Write an interesting composition about:

A SPORTS DAY IN OUR SCHOOL
Read the following passage and fill in the gaps correctly:

One day as Anyango 1 going through 2 Sunday newspaper she came 3 a column she had not seen before. It was entitled penpals. It had the names and 4 of people 5 wanted friends from different parts of the 6 . She showed the column to her 7 sister 8 Awino. Awino 9 read the column several times before. Infact, 10 had a penpal from Tanzania.

Anyango found the 11 of writing letters to penpals very 12 . She decided 13 try. She read several requests from penpals and finally 14 one which 15 her interests.

1. A. is  
2. A. the  
3. A. across  
4. A. addresses  
5. A. whose  
6. A. would  
7. A. older  
8. A.  
9. A. has  
10. A. she  
11. A. adeis  
12. A. frightening  
13. A. two  
14. A. find  
15. A. suited

B. were  
B. an  
B. near  
B. address  
B. who  
B. wald  
B. old  
B.  
B. have  
B. he  
B. ideas  
B. exciting  
B. to  
B. founded  
B. suits

C. was  
C. of  
C. over  
C. addresse  
C. whom  
C. world  
C. eldest  
C. !  
C. had  
C. her  
C. ideal  
C. horrifying  
C. too  
C. found  
C. satisfy  

D. are  
D. a  
D. through  
D. addressess  
D. which  
D. worrd  
D. elder  
D. ?  
D. was  
D. hers  
D. idea  
D. worrying  
D. for  
D. founds  
D. fitted

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Complete the following sentences with the best alternative.

16. Monica's mother died ________ typhoid.
   A. from  B. of  C. with  D. off

17. You are ________ to see lions in the city centre.
   A. likely  B. lucky  C. unlucky  D. unlikely

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Choose the correct question tags for the following statements

18. He has not done well in the exam, ________?
   A. hasn't he?  B. is he?  C. has he?  D. have he?

19. You like black tea, ________?
   A. do you?  B. like you?  C. you like?  D. don't you?
Questions 20-21 choose the best alternative for the underlined word(s)

20. The girl appeared after four days.
   A. turned up  
   B. turned down 
   C. turned out  
   D. turned with 

21. The car jackers were gunned down.
   A. beaten  
   B. fought  
   C. shot  
   D. axed 

For questions 22-23 write the opposites of the underlined word(s)

22. Where is the entrance to this building?
   A. out  
   B. exit  
   C. gate  
   D. door 

23. Mrs. Atieno is a humble lady.
   A. rude  
   B. kind  
   C. pride  
   D. proud 

Complete the following sentences with the best alternative.

24. When the visitors arrived, mother had already _______ the meal.
   A. prepare  
   B. preparing 
   C. is preparing  
   D. prepared 

25. The pupils _______ when the teacher came in.
   A. is reading  
   B. were reading 
   C. was reading  
   D. are reading 

For questions 26-27 change the following into passive voice.

26. The doctor is examining the patient
   B. The patient was examined
   C. The patient were examined 
   D. The doctor was examining the patient 

27. Did she draw a picture?
   A. Is a picture drawn?
   B. did she draw a picture?
   C. was a picture drawn?
   D. was she drawing a picture?

Choose the correct punctuated sentence

28. A. flora sang a song.
    B. Flora sang a song.
    C. flora sang a song.
    D. Flora sang a song?

29. A. John said to Grace, Where were you yesterday.
    B. John said to Grace, “Where were you yesterday.” 
    C. John said to Grace where were you yesterday?
    D. John said to Grace, “Where were you yesterday?”

Complete the following with the correct word

30. The living place of an eskimo is known as _______.
    A. igloo  
    B. cottage  
    C. cell  
    D. byre 

Read the following passage and answer questions 31-40.

Kamande was sitting in a hotel just staring at his drink. He did not look like he wanted to take it. He just gazed and stared his friend Mboko come into the hotel and sat next to him.

"Hi man" Mboko greeted Kamande. "Why don't you want to take your drink? I can't wait to order mine", he said. Mboko took Kamande's drink and drank it. Kamande looked at Mboko sadly and started to cry.

"Come on, my friend," Mboko said. I was just joking. I'll buy you another drink. I just can't stand to see you crying.

"No, you don't get it", Kamande said, still sobbing. "Today is the worst day of my life. First I overslept and was late for an important meeting. My boss was so upset that he fired me.

When I went to the car park, I found my car had been stolen. I then got into a matatu and went home. I got home only to find thieves had broken into my house and stolen everything. I came and sat here and just when I was thinking of putting an end to my miserable life, you came along and look! You've just drink my poison!"
31. Where was Kamande sitting?
   A. Bar
   B. Hotel
   C. Market
   D. Home

32. Kamande was fired because:
   A. he overslept
   B. his house was broken into
   C. he was late for an important meeting
   D. his car was stolen

33. In the passage the word sobbing has been underlined. Choose a word with the same meaning.
   A. laughing
   B. screaming
   C. shouting
   D. crying

34. Mboko was Kamande’s
   A. enemy
   B. friend
   C. workmate
   D. colleague

35. Why did Kamande refer his life as being miserable?
   A. Because of the many problems he had encountered that day
   B. Because he did not want to take his drink
   C. Because thieves had broken into his house
   D. His friend Mboko laughed at him

36. What do you think happened to Mboko?
   A. He died
   B. Became healthy
   C. He recovered from his illness
   D. He did not get sick

37. In the passage the words “miserable life” refers to:
   A. good life
   B. luxurious life
   C. healthy life
   D. unhappy life

38. The opposite of the word boss from the passage is:
   A. employer
   B. colleague
   C. servant
   D. employee

39. From the passage what means of transport did Kamande use to travel home?
   A. His own car
   B. Train
   C. Public vehicle
   D. Taxi

40. Which is the BEST title for the passage?
   A. Kamande’s lucky day
   B. Kamande’s misfortunes
   C. Mboko and Kamande in a hotel
   D. Mboko and poison

Read the passage below and answer questions 41-50.

