KCPE TRIAL EXAMINATION
STANDARD 7 – 2014
COMPOSITION

Time: 40 minutes

YOUR INDEX NUMBER

YOUR NAME

NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. In the spaces provided above write your full Index Number, Your Name and Name of your school.
2. Now open this paper read the composition subject carefully and write your composition on the lines provided.

This Question Paper consists of 4 printed pages.

For tips on how to write best compositions, get a copy of “HIGH FLYER SERIES COMPOSITION”

"For better grasp of the subject get yourself a copy of HIGH FLYER SERIES STD. 7 ENGLISH OR HIGH FLYER SERIES STD. 7 ENCYCLOPAEDIA.

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007/Std. 7
Complete the story below making it as interesting as possible

I packed my books in my bag and bid good bye to my parents ............
READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given the question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 50 questions.

2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.

3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the ANSWER SHEET, not in the question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil only.

5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet.

YOUR INDEX NUMBER
YOUR NAME
NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate’s Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.

7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.

8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and do not fold it.

9. For each of the Question 1 - 50 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only ONE of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.

10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

EXAMPLE

For questions 19-20 choose the alternative that completes the given phrasal verbs correctly.

For question 14 - 17 re-arrange the given sentences to make a sensible paragraph.

14. (i) and went to school
(ii) John got up at six o’clock
(iv) he wore his clothes

A. i, iii, iv, ii B. iii, iv, i, ii C. ii, iv, i, iii D. ii, iv, iii, i

The correct answer is D

On the answer sheet:

5 [A] [B] [C] [D] 14 [A] [B] [C] 20 [A] [B] [C] [D] 34 [A] [B] [C] [D] 44 [A] [B] [C] [D]

In the set of boxes numbered 20, the box with the letter D printed in it is marked.

11. Your dark line MUST be within the box.

12. For each question ONLY ONE box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

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Below is a passage that contains blank spaces numbered 1 to 15. For each blank space choose the BEST-ALTERNATIVE TO FILL THE SPACES.

A man and his son 1 killed after 2 hit by a lorry which then 3 killing the leader. The lorry driver and several 4 were 5. They were put 6 an ambulance and were 7 to the hospital where they were admitted. The nurses were very 8 but they 9 into action. They gave the 10 attention to every problem.

One 11 nurse was 12 for she could attend to three or four patients 13. The patients 14 recovered. All went to 15 own homes.

A  
B

c.  
D

1. were  
2. was  
3. oversped 
4. pedestrians 
5. injured 
6. upto  
7. hurried 
8. carried 
9. got  
10. fittest 
11. particular  
12. interesting  
13. altogether 
14. immediately 
15. his  

Select suitable answers for the following questions.

16. Every cloud has a  
A. golden lining  
B. green stone  
C. diamond lining  
D. silver lining

17. The major commanded the soldiers to  
A. resume to  
B. resume back  
C. back to their own  
D. resume their

18. My sister loves a  
A. smart green woollen cardigan  
B. green smart woolen cardigan  
C. smart woollen green cardigan  
D. cardigan green woollen smart

19. The pupils  
A. moved the furniture from the classrooms.  
B. their many books removed from shelves.  
C. were shone the different types of gold.  
D. saw many sheeps crossing the road.

20. The head teacher has a  
A. beautiful short brown  
B. brown short beautiful  
C. short beautiful brown  
D. brown beautiful short

21. Many hands makes  
A. light work  
B. spoil work  
C. work light  
D. are good to work

Select the work similar in meaning to the underlined

22. The thief  got away  with the stolen goods.  
A. arrested  
B. walked  
C. charged  
D. escaped

23. The meeting was  called off  at the last minute.  
A. cancelled  
B. convened  
C. dispersed  
D. postponed
Read the passage below and answer questions 26 – 38

In those hay days, the hare and the hyena were good friends who swilled in the same boat of their lives. The two friends lived in Pegwe forest. A severe drought had struck the whole area and food for survival became minimal day by day. The lack of food forced the animals that lived in the environment to look for food from neighbouring villages. According to their traditional beliefs, women had the mandate to look for foods, but this time round both men and women had to shoulder the burden in order to feed their families.

Moving from one village to another was quite tiresome. Heat from the sun, wind, thirst and hunger made it worse and especially for the hyena whose back legs were short. Time to time he found it difficult to pass through loose sand which was all over the place. Movement was slower than they thought. In the next village, they found friendly people who gave them basketful of potatoes. It was not normal for such animals to carry baskets full of potatoes. The have found it difficult to carry heavy loads but he knew that they were lucky to get food.

The hare walked with much haste since darkness was approaching. He wanted to cross the bridge before darkness descended on them. The hyena was struggling to catch up with his friend but the load he carried made him walk slower. as they got close to the river that formed the boundary between the two villages, they realized that the river had not over flown its bank. They crossed it before it was dark and each headed for home with deep thoughts about their troubles which seemed to have no end.

During the last few days, hyena and the hare both seemed to have family problems. The hare complained that his wife, of late, no longer respected him. She even was planning to chase her away. The hare sympathised with his friend since his friend’s problems seemed to be much more than his. This was a false pretence and if only the hyena could detect the crocodile tears being shed by the hare did not mean what he was saying. He was only cheating since he wanted to put his friend into more trouble, from the frying pan into the fire. The foolish hyena had it coming for he had trusted his false friend.

26. The area where the hare and hyena lived had ________
   A. many good friends
   B. severe drought
   C. plenty of food
   D. disrespectful wives

27. It is FALSE to say that ________
   A. men looked for food always.
   B. women looked for food
   C. animals needed the food
   D. it was unusual for men to look for food

28. It was difficult for hyena to walk faster because he had ________
   A. thin legs
   B. was thirsty and slow.
   C. short back legs
   D. to travel far.

29. It is TRUE to say that ________
   A. the hare and the hyena were relatives.
   B. the hare and the hyena had enough food.
   C. the hare and the hyena had many things in common
   D. the hare and the hyena had one wife.

30. The hare moved in a hurry because ________
   A. the load he carried was very light.
   B. darkness was fast approaching
   C. he was better with his wife.
   D. he wanted to end the friendship
31. The two friends walked back home in deep thoughts because
   A. of the family problems
   B. false tears
   C. the failed rains
   D. hunger that had befallen them

32. The expression crocodile tears means
   A. genuine tears
   B. false tears
   C. tears of crocodile
   D. tears from eyes

33. The animals crossed the river easily because
   A. the rain had stopped.
   B. he knew how to swim
   C. the river was shallow
   D. the river had over flown its banks

34. The hare sympathised with they hyena because
   A. hyena’s problems were much more than his.
   B. hyena was chased away by the wife.
   C. hyena was tricked by his wife.
   D. hyena had no other friends.

35. Out of frying pan into the fire means
   A. causing a serious problem to others.
   B. losing everything you had gained.
   C. escaping from problems.
   D. going from one bad situation into a worse one.

36. The hyena said that his wife was
   A. jealous
   B. disrespectful
   C. sympathiser
   D. thoughtless

37. It is TRUE to say that
   A. the hyena was very clever
   B. the hyena and the hare were true friends.
   C. the hare was very faithful
   D. the hare was canning

38. The most suitable title for the story is?
   A. complaining friends.
   B. true friendship
   C. false friendship
   D. hare’s problems

Read the passage below and answer questions 39 – 50

Toads and frogs grow from eggs laid in water which hatch into tadpoles. These tadpoles are very like fish because they breath through gills. When tadpoles turn into frogs, gills are exchanged for lungs. Adult frogs breath air and use lungs to do it just as we do. They can also breath through their moist skins. The same happen to toads.

Toads lay eggs in long strings in ponds. The eggs hatch out as tadpoles. They look very like frogs’ tadpoles. We can tell the difference by their colour and shape. Their mouths are different too. The tails of toads’ tadpoles have rounded ends. Frogs’ tadpoles’ tails are pointed.

