Use the tooth shown below to answer questions 1-3.

1. Name the parts marked ‘X’ and ‘Z’.
   - X: A. gum  B. crown
   - Z: C. neck  D. neck

2. The tooth shown above is called ________.
   - A. incisor  B. canine
   - C. premolar  D. molar

3. What is the function for the above shown tooth?
   - A. Grinding food  B. Crushing food
   - C. Tearing food  D. Cutting food

4. Which of the following food crops is an example of a cereal?
   - A. Millet  B. Kales
   - C. Peas  D. Lettuce

5. Which of the following is not a type of weather?
   - A. Sunny  B. Windy
   - C. Rainy  D. Muddy

6. Name the parts of the compass shown below.

   - Q: A. East
   - S: B. North
   - R: C. South
   - N: D. West

7. In which direction does the sun set?
   - A. West  B. South  C. East  D. North

8. Name the shape of the moon shown below.
   - A. New moon  B. Full moon
   - C. Gibbous  D. Crescent

9. Which of the following animals feed on plants only?
   - A. Jackals  B. Hyenas
   - C. Zebra  D. Leopard

10. How does the animal shown below move?
    - A. Swimming  B. Crawling
    - C. Flying  D. Walking

11. Animals reproduce. This means that they ________.
    - A. feed on plants  B. give birth to young ones
    - C. pass out food  D. breath in

12. Very cold water that has changed to solid is called ________.
    - A. block  B. fringe
    - C. mineral  D. ice

13. AIDS is caused by virus called ________.
    - A. germs  B. parasite
    - C. HIV  D. sex

14. We can maintain strong teeth by doing the following except ________.
    - A. eating a balanced diet  B. using a toothpaste that has flouride
    - C. giving the teeth exercise  D. Eating sugary foods

15. The following are problems related to teeth. Which one is not?
    - A. Sweet breath  B. Bleeding gums
    - C. Tooth decay  D. Dental caries

16. How many types of teeth are there?
    - A. 4  B. 32  C. 20  D. 6

17. AIDS stands for ________.
    - A. Acquired Immune Disease Syndrome
    - B. Active Immune Deficiency Syndrome
    - C. Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome
    - D. Active Immune Deficiency Sex

18. Plants which have seeds in pods are referred to as ________.
    - A. cereals  B. legumes
    - C. beverages  D. beans

19. Weeds are plants that grow where ________.
    - A. they are wanted  B. they are required
    - C. they are not needed  D. they are planted

20. The color of a clear sky is ________.
    - A. sky green  B. sky white
    - C. sky red  D. sky blue

21. Too much rain causes ________.
    - A. drought  B. flood  C. river  D. harvest

22. Natural home of a plant is called ________.
    - A. habitat  B. forest
    - C. vegetation  D. garden
23. The shapes of the moon are also called ________
   A. phases  B. crescents  C. quarters  D. pieces

24. Which of the following clouds gives us rain?
   A. Nimbus  B. Cumulus  C. Cirrus  D. Stratus

25. Shedding of teeth starts when the baby is ________
   A. 20 years  B. 6 years  C. 15 years  D. 32 years

26. We breathe in ________
   A. carbon dioxide  B. nitrogen  C. smoke  D. oxygen

27. How many legs does an insect have?
   A. 18  B. 7  C. 3  D. 6

28. The basket below is a product of ________
   A. beverage crops  B. oil crops  C. sisal plant  D. barley plant

29. Which of the following examples of weed have hooks?
   A. Sodom apple...  B. Pigweed  C. Blackjack  D. Wandering jew

30. Which of the animals below produces mohair?
   A. Sheep  B. Pig  C. Cow  D. Goat

31. The part of the moon shown below is known as ________
   A. road  B. air  C. orbit  D. planet

32. Water can be used for the following purposes except ________
   A. recreation  B. irrigation  C. lighting fire  D. transport

33. The experiment shown below was done to find out whether ________
   A. soil contains water  B. water contains air  C. soil contains air  D. water contains soil

34. Decayed organic matter is called ________
   A. humus  B. fertility  C. alluvial  D. manure

35. The weather is ________
   A. cloudy  B. rainy  C. sunny  D. windy

36. In the weather above people would buy one of the following items most. Which one is it?
   A. Cups  B. Umbrellas  C. Shoes  D. Sandals

