

BOMET COUNTY MOCK EXAMS
STANDARD 8 - YEAR 2014
ENGLISH COMPOSITION



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YOUR NAME	
INDEX NUMBER	
NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL	

ENGLISH
SECTION B: COMPOSITION

TIME : 40MINUTES

READ THE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. In the spaces provided write of your full Index Number, Your Name, and the Name of Your School.
2. Now open this page, read the composition subject carefully and write your composition on the lines, provided.

This Question paper consists of 4 printed pages.

Write an interesting composition to end as follows

.....
.....

.....What had started out as a bad day, ended up being the happiest day of my life.

Please Turn Over the page

BOMET COUNTY MOCK EXAMS
STANDARD 8 - YEAR 2014
ENGLISH



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TIME :1HOUR 40MINUTES

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 50 questions,
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the **ANSWER SHEET**, not in this question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use only an ordinary pencil.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:
YOUR INDEX NUMBER
YOUR NAME
NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL
6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e.) School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
8. Keep the sheet as clean as possible and do not fold it.
9. For each of the questions 1 -50 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A,B,C,D. In each case only **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

Example

In question booklet: In question 4 choose the alternative that means the same as the underlined word.

14. Magdalène chose to walk the long distance to the clinic _____ it was very hot
A. while
C. through
B. but
D. though

The correct answer is D. (**Though**)

On The answer sheet:

4 [A] [B] [C] [D] **14** [A] [B] [C] [**D**] **24** [A] [B] [C] [D] **34** [A] [**B**] [C] [D]

In the First set, the box with the letter **D** printed in it is marked

11. Your dark line **MUST** be within the box.
12. For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes

This Question Paper consists of 50 Printed Questions.

Read the passage below. It contains blank spaces numbered 1-15. For each blank space choose the best alternative from the choices given.

The 1 was presided over 2 the area member of the County Assembly. We had arrived 3 the venue on time 4 to witness every bit of the 5 activities. Parents and teachers held a meeting in the 6 dining hall. 7 a convoy of vehicles snaked 8 way as it 9 our compound. The headteacher with the school chairman 10 at hand to 11 the MCA, Mrs Upendo a short while later, we all assembled at the dais and the programme 12. The deputy headteacher was the 13 Entertainments were presented after the opening prayer 14. The previous year's KCPE results for our school 15 the talk of the day.

- | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. A. occasion | B. occasion | C. ocaasion | D. occation |
| 2. A. with | B. by | C. on | D. at |
| 3. A. to | B. in | C. at | D. on |
| 4. A. eagger | B. earger | C. eagerly | D. eager |
| 5. A. day | B. days | C. day's | D. dais |
| 6. A. school | B. school's | C. schools' | D. schooled |
| 7. A. all over sudden | B. all offer sudden | C. all of a sudden | D. all suddenly |
| 8. A. its | B. it's | C. their | D. his |
| 9. A. enters | B. entered in | C. entered | D. enter into |
| 10. A. was | B. were | C. wore | D. worn |
| 11. A. recieve | B. receive | C. received | D. receipt |
| 12. A. begun | B. begins | C. began | D. began |
| 13. A. master of ceremony | B. master of ceremonies | C. mastered ceremony | D. master of seremony |
| 14. A. has been said | B. had been said | C. has been said | D. were said |
| 15. A. were | B. was | C. are | D. is |

For questions 16 and 17, choose the word that mean the opposite of the underlined words.

16. The suspect was convicted when the ruling was made.
 A. sentenced B. acquitted
 C. imprisoned D. charged
17. Their application letters were turned down by the manager.
 A. accepted B. rejected C. replied D. written

Choose the best alternative for questions 18 and 19.

18. Take that table to the staffroom, _____?
 A. can you B. don't you
 C. will you D. aren't you
19. They rarely finish their work on time, _____?
 A. don't they B. do they
 C. aren't they D. are they

For questions 20 and 22, choose the alternative that completes the given sentences.

20. The minister as well as his wife _____ coming to

- the party.
 A. have B. are C. were D. is
21. Phylis dresses more smartly than _____
 A. she B. her C. me D. him
22. All the ministers but Hon. Ruto _____ accompanied the president.
 A. was B. has C. is D. have

For questions 23 and 24, choose the word which means the same as the underlined words.

23. I was extremely sorry that I had been so rude to her.
 A. unliked B. apologised
 C. regretted D. wished
24. The soldiers attacked the smugglers.
 A. set upon B. gave in
 C. set up D. broke out

For question 25, choose the alternative that best completes the sentence.

25. Unless he works extra hand, he will _____ in his examination.
 A. pass B. fail C. succeed D. not fail

Read the passage below and answer questions 26-38.

Mathew was too excited to do more than nibble at his breakfast. It seemed to him that everybody else was taking an unusually long time over the meal. Feverishly, he helped Ezra with the washing-up, and then was an eager assistant in making beds and cleaning the floor. The hands of the kitchen clock, moving steadily towards the hour often, sent him into a panic of activity.

"Calm down, Mathew!" Ezra impatiently exclaimed. "I doubt that your friends have even finished breakfast at this time. People on holiday don't usually rise at the crack of dawn, you know." Mathew did not know because never in his life had he had a real holiday. I don't want to be late," he explained, secretly agonizing over the way Ezra sat at the kitchen table, leisurely chopping a hunk of meat taken from the fridge.

Ezra, seeing the dismay on the boy's face, grumbled, "Don't expect me to leave all my work to take you swimming. I'm chopping the meat now, so that I can get on with lunch as soon as we come back. You can give me a hand, if you want to, by cutting up those onions and tomatoes.

He had hardly finished speaking before Mathew was beside him, knife in hand, chopping vegetables as if his life depended on it. By ten thirty, the two of them were at last ready to be on their way to the hotel where they were to meet Robert and Peter. As they passed through the shop, Jamani smiled at the boy's bright, happy face. Mathew grinned back at him and as soon as he and Ezra were in the street remarked on Jamani's kindness. "Yes, he has

always been good-natured," Ezra agreed. "He takes after his own father. It's good that you appreciate what he is doing for you, boy. Wish I could say the same about his own sons...."

For a while, the old man walked on in brooding silence, only breaking it to say that to save time, they had better go to the hotel by way of the beach." He added, "And remember no staring at those immodest women, and if anybody calls out to you, ignore them!"

As before, the beach in front of the tourist hotel was dotted with people. Mathew plodding along behind Ezra, kept his eyes behind Ezra's back, not daring to glance sideways at the near naked bodies stretched out on the sand. At the steps leading into the grounds of the hotel, Ezra issued yet another warning against reacting to attention paid to them by any people congregating at the outdoor bar. "Most of these, have what they call Banda bars. If I had my way, would close them. They have become pick-up places for every juvenile delinquent along the Coast."

"Pick-up places?" Mathew enquired.

"You heard me - places where they are picked up by so-called tourists who ... who...." Mathew was surprised that Ezra, for once, was lost for words. He was curious to understand why the old man should suddenly lose his composure. However, the hope of finding out wash dashed as soon as Ezra snapped, "This is no fit conversation for a boy of your age. Just you remember to keep to yourself!"

Sure enough, they soon encountered a Banda bar, only this one was built of round polished stones, and the customers sat at small tables.

As he and Ezra drew nearer, Mathew saw that several of the tables were occupied by a scattering of youngsters of about his own age. These youngsters appeared to be on very familiar terms with the few Europeans moving amongst them. Ezra tried to hurry him past, but they could not avoid the cries that went up of, "It's pretty boy!" "Pretty boy! Leave old Ezra and come over here!"

"Ignore them!" Ezra hissed, pushing Mathew ahead of him.

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| <p>26. From the first paragraph, we learn that _____</p> <p>A. Mathew was a poor eater.</p> <p>B. Mathew did not like the breakfast he had been served.</p> <p>C. Mathew could not concentrate on his breakfast.</p> <p>D. Something was deeply troubling Mathew.</p> <p>27. The word <u>feverishly</u> is used to show that Mathew _____</p> <p>A. worked fast and excitedly.</p> <p>B. suffered a fever due to his impatience.</p> <p>C. did not like the way the others were working.</p> <p>D. hated helping but had no alternative.</p> <p>28. Mathew panicked when _____</p> <p>A. he realized that the hands of the kitchen clock were moving.</p> <p>B. Ezra washed up too slowly.</p> <p>C. it seemed they were getting late.</p> <p>D. he realized they had not finished their work.</p> <p>29. "<u>Crack of dawn</u>" as used in the passage means _____</p> <p>A. late in the morning.</p> <p>B. very late in the night.</p> <p>C. very early in the morning.</p> <p>D. a few hours after sunrise.</p> <p>30. What do we learn about Ezra in the passage?</p> <p>A. He enjoyed seeing Mathew suffer.</p> <p>B. He was a slow and clumsy man.</p> <p>C. He was an expert swimmer and instructor.</p> <p>D. He was thorough and methodical in his work.</p> <p>31. Which words can be used to replace "<u>give me a hand</u>?"</p> <p>A. Stop what you are doing. B. Continue from here.</p> <p>C. Help me. D. Do what you want to.</p> <p>32. Jamani, according to Ezra, _____</p> <p>A. was as good-natured as his son.</p> <p>B. was better looking than his sons.</p> <p>C. was as kindly as his father.</p> <p>D. was not nearly as good as his father.</p> <p>33. Why do you think Ezra walked in brooding silence?</p> | <p>A. He was thinking about Robert and Peter.</p> <p>B. He was worried about immodest women.</p> <p>C. He was thinking about Jamani's son.</p> <p>D. He was wondering why Mathew had been so impatient.</p> <p>34. Ezra can be described as _____</p> <p>A. thoughtful but merciless.</p> <p>B. harsh and dictatorial.</p> <p>C. firm but well-meaning.</p> <p>D. unfriendly but fatherly.</p> <p>35. Which of the following statements is not true according to the passage?</p> <p>A. It was not usual for Ezra to fail to express himself.</p> <p>B. Mathew was angry and defiant towards Ezra.</p> <p>C. Ezra did not want Mathew to be in the company of delinquents.</p> <p>D. There were things Ezra was too embarrassed to discuss with Mathew.</p> <p>36. The Banda bar they came to _____</p> <p>A. was packed with Europeans and other customers.</p> <p>B. was unlike other such bars.</p> <p>C. was full of youngsters but few Europeans.</p> <p>D. had smaller tables than normal bars.</p> <p>37. The cries of "Pretty boy! Pretty!"</p> <p>A. show that Mathew was probably a handsome boy.</p> <p>B. were meant to annoy Ezra.</p> <p>C. were made by the Europeans.</p> <p>D. made Ezra get violetnt.</p> <p>38. How would Ezra's attitude towards Mathew be described?</p> <p>A. Hostile B. Fatherly</p> <p>C. Mysterious D. Harsh</p> |
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Read the passage below and answer questions 39-50.

