

MAKUENI COUNTYPENPLUS
MAKUENI**STD 6 - TERM 3**

TIME: 1 Hr 40 Mins

ENGLISH

Read the following passage and fill in the blank spaces numbered 1-15 with the best answer from the choices give.

Mutiso 1 like to be a newspaper 2. He enjoys reading stories 3 books and newspapers. 4 teacher says that he writes good compositions and he hope to 5 improving.

Mutiso is interested in informing people about the events 6 place in the world. He likes travelling to different places and has heard that reporters go all over the world, especially to places where important things 7 happening. For example, when the olympic games are taking place the reporters are 8. When 9 the 10 of the world are meeting in a city like 11 reporters are there. Also 12 when people are in trouble, reporters tell us about 13 problems so that we can help them. Mutiso 14 that being a reporter is a wonderful 15.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|
| 1. A woud | B. could | C. can | D. would |
| 2. A. reporter | B. report | C. repoter | D. reported |
| 3. A. on | B. in | C. at | D. over |
| 4. A. Their | B. There | C. his | D Her |
| 5. A. keep on | B. keep off | C. keep in | D. keep at |
| 6. A. take | B. taken | C. taking | D. took |
| 7. A. is | B. are | C. were | D. was |
| 8. A. these | B. this | C. their | D. there |
| 9. A. some | B. one | C. all | D. none |
| 10. A. president | B. presidents | C. plesidents | D. prisedent |
| 11. A. NewYork | B. Newyork | C. newyork | D. newYork |
| 12. A. ! | B. ? | C. . | D. , |
| 13. A. their | B. there | C. they | D. this |
| 14. A. thought | B. thinks | C. think | D. thinkes |
| 15. A. occuppation | B. occuppation | C. occupation | D. ocupation |

For questions 16-17 choose the suitable answer.

16. The living place of a cow is called _____
A. kennel B. stable
C. sty D. byre

17. A pig stays in a _____
A. den B. sty C. stable D. fold

For questions 18-19 choose the correct question tags.

18. I am going to school, _____
A. amn't? B. am I?
C. am I not? D. am not?

19. I did not abuse her _____
A. didn't I? B. do I?
C. don't I? D. did I?

Choose the correct word to complete the following sentences.

20. A monkey _____
A. chatters. B. neighs C. hisses D. caws

21. A lamb _____
A. hums B. bellows
C. bleats D. purrs

For questions 22 and 23 choose the correct prepositions.

22. They are good _____ nothing.
A. from B. on
C. at D. for

23. The dog jumps _____ the swimming pool.
A. over B. on
C. in D. into

Choose the best answer to complete these sentences

24. The young one of duck is called:-
A. gosling B. duckling
C. drake D. chick

25. Lion is to lioness as tiger is to _____
A. mare B. bitch
C. cub D. tigress

Read the following passage and answer questions 26 - 30.

When Gatimu died, people visited his home in large numbers. "Was it an accident?" Some of them asked in low tones. Members of his family and friends wore sad faces. Gatimu's wife and children were most affected. They wept and wept. People remembered how good Gatimu had been when he lived. They were informed that he was born in 1957. As a young boy he was handsome and charming. Parents, friends and well-wishers thought he had a great future. He went to school and did well in all his examinations. He then joined a driving school and successfully completed a driving course. Soon he got a job as a driver. People liked him because he treated them kindly. He was a careful driver who observed all the traffic rules.

After getting married, Gatimu and his wife got two bouncing baby boys. His wife did all the household chores and looked after their jersey cow. Many people admired this couple and envied them. The couple really loved each other. Except when Gatimu was away in Nanyuki or Isiolo, he always went home after work. His children liked him and played with him. He bought them nice clothes and took them to exciting places.

26. Why did people visit Gatimu's home in large numbers?
A. Because Gatimu had died
B. Because Gatimu had an accident
C. Because he had got two bouncing baby boys
D. Because he was handsome

27. Who wore sad faces?
A. Members of his family only
B. Members of his family and friends
C. Friends only
D. His wife and children

28. Who wept and wept?
 A. Friends
 B. Children only
 C. Wife and children
 D. Wife only
29. Who remembered how good Gatimu had been?
 A. People
 B. His friends only
 C. His wife
 D. His children
30. The opposite of the underlined word "handsome" is:-
 A. beatiful B. ungly
 C. ugly D. beautiful
31. Gatimu did well in his examinations. This shows that he was:-
 A. handsome B. clever
 C. dull D. foolish
32. Gatimu worked as a _____
 A. teacher B. farmer
 C. doctor D. driver
33. Gatimu observed all the traffic rules because he was a _____ driver.
 A. careless
 B. careful
 C. kind
 D. charming
34. Gatimu and his wife got two bouncing baby boys _____
 A. before marrying
 B. after his death
 C. after marrying
 D. before becoming a driver
35. Who did all the household chores?
 A. Gatimu's wife
 B. Gatimu
 C. Gatimu's children
 D. Gatimu's friends
36. Why did people admire Gatimu's family?
 A. The couple had a jersey cow
 B. The couple had two bouncing baby boys
 C. The couple hated each other
 D. The couple loved each other
37. The children were bought nice clothes and taken to exciting places by:-
 A. their mother
 B. Gatimu friends
 C. Gatimu
 D. Members of the family
38. Except when Gatimu was away in Nanyuki or Isiolo he:-
 A. observed traffic rules
 B. always went home
 C. looked after their jersey cow
 D. did well in his examinations

Read the following passage and answer questions 39-50.

Our home is near Mount Kenya forest and my uncle, Peter Kathuri lives in a town nearby. During last years' August holidays, asked for permission from my parents to go and visit him.

My parents allowed me to go and stay with my uncle's family for a week. On arrival the family was happy to receive me. That evening I shared my school experiences with them.

The following day was my tenth birthday. My uncle organized a party for me. Everybody in the family was happy to be with me. My uncle bought me a bicycle and my aunt baked me a cake. That bicycle was the best present I had received from anybody. I was so grateful that I did not even know what to say. I did not know how to ride a bicycle but I was determined to learn.

My cousin Ekai and I went to an open field. He wanted to teach me how to ride. Ekai held the carrier firmly so that I could sit on the saddle. He gave me a few lessons. "When you are seated on the saddle, hold the handlebars firmly and turn the pedals with your feet, Ekai instructed me.

39. Who lived in a town nearby?
- Uncle
 - Parents
 - The writer
 - We are not told
40. The writer was allowed to go and stay with his:-
- grandparents
 - father
 - mother
 - uncle
41. Who celebrated his tenth birthday?
- Writer's father
 - Uncle
 - Ekai
 - Writer
42. Who organised the party for the writer?
- His uncle
 - His parents
 - His cousins
 - His grandparents
43. The cake was baked for _____
- | | |
|-----------|----------|
| A. Ekai | B. uncle |
| C. writer | D. aunt |
44. That bicycle was the best present. The opposite of the word best is:-
- | | |
|-----------|----------|
| A. good | B. worst |
| C. better | D. ugly |
45. The writer did not know how to ride a bicycle but he was _____ to learn.
- determined
 - not willing
 - willing
 - ready
46. Who went to an open field?
- Ekai
 - Ekai and the writer
 - uncle
 - the writer alone
47. Who wanted to teach the writer how to ride the bicycle?
- Ekai's father
 - Ekai's mother
 - His parents
 - Ekai
48. When you are seated on the saddle you hold:-
- pedals
 - saddle firm
 - handle bars
 - carrier
49. When you are riding a bicycle you turn the pedals with your _____
- hands
 - feet
 - saddle
 - pedals
50. The **BEST** title for the passage is:-
- My parents
 - Our home near Mount Kenya
 - A bicycle for a birthday
 - The writer and his cousin Ekai

WILAYA YA MAKUENI

DARASA LA SITA MUHULA WA TATU

PENPLUS
MAKUENI

KISWAHILI

Muda: Saa 1 Dakika 40

Chagua jibu mwafaka kujaza pengo.

Baada ya muda 1 polisi walifika 2 kuwaona 3 na 4 uchunguzi. 5 baada ya polisi kufika walipogundua 6 ni nyumbani 7 mama. Tinda kulikuwa 8 na kilio. Mama Tinda na padri madevu 9 wamekauka 10 wamekubatiana. Ilikuwa aibu ya mwaka.

- | | | | |
|---------------|-------------|---------------|------------|
| 1. A. fupi | B. ndogo | C. mfupi | D. mchache |
| 2. A. kukuja | B. kuja | C. kwamba | D. ndio |
| 3. A. kijiji | B. mizoga | C. maiti | D. mauti |
| 4. A. kuleta | B. kupata | C. kuona | D. kufanya |
| 5. A. ilikuwa | B. ulikuwa | C. walikuwa | D. alikuwa |
| 6. A. kua | B. ya kuwa | C. kuwa | D. hiyo |
| 7. A. ya | B. wa | C. kwa | D. za |
| 8. A. naye | B. pia | C. nao | D. nayo |
| 9. A. alikuwa | B. kulikuwa | C. walikuwa | D. walikua |
| 10. A. ilhali | B. kulikuwa | C. bila shaka | D. ingawa |

Baada ya kurudi 11, wawindaji 12 kwa taadhima 13 heshima. Mbiu 14 mgambo 15.

- | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 11. A. makwao | B. kwao | C. yao | D. kwake |
| 12. A. walipokea | B. walipokewa | C. wakipokelewa | D. walipokiwa |
| 13. A. za | B. ya | C. na | D. wa |
| 14. A. la | B. wa | C. ya | D. na |
| 15. A. ikalia | B. likalia | C. ukalia | D. yakalia |

Kutoka swali la 16 hadi 30 chagua jibu lililo sahihi.

16. Nomino UA limo katika ngeli ya:-

- A. A-WA B. LI-LI C. LI-YA D. KI-VI

17. Chagua sentensi sahihi.

- A. Shati yenye uchafu
B. Chupa chenye dawa
C. Mtoto wenye nidhamu
D. Mti wenye matunda

18. Chagua sentensi iliyosahihi.

- A. Shati yangu imefuliwa
B. Gari yangu inapendeza
C. Kiatu chake kimepotea
D. Nguo langu limefuliwa

19. Kamilisha methali hii kwa usahihi.

Baada ya _____ faraja.

- A. shida B. dhiki
C. taabu D. furaha

20. Ni sentensi ipi iliye sahihi.

- A. Gari ambayo ilianguka
- B. Mwalimu ambae anafunza
- C. Kiatu ambalo kinanuka
- D. Mti ambao ulipandwa

21. Kikembe cha bata na kiyoyo ilhali cha sungura ni _____

- A. kibui
- B. kipusi
- C. kinda
- D. kitungule

22. Kitenzi pika katika kauli ya kutendeka ni:-

- A. pikwa
- B. pikika
- C. pikisha
- D. pika pika

23. Mtu anayesafiri huitwa _____

- A. abilia
- B. matwana
- C. dereva
- D. mwanafunzi

24. Chawa ni _____

- A. mnyama
- B. mdudu
- C. mnyama wa nyumba
- D. kimelea

25. Kamau ni simba. Huu ni mfano wa:-

- A. tashbihi
- B. msemo
- C. istiara
- D. vitate

26. Sentensi hii iko katika wakati upi?

Jana tulisoma Kiswahili.

- A. uliopita
- B. uliopo
- C. ujao
- D. timilifu

27. Andika kwa maneno 210,099

- A. Elfu mbili na kumi sufuri tisini na tisa
- B. Mia mbili na kumi elfu, tisini na tisa
- C. Millionsi mbili na kumi tisini na tisa
- D. Mia mbili na kumi mia tisa na tisa

28. Sifa kutokana na nomino utamu ni:-

- A. mtamu
- B. tuamu
- C. kitaamu
- D. tamu

29. Mahali pa kupikia chakula ni:-

- A. sebule
- B. bafu
- C. jiko
- D. jikoni

30. Sime hutumiwa _____

- A. vitani
- B. jikoni
- C. shambani
- D. shuleni

Soma kwa makini kisha ujibu maswali yafuatayo.

Paliondokea mzee mmoja aliyetwa Mboje. Mzee huyu alifanya kazi katika idara ya Reli. Aliishi pamoja na mkeve na watoto wao watatu.

Mboje aliishi katika nyumba ndogo. Nyumba hii ilikuwa katika stesheni moja katikati ya hifadhi ya wanyama ya Tsavo. Aliwafundisha wanawe umuhimu wa kutii wakati wote. Alipowapa visa vingi sana vya watu waliopatwa na madhara kwa ajili ya kukosa kutii. Watoto wa mzee huyu waliyazingatia mashauri yake.

Sababu moja kubwa iliyomfanya mzee Mboje kujuta ni kuwa yeye uwenyewe alikuwa amekataa kumtii babake hapo zamani. Kwa kukataa kwenda shule na kuelimika. Badala yake alishiriki kichunga mifugo na kufanya kazi zingine. Sasa alikuwa anajuta fahi angalienda shule kama jirani yake. Zamani hizo angalikuwa na kazi kubwa sana. Kazi hii ingalimwezesha kuishi maisha bora zaidi.

Hata hivyo aliona ya kuwa majuto ni mjukuu na sasa ilimbidi awafunze wanawe utiifu ili waishi maisha bora zaidi.

Karibu na nyumba yake kandokando ya reli, Mboje pamoja na wafanyikazi wenzake walilima vishamba vidogo ambavyo walipanda mahindi, mbaazi na kunde. Jioni moja baada ya kazi Mboje alipokuwa akipalilia shamba lake. mwanawe aliyekuwa na umri wa miaka kumi na mitatu alimfuata na akawa anacheza katikati ya reli. Ghafla garimoshi likatokea. Pale pale akamwamuru mtoto wakr. "Lala" Bila kusita mtoto aliyezoea kumtii babake alilala kifudufudi. Gari likaja likapitia juu!

Gari lilipopita, Mboje alienda akamwinua mwanawe ambaye alikuwa salama salimini. Mtoto huyu aliponea chupuchupu.

31. Mzee Mboje alifanya kazi wapi?

- A. Mjini
- B. Idara ya reli
- C. Stesheni
- D. Hifadhi ya wanyama

32. Jamaa ya mzee huyu ilikuwa na watu wangapi?

- A. Watatu
- B. Watano
- C. Wanne
- D. Wawili

33. Ni funzo gani Mboje alilosisitiza katika tabia za wanawe?

- A. Kuogopa
- B. Kutii
- C. Kusoma
- D. kucheza

34. Kwa nini Mboje alijuta?

- A. Hakutii babake
- B. Hakuwa na maisha bora
- C. Hakuwa na nyumba kubwa
- D. Hakuwa na kazi kubwa

35. Vishamba vya wafanyakazi wa reli vilikuwa wapi?

- A. Nyumbani kwao
- B. Mbali na reli
- C. Mbuga ya wanyama
- D. Kandokando ya reli

36. Njia ya gari moshi huitwa:-

- A. baraste
- B. reli
- C. majini
- D. barabara

37. Mboje alijuaje gari moshi lilikuwa likija?

- A. Alisikia mtetemeko wa ardhi
- B. Aliona garimoshi
- C. Mwanawe alipiga kamsa
- D. Alikuwa akilima

38. Kwa nini mtoto hakisita kufanya vile alivyoambiwa na babake?

- A. Alimwogopa
- B. Aliona garimoshi
- C. Aliogopa gari moshi
- D. Alizoea kumtii babake

39. Gari la moshi lilipokuwa likipita Mboje alikuwa na wasiwasi gani?

- A. Mwanawe asiwe amepondwapondwa
- B. Mwanawe asiwe amebebwa
- C. Mwanawe asiwe amerudi nyumbani
- D. Mwanawe asiadhibiwe na kundawala

40. Ni nini maana ya aliponea chupuchupu?

- A. Alikufa
- B. Alinusurika
- C. Alijeruhiwa
- D. alipondwapondwa

Soma kifungu kisha ujibu maswali kwa usahihi.

Ulanguzi wa dawa za kulevya ni jambo linalopingwa na mataifa mengi ya dunia. Serikali za nchi duniani zimekuwa macho kuwasaka wanaohusika na ulanguzi huu.

Katika jitihada hizi wanaotoka na wanaoingia nchini huchunguzwa ili kuonekana kama wanasafirisha dawa za kulevya. Utafiti waonyesha kuwa watu wengi wanaopatikana na hatia hii huwadhibiwa vikali.

Dawa za kulenya zina madhara ambayo kila aliye na sikio angezingatia mafunzo dhidi yake. Kwa kufanya hivyo watajitahidi kujiepusha nazo au kuziacha ikiwa wanahusika nazo.

Dawa hizi zimewafanya wengi kuwa mazuzu baada ya kuzitumia kwa muda mrefu kupita kiasi hata zikawadhuru akili zao.

Watoto wa watu wanaotumia dawa hizi huzaliwa na kasoro fulani katika viungo vya miili yao. Maji yazidipo unga watumiaji wa dawa hizi huipa dunia buriani. Kwa hivyo yafaa tujipe moyo na kushikana pamoja kupinga ulanguzi wa dawa za kulevya kwa umoja ni nguvu utengano ni udhaifu, na kwa pamoja tutashinda.

41. Ulanguzi wa dawa za kulevya unapingwa katika:-

- A. Kenya
- B. Mataifa yote duniani
- C. Serikali zote
- D. Mataifa mengi duniani

42. Kulingana na habari hii wanaochunguzwa zaidi ni:-

- A. walevi
- B. madereva
- C. wasafiri
- D. kila mtu

43. Madhara ya dawa hizi ni yapi?

- A. Utapiamlo
- B. Watoto kuzaliwa wakiwa na kasoro mwilini
- C. Madereva kuona barabara vizuri
- D. Kuyatumia kwa muda mrefu

44. Kuwasaka ni:-

- A. Kuwashika na kuwaweka seri
- B. Kupata ajali
- C. Kudhurika
- D. Kupigwa na polisi

45. Kufanya juu chini ni:-

- A. kwenda juu na chini
- B. kujitahidi
- C. kuwasaidia walio kwenye kazi
- D. Kuwasaka waharifu

46. Methali ni ipi?

- A. Fanya juu chini
- B. Kwa udi na ambari
- C. Kutiwa mbaroni
- D. Umoja ni nguvu utengano ni udhaifu

47. Ili kuangamiza uharifu huu inafaa:-

- A. kunyamaza
- B. kuwahurumia wanaohusika
- C. kuungana na kupinga tabia hii
- D. kuwaadhibu wahusika

48. Ni ipi iliyo brodha za dawa za kulevya?

- A. Chai, sigara, pombe
- B. Sigara, pombe, marijuana
- C. Kanabisi, miraa, kahawa
- D. Miraa, chai, kahawa