37. Rules of cleanliness is called ________
   A. constitution  B. hygiene  C. act  D. science

38. Flowers make a place look ________
   A. ugly  B. dull  C. beautiful  D. insecure

39. We measure rainfall in ________
   A. km  B. mm  C. cm  D. metres

40. What kind of clothes can be worn during the weather shown below?
   A. Light  B. Heavy  C. Strong  D. Thick

41. An insect has ________ body parts.
   A. 2  B. 4  C. 3  D. 1

42. Which of the following is not an example of poultry?
   A. Geese  B. Turkey  C. Hens  D. Scorpion

43. Cow is to beef as sheep is to ________
   A. pork  B. chicken  C. meat  D. mutton

44. Scientists who study weather are called ________
   A. science teacher  B. forecast  C. meteorologists  D. compass

45. Moving air is called ________
   A. rain  B. wind  C. trees  D. insects

46. Drinking water should be ________ before drinking to kill germs.
   A. stored  B. sold  C. boiled  D. packed

47. This shape below shows a ________ seed.
   A. carrot  B. sugarcane  C. maize  D. bean

48. Ear is a sense of ________
   A. smell  B. feeling  C. sight  D. hearing

49. Mosquitoes feed on ________
   A. meat  B. blood  C. grass  D. seeds

50. Which soil is used for modelling?
   A. Loam  B. Sand  C. Clay  D. Rocks
## Jina Lako

<table>
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<th>Jina la Shule Yako</th>
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Andika insha ya kupendeza juu ya:

**SIKU YA MICHEZO SHULENI**

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SCHOOL BASED
EVALUATION TEST
STANDARD FOUR
MUHULA WA PILI
MUDA : Saa moja dkt 45

KISWAHILI LUGHA

Jaza nafasi zilizo wazi

A.  
1. wapili  
2. mumoja  
3. mbili  
4. kwa  
5. moja  
6. mkubwa  
7. ya  
8. chao  
9. nyingi  
10. ile  

B.  
1. wawili  
2. moja  
3. upili  
4. katika  
5. kubwa  
6. refu  
7. cha  
8. yao  
9. mingi  
10. ule  

C.  
1. mbili  
2. mmoja  
3. pilo  
4. kuwa  
5. kimboja  
6. kubwa  
7. wa  
8. lao  
9. mengi  
10. zie  

D.  
1. wambili  
2. kimboja  
3. bili  
4. kua  
5. ndogo  
6. ndelefu  
7. la  
8. zao  
9. vingi  
10. yale  

11. Ugonjwa wa kuanguka na kuzimia huitwa ___ 
A. kichaa  
B. kifafa  
C. kichocho  
D. kifaduro  

12. Dada wa mama huitwa ___ 
A. binamu  
B. halati  
C. shangazi  
D. mpwa  

13. Mtoto wa ng’ombe huitwa ___ 
A. shibli  
B. ndama  
C. kinda  
D. kifaranga  

14. Nyumba ya mchwa huitwa ___ 
A. mzinga  
B. zizi  
C. kichuguu  
D. kiota  

15. Kamiliša methali: Mtaka yote hukosa ___ 
A. nini  
B. nyoka  
C. yote  
D. vyote  

16. Andika jina la umbo. ___  
A. mstali  
B. pembe tatu  
C. pia  
D. hiramu  

17. Mwenda ___ shuleni leo. ___  
A. hajakuja  
B. hakuji  
C. hakukuja  
D. haji  

18. Kwa nini wewe ___ kitabu kama hiki? ___  
A. hauna  
B. hakina  
C. hana  
D. huna  

19. Sitaki maji ambayo ___ uchafu. ___  
A. yako na  
B. ina  
C. una  
D. yana  

20. Nilimwona mjomba akiwa na mbwa ___  
A. nyingi  
B. wengi  
C. zake  
D. hizi  

21. A. viumbe  
B. mdudu  
C. ndege  
D. mi  

22. A. ambao  
B. ambaye  
C. ambavyo  
D. ambayo  

23. A. wa  
B. ya  
C. za  
D. kwa  

24. A. madoadoa  
B. doadoa  
C. doa  
D. madoa  

25. A. nyeupe  
B. jeupe  
C. neupe  
D. weupe  

26. Akisami l’_huitwa ___  
A. subui  
B. sudusi  
C. humusi  
D. nusu  

27. Wageni huketi ___  
A. jikoni  
B. bafuni  
C. sebuleni  
D. stoo  

28. Unataka kula chakula ___ ? ___  
A. upi  
B. kipi  
C. zipi  
D. ipi  

29. Milango ___ iliunjika ni mibovu. ___  
A. ambayo  
B. ambamo  
C. ambaye  
D. ambalo  

30. Upande wa dira uliooneshwa huitwa ___  
A. kaskazini  
B. mashariki  
C. kusini  
D. magharibi  

NYS - DARASA LA NNE KISWAHILI
Soma taarifa ifuatayo na ujibu maswali 31-40


Baada ya siku mbili, Anita alikunywa dawa hiyo bila kutingiza chupa. Mara tu alipokumbuka masharti ya daktari alimuita dada yake. Alimwamururu dada yake amutingize kama chupa ya dawa.