There is a storm of social evil that is sweeping across the world today. The extent of social evils has caused a lot of worry to many people. Parents, teachers, medical experts, members of the teaching fraternity,

members of the Judiciary and spiritual leaders are all worried.

First and foremost, family problems such as domestic violence have increased. A father once locked up all his family members in the house and then set the house ablaze. He claimed that he could not cope with the economic hardships that his family was going through. A woman also beat up her husband and threw him out of their home because he had returned home empty-handed. Such kind of violence that is directed at family members has led to physical injuries and even deaths.

The crime rate has also escalated. People are engaging in all types of crime such as: corruption, robbery, rape, kidnapping, carjacking and land grabbing. Most of the people who engage in these crimes claim that they do not have any other way of earning a living. In reality, they are not willing to work hard. It is wrong for such people to think that it is acceptable to live off the sweat of others.

The use of drugs and other addictive substances has also taken its toll on the society. Those who peddle these drugs have found ways of supplying them to pupils in schools. Pupils who are curious may try out illegal drugs such as bhang. This slowly leads to addiction as the pupils find that they have become dependent on the drugs. Those who start smoking or taking alcohol also find themselves in a state of addiction after regular use. This can be avoided if the pupils are made aware of the dangers of drugs and other harmful substances.

Child abuse has also become common in the world today. People are harming children physically, sexually and emotionally. Sadly, most of the people who abuse children are people who are known to the children. They may be their parents, relatives or neighbours. Child labour is a form of child abuse. This is because children are forced to do difficult work that often negatively affects their health. Child prostitution is another form of a child abuse. Children may be forced to sell their bodies so that they can earn some money. Experts have cited child labour and child prostitution as the main cause of school dropouts.

Finally, people are getting involved in irresponsible sexual relationships. These relationships have led to various ills such as the spread of AIDS. It is estimated that over 33 million people are living with HIV and AIDS in the world. 1.5 million Kenyans are estimated to be living with HIV and AIDS. Some people who are HIV positive are not aware about their HIV status. They continue to spread the illness and do not seek medical attention. By the time they are diagnosed, they may be very ill. Such people stop being productive and instead become dependants.

It is necessary for people to do what they can to avoid and prevent the many social ills that are affecting our society in the present day. They should behave responsibly and be held accountable for whatever decisions and actions they take.

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>39. According to the first paragraph, social evils:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. have made people steal from others to earn a living.B. have caused a lot of worry to parents and teachers only.C. have caused economic hardships to families.D. are like a storm sweeping across the world. <p>40. Which of the following is an example of child abuse?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. Child careB. Child labourC. ChildhoodD. Child benefit <p>41. According to the passage which of the following lists contains the forms of child abuse?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. Physical, sexual and spiritual abuse.B. Emotional, physical, sexual abuse.C. Educational, spiritual and physical abuse.D. Spiritual, emotional, sexual abuse. <p>42. The phrase "set ablaze" in the passage means;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. set the house on fire.B. cut the house with blade.C. let the house continue to burn.D. unlock the house with a blaze. <p>43. Which of the following is not a social evil?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. Drug abuseB. Irresponsible sexual behaviourC. Child abuseD. Responsible behaviour <p>44. According to the passage, how many people are living with HIV and AIDS in the world?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. 30 million peopleB. 3.3 million people | <ul style="list-style-type: none">C. 33 million peopleD. 3 million people <p>45. According to the writer, pupils can avoid drug abuse by _____</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. taking a little alcohol.B. selling drugs.C. trying all kinds of drugs.D. being aware of the dangers of drugs. <p>46. Which of the following is NOT a crime?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. Land grabbingB. AccountabilityC. CorruptionD. Kidnapping <p>47. The spread of social evils can be prevented by _____</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. setting house ablaze.B. peddling drugs.C. creating awareness.D. doing difficult work. <p>48. What word can replace the word "cited" in the passage?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. PresentedB. MentionedC. RenamedD. Indicated <p>49. Which of the following is not a reason for dropping out of school?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. HIV and AIDS awarenessB. Child labourC. Drug abuseD. Child abuse and prostitution <p>50. Choose the best title for the passage;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">A. HIV and AIDS.B. Child prostitution and child abuse.C. Drug abuse and drug addiction.D. The social evils today. |
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GATUZI LA BOMET, MTHANI WA MWIGO
DARASA LA 8 - MWAKA 2014
KISWAHILI INSHA



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JINA LAKO	
NAMBA YAKO YA MTHANI	
NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL	

KISWAHILI
SEHEMU B:INSHA

MUDA: 40MINUTES

SOMA MAAGIZO HAYA KWA MAKINI

1. Kwenye nafasi zilizoachwa hapo juu, andika namba yako kamili ya mtihani, Jina lako, Jina la Shule yako.
2. Sasa fungua Karatasi hii, soma kichwa cha insha kwa makini na uandike insha yako kwenye nafasi ulioachiwa.

KARATASI HII LA MASWALI LINA KURASA NNE ZILIZO PIGWA CHAPA

Umepewa dakika 40 kuandika insha yako.

Andika insha inayoishia kwa maneno haya

..... Baadaye kila mmoja aliondoka pale akijua kwamba si marafiki wote wanaoaminika.

Fungua Kurasa

KAUNTI YA BOMET MTHANI WA MWINGO
DARASA LA 8 - MWAKA 2014
KISWAHILI

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MUDA : 1 HOUR 40 MINUTES

SOMA KWA MAKINI MAAGIZO YAFUATAYO

1. Umepewa karatasi hii ya maswali na karatasi ya kujibia. Karatasi hii ina maswali 50
2. Ikiwa utataka kuandika chochote ambacho si jibu andika katika karatasi hii
3. Ukisha chagua jibu lako lioneshe katika KARATASI YA MAJIBU na wala siyo katika karatasi hii ya maswali

JINSI YA KUTUMIA KARATASI YA MAJIBU

4. Tumia Penseli ya kawaida
5. Hakikisha ya kwamba yafuatayo umeandika katika karatasi ya majibu;
NAMBA YAKO YA MTHANI
JINA LAKO
JINA LA SHULE YAKO
6. Kwa kuchora kistari katika visanduku vyenye namba zinazokuhusu, onyesha namba yako kamili ya mthani (yaani namba ya shule, na zile namba tatu za mtahiniwa) katika sehemu iliyotengwa mwanzo wa karatasi ya majibu.
7. Usitie alama zozote nje ya visanduku.
8. Iweke safi karatasi yako ya majibu na usiikunje.
9. Kwa kila swali 1-50 umepewa majibu manne. Majibu hayo yameonyeshwa kwa herufi A, B, C, D. Ni jibu MOJA tu kati ya hayo manne ambalo ni sahihi. Chagua jibu hilo.
10. Kwenye karatasi ya majibu, jibu sahihi lioneshwe kwa kuchora kistari katika kisanduku chenye herufi uliochagua kuwa ndilo jibu.

Mfano:

Katika karatasi ya maswali :

19. Kinga na kinga _____

A. Ndipo kingua

B. Ndipo moto uwakapo

C. Ndipo kingana

D. Ndipo moto

Jibu sahihi ni (B) (Ndipo moto uwakapo)

Katika karatasi ya majibu

19. [A] [B] [C] [D]

20. [A] [B] [C] [D]

21. [A] [B] [C] [D]

22. [A] [B] [C] [D]

23. [A] [B] [C] [D]

Katika visanduku vinavyoonyesha majibu ya swali namba 19. Kisanduku chenye herufi B ndicho kilichorwa kistari

11. Chora kistari chako kiwe cheusi na kisijitokeze nje ya kisanduku.

12. Kwa kila swali, chora kisanduku kimoja tu kati ya visanduku vinne ulivyopewa.

Karatasi hii ina maswali 50 iliyopigwa chapa.

Kifungu kifuatacho kina nafasi 1 - 15, chagua neno moja kati ya manne uliyopewa ili kujaza nafasi hizo.
 Wanafunzi wa shule za msingi husoma ___ 1 ___ njia ___ 2 ___. Ni vyema mwanafunzi afuate ___ 3 ___ ya mwalimu. Bila shaka asipofuata ataona dalili za ___ 4 ___ anazozipata, kwa kutotii ___ 5 ___ iliyowekwa na mwalimu wake. Kusoma ___ 6 ___ aina hiyo ___ 7 ___ kuwezesha mwanafunzi kupita mtihani.

- | | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. na | B. wa | C. kwa | D. kwenye |
| 2. A. zinazotofautiana | B. zimetofautiana | C. zilizotofautiana | D. zisisotofautiana |
| 3. A. Maigizo | B. magizo | C. maagizo | D. maongozi |
| 4. A. adabu | B. adhabu | C. athabu | D. ghadhabu |
| 5. A. miiko | B. miko | C. meko | D. mwiko |
| 6. A. kwa | B. na | C. ya | D. wa |
| 7. A. huweza | B. hakuwezi | C. hawezi | D. haitaweza |

Kanisani ___ 8 ___ na nyumbani. Hivyo basi waja ___ 9 ___ na kashemerisha mishemisha kama manowari katika bahari ya ureda. Walipowasili kanisani ___ 10 ___, walikaribishwa kwa mbwembwe mzomzo wa kayaya.

Kasisi ___ 11 ___ ibada ilipokwisha ___ 12 ___ waliandamana hadi hoteli maarufu Italia kupokea ___ 13 ___ murua. Hakika mapenzi ni kama nyasi ___ 14 ___ na kunawari hata juu ya mti wa mkakasi. Wakampa Jalali ___ 15 ___ kufanya apendavyo katika ushi yao.

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 8. A. palikuwa pua na mdomo | B. kulikuwa pua na mdomo |
| C. tulikuwa pua na mdomo | D. mlikuwa ulimi na mate |
| 9. A. waliingia | B. Walihudhuria |
| 10. A. kufunga nikaha | B. kuifunga nikahi |
| 11. A. aliwafungisha pingu za maisha | B. aliwafungiza pingu za maisha |
| C. alizifunga pingu za maisha | C. aliwaunganisha katika maisha |
| 12. A. akrafa wengi | B. mamluki wengi |
| 13. A. chajio | B. kitoweo |
| 14. A. zipendako kukita mizizi | B. zipendapo kukita mizizi |
| C. zimeazo na kukita mizizi | D. zinazokita mizizi |
| 15. A. fursa | B. wakala |
| | C. waka |
| | D. furuza |

16. Elezamatumizi ya 'kwa' katika sentensi hii.

Kumtembelea kwake kulimpa mgonjwa matumaini.