49. Dawa hizi zinawafanya watu kuwa:-

- A. walevu
- B. mazuzu
- C. wajinga
- D. wakubwa

50. Kichwa bora cha habari hii ni:-

- A. Watoto wanazaliwa na kasoro
- B. Vita dhidi ya madereva walevi
- C. Ajali barabarani
- D. Madhara ya dawa za kulevya

MAKUENI COUNTYPENPLUS
MAKUENI**STD 6 - TERM 3
MATHEMATICS**

TIME: 2Hours

1. What is the total value of digit 6 in the number. 4567128?

- A. Ten thousands B. Sixty
C. 60000 D. 600,000

2. Work the reciprocal of $7\frac{2}{3}$

- A. $\frac{23}{3}$ B. $\frac{3}{23}$
C. $\frac{20}{3}$ D. $\frac{3}{72}$

3. Find the value of:

$$478147 + 201829 + 144$$

- A. 680120 B. 823976
C. 679976 D. 690120

4. What is the least number of children who can share 20 sweets and 24 oranges?

- A. 44 B. 120 C. 4 D. 480

5. Work out: $9\frac{1}{5} \times 6\frac{4}{5}$

- A. 62 B. $60\frac{14}{25}$
C. $25\frac{15}{64}$ D. $62\frac{14}{25}$

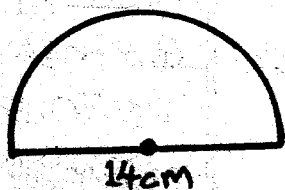
6. Wambugu of Engineer Central Academy had six loaves of bread. He gave each of his friends a $\frac{1}{4}$. How many of his friends ate the bread?

- A. $1\frac{1}{2}$ B. 25 C. 24 D. 23

7. A school had 800 children. 40% of the children are boys. How many girls are in the school?

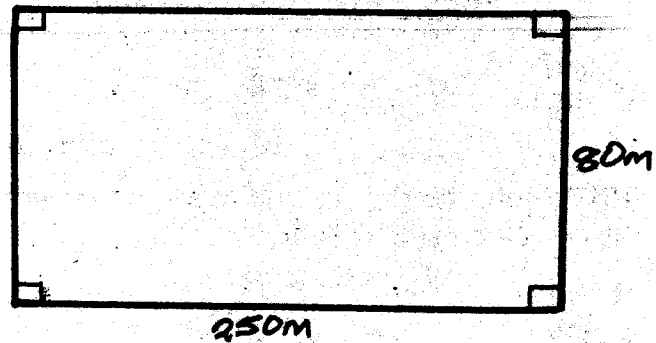
- A. 480 B. 320 C. 760 D. 360

8. What is the perimeter of the figure below?



- A. 36cm^2 B. 22cm C. 44cm D. 36cm

9. Mwai had a farm in the shape of the figure below.



What is the area of the farm in Ares?

- A. 200
B. 2000
C. 20000
D. 2

10. What is the supplementary angle of 140° ?

- A. 180° B. 40°
C. 80° D. 70°

11. Simplify the following; $\frac{1}{2}(16y + 10)$

- A. $32y + 20$ B. $8y + 5$
C. $40y$ D. $13y$

12. The scale of a plan is 1cm represents 200cm. What length on the plan represents 6m?

- A. 2cm B. 3m
C. 3cm D. 6cm

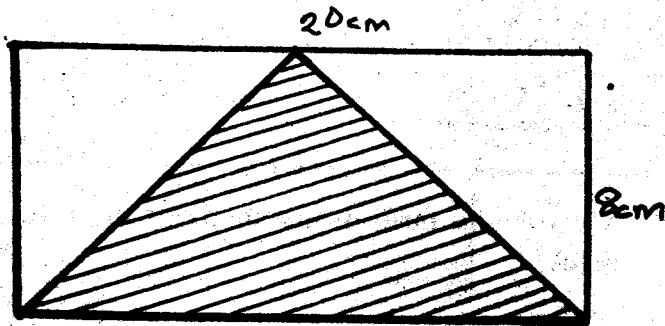
13. Round off 0.0845 to 3 decimal places.

- A. 0.084
B. 0.845
C. 0.844
D. 0.085

14. Work out: 7.45×0.8

- A. 5.960 B. 59.6
C. 5960 D. 0.596

What is the area of the shaded region?



- A. 160cm^2 B. 160cm
 C. 56cm D. 80cm^2

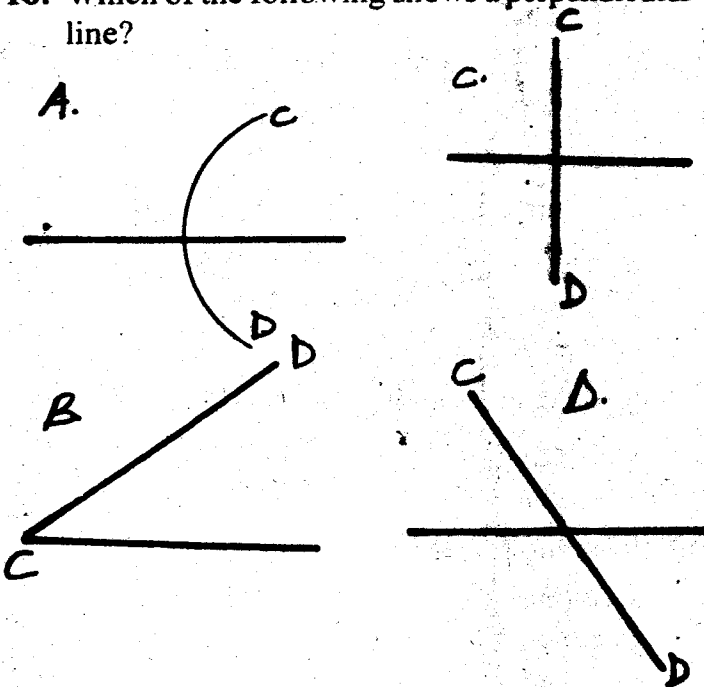
16. A nurse at Matarakwa dispensary received fifty 100ml bottles of medicine. How many litres of medicine was this?

- A. 500L B. 5L
 C. 50L D. 0.5L

17. Kamau took $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours to walk home from school. How many minutes are these?

- A. 120 B. 150
 C. 100 D. 180

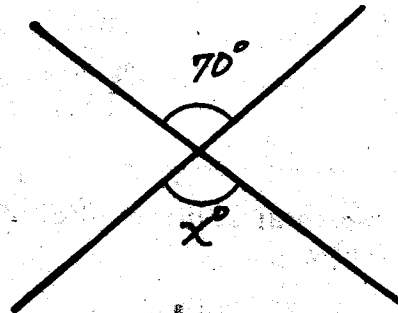
18. Which of the following shows a perpendicular line?



19. Wanja bought the following items from a market; 3kg carrots at Sh 15 per kilo, $\frac{1}{2}$ kg onions at Sh 25 per kilo, 2kg cabbages at Sh 12 per kilo. If she had Sh 500, how much balance did she get?

- A. Sh 406 B. Sh 81.50
 C. Sh 94 D. Sh 418.50

20. What is the value of the angle marked x?



- A. 70° B. 110° C. 180° D. 20°

21. A water tank measures 2m by 5m by 0.4. What is the volume of the tank?

- A. 40m^3 B. 4m^3
 C. 4m D. 40m^2

22. Convert $\frac{4}{5}$ to a percentage.

- A. 80% B. 20% C. $\frac{4}{5}\%$ D. 4.5%

23. A pick-up was carrying 0.48t of maize. How many kilograms was this?

- A. 4.8 B. 48 C. 480 D. 4800

24. A cyclist travelled a distance of 20km in 2 hours. What was his speed in km/hr?

- A. 40km/hr B. 20km/hr
 C. 30km/hr D. 10km/hr

Use the following diagram to answer the questions that follows (25 and 26)

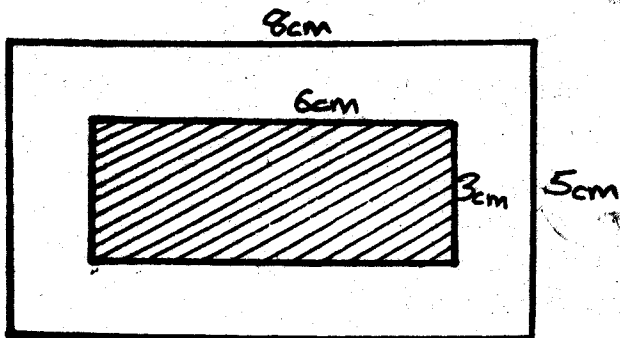
INLAND CHARGES FOR SURFACE MAIL

Letters	Mass	Sh
Limit of mass 2kg	Upto 20g	21.00
	Over 20g upto 50g	25.00
	Over 50g upto 100g	28.00
	Over 100g upto 250g	42.00
	Over 250g to 500g	70.00
	Over 500g upto 1kg	113.00
	Over 600g upto 2kg	160.00

25. John posted 2 letters weighing 200g and 510g. How much postage did he pay?

- A. 95 B. 155 C. 112 D. 710

26. If John gave the shopkeeper two hundred shillings note. What change did he get?
 A. Sh 200 B. Sh 155
 C. Sh 100 D. Sh 45
27. Round off 5619 to the nearest thousand.
 A. 6000 B. 5000
 C. 56000 D. 5600
28. What is 60% as a fraction in its simplest form?
 A. $\frac{2}{5}$ B. $\frac{60}{100}$
 C. $\frac{3}{5}$ D. $\frac{6}{10}$
29. Work out: $17480 \div 26 =$
 A. 682 rem 18 B. 672 rem 8
 C. 641 rem 14 D. 672
30. Find the area of the unshaded part of the figure.

