

ENGLISH
SECTION A:
LANGUAGE

Time: 1 hour 40 minutes

Read the passage below. It contains blank spaces numbered 1 to 15. For each blank space, choose the **BEST** alternative from the choices given.

A _____ 1 _____ four _____ 2 _____, Ali, yesterday had a lucky escape from death when he _____ 3 _____ attacked by a huge crocodile _____ 4 _____ river Thegu. Ali had _____ 5 _____ to fetch water with _____ 6 _____ mother and elder brother _____ 7 _____. He was _____ 8 _____ on a rock in a shallow part of the river when a crocodile _____ 9 _____ towards him and knocked him _____ 10 _____ the water with _____ 11 _____ tail. Luckily for Ali, his mother and brother _____ 12 _____ him _____ 13 _____ out. As the crocodile attacked him again, _____ 14 _____ took oars from the boat and hit the creature _____ 15 _____.

- | | | | |
|---------------|-------------|------------|--------------|
| 1. A. stad | B. standard | C. standad | D. starndard |
| 2. A. pupil | B. people | C. person | D. man |
| 3. A. is | B. were | C. had | D. was |
| 4. A. into | B. in | C. on | D. at |
| 5. A. went | B. go | C. gone | D. going |
| 6. A. her | B. he | C. them | D. his |
| 7. A. , | B. . | C. ? | D. ! |
| 8. A. stood | B. stand | C. standed | D. standing |
| 9. A. swum | B. swimmmed | C. swam | D. swim |
| 10. A. into | B. on | C. in | D. at |
| 11. A. it's | B. its' | C. its | D. it is |
| 12. A. heared | B. hear | C. herd | D. heard |
| 13. A. crying | B. cry | C. crow | D. cried |
| 14. A. them | B. their | C. the | D. they |
| 15. A. hand | B. herd | C. hard | D. heard |

For questions 16 and 17, give the **PLURALS** of the given words

16. Chief
A. Chieves
B. Chiefes
C. Chiefs
D. Chieve
17. Sky
A. Skies
B. Sky
C. Skys
D. Skyes

For questions 18 to 20, fill the blank spaces with the **CORRECT** form of verb in brackets

18. Have you _____ your homework? (do)
A. did
B. do
C. does
D. done
19. Yesterday, I _____ a butterfly. (catch)
A. catch
B. catched
C. caught
D. caughted
20. I have not _____ your house. (see)
A. saw
B. seen
C. seened
D. see

For questions 21 and 22, find the **ADJECTIVES** in the sentences given below

21. Tony's father bought a new car
A. bought
B. father
C. Tony's
D. new
22. There is a lovely bird on the tree
A. is
B. lovely
C. tree
D. there

For questions 23 and 24, choose the correct **PREPOSITIONS** to fill in the questions

23. We go to school _____ bus.
A. by B. on
C. with D. in
24. Wambo is afraid _____ his teacher.
A. to B. for
C. of D. from

For questions 24 and 25, find the **NOUNS** in the sentences

25. The goat walked slowly
A. goat
B. the
C. slowly
D. walked
26. Asha draws nicely
A. draws
B. Asha
C. nicely
D. none

For questions 27 and 28, fill in the **CORRECT** articles

27. _____ earth is round
A. An B. Is
C. A D. The
28. _____ Nairobi is a big city.
A. A B. None
C. On D. The

For questions 29 and 30, complete the following **ANALOGIES**

29. Dog is to _____ as bull is to cow
A. puppy B. cat
C. bitch D. beach
30. _____ is to repairing broken pipes as author is to writing books.
A. Plumber
B. Teacher
C. Carpenter
D. Artist