The tadpoles begin having frilly gills on either sides of their heads. As they grow older flaps of skin grow and cover the gills. Now the gills are inside the tadpoles’ head, just as fish’s gills are inside the head. Later the legs begin to grow. The back pair come first. Just before the toadlets or froglets come out and land, the front legs begin to grow and to poke through the flap of skin which cover the gills. When the tadpole become grown – ups, they come on to land completely.

These creatures spend part of their lives on land and part in water. These types of creatures are called amphibians. They cannot survive in complete dryness.

Std 7 / 007
Amphibians are cold-blooded animals. This means that their bodies are the same temperature as their surroundings. Our bodies keep at the same temperature whether it is a cold day in winter or a sunny day in summer.

Frogs and toads hibernate. Toad pass their winter tucked away in holes in banks and so on. Frogs, on the other hand hibernate near water. They dig into the soft mud at the bottom of ditches.

Most toads and frogs make moist, usually a rasping croak. The males usually make most noise and have big vocal sacs in their throat which they fill with air. The noises are used in courtship. Male frogs attract females to ponds by the noise they make as they croak.

39. Tadpoles breath through ________
A. gills     B. moist skins
C. habits    D. noses

40. Frog and toad tadpoles are different in ________
A. shape and size
B. all ways
C. habits
D. colour and shape

41. Amphibians can ________
A. live under and water only
B. live on land and in water
C. not live on land
D. shed their skins

42. The word surrounding in the passage can be replaced by ________
A. neighbourhood
B. closeness
C. environment
D. habitat

43. "Cold blooded" creatures are those which ________
A. have bodies of the same temperature.
B. have temperatures same as their environment.
C. have lower body temperature.
D. do not control their body temperatures.

44. The temperature of a health human body ________
A. Change with the weather.
B. remain the same in all weathers
C. stays lowest in winter
D. stays highest in summer

45. When we say that an amphibian hibernates means that ________
A. it changes from tadpole to toad.
B. it changes from frog to toad.
C. its temperature goes down.
D. it stays inactive throughout winter.

46. Toads hibernate ________
A. in mud at bottom of ditches.
B. in holes in banks.
C. near water.
D. in trees

47. It is TRUE to say that ________
A. toads stay on land and frogs in water.
B. tadpoles are related to fish.
C. tadpoles and fish breath through gills.
D. tadpoles breath through lungs and fish use gills.

48. It is FALSE to say that ________
A. males are attracted to females by croaks.
B. males have big vocal sacs.
C. adult toads use lungs to breath.
D. toads and frogs hibernate during winter.

49. male frogs and toads make croaking noise to ________
A. attract females.
B. exercise their voices.
C. fill their vocal sacs with air.
D. frighten their enemies.

50. The best title for this passage is ________
A. tadpoles of frogs and toads.
B. hibernation
C. cold blooded animals
D. how frogs and toads live
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAMBA YAKO YA MTIHANI</th>
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<tr>
<td>JINA LAKO</td>
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<td>JINA LA SHULE YAKO</td>
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**SOMA MAAGIZO HAYA KWA MAKINI**

1. Kwenye nafasi zilizoachwa hapo juu andika namba yako kamili ya mtihani, jina lako na jina la shule yako.
2. Sasa fungua karatasi hii, soma kichwa cha insha kwa makini na uandike insha yako kwenye nafasi zilizoachwa.

Kijitabu hiki kina kurasa nne zimepigwa chapa.

Kwa maelezo Mufti ya mbinu za uandishi wa insha pata nakala yako ya "HIGH FLYER SERIES INSHA SHESHE"
Endeleza kisa hiki; Andika kwa hati nadhifu na hakikisha kimehitimu ukurasa mmoja unusu.

Omari alikuwa kijana mwenye adabu na tabia nzuri. Lakini siku moja.................................................................
SOMA KWA MAKINI MAAGIZO YAFUATAYO

2. Ikiwa utataka kuandika chochote ambacho si jibu andika katika kijitabu hiki.
3. Ukisha chagua jibu lako lionyeshe katika KARATASI YA MAJIBU na wala si katika kijitabu hiki cha maswali.

JINSI YA KUTUMIA KARATASI YA MAJIBU

4. Tumia penseli ya kawaida.
5. Hakikisha ya kwamba yafuatayo yameandikwa katika karatasi ya majibu.

NAMBA YAKO YA MTIHANI
JINA LAKO
JINA LA SHULE YAKO

6. Kwa kuchora kistari katika visanduku vyenyewe pamba zinazokuhusu, onyesha namba yako kamili ya mtihani (yaani namba ya-shule na zile namba tatu za mtihani) katika sehemu iliyo tengwa mwanza wa karatasi ya majibu.

7. Usitie alama zozote nje ya visanduku.
8. Iweke safi karatasi yako ya majibu.


10. Kwenye karatasi ya majibu, jibu sahihi lionyeshe kwa kuchora kistari katika kisanduku chenye herufi uliyochagua kuwa ndilo jibu.

MFANO
Katika kijitabu cha maswali:

   A. Tukienda tutawapata.
   B. Kila mtu asimame.
   C. Walikalia kiti kizuri.
   D. Walikipenda kizazi.

Katika karatasi ya majibu

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Katika visanduku vinavyoonyesha majibu ya swali namba 21, kisanduku chenye herufi A ndicho kili chochorwa kistari.

12. Kwa kila swali, chora kistari katika kisanduku kimoja tu kati ya visanduku vine ulivyo pewa.

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Soma kifungu kifuataacho kiliacho na nafasi 1-14.
Chagua jibu sahihi kujaza nafasi ziizo wazi.
Jana nilikuwa 1 shauri kuwa pesa 2 nazo 3 motokaa. Baada ya kuwaza na 4 mbali wazo hili, 6 kuwa 7 motokaa 8 kufuatana na kiasi cha pesa 9. Hata 10 ningetoa pesa 11 kununua motokaa, si rahisi kupata motokaa bora zaidi 12 ingedumu kwa mwaka 13 bila kuanza kuniletea 14 la marekebisho.

A
1. nimekata  
2. nilio  
3. nizinunue  
4. kuwazia  
5. nilitupa  
6. Nilionelea  
7. singepata  
8. zuri  
9. nilichokua nacho  
10. kama  
11. hiyo yote  
12. ambalo  
13. moja  
14. taabu

B
nimekataa  
nilio  
ninizunue  
kuwazua  
nilitupia  
Nilionea  
nisingapata  
mzuri  
nilyokuwu nayo  
ingawa  
hivyote  
ambaye  
mzima  
tatizo

C
nimeweka  
niliyo  
ninizunulie  
kuwazua  
nilitupwa  
Nilionea  
nisingapata  
nzuri  
nilyokuwu nazo  
vile  
hizado zote  
ambao  
huu  
vombo

D
nimetia  
niko  
nikanunue  
kuwazua  
nilitupwa  
Nilionea  
singapata  
vizuri  
nilyokuwu nazo  
vile  
yote  
ambao  
zima  
maneno

Jibu swali 15-30 kulingana na maagizo
15. Jaza nafasi kwa jibu bora zaidi.
Kabila ya kula sharti mioko
A. tuoge  
B. tupanguse  
C. tunawe  
D. tukoge

16. Tumia kivumishi cha sifa katika hali ifaayo
Nyumba ilichomwa na wahuni jana usiku.
A. kidogo  
B. mdogo  
C. dogo  
D. ndogo

17. Maana ya usemi huu ni?
Mwachieni Opiyo shughuli hii kwa maana ana mkono mwepasi.
A. Anafanya kazi kwa upole  
B. Yeye ni chapu chapu  
C. Yeye ni kijana mdogo  
D. Ana misuli mikubwa