Forests are the homes of wild animals, birds and other organisms. How can we talk of preserving wildlife and yet keep destroying forests? Cutting down trees robs wild animals of their homes and sometimes livelihood.

We all know that forests help to bring rain. The presence of forests in certain regions of Kenya is known to cause rainfall. Trees help to condense water vapour and cause rainfall. They act as natural barriers to prevent clouds from drifting away, without giving away rain.

Today the supply of trees is diminishing due to felling. They are being felled for the purpose of using wood for cooking. Trees are also being felled to create land for cultivation and grazing. The loss of forests will lead to soil erosion and eventually desert. This could be a disaster for mankind.

It is therefore important that we must all stop destruction of trees and participate in the tree planting exercises. Every child could plant one tree today, it would be a wonderful world.

In Kenya we have a national tree planting day. We should all participate during this important occasion for the good of our environment. You could even make a point of planting a tree always to mark your birthday!

STD 6 - ENGLISH
41. How does cutting down of trees affect wild animals?
   A. They are robbed of their homes
   B. They increase in number
   C. Birds get places to build their nests
   D. People get firewood

42. Trees help to:-
   A. melt water vapour
   B. boil water
   C. freeze water vapour
   D. condense water vapour

43. In the passage the word drifting has been underlined. It means:-
   A. sticking
   B. crawling
   C. moving
   D. blowing

44. How do people use trees domestically?
   A. Making papers
   B. Cooking
   C. Making electric posts
   D. Building bridges

45. One of the following is a negative effect of felling trees. Which one?
   A. Cause soil erosion
   B. Make our environment beautiful
   C. Animals have homes to live
   D. People get building material

46. Three of the following are uses of trees EXCEPT:-
   A. source of medicine
   B. Source of fuel
   C. Provide fibre for making cloth and paper
   D. Used in the production of electricity

47. Who among the following was a Nobel Peace Prize for conserving the environment?
   A. Nelson Mandela
   B. Wangari Maathai
   C. George Saitoti
   D. Catherine Ndereba

48. What is the opposite of the word felling from the passage?
   A. Planting
   B. Cutting
   C. Transplanting
   D. Watering

49. Which of the following could be a disaster for human kind?
   A. Soil erosion
   B. Cutting down of trees
   C. Desertification
   D. Loss of homes for wild animals

50. The BEST title for the passage is:-
   A. Deserts in Kenya
   B. Home of wild animals
   C. Felling trees
   D. Importances of trees
WILAYA YA NAIROBI
DARASA LA SITA MUHULA WA TATU

**INSHA**

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Andika insha ya kusimua ukielezea:-

**ATHARI ZA UGONJWA WA UKIMWI**
Soma kifungu kifuatacho kina nafasi 1 mpaka 15. Kwa kila nafasi, chagua jibu lifaaalo zaidi kati ya yale uliopewa.


1. A. ugonjwa  B. kifo  C. tishio  D. hatari
2. A. vivyo     B. vivi     C. hivyo     D. vile
3. A. kutilia   B. kuwekea  C. kutia     D. kupatia
4. A. ila       B. bali     C. lakini    D. wala
5. A. kuogopa  B. kuongopa C. kuogopea D. kuyaogopa
6. A. ubaya    B. mkosi   C. madhara D. kifo
7. A. wa       B. la       C. cha      D. ya
8. A. za       B. wa       C. la       D. kwa
9. A. tutawa   B. tutakua C. tutakuwa D. tutakua
10. A. kuwaua B. kuwaua  C. kuua     D. kuuwa
11. A. ngano   B. guni     C. ngazi    D. ngono
12. A. kuoa    B. kuowa   C. kuowana D. kuolewa
13. A. amri    B. umri    C. hirimu  D. rika
14. A. ukapimwe B. ukapime C. ukapima D. ukapimie
15. A. wadudu  B. virusi  C. vidudu   D. dalili

Jaza nafasi zilizoachwa wazi
16. Salamu ya heshima kwa mtu aliyezuzidi umri ni:-
   A. habari
   B. shikamoo
   C. kwa heri
   D. jambo

Andika kwa tarakimu
Laki moja, tisini na sita elfu, mia mbili hamsini na sita.
   A. 166,256
   B. 196,256
   C. 196,259
   D. 169,259
18. Kimelea ambacho maskani yake ni kitandani huitwa _______
   A. chawa  B. funza
   C. mbu  D. kunguni

Jibu kwa tanakali za sauti au tashibihi sahihi

19. Kusoma ni lazima kama ______?
   A. shuleni  B. ibada
   C. kula  D. imara

20. Mzee Mwinyi alianguka mchangani ______?
   A. chubwi  B. pu
   C. tifu  D. pwa

21. Gani kati ya hizi zie zana za kivita?
   A. zeze  B. bunduki
   C. komba  D. risasi

22. Ni sentensi ipi kati ya hizi iliyo na KI ya masharti?
   A. Kitoto kinalia kwa njaa
   B. Kijiti kilichokatwa kilipotea
   C. Kiti kilichokuwa darasani kilichukuliwa
   D. Ukila utashiba

23. ______ ni pahali ambapo mstaki au mstakiwa husimama kortini wakati wa kesi.
   A. Korokoro  B. Kizimba
   C. Ulingo  D. Jela

24. Neno chelahani liko katika ngeli gani?
   A. A-WA  B. U-I
   C. KI-VI  D. I-ZI

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Kamishaka kuitendawili kifuatacho

25. Nameza lakini sishimbi ______
   A. maji  B. chakula
   C. mate  D. maziwa

26. Mifereji inayozungusha damu kote mwilini huitwa ______
   A. mifupa  B. mishipa
   C. mishipi  D. koo

Chagua neno lisilingana na mengine

27. A. Tari  B. Kinumbi
   C. Kayamba  D. Parafuo

28. Kikembe cha kuku ni kifaranga kama vile kikembe cha bata ni ______
   A. kiyoyo  B. kiwavi
   C. shibli  D. buu

Andika kwa wingi

29. Msichana mwerevu amepita mtihani:
   A. Wasichana werevu wamepita mtihani
   B. Wasichana werevu amepita mtihani
   C. Msichana werevu wamepita mtihani
   D. Wasichana mwerevu amepita mtihani

Tumia-amba kwa usahihi

   A. ambacho
   B. ambaye
   C. ambao
   D. ambayo

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Soma taarifa hii kisha ujibu maswali 31-40.