Read the passage below and answer questions 31 to 39 correctly

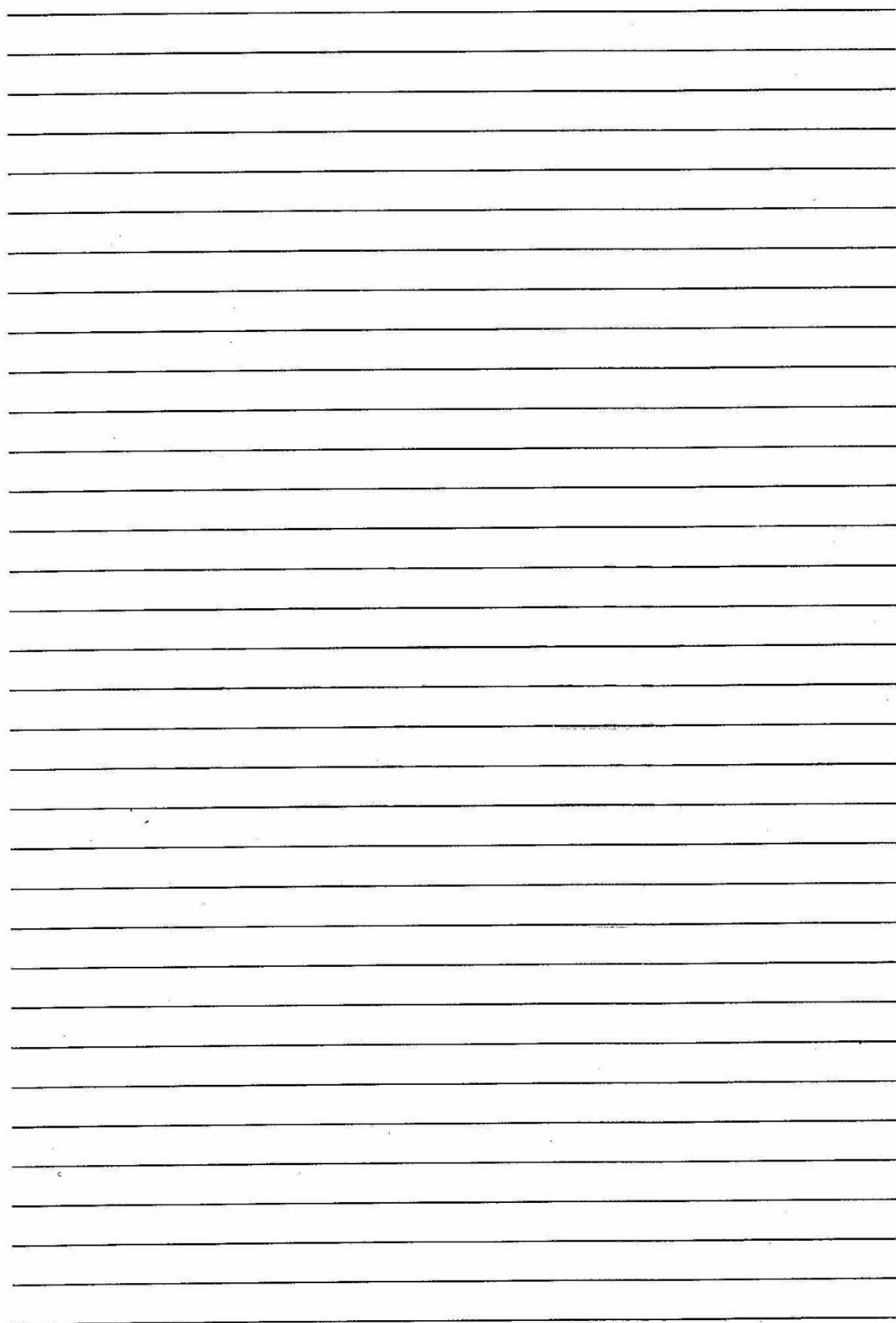
A baby baboon is looked after very carefully from the time of its birth until it is two years old. At first, it clings to the underside of its mother. After six months, it begins to ride on the mother's back, but every time there is danger, it goes back underneath. When feeding the baby, the mother sits down so that it can sit on her thighs and feed easily. Mother baboons keep their young ones close to them, but each member of the troop also gives them love and protection.

- 31.** A young baboon begins to ride after the age of
A. two years
B. six years
C. six months
D. one month
- 32.** Looked after is underlined in the passage. It means
A. beaten
B. looked at
C. shown how to behave
D. taken care of
- 33.** Where does a young baboon sit so that it can be fed easily?
A. On its mother's thighs
B. Underneath
C. To the underside of its mother
D. On the mothers back
- 34.** Mother baboons keep their young ones
A. far
B. at bay
C. close to them
D. covered
- 35.** A group of many baboons is called a
A. troupe
B. chatter
C. herd
D. troop
- 36.** Who feeds the young baboon?
A. Father baboon
B. Brothers
C. Sisters
D. Mother baboon
- 37.** The opposite of the underlined word love is
A. hatred
B. like
C. cruel
D. unkind
- 38.** A baby baboon is carefully looked after upto the age of
A. six months
B. three years
C. two years
D. one year
- 39.** The word carefully is
A. a noun
B. a verb
C. an adjective
D. an adverb

Read the passage below and then answer questions 40 to 50 correctly

Not long ago in the village of Ndathi where I was born and brought up, lived a mad man called Mwai Wakanoe. During the day, he used to search for food in a dumpsite near our school. When his stomach was full, he would start singing loudly and sometimes disrupted learning in our school. We knew his songs word by word and we would occasionally join in. This would sometimes land us into problems with our teachers. One day however, he disappeared mysteriously never to be seen or heard again.