18. Kanusha sentensi ifuatayo.
Kiongozi amewasilii na kuhutubia wafuasi wake.
A. Kiongozi hakuwasili na kuwazia wafuasi wake  
B. Kiongozi hajawasili na kuwazia wafuasi wake  
C. Kiongozi hajawasili na kuhutubia wafuasi wake  
D. Kiongozi amewasilii na kuwazia wafuasi wake

19. Sentensi ifuatayo ni katika wakati upi?
Juma amewasili kutoka shuleni.
A. uliopita  
B. ujao  
C. timilifu  
D. mazoaa

20. Chagua orodha yenye majina ya kiume pekee.
A. mtwana, jimbi, shaibu  
B. mfarika, kijakazi, pora  
C. mtamba, pora, kijakazi  
D. kijakazi, shaibu, pora

21. Kamilisha sentensi ifuatayo kwa viunganishi aula
Alikuwa akiugua hakushinda nyumbani alienda kazini.
A. Ingawa, bali  
B. Jjapo, mbali  
C. Ikwiwa, lakini  
D. Ljapokuwu, wala

22. Chagua neno sahihi badala ya neno lililopiguwa mstari.
Wakimbizi walikumbana na masaibu mengi safarini.
A. visa  
B. mambo  
C. maafa  
D. mikosi

23. Mkopo usiotozwa riba hujulikana kama
A. mtaji  
B. koto  
C. karadha  
D. bahshishi
24. Biwi ni kwa takataka kama vile kikonyo ni kwa
   A. ndevu
   B. nyama
   C. zabibu
   D. bafta

25. Ainisha ‘kielezi cha namna’ katika sentensi hii
   Mwanafunzi huyu aliumia sana
   A. mwanafunzi
   B. huyu
   C. aliumia
   D. sana

26. Baba yangu ni simba. Hii ni fanzi ya lugha itwayo?
   A. tashbih
   B. istiari
   C. takriri
   D. shada

27. Chagua kihushishi katika sentensi;
   Gari lilimgonga kijana aliyesimama
   kando ya barabara
   A. lilimgonga
   B. kijana
   C. kando ya
   D. aliyesimama

28. Ni sentensi gani inayodhibitisha matumizi ya Ki-masharti
   A. Wamekuwa wakikimbia tangu jana
   B. Ukiniita nitaitika mara moja
   C. Kiatu kimerarukena sana
   D. Kitoto kililala mchana kutwa

29. Kamilisha kintandawili hiki.
   Nyama njie, ngozi ndani.
   A. kuku na yai
   B. firigisi
   C. jahazi na tanga
   D. mbusi

30. Hivi vyote ni vimelea isipokuwa
   A. mbung’o
   B. nyuki
   C. mbu
   D. kiroboto

Soma taarifa ifuatayo kisha ujibu maswali 31-40
Elimu ndiko uti wa mgongo wa maendeleo. Husukuma mbele gurudumu la ujenzi wa taifa kiuchumi, kisiasa na kijamii.
Elimu huirua kiwango cha kujua kusoma na kuandika nchini. Wafanyakazi waloelimika hupokea kwa urahisi na kujaibuka mbinu mpya za utelekezaji wa mambo ili kuleta mabadiliko yanayotarajwa. Huibua teknolojia inayobuka kita uchao.
Elimu hupelekeza watu kutupilia itikadi na tamaduni zilizopitwa na wakati kwa ajili ya maendeleo. Aidha elimu husaidia katika kufanikisha utafiti ili kupata suluhisho la matatizo kwenye nyanja kama vile afya, kilimo, biashara na mawasiliano.
Hii kwa mfano husaidia kupunguza vifo vya mapema na kuwezesha watu kuishi muda mrefu zaidi.

31. Mwandishi anaposema elimu ni uti wa mgongo, anamaanisha;
   A. Elimu ndio mti wa maendeleo
   B. husimamisha maendeleo
   C. Elimu ni muhimu sana
   D. Elimu ni kama mgongo

32. Elimu na uchumi hazihusiana kwa mambo yepi mawili?
   A. katika utafiti na taaluma
   B. katika viwango na aina ya elimu
   C. katika uwekezaji na utafiti
   D. katika viwango na taaluma
33. Mbinu mpya zinaweza kutumika katika yafuatayo isipokuwa
   A. teknolojia   B. itikadi
   C. utafiti   D. utaalamu

34. Watu waliosoma na kutilii vitabu sana wanaweza kuitwa
   A. wapenzi   B. wasomaji
   C. wasomi   D. wanasheria

35. Mhandisi anaweza pia kuitwa
   A. mtaalamu
   B. daktari shupavu
   C. fundi wa mitambo
   D. mhzigi

36. Mwandishi amesema Kila uchao, maanake kulingana na muktadha
   ni
   A. kila wakati   B. kila usiku
   C. kila siku   D. kila mchana

37. Watu wanapotupilia mbali tamaduni zisizofaa, elimu itakuwa imeimarisha
   A. stadi zao   B. utafiti wao
   C. ujuzi wao   D. mtazamo wao

38. Vifo vya mapema hupunguzwa na
   A. utafiti na kilimo
   B. huduma za matibabu na liske bora
   C. biashara na mawasiliano
   D. afya na uzima

39. Habari hii inahimiza watu
   A. Kuendeleza taifa’   B. Kutafiti
   C. Kukuza uchumi   D. kusoma

40. Kichwa mwafaka kwa taarifa hii ni
   A. Maendeleo ya uchumi
   B. Elimu na maendeleo
   C. Maendeleo ya elimu
   D. Elimu nchini

Soma taarifa ifuatayo kisha ujibu maswali 41-50


Katika shule yao mpya walionyeshwa mahali pa kulala baada ya kupokewa na kinara wa shule hiyo. Baadaye vijana hao walitumbezwa kwenye eneo la shule hiyo na wakaonyeshe madarasa, viwanja vya michezo mbalimbali, maktaba na kadhhalika. Katana alifurahia mambo yote aliyoaona bali mwandaniwe hakupendezwa.


Wazazi wake walipomwona, walitaka kujua ni kitu gani kichomletu nyumbani wakati ule. Shababi huyo aliganda ulimi. Hapo babaye yake Kazungu wakaandamana na mwanawe mpaka shuleni ndipo akajue sababu yake ya kutoka shuleni kabla ya kufungwa.


41. Vijana waliotajwa hapa walikuwa
   A. kaka wawili   B. wa rika moja
   C. mtu na mpwa   D. majirani

42. Kinyume cha shule za bweni ni
   A. shule za chekechea
   B. shule ya msingi
   C. shule ya upili
   D. shule ya kutwa

43. Nani aliwalaki vijana hawa shuleni?
   A. mwalimu mkuu wa shule
   B. kinara mkuu wa shule
   C. naibu wa mwalimu mkuu
   D. mwalimu wa zamu

44. Ni kau li gani sahihi kulingana na hadithi hii?
   A. Kazungu alifurahishwa na mambo yote aliyooyaona
   B. b)Watoto hawakupendezwa na jambo lolote lien
   C. Kinara aliwatembeza vijana hawa shuleni
   D. Katana alifurahishwa na mambo yote aliyooyaona

45. Si kweli kusema
   A. Katana na Kazungu waliumaliza urafiki baada ya wiki tatu
   B. Kazungu hakukanywa na Katana auache uvivu
   C. Katana alimtafuta rafigi mwingine na kumwacha Kazungu
   D. Kazungu alikanywa na Katana auache uvivu

46. Kazungu alitoroka shule,
   A. Kwa kukosa mlo na kuzembea
   B. Kwa kuadhibiwa na kuonda
   C. kwa kukosa chakula na kuadhibiwa
   D. Kwa kuonda na kuzembea

47. Wavyele walitaka kuja ni kitu gani kilichomleta wakati huo? Inamaanisha
   A. wakati wa masomo
   B. wakati wa likizo
   C. wakati wa sikuku
   D. wakati wa mchana

48. Mwalimu wa darasa la Kazungu aliitwa
   A. Kinara   B. mvyele
   C. hatujaelezwa   D. Nswi

49. Kazungu alifaulu katika mambo yake yote kwa
   A. Kutozingatia funzo la hadithi aliyoosimuliwa
   B. Kusikiliza na kupuza funzo la hadithi aliyoosimuliwa
   C. kuzingatia funzo la hadithi aliyoosimuliwa
   D. Kuichukulia vibaya hadithi aliyoosimuliwa

50. Kichwa mwafaka zaidi kwa hadithi hii ni
   A. Shule haifaidi watu
   B. elimu ina mwisho
   C. Alalaye usimwamshe
   D. Usikate tama
READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given the question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 50 questions.