- A. kuendeleza ngeli ya 'ku' ya mahali.
 B. kuonyesha umilikaji.
 C. kuonyesha mahali.
 D. kuonyesha wakati.
17. Mti unaozaa bibo huitwa _____
 A. mkanju
 B. kwakwa
 C. bambakofi
 D. mbokoboko
18. Orodha ipi hailingani?
 A. Pale, kile, kule, zile
 B. Mimi, sisi, wewe, yule
 C. Chake, mwangu, lako, zetu
 D. Da, lichaya, aghalabu, mithili ya
19. Maana ya "Ashakum si matusi" ni _____
 A. acha matusi.
 B. maneno yote si matusi.
 C. nisamehe kwa yale nitakayosema.
 D. watu wa matusi hawakaribishwi.
20. Ni sentensi ipi inayoonyesha 'Ni' ya mahali?
 A. Ingieni nyote.
 B. Twendeni kimyakimya.
 C. Ninaelekea sokoni.
 D. Kimbieni msichelewe.
21. Taja methali nyingine yenye maana sawa na methali ***usiwache mbachao kwa msala upitao;***

A. usione kwenda mbele kurudi nyuma si kazi.

B. bura yangu sibatili na rehani.

C. mwenda tezi na omo marejeo ni ngamani.

D. siku ya kwenda uchi ndipo utakutana mkweo.

22. Wingi wa neno 'joo hapa' ni _____

A. uje hapa

B. mje hapa

C. waje hapa

D. njooni hapa

23. Chagua sentensi isiyo sahihi kimantiki.

A. Baba ameingia kwa nyumba.

B. Watu razini hutenda mambo yao kishujaa.

C. Baba yake alimpa mazoezi ya kupendeza.

D. Imani huletaaman kwenyejamii.

24. Kanusha: ***Mtu aliyeongea ninamjua,***

A. Mtu aliyeongea simjui.

B. Mtu asiyeongea ninamjua.

C. Mtu ambaye hakuongea simjui.

D. Mtu asiyeongea simjui.

25. Unganisha sentensi zifuatazo.

Hatukushiriki/ hatukushinda

A. Hatukushiriki na hatukushinda.

B. Hatukushiriki ndiposa tukashinda.

C. Hatukushiriki bali hatukushinda.

D. Hatukushiriki walakushinda.

26. Neno lililopigwa kistari kwenye sentensi hii ni _____

Mtoto mwerevu yu darasani peke yake.

A. kiunganishi

B. kiambishi

C. A. unganifu

D. kiarifa

27. Mama aliiweka sufuria mekoni. Yaani ali _____ kisha akatoa sufuria hiyo mekoni hivyo ali _____
- A. ezeka, ezua B. injika, injua
C. injika, epua D. bandika, bandua
28. Tashibihi hizi zina maana gani; kosekana kama kaburi la baniani, kosekana kama wali wa daku, au kusekana kama maziwa ya kuku.
- A. kuwa adhimu B. kuwa adimu
C. kuwa sufufu D. kuwa kiasi
29. Andika sentensi ifuatayo katika usemi wa taarifa. "Nitaenda kuogelea kesho tukiwa na rafiki yangu" Jumaalisema.
- A. Juma alisema, ataenda kuogelea siku iliyofuata

- akiwa na rafiki yake.
- B. Juma alisema angeenda kuogelea kesho akiwa na rafiki yake.
- C. Juma alisema ningeenda kuogelea siku iliyofuata nikiwa na rafiki yangu.
- D. Juma alisema angeenda kuogelea siku iliyofuata akiwa na rafiki yake.
30. Tumia 'O' rejeshi badala ya 'amba.' Kitabu ambacho hutumiani kipya.
- A. Kitabu anachotumia ni kipya.
B. Kitabu atumiacho ni kipya.
C. Kitabu alichotumia ni kipya.
D. Kitabu angalichotumia ni kipya.

Soma makala haya kisha ujibu maswali 31 - 40

Mtu akiwa mwema mbele ya Maulana hukumbuka daima kwamba wema wote watoka kwake, na kwamba Mola ndiye hakimu na watu wote, mwenye kuwapenda matajiri na maskini. Vile Rabana, anavyomsaidia kila adinasi, na sisi pia ni lazima tuwasaidie mahuluki wote kadiri tuwezavyo. Kufanya vile huitwa ukarimu.

Kumwona mja maskini hana nguo, utampa vazi lolote lililo la ziada kwako, apate la kujisetiri. Lakini haifai kutangaza na kunadi kadamnasi ya watu kwamba mtu fulani nimempa hiki na kile.

Endapo mtu hana mahali pa kulala nawe maskani yako yana nafasi, utamwita ukamwonyeshe chumba cha kulala bila kumtoa kodi, na hata maakuli utampa bila malipo, ukarimu huo ni mzuri sana. Lakini mkarimiwa asiwe mtu wa kutendwa awezapo kuipa ila awe mtu wa kutendea. Afadhali kutendea kuliko kutendewa.

Na mgeni akishapokelewa katika nyumba, na amekaa siku mbili tatu, desturi kumsaidia mwenyeji katika kazi kulima ama kujenga ama kazi yoyote iliyoko. Lakini awapo yu mvivu ana mzambe, hataki kazi ila kula na kulala, watu humtolea maneno ya fumbo, husema mno ni mno! U mzigo! Maana yake ufunganye viragu uende kwani akufukuzaye hakuambii toka! Nao wema usizidi uwezo.

31. Mgeni hafai _____
- A. kupiga uvivu ugenini B. kumsaidia mwenyeji
C. kula ugenini D. kula na kulala
32. Ukarimu mzuri ni _____
- A. wa hiari na bila kutarajia malipo.
B. kumpa mtu mlo.
C. kumpa mtu malazi.
D. na nguo na pa kulala.
33. Aghalabu wema ni karama kutokea kwa _____
- A. Mungu B. mtu C. hakimu D. wanadamu
34. Mungu huwasaidia watu _____
- A. wanaotenda wema B. wenye huruma
C. wote D. maskini
35. Ukimtendea mtu wema, ni vizuri _____
- A. utangaze B. umsaidie
C. iwe siri D. uringe
36. Mafumbo hutolewa wakati ambapo mgeni _____

- A. hataki kuondoka B. amekaa siku nyingi
C. anakuwa mkunguni D. amekuwa mzigo
37. Ukitendewa wema badala ya kutoa malipo ya pesa unaweza _____
- A. kupongeza B. kuaga
C. kushukuru D. kushukrani
38. Mtenda aki tendewa wema ni bora naye _____
- A. ajitendee B. atendewe
C. atendee D. atendwe
39. Mgeni anatakiwa aanze kuwasaidia wenyeji wake baada ya muda gani?
- A. Juma moja B. Siku tano
C. Siku tatu D. Siku mbili au tatu
40. Mungu ametajwa kwa majina mangapi katika habari hii?
- A. Marine B. Matatu C. Mawili D. Matano

Soma kifungu kifuatacho kisha ujibu maswali 41 - 50

Pesa ni chochote kile kilichoidhinishwa na serikali ya nchi au benki kama kitu halali cha kubadilisha na bidhaa zinazonunuliwa au mahitaji na huduma zinazotakiwa. Pesa zina visawe vingi katika nchi za Afrika Mashariki kama vile: fedha ngwenje, darahimu, shilingi au hela.

Katika nchi mbalimbali, pesa hujulikana kwa majina tofauti kama vile dola, yen, pauni, kwacha, peisa, rupee, yuro, randi na kadhalika.

Pesa zinazotumika kwa mahitaji mbalimbali huitwa karo, nauli, makadirio, riba, kiingilio, sadaka, kodi, ushuru na kadhalika.

Pesa zina matumizi mengi katika nchi na kwa adinasi yeyote. Mtu aliyefilisika kabisa haruhusiwi kushikilia nyanja zozote katika nchi. Ukata au ulitima hivyo ni hali isiyotamanika. Mwanamuziki mmoja aliimba na kusema "shilingi yaua, tena maua" nadhani alimaanisha kuwa shilingi inaleta mazuri na pia mabaya. Mwandishi Shabaan

Robert naye akaongeza kuwa ' Shilingi ni mvunja mguu na milima ikalala. Biblia nayo ikaonya kuwa pesa ndizo chanzo cha maovu yote duniani.

Ndio, japo na tahadhari hizi zote, kila mtu yuko mbio mbio kutafuta shilingi.

Pesa zinaweza kuleta madhara au mabaya kwa yule anayezitumia. Kwa mfano, kuna mtu atauza ng'ombe ili apate karo ya shule lakini aende kuzifuja zote katika anasa za dunia. Fedha hununua pombe kama kumikumi ambayo huwaua wengi. Fedha vilevile itamfanya mtu kushiriki mapenzi haramu na hivyo kujinunulia mauti kwa kuambukizwa ukimwi. Katika Biblia Yesu alisalitiwa na mmoja wa wafuasi wake kwa sababu ya fedha. Twaona na watu ambao mi nduli watoa roho ambao kazi yao ni kuuwa mradi wapate pesa.

Makanisa mbalimbali yameibuka , sio eti kwa sababu wana mwito kutoka kwa Rabuka, bali hii ni njia ya kujipatia riziki. Utawasikia makasisi, mapadre au wahubiri wakisema "Toa ubarikiwa" Wanaofanywa misa au kuombewa hutegemea kiasi wanachotoa. Hebu tazama kanisani uta kuta wale walio na magari au kufikiriwa kuwa waswasi hupewa heshima zaidi na wakati mwingine hupewa viti vya mbele kanisani. Usinielewe vibaya sio makanisa yote au wahubiri wote walio na tabia hizi.

Watu duniani wamegawanyika katika matabaka mawili; tabaka la matajiri na tabaka la maskini. Matabaka haya mawili huishi maisha tofauti kama giza na mwangaza. Tofauti hujitokeza katika uzazi, maelzi , mavazi , shule , hospitali, vyakula, machari na hata jeneza kinachofanana tu au kuwasawazisha ni kifo! Kweli pesa ndiyo sabuni ya roho.

Jambo ambalo ni bayana ni kuwa pesa haziwezi kununua usingizi japo zaweza kununua kitanda cha dhahabu. Pesa hazinunui furaha wala amani. Kwani kuna wakwasi wanaosononeka maishani. Fedha hazinunui akili , japo zinaweza kununua vitabu. Fedha haziwezi zikanunua tikiti ya mbinguni. Ni rahisi kwa ngamia kupitia tundu la sindano kuliko tajiri kuingia katika ufalme wa Mungu.

Ni sharti tuwe na kiwango fulani cha fedha maishani ili tuweze kujikimu. Ukata na ulitima uliokithiri hutufanya tufanye kadhia mbaya maishani. Tunakuwa busati la kupangulia matope kwa matajiri. Kwa walio na fedha isiwapanye watumwa bali waitumie kwa kadri na wajali maslahi ya wanyonge kwani aliyewapa wao viti, ndiye aliyewapa wale wengine kumbi.