- | | |
|---|--|
| <p>40. Where was the writer born?
A. Karundas
B. Mt. Kenya
C. Forest
D. Ndathi</p> <p>41. The word <u>mad</u> is underlined in the passage. It means
A. sane
B. insane
C. mud
D. cruel</p> <p>42. When did Mwai search for food?
A. During the day
B. At night
C. At noon
D. In the evening</p> <p>43. The dumpsite was
A. behind the school
B. near the school
C. in the school
D. away from the school</p> <p>44. Opposite of the word <u>full</u> is
A. fool
B. occupied
C. empty
D. medium</p> <p>45. How would Mwai Wakanoe sing?
A. Softly
B. Hoarsely
C. Beautifully
D. Loudly</p> | <p>46. How did Mwai Wakanoe disappear?
A. Ran away
B. Walked into the forest
C. Got down in a river
D. Mysteriously</p> <p>47. Mwai Wakanoe would start singing
A. at night
B. when he was hungry
C. when his stomach was full
D. when he was angry</p> <p>48. "This would sometimes land us into problems" means. The teachers would
A. punish us when we joined in the singing
B. be happy when we joined in the singing
C. also join in the singing
D. give us problems</p> <p>49. When Mwai started singing we would _____ join in
A. immediately
B. rarely
C. occasionally
D. always</p> <p>50. The BEST title for the passage is
A. Wild animals
B. Mwai Wakanoe
C. Singing problems
D. Ndathi village</p> |
|---|--|



KISWAHILI
SEHEMU YA
KWANZA:
LUGHA

Muda: saa 1 dakika 40

Soma kifungu kifuatacho kisha ujaze nafasi 1 - 15 zilizoachwa wazi.

Katika darasa _____ 1 _____ 2 _____ wanafunzi husoma masomo _____ 3 _____. Kuna Kiswahili, hisabati, somo la jamii na dini, _____ 4 _____ na _____ 5 _____. Mwaka _____ 6 _____ shuleni mwetu wanafunzi pia husoma kifaranza na somo la tarakilishi. Mambo ya _____ 7 _____ hufunzwa katika Kiswahili. Tarakimu hufunzwa katika somo _____ 8 _____ hisabati. Ukitaka kufahamu mambo _____ 9 _____ anga, utapata katika somo la jamii. Dini ni somo _____ 10 _____ wanafunzi hufurahia sana.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1. A. la | B. za | C. pa | D. kwa |
| 2. A. ninne | B. inne | C. mne | D. inc |
| 3. A. tano | B. matano | C. mitano | D. mtano |
| 4. A. kingereza | B. kigerenza | C. kiingereza | D. kiingereza |
| 5. A. sajanzi | B. sayansi | C. sayanzi | D. sijanzi |
| 6. A. huu | B. hii | C. uu | D. hizi |
| 7. A. sarafu | B. salufi | C. sarufi | D. salafu |
| 8. A. aya | B. wa | C. cha | D. la |
| 9. A. za | B. ya | C. la | D. cha |
| 10. A. ambalo | B. ambao | C. ambayo | D. ambazo |

Hapa _____ 11 _____ Kenya kuna makabila _____ 12 _____ sana. Hata hivyo hatupaswi kuchukiana kwani _____ 13 _____ ni watoto wa Mungu. Ni vizuri kuelewana, kupendana na kusaidiana kama ndugu na dada. Ni vizuri kuheshimiana kwa sababu heshima _____ 14 _____ utumwa. Uwe mwananchi au _____ 15 _____ yote ni mamboja

- | | | | |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| 11. A. nchini | B. injini | C. nchini | D. inchini |
| 12. A. nyingi | B. mingi | C. mengi | D. jingi |
| 13. A. zote | B. nyote | C. wote | D. sote |
| 14. A. ni | B. si | C. na | D. huwa |
| 15. A. rahisi | B. raisi | C. rahisi | D. rais |

Chagua kitenzi kifaacho kutoka swali
16-30 kulingana na maagizo uliyopewa

16. Jibu salamu hizi: Habari yako?
A. Nzuri
B. Mzuri
C. Vizuri
D. Zuri
17. Mtoto wa ng'ombe huitwa ndama. Je, mtoto wa Sungura huitwaje?
A. Kinda
B. Kitungule
C. Shibli
D. Kiyoyo
18. Mtu anayefua vyuma huitwaje?
A. Sonara
B. Dobi
C. Seremara
D. Mhunzi
19. Chagua neno katika ngeli ya LI - YA
A. Kiberiti
B. Maji
C. Kabuti
D. Makaratasi
20. Andika kwa wingi: Mwana analilia peremende
A. Wana wanalilia peremende
B. Mwana alilia maperemende
C. Wana walilia maperemende
D. Mwana atalilia peremende
21. Ukitaka kupika kwa jiko la makaa utatumia
A. kuni
B. chano
C. seredani
D. udongo
22. Kifaa kinachotumiwa kukunia nazi huitwa
A. kikunio B. mbuzi
C. mwiku D. kinu
23. Chagua kinyume cha kitendo vaa
A. Valia
B. Valiika
C. Vulia
D. Vua