Uliku upeo wa miujiza kwa watu.

31. Adili aliujizatili kwenda ________
   - A. kumuona mfalme
   - B. kuonana na mfalme
   - C. kumkuta mfalme
   - D. kwatandika farasi

32. Farasi watatu waliotandikwa matandiko walikuwa ni wa kuwabeba ________
   - A. mfalme, Adili na Ikibali
   - B. Adili, Ikibali na nyani
   - C. Ikibali, Adili na nduguze
   - D. Adili, na nyani wawili

33. Farasi wa Ikibali na Adili walikwenda sambamba maana yake ni kuwa walikwenda:-
   - A. mmoja mbele mwingine nyuma
   - B. karibu karibu
   - C. unyo unyo mwendo wa aste aste
   - D. sawa sawa ubavu kwa ubavu

34. Manyani waliandamana nyuma ya Ikibali na Adili, Ndiko kusema Adili na Ikibali waliandamana na nyani ________
   - A. sambamba
   - B. sanjari
   - C. mkabala
   - D. chapchap

35. Kilichowashangaza watu zaidi katika habari hii ni:-
   - A. Adili kuongozana na Ikibali
   - B. Adili kupanda farasi
   - C. Nyani kupanda farasi
   - D. Mawe kusema, miti kujibu na wanyama kuwa watu

36. Ikibali aliposema kwa ucheshi, bila shaka ________
   - A. alinuna
   - B. alighathabika
   - C. alinong'ona
   - D. alitabasamu

37. Mbwa walibweka; Je; wangekuwa fahari wangefanyaje?
   - A. Wangeroroma
   - B. Wangeguruma
   - C. Wangeuga
   - D. Wangeamiau

38. Ikibali alipogeuza uso wake kwa Adili bila shaka ________
   - A. alimtazama Adili
   - B. Alimpa Adili kisogo
   - C. Alimkabidhi Adili
   - D. Hakumwangania ana kwa ana

39. Walipofika na kuwasiri ughaibuni ________
   - A. mfalme aliwalaki
   - B. nyani walichoka
   - C. adili na ikibali waliagana
   - D. adili alifikishwa maskanini pa mfalme

40. Vinywa vya umati wa watu vilikuwa wazi. Hii inamaanisha watu ________
   - A. walishangaa
   - B. walicheka
   - C. walifurahi
   - D. walikasirika

**Soma shairi lifuatulo kisha ujibu maswali 41-50.**

1. Moyo waniambia penda, mtu mjinga sipende,
Mjinga ukimpenda, hajui nini atende,
Moyo waniambia tenda, lisilotendwa sitende,
Fanya wanavyotenda, wenzio wasikushinde.

2. Moyo waniambia imba, wimbo mbaya siimbe,
Imba wimbo wa kipamba, uwapumbaze wakembe,
Moyo waniambia omba, ombi ovu usiombe,
Omba Mungu muumba, dhiki azifanye chembe

3. Moyo waniambia meza, kinachokwama simeze,
Kinachokwama kumeza, kinyani sielekeze,
Moyo waniambia uza, roho yako usiuze,
Fanya unavyoweza, neno hili jikataze,

4. Moyo waniambia cheza, michezo mbi sicheze,
Cheza wa kupendeza, wenzio wakuugize,
Moyo waniambia kaza, bidii usipungeuze,
Usipungeuze kuwaza, mawazoni jiingize
5. Moyo wanambia hapa, ndeni kubwa usiroke, 
Usiloweza kulipa, siku zote uliwepe,
Moyo wanambia apa, kwa batili usiroke,
Wala usifanya pupa, kiapo ukiogope

6. Moyo wanambia kana, neno la kweli sikane,
Kweli unapoiona, fanya bidii unene,
Moyo wanambia chuna, ngozi yako usichune
Japo nyeusi sana, bora kuliko nyingine

41. Katika ubeti wa kwanza
A. moyo wamkanya mtunzi kumpenda mjinga
B. moyo wamkanya mtunzi asimpende mjinga
C. moyo wamwambia mtunzi asitende kama wenzake
D. mtunzi asema ukimpenda mjinga hujui unachotenda

42. Mtunzi anasema
A. wimbo mbaya unaweza kukupamba
B. umuimbie Mungu muumba
C. meza kitu kinachoweza kuxusakama
D. uendeleze uwezo wa kufikiri na kutafakari

43. Mshairi asema kwamba
A. ikibindi ukope deni dogo la kulipika
B. siku zote uyaape madeni ya aina yoyote
C. Unaweza kuwapa kwa ubatili
D. fanya bidii uwemnene la kini usichune ngozi

44. Shairi lenye muundo huu huitwa
A. tathliitha
B. takmisa
C. tarbia
D. tathnia

45. Kifungu kimoja cha shairi huitwa
A. mshororo
B. mizani
C. kibwagizo
D. ubeti

46. Kibwagizo cha ubeti wa tatu kina mizani mingapi?
A. 15
B. 16
C. 4
D. 8

47. Upi ni mpangilio sahihi wa vina vya kati na vya mwisho katika ubeti wa sita (mwisho)
A. na - ne
B. ne - na
C. za - ze
D. a - e

48. Badala ya kutumia neno wakembe, mtunzi angetumia neno jingine sawa na hilo ambalo ni:-
A. wazembe
B. watu
C. wapumbavu
D. watoto

49. Bingwa wa kutungia nyimbo huitwa manju, naye bingwa wa kutunga mashairi huitwa:-
A. sogora
B. malenga
C. manju
D. mutribu

50. Kichwa mwafaka kwa shairi hili ni:-
A. moyo
B. shairi
C. moyo wanambia
D. moyo wanambia panda
1. Write 841306 in words.
   A. Eight four one thousand, three hundred and six
   B. Eight hundred and forty one thousand three hundred and six
   C. Eight million forty one thousand three hundred and six
   D. Eight hundred and four one, three hundred