Mama yao alilingia nyumbani humo na akawauliza ni kwa nini Anita aliikuwa akitingiza. Anita alimjibu mama yake ya kwamba ni kwa vile alisahau kutingiza chupa ya dawa, ndipo akaamua kutingiza ili dawa ichanganyike tumboni.

Mama yake alimwonya asifanyi hiyo tena, kwa sababu kusahau masharti ya daktari kunaweza kusababisha madhara kwa afya yake.

31. Mgonjwa alikuwa nani?
   A. Daktari
   B. Mama
   C. Anita
   D. Dada

32. Alipokuwa akitoka shuleni alipatwa na nini?
   A. Kizunguzungu
   B. Kukohoa
   C. Kusokotwa na riti
   D. Kuumwa na kichwa

33. Daktari alimfanyia nini kabla ya kumpa dawa?
   A. Alimdunga sindano
   B. Alimkagua
   C. Alimitibu
   D. Alimtazama

34. Kwa nini Anita alittingiza na dadake?
   A. Alisahau kutingiza dawa
   B. Alisahau kunywa dawa
   C. Alikuwa anacheza
   D. Alikuwa anakohoa sana

35. Anita alisahau kutingiza dawa baada ya siku ngapi?
   A. Mbili
   B. Moja
   C. Tatu
   D. Nne

36. Mtu aliyesabahubisha masharti ya daktari anaweza kufanya nini?
   A. Kufariki
   B. Kudhuru wengine
   C. Kuleta maangamizi kwa jamii
   D. Kudhuru afya yake zaidi

37. Ni nani aliyeikuwa akimtingiza Anita?
   A. Babake
   B. Dada yake
   C. Mama yake
   D. Kaka yake

38. Alipoanza kukohoa msichana alikuwa akitoka wapi?
   A. Hospitalini
   B. Hatujambili
   C. Kanisani
   D. Skulini

39. Anita hakufuata ___ ya daktari.
   A. mapendekezo
   B. maoni
   C. baruza
   D. maagizo

40. Ni kweli kwamba dawa ilichanganyika tumboni?
   A. Ndio
   B. Labda
   C. La hasha
   D. Hatujiu

Soma habari ifuatayo kisha ujibu maswali 41-50

Hapo zami za kale katika kijiji cha Malipo, piliishi mzee aliyetwa Hussein.

Mzee huyu aliikuwa akifuma na kusuka vikapu vya mkeka. Watu wengi katika kijiji choa walishangaa sana, kumuona mzee Hussein akishi maisha ya upweke. Mzee hakutaka kuoa.

Hakuna mtu hata mmoja aliye wahi kumwona mzee Hussein akipika au akila chakula. Kila aliyekwenda kumsaldimia kwake nyumbani, iwe mchana au usiku alimkuta mzee Hussein akisuka mkeka.

Mzee Hussein aliikuwa akipika wakati wa usiku mkutu. Anapokuwa akila alafu mtu abishe hodi, yeye kwanza huficha chakula mvunguni mwa kitaenda kabla ya kuji a karibu. Mgeni akingia atakaribisha vizuri na wataongea kwa muda wa kutosha: Mara tu mgeni aondokapo, mzee hutoa chakula chake na kuendelea kula.

41. Je, mzee huyu aliikuwa na familia?
   A. Ndiyo
   B. La
   C. Labda
   D. Sijui

42. Mzee Hussein aliikuwa na tabia gani?
   A. Utengano
   B. Urafiki
   C. Uchoyo
   D. Ukarimu

43. Mtu alipobisha kwa mzee Hussein wakati wa chakula alifanya nini?
   A. Alimkarembisha wakala pamoja
   B. Alipika chakula na kupakuliwa wageni
   C. Alimwambia asabiri
   D. Alificha chakula mvunguni mwa kitaanda

44. Mzee Hussein aliikuwa akiishi katika kijiji cha ___
   A. Majasho
   B. Matopeni
   C. Malipo
   D. Matanganzo

45. Kazi ya mzee Hussein ilikuwa nini?
   A. Kupika chakula
   B. Kusuka mikeka
   C. Kuishi upweke
   D. Kulisha mifugo

46. Kwa nini wanakijiji hawakuwahi kupata Hussein akila?
   A. Alikuwa na kazi nyingi
   B. Hakupendana chakula
   C. Hakuwa akipika wakati wa kawaida
   D. Hakuwahi kupika