24. Taja jina la umbo hili



- A. Mstatili
B. Duara dufu
C. Pia
D. Pembe tatu
25. Mzazi wa jinsia ya kike huitwaje?
A. Yanya
B. Shemeji
C. Mama
D. Baba
26. Kamilisha methali hii. Kidogo kidogo hujaza
A. kibuyu
B. kibaba
C. kifafa
D. mtungi
27. Anayeendesha ndege huitwa
A. rubani
B. kandawala
C. rubuni
D. nahodha
28. Akisami $\frac{1}{4}$ huitwa
A. nusu
B. thuluthi
C. robo
D. humusi
29. Mtoto wa shule alianguka majini chubwi kisha akachekwa
A. pa pa pa
B. kwa kwa kwa
C. kwi kwi kwi
D. ch eh eh
30. Neno jingine la wiki moja ni
A. Juma moja
B. Ijumaa moja
C. Kalenda
D. Jumapili

Soma ufahamu ufuatao kisha ujibu swali la 31- 40.

Duniani kuna vitu vya kushangaza mno. Kwanza dunia iko katika umbo la duara. Na ni kwenye dunia ambako kuna mbingu na ardhi. Kwanza hapa ardhini pana viumbe vyenye uhai na visivyokuwa na uhai. Kwanza vyenye uhai ni binadamu, wadudu, wanyama, samaki na pia mimea.

Vyote hivyo hukua, huongezeka na baadaye kufa. Na ni katika viumbe hivyo vilivyotajwa vina damu ilhali vingine havina. Mfano, binadamu, wanyama na samaki ni viumbe vilivyo na damu. Miti haina damu lakini hufa inapokauka.

Kuna viumbe vyenye mifupa na visivyokuwa nayo. Mfano, mnyama ana mifupa lakini jongoo hana. Katika ardhi tena kuna viumbe visivyo na uhai. Mfano milima na mawe. Mawe hayafi wala hayakui. Hupatikana kutoka ardhini baada ya zilizala.

Tukirejelea mbinguni, tutazungumzia tunachoona pekee kwani ndani yake hatuna uwezo. Watu hasa wanasayansi wamekwenda katika sayari mbalimbali, mwezini juu ya mawingu lakini bado hawajajua kilichomo. Haya yote tumwachie aliyetuumba ambaye ni Muumba, Maulana au Mwenyezi Mungu.

Ukizidi kuuliza maswali zaidi basi unajaribu Karima. Tuweni wacha Mungu

31. Dunia iko katika umbo la duara. Ni umbo gani linaloonyesha jinsi dunia ilivyo?



A.



B.



C.



D.

32. Ni mahali gani kuna vitu vya kushangaza?

- A. Ardhini B. Duniani
C. Nchini D. Mbinguni

33. Mwandishi anasema kuwa kuna vitu vya aina mbili hapa ardhini

- A. vilivyo na uhai na visivyo na uhai
B. vilivyokufa na visivyokua
C. vilivyo na damu na maji
D. miti na wanyama

34. Ni kitu gani hakiambatani na vingine katika orodha?

- A. Binadamu
B. Wadudu
C. Wanyama
D. Mawe

35. Vitu vyote vilivyo na uhai hukua, huongezeka na pia

- A. huonekana B. hufa
C. hutambulika D. hunenepa

36. Ni neno gani halifahamiki kumtaja Mungu?

- A. Muumba
B. Mwenyezi
C. Mweza
D. Maulana

37. Ukizidi kuuliza maswali zaidi kuhusu Mungu, basi unajaribu nani kulingana na ufahamu?

- A. Karima
B. Muweza
C. Mhunzi
D. Mwalimu

38. Mawe ni nomino iliyo katika ngeli gani?

- A. YA - YA
B. LI - YA
C. U - I
D. A - WA

39. Miti hufa wakati gani? Wakati

- A. wa jangwa
B. inapostawi
C. inapokauka
D. inapokuwa

40. Ufahamu huu unatufunza tuwe watu wa aina gani?

- A. Wadanganyifu
B. Waoga
C. Wajanja sana
D. Wacha Mungu

Soma ufahamu ufuateo kisha ujibu swali la 41 - 50

Madini hupatikana ardhini. Yeyote akitaka madini ni sharti ayachimbe ardhini. Tukichukua mfano wa madini kama almasi, utapata kwamba huchimbwa na kutumiwa kutengeneza vifaa kama panga. Almasi ndiyo madini yenye ugumu zaidi ya yote duniani. Mfano wa pili dhahabu. Sanamu nyingi katika dini ya kihindi hutengenezwa kutokana na dhahabu. Mikufu ya shingo, vikuku vya mkono pia saa hutengenezwa kutokana na dhahabu. Aina nyingine ya madini ni fedha. Fedha hutumiwa kutengeneza sarafu ya pesa hasa shilingi moja au senti tano.