2. Round off 7777 to the nearest thousand.
   A. 8000
   B. 7000
   C. 7800
   D. 7770

3. Work out: $26 + 780 + 1629$
   A. 2335
   B. 3909
   C. 2435
   D. 11029

4. Which number comes just after 7997?
   A. 7886
   B. 8000
   C. 7996
   D. 7998

5. What is the place value of seven in the number 6,020,760?
   A. Thousands
   B. 700
   C. Hundreds
   D. Tens

6. What is the value of: $16924 - 2463 - 36 =$
   A. 14461
   B. 14425
   C. 19423
   D. 19387

7. What is the product of the square root of: 25 and 49?
   A. 35
   B. 1225
   C. 245
   D. 12

8. Find the area of the figure below.

   A. 120
   B. 240
   C. 42
   D. 60

9. What is the total value of digit 3 in 324629?
   A. 320000
   B. 300000
   C. Hundred thousandths
   D. 300

10. What is the sum of the next two numbers in the series?
    35, 31, 27, 23, ____, ____
    A. 19
    B. 15
    C. 34
    D. 4

11. Kamau arranged 27000 tile in 30 tiles each with the same number of tiles, how many tiles were in each tile?
    A. 90
    B. 900
    C. 81000
    D. 27030

12. Work out: $8^{1/6} + 3^{1/3} + 6^{1/3} =$
    A. $17^{11/18}$
    B. $17^{3/18}$
    C. $17^{5/9}$
    D. $11^{17/18}$
13. Solve the following: 10(3a + a – a)
   A. 10 + 3a  B. 30a + 3a  C. 32a  D. 30a

14. What is the difference between 18.006 and 5.9208?

15. Find the measure of angle $t$ in the following supplementary angles.

   \[ \text{Diagram:} \quad 45^\circ \quad t \quad 54^\circ \]

   A. 99°  B. 71°  C. 36°  D. 81°

16. How many hours are there in 480 minutes?
   A. 8 hours  B. 480 hours  C. 9 hours  D. 48 minutes

17. George walk from school to home a distance of 10km. If he leaves school at 5.00 p.m and reaches home at 7.00 p.m what is the speed in km/hr?
   A. 5 km/hr  B. 5 km/hr  C. 20 km/hr  D. 12 km/hr

18. Grace and Joyce each drunk 500ml of milk on Monday at their school. How many litres of the milk did they drunk altogether?
   A. 1000 litres  B. 0.5 litres  C. 1 litre  D. 5 litres

19. Work out: 9000000
   \[ - 6458356 \]

   A. 15458356  B. 2541644  C. 3458356  D. 3541644

20. Peter bought the following items.
   - 2 shirts @ Sh 245.00
   - 2 trousers @ Sh 170.00
   - One jacket for 650.00

   If he gave the shopkeeper two notes of Ksh 1000, how much balance did he get?
   A. Ksh 520  B. Ksh 1480  C. Ksh 1380  D. Ksh 420

21. Find the volume of a cube whose sides measure 8cm.
   A. 512 cm$^3$  B. 512 cm$^3$  C. 24 cm$^3$  D. 64 cm$^3$

22. Solve the following.
   \[
   \begin{array}{cccc}
   \text{Litres} & \text{dl} & \text{ml} \\
   14 & 7 & 20 \\
   349 & 4 & 15 \\
   + 74 & 3 & 16 \\
   \end{array}
   \]

   A. 437 l 14 dl 51 ml  B. 438 l 19 dl 1 ml
   C. 438 l 14 dl 51 ml  D. 438 l 19 dl 50 ml

23. Chege paid Sh 200,050 for a car and later sold it for Sh 179,500. Find his loss.
   A. Sh 379,550  B. Sh 120,500  C. Sh 179,500  D. Sh 20,550

24. A dealer bought a sewing machine for Sh 3000 and he then sold it for Ksh 4000. What was his percentage profit?
   A. 33\(\frac{1}{3}\)%  B. 1000%
   C. 25%  D. 44\(\frac{1}{2}\)%

25. Find the circumference of the circle below.
   (Use \(\pi = \frac{22}{7}\))
   A. 66 m  B. 132 m  C. 132 m$^2$  D. 66 m$^2$
26. Round off 35.4678 to three decimal places.
   A. 35.467  B. 35.50  C. 35.468  D. 35.4

27. What is the reciprocal of 12\(\frac{1}{3}\)?
   A. \(\frac{37}{3}\)  B. \(\frac{12}{3}\)  C. \(\frac{1}{12}\)  D. \(\frac{3}{37}\)

28. Convert 0.329t into kg.
   A. 32.9 kg  B. 3.29 kg  C. 329 kg  D. 3290 kg

29. Work out \(\sqrt{\frac{9}{64}}\)
   A. \(\frac{91}{600}\)  B. \(\frac{1}{3}\)  C. \(\frac{9}{3}\)  D. \(\frac{9}{8}\)

30. Find the L.C.M of 12, 18, 27.
   A. 5832  B. 108  C. 57  D. 3

31. Find the area of the shaded part below.

32. Write 6 hours and 20 minutes after midnight in the 24 hour clock system.
   A. 3020 hrs  B. 0620 hrs  C. 6.20 hrs  D. 6.20 a.m

33. Find the measure of angle C.

34. What is the complement of 72\(^0\)?
   A. 90\(^0\)  B. 98\(^0\)  C. 18\(^0\)  D. 28\(^0\)

35. The area of a swimming pool of triangular shape is 156 m\(^2\). If the base is 52m, what is the height of swimming pool?
   A. 6m  B. 12m  C. 3m  D. 26m

36. Which one of the following number is divisible by 8?
   A. 536432  B. 23596  C. 909183  D. 59386

37. How many metres are there in 3.54 kilometres?
   A. 354 m  B. 3540 m  C. 354 m  D. 35400 m

38. Work out:
   \[36.25 \times 5.25 =\]
   A. 19.03125  B. 0.1903125  C. 190.3125  D. 190.3125
39. What fraction of the circle is shaded?