41. Yen ni pesa zinazotumiwa na nchi gani.

- A. Merikani
- B. uswidi
- C. Ujapani
- D. Uchina

42. Pesa zinazolipiwa bidhaa kutoka nchi za nje huitwa?

- A. Dola
- B. Ada
- C. Kodi
- D. Ushuru

43. Pesa zinazotolewa na serikali kugharamia shughuli za wizara huitwa?

- A. Kodi
- B. Makadirio
- C. Riba
- D. Ushuru

44. Ukata ni _____

- A. ukosefu wa fedha
- B. wingi wa fedha
- C. hali isiyotamanika
- D. kuishiwamaarifa

45. Ni sentensi ipi isiyo sahihi?

- A. Maovu mengi husababishwa na fedha.
- B. Mtu aliyefilisika hakubaliwi kushikilia nyanja zozote za uongozi
- C. Wenye fedha lazima wana furaha maishani mwao.
- D. Hakuna mtu asiyeliitaji fedha duniani.

46. Matajiri wakati mwingine hupewa viti vya mbele kanisani kwa sababu _____

A. wao ni watakatifu.

B. wao ni wakubwa kushinda waumini wengine.

C. wao hutoa kitita kikubwa cha fedha kama sadaka, _____ na kwa miradi ya kanisa.

D. wao ni hio waH jenga kanisa na kununua viti.

47. Watu husawazishwa na _____

- A. mavazi
- B. malezi
- C. matibabu
- D. mauti

48. Ni kipi ambacho kinaweza kunuliwa na fedha?

- A. Kifo
- B. Akili
- C. Tikiti ya mbinguni
- D. Furaha

49. Maana ya kufuja ni _____

- A. kufanya kuwa dhaifu
- B. kutumia vibaya.
- C. kubadilisha fedha.
- D. kutozuia kupita.

50. Kichwa mwafaka cha taarifa hii ni _____

- A. Utamu wapesa
- B. Umuhimu wa pesa
- C. Pesa
- D. Ubaya wa pesa

BOMET COUNTY MOCK EXAMS

STANDARD 8.- YEAR 2014

MATHEMATICS



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TIME :2HOURS

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 50 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the ANSWER SHEET, not in this question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use only an ordinary pencil.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:
YOUR INDEX NUMBER
YOUR NAME
NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL
6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e.) School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
8. Keep the sheet as clean as possible and do not fold it.
9. For each of the questions 1 -50 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A,B,C,D. In each case only ONE of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer,
10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

Example

In question booklet:

14. Find the sum of a fifth of $\frac{5}{8}$ and a third of $\frac{3}{4}$?

- A. $\frac{11}{8}$
- B. $\frac{3}{18}$
- C. $\frac{16}{5}$
- D. $\frac{11}{120}$

The correct answer is B.

On The answer sheet:

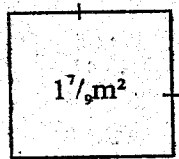
4. [A] [B] [C] [D] 14. [A] [B] [C] [D] 24. [A] [B] [C] [D] 34. [A] [B] [C] [D]

In the First set, the box with the letter C printed in it is marked

11. Your dark line MUST be within the box.
12. For each question ONLY ONE box is to be marked in each set of four boxes

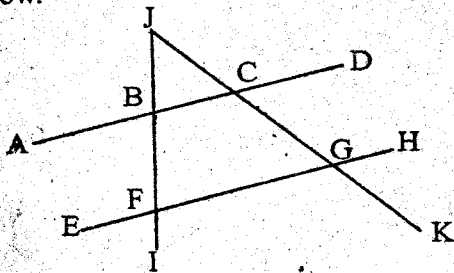
This Question Paper consists of 50 Printed Questions.

- Write six million four hundred and twenty seven thousand eight hundred and fifty nine and forty eight thousandths, in numerals.
A. 6427859.48 B. 60427859.048
C. 6427859.048 D. 6427859.480
- How many times is the total value of digit three greater than the total value of digit five in the number 637052?
A. 29950 B. 600 C. 1500000 D. 30050
- Round off 741.9956 to the nearest hundredths.
A. 742.00 B. 742 C. 741.10 D. 741.00
- How many days are there between 12th January and 16th March, 2008?
A. 62 B. 65 C. 64 D. 63
- Find the sum of prime numbers from 50 to 60.
A. 112 B. 220 C. 169 D. 163
- What is $3\frac{1}{4}\%$ expressed as a ratio in its simplest form?
A. 13:4 B. 13:400
C. 4:1300 D. 400:13
- What is the sum of the squares of the L.C.M and G.C.D of 3, 6 and 12?
A. 15 B. 150 C. 153 D. 155
- Twenty 10 decilitre packets of milk were emptied into a 50-litre container. How many more ten decilitres packets of milk were needed to fill the container?
A. 20 B. 25 C. 75 D. 30
- Which of the following expressions is the simplest form of
 $2(3x + y) + 3x - 2y$
 $3(3x - 3y) + 6x + 9y$
A. $\frac{1}{2}$ B. $\frac{9x}{15x}$
C. $\frac{9x + 4y}{15x + 18y}$ D. $\frac{3x}{3y}$
- What is the value of:
 $3(5^2 - 4^2) + 51 \div 17$?
A. 30 B. 24 C. 27 D. 12
- The square below has an area of $1\frac{1}{9} m^2$, Find its perimeter.



- A. $1\frac{1}{3}$ B. $5\frac{1}{3}$ C. $2\frac{2}{3}$ D. $4\frac{1}{3}$

- Calculate the value of angle BJC in the diagram below.

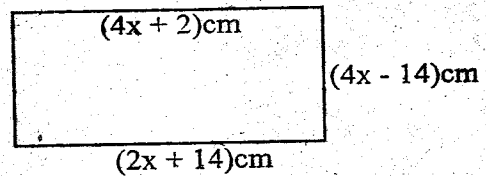


- A. 32° B. 88° C. 50° D. 56°

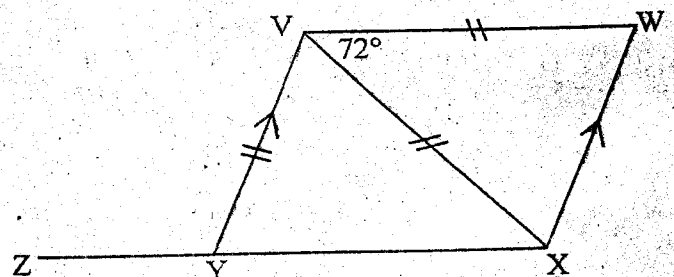
- Nine women can complete a certain job in 6 days. After working for 2 days, 3 more women joined them. In how many days was the work completed?
A. 3 B. 5 C. 9 D. 6
- A shopkeeper sells a shirt at Shs. 720 making a loss of 10%. For how much should he sell the shirt to make a 20% profit?
A. Shs. 800 B. Shs. 900 C. Shs. 960 D. Shs. 804
- What is twice the value of Y in the equation below?
 $2(y - 3) + \frac{1}{2}y = 5$

- A. 6 B. 7 C. 12 D. 5

- What is the value of:
 $\frac{1}{2}$ of $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{8} (\frac{1}{9} \cdot \frac{2}{3}) \div \frac{1}{4}$
A. $\frac{31}{72}$ B. $\frac{1}{8}$ C. $\frac{17}{36}$ D. $1\frac{5}{9}$
- Find the area of the rectangle below.

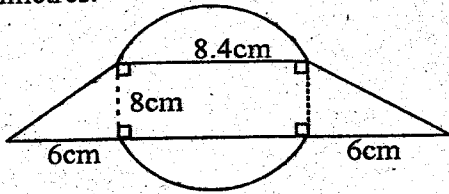


- A. $576 cm^2$ B. $676 cm^2$ C. $260 cm^2$ D. $612 cm^2$
- The volume of a cylinder is $550 cm^3$. If the height of the cylinder is 7 cm, what is the diameter?
A. 5 cm B. 25 cm C. 50 cm D. 10 cm
 - The price of the radio was decreased by Sh. 1000. This was 40% discount. What was the price of radio after discount?
A. 600 B. 1500 C. 2500 D. 400
 - A shopkeeper had rice packed as follows;
 - 80 packets of 2 kg each
 - 90 packets of 1 kg each
 - 80 packets of 500 g each
 - 60 packets of 250 g each
 He repacked the rice in 5 kg packets. How many 5 kg packets did he get?
A. 305 B. 60 C. 61 D. 300
 - A train left Bukacha at 6.55 p.m. It took 12hrs 45 minutes to reach Menet. At what time did it reach Menet in am/pm?
A. 1940hrs B. 7.40 p.m.
C. 7.00 a.m. D. 7.40 a.m.
 - In the diagram below, line ZYX is a straight line and angle $XVW = 72^\circ$. Line $VX = VW - VY$. What is the measure of angle VYZ?



- A. 63° B. 117° C. 108° D. 54°
- The figure below is composed of semi-circles and

two triangles. The measurements are in centimetres.



What is the distance round the figure?

- A. 49.2 cm B. 58.4 cm C. 54.8 cm D. 44.4 cm

24. A car travelled 216 km at an average speed of 48 km/h. On the return journey, the average speed increased to 72 km/h. Calculate the average speed for the whole journey.

- A. 57.6 km/h B. 60 km/h
C. 28.8 km/h D. 68.6 km/h

25. The table below shows the crates of soda Koech sold in one week. The number of crates sold on Sunday was not shown.

Days of the week	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thur	Fri	Sat	Sun
No. of Crates	10	11	16	13	18	8	-

If the mean sale per day for the whole week was 13 crates, what was the median sale?

- A. 15 B. 13
C. 12 D. 18

26. Mr. Gibson used a third of his farm to grow maize, $\frac{1}{2}$ for beans, $\frac{1}{2}$ of the remainder for carrots and the rest for grazing. If his farm measures 48000 m², how much land does he use for grazing?

- A. 4200 m² B. 44000 m²
C. 400 m² D. 4000 m²

27. The hire purchase of a sewing machine is 34600. Kirui paid a deposit of Sh. 7880 and a monthly instalment of Sh. 1670. In how many months did she complete the payment?

- A. 15 months B. 17 months
C. 19 months D. 16 months

28. What is the value of:

$$\frac{3(a-b)+3c}{2a-\frac{1}{2}b} \quad \text{if } a=6, b=c-4, c=a+2?$$

- A. 3 B. 30
C. $8\frac{2}{3}$ D. 10

29. Draw a triangle in which AB = 5.2 cm, BC = 4.8 cm and AC = 5.8 cm. Draw a circle such that points A, B and C are on the circumference. What is the diameter of the circle?

- A. 3.5 cm B. 3 cm
C. 6 cm D. 7 cm

30. Naomi went shopping and bought the following items:

- $1\frac{1}{2}$ kg of sugar @ sh. 130
1 kg of rice @ sh. 240
3 kg of beans @ sh. 140

She paid her bill using a two-five hundred shilling notes. What balance did she get?