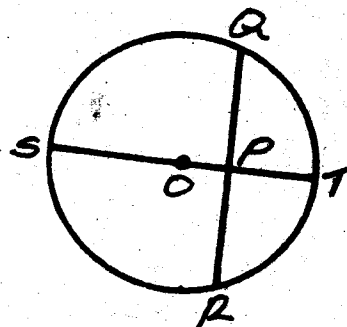


- A. 22cm^2 B. 40cm^2
 C. 18cm^2 D. 4cm^2
31. Work out:
- | Litres | dl | ml |
|--------|----|----|
| 63 | 2 | 25 |
| x | | 3 |
| <hr/> | | |
| <hr/> | | |
- A. 189l 13dl 5ml B. 189l 6dl 75ml
 C. 190l 3dl 5ml D. 189l 5dl 75ml
32. Find the G.C.D of 36 and 54.
 A. 144 B. 54
 C. 9 D. 18
33. What is $3\frac{2}{5}$ as a decimal?
 A. 32.5 B. 17.5
 C. 3.4 D. 3.8

34. Find the square of 64.
 A. 4196 B. 128
 C. 8 D. 4096
35. Which of the following numbers is not divisible by 8?
 A. 37596 B. 99048
 C. 789432 D. 11640
36. What is $3\frac{3}{4} \div 2\frac{1}{7}$
 A. $8\frac{1}{28}$ B. $2\frac{3}{4}$
 C. $1\frac{3}{4}$ D. $1\frac{1}{4}$
37. A boy had 2 cubes of length 3cm each. What was the total volume of the cubes?
 A. 27cm^3 B. 54cm^3
 C. 6cm^3 D. 36cm^3
38. The postal charges for sending a telegram is Ksh 10 for the first ten words or less. Any extra word is charged Ksh 2. What is the cost for sending the following telegram?

**JOHN ARRIVING HOME FROM
 MOMBASA BY BUS. MEET AT
 NAIVASHA STATION ANDREW**

- A. Sh 12 B. Sh 10
 C. Sh 16 D. Sh 14
39. Mwangi arrived home from school at 25 minutes to 5 p.m. What is this time of arrival in 24 hours system?
 A. 1725 hrs B. 0435 hrs
 C. 1635 hrs D. 1625 hrs
40. Which of the following lines. Show the radius of the circle?



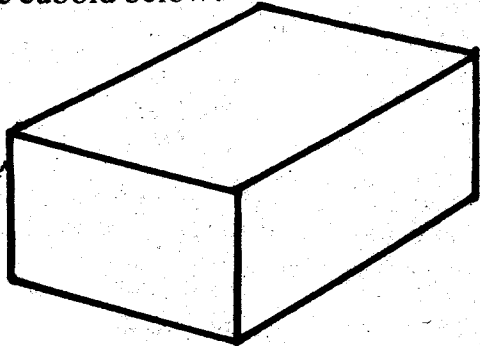
- A. ST B. QR
 C. OP D. OT

41. Solve the equation below.

$$(8a + 6a) + 16 = 30$$

- A. 0 B. 1
C. 2 D. 14

42. What is the sum of the edges and vertices of the cuboid below?



- A. 14 B. 20
C. 15 D. 10

43. Find the squareroot of $7\frac{1}{9}$.

- A. $2\frac{2}{3}$ B. $\frac{3}{8}$
C. $2\frac{1}{3}$ D. 3

44. Convert 3.45 into a fraction.

- A. $\frac{20}{69}$ B. $3\frac{1}{2}$
C. $3\frac{9}{20}$ D. $\frac{9}{20}$

45. A tailor had a cloth material of square length of $\frac{3}{11}$ m. Calculate the total area of cloth.

- A. $\frac{3}{11}m^2$ B. $\frac{6}{22}m^2$
C. $3\frac{2}{3}m^2$ D. $\frac{9}{121}m^2$

46. A shopkeeper bought a television set for Ksh 10,000. How much should he sell it to make a profit of 25%?

- A. Ksh 2,500
B. Ksh 7,500
C. Ksh 12,500
D. Ksh 25,000

47. What is the seventh number in the sequence below?

2, 3, 5, 7, 11, _____

- A. 13 B. 15
C. 17 D. 21

Use the table below to answer questions 48 and 49.

Day	Milk in litres
Sunday	15
Monday	25
Tuesday	20
Wednesday	18
Thursday	17
Friday	10

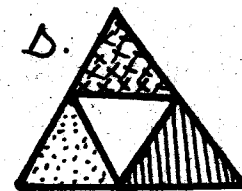
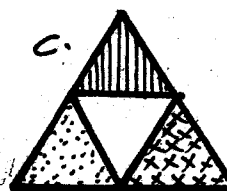
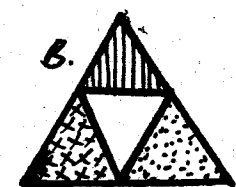
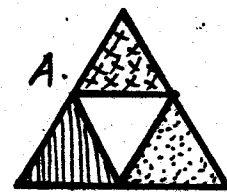
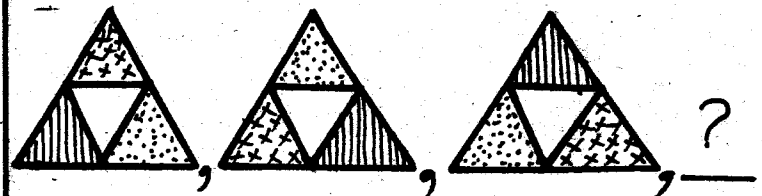
48. If the total milk delivered in the week was 121 litres. How many litres of milk were delivered on Saturday?

- A. 105L B. 89L
C. 121L D. 16L

49. Which two consecutive days was the number of litres delivered highest?

- A. Monday - Tuesday
B. Wednesday - Thursday
C. Thursday - Friday
D. Sunday - Monday

50. What is the next shape in the pattern?



MAKUENI COUNTY

PENPLUS
MAKUENI

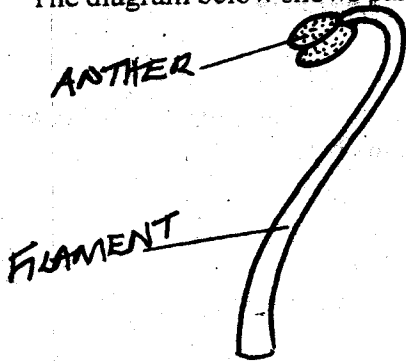
STD 6 - TERM 3

SCIENCE

Time: 1 Hr 40 Mins

- The changes of the body of an adolescent are called:-
A. emotional changes B. Adolescence
C. Physical changes D. Parts
- Which two vaccinations are given to a child at 6 weeks?
A. BCG and DPT
B. DPT and second dose oral polio
C. DPT and measles
D. DPT and first dose oral polio

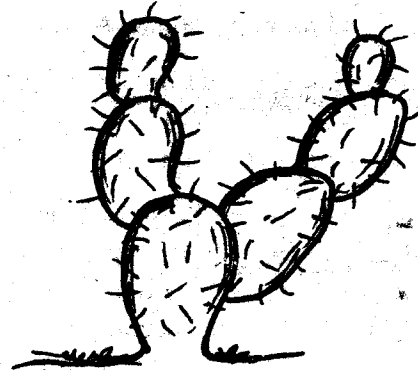
- The diagram below shows part of a flower



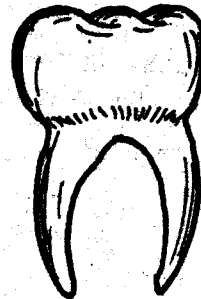
Which one of the following represents the diagram?

- | | |
|------------|------------|
| A. Calyx | B. Pistil |
| C. Corolla | D. Stamens |
- Which one of the following crops is **NOT** attacked by weevils?
A. Maize B. Beans
C. Sugarcane D. Wheat
 - The only known planet with life is:-
A. Earth B. Mercury
C. Mars D. Venus
 - Which of the following physical changes takes place in boys and girls during adolescence?
A. Broadening of the hip bone
B. Release of the sex cells
C. Attraction to the opposite sex
D. Broadening of the shoulder
 - When investigating conditions necessary for germination. Which condition is usually investigated when seeds are placed in boiled water?
A. Heat B. Water
C. Oxygen D. Carbon dioxide

- Which of the following is not a safety measure that should be taken when handling chemicals?
A. Read the instructions well before using
B. Wearing protective clothing when applying them
C. Washing hands thoroughly before using chemicals
D. Storing chemicals in locked cupboards
- The plant below grows in hot and dry areas it is called:-



- | | |
|--------------|-----------|
| A. Euphorbia | B. Cactus |
| C. Grass | D. Maize |
- After visiting a dentist, Kitur's tooth was removed. He was shown a tooth like this.



Which type of teeth was Kitur removed?