Chuma ni mfano mwingine. Chuma hutengeneza gari, plau ya kulimia na ngombe au reli ya gari moshi. Chumvi pia ni mfano wa madini ambayo hutumiwa katika chakula ili kikiongeza ladha tamu. Ili kuwa na mazingira mazuri, ni bora kutumia madini vizuri. Tusiyatupe ovyo ovyo sababu yanaweza kuharibu afya yetu kwa kutudunga au kutuletea magojwa mengi. Tuchunge misumari, mabati, mikebe na vipande vya chuma vilivyotumika ili visitudunge. “Ni heri kukinga kuliko kuponya.”

41. Ni gani si mfano wa madini?

- A. Almasi B. Dhahabu
C. Chuma D. Kauli

42. Madini hupatikana wapi?

- A. Ardhini
B. Mbinguni
C. Duniani
D. Hewani

43. Neno sharti lililotumiwa katika ufahamu limepigwa mstari. Maana yake ni

- A. vizuri
B. lazima
C. sharuti
D. vema

44. Madini yenye ugumu sana duniani huitwaje?

- A. Fedha
B. Dhahabu
C. Almasi
D. Chuma

45. Ni aina gani ya madini inayotumiwa kuongezea chakula ladha?

- A. Kitunguu
B. Mshkaki
C. Pesa
D. Chumvi

46. Umoja wa madini ni

- A. dini
B. madini
C. kidini
D. udini

47. Mkufu ni aina ya pambo ambalo huvaliwa wapi?

- A. Puani
B. Sikioni
C. Mkononi
D. Shingoni

48. “Ni heri kukinga kuliko kuponya” ni aina ya

- A. methali B. semi
C. kitendawili D. nahari

49. Ni aina gani ya madini iliyo ghali sana kuliko mengine duniani?

- A. Almasi
B. Chumvi
C. Dhahabu
D. Fedha

50. Kichwa mwafaka cha ufahamu huu ni

- A. Almasi B. Dhahabu
C. Magonjwa D. Madini

MATHEMATICS

Time: 2 hours

1. Write 45 055 in words.
 - A. Forty five thousand and fifty five.
 - B. Forty thousand, five hundred and five.
 - C. Forty five thousand, five hundred and five.
 - D. Fifty four thousand and fifty five.

2. What is the place value of digit 8 in 48 943?
 - A. Ones
 - B. Thousands
 - C. Tens
 - D. Hundreds

3. Work out:
 $8\,945 + 963 + 87$
 - A. 9 895
 - B. 9 897
 - C. 9 995
 - D. 9 985

4. What is the sum of 945 and 647 minus 845?
 - A. 1 592
 - B. 2 437
 - C. 2 427
 - D. 747

5. Subtract: $200\,000 - 9\,432$
 - A. 29 432
 - B. 10 468
 - C. 11 568
 - D. 10 568

6. Add:
 $43.89 + 18.7$
 - A. 62.59
 - B. 25.19
 - C. 63.59
 - D. 61.96

7. Multiply: $8 \times \frac{1}{11}$
 - A. $\frac{1}{88}$
 - B. $\frac{11}{8}$
 - C. $\frac{8}{11}$
 - D. $\frac{81}{11}$

8. A farmer planted 9 418 mango trees, 4 127 apple trees and 936 passion seedlings. How many fruit trees did he plant?
 - A. 14 481
 - B. 14 581
 - C. 14 841
 - D. 15 481

9. What is the total value of digit 7 in 68 729?
 - A. 700
 - B. 7
 - C. 70
 - D. 729

10. In Satima Academy, there are 4 216 pupils. If 2 493 are girls, how many boys are there?
 - A. 6 709
 - B. 1 723
 - C. 6 708
 - D. 1 623

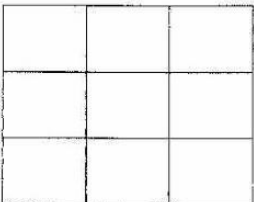
11. Work out: $\frac{1}{9}$ of 81
 - A. 81
 - B. 90
 - C. 9
 - D. $\frac{81}{9}$

12. Add:

Weeks	days
5	5
+ 2	4

 - A. 8 weeks 0 days
 - B. 7 weeks 9 days
 - C. 8 weeks 9 days
 - D. 8 weeks 2 days

13. How many squares are there in the figure below?



 - A. 9
 - B. 12
 - C. 13
 - D. 14

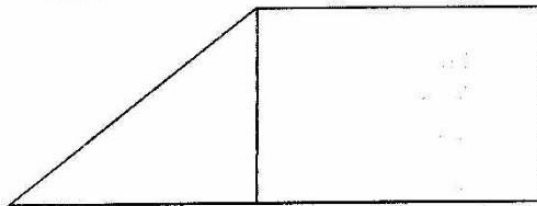
14. Find the value of $18 \times 7 \times 0$

- A. 126 B. 187
C. 0 D. 1 870

15. A tray holds 30 eggs. How many trays will be needed to pack 360 eggs?

- A. 390 B. 12
C. 330 D. 11

16. Which two planes are there in the diagram below?



- A. Rectangle and square
B. Circle and triangle
C. Square and rectangle
D. Triangle and rectangle