- A. sh. 145 B. Shs. 855
C. Sh. 24 D. Shs. 755

31. A lady deposited Sh. 10000 in a bank which paid

compound interest at the rate of 10% p.a. At the end of one year she withdrew Shs. 4000. What was the amount she had in the bank at the end of the second year?

- A. Shs. 7000 B. Shs. 7700
C. Shs. 1700 D. Shs. 8100

32. The area of a trapezium is 45 cm². The parallel sides are 12.4 cm and 7.6 cm long. What is the distance between the parallel lines?

- A. 3.5 cm B. 5 cm
C. 4.5 cm D. 9 cm

33. Draw a parallelogram ABCD with AB = 6 cm, BC = 4 cm and angle ABC = 70°. What is the measure of the diagonal BD?

- A. 6 cm B. 7.3 cm
C. 6.8 cm D. 8.2 cm

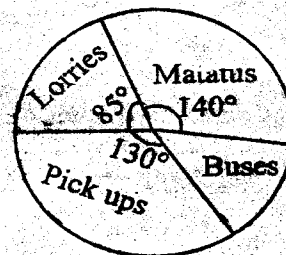
34. A salesman earns a basic salary of Shs. 15000 per month plus a commission of $1\frac{1}{2}\%$ on the sale of goods above Shs. 100000. In one month, he was paid a total of Shs. 17,250. How much was the sale of goods that he sold that month?

- A. Shs. 250,000 B. Shs. 150,000
C. Shs. 75,000 D. Shs. 350,000

35. On a map a rectangular piece of land measures 5 cm by 3 cm. If the scale of the map is 1:2000, find the actual area of the plot in Acres?

- A. 300 B. 60
C. 6000 D. 30000

36. The pie chart below shows the number of vehicle that passed near Togomola school.



If there were 45 buses that passed near the school, how many more matatus pick ups passed there?

- A. 165 B. 10
C. 30 D. 90

37. Construct triangle QRS whose QR = 6 cm, RS = 5.5 cm and QS = 5 cm. Drop a perpendicular from point Q to meet line RS at T. Measure line TS.

- A. 3.8 cm B. 4.7 cm
C. 1.6 cm D. 2.6 cm

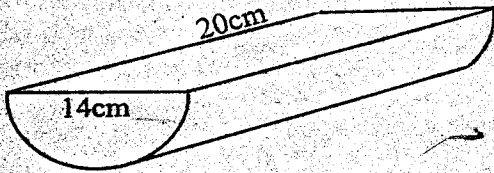
38. In a fundraising Koech contributed Shs. X, Mutai contributed one and a half of Koech and sh. 200 more than Zuhura. They all contributed sh. 42000. Find an algebraic expression to represent this information.

- A. $4x - 200 = 42000$ B. $2x - 200 = 42000$
C. $4x + 200 = 42000$ D. $2x + 200 = 42000$

39. Which one of the following quadrilaterals has one pair of parallel lines?

- A. Rhombus B. Trapezium
C. Parallelogram D. Rectangle

40.



The figure above represents a half cylindrical solid.

What is the total surface area of the solid in cm^2 ?

- A. 594cm^2 B. 774cm^2
 C. 797cm^2 D. 874cm^2

41. The top of a ladder 26m long leans on a vertical wall. The ladder touches the wall at a height of 10m. What is the horizontal distance from the bottom of the ladder to the wall?

- A. 16m B. 18m C. 24m D. 576m

42. The table below shows bus fare from towns between Mulot and Litein.

Mulot				
55	Longisa			
225	150	Bomet		
300	200	100	Kaplong	
350	240	180	80	Litein

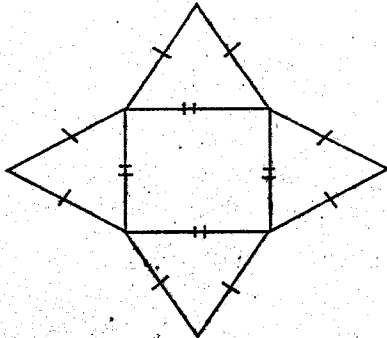
Four teachers and 35 pupils travelled from Mulot to Litein via Bomet. If each pupils paid half fare, how much did they pay altogether?

- A. Shs. 8600 B. Shs. 7525
 C. Shs. 12250 D. Shs. 7095

43. Simplify: $3x-5+2 > 6$

- A. $x > 9$ B. $x > 3$
 C. $x < 3$ D. $x > 1$

44. What is the name of the solid formed from the net?



- A. Rectangular pyramid B. Square-based pyramid
 C. Rectangular prism D. Square prism

45. Mr. Chebose has K pencils. Jeniffer has 3 more pencils than Chebose. Lilian has two pencils less than the total number that Chebose and Jeniffer have. How many pencils do they have altogether?

- A. $8k-2$ B. $4k+4$
 C. $2k+1$ D. $2k+4$

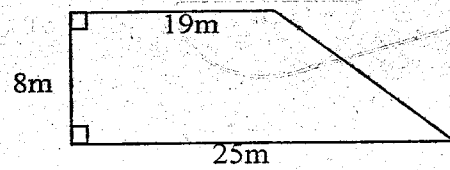
46. Mr. Cheruiyot's rectangular plot of land measures 800 m by 640 m. He fenced it using four strands of wire. Calculate the length of wire used in metres.

- A. 2560m B. 12000m
 C. 3200m D. 11520m

47. What is the square root of $\sqrt{0.0625}$?

- A. 0.25 B. 0.0025 C. 0.5 D. 0.005

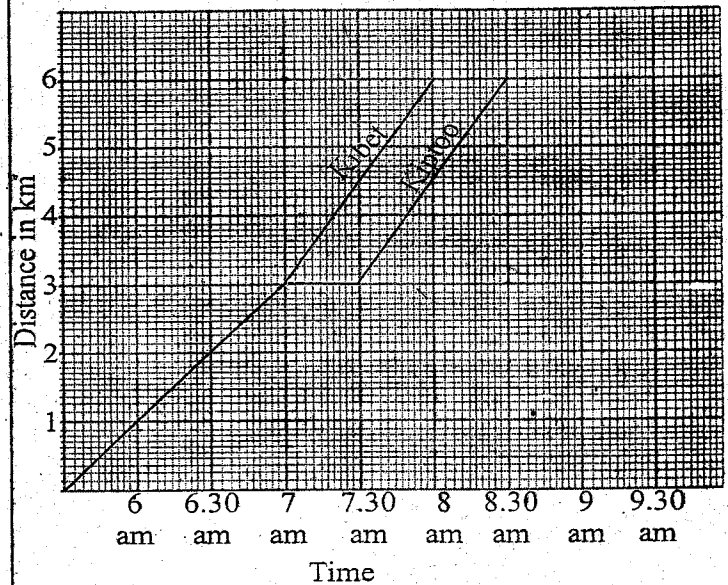
48. The shape below represents Davsi school.



Pupils planted trees at an interval of 2 m round the school. They also left a space for the gate measuring 4m. How many trees did they plant round the field?

- A. 20 B. 30 C. 31 D. 32

The graph below shows the journey of Kiytoo and Kibet from home to school. Use it to answer Questions 49-50.



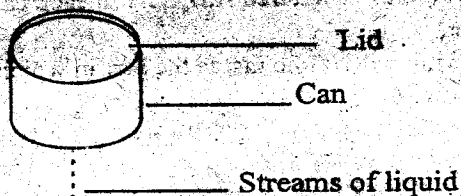
49. What was Kiytoo's average speed?

- A. $1\frac{1}{5}$ km/hr B. 3 km/hr
 C. $2\frac{2}{5}$ km/hr D. 2 km/hr

50. What was the difference in their average speeds?

- A. 3 km/hr B. $\frac{2}{5}$ km/hr
 C. $5\frac{2}{5}$ km/hr D. $2\frac{2}{5}$ km/hr

- Soil erosion can be prevented by _____
A. use of porous dams B. mulching
C. terracing D. contour farming
- A soil that is good for building and construction:
A. has high capillarity
B. has high water retention
C. has poor drainage
D. spreads easily
- Which of the following statements is TRUE about pulmonary artery? It carries _____
A. blood under low pressure.
B. blood from the lungs.
C. deoxygenated blood.
D. blood from the body.
- Which one of the following is NOT an advantage of using inorganic fertilizers?
A. Improve soil structure.
B. Release nutrients to the soil immediately.
C. Provide specific nutrients.
D. Provide nutrients in the right amounts.
- Which group of materials have definite volume and shape?
A. Water, bottle, stone B. Paper, nail, milk
C. Petrol, porridge, spirit D. Soil, flour, salt
- A solar cooker converts _____
A. heat energy to electrical energy.
B. light energy to electrical energy.
C. chemical energy to heat energy.
D. light energy to heat energy.
- The following is a diagram showing how a liquid flows out of a can with a hole at the bottom.

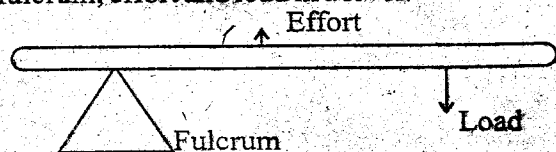


Which of the following will make the stream flow out smoothly?

- Opening the lid at the top.
- Shaking the can.
- Increasing the size of the hole.
- Raising the container to higher level.
- Which one of the following is NOT a characteristic of seeds dispersed by wind? They are _____
A. light B. hooked C. winged D. feathery
- Which of the following statements is NOT true about all arteries?
A. They carry blood away from the heart.
B. They have thick walls.
C. Blood pressure in them is high.
D. They carry blood rich in oxygen.
- Which one of the following mixtures CANNOT be separated by dissolving, filtering and evaporating?
A. Sand and sugar B. Flour and sugar
C. Chalk powder and salt D. Salt and sugar
- Two identical containers were painted, one black and the other white. Equal amount of water was

poured into the two containers and left in the sunshine for the same length of time. Which of the following statements about the water is TRUE? The temperature of the water in the _____

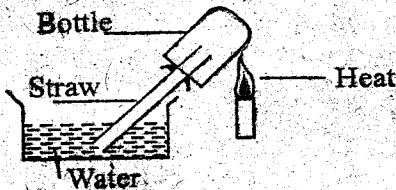
- two containers would be equal.
- white container would be higher than that in the black container.
- black container would be higher than that in the white container.
- two containers would not change.
- Which one of the following statements about the use of cowdung in the biogas digester is NOT true?
A. Heat is produced.
B. Bacteria decompose the dung.
C. Mineral salts are destroyed.
D. Gas is produced.
- Seeds placed in boiled water covered with oil then cooled to room temperature will NOT germinate due to lack of _____
A. oxygen B. light C. warmth D. soil
- Why is it easier to walk on swampy ground when wearing flat shoes than when wearing pointed shoes?
A. Flat shoes create more friction than pointed shoes.
B. Mass of flat shoes is greater than that of pointed shoes.
C. Pressure is greater under pointed shoes than under flat shoes.
D. Force of gravity is greater on flat shoes than on pointed shoes.
- The diagram below shows the positions of fulcrum, effort and load in a lever.