A. \( \frac{3}{8} \)  
B. \( \frac{3}{7} \)  
C. \( \frac{3}{5} \)  
D. \( \frac{3}{8} \)

40. Arrange the following fraction from the smallest to the largest. \( \frac{5}{9}, \frac{7}{10}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{2}{1}, \frac{1}{9} \)

A. \( \frac{5}{9}, \frac{7}{10}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{2}{1}, \frac{1}{9} \)  
B. \( \frac{2}{1}, \frac{7}{10}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{5}{9} \)  
C. \( \frac{7}{10}, \frac{5}{9}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{2}{1} \)  
D. \( \frac{2}{1}, \frac{7}{10}, \frac{5}{9}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{9} \)

41. Work out: \( 100 - 1 \) \( \times 8 \times 12 \)

A. <  
B. =  
C. none  
D. >

42. How many days are there from 1st July to end of September?

A. 91 days  
B. 90 days  
C. 92 days  
D. 93 days

43. A class of 25 girls and 24 boys during a Science lesson, \( \frac{1}{3} \) of the girls and \( \frac{1}{6} \) of the boys were sent to fetch water. How many pupils were left in the class?

A. 9 pupils  
B. 50 pupils  
C. 1 pupil  
D. 49 pupils

44. Find the G.C.D of 36, 63 and 72.

A. 9  
B. 18  
C. 12  
D. 8

45. Express 19% as a decimal.

A. 0.19  
B. 0.19  
C. 0.19  
D. 0.019

46. What is 30% of 800?

A. 24000  
B. 830  
C. 2400  
D. 240

47. There are 356 parents in Mbirithi Primary School each of them contributed Ksh 855 to construct a classroom. How much money did they contribute altogether?

A. 1211  
B. 304380  
C. 509  
D. 305380

48. Five pupils got the following marks in a Maths test. What was their mean marks?

(i) Jane = 50  
(ii) Ruth = 40  
(iii) Peter = 72  
(iv) Lucy = 68  
(v) James = 70

A. 60  
B. 300  
C. 50  
D. 280

49. Three bells rang at an interval of 12 minutes, 15 minutes and 20 minutes respectively. After how long will they ring together again?

A. 2 hours  
B. 1 hour  
C. 40 minutes  
D. 3 hours

50. What was the total number of litres sold?

A. 300  
B. 120  
C. 340  
D. 68

**The graph below represents the number of litres of milk sold by a farmer in 5 days.**
1. State the function of testa in a seed.
   A. Store food
   B. Protect the seed from bacterial attack
   C. Provide food during germination
   D. Allow water to enter the seed during germination

   Study the diagram below and answer questions 2-5.

2. The part labelled P produces a juice which helps in the digestion of:
   A. Fats  B. Vitamins  C. Proteins  D. Starch

3. Which part has a finger-like projection that helps in absorption of food?
   A. Q  B. N  C. M  D. S

4. Which part marks the end of the alimentary canal?
   A. N  B. S  C. K  D. M

5. Digestion of food ends in the part marked:
   A. K  B. S  C. P  D. N

6. Mercy fixed a balloon on the mouth of the bottle. She then heated the bottle as shown below.

   What did she observe after some time?
   A. The balloon burst open
   B. The balloon was inflated
   C. The bottle exploded
   D. The bottle conducted heat to burn the balloon

7. Which one of the following groups consists of foods that help the body to grow only?
   A. Carrots, onions, eggs
   B. Cabbages, tomatoes, mangoes
   C. Fish, milk, sardine
   D. Sugarcane, cassava, potatoes

8. A beam balance is used for:
   A. measuring height  B. measuring weight
   C. measuring mass  D. measuring volume

9. Study the diagram below.

   The longest jet of water was seen coming from the bottom hole labelled D because:
   A. pressure in liquids increase with depth
   B. hole D was the longest
   C. hole D was the smallest
   D. Liquid exert pressure equal in all directions

10. Which one of the following materials are NOT properly matched with their examples?
    A. Translucent materials - air, clean polythene paper
    B. Transparent materials - clean glass, clean water
    C. Opaque materials - heavy clothes, dark coloured plastics
    D. Translucent materials - frosted glass, an oiled piece of paper

   Study the diagram of the female reproductive system below and use it to answer the questions below.
11. The part labelled E, F, G respectively are:-
   A. uterus, uterus wall and vagina
   B. womb, cervix and vagina
   C. uterus, cervix and urethra
   D. vagina, cervix and uterus

12. Which of the following pairs of immunizable diseases is vaccinated against at birth?
   A. Poliomyelitis, measles
   B. Tuberculosis, measles
   C. Diptheria, whooping cough
   D. Tuberculosis, poliomyelitis

13. Which one of the following is NOT an effect of HIV infection to an individual?
   A. Lowered self esteem
   B. Opportunistic diseases
   C. Lowered standard of living
   D. congestion in hospitals

14. The following can affect loudness of sound except one. Which one is it?
   A. Folded paper
   B. Type of the speaker
   C. Shape of the speaker
   D. Shape of the ears

15. Which one of the following percentages is for the components of air that is used as a drink preservative?
   A. 78%
   B. 21%
   C. 0.97%
   D. 0.03%

16. The part marked B, E, F and G make up the:-
   A. stamen
   B. flower stalk
   C. pistil
   D. pollen tube

17. Which one of the parts marked is NOT correctly matched with its function?
   A. C - produce nectar
   B. B - receives pollen grains
   C. A - produces pollen grains
   D. H - protects the flower at bud stage

18. The BEST way of removing weeds is by:-
   A. digging them out
   B. using chemicals
   C. mulching
   D. slashing

19. Which one of the following sentences DOES NOT describe cumulus clouds?
   A. They have a flat base
   B. They are thick and feathery
   C. They are common in fine weather
   D. They bring rain

20. Substances that are contained in foods and keep us in good health are called:-
   A. balanced diet
   B. nutrients
   C. medicine
   D. poison

21. The diagram below represents a block of wood being pulled along a surface towards point N using a spring balance.

   [Diagram of a spring balance with block and arrow N]