- | | |
|------------|-------------|
| A. Incisor | B. Premolar |
| C. Canine | D. Molar |
- A pupil heated a container with soil strongly. He observed smoke and he could smell something from the soil. Which one of the following explains the observation made?
A. Soil contains water
B. Soil contains humus
C. Soil contains air
D. Soil reacts with

12. Which one of the following statement about HIV/AIDS is **TRUE**?

- A. One can get AIDS through sharing a toilet
- B. AIDS is not a communicable disease
- C. Mosquito bites can transmit HIV
- D. The second stage of HIV infection is known as a symptomatic

13. Which one of the following does not affect floating and sinking?

- A. Shape
- B. Size
- C. Type of material
- D. None of the above

14. Oiling tools prevent them from:-

- A. becoming blunt
- B. rusting
- C. decaying
- D. drying

15. The changes of water from steam to liquid is called:-

- A. evaporation
- B. boiling
- C. melting
- D. condensation

16. We cover sufurias and pots during cooking to prevent loss of:-

- A. water
- B. heat
- C. Nutrients
- D. fire

17. Which deficiency disease can be prevented by eating foods that are rich in calcium and Vitamin D?

- A. Kwashiorkor
- B. Ricket
- C. Marasmus
- D. Anaemia

18. Protective foods are also called:-

- A. Vitamins and minerals
- B. proteins
- C. nutrients
- D. fats and oils

19. In which of the following weeds does the stem grow along the ground?

- A. Blackjack
- B. Pig weed
- C. Wandering jew
- D. Mexican marigold

20. A boy had the following signs and symptoms.

- (i) vomiting
- (ii) violent diarrhoea whitish in colour
- (iii) abdominal pains

Which one of the following diseases was the boy **LIKELY** to be suffering from?

- A. Cholera
- B. Bilharzia
- C. Malaria
- D. Typhoid

21. Poor conductors of heat are used as:-

- A. cooking utensils
- B. insulators
- C. radiators
- D. metal lids

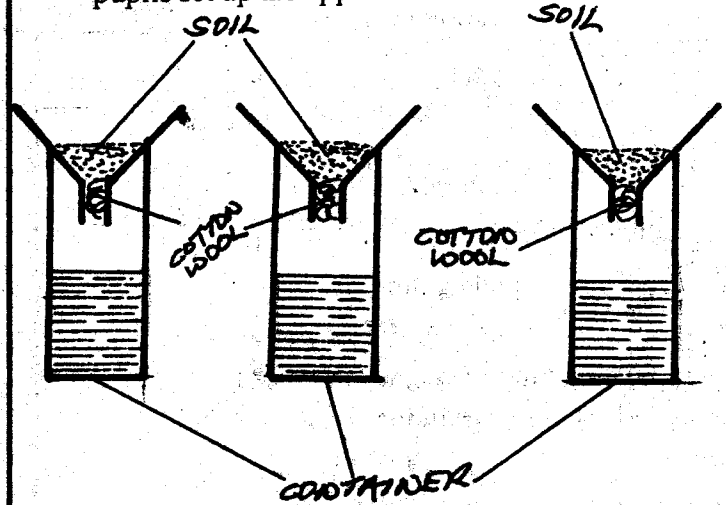
22. If fats are eaten in large amounts, some are:-

- A. turned into proteins
- B. dissolved in the body
- C. stored in the body for later use
- D. removed from the body as waste products

23. Loud music from matatus and other vehicles causes:-

- A. pleasant music
- B. sound pollution
- C. traffic jam
- D. Melodious music

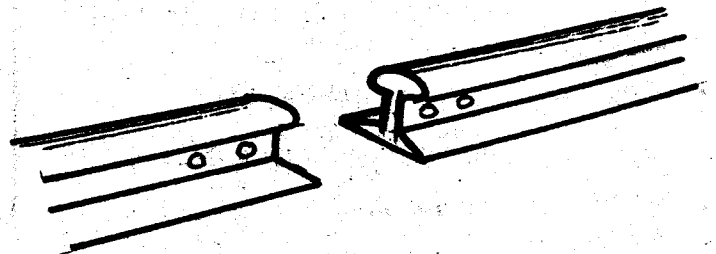
24. In an experiment to test a certain property of soil, pupils set up the apparatus as shown below.



At the end of the experiment, they could not get fair result. What mistake did they make? They used:

- A. the same size of the funnel
- B. the same amount of cotton
- C. soils of different amount
- D. soils of different types

25. The diagram below shows part of a railway line.



Small gaps are left between the railway lines in order to:-

- A. allow train to stop when applying brakes
- B. allow room for expansion
- C. reduce friction
- D. allow room for contraction

26. The following animals are vertebrates **EXCEPT**:-

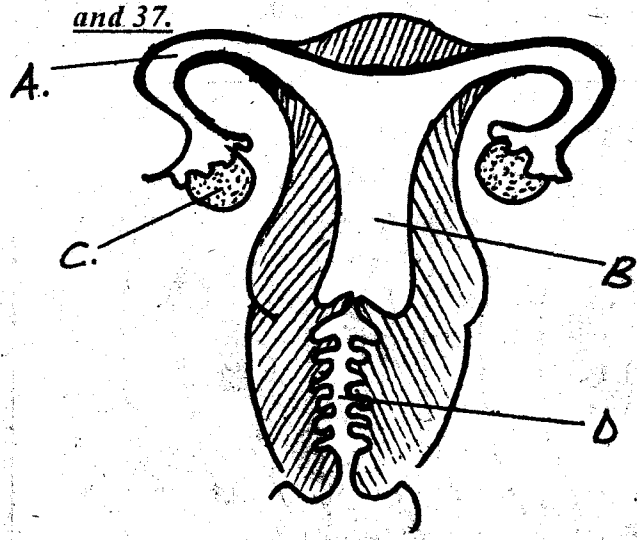
- A. Cattle
- B. Fish
- C. Snakes
- D. Snails

27. Which of the following grazing methods encourage pests in animals?

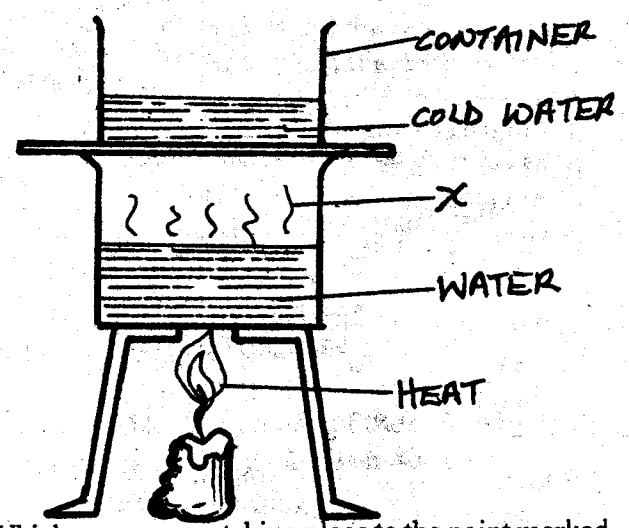
- A. Stall grazing
- B. Herding
- C. Rotational grazing
- D. Strip grazing

28. When water vapour is cooled it condenses to form:-
 A. solid B. heat
 C. water D. ice
29. The following are characteristics of a type of soil.
 (i) heavy
 (ii) tiny particles
 (iii) smooth
 (iv) small air spaces
 Which soil is named above?
 A. Clay soil B. Loam soil
 C. Sandy soil D. Garden soil
30. Which of the following softens hard water?
 A. Decanting B. Boiling
 C. Sieving D. Filtering
31. Convection is the process by which heat is transferred through:-
 A. liquids only
 B. solid and liquid
 C. liquids and gases
 D. solids only
32. When you weigh one kilogram of salt and one kilogram of feathers, you notice that:-
 A. the salt has more mass than the feathers
 B. the salt has less mass than the feathers
 C. the salt and the feathers have different masses
 D. the salt and the feathers have the same mass
33. Which one of the following is a source of animal fat?
 A. Butter
 B. Cooking oil
 C. Soya beans
 D. Margarine
34. Which one of the following is **NOT** a recreation activity done on water?
 A. Fishing
 B. Sailing
 C. Swimming
 D. Cleaning
35. Which of the following tools is best for digging holes for posts to fence a garden?
 A. Hoe
 B. Knife
 C. Forked jembe
 D. Straight edge panga

Use the diagram below to answer question 36 and 37.

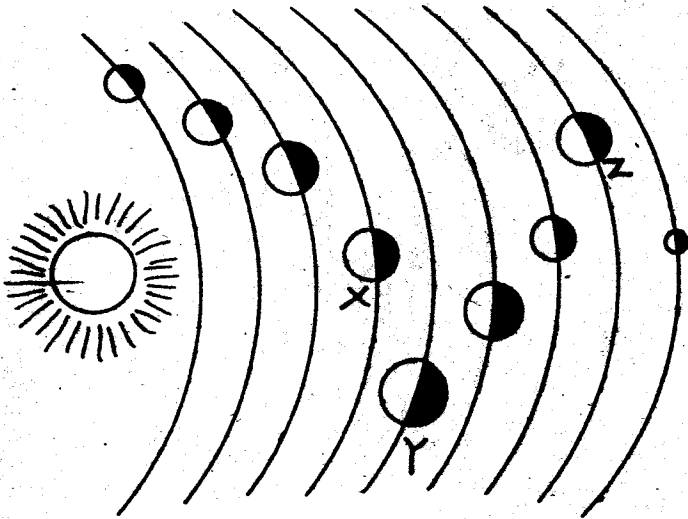


36. In which of the parts labelled above does the baby develop?
 A. D B. A
 C. B D. C
37. Fertilization of female egg cell takes place in the part labelled:-
 A. B B. C
 C. D D. A
38. The following diagram shows an experiment that was conducted by class 5 pupils.