2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.

3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the ANSWER SHEET, not in the question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil only.

5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet
   YOUR INDEX NUMBER
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6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full index number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate’s Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.

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9. For each of the Question 1 – 50 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only ONE of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.

10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

EXAMPLE

In the question Booklet

24. How many groups of hundreds are in the value of digit 3 in the number 938461?
   A. 30,000  B. 3,000  
   C. 300      D. 30

The correct answer is C (300)

On the answer sheet:

   4   [A] [B] [C] [D]  14 [A] [B] [C] [D]  24 [A] [B] [C] [D]  34 [A] [B] [C] [D]  44 [A] [B] [C] [D]

In the set of boxes numbered 24, the box with the letter C printed in it is marked.

11. Your dark line MUST be within the box.

12. For each question ONLY ONE box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.
1. What is fifteen million four hundred and eight thousand two hundred and seventy six?
   A. 500408276
   B. 15408276
   C. 1548276
   D. 15480276

2. What is the place value of digit 3 in the number 86375421?
   A. Three hundred thousand
   B. Hundred thousand
   C. Ten thousand
   D. Millions

3. What is the square root of 0.0529?
   A. 0.23
   B. 0.0023
   C. 0.023
   D. 2.3

4. What is the value of \( \frac{0.56 \times 1.44}{9.6} \)?
   A. 84
   B. 8.4
   C. 0.84
   D. 0.084

5. What is the perimeter of the figure below? Take \( \pi = \frac{22}{7} \)
   ![Figure](image)
   A. 78m
   B. 72m
   C. 100m
   D. 44m

6. What is the next number in the sequence 13, 16, 22, 31, 43, \_\_\_\_\_\_?
   A. 58
   B. 55
   C. 56
   D. 57

7. What is the product of the GCD and the LCM of 8, 12 and 16?
   A. 52
   B. 48
   C. 192
   D. 12

8. Which one of the ratios given below represents 40%?
   A. 5:2
   B. 2:7
   C. 7:2
   D. 2:5

9. What is the value of \( 24 + 4(9 - 2^2) - 6 \times 4 + 2? \)
   A. 128
   B. 32
   C. 40
   D. 76

10. In the figure below, what is the product of t and m?
    ![Figure](image)
    A. 16cm²
    B. 32cm²
    C. 8cm²
    D. 48cm²

11. What amount of money when increased by 125% becomes sh 2250?
    A. Sh 1800
    B. Sh 1000
    C. Sh 1687.50
    D. Sh 2812.50

12. What is the total surface area of the brick below?
    ![Figure](image)
    A. 2800cm²
    B. 8000cm²
    C. 2400cm²
    D. 2000cm²

13. Express 3.025 as a mixed fraction
    A. \( 3\frac{1}{40} \)
    B. \( 3\frac{3}{4} \)
    C. \( 3\frac{1}{400} \)
    D. \( 30\frac{1}{4} \)

14. Write 490 in Roman numbers
    A. XLXC
    B. CCCCXC
    C. CDXC
    D. DCXC
15. What is the sum of the complement and supplement of 67°?
   A. 146°  B. 136°
   C. 157°  D. 113°

16. What is the value of x in the equation below?
   6(4x + 16) = 720
   A. 34  B. 104
   C. 136  D. 26

17. Kemboi ran round the field below 25 times.

   [Diagram of an oval field with dimensions 101m by 63m]

   What distance in kilometres did he cover? Take \( \pi = \frac{22}{7} \)
   A. 25  B. 100
   C. 10  D. 15

18. If \( x = 3 \), \( y = 4 \) and \( m = 5 \) what is the value of:
   \[ \sqrt{2xy^2 + m^2y} \]
   A. 196  B. 26
   C. 24  D. 14

19. After selling a radio for sh 5400, a trader made a profit of 25%. What was the buying price of the radio?
   A. sh 4320  B. sh 4050
   C. sh 1350  D. sh 1080

20. In the figure below line AB is parallel to line CD

   [Diagram with angles labeled 58° and 72°]

21. A car covered a certain distance in 1\( \frac{1}{2} \) hours at a speed of 80km per hour. How long would the car take to cover the same distance at a speed of 90km/h?
   A. 2 hours  B. 1 hour 15 min
   C. 1 hour  D. 1 hour 20 min

22. Sibwoga bought the following from a shop:
   - 3 loaves of bread @ sh 54
   - 2kg tin of cooking fat for sh 240
   - 10 eggs @ sh 12
   - 4 packets of milk @ sh 45
   If he gave the shopkeeper a sh 1000 note, how much balance did he get?
   A. sh 298  B. sh 58
   C. sh 398  D. sh 702

23. What is the volume of the cylinder below? (Take \( \pi = \frac{22}{7} \))

   [Diagram of a cylinder with radius 15cm and height 35cm]

   A. 3300cm³  B. 24750cm³
   C. 1650cm³  D. 23750cm³

24. What is the sum of the faces, edges and vertices of an open cuboid?
   A. 26  B. 28
   C. 25  D. 30

25. What is the area of the shaded part in the figure below? (Take \( \pi = \frac{22}{7} \))
26. Mumbi borrowed sh 60,000 from a bank. She was charged a simple interest at the rate of 12% p.a. How much did she pay back at the end of two years?
A. Sh 14,400
B. Sh 74,400
C. Sh 84,400
D. Sh 64,400

27. Construct a triangle KLM such that KLM = 80° and line KL = 8cm and LM = 6cm. What is the measure of angle LKM?
A. 140°
B. 40°
C. 120°
D. 60°

28. Simplify the inequality below
9m – 8 > 7m + 16
A. m > 12
B. m < 12
C. m > 4
D. m < 4

29. What is the least number that must be subtracted from 40662 to make it divisible by 11?
A. 5
B. 3
C. 6
D. 7

30. What is the area of the shaded part in the triangle below?

(3x + 1)cm
(5x - 5)cm

A. 1120cm²
B. 140cm²
C. 640cm²
D. 560cm²

31. What is the value of the angle marked n in the figure below?

A. 95°
B. 85°
C. 153°
D. 68°

32. The table below shows the distances in km from town P to T

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>T</th>
<th>S</th>
<th>R</th>
<th>Q</th>
<th>P</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>84</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Kasim travelled from Town P to town T via town R. What distance did he cover?
A. 126km
B. 96km
C. 84km
D. 108km

33. What is the area of the figure below?
A. 100cm²  B. 112cm²  C. 80cm²  D. 96cm²

34. The fractions ¾, 2/3, ¾, and 5/8 are to be arranged in order from the largest to the smallest. Which one of the following is the correct order?
A. 5/8, ¾, 2/3, ¾
B. 5/8, 2/3, ¾, ¾
C. 5/8, ¾, 2/3, ¾
D. 5/8, ¾, 5/8, ¾