   When pulling the block of wood, the spring balance would measure:-
   A. friction
   B. inertia
   C. weight
   D. gravity

22. The following are factors that increases the rate of soil erosion EXCEPT:-
   A. type of soil
   B. amount of rainfall
   C. human activities
   D. type of erosion

23. Which one of the following animal feeds is a fodder?
   A. Kikuyu grass
   B. Dairy meal
   C. Creep pellets
   D. Sweet potato vines

24. The diagram below shows a way of preserving food.

   [Diagram of preserving food with bottle of milk and basin]

   The method shown above preserves food by:-
   A. preventing the germs from multiplying
   B. Killing all the germs
   C. Dehydrating the food
   D. Preventing the germs from getting into the food

25. The following are signs and symptoms of a certain deficiency disease.
   (i) Patient is very weak
   (ii) The child cries often
   (iii) The child becomes a slow learner
   (iv) Shape of the bones becomes visible

STD 6 - SCIENCE
The disease described above can be prevented by:
A. Eating food... extra protein
B. Eating enough balanced diet
C. Eating food rich in calcium
D. Eating food rich in water and fibre

26. Which one of the following precautions would not help to prevent the spread of cholera?
A. Eating well cooked foods
B. Vaccinating all the people in the area
C. Wearing protective clothing
D. Disinfecting the vomit and stool of the patient

27. The diagram below represents a periscope.

28. Amphibians have the following characteristics EXCEPT:
A. They are cold blooded
B. They are vertebrates
C. They lay unfertilized eggs
D. They have scales on their bodies

29. A rainbow is found by ______ of the sunlight.
A. refraction
B. dispersion
C. reflection
D. rays

30. The following experiment was set-up to show capillarity in different types of soil.

32. From the classification above P, Q and R represents:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>P</th>
<th>Q</th>
<th>R</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. Animals</td>
<td>reptiles</td>
<td>birds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. Invertebrates</td>
<td>birds</td>
<td>fish</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. Vertebrates</td>
<td>birds</td>
<td>fish</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. Living things</td>
<td>birds</td>
<td>fish</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

33. Which of the following animals can fit at Q?
A. Toad
B. Hawks
C. Newts
D. Fish

34. Quantity of matter in an object is referred to as:
A. volume
B. Mass
C. Weight
D. Density

35. Pre-test counselling is done ______ a person takes a HIV test.
A. after
B. when
C. long before
D. just before

36. Which one of the following types of soil erosion is NOT correctly matched with its description?
A. Sheet - soil along a river bank is eroded
B. Splash - shallow holes formed in the soil
C. Rill - shallow channels are found in the soil
D. Gulley - deep V-shapes channels are found in the soil

37. Which one of the following is a water recreational activity?
A. Irrigation
B. Rearing fish
C. Skiing
D. Washing clothes

38. The tendency by some objects to remain stationary unless a force is applied on them is called:
A. gravity
B. force
C. pressure
D. inertia

39. A std 5 class collected the following materials to construct a certain weather instrument.
(i) A metal sheet for pointer
(ii) Wire
(iii) Nail
(iv) Pieces of wood for stand
Which weather instrument were they constructing?
A. Anemometer
B. Windsock
C. Rain gauge
D. Windvane
40. In which direction is the wind blowing from?
A. North  B. East  C. West  D. South

41. Njeri set up an experiment as shown below.

What was she investigating?
A. Oxygen is used in germination  B. Oxygen is needed in breathing  C. Nitrogen is useful to grasshopper  D. Carbon dioxide can put out fire

42. The following are characteristics of a certain planet.
   (i) It is the brightest
   (ii) can be seen low in the sky just before dawn
   (iii) It is about the same size as the earth
Which planet is LIKELY to be described above?
A. Venus  B. Mercury  C. Mars  D. Jupiter

43. Heat reaches a maize cob being roasted by the heat of a fire by:-
A. radiation only  B. convection only  C. conduction and convection  D. radiation

44. Which one of the following is a communicable disease that is immunizable?
A. Tetanus  B. Common cold  C. Malaria  D. Typhoid

45. Which one of the following plants below **DOES NOT** have root nodules?
A. Ground nuts  B. Garden pea  C. Tomato  D. Lucern

46. Three of the following pairs of food can be preserved by drying. Which pair **CANNOT**?
A. Millet, rice  B. Meat, fruits  C. Maize, wheat  D. Beans, fish

47. Which of these statements is **INCORRECT**?
A. One complete rotation takes 24 hours on earth  B. Revolution causes seasons of the year  C. It takes 364 1/4 days for the earth to make one complete rotation  D. The path followed by planets round the sun is called an orbit

48. Which of the following is a poor conductor of heat?
A. Sufuria  B. Metallic spoon  C. Nail  D. Leaves

49. What is mass?
A. It is the gravitational pull on an object  B. It is the force per unit area  C. It is the amount of matter in a substance  D. It is the mass per unit volume of a substance

50. Std 6 pupils were told by their teacher to test the presence of air in the soil. They did as follows.

Which group was **CO2**?  
A. Group 1  B. Group 2  C. Group 3  D. Group 4
11. The type of rainfall received in the highlands is **MAINLY**:-
A. convectional rainfall
B. Frontal rainfall
C. Highland rainfall
D. Relief rainfall

12. Below are trees found in natural forests **EXCEPT**:-
A. mahogany
B. oak
C. pine
D. teak

13. Which weather instrument is **WRONGLY** matched with the function it is meant for?  
A. Windsock → strength of the wind  
B. Barometer → atmospheric pressure  
C. Anemometer → humidity  
D. Windvane → direction of the wind

14. Which mountain was formed through the process shown by the diagram above?  
A. Mt. Kenya  
B. Mt. Pare  
C. Mt. Elgon  
D. Mt. Kilimanjaro

15. The above mountain was formed through:-
A. faulting and uplifting  
B. volcanicity  
C. folding and faulting  
D. erosion

16. Below are reasons for the migration of various groups into Eastern Africa. Which one is **NOT**?
A. Search for land for settlement  
B. Search for water and pasture  
C. Social conflicts  
D. Search for raw materials
17. Which one of the following complete the series below?