47. Mtu ambaye husuka mikeka anaweza kuitwa ___
   A. mtengenezaji
   B. msusi
   C. mwokaji
   D. mtakaji

48. Neno lingine lenye maana sawa na kijiji ni ___
   A. kitongoji
   B. mtaa
   C. eneo
   D. kambi

49. Mzee Hussein aliikuwa akiishi ___
   A. na wenzake
   B. peke yake
   C. na wanawe
   D. na mke wake

50. Kazi ya kusuka ni ya ___
   A. ofisi
   B. mikono
   C. michezo
   D. kupiga ramli
Write an interesting composition about:

**MY ENGLISH TEACHER**
It was as dark as I lived near my home. I would rather stay home than go outside because there were dark forms moving towards me. "Are you afraid of trees or animals?" I asked myself. I thought I saw something that looked like a human being, so I stood there, asking what to do. I don't know how long I stayed there. At last, I told myself that I had to be brave for I had to get home.

Choose the best answer for numbers 16-20

16. This is _____ orange.
   A. an   B. a   C. those   D. these

17. _____ books are yours.
   A. This   B. These   C. That   D. Who

18. Mary lost _____ toy in the bush.
   A. his   B. hers   C. her   D. them

   A. her   B. himself   C. yours   D. his

20. The woman bought _____ of bread.
    A. a loaf   B. a leave   C. a block   D. a loafs

Change the following sentences into singular

21. These are cities.
    A. these is a city   B. This is a city

22. Our dogs are big.
    A. My dogs is big   B. My dog is big

Use the correct tense to answer the following questions

23. She _____ you in washing dishes.
    A. helping   B. have helped

    A. is brought   B. will bring

25. The fishermen _____ plenty of fish.
    A. caught   B. catching

Choose the correct answer

26. This is the teacher _____ teaches us English.
    A. which   B. whom   C. who   D. is

27. That is the bag _____ got lost.
    A. who   B. is   C. whom   D. which

Write the opposite of the underlined word

28. My brother bought a ball.
    A. sister   B. father   C. uncle   D. cousin

29. She was the last one to come to school.
30. The **king** is here today.
   A. emperor  B. princess  C. queen  D. prince

**Read the following passage and answer questions 31-40**

Nunga formed a habit of stealing things from supermarkets. One day he picked socks and handkerchiefs at Kwetu supermarket, removed all the security tags and pushed them into his shirt pockets. He then tucked the clothes into his shorts pockets. As he walked out, the alarm at the security door went off. Security guards arrested Nunga and found the clothes and tags in his pockets!

31. What is the name of the character in the story?
   A. Nunga  B. Kwetu  C. John  D. Brian

32. Where did he steal from?
   A. Kwetu  B. Supermarket
   C. Kwetu supermarket  D. In school

33. What did he steal?
   A. Sweets  B. Chocolate
   C. Handkerchief  D. Soap

34. What did the boy do with the item stolen? He
   A. ran away with it
   B. gave it to his friend
   C. gave it to the police
   D. removed the security tags

35. Where did he hide the item stolen?
   A. In the socks  B. In the shoes
   C. In the short pockets  D. In the shirt pockets

36. What detected Nunga as a thief?
   A. Security alarms  B. The cashier
   C. The teacher  D. The class prefect

37. Where was the siren placed?
   A. At the door  B. In the item stolen
   C. On the floor  D. At the roof

38. Where did Nunga tuck his shirt into the
   A. shorts pockets  B. shirts pockets
   C. trousers pockets  D. a jacket pocket

39. Which other item did the boy steal?
   A. Socks  B. A pen
   C. An ink  D. Bread

40. What should one not do when in a supermarket?
   A. Look at things  B. Steal items
   C. Pay for what you pick  D. Take things and pay

---

**Read the passage below and answer questions 41-50**

A language group refers to people who speak related languages. The people of Eastern province mainly belong to the Bantu language group. The languages in the Bantu language group are closely related and their speakers understand each other although their languages have slight differences. Examples of Bantu language groups in our province include the Ameru, the Akamba, Ambeere and the Aembu. We also have the Nilotes and the Cushites language groups. In a language group we have communities. A community is a group of people who speak the same language.

