 3
MARKING SCHEME

MATHS		ENGLISH		KISWAHILI		SCIENCE		S/STUDIES		C.R.E.	
1. A	31. A	1. A	31. B	1. C	31. B	1. A	31. C	1. A	31. A	61. C	
2. B	32. B	2. C	32. C	2. A	32. D	2. C	32. A	2. D	32. D	62. B	
3. C	33. C	3. D	33. A	3. B	33. A	3. B	33. D	3. B	33. B	63. A	
4. D	34. C	4. B	34. A	4. D	34. C	4. A	34. A	4. A	34. B	64. B	
5. B	35. D	5. B	35. C	5. A	35. A	5. C	35. B	5. B	35. C	65. D	
6. A	36. C	6. D	36. B	6. D	36. B	6. D	36. D	6. D	36. C	66. C	
7. C	37. C	7. C	37. C	7. A	37. D	7. D	37. D	7. A	37. B	67. A	
8. A	38. A	8. A	38. D	8. C	38. C	8. A	38. A	8. B	38. D	68. B	
9. B	39. A	9. A	39. A	9. C	39. A	9. A	39. C	9. C	39. B	69. D	
10. B	40. A	10. C	40. B	10. B	40. C	10. A	40. C	10. A	40. C	70. A	
11. D	41. B	11. D	41. B	11. C	41. C	11. C	41. B	11. A	41. A	71. C	
12. C	42. C	12. B	42. D	12. A	42. B	12. B	42. A	12. B	42. B	72. B	
13. A	43. A	13. A	43. A	13. C	43. C	13. B	43. A	13. A	43. A	73. A	
14. D	44. C	14. A	44. C	14. B	44. A	14. D	44. C	14. B	44. B	74. C	
15. C	45. A	15. C	45. C	15. B	45. B	15. A	45. B	15. C	45. A	75. D	
16. B	46. D	16. C	46. D	16. A	46. D	16. A	46. D	16. D	46. B	76. D	
17. B	47. B	17. D	47. D	17. C	47. D	17. C	47. A	17. A	47. C	77. B	
18. B	48. D	18. B	48. A	18. D	48. B	18. B	48. B	18. A	48. A	78. C	
19. D	49. D	19. C	49. C	19. A	49. B	19. B	49. D	19. D	49. D	79. A	
20. A	50. D	20. A	50. B	20. A	50. B	20. D	50. C	20. C	50. A	80. B	
21. B		21. A		21. D		21. D		21. B	51. C	81. C	
22. A		22. C		22. D		22. D		22. A	52. C	82. A	
23. A		23. D		23. C		23. B		23. C	53. B	83. D	
24. C		24. D		24. A		24. D		24. C	54. D	84. D	
25. C		25. B		25. D		25. B		25. A	55. B	85. B	
26. C		26. A		26. A		26. C		26. B	56. B	86. C	
27. D		27. A		27. D		27. D		27. B	57. B	87. C	
28. D		28. B		28. D		28. B		28. B	58. B	88. A	
29. C		29. C		29. C		29. B		29. B	59. A	89. B	
30. B		30. D		30. D		30. A		30. C	60. A	90. D	

COMPOSITION / INSHA MARKING SCHEME
MARKING CRITERION

1. - The composition will be assessed according to the flowing general guidelines.
   - The maximum mark will be 40 and the minimum mark 01
   - Does the script show that the candidate can communicate accurately, fluently and maginatively in English

Accuracy (16marks)
- (a) Correct tense and agreement of vberbs (4 marks)   (b) Accurate use of vocabulary (4 marks)
- (c) Correct spelling (4 marks)   (d) Correct punctuation (4 marks)

Fluency (16 marks)
- (a) Work in the correct order (4 marks)   (b) Sentences connected and paragraphs (4 marks)
- (c) Correct spelling (4 marks)   (d) Ideas developed in logic sequence (4 marks)

Imagination (8 marks)
- (a) Unusual but appropriate use of words and phrases (4 marks)
- (b) Variety of structure (4marks)

NB. Please, teachers are requested to scrutinize this marking scheme before use, it is worth.