17. Write $\frac{3}{10}$ as a decimal.

- A. 0.3 B. 3.0
C. 3 D. 3.1

18. How many days were there in the month of January, February and March year 2010?

- A. 91 B. 92
C. 90 D. 89

19. Subtract:

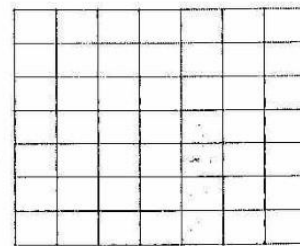
$$\begin{array}{r} \text{Sh} \quad \text{Ct} \\ 39 \quad 35 \\ - 22 \quad 55 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

- A. Sh.61 90cts B. Sh.16 80cts
C. Sh.17 20cts D. Sh.17 80cts

20. Work out: $\frac{8}{11} - \frac{3}{11} =$

- A. 1 B. $\frac{11}{5}$
C. $\frac{1}{11}$ D. $\frac{5}{11}$

21. What is the area of the square below in unit squares?

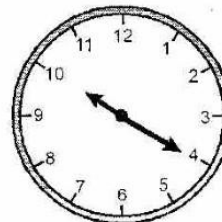


- A. 14 B. 94
C. 49 D. 7

22. How many cents are there in Sh.75?

- A. 7 500 B. 75
C. 750 D. 75 000

23. What is the time shown on the clockface?



- A. 10 minutes to 4
B. 20 minutes past ten
C. quarter to 10
D. quarter past nine

Use the calendar below to answer questions 24 and 25

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

24. What day of the week was 17th of that month?

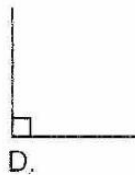
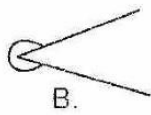
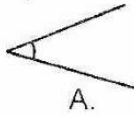
- A. Tuesday B. Monday
C. Thursday D. Friday

25. The month recorded above was the month of

- A. February B. November
C. September D. July

26. A school trip started on 22nd day of the month to 29th day. How many days did the trip take?
 A. 7 B. 6
 C. 9 D. 8

27. Which one of the following angles is an obtuse?



28. Collect the like terms:

$$7p + 9p + 8p + p$$

- A. 24p B. 25p
 C. 23p D. 24pppp
29. Multiply 600 by 9
 A. 5 400 B. 54
 C. 540 D. 504

30. Which one of the following fractions is equivalent to 1?

- A. $\frac{1}{8}$ B. $\frac{1}{10}$
 C. $\frac{2}{10}$ D. $\frac{9}{9}$

31. Which one of the following numbers is even?

- A. 77 B. 25
 C. 48 D. 33

32. Add: $\frac{2}{13} + \frac{7}{13} + \frac{3}{13}$

- A. $\frac{12}{13}$ B. $\frac{10}{13}$
 C. $\frac{6}{13}$ D. $\frac{13}{13}$

33. A number is divisible by both 2 and 5 if the number ends with
 A. 0 or 5 B. 0
 C. 2, 5 or 0 D. an even number

34. Which one of the fractions below has the least value?

- A. $\frac{1}{2}$ B. $\frac{1}{4}$
 C. $\frac{1}{5}$ D. $\frac{1}{8}$

35. Add:

m	cm
8	65
+ 9	47

- A. 17m 112cm
 B. 28m 2cm
 C. 18m 12cm
 D. 18m 2cm

36. Work out: $5 \overline{)80}$

- A. 16 B. 17
 C. 18 D. 14

37. What is the next number in the sequence below?

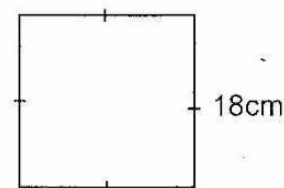
6, 9, 12, 15, 18, _____

- A. 22 B. 19
 C. 21 D. 23

38. A quarter of thirty six is

- A. 12 B. 4
 C. 36 D. 9

39. Find the perimeter of the square below.



- A. 36cm B. 324cm
 C. 72cm D. 18cm

40. Which whole number comes immediately before 10 000?

- A. 999 B. 9 999
C. 10 001 D. 1 001

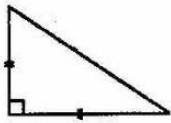
41. Which one of the following figures is a rectangle?



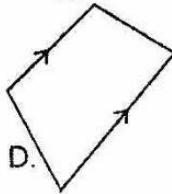
A.



B.

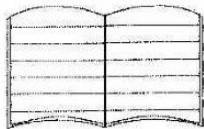


C.



D.