41. What is a language group?
   A. People who speak related language
   B. People learning how to speak
   C. People who knows not how to speak
   D. People who are related

42. Which people are talked about in the passage?
   People ________
   A. of Western province  B. of Eastern province
   C. of Coastal province  D. of Nyanza province

43. The group of people referred in the passage are
   A. Bantu  B. Cushites
   C. Nilotes  D. Semites

44. The common thing with the language group mentioned is ________
   A. they live together  B. they eat together
   C. they learn together  D. they understand each other

45. Which language group is not mentioned in the passage?
   A. Semites  B. Bantu
   C. Nilotes  D. Cushites

46. How many language groups are mentioned in the passage?
   A. Two  B. One  C. Three  D. Four

47. What do we have in a language group?
   A. Communities  B. Villages
   C. Clans  D. Homes

48. ________ is a group of people who speak the same language.
   A. A clan  B. Community
   C. Village  D. An area

49. ‘We’ as underlined in the passage is a ________
   A. pronoun  B. noun
   C. verb  D. adverb

50. The best title for this passage is ________
   A. Language group  B. Groups
   C. Language  D. Provinces
1. Write 23050 in words.
   A. Twenty three thousand and fifty
   B. Two thousand three hundred and fifty
   C. Three thousand and fifty
   D.Twenty three thousand and five

2. Fill in the box.
   \[ \square \times 4 = 60 \]
   A. 20  B. 15  C. 56  D. 64

3. What is the total value of digit 4 in 14382?
   A. Tens  B. Thousands
   C. 400  D. 4000

4. Which of the following numbers is divisible by 10?
   A. 30  B. 25  C. 104  D. 98

5. Work out: 325 + 878

6. Which of the following numbers is even?
   A. 189  B. 98  C. 33  D. 107

7. In an exam Wangechi scored 83 in Maths, 46 in English, 72 in Kiswahili. How many marks did she get in the three subjects?
   A. 201  B. 101  C. 150  D. 200

8. Work out: 4284 - 1490

9. What is the place value of the digit 2 in 5230?
   A. Hundreds  B. 200
   C. Tens  D. Thousands

10. What is the distance round the figure?

11. What is \(\frac{3}{5}\) of 56?
    A. 7  B. 8
    C. 49  D. 63

12. Work out: \(\frac{1}{5} \div \frac{1}{6}\) =
    A. \(\frac{6}{5}\)  B. \(\frac{3}{10}\)
    C. \(\frac{6}{10}\)  D. \(\frac{2}{5}\)

13. Count the number of triangles in the figure below.

14. Multiply: \(\frac{54}{2}\)

15. What fraction of the figure below is shaded?

16. Write \(\frac{15}{100}\) as a decimal.
    A. 0.015  B. 1.5
    C. 0.0015  D. 0.15

17. Which of the following numbers is odd?
    A. 46  B. 327  C. 1020  D. 960

18. Which is the next number in the pattern below?
    3, 7, 11, 15, __________
    A. 16  B. 19  C. 26  D. 20

19. Write \(\frac{1}{3}\) in words.
    A. Third  B. Thirteen
    C. Thirty one  D. One three

20. Work out: \(4 \div 64\)

21. Which of the fractions below is less than the others?
    A. \(\frac{1}{4}\)  B. \(\frac{1}{6}\)
    C. \(\frac{1}{12}\)  D. \(\frac{1}{10}\)

22. Which of the fractions below is equal to one whole?
    A. \(\frac{3}{6}\)  B. \(\frac{2}{5}\)
    C. \(\frac{4}{10}\)  D. \(\frac{5}{5}\)

23. Measure the line below in centimetres.

24. Work out: 42.83 - 20.41 =
    A. 22.42  B. 20.42
    C. 62.42  D. 63.24

25. Work out:
    \[ \frac{M}{\text{cm}} - 12 = 48 \]
    A. 22m 28cm  B. 22m 12cm
    C. 18m 28cm  D. 18m 12cm
26. How many small squares are there in the figure below?

A. 4  
B. 40  
C. 20  
D. 16

27. Which of the following shapes is a cube?

A.  
B.  
C.  
D.  

28. Work out: \(33 \div 864\)

A. 26 rem 6  
B. 2  
C. 25m rem 39  
D. 26 rem 8

29. Work out: \(0.8 + 0.1 + 0.4 = \)

A. 0.94  
B. 0.814  
C. 0.13  
D. 1.3

30. Write three fifths in figures.

A. 35  
B. \(\frac{5}{3}\)  
C. \(\frac{4}{5}\)  
D. \(1\frac{3}{5}\)

31. Kamau went round the figure below.

What distance did he cover?