- Which process was taking place to the point marked X?
 A. Freezing B. Condensation
 C. Melting D. Evaporation
39. Which of the following parts of a flower does not change immediately after fertilization?
 A. Petals B. Ovary
 C. Style D. Ovules

40. The diagram below represents the solar system.



The planets marked X, Y, Z are:-

- | X | Y | Z |
|------------|---------|---------|
| A. Venus | Earth | Saturn |
| B. Uranus | Pluto | Mars |
| C. Mars | Jupiter | Neptune |
| D. Mercury | Saturn | Venus |

41. Which of the following **DOES NOT** produce light?

- | | |
|--------------|----------|
| A. Glow worm | B. Moon |
| C. Sun | D. Stars |

42. Which of the following type of soil forms V or U shaped gulleys along which soil is carried away?

- A. Splash erosion
- B. Sheet erosion
- C. Rill erosion
- D. Gully erosion

43. Tuberculosis is caused by:-

- | | |
|----------|-------------|
| A. HIV | B. Bacteria |
| C. Fungi | D. Virus |

44. Which one of the following is a both modern and traditional method of preserving food?

- A. Using low temperature
- B. Smoking
- C. Canning
- D. Uses of ashes

45. The following are uses of water in recreation **EXCEPT:-**

- | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| A. swimming | B. boat rowing |
| C. watering animals | D. water skiing |

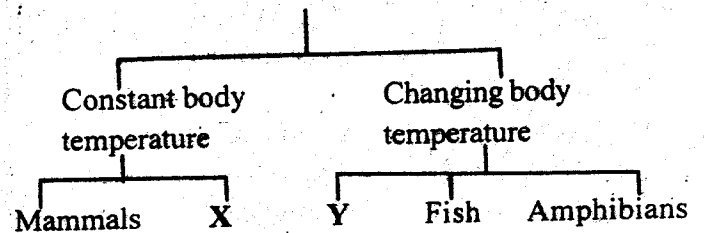
46. The following are used to store water except:-

- | | |
|----------|------------------|
| A. drums | B. watering cans |
| C. tanks | D. dam |

47. Which of the following animals have fur?

- | | |
|-------------|------------|
| A. Birds | B. Mammals |
| C. Reptiles | D. Fishes |

48. The following chart shows a simple classification of vertebrates



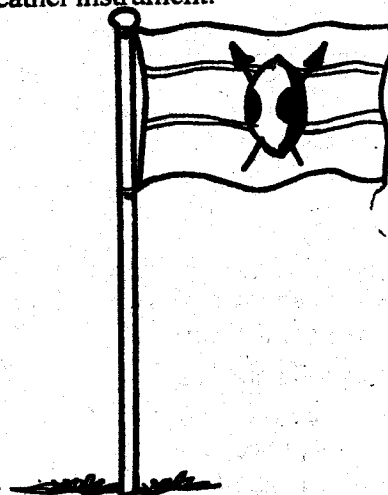
Name Y and X respectively

- A. Birds, reptiles
- B. Reptiles, birds
- C. Elephant, invertebrates
- D. Reptiles, invertebrates

49. Which one of the following is **NOT** a characteristic of fish?

- A. They lay eggs
- B. They have fins
- C. Their bodies are covered with dry scales
- D. They are cold blooded

50. The flag works the same way as the following weather instrument.



- | | |
|-------------|---------------|
| A. Windvane | B. Anemometer |
| C. Windsock | D. Wind cloth |

MAKUENI COUNTY

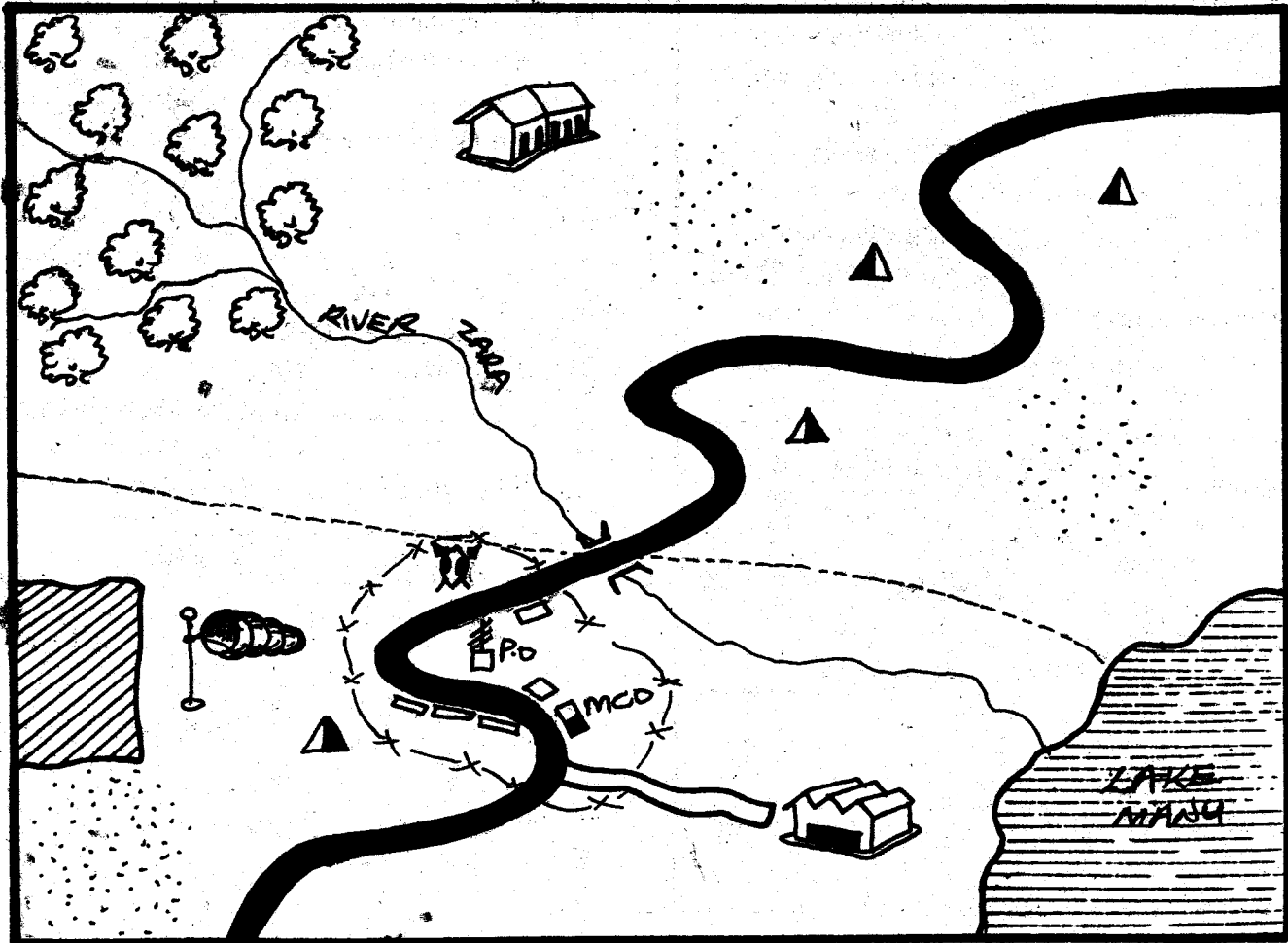
PENPLUS
MAKUENI

STD 6 - TERM 3

SOCIAL STUDIES/C.R.E.

Time: 2Hrs
15 Mins

MANU AREA



KEY

	Forest		River		Settlement
	District boundary		Hills		School
	Tarmac road		Airstrip		Municipal Council Office
	Sugarcane factory		Court		Post Office
	Murram road		Game reserve		

Study the map of Manu area and answer questions 1-7.

1. The highest point in the map is near:-
A. near the murrum road
B. near the forest
C. near the lake
D. near the bridge
2. What is the direction of the school from the lake?
A. South East B. North East
C. North West D. South West
3. The climate of the area around the lake can be described as:-
A. hot and dry B. cool and wet
C. cool and dry D. hot and wet
4. The area covered by the map is headed by:-
A. Governor B. District Commissioner
C. District Officer D. Chief
5. People of Manu area are likely to be:-
A. Pagans B. Traditionalist
C. Christians D. Hindus
6. The airstrip shown on the map is likely to transport:-
A. timber B. sugarcane
C. tourists D. farmers
7. Which one of the following economic activities is not carried out in Manu area?
A. Tourism
B. Transport and communication
C. Farming
D. Cattle keeping
8. The MAIN reason why the Oromo migrated from their original home is:-
A. search for pasture and water
B. search for better farming land
C. adventure
D. epidemics and diseases
9. Who were the first group of Luos to enter in Kenya?
A. River Lake Nilotes
B. Joka Jok
C. Joka Owiny
D. Joka Omolo
10. Who among the following are not Plain Nilotes?
A. Karamajong B. Pokot
C. Samburu D. Njemps
11. In traditional African society people born around same period of time formed a:-
A. Age-set
B. Clan
C. Family
D. Age-group