35. What is the value of 4½ - 2½ + 1½?
A. 4¼  B. ½
C. 3¾  D. 3¼

36. The figure below represents a flower garden

The garden is to be fenced all round using poles placed at intervals of 6 metres apart. How many poles were required? (Take π = 22/7)
A. 11  B. 12  C. 19  D. 18

37. The table below shows the number of boys and girls who joined primary schools in the years 2013 and 2014.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>GENDER</th>
<th>YEAR</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Boys</td>
<td></td>
<td>378135</td>
<td>384795</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Girls</td>
<td></td>
<td>351846</td>
<td>363214</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

How many more pupils joined school in 2014 than in 2013?
A. 47870  B. 6660  C. 18028  D. 11368

38. Construct a triangle NPQ such that NP = 50cm, PN = PQ = 6cm. Draw a circle touching the vertices N, P and Q. What is the radius of the circle drawn?
A. 3.3cm  B. 4cm  C. 2.6cm  D. 5.2cm

39. Ruto has b books. Raila has 4 more books than Ruto. Uhuru has three books less than the total number that Ruto and Raila have. How many books do they have altogether?
A. 2b + 1  B. 4b + 5  C. 4b + 1  D. 7b + 1

40. Which digit in the number 8041.29 has the greatest value?
A. 9  B. 2  C. 1  D. 8

41. 52% of a number is 780. What is 40% of the number?
A. 312  B. 400  C. 600  D. 1092

42. The pie chart below shows how Mudavadi used his salary.
43. In a class, 40% of the pupils are girls. If there are 10 more boys than girls, how many pupils are in that class?
   A. 20       B. 30
   C. 50       D. 25

44. The table below shows the cost of sending letters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LETTERS</th>
<th>WEIGHT STEPS</th>
<th>Shs</th>
<th>Cts</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(Limit of weight 2kg)</td>
<td>Not over 20g</td>
<td>40</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not over 50g</td>
<td>90</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not over 100g</td>
<td>160</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not over 250g</td>
<td>280</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not over 500g</td>
<td>465</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not over 1kg</td>
<td>760</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not over 2kg</td>
<td>820</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Chebet sent the following letters:
Two letters each weighing 21g
Four letters each weighing 150g
One letter weighing 1½ kg
How much did she pay for postage altogether?
A. Sh 2,120
B. Sh 2,020
C. Sh 1,540
D. Sh 2,060

45. The area of a triangle is 238cm². If the base of the triangle is 28cm, what is its height?
   A. 34cm       B. 8.5cm
   C. 17cm       D. 19cm

46. Which one of the following fractions when converted into a decimal will recur?
   A. $\frac{5}{8}$       B. $\frac{6}{25}$
   C. $\frac{9}{10}$       D. $\frac{7}{9}$

47. A man’s stride is 1.56 metres. How many strides will the man make to cover a distance of 234 Dekametres?
   A. 150       B. 1500
   C. 15000       D. 15

48. Work out
   $1011.018 - 309.73 + 443.014$
   A. 1144.302
   B. 258.274
   C. 1244.302
   D. 1154.312

49. What is the value of
   $(2\frac{1}{2})^2 + \sqrt{33/64}$?
   A. $\frac{3}{10}$
   B. $3\frac{1}{3}$
   C. $6\frac{2}{3}$
   D. $26\frac{2}{3}$

50. What is the next shape in the above pattern?

   A
   B
   C
   D
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ENGLISH</th>
<th>KISWAHILI</th>
<th>MATHS</th>
<th>SCIENCE</th>
<th>SOCIAL STUDIES</th>
<th>I.R.E</th>
<th>C.R.E</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>20.</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>20.</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>20.</td>
<td>10.</td>
<td>70.</td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27.</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>27.</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>27.</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>77.</td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32.</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>32.</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>32.</td>
<td>23.</td>
<td>83.</td>
<td>D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33.</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>33.</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>33.</td>
<td>24.</td>
<td>84.</td>
<td>B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34.</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>34.</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>34.</td>
<td>25.</td>
<td>85.</td>
<td>D</td>
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<tr>
<td>35.</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>35.</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>35.</td>
<td>26.</td>
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<td>B</td>
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<tr>
<td>36.</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>36.</td>
<td>A</td>
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<td>C</td>
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<tr>
<td>38.</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>38.</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>38.</td>
<td>29.</td>
<td>89.</td>
<td>30.</td>
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<tr>
<td>41.</td>
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<td>C</td>
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<td>42.</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>42.</td>
<td>D</td>
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<td>42.</td>
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<tr>
<td>43.</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>43.</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>43.</td>
<td>43.</td>
<td>43.</td>
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<tr>
<td>44.</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>44.</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>44.</td>
<td>44.</td>
<td>44.</td>
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<tr>
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<td>D</td>
<td>45.</td>
<td>B</td>
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<tr>
<td>46.</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>46.</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>46.</td>
<td>46.</td>
<td>46.</td>
<td>46.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47.</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>47.</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>47.</td>
<td>47.</td>
<td>47.</td>
<td>47.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49.</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>49.</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>49.</td>
<td>49.</td>
<td>49.</td>
<td>49.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50.</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>50.</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>50.</td>
<td>50.</td>
<td>50.</td>
<td>50.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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EXAMPLE

In the Question Booklet:

4. Which of the following plant is green non flowering?
   A. Mushroom    B. Sisal
   C. Moss        D. Cassava

The correct answer is C

In the set of boxes numbered 4, the box with the letter D printed in it is marked.

11. Your dark line MUST be within the box.

12. For each question ONLY ONE box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

© High Flyer Series, 2014 Tel. 0723 499860  TURN OVER
1. Which one of the following materials is NOT good for modelling the solar system?
   A. Sandy soil
   B. Plasticine
   C. Paper machie
   D. Clay soil.

2. Which diagram below shows the new moon?
   ![Diagram](image)
   A. B
   C. D

3. The following are functions of the blood plasma except
   A. Transport waste materials
   B. Transport oxygen
   C. Transport heat
   D. Transport hormones

4. The part of the alimentary canal that absorbs mineral salts and water is
   A. Ileum
   B. Rectum
   C. Duodenum
   D. Colon

5. HIV and AIDS cannot be transmitted by
   A. Sharing body piercing tools.
   B. Shaking hands of infected persons.
   C. Having sexual intercourse
   D. Mother to child during breast feeding

6. The following are harmful substances present in tobacco except
   A. Ethanol
   B. Tar
   C. Nicotine
   D. Carbon monoxide

7. Standard 4 pupils collected a weed that produces flowers that are yellow and have unpleasant smell. Which weed had they collected
   A. Datura
   B. Wandering jew
   C. Mexican marigold
   D. Pigweed

8. Which part of a flower protects the flower during the bud stage
   A. Corolla
   B. Calyx
   C. Stalk
   D. Pistil

9. The following are reasons to why animals die. Which one is not
   A. Adequate food
   B. Diseases
   C. Being killed by others.
   D. Old age

10. In the table below which animal is not matched with its breathing organ
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Animal</th>
<th>Breathing organ</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. Toad</td>
<td>Lungs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. Snake</td>
<td>Lungs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. Whale</td>
<td>Gills</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. Locust</td>
<td>Spiracles</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

11. To investigate the presence of humus in the soil, the following materials are needed except
   A. Dry soil
   B. Lid
   C. Glass
   D. Water

12. Equal amounts of water was poured in equal amounts of clay, loam, sand and silt soils and allowed to stand. From the observation, which soil had the lowest level of water
   A. Clay
   B. Loam
   C. Sand
   D. Silt

13. The disease causing micro-organisms of bilharzias is called
   A. Bacterium
   B. Fluke
   C. Snail
   D. Virus

14. Water in a river can be polluted by the following except
   A. Farm chemicals
   B. Domestic waste
   C. Oil spillage
   D. Treated effluent
15. The component of environment that is found in every other component is
   A. Soil
   B. Water
   C. Air
   D. Animal