Somalia → Borana → X → Gabbra

A. Falasha
B. Ogiek
C. Oromo
D. Shilluk

18. The average number of years a person is expected to live in any one country is known as:-

A. mortality rate
B. life expectancy
C. immortality rate
D. survival rate

19. All the following area support high population density EXCEPT:

A. coastal lowlands
B. highlands
C. arid plains
D. lake basin

20. Which one of the following is NOT an example of social institution?

A. Clan
B. Family
C. School
D. Community

21. Who among the following is NOT an example of a social institution?

A. Clan
B. Family
C. School
D. Community

22. Settling of disputes in the traditional African societies was the role of:

A. elderly people
B. traditional judges
C. council of elders
D. grandparents

23. The person in charge of the school discipline is:

A. headteacher
B. deputy headteacher
C. classroom teachers
D. chairperson

24. Which one of the following is NOT a service industry?

A. Mining
B. Banking
C. Insurance
D. Mining

25. The country marked B was colonized by:

A. French
B. Germany
C. Italian
D. Britain

26. What is the MAIN staple food in both the countries marked A and B?

A. Maize
B. Bananas
C. Sorghum
D. Rice

27. The capital city of the country marked S is:

A. Khartoum
B. Juba
C. Asmara
D. Kampala

28. The national park marked T is:

A. Malka Mari
B. Sibiloi
C. Maasai Mara
D. Amboseli

29. Which one of the following crops is MAINLY grown in the highland of Kenya and Ethiopia?

A. Coffee
B. Bananas
C. Sugarcane
D. Cotton

30. The most popular game reserve in Eastern Africa is:

A. Tsavo
B. Malka Mari
C. Maasai Mara
D. Sibiloi

31. Three of the following are forest conservation measures in Eastern Africa EXCEPT:

A. Afforestation
B. Deforestation
C. Re-afforestation
D. gazetting natural forests
32. Which one of the following does not contribute to road accidents in Eastern Africa?
   A. Having modern vehicles on the roads
   B. Overloading
   C. Irresponsible road users
   D. Not respecting the highway code

33. Three of the following are problems facing urban centres in Eastern Africa EXCEPT:-
   A. lack of market of goods and services
   B. high crime rate
   C. traffic jam
   D. mushrooming of slums

34. Bananas are grown in Uganda mainly as:-
   A. horticultural
   B. export crop
   C. subsistence crop
   D. cash crop

35. The mineral that is used to manufacture paper and glass in Kenya is:-
   A. diamond
   B. fluorspar
   C. limestone
   D. soda ash

36. The illegal hunting of wildlife is called:-
   A. conservation
   B. poaching
   C. killing
   D. tourism

37. Which one of the following soils type is suitable for growing Arabica coffee?
   A. Clay soils
   B. Loamy soils
   C. Sand soils
   D. Red volcanic soils

38. In which one of the following countries in Eastern Africa is sugarcane mainly grown under natural conditions?
   A. Sudan
   B. Ethiopia
   C. Kenya
   D. Somalia

39. The large scale keeping of beef animals is known as:-
   A. Zero grazing
   B. Paddocking
   C. Stall feeding
   D. Ranching

40. Which one of the following factors MAINLY influences trade in Kenya?
   A. The government policy
   B. Production of different goods
   C. The peace in the country
   D. the good method of communication

41. The earliest form of transport in Eastern Africa was:-
   A. human transport
   B. animal transport
   C. water transport
   D. road transport

42. Which one of the following is a manufacturing industry?
   A. Milk factory
   B. Cement making
   C. Sugar refining
   D. Coffee processing

43. Which one of the following is the major cash crop in Kenana irrigation scheme in Sudan?
   A. Coffee
   B. Tea
   C. Sugarcane
   D. Cotton

44. During the pre-colonial period, Buganda were ruled by:-
   A. kings
   B. chiefs
   C. emperors
   D. warriors

45. Among the early visitors below who was a trader?
   A. Johanne Rebman
   B. Dr. Livingstone
   C. John Speke
   D. Sir William Mackinnon

46. The following were missionaries from Europe to Eastern Africa EXCEPT:-
   A. Dr. Ludwig Krafft
   B. Johanne Rebman
   C. Dr. Livingstone
   D. H.M. Stanley

47. Which one of the following communities resisted the British occupation of their land?
   A. Ababukusu
   B. The Abawanga
   C. The Maasai
   D. The Agikuyu

48. Before the coming of Europeans the Nandi were ruled by:-
   A. kings
   B. chiefs
   C. council of elders
   D. warriors

49. The MAIN reason as to why most communities fought against the European occupation of their areas was the issue of:-
   A. taxes
   B. land
   C. labour
   D. Kipande

50. Who was the first Vice President of Kenya?
   A. Jomo Kenyatta
   B. Josephat Karanja
   C. Jaramogi Odinga
   D. Daniel Arap Moi

51. All the following are national philosophies EXCEPT:-
   A. Nyayoism
   B. Harambee spirit
   C. Loyalty pledge
   D. African socialism

52. All the following are ways of showing patriotism EXCEPT:-
   A. participating in looting and strikes
   B. participating in electing leaders
   C. obeying the laws
   D. being loyal to the state
53. The guidelines democracy is known as: -
   A. Motto       B. Slogans
   C. Principals  D. Principles

54. The things that belong to the people which they cannot be denied are called human _____
   A. responsibilities  B. needs
   C. right            D. thoughts

55. Which one of the following rights is only enjoyed by those people who are 18 years and above in Kenya?
   A. Right to own property
   B. Right to vote
   C. Right to life
   D. Right to information

56. The condition in a society where there is calmness is known as: -
   A. peace        B. honesty
   C. reconciliation D. laoco

57. Which of the following is a result of peace in a society?
   A. Loss of death
   B. Lack of jobs
   C. Loss of houses
   D. Increased investment

58. Which one of the following organizations carried out elections in Kenya?
   A. Legislature
   B. Independent Electoral and Boundaries Commission
   C. Judicial Service Commission
   D. Electoral Service Commission of Kenya