12. Which was the MAIN function of a clan is to:-
A. allocating land to members
B. giving time for initiation
C. choosing marriage partners for the members
D. settling disputes
13. What is subsistence farming?
A. Keeping animals and growing crops
B. Growing crops for sale
C. Growing food for home use
D. Growing cash crops
14. Which is the best variety of coffee?
A. Robusta B. Arabica
C. Ruiru II D. Kenyan coffee
15. Which of the following is true about banana growing in Uganda?
A. It is the main staple food
B. It is grown in arid areas
C. It is grown for exports
D. It is grown from seeds
16. The following are conditions for the growth of a crop.
(i) *does well in a wide variety of soils*
(ii) *plenty of sunshine is necessary*
(iii) *temperatures over 24°C*
The conditions above are suitable for the growth of:-
A. Sisal B. Coffee
C. Tea D. Sugarcane
17. Which mineral is CORRECTLY matched with how it is mined?
A. Limestone - shaft
B. Salt - open cast
C. Soda ash - dredging
D. Sand - shaft
18. Which one of the following is NOT a use of soil?
A. Making of bricks
B. Growing crops
C. Exporting to other countries
D. Burying the dead
19. Farms where beef cattle are kept are known as:-
A. Tethering B. Zero grazing unit
C. paddocks D. ranches
20. Which of the following combination shows fish caught in Marine fisheries?
A. Tunna, Trout, Tilapia
B. Nile perch, Tilapia, Trout
C. Mullet, Trout, Nile perch
D. Mullet, Tunna, Kingfish

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. When God created human beings He gave them authority over His creation. This means that:-
- He was given power to change creation for their suitable use
 - He was given power to control everything in nature anyhow
 - He was given power to discontinue God's creation
 - He was given power to destroy the things found in nature
62. After the fall of man which one of the following was **NOT** a judgement pronounced by God to Adam, Eve and the serpent?
- He will toil hard all his life
 - Pain in child bearing
 - Be the Lord of the universe
 - will always crawl on its belly
63. The fall of man is found in:-
- Genesis 1
 - Genesis 3
 - Genesis 2
 - Genesis 4
64. Who among the following gave his life to God?
- | | |
|----------|------------|
| A. Lot | B. Haron |
| C. Terah | D. Abraham |
65. The following are ways through which people got new life in traditional African society. Which one is **NOT**?
- Initiation
 - Baptism
 - Marriage
 - Birth
66. Which one of the following was not eaten during the night of Passover?
- Leavened bread
 - Roasted meat
 - Bitter herbs
 - Unleavened bread
67. How many soldiers did Gideon use to defeat the Midianite?
- | | |
|-----------|-----------|
| A. 22,000 | B. 10,000 |
| C. 1,000 | D. 300 |
68. Which one of the following is **not** a reason why we celebrate the death and resurrection of Jesus Christ?
- It assures us of eternal life
 - Jesus instructed His followers to celebrate it
 - It gives Christians hope beyond the grave
 - Christians remember their departed relatives
69. The covenant made between God and Abraham proved one thing about God. Which among the following did it prove?
- God had trust in him
 - God will give him a son
 - God will keep all his promises
 - God was his father
70. Three of the following are lessons we learn from the miracle of raising Lazarus from the dead except:-
- Jesus has power over death
 - We should thank God for our lives
 - We should have faith in Jesus
 - We should not cry when a person die
71. Peter spoke boldly to the Jews on Pentecost because he:-
- was permitted to do so by the Jewish authorities
 - was the leader of the disciples
 - had received the Holy Spirit
 - Had the gift of tongues
72. Which verse is not found in the apostles creed?
- The communion of sins
 - He descended into hell
 - The forgiveness of sins
 - Conceived by the power of the Holy Spirit
73. Which one of the following was done by the believers in the early church?
- They shared their possessions
 - They killed one another
 - They fought the soldiers
 - They forced people to be Christians
74. Who among the following was the father of Jeremiah?
- Zebedee
 - Jesee
 - Hilkia
 - Anania
75. Which of the following is **NOT** a gift of the Holy Spirit?
- Love
 - Knowledge
 - Faithfulness
 - Faith
76. The death and resurrection of Jesus Christ reminds us that:-
- He went to heaven and will never come again
 - He died for the forgiveness of our sins
 - He was arrested and crucified with the thieves
 - He was betrayed by Judas Iscariot

77. The blind man who was healed by Jesus was ordered to go and wash his face in the pool of Siloam which means:-
- open up
 - sent
 - healed
 - God's power
78. Which one of the following is **NOT** one of the books of Law?
- Genesis
 - Exodus
 - Joshua
 - Numbers
79. Who baptized the Ethiopia Eunuch?
- | | |
|----------|-----------|
| A. Peter | B. John |
| C. James | D. Philip |
80. Among the disciples, who discovered the boy with 5 loaves and 2 fish when Jesus fed the 5000?
- Phillip
 - Peter
 - Andrew
 - James
81. The apostles creed contains:-
- Foundation of faith
 - Fundamental beliefs of the Christian Church
 - Apostles laws
 - Apostles registration
82. The man healed by Peter and John at the beautiful gate in Jerusalem was:-
- physically handicapped
 - mentally handicapped
 - visually handicapped
 - Hearing impaired
83. Christians support children who have no parents by:-
- sending them to approved schools
 - building hospitals
 - sending them to friends
 - putting them in orphanage
84. A Christian can best help beggars by:-
- giving the money
 - providing them with shelter
 - helping them acquire employment
 - donating food to them
85. Obura is a police Officer. His brother has committed a crime. Obura should _____
- show his brother the outcome of his crime
 - arrest his brother and take him to police station
 - report him to another police officer
 - try to cover up for his brother
86. Which one of the following is not the work of Christian communities in Kenya?
- Feeding the hungry
 - Counting votes
 - Comforting the sick
 - Settling displaced people
87. Njeri is coming from school, she hears her neighbour's child screaming on checking she finds out that there is no one home. The best thing for her to do is to:-
- take the baby with her and look after it until the mother returns
 - run home and ask her own mother to rescue the baby
 - finds out why the baby is crying then leave it alone in the house
 - leave the baby crying and go out to look for the baby's mother
88. In *Deutonomy 24:19-21* God asked the Israelites to leave part of their _____ for the needy among them.
- money
 - homes
 - harvest
 - animals
89. In *Matthew 5:5* the Bible states that the meek _____
- will be called the sons of God
 - will inherit the earth
 - shall be satisfied
 - will receive what God has promised
90. "Where you go I will go, where you lodge I will lodge" Who said these words to who?
- Orpha to Naomi
 - Naomi to Ruth
 - Orpha to Ruth
 - Ruth to Naomi

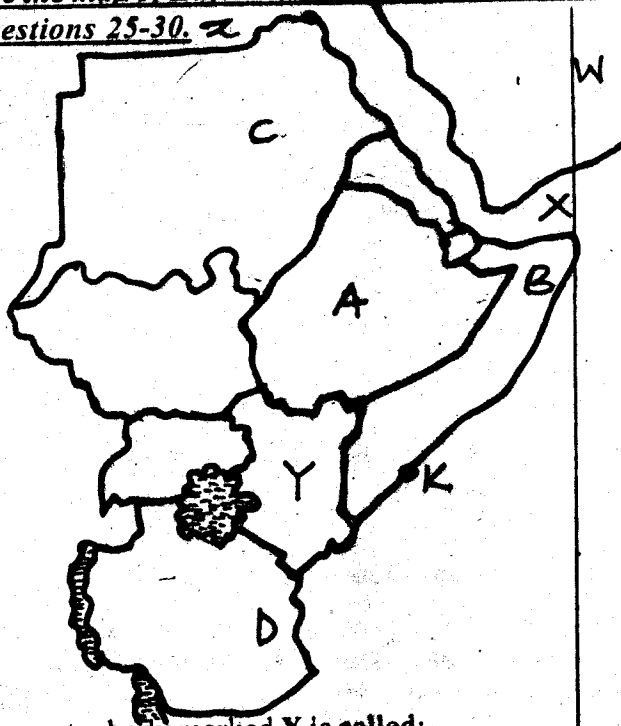
21. The **MAIN** problem facing fishing in L. Victoria is:-
 A. lack of market B. overfishing
 C. water hyacinth D. pollution of water
22. Which of the following lakes is a fresh water lake?
 A. L. Elementaita B. L. Malawi
 C. L. Natron D. L. Bogoria
23. Trade carried out between countries is known as:-
 A. external trade B. internal trade
 C. domestic trade D. local trade
24. The following are major imports of a country in Eastern Africa.

- (i) *vehicles* (ii) *electronics*
 (iii) *machinery* (iv) *wheat*

The country described above is:-

- A. Rwanda B. Kenya
 C. Somalia D. Sudan

Use the map of Eastern Africa shown to answer questions 25-30.