16. Green plants decrease the percentage of ______ in the air during the day
   A. Oxygen
   B. Carbon dioxide
   C. Rare gases
   D. Nitrogen

17. Which diagram below shows a balanced diet.

   [Diagram with options: Fish, Bread, Milk, Rice, Cabbage, Eggs, Meat, Ugali, Beans, Kales, Mango]

18. Which one of the following disease is caused by not eating foods rich in iron
   A. Aneamia
   B. Rickets
   C. Kwashiorkor
   D. Beriberi

19. The following are artificial ways of lighting a house except using
   A. Candles
   B. Gas lamps
   C. Skylights
   D. Electric bulbs

20. The word BREAD was placed in front of a mirror. How did the word appear in the mirror?

   [Diagram with options: BREAD, BREAD, BREAD, BREAD]

21. Standard 7 pupils made the circuit shown below

   [Diagram of a circuit with options: A, B]

Which material when placed between points AB will make the bulb to light
   A. Match stick
   B. Pin
   C. Glass rod
   D. Plastic rubber

22. Kamau dropped two objects in water and made the observation shown below

   [Diagram with options: Wood, Water, Nail]

The observation was as a result of difference in
   A. Material
   B. Weight
   C. Shape
   D. Size

23. Ink spreads in a glass by a process called
   A. Capillarity
   B. Osmosis
   C. Diffusion
   D. Absorption

24. Which simple tool is not matched with its use
   ______
   A. Spade - scooping soil
   B. Sickle - trimming the fence
   C. Mattock - digging hard soil.
   D. Rake - gathering rubbish

25. The following parts of a bicycle need friction except ______
   A. Peddle
   B. Saddle
   C. Handles
   D. Axle
26. The blood vessel that carries deoxygenated blood to the lungs is______
   A. Venacava
   B. Aorta
   C. Pulmonary artery
   D. Pulmonary vein.

27. Which one of the following is not a problem related to teeth_________
   A. Bad smell
   B. Shedding
   C. Dental carries
   D. Gingivitis

28. The diagram below shows a human tongue.

   ![](tongue_diagram)

Which part tastes bitter substances?
   A. M      B. N
   C. P      D. O

29. The following are social effects of drug abuse except_________
   A. Marital conflicts
   B. Rape
   C. Depression
   D. Road accidents

30. Which of the following is not false about HIV and AIDS?
   A. HIV and AIDS is a curse
   B. HIV and AIDS has no cure
   C. HIV and AIDS is always hereditary
   D. Only long-distance drivers get AIDS

31. Which vaccine is given to a baby on the lower left arm?
   A. Polio vaccine
   B. DPT vaccine
   C. Antimeasles vaccine
   D. BCG vaccine

32. Which statement below is correct about the planet with a ring
   A. It is the largest planet
   B. It is the hottest planet
   C. It is the sixth planet from the sun
   D. It takes the longest time to go round the sun

33. Standard 5 pupils made the weather instrument shown below.

   ![](weather_instrument_diagram)
   What mistake did the pupils make when constructing the instrument?
   A. They used a long narrow tube
   B. They labelled the scale wrongly
   C. They used glass bottle wrongly
   D. They placed a cork on the bottle

34. The best method of controlling aphids in the farm by_________
   A. Scaring them away
   B. Picking them
   C. Trapping them
   D. Applying pesticides

35. Which parts of a bean seed make the embryo_________
   A. Cotyledon and radicle
   B. Testa and cotyledon
   C. Plumule and radicle
   D. Cotyledon and Plumule

36. Which one of the following is not used when classifying plants?
   A. How they reproduce
   B. Where they grow
   C. Presence of chlorophyll
   D. Number of cotyledons

37. The following are true statements about chalk dust. Which one is not
   A. It has a definite volume
   B. It has a definite mass
   C. It cannot change state on cooling
   D. It has no definite shape.

38. The diagram below shows the changes of state.

   ![](state_changes_diagram)
   Solid ———> Liquid ———> Gas
   P ———> Q ———> R ———> S
Which letters represent melting and condensation respectively?
A. S, Q
B. R, P
C. P, S
D. Q, S

39. Which of the following mixtures can one separate by decantation
A. Sand and water
B. Salt and water
C. Spirit and water
D. Maize and beans

40. Among the following mixtures, which one will expand most when heated
A. Ice
B. Smoke
C. Spirit
D. Water

41. Which two components of air make 99% of air when put together
A. Oxygen and rare gases
B. Nitrogen and rare gases
C. Nitrogen and oxygen
D. Carbon dioxide and nitrogen

42. Which instrument below is used to observe objects around corners
A. Telescope
B. Periscope
C. Microscope
D. Binoculars

43. The following are uses of light energy except
A. Communication
B. Photography
C. Cooking
D. Making plant food

44. The highness or lowness of sound is called
A. Pitch
B. Volume
C. Noise
D. Echo

45. The part of a thermos flask that prevents heat loss by radiation is
A. Vacuum
B. Shiny surface
C. Cork stopper
D. Plastic casing

46. One of the following is false about friction. Which one?
A. Produces heat
B. Increases with smoothness
C. Makes walking easy
D. Produces unnecessary noise

47. In the diagram below, which letter represents the position of effort

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M
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A. M
B. N
C. O
D. P

48. Which one of the following is not a nitrogen fertilizer
A. Sulphate of ammonia
B. Calcium ammonium nitrate
C. Urea
D. Bone manure

49. The main reason for mulching is to
A. Conserve soil moisture
B. Prevent soil erosion
C. Prevent weeds from growing
D. Improve soil fertility

50. What is the main role of VCT centres
A. Provide counselling
B. HIV testing
C. Distributing antiretroviral drugs
D. Advise patients on living a positive life.
KCPE TRIAL EXAMINATION

STANDARD SEVEN – 2014

SOCIAL STUDIES & CRE/IRE

Time: 2 hours 15 minutes

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given the question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 90 questions.

2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.

3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the ANSWER SHEET, not in the question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil only.

5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:

   YOUR INDEX NUMBER
   YOUR NAME
   NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate’s Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.

7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.

8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and do not fold it.

9. For each of the Question 1 – 90 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only ONE of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.

10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

EXAMPLE

In the Question Booklet:

32. Which of the following is NOT a problem that faces trade in Eastern Africa?
   A. High taxation
   B. Inadequate capital
   C. Lack of goods for trade.
   D. Production of similar goods.

The correct answer is C.

On the answer sheet:

   32 [A] [B] [C] [D]

In the set of boxes numbered 32, the box with the letter C printed in it is marked.

11. Your dark line MUST be within the box.

12. For each question ONLY ONE box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

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Use the map of Shuka area to answer questions 1 - 7

1. What is the approximate length of the tarmac road in the area represented by the map?
   A. 5km  
   B. 8km  
   C. 14km  
   D. 9km

2. Hamisi is working at the quarry. In which direction is Pita market from where he is?
   A. South – East  
   B. North – East  
   C. South – West  
   D. North – West

3. Shuka area is LIKELY to be part of
   A. A location  
   B. A division  
   C. A district  
   D. A county

4. Which of these social services is NOT available in Pita district?
   A. Security  
   B. Recreation  
   C. Administrative  
   D. Educational

5. The North Western part of the map is sparsely populated mainly because
   A. It has no natural vegetation  
   B. It has wild animals  
   C. It receives inadequate rainfall  
   D. There is a quarry nearby
6. Which of these statements is TRUE of Shuka area?
   A. The area has two districts
   B. The area does not have a transport network
   C. Most of the people are settled along road
   D. Some parts of Shuka area have black cotton soils

7. Shuka area is likely to slope towards
   A. The South Eastern direction
   B. The North Eastern direction
   C. The South Western direction
   D. The North Western direction