A. 266m  
B. 233m  
C. 172m  
D. 260m

32. Fill in the blanks. \(8 \times \square = 96\)

A. 12  
B. 88  
C. 14  
D. 104

33. Complete the following statement.

\(\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{14}\)

A. 3  
B. 4  
C. 8  
D. 12

34. Which of the following numbers is divisible by 5?

A. 53  
B. 605  
C. 128  
D. 558

35. Which of the following digits is the numerator in the fraction \(\frac{1}{4}\)?

A. 7  
B. 8  
C. both  
D. none

36. What is \(\frac{3}{10}\) of 40?

A. 4  
B. 400  
C. 30  
D. 50

37. Work out: \(\frac{3}{10} + \frac{1}{10} + \frac{3}{10}\)

A. \(\frac{6}{30}\)  
B. \(\frac{4}{10}\)  
C. \(\frac{6}{1000}\)  
D. \(\frac{5}{10}\)

38. Name the shape shown below.

A. oval  
B. rectangle  
C. packet  
D. triangle

39. Multiply \(5 \times \frac{3}{20}\) =

A. \(\frac{35}{20}\)  
B. \(\frac{35}{20}\)  
C. \(\frac{35}{20}\)  
D. \(\frac{35}{60}\)

40. Write 0.7 as a fraction.

A. \(\frac{7}{10}\)  
B. \(\frac{7}{100}\)  
C. \(\frac{1}{7}\)  
D. \(\frac{7}{15}\)

41. Write three point one four.

A. 3.41  
B. 13.41  
C. 3.14  
D. 13.14

42. Work out: \(0.7 - \_ = 0.4\)

A. 1.1  
B. 0.3  
C. 1.3  
D. 0.1

43. Add:

\[\text{Sheets} \quad \text{cents} \quad \text{amount}\]

\[15 \quad 40 \quad + \_ \quad 70\]

44. How many small cubes have been used to make the stack below?

A. 36  
B. 60  
C. 18  
D. 24

45. How many small bottles will fill the debe?

A. 10  
B. 40  
C. 22  
D. 18

46. 8 quarter kilograms will make ______ kilograms.

A. 12  
B. 3\(\frac{3}{4}\)  
C. 2  
D. 4

47. Kanyeki bought the following:
   - an exercise book sh 20  
   - a pencil sh 15  
   - a rubber sh 3  
How much did he pay?

A. sh 38  
B. sh 35  
C. sh 18  
D. sh 48

48. Std four class has 34 girls and 28 boys. How many pupils are in the class?

A. 66  
B. 52  
C. 62  
D. 72

49. A trader has 604 packets. He sold 179. How many baskets remained?

A. 425  
B. 525  
C. 783  
D. 773

50. What is the next multiple of 6 after 24?

A. 25  
B. 26  
C. 30  
D. 36

NYS - STD 4 MATHEMATICS
SCHOOL BASED
EVALUATION TEST

MARKING SCHEME

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<tr>
<th>ENGLISH</th>
<th>MATHS</th>
<th>KISWAHILI</th>
<th>SCIENCE</th>
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COMPOSITION MARKING SCHEME

MARKING CRITERIA

1. The composition will be assessed according to the following guidelines:
   - The maximum mark will be 40 and the minimum mark 0
   - Does the script show that the candidate can communicate accurately fluently and imaginatively in English?
   - Accuracy (8 marks)
     (a) Correct tenses and agreement of verbs (4 marks)
     (b) Adjectives and adverbs (4 marks)
   - Fluency (8 marks)
     (a) Words in the correct order (4 marks)
     (b) Sentences connected and paragraphed (4 marks)
   - Imagination (8 marks)
     (a) Unusual but appropriate use of words and phrases (4 marks)
     (b) Variety of structure (4 marks)

NB: Please, teachers are requested to scrutinize this marking scheme before use. It is worthwhile.
Use the map of Hague area to answer questions

1. Hague area has how many locations?
   A. 2   B. 4   C. 3   D. 1

2. River Hague is flowing from ______ to _______
   A. North to South   B. West to North   C. East to West   D. West to East

3. Which cash crop is grown in Hague area?
   A. Potatoes   B. Coffee   C. Maize   D. Tea

4. Most houses in Hague area are constructed near the
   A. school   B. road   C. river   D. chief's camp

5. The people of Hague area are mainly
   A. Pagans   B. Hindus   C. Muslims   D. Christians

6. The grass found in Hague area is used to feed ______
   A. birds   B. livestock   C. pupils   D. worshippers

7. Which subsistence crop is grown in Hague area?
   A. Maize   B. Beans   C. Rice   D. Potatoes

8. The head of a province is called ______
   A. District commissioner   B. District officer   C. Chief   D. Provincial commissioner

9. Today we no longer have districts. They are called
   A. locations   B. divisions   C. senate   D. counties

10. Which language group is not mostly found in Kenya?
11. Which of the following human rights are provided free to children in Kenya?
A. Shelter  B. Balanced diet  C. Education  D. Clean water