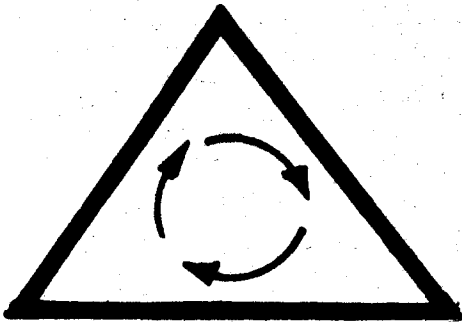


25. The water body marked X is called:-
 A. Red sea B. Mediterranean sea
 C. Gulf of Eden D. Indian Ocean
26. Which of the following countries marked A, B, C and D is landlocked?
 A. B B. C
 C. D D. A
27. The country marked Y was colonized by:-
 A. Italians B. Belgians
 C. British D. Germans
28. The town marked K is called:-
 A. Kiunga B. Kismayu
 C. Mogandishu D. Berbera

29. The country marked Z neighbouring Eastern Africa is called:-
 A. Egypt B. Libya
 C. DRC D. Chad
30. The imaginary lines marked W and T are _____ and _____ respectively.
 A. 52°E and 12°S
 B. 52°W and 12°E
 C. 50°E and 12°N
 D. Tropic of Cancer and Capricorn
31. In traditional African societies the Abawanga were ruled by:-
 A. President B. Council of elders
 C. Chiefs D. Kings
32. Masaku was a prominent traditional leader of the:-
 A. Akamba B. Abagusii
 C. Ameru D. Abakuria
33. How many constituencies are there in Kenya according to the new constitution?
 A. 68 B. 350
 C. 210 D. 290
34. Which of the following is not a form of child abuse?
 A. Denying a child medical care
 B. Denying a child food
 C. Forcing a child to go to school
 D. F.G.M
35. Which of the following is **NOT** a way of becoming a Kenyan citizen?
 A. Birth B. Naturalization
 C. Registration D. Dual
36. In which of the following place can we find the cultural artifacts?
 A. National museum B. National theatre
 C. National Assembly D. Supermarkets
37. Which of the following traditional forms of farming was called slash and burn?
 A. Bush fallowing
 B. Shifting cultivation
 C. Subsistence farming
 D. Cash crop farming
38. The following are ways of interaction today **except**:-
 A. birthday parties
 B. raids
 C. wedding ceremonies
 D. games and sports
39. The weather instrument used to measure temperature is known as:-
 A. Barometer B. Hygrometer
 C. Thermometer D. Rain gauge

40. Among the following which one is not a traditional industry?
 A. Weaving B. Carving
 C. Basketry D. Textile

41.

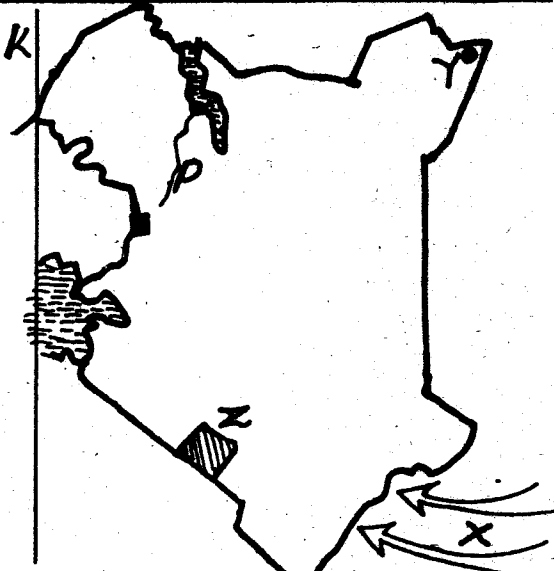


The road sign shown above shows:-

- A. road closed B. no entry
 C. round about D. junction
42. The medium of exchange today is:-
 A. Cowries shells B. currency
 C. barter trade D. gold
43. Law and order in Kenya is maintained by:-
 A. Kenya Police B. Kenya Air Force
 C. Kenya Navy D. Kenya Army
44. The head of the Supreme Court in Kenya is:-
 A. Attorney General B. Chief Justice
 C. Speaker D. President
45. An example of a plateau within a plateau is:-
 A. Yatta plateau B. Nyika plateau
 C. Kinangop plateau D. Laikipia plateau

Use the map of Kenya to answer questions 46 -

50.



46. The migration route marked X was followed by:-
 A. Cushites B. Bantus
 C. Semites D. Nilotes
47. The line of Longitude marked K is:-
 A. 34°E B. 34°W C. 51°E D. 34°S

48. The border town marked Y is:-
 A. Wajir B. Lodwar
 C. Moyale D. Mandera

49. The river marked P is called:-
 A. R. Turkwel B. R. Kerio
 C. R. Suguta D. R. Nzoia

50. The game park marked Z is called:-
 A. Maasai Mara B. Amboseli
 C. Tsavo D. Boni

51. According to the new constitution Ministers are known as:-

- A. Permanent Secretaries
 B. Cabinet Ministers
 C. Cabinet Secretaries
 D. Principal Secretaries

52. The Speaker is elected by:-

- A. Registrar
 B. Clerk to the National Assembly
 C. President
 D. Members of Parliament

53. According to the New Constitution parliament has two houses. Which are they?

- A. National Assembly and Senate
 B. National Assembly and Supreme Court
 C. Senate and the Senators
 D. National Assembly and Cabinet

54. When is the sun overhead in the Tropic of Cancer?

- A. December B. June
 C. July D. March

55. In Kenya laws are made by:-

- A. Supreme Court B. Judiciary
 C. Legislature D. Executive

56. People who are HIV positive needs:-

- A. love and hatred B. love and isolation
 C. love and unkindness D. love and care

57. Which of the following Kenyan leaders won the Nobel Peace Prize?

- A. Martha Karua B. Charity Ngilu
 C. Wangari Mathai D. Anima Muhammed

58. The next general election will be held on:-

- A. 2013 B. 2017
 C. 2018 D. 2020

59. The National public holiday celebrated every 1st June is:-

- A. Mashujaa day B. Labour day
 D. Madaraka day D. Jamhuri day

60. The first Vice President of Kenya was:-

- A. Raila Odinga B. Oginga Odinga
 C. Daniel Arap Moi D. Joseph Murumbi

MAKUENI COUNTYPENPLUS
MAKUENI**STD 6 - TERM 3****MARKING SCHEME**

ENGLISH	MATHEMATICS	KISWAHILI	SCIENCE	S/STUDIES/C.R.E
1. D 31. B	1. C 31. B	1. C 31. B	1. C 31. C	1. B 31. D 61. A
2. A 32. D	2. B 32. D	2. B 32. B	2. B 32. D	2. C 32. A
3. B 33. B	3. A 33. C	3. C 33. B	3. D 33. A	3. D 33. D
4. C 34. C	4. B 34. D	4. D 34. A	4. C 34. D	4. A 34. C
5. A 35. A	5. D 35. A	5. A 35. D	5. A 35. D	5. A 35. B
6. C 36. D	6. C 36. C	6. C 36. B	6. D 36. B	6. C 36. A 66. A
7. B 37. C	7. A 37. B	7. C 37. A	7. C 37. D	7. D 37. B 67. D
8. D 38. B	8. D 38. C	8. B 38. D	8. C 38. D	8. A 38. B 68. D
9. C 39. A	9. A 39. C	9. C 39. A	9. B 39. B	9. B 39. C 69. B
10. B 40. D	10. B 40. D	10. A 40. B	10. B 40. C	10. B 40. D 70. D
11. A 41. D	11. B 41. B	11. B 41. D	11. A 41. D	11. D 41. C 71. C
12. D 42. A	12. C 42. B	12. C 42. C	12. D 42. D	12. D 42. B 72. A
13. A 43. C	13. D 43. A	13. C 43. B	13. B 43. B	13. C 43. A 73. A
14. B 44. B	14. A 44. C	14. C 44. A	14. B 44. A	14. B 44. B 74. C
15. C 45. A	15. D 45. D	15. A 45. B	15. D 45. C	15. A 45. A 75. C
16. D 46. B	16. B 46. B	16. C 46. D	16. B 46. B	16. A 46. C 76. B
17. B 47. D	17. B 47. C	17. D 47. C	17. B 47. B	17. C 47. A 77. B
18. C 48. C	18. C 48. D	18. C 48. B	18. A 48. B	18. C 48. D 78. C
19. D 49. B	19. D 49. A	19. B 49. B	19. C 49. C	19. D 49. A 79. D
20. A 50. C	20. A 50. A	20. D 50. D	20. D 50. C	20. D 50. B 80. C
21. C	21. B	21. D	21. B	21. C 51. C 81. B
22. D	22. A	22. B	22. C	22. B 52. D 82. A
23. A	23. C	23. A	23. B	23. A 53. A 83. D
24. B	24. D	24. D	24. C	24. B 54. B 84. C
25. D	25. B	25. A	25. B	25. C 55. C 85. A
26. A	26. D	26. A	26. D	26. D 56. D 86. D
27. B	27. A	27. B	27. B	27. C 57. C 87. A
28. C	28. C	28. D	28. C	28. C 58. B 88. C
29. A	29. B	29. D	29. A	29. A 59. C 89. B
30. C	30. A	30. A	30. B	30. A 60. B 90. D

COMPOSITION / INSHA MARKING SCHEME**MARKING CRITERION**

- The composition will be assessed according to the following guidelines.
- The maximum mark will be 40 and the minimum mark 01.
Does the script show that the candidate can communicate accurately, fluently and imaginatively in English

Accuracy (16 marks)

- (a) Correct tense and agreement of verbs (b) Accurate use of vocabulary (4 marks)
(c) Correct spelling (4 marks) (d) Correct punctuation (4 marks)

Fluency (16 marks)

- (a) Correct flow of the story (4 marks) (b) Well sequenced sentence and connected paragraphs (4 marks)
(c) Correct spelling (4 marks) (d) Ideas developed in logic sequence (4 marks)

Imagination (8 marks)

- (a) Unusual but appropriate use of words (4 marks)
(b) Variety of structure (4 marks)

NB: Please teachers are requested to scrutinize this marking scheme before use, it is worth