Which one of the following pairs of levers has the same arrangement as that of the lever shown?

- Scissors and wheelbarrow
- Pliers and nut cracker
- Spade and fishing rod
- Bottle opener and claw-hammer
- In which of the following parts of a bicycle is the force that goes against movement NOT required?
A. Seat B. Axle C. Handle D. Pedal
- Which of the following contains a weakened form of disease causing germs?
A. Stimulant B. Vaccine
C. Herbal extract D. Depressant
- Which one of the following factors does NOT affect how high or low sound produced by a stringed instrument is?
A. Length of the string.
B. Thickness of the string.
C. Tension of the string.
D. Force used to pluck the string.

19. The following are functions of stems;
- Manufacture food for the plant.
 - Transport water to the leaves.
 - Storage of food.
 - Support the shoot.
- Which functions are performed by all stems?
- A. iv, ii B. ii, i C. iv, iii D. iii, i
20. The component of air used in hot air balloon is _____
- A. 0.03% B. 0.97% C. 21% D. 78%
21. Which of the following need NOT be the same when comparing capillarity in different types of soil?
- Diameter of the tubes.
 - Amount of each type of soil.
 - Duration allowed for the experiment.
 - Amount of water used.
22. Which of the following groups consists of only plants with fibrous roots?
- Cow peas, carrots, rice
 - Carrots, millet, wheat
 - Rice, millet, maize
 - Cow peas, maize, wheat
23. All the following are required when finding the density of irregular solid EXCEPT _____
- string
 - overflow can
 - ruler
 - spring balance
24. Pupils from Chebaraa Primary carried out an activity to demonstrate a property of gases as shown below



- Which one of the following show the CORRECT order of what happens when the bottle is heated then allowed to cool?
- Water flow up the straw then air bubbles come out of water.
 - Bubbles come out then air enter the bottle through the straw.
 - Air bubbles come out then water rises up the straw.
 - Water rises up the straw then it flows down the straw.
25. The following are statements about alcohol. Which one is NOT true?
- Excessive use of alcohol leads to memory loss.
 - Alcohol is harmful to the liver.
 - Alcohol affects use of hands and legs.
 - Alcohol is a prohibited drug in Kenya.
26. Which of the following animals is NOT correctly matched with the structure that cover its body?

Animal	Structure
A) Rat	Hair
B) Snake	Scales
C) Porcupine	Spines
D) Bat	Feathers

- The following properties were seen in flowers;
- Feathery stigma
 - Sticky pollen grains
 - Smooth pollen grains
 - No nectaries

v. Few pollen grains

Which properties are for wind pollinated flowers?

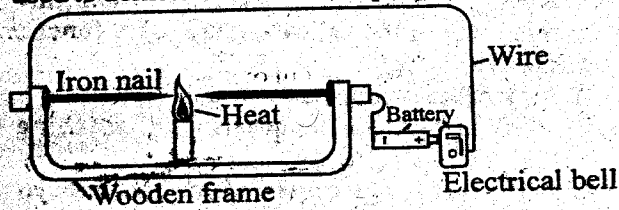
- A. i,iii,iv B. i,ii,iv C. ii,iv,v D. ii,iii,v

28. Which one of the following is NOT a function of placenta?
- Protect the embryo from shock.
 - Prevent harmful materials from reaching the embryo.
 - Allow exchange of gases between embryo and the mother.
 - Allow passage of dissolved food materials to the embryo.
29. Which one of the following does NOT affect the rate of evaporation of a liquid?
- Amount of liquid
 - Surface area
 - Temperature
 - Air movements
30. Which one of the following is NOT drug abuse?
- Taking prescribed drugs for a long time.
 - Taking an overdose of a prescribed drug.
 - Using the drug for a wrong sickness.
 - Taking less of the prescribed di
31. Which one of the following would help to conserve the environment?
- Burning heaps of saw dust.
 - Burying plastics in the soil.
 - Using wood ash to kill pests.
 - Using commercial fertilizers to increase crop yields.
32. The toothless gap in the lower jaws of herbivores is for _____
- holding the food material.
 - allowing space for more food!
 - preventing the animal from biting the tongue.
 - turning plant material in the mouth for proper chewing.
33. The table below shows weather instruments and the principle behind their working. Which one does NOT match with the principle behind its working?

Instrument	Principle used
A) Thermometer	Expansion and contraction
B) Windsock	Air exerts pressure
C) Rain gauge	Liquids occupy space
D) Windvane	Air in motion

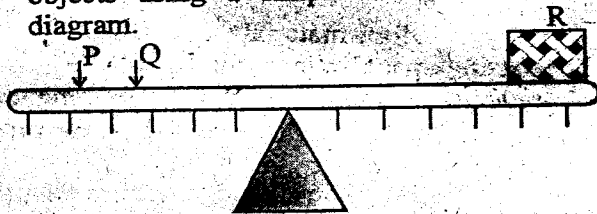
33. Which of the following characteristics of a maize plant does NOT help its pollination?
- Smooth and light pollen grains.
 - Feather-like styles.
 - Colour of the flower.
 - Stigmas which hang out of the flower.
35. Which of the following is NOT an air pollutant?
- Noise
 - Vehicles exhaust gases
 - Industrial fumes
 - Decomposing vegetable matter
36. The largest component of blood is _____
- plasma
 - red blood cells

37. The diagram below represents a set-up that was used to demonstrate a certain property of solids.



The nails were heated as shown in the diagram. After sometime, the bell rang. Which one of the following properties did the set up demonstrate?

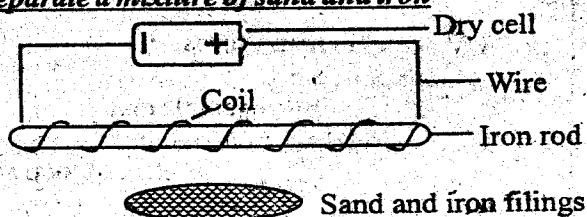
- A. Solids are good conductors of electricity.
 B. Solids expand when heated.
 C. Solids are good conductors of heat.
 D. Heat generates electricity.
38. The chart below shows a feeding relationship. Fruits → Flies → Spiders → Chameleons → Hawks. The chameleons also feed on flies. What would happen if all spiders died suddenly?
- A. Chameleons would decrease.
 B. Chameleons would eat more flies.
 C. Chameleons would eat flies and fruits.
 D. Hawks would decrease.
39. When the arrow head of a wind-sock points North, the mouth of a windsock faces _____
- A. North B. South C. West D. East
40. A group of children were trying to balance different objects using a simple balance shown in the diagram.



They noticed that when 6 bottle tops were placed at point Q, they balanced the weight R. If the marks on the balance are equally spaced, how many bottle tops should be placed at P to balance weight R?

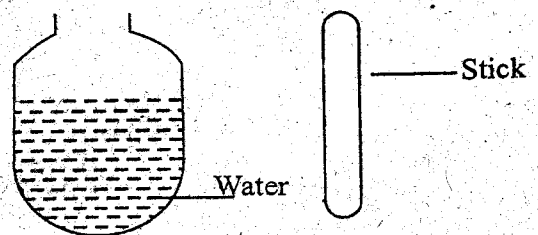
- A. 3 B. 4 C. 8 D. 12
41. A termite differ from a spider in that _____
- A. a termite has three body parts while a spider has two.
 B. a termite has simple eyes while a spider has compound eyes.
 C. a termite has eight legs while a spider has six.
 D. a termite is segmented while a spider is not segmented.

Below is a diagram of a simple electromagnet used to separate a mixture of sand and iron



42. Which one of the following energy transformations occur in the electromagnet?
- A. Electrical → magnetic → chemical → kinetic
 B. Chemical → magnetic → electrical → kinetic
 C. Chemical → electrical → magnetic
 D. Chemical → electrical → magnetic → kinetic
43. Magnetic power in a temporary magnet can be increased by _____
- A. connecting the cells in parallel.
 B. reducing the number of coils.
 C. switching it on for a longer time.
 D. increasing the number of coils.
44. The following are statements about the human heart. Which one is TRUE?
- A. Walls of auricles are thicker than those of ventricles.
 B. Walls of left ventricles are thicker than those of right ventricles.
 C. Valves prevent the flow of blood.
 D. Auricles receive oxygenated blood.
45. One of the following drugs affect your health if abused in your presence. Which one is it?
- A. Tobacco B. Cocaine C. Khat D. Coblers glue
46. Which one of the following practices make use of pressure exerted by liquids?
- A. Water flowing down from a tank through a tap.
 B. Siphoning liquids from containers.
 C. Filling a petrol tank of a car.
 D. Drinking soda using a straw.
47. Which one of the following does NOT have, chemical energy?
- A. Ugali B. Petrol C. Firewood D. Dynamo
48. Birds raise their feathers on a cold day to _____
- A. allow air to escape from their bodies.
 B. allow even distribution of heat in the body.
 C. avoid losing heat from their bodies.
 D. generate heat.

49.



A stick was placed behind a bottle half-filled with water as shown in the diagram above. The part of stick below the level of water appeared to be longer in size than the part above the water because rays of light were _____

- A. difused B. refracted
 C. dispersed D. reflected
50. The following are ways of preventing monkeys from destroying crops;
- i. Trapping ii. Fencing the farm
 iii. Seeking assistance from game warden
 iv. Guarding the farm
- Which one of them is NOT acceptable?
- A. i B. ii C. iii D. iv

BOMET COUNTY MOCK EXAMS
STANDARD 8 - YEAR 2014
SOCIAL STUDIES / CRE

8

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TIME :2HOUR 15MINUTES

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 50 questions,
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the ANSWER SHEET, not in this question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use only an ordinary pencil.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:
YOUR INDEX NUMBER
YOUR NAME
NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL
6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e.) School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
8. Keep the sheet as clean as possible and do not fold it.
9. For each of the questions 1 -50 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A,B,C,D. In each case only ONE of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer,
10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

Example

In question booklet:

14. Which of the following countries is not a member of East African Community?

- | | |
|-------------|-------------|
| A. Kenya | B. Ethiopia |
| C. Tanzania | D. Uganda |

The correct answer is B.