8. Which of these countries lies to the North of Mali?
   A. Algeria  B. Guinea
   C. Gabon  D. Chad

9. The following islands are found in Africa
   i. Cape Verde
   ii. Sao Tome and Principe
   iii. Comoros
   iv. Madagascar
   Which among them is the largest?
   A. i  B. ii
   C. iii  D. iv

10. The tropic of Capricorn passes through the following African countries. Which one is not?
    A. Namibia  B. Botswana
    C. Angola  D. Madagascar

11. The time in a town P which is located at 20° West is 4.00am. What will be the time in a town, Z located at 50° West?
    A. 6.00pm  B. 6.00am
    C. 2.00pm  D. 2.00am

12. One of the following sets of lakes consists of salty water lakes. Which one is it?
    A. Lake Magadi, Lake Eyasi and Lake Natron
    B. Lake Naivasha, Lake Tana and Lake Jipe
    C. Lake Chala, Lake Tanganyika and Lake Malawi
    D. Lake Naivasha, Lake Albert and Lake Edward

13. Mount Ruwenzori and Mount Kenya have one factor in common. It is that they are both
    A. Located at the border of two countries
    B. Located near the border of two countries
    C. As a result of volcanic activities
    D. Covered with snow at their peaks

14. Lake Bangwela and lake Kyoga were both formed through
    A. Volcanic action on high mountains
    B. The process of down warping
    C. The faulting process
    D. The process of glaciations

15. The following towns are found in Eastern Africa. Which among them is likely to experience a sea breeze?
    A. Kigomo in Tanzania
    B. Tororo in Uganda
    C. Nanyuki in Kenya
    D. Addis Ababa in Ethiopia

16. The following are characteristics of equatorial climatic region. Which one is NOT?
    A. The region experiences high temperatures throughout the year
    B. The region receives high rainfall throughout the year
    C. The region receives rainfall which usually falls in the afternoon
    D. The annual range of temperature is large.

17. Which of these consists of trees mainly found in the Mediterranean vegetation zone?
    A. Olive, fir and beech
    B. Lavender, sapele and ebony
    C. Rosemary, cedar and camphor
    D. Acacia, euphorbia and rosewood

18. Three of the following countries have been matched correctly with their capital cities except one. Which one is it?
    A. Swaziland – Mbabane
    B. Togo – Lome
    C. Niger – Nouakchott
    D. Equatorial Guinea – Malabo
19. Which of these ocean currents flows towards the equator?
   A. Canary current
   B. Somali current
   C. Mozambique current
   D. Agulhas current

20. One of these groups of towns are found in Mediterranean climatic zone. Which one is it?
   A. Younde and Brazzavile
   B. Benghazi and Cape town
   C. Kinshasa and Nairobi
   D. Kgartum and Cairo

21. The Europeans who live in South Africa mainly came from Holland. They speak a language known as
   A. Afrikaan
   B. Khoisan
   C. French
   D. Xhosa

22. Which of these Bantu communities migrated into Eastern Africa through the route between Lake Edward and Albert?
   A. Bagisu and Abagisu
   B. Ankole and Yao
   C. Wangindo and Wazaramo
   D. Wachagga and Basoga

23. The following are plains nilotes found in Eastern Africa. Which one is NOT?
   A. Azande
   B. Toposa
   C. Iteso
   D. Alur

24. One of the following sets of communities is made up of Semitic speaker. Which one is it?
   A. Oromo, afar and Beja
   B. Dahalo, Burji and Iraaq
   C. Amhara, Tigre and Baggara
   D. Tuaregs, Arabs and Hawiyah

25. One of the following communities migrated and settled in West Africa. Which one is it?
   A. Khoikhoi
   B. Akwapim
   C. Lozi
   D. Tonga

26. The Abagusii and the Luo interacted in the pre-colonial period mainly through
   A. Wars
   B. Initiation
   C. Trade
   D. Games and sports

27. Cultural artefacts in the pre-colonial period in Kenya were made of the following materials except
   A. wood
   B. stone
   C. iron
   D. glass

28. One of the following is a role of the deputy head teacher in a public primary school in Kenya. Which one is it?
   A. He or she writes minutes during staff meetings
   B. He or she acts as the secretary during the school committee meetings
   C. He or she chairs the school committee meetings
   D. He or she acts as the school’s treasurer

29. Which of the following religious allows polygamous marriage?
   A. Christianity
   B. Sikhism
   C. Jewish
   D. Islam

30. In the Kenyan societies, members of an age set had one factor in common. Which one is it?
   A. They lived in the same village
   B. They were initiated at the same time
   C. They lived in a common homestead
   D. They married from the same clan

31. Which of the following was an aspect of farming among Kenyan communities in the pre-colonial period?
   A. Crop rotation and terracing of the land was practiced
   B. Small portions of land were cultivated at a time
   C. Commercial farming was done
   D. Hired labour and simple machines were used

32. The following are tea growing areas in Kenya. Which one is NOT?
   A. Bomet
   B. Gucha
   C. Vihiga
   D. Isiolo

33. Dairy farming is mainly practiced in
   A. Hot and wet areas
   B. Cool and wet areas
   C. Hot and dry areas
   D. Cool and dry areas
34. One of these minerals mined in Kenya is obtained by use of a dredger. Which one is it?
   A. Soda ash
   B. Limestone
   C. Diatomite
   D. Fluorspar

35. The leading cocoa producing country among the ones given here below is
   A. Togo
   B. Liberia
   C. Ivory Coast
   D. Benin

36. The following conditions favour the growing of cloves. Which one does NOT?
   A. High temperatures
   B. Deep well drained soils
   C. High humidity throughout the year
   D. High altitude of over 1,800 metres above the sea level

37. Which of these pastoral communities use horses in search for places where grazing water and land are available?
   A. Fulani
   B. Maasai
   C. Ankole
   D. Tswana

38. Three of the following are characteristics of a suitable area to build a multi purpose dam in Africa. Which one is not?
   A. The rock along the river must be hard
   B. The river must have a constant supply of water
   C. The area near the site for the dam project should be densely populated
   D. The area near the site should be sparsely populated

39. Which of these man made dams along River Tana was the last to be established?
   A. Kinderuma
   B. Kiambere
   C. Masinga
   D. Gitaru

40. Copper belt in Zambia has the following copper mining centres except one. Which one is it?
   A. Luanshya
   B. Nchanga
   C. Lusaka
   D. Mfuila

41. Industrial growth in South Africa has been influenced by three of the following factors. Which one is NOT?
   A. Government policy that discourages immigration
   B. Availability of market
   C. Availability of raw materials
   D. Power supply and availability of water in the country

42. Which of these industries found in Kenya are involved in making final products out of the raw materials?
   A. Primary industries
   B. Manufacturing industries
   C. Tertiary industries
   D. Assembly industries

43. The following describes a fishing method in Africa:
   i. A cone shaped net is attached to a large boat
   ii. It is used in the oceans
   iii. As the boat moves, it drags the net across the sea
   iv. The method is discouraged in inland fishing

   The fishing method described above is
   A. Trawling
   B. Purse seining
   C. Harpooning
   D. Long lining

44. Which of these countries are members of Southern African Development Community (SADC)?
   A. Mauritius, Tanzania and Uganda
   B. Mozambique, Zambia and Mauritius
   C. Kenya, Egypt and Gabon
   D. Seychelles, Comoros and Guinea

45. One of these road networks connects Benin and Morocco. Which one is it?
   A. The Great North Road
   B. The Trans Sahara highway
   C. The Cotonou Gao Oudia highway
   D. The Trans African highway

46. Which of these tourist attractions is correctly matched with the country it is located?
   A. Valley of Kings – Kenya
   B. Coastal sandy beaches – Zambia
   C. Slave forts of Goree Island – Nigeria
   D. Kruger National Park – South Africa
47. The following facts about the social organization of the San are true except one. Which one is it?
A. They lived in caves and temporary shelters
B. They married at an early age
C. They were organized in clans under a chief
D. They danced during the new moon and full moon