12. _____ is said to be a system of government in which people elect their leaders freely.
A. Democracy  B. Rule  C. Moral laws  D. Church

13. The weather instrument drawn below is used to measure ______
A. milk  B. temperature  C. rainfall  D. water

14. The weather instrument above is called ______
A. raingauge  B. speed of wind  C. rainfall  D. barometer

15. The Deputy President of Kenya is ______
A. Raila  B. Kalonzo  C. Uhuru  D. Ruto

16. Three of the following are early forms of communication. Which one is not?
A. Wailing  B. Sending letters  C. Use of horns  D. Use of drums

17. The needle of the compass always points ______
A. South  B. East  C. West  D. North

18. The points marked A and B are respectively called
A. NE and SW  B. SW and NW  C. NW and SE  D. W and E

19. Three of the following are items used in traditional trade except ______
A. cattle bells  B. sandals  C. pots  D. basin

20. Which one of the following is not an element of weather?
A. Rain  B. Wind  C. Water  D. Sunshine

21. The below road sign means ______ ahead.

22. Which of the following things is not needed in a school?
A. Playground  B. Desks  C. Classrooms  D. Wardrobe

23. The following are physical features. Which one is not?
A. Lake  B. Mountain  C. Hill  D. Church

24. The most common tree in a scrub vegetation is ______
A. pine  B. cypress  C. acacia  D. jacaranda

25. Which one of the following insects is not harmful?
A. Bees  B. Ant  C. Grasshopper  D. Wasp

26. Goods which are brought to our country from other countries are called ______
A. imports  B. exports  C. customs  D. trade goods

27. The diagram shows the weather is ______
A. forested  B. windy  C. calm  D. sunny

28. What do we call a group of people living in the same place?
A. Community  B. Clan  C. Location  D. Church

29. "Haki iwe ngao ..........." The words are found in the ______ stanza of the National Anthem.
A. 4th  B. 3rd  C. 2nd  D. 1st

30. The capital city of our country is called ______
A. Kisumu  B. Mombasa  C. Nairobi  D. Eldoret

31. The two types of forests are man-made and ______
A. natural  B. big  C. shrubs  D. bushland

32. The rearing of chicken, turkeys, geese and duck is called ______
A. zero grazing  B. dairy farming  C. poultry farming  D. cash crop farming

33. The four main points of a compass are called ______
A. cardinal points  B. compass  C. directions  D. compass points

34. People who walk along the road are called ______
A. drivers  B. passengers  C. motorists  D. pedestrians

35. Which one was not taught to young boys and girls in traditional societies?
A. Reading story books  B. Building houses  
C. Hunting animals  D. Clearing bushes

36. Which community did not build houses like the one shown below?
   A. Luhya  B. Kamba  C. Maasai  D. Kikuyu

37. Moving air is referred to as ________
   A. wind  B. vapour  C. temperature  D. steam

38. The people who practise making of pots are called
   A. iron workers  B. potters  C. leather workers  D. wood carvers

39. Areas with few people are said to be ________
   A. sparsely populated  B. highly populated  C. densely populated  D. medium populated

40. Our country is led by ________
   A. headteacher  B. pastor  C. president  D. prime minister

41. ________ are the natural things which are part of the land around us.
   A. Man-made features  B. Physical features  C. Bridge  D. Buildings

42. The largest language group in Kenya is ________
   A. Nilotes  B. Bantu  C. Cushites  D. Arabs

43. Which traditional food was not used by the Maasai?
   A. Bananas  B. Blood  C. Meat  D. Milk

44. On 20th October every year we celebrate ________ day nowadays.
   A. Madaraka  B. Kenyatta  C. Labour  D. Mashujaa

45. Animals kept for meat are called ________ animals.
   A. beef  B. dairy  C. cross breed  D. zebu

46. The officer incharge of education in a County is ________
   A. Area Education officer  B. Provincial director of Education  
   C. County Education officer  D. District Forest officer

47. A ward is represented by a ________
   A. judge  B. councillor  C. D.O  D. member of parliament

48. A person who visits places of interest for pleasure is a ________
   A. pedestrian  B. tourist  C. traveller  D. motorist

49. Which one of the following festivals is found in the school calendar?
   A. Planting ceremony  B. Music festival  C. Birth ceremony  D. Harvest festival

50. Which of the following items was used as money in carrying out trade?
   A. Cowrie shells  B. Boats  C. Horns  D. Dogs

51. Which aircraft can land and take off even where there are no airports or airstrips?
   A. Aeroplanes  B. Kites  C. Parachutes  D. Helicopters