On The answer sheet:

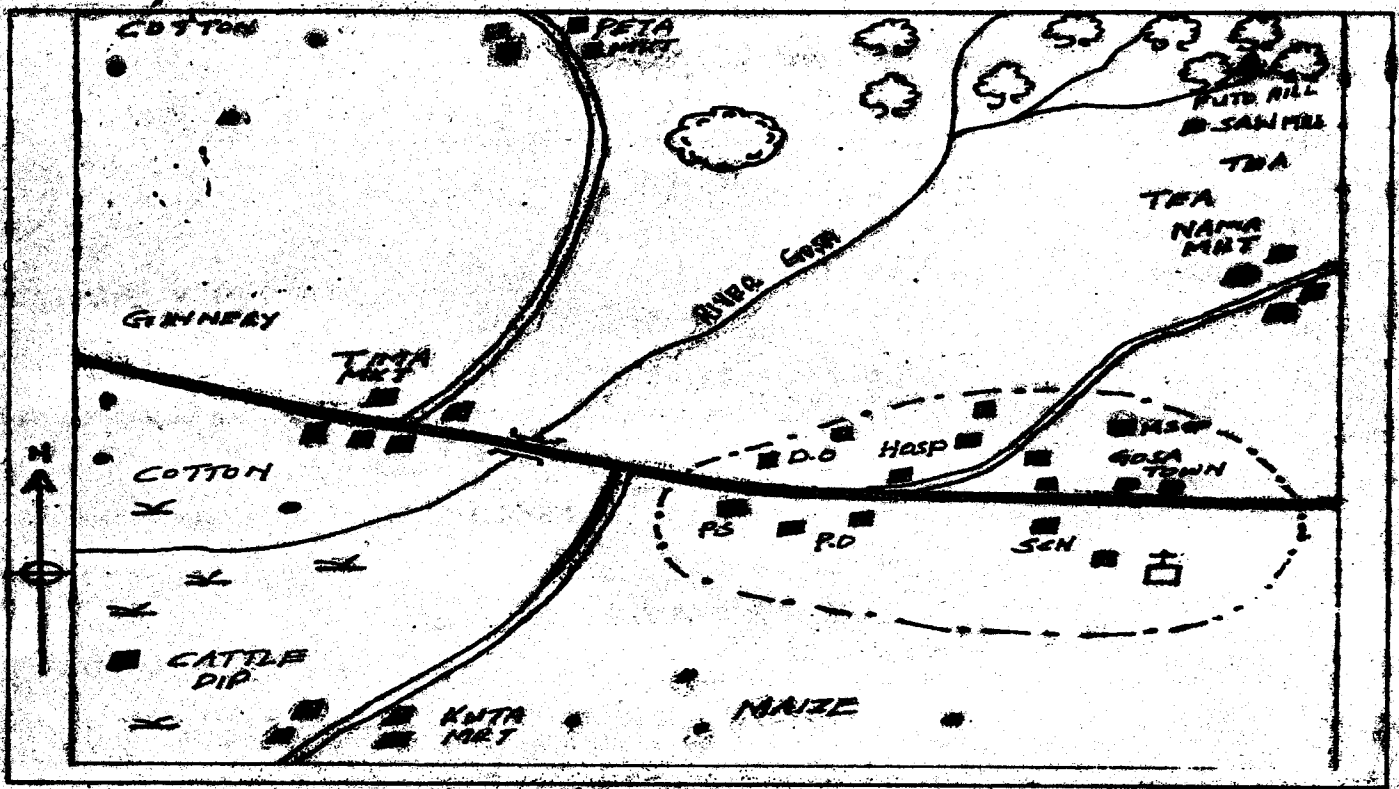
[A] [B] [C] [D] [A] [B] [C] [D] [A] [B] [C] [D] [A] [B] [C] [D]

In the First set, the box with the letter B printed in it is marked

11. Your dark line MUST be within the box.
12. For each question ONLY ONE box is to be marked in each set of four boxes

This Question Paper consists of 90 Printed Questions.

MWEMBE AREA



Scale 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 Km

KEY:

Murrum road	Tarmac road	River and Bridge
Town boundary	Permanent building	Other houses
Forest	Scrub	Quarry
Hill	District Office	Hospital
Market	Police post	Police station
School	Church	Mosque

- The length of the tarmac road in the area is _____
A. 6.5 B. 9 C. 19 D. 6
- The climate of the area to the North East is _____
A. cool and wet B. cool and dry
C. hot and wet D. hot and dry
- Brasilia area rises from _____
A. North to South
B. south West to North East
C. North East to South West
D. South East to North East
- Gosa town is administered by _____
A. Municipal Council B. Town Council
C. County Council D. County government
- The lowest point in Brasilia area is _____
A. Peta market B. Nama market
C. Cattle dip D. Tima market
- The MAIN economic activity in Brasilia area is _____
A. mining B. forestry
C. cattle keeping D. crop farming
- Which one of the following services is NOT offered in Gosa town?
A. Administration B. Health
C. Recreation D. Security
- Which one of the following may cause lawlessness in a society?
A. Morality B. Poverty
C. Laziness D. Literacy
- Which one of the following Eastern Africa communities is CORRECTLY matched with its place of origin?
A. Rendille - Congo
B. Acholi - Sudan
C. Hehe - Bahrel-Ghazel
D. Tugen - Horn of Africa
- In traditional African communities children are taught their duties MAINLY through _____
A. playing games.
B. telling them stories.
C. singing and dancing.
D. assigning them tasks.
- One of the results of the interaction between the Akamba and the Dahalo during the pre-colonial period was that the _____

- A. Akamba learnt the skill of crop farming from the Dahalo.
- B. Akamba borrowed the art of circumcision from the Dahalo.
- C. Dahalo learnt the practice of cattle keeping from the Akamba.
- D. Dahalo learnt the art of circumcision from the Akamba.

12. The following are statements about the achievement of an explorer who came to Eastern Africa;

- i. Confirmed that L. Victoria was the source of R. Nile,
- ii. Found out that there was no link between R. Lualaba and R. Nile.
- iii. Attempted to stop slave trade.

The visitor described above is _____

- A. David Livingstone
 - B. John Speke
 - C. Ludwin Krapf
 - D. Henry Morton Stanley
13. The following are uses of a mineral in Africa;
- i. Glass making
 - ii. Cement making
 - iii. Heat insulators
 - iv. Soap making
 - v. Paper making

Which combination are the uses of fluorspar?

- A. iii, i
- B. iv, v
- C. i, ii
- D. iii, iv

14. Lewanika of the Lozi and Oloibon of the Maasai had one thing in common. It is that both Collaborated in order _____

- A. protected against the Germans.
- B. his people to access Western education.
- C. his people to be given food.
- D. to be made a paramount chief.

15. Below are statements that describe the organization of traditional African societies;

- i. They were nomads,
- ii. They were organized into clans,
- iii. They practised the art of painting,
- iv. They lived in rock shelters,
- v. They lived communally in hunting bands.

Which one of the following combination of statements describe the social organization of the San?

- A. i, iv, v
- B. ii, iii, v
- C. iii, iv, v
- D. ii, iii, iv

16. Rotation of the earth causes the following EXCEPT _____

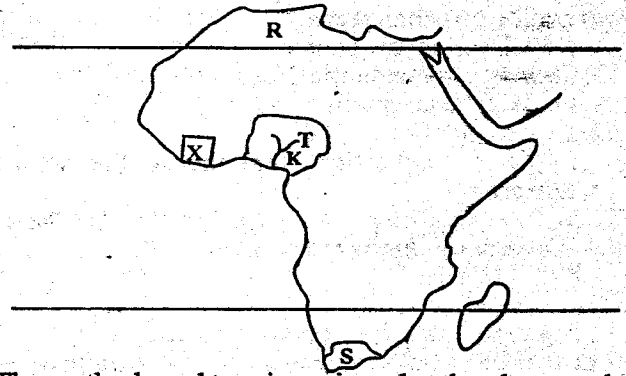
- A. seasons
- B. day and night
- C. deflection of winds
- D. the rise and falls of tides

17. Which one of the following statements describe indirect democracy?

- A. All citizens are involved in making decisions.
- B. Citizens must agree with what the government decides.
- C. All decisions are made by the head of government.
- D. Citizens elect representatives to make decisions

for them.

Use the map of Africa below to answer questions 18-22.



18. The method used to mine mineral at the place marked K is _____

- A. dredging
- B. drilling
- C. adit
- D. panning

19. The country marked X was colonised by _____

- A. Britain
- B. Italy
- C. France
- D. Germany

20. The countries found at the region marked R experienced the cool and wet season during the months of _____

- A. June and August
- B. September and November
- C. December and February
- D. March and May

21. The MAIN tourist attraction in the country marked S is _____

- A. pyramids
- B. Victoria falls
- C. Kruger national park
- D. Hwango national park

22. Which systems of administration was used to administer region T?

- A. Indirect
- B. Assimilation
- C. Direct
- D. Association

23. Below are some conditions that favour the growing a crop

- i. Well drained soils.
 - ii. Temperatures between 21 °C upto 27°C.
 - iii. Rainfall of between 1400 mm - 2000 mm per year.
- The conditions describe above favour the growing of _____

- A. Sugarcane
- B. cotton
- C. pyrethrum
- D. wheat

24. The MAIN reasons for the formation of Mau Mau movement was to demand for _____

- A. the release of African leaders.
- B. independence
- C. land alienation
- D. the reduction of taxes

25. Below are descriptions of a town in Africa;

- i. It is a capital.
- ii. Located on a plateau.
- iii. Industrial centre.

The town described above is _____

- A. Nairobi
- B. Kampala
- C. Addis Ababa
- D. Dodoma

26. The MAIN problem facing tourism in Eastern Africa currently is _____

- A. poaching
- B. insecurity

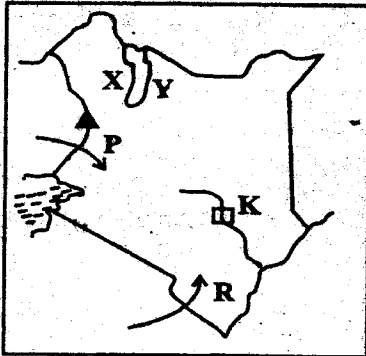
27. Which one of the following is an effect of rural-urban migration on urban areas?
 C. high cost of accomondition D. poor roads
 A. Development of roads
 B. Shortage of residential houses
 C. Inadequate labour in farms.
 D. Low population.

28. Below are conditions that favour the growth of certain crop;
 i. Plenty of rainfall between 1500 mm and 200mm p.a
 ii. Constantly high temperature average between 27°C and 30°C.
 iii. Deep fertile soils,
 iv. High humidity throughout the year.

The condition listed above favour the growth of _____

- A. cocoa B. pyrethrum
 C. sugarcane D. clove
 29. The MAJOR problem facing wildlife in Kenya is
 A. terrorism B. poaching
 C. diseases D. prolonged drought

Use the map of Kenya below to answer questions 30 to 33.