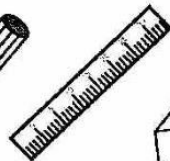
Use the items and prices below to answer questions 42 and 43



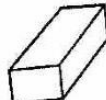
sh.33



sh.7



sh.28



sh.12

42. Ali bought all the items above. How much did he pay?

- A. Sh.90 B. Sh.70
C. Sh.80 D. Sh.100

43. Wachuka bought 2 books and a ruler. How much did she pay for the items?

- A. Sh.78 B. Sh.94
C. Sh.73 D. Sh.66

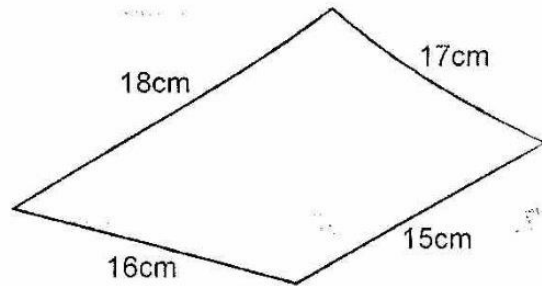
44. Multiply: 85×47

- A. 3 995 B. 3 959
C. 3 885 D. 3 905

45. Which one of the numbers below is divisible by 2, 5 and 10?

- A. 45 B. 82
C. 70 D. 2 105

46. Find distance round the figure below.



- A. 56cm B. 65cm
C. 35cm D. 66cm

47. An odd number added to an even number gives

- A. an even number
B. an odd number
C. a prime number
D. an odd and an even number

48. What is 18m 75cm to the nearest metre?

- A. 18m B. 1 800m
C. 19m D. 1 875m

49. Write three hundred and twenty four point eight nine in figures

- A. 324.89
B. 324.8
C. 324.809
D. 324.9

50. Divide:

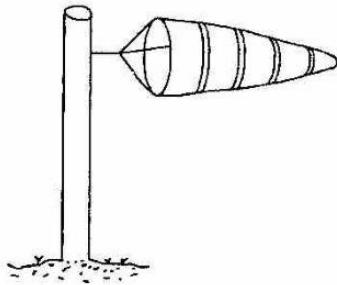
$$2 \overline{) 9\text{m } 20\text{cm}}$$

- A. 4m 5cm
B. 4m 60cm
C. 4m rem 1cm
D. 4m 45cm

SCIENCE

Time: 1 hour 40 minutes

1. The weather instrument below is used to measure the strength and _____ of wind.

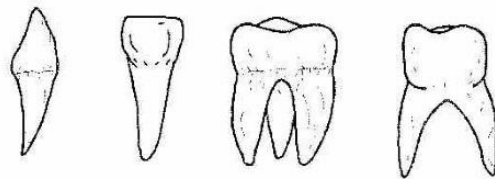


- A. direction B. amount
C. temperature D. speed
2. Which of the following statements **BEST** explains the term weather?
A. Atmospheric condition of a place for a long period of time
B. The amount of rainfall that occurs in a day
C. Atmospheric condition of a place for a short time
D. The daily changes that occur on earth for a long period of time
3. Which of the following is **NOT** a characteristic of animals? They
A. die B. make food
C. grow D. reproduce
4. The amount of rainfall in a year is called _____ rainfall.
A. seasonal B. millimetres
C. annual D. permanent
5. Separating seeds from husks is called
A. germinating B. winnowing
C. harvesting D. weeding
6. When we look into the mirror we see our
A. images B. faces
C. pictures D. shadows

7. The leaf below represents which type of a plant?



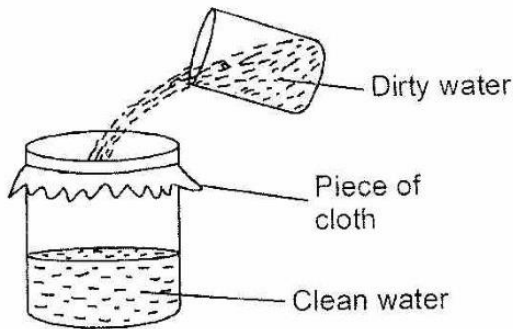
- A. Legume B. Oil
C. Cereal D. Beverage
8. Which of the following is **NOT** an example of a weed?
A. Sodom apple B. Pigweed
C. Wandering jew D. Egg plant
9. Which of the following insects has only two body parts?
A. Spider B. Cockroach
C. Fly D. Flea
10. Choose the correct order of the following types of teeth.



- A. Incisor, canine, molar, premolar
B. Molar, premolar, canine, incisor
C. Canine, incisor, molar, premolar
D. Canine, incisor, premolar, molar
11. An example of a fibre crop is
A. sunflower B. cotton
C. cocoa D. cash crop

12. An ambulance makes sound which is sharp and loud. This is due to the sounding of
- | | |
|-------------|------------|
| A. an alarm | B. tyres |
| C. a siren | D. hooting |