59. The laws of Kenya allow for general elections to be held after every: -
   A. 10 years  B. 4 years
   C. 5 years   D. 2 years

60. The commander in-chief of armed forces in Kenya is: -
   A. Inspector General  B. Major General
   C. Head of state     D. Deputy President

61. Which one of the following actions made God chase Adam and Eve from the garden of Eden?
   A. Speaking to the serpent
   B. Destroying God's creation
   C. Hiding from God
   D. Eating forbidden fruit

62. While in deep sleep, God took out one of man's _______ and made a woman.
   A. bones       B. ribs
   C. limbs       D. body

63. The best way of showing that we value God's creation is to: -
   A. care for our younger brothers and sisters
   B. get rid of dogs that make compound dirty
   C. collect papers from the school compound
   D. preserve and care for God's creation

64. The following are ways through which people got new life in the traditional African society. Which one is NOT?
   A. Initiation   B. Baptism
   C. Marriage    D. Birth

65. Who among the following gave his life to God?
   A. Lot  B. Haron  C. Terah  D. Abraham

66. Education in the traditional communities was aimed at: -
   A. character moulding
   B. acquiring a degree
   C. preparation for marriage
   D. instilling respect

67. The Passover means: -
   A. Israelites being led out of Egypt
   B. The angle of death passing over the houses of the Israelites
   C. Egyptians first born sons and the first borns of animals being killed
   D. Israelites feasting before

68. The prodigal son repented. This is seen when:
   A. returned to his father
   B. stopped eating with pigs
   C. asked his father to forgive him
   D. left his bad friends

69. We get new life in Christ when we: -
   A. go to church
   B. believe in Jesus Christ
   C. read the bible
   D. disobey our parents

70. The life of early Christian believers is recorded in the book of: -

71. One who dies for his Christian belief is called a: -
   A. Christian   B. Martyr
   C. Reformer    D. Disciple

STD 6 - SOCIAL STUDIES / C.R.E
72. Which authority was not given to human beings by God?
A. Have many children who would fill the earth
B. Have power over fish, birds and all wild animals
C. Destroy vegetation and plant crops for food
D. Take care of everything and plant crops for food

73. Which one of the following helps Christians make the right choice in their daily life?
A. Pastors B. Church leaders
C. Teachers D. Holy Spirit

74. God gave Adam and Eve a son to replace Abel. His name was:-
A. Enoch  B. Seth  C. Ham  D. Abraham

75. Christians help children who have no parents by:-
A. sending them to approved schools
B. building hospitals
C. Putting them in orphanages
D. sending them to friends

76. Your classmate, Victor has tested HIV/AIDS positive. As a Christian, what action is BEST for you to take?
A. Report the matter to the classteacher
B. advise him to seek medical care
C. Change your sitting position
D. Inform your classmate about it

77. Who said these words "Faith without actions is dead" According to James 2:17?
A. James  B. Paul  C. Jesus  D. John

78. Which of the following did Jesus MAINLY require from people who come to Him to be healed?
A. Hope  B. Love  C. Faith  D. Joy

79. Which of the following is the BEST description of a refugee?
A. All those people suffering in a community
B. A person who flees his/her country because of various reasons
C. All the old people and children
D. A person who moves from one place to another looking for a job

80. Which of the following is NOT a gift of the Holy Spirit?
A. Wisdom  B. Faith
C. Knowledge  D. Faithfulness

81. In acquiring socially acceptable behaviour, we are advised to get rid of all ________
A. humility  B. envy
C. kindness  D. love

82. According to Exodus 35: 30-35, Bezalel son of Uri had skill and ability in all the following EXCEPT:-
A. Embroidery  B. Artistic design
C. crafts  D. athletics

83. The father of Gideon was called:-
A. Joash  B. Kish
C. Jesse  D. Boaz

84. Unity in the church can be seen through all the following EXCEPT:-
A. working towards a common C.R.E syllabus
B. conducting interdenominational prayers
C. conducting charity works
D. dividing Kenyans along their ethnic lines

85. As Christians, we should read the Bible in order to:-
A. improve our reading
B. gain wisdom
C. learn more biblical words
D. learn more English words

86. A Christian can support a person with HIV/AIDS by:-
A. providing them with proper medical care
B. avoid sharing food with them
C. avoid sharing food with them
D. avoid talking to them

87. One of the following is NOT a group of the needy. Which one?
A. The sick  B. The rich
C. The orphans  D. The widows

88. Which of the following is the BEST thing for the rich to do?
A. Keep enough money
B. Acquire a lot of wealth
C. Help the needy
D. Build enough houses

89. Whoever DOES NOT work should not ________
A. rest  B. eat
C. sleep  D. work

90. Which of the following is NOT work done in the traditional African society?
A. Engineering  B. Hunting
C. Gathering  D. Animal hunting

STD 6 - SOCIAL STUDIES / C.R.E
# Nairobi County
## Std 6 - Term 3
### Marking Scheme

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ENGLISH</th>
<th>MATHEMATICS</th>
<th>KISWAHILI</th>
<th>SCIENCE</th>
<th>S/STUDIES/C.R.E</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### Composition/Insha Marking Scheme

**Marking Criterion**
1. The composition will be assessed according to the following guidelines.
2. The maximum mark will be 40 and the minimum mark 01.

Does the script show that the candidate can communicate accurately, fluently and imaginatively in English

**Accuracy (16 marks)**
- (a) Correct tense and agreement of verbs
- (b) Accurate use of vocabulary (4 marks)
- (c) Correct spelling (4 marks)
- (d) Correct punctuation (4 marks)

**Fluency (16 marks)**
- (a) Correct flow of the story (4 marks)
- (b) Well sequenced sentence and connected paragraphs (4 marks)
- (c) Correct spelling (4 marks)
- (d) Ideas developed in logic sequence (4 marks)

**Imagination (8 marks)**
- (a) Unusual but appropriate use of words (4 marks)
- (b) Variety of structure (4 marks)

**NB:** Please teachers are requested to scrutinize this marking scheme before use, it is worth