30. The pre-historical sites marked X and Y are _____
 A. Naikotome and Koobi Fora
 B. Chesowanja and Kariandusi
 C. Hyrax hill and Olorgesaille
 D. Olduvai Gorge and Peninj
31. The National park marked S is _____
 A. Boni C. Marsabit
 C. Arawale D. Malka Mari
32. The migration route marked P and R was used by _____
 A. Kikuyu and Taita B. Kalenjin and Abakuria
 C. Luo and Akamba D. Maasai and Gusii
33. The MAIN reason for the construction of project marked K is to _____
 A. provide water for irrigation.
 B. provide hydro electric power.
 C. provide water for home use.
 D. attract tourists.
34. The body in Kenya responsible for the delimitation of electoral boundaries is _____
 A. ECK B. IIEC
 C. CIC D. IEBC
35. Which one of the following rivers in Africa enters ocean in delta?
 A. Congo B. Niger
 C. Volta D. Limpopo
36. The MAIN factor hindering rapid population growth in Somalia is _____
 A. drought B. civil wars
 C. tsetseflies D. poor navigation

37. The road sign below means _____



- A. stop immediately. B. drive with cautions.
 C. get out of the vehicle. D. call the police.
38. The following are uses of a certain crop;
 i. It is a pain reliever in toothaches.
 ii. It is used in baking bread,
 iii. It is used in spicing food
 The crop described above is
 A. cocoa B. tea C. coffee D. cloves
39. Which one of the following statement is TRUE about the population of both Kenya and India?
 A. The rate of population increase is low.
 B. Most people lives in towns.
 C. Young people are the majority.
 D. Old people formed the highest number of population.
40. Three of the following statements are true about membership of the Senate. Which one is NOT?
 A. It as 47 elected members.
 B. It has 12 nominated numbers.
 C. It has 16 nominated women members.
 D. It has an ex-officio speaker.
41. Three of the following groups of people have special needs EXCEPT _____
 A. people living with HIV and AIDS
 B. the deaf.
 C. those who cannot read and write
 D. those physically unchallenged.
42. In Swaziland, the title of the King is _____
 A. Ngwenyama B. Ndlovukazi
 C. Liqogo D. Lusendvo
43. In which year was the philosophy of African socialism adopted by the Kenya parliament as sessinal paper No. 10?
 A. 1964 B. 1962
 C. 1965 D. 1963
44. What is the time in Accra when the time in Nariobi 35°E is 12.00 noon?
 A. 2.20 p.m B. 9.40 a.m
 C. 2.40 a.m D. 9.40 p.m
45. Which one of the following is NOT found in the coat of Arms?
 A. Spears B. Cockerel
 C. sword D. Harambee
46. Before amending the Constitution a bill is drafted by the _____
 A. Clerk of the National Assembly.
 B. Attorney General's office.
 C. government spokesman.
 D. Speaker's office.
47. Zimbabwe gained her independence MAINLY through _____
 A. signing peace agreement.
 B. using constitutional means.
 C. wagging armed struggle.
 D. holds riots and demonstration.
48. What is the meaning of reconciliation?
 A. To take our enemies to court.
 B. Top re-establish good relation.

- C. To leave our enemies alone.
D. To obey the law.
49. Which one of the following is an invisible export?
A. Tourism B. Carbon dioxide
C. Soda ash D. Livestock and their products
50. I was born in 1906 in Joal village, proceeded to seminary in Dakar and get university education in Paris where I studied Arts and I was a poet. Who am I?
A. Nelson Mandela B. L.Sedar Senghor
C. Abdel Nasser D. Dr. Kwame Nkrumah
51. The following are achievements of an African leader;
(i.) He carried out land reforms
(ii.) Introduced free primary education.
(iii.) Brought to an end an oppressive traditional political system.
(iv.) Supported liberation movements.
The leader described above was
A. Leopold Senghor B. Jamal Nasser
C. Nelson Mandela D. Julius Nyerere
52. The statements below describe a type of climate in Africa;
i. It has hot and wet summers.
ii. It has cool and dry winters.
iii. Its average rainfall is between 380-2000 mm.
iv. It is located 15°N and 15°S of the Equator.
The type of climate described above is
A. mediterranean B. equatorial
C. savannah D. tropical continental climate
53. Below are tourist attractions in Kenya and Switzerland.
i. Coastal beaches
ii. Winter sports
iii. Has double season attraction
iv. Less domestic tourism
Which one of the following combinations is made up of tourist attractions in Kenya?
A. i, ii B. i, iii C. i, iv D. iii, iv
54. Who among the following was the leader of the Hehe rebellion?
A. Abushiri B. Mkwawa
C. Bwana Heri D. Kinjeketile
55. Below are some historical events that took place in Kenya;
i. Formation of Kenya African Democratic Union,
ii. Formation of Kenya African Union,
iii. Release of Jomo Kenyatta from prison,
iv. The second Lancaster Conference.
The CORRECT order in which the above took place from the first to the last is
A. iv, iii, i, ii B. i, ii, iv, iii
C. iii, iv, i, ii D. ii, i, iii, iv
56. Mr. Ndizi has been elected to represent his school in the county drama festival association. Which one of the following types of democracy is shown in the vision?
A. Participatory B. Consensual
C. Nominational D. Parliament
57. Which one of the following tourist attractions is an ancient town?
A. Marakech in Morocco
B. Koobi Fora in Kenya
C. Giza in Egypt
D. Kruger in South Africa
58. The following are people from West Africa. Who among the following are NOT?
A. Fang, Baluba B. Malinke, Soninke
C. Fulani, Tukolor D. Kanuri, Zamma
59. Sovereign power according to the new Constitution in Kenya belongs to the
A. National government
B. County government
C. people of Kenya.
D. Kenya Defence Forces.
60. Which of the following countries is NOT a member of Commonwealth?
A. Egypt B. Canada C. Mozambique D. India
C.R.E
61. Adam and Eve were created and given authority over God's creation. Which authority has been greatly misused by Christians today?
A. Multiplying
B. Using creation for their own benefit.
C. Naming all the animals.
D. Controlling everything in nature.
62. Which statement below corresponds to the promise given by God to Abraham?
A. He will be a king.
B. Will build a temple at Jerusalem.
C. His descendants will not die.
D. Will have a son.
63. Which one of the following is NOT an event that took place in the wilderness during the exodus?
A. Feeding the people with manna.
B. Sealing of a covenant.
C. God declaring that he is God of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob.
D. Worshipping a golden calf.
64. Prophets Micah and Isaiah prophesied about the birth of Jesus Christ. Which one of the following was similar prophecy?
A. He would be a wonderful counsellor.
B. He would be called Immanuel.
C. He would be born in Bethlehem.
D. He would be a Saviour.
65. Who among the following was the father of Esau?
A. Abraham B. Jacob
C. Isaac D. Noah
66. In which day were the birds and the fish created?
A. Sixth day B. Fifth day
C. Fourth day D. Third day
67. Who among the following appointed judges during the exodus?
A. Joshua B. Aaron
C. Jethro D. Miriam
68. Which one of the following was the disagreement between Jesus and the Pharisees?
A. Teaching and working on the Sabbath.
B. Teaching about the kingdom of God.
C. Teaching on love.
D. Teaching on God's mercy.
69. I helped the rich woman of Shunem to raise her dead son to life. Who was I?
A. Elisha B. Jeremiah C. Elijah D. Jesus
70. King Solomon sinned against God when he
A. married many wives.
B. allowed idolatry.

BOMET COUNTY MOCK EXAM
STD 8 - YEAR 2014
MARKING SCHEME

MATHS			ENGLISH			KISWAHILI			SCIENCE			SOCIAL STUDIES/CRE		
1. C	26. D		1. A	26. C		1. C	26. C		1. B	26. D		1. C	31. D	61. B
2. B	27. D		2. B	27. A		2. A	27. C		2. D	27. A		2. A	32. C	62. D
3. A	28. A		3. C	28. C		3. C	28. B		3. C	28. A		3. C	33. B	63. C
4. D	29. C		4. D	29. C		4. B	29. D		4. A	29. A		4. B	34. D	64. C
5. A	30. A		5. C	30. D		5. B	30. B		5. D	30. A		5. C	35. B	65. B
6. B	31. B		6. A	31. C		6. A	31. A		6. D	31. C		6. D	36. B	66. C
7. C	32. C		7. C	32. C		7. B	32. A		7. A	32. D		7. C	37. B	67. C
8. D	33. D		8. A	33. C		8. B	33. D		8. B	33. B		8. B	38. D	68. B
9. A	34. A		9. C	34. C		9. C	34. C		9. D	34. C		9. B	39. C	69. A
10. A	35. B		10. A	35. B		10. B	35. C		10. D	35. D		10. B	40. D	70. A
11. B	36. D		11. B	36. B		11. A	36. C		11. C	36. A		11. A	41. D	71. B
12. D	37. C		12. D	37. A		12. D	37. C		12. C	37. B		12. B	42. A	72. C
13. B	38. A		13. B	38. B		13. C	38. C		13. A	38. B		13. D	43. C	73. A
14. C	39. B		14. B	39. D		14. C	39. D		14. C	39. A		14. D	44. B	74. C
15. C	40. D		15. A	40. B		15. A	40. A		15. C	40. A		15. A	45. C	75. D
16. A	41. C		16. B	41. B		16. C	41. C		16. B	41. A		16. A	46. A	76. A
17. C	42. A		17. A	42. A		17. A	42. D		17. B	42. D		17. D	47. C	77. B
18. D	43. B		18. C	43. D		18. B	43. B		18. D	43. D		18 B	48. B	78. D
19. B	44. B		19. B	44. C		19. C	44. A		19. A	44. B		19. A	49. B	79. A
20. C	45. B		20. D	45. D		20. C	45. C		20. B	45. A		20. A	50. B	80. B
21. D	46. D		21. B	46. B		21. B	46. C		21. D	46. A		21. C	51. C	81. B
22. B	47. C		22. D	47. C		22. D	47. D		22. C	47. D		22. A	52. A	82. C
23. B	48. B		23. C	48. B		23. A	48. A		23. C	48. C		23. C	53. B	83. C
24. A	49. D		24. A	49. A		24. A	49. B		24. C	49. C		24. A	54. B	84. D
25. B	50. B		25. B	50. D		25. D	50. C		25. D	50. A		25. C	55. D	85. D
												26. B	56. C	86. D
												27. B	57. D	87. A
												28. B	58. A	88. C
												29. B	59. C	89. A
												30. A	60. C	90. B

COMPOSITION / INSHA MARKING SCHEME
MARKING CRITERIA:

The composition will be assessed according to the following general guide lines
The Maximum mark will be 40 and the minimum mark 01

Does the script show that the candidate can communicate accurately, fluently and imaginatively in English

Accuracy (16 Marks)

Correct tense and agreement of verbs (4marks)
Correct spelling order (4marks)

b) Accurate use of vocabulary (4 marks)
d) Correct punctuation (4marks)

Coherence (16 Marks)

Work in the correct order (4marks)
Correct spelling and paragraphs (4marks)

b) Sentences connected and paragraphs (4marks)
d) Ideas developed in logic sequence (4marks)

Imagination (8marks)

Unusual but appropriate use of words and phrases (4marks)
Variety of structure (4marks)

Please, teachers are requested to scrutinize this marking scheme before use, it is worth