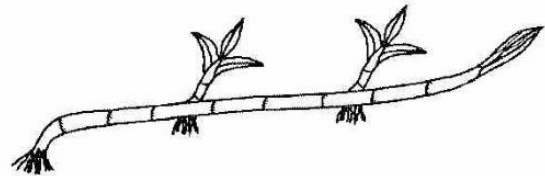
13. The process shown below is called



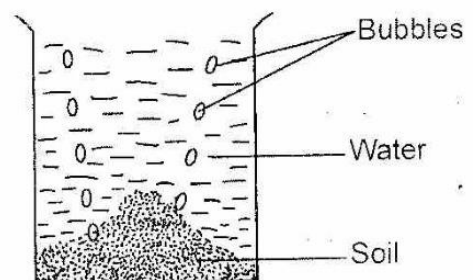
- | | |
|-------------|--------------|
| A. boiling | B. filtering |
| C. cleaning | D. washing |
14. The white outer part of your teeth is known as
- | | |
|----------|-----------|
| A. decay | B. cavity |
| C. crown | D. enamel |
15. Stella saw some clouds that were dark and appeared low in the sky. This would result into _____ weather.
- | | |
|----------|----------|
| A. rainy | B. windy |
| C. fine | D. calm |
16. The virus which causes AIDS is the
- | |
|-----------------------|
| A. HIV positive virus |
| B. HIV negative virus |
| C. HIV virus |
| D. AIDS cells |
17. How many teeth does a child develop during the first set of teeth?
- | | |
|-------|-------|
| A. 28 | B. 4 |
| C. 32 | D. 20 |
18. Which of the following animals has many legs?
- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| A. Spider | B. Millipede |
| C. Butterfly | D. Mosquito |

19. Putting dry grass and leaves around the plant to control weeds is known as
- | | |
|--------------|-------------|
| A. mulching | B. shading |
| C. uprooting | D. slashing |

20. Identify the weed below.



- | |
|------------------|
| A. Sodom apple |
| B. Pigweed |
| C. Wandering jew |
| D. Oxalis |
21. Meteorology is the study of
- | |
|------------|
| A. meters |
| B. animals |
| C. weather |
| D. stars |
22. The total number of teeth in the lower jaw of an adult human is
- | | |
|-------|-------|
| A. 30 | B. 16 |
| C. 32 | D. 20 |
23. The experiment below shows that



- | |
|----------------------|
| A. soil has air |
| B. soil has bubbles |
| C. water has bubbles |
| D. water has soil |

24. Which of these animals gives us wool?

- A. Goat
- B. Cattle
- C. Sheep
- D. Poultry

25. The body's ability to fight disease-causing germs is called

- A. virus
- B. immune
- C. deficiency
- D. immunity

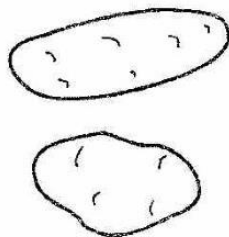
26. Which of the following can be used to store the least amount of water?

- A. Pot
- B. Dam
- C. Drum
- D. Tank

27. Which of the following is **NOT** a use of water at home?

- A. Cooking
- B. Washing clothes
- C. Cooling machines
- D. Sprinkling on earthen floors

28. The diagrams below show



- A. beverage crops
- B. tuber crops
- C. oil crops
- D. fruits

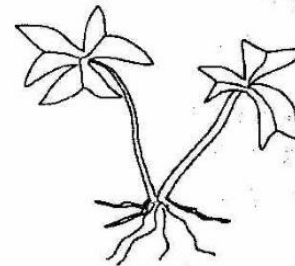
29. The fruits formed by the cotton plants are called

- A. balls
- B. bulbs
- C. fruits
- D. cornes

30. Which of the following is **NOT** common in all animals? They

- A. remove waste
- B. move
- C. feed
- D. talk

31. The weed shown by the diagram below is called



- A. black jack
- B. oxalis
- C. pigweed
- D. sodom apple

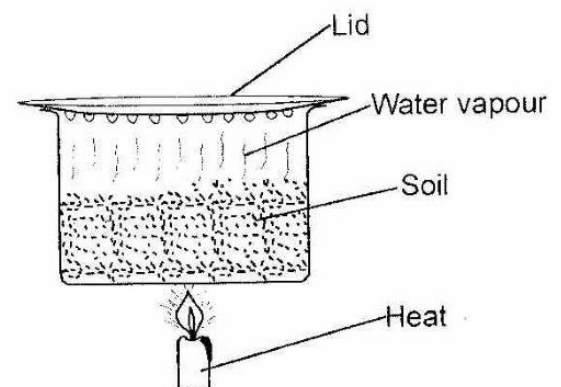
32. Which of the following animals **DOES NOT** live in the soil?

- A. Bee
- B. Centipede
- C. Ant
- D. Ant lion

33. Which one of the following is **NOT** a problem related to the teeth?

- A. Cavities
- B. Milk teeth
- C. Gingivitis
- D. Tooth decay

34. Std four pupils did the experiment below.



What were the pupils investigating?

Presence of

- A. air in the soil
- B. living organisms in the soil
- C. water in the soil
- D. humus in the soil

35. Which of the following animals reproduces by hatching?

- A