52. Which one of the following is not a festival?
   A. Harvest  B. Birth  C. Music  D. Drama

53. The following are importance of forests. Which one is not?
   A. Source of rivers  B. Gives wood and fuel  C. Bring pests and diseases  D. Food

54. ________ were the people who treated the sick in our traditional societies.
   A. Witches  B. Diviners  C. Prophets  D. Medicinemen

55. Which of the following is not a use of water?
   A. Washing  B. Drinking  C. Home fish  D. Leaving the taps open

56. The following colours are found in a traffic light. Which one is not?
   A. Yellow  B. Green  C. Red  D. White

57. People who move from one place to another with animals are called ________
   A. pastoralists  B. hawkers  C. nomads  D. tourists

58. Three of the following are livestock animals. Which one is not?
   A. Sheep  B. Cows  C. Donkeys  D. Buffaloes

59. The following are physical features in our province. Which one is not?
   A. Hills  B. Plains  C. Lakes  D. Bridges

60. The officer marked 'W' is incharge of a ________
   A. Province  B. Location  C. District  D. Sub-location

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>X</th>
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<th>Chief</th>
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NYS - STD 4 SOCIAL STUDIES
61. Who among the following helped Jesus to carry the cross?  
A. Judas  B. Joseph Arimathea  
C. Simon of Cyrene  D. Peter  
62. A good leader should not be ________  
A. kind  B. honest  
C. humble  D. jealous  
63. Jesus is our saviour because he saves us from ________  
A. death  B. sin  
C. war  D. fire  
64. Jesus was baptised in river ________  
A. Nazareth  B. Nile  
C. Jordan  D. Bethlehem  
65. Ananias and ________ cheated the Holy spirit.  
A. Sapphira  B. Hannah  
C. Martha  D. Mary  
66. Jesus was crucified on a ________  
A. tree  B. pole  
C. plus  D. cross  
67. When do we celebrate death and resurrection of Jesus Christ? During ________  
A. Easter  B. Christmas  
C. Madaraka  D. New year  
68. A person who refuses to share what he or she has with others is said to be ________  
A. immoral  B. selfish  
C. greedy  D. peaceful  
69. Jesus prayed to God until he sweat blood in the garden of ________  
A. Jordan  B. Gethsemane  
C. Eden  D. Nazareth  
70. The devil tempted Jesus ________ times.  
A. two  B. fourty  
C. three  D. twelve  
71. We celebrate the birth of Jesus on which month?  
A. April  B. January  
C. September  D. December  
72. Which book do Christians use as their guide?  
A. Bible  B. Quran  
C. One in Christ  D. Dictionary  
73. Who led the Israelites to Canaan?  
A. Jesus  B. Moses  
C. Pharaoh  D. Noah  
74. Lazarus stayed dead for how many days?  
A. Four  B. Three  
C. One  D. Two  
75. Christians pray in ________  
A. Mosques  B. Churches  
C. Synagogues  D. Caves  
76. We should ________ when we are faced by problems.  
A. cry  B. fight  
C. play  D. pray  
77. Jesus died and He ________ from death.  
A. was baptised  B. resurrected  
C. was born  D. paid  
78. Animals went in two by two in the ________ ark.  
A. Noah’s  B. Moses  
C. Canaan  D. God’s  
79. Moses was told by God to remove his shoes because  
A. they were muddy  B. they could get burnt  
C. they were worthless  D. he was stepping on a Holy ground  
80. Jesus calmed the ________  
A. river  B. lake  
C. boat  D. storm  
81. Who among the following do not spread the gospel?  
A. Pastor  B. Priest  
C. Nun  D. Robber  
82. God expects us to ________ of the environment.  
A. take care  B. destroy  
C. leave  D. keep  
83. An orphan is child whose parents ________  
A. have divorced  B. have died  
C. have gone abroad  D. have separated  
84. Our first parents were ________ and ________  
A. Mary and Joseph  B. Lazarus and Martha  
C. Adam and Eve  D. Ananias and Saphira  
85. We should ________ sick people.  
A. help  B. hate  
C. beat  D. abuse  
86. Maasai call their God ________  
A. Mulungu  B. Jesus  
C. Mwathi  D. Enkai  
87. Jesus had ________ disciples.  
A. 10  B. 12  
C. 33  D. 5  
88. Who among the following made the right choice?  
A. Ruth  B. Saphira  
C. Cain  D. Ananias  
89. Jesus changed water into ________  
A. juice  B. tea  
C. milk  D. wine  
90. God provided a ________ to be sacrificed by Abraham instead of Isaac.  
A. cow  B. goat  
C. ram  D. camel