Use the map of Africa to answer questions 48 – 50

48. The countries marked A and B have one thing in common. It is that
A. They were formerly colonized by the Italians
B. They are landlocked
C. They were formerly colonized by the Germans
D. They achieved independence in the same year

49. The basin marked T on the map of Africa is known as
A. Makarikari basin
B. El Djouf basin
C. Kalahari basin
D. Congo basin

50. The country marked P is ruled through a traditional system of government known as
A. Likoqo
B. Tinkhondla
C. Ngwenyama
D. Libandla

51. The kingdom that existed in West Africa around 1000 A.D between River Niger and River Senegal was established by
A. Berbers from North Africa
B. West Atlantic group of communities
C. A Kwa speaking community
D. A Mande speaking community

52. Independence was achieved through negotiations in one of the following African countries. Which one is it?
A. Ghana
B. Mozambique
C. Kenya
D. Zimbabwe

53. Which system of administration was applied by Belgians in the Belgian Congo (DRC) during the pre-colonial period?
A. Indirect rule
B. Assimilation
C. Direct rule
D. Association

54. Europeans scrambled for colonies in Africa in the 19th century mainly
A. To spread Christianity
B. For their own economic reasons
C. To end slavery in Africa
D. For prestige and show of power

55. The following towns are found in Kenya. Which among them began as an agricultural collection centre for white settlers?
A. Mombasa
B. Eldoret
C. Magadi
D. Voi

56. In Kenya, a member of the county assembly is elected in an electoral area known as a
A. County
B. District
C. Ward
D. Constituency

57. The following describes a traditional leader in Kenya:
   i. He wanted the British to protect him from attacks by his enemies
   ii. He had become a leader through inheritance from his father
   iii. He was made a paramount chief by the British in 1909
   iv. The British took away power from him
58. Lawlessness in a society will lead to three of the following except one. Which one is it?
A. Rapid development of infrastructure
B. Fear among citizens
C. Loss of life and property
D. Displacement of people from their homes

59. The following describes a government official in Kenya
i. He or she is a member of the cabinet
ii. He or she advises the president on legal matters
iii. He or she takes part in the formulation of government policies
The official described above is the
A. Deputy president
B. Principal secretary
C. Chief Justice
D. Attorney General

60. Democracy is practiced in a school when
A. Prefects are nominated by teachers
B. Prefects are nominated by the chairperson of the school committee
C. Pupils are involved in making school rules
D. Pupils are made to stay in class during break time

63. Who among the following prophets described Jesus as the suffering servant?
A. Orkoiyt Kimnyole
B. Nabongo Mumia
C. Koitalel Arap Samoei
D. Masaku

64. Prophet Elisha told Naaman to wash himself seven times in
A. River Jordan
B. River Euphrates
C. River Gihon
D. River Tigris

65. One of the following actions was carried out by Moses at Mount Sinai. Which one is it?
A. Feeding people with quails
B. Feeding people with manna
C. Building an altar
D. Killing an Egyptian

66. In Proverbs 2:1-4 we are instructed to do three of the following except one.
A. Learn what we are taught
B. Not to forget what we are told
C. Look for wisdom like silver of hidden treasure
D. Forgive our enemies and pray for those who torment us

67. Who among the following was King Saul’s daughter?
A. Abigail
B. Michal
C. Ruth
D. Phoebe

68. The seventh commandment of God warns against
A. Committing adultery
B. Committing murder
C. Stealing from your neighbor
D. Accusing others falsely

69. The covenant in relation to prophet Jeremiah had the following characteristics except one. Which one is it?
A. Each person will be punished for their own sins
B. The law of God will be written in people’s hearts
C. The covenant would be between God and an individual
D. The covenant would be sealed with the blood of animals
70. Which son of Jacob suggested to his brothers to sell Joseph to Ishmaelite traders?  
A. Levi  
B. Reuben  
C. Judah  
D. Benjamin

71. According to the Apostles Creed the church is________  
A. Holy  
B. Big  
C. Found in heaven  
D. Sinful

72. The man who was helped by a Good Samaritan belonged to one of the following communities. Which one is it?  
A. The Samaritan community  
B. The Jewish community  
C. The Philistine community  
D. The Hindu community

73. Stephen was the first Christian martyr. He was killed in the town of ________  
A. Jaricho  
B. Bethany  
C. Jerusalem  
D. Galilee

74. According to Psalms 82:3 Christians are advised to________  
A. Defend the rights of the poor and the orphans  
B. Love God with all their mind, soul and heart  
C. Pay their tithes regularly  
D. Work in order to improve on God’s creation

75. Who among the following did not accompany Jesus when he went to pray at the Mount of Olives before his arrest?  
A. John  
B. Peter  
C. Andrew  
D. James

76. According to the beatitudes, the pure in heart shall________  
A. Be called God’s children  
B. See God  
C. Be satisfied fully  
D. Receive what God has promised

77. Three of the following are some causes of child labour. Which one is NOT?  
A. Separation of parents through divorce  
B. Lack of schools in the neighbourhood  
C. Imprisonment of both parents  
D. Irresponsible parenthood

78. In what way was Joseph informed to return to Nazareth with his family after the death of King Herod?  
A. He was informed by a King’s messenger  
B. He was informed by the wise men  
C. He was informed by an angel in a dream  
D. He was shown a vision on how to return to Nazareth

79. Who among the following committed herself to doing works of charity helping the poor of Calcutta in India?  
A. Mother Teresa  
B. Michael Wood  
C. Princess Diana  
D. Martin Luther

80. Which of these are secular values only?  
A. Land and mercy  
B. Mercy and humility  
C. Fame and prestige  
D. Charity and wealth

81. The following were patriarchs among the Israelites. Who was not?  
A. Jacob  
B. Moses  
C. Joseph  
D. Esau

82. Loyalty, openness and trust are virtues taught BEST by one of the following bible stories. Which one is it?  
A. The story of Jacob and Laban  
B. The story of Cain and Abel  
C. The story of David and Jonathan  
D. The story of Moses and Jethro

83. The following are ways of coping with emotions except one. Which one is it?  
A. Accepting and loving ourselves  
B. Reading books that can give us motivation  
C. Sharing our emotions with others  
D. Being poor listeners to the advice given by counsellors.
84. Which of these lists consist of only the laity in the church?
   A. Choir masters, youth leaders and ushers
   B. Pastors, majors and offertory collectors
   C. Priests, pastors and bishops
   D. Majors, bishops and catechists

85. "There is your son" John 19:26. Jesus said these words during one of the following occasions. Which one is it?
   A. Baptism
   B. Ascension
   C. Crucifixion
   D. Transfiguration

86. The following were promises given to Abraham by God. Which one is NOT?
   A. Abraham will have many descendants
   B. God will bless those who bless Abraham
   C. God will bless all nations through Abraham
   D. Abraham would win all the battles against his enemies

87. One of the following practices was carried out by the believers in the early church. Which one is it?
   A. Offering animal sacrifices
   B. Teaching initiates of their new roles
   C. Sharing the meals
   D. Burning incense in the temple

88. Paul was at Troas when he saw a vision of a man beckoning him to go and preach in______
   A. Macedonia
   B. Judea
   C. Samaria
   D. Rome

89. Jesus healed the Roman officer's servant due to______
   A. The faith of the servant
   B. The faith of his disciples
   C. The faith of the Roman officer
   D. The faith of the servant's wife

90. Your classmate Francis has refused to help you with a C.R.E revision book. As a Christian you should______
   A. Report him to the class teacher
   B. Tell him to be charitable
   C. Report him to the class prefect
   D. Tell him to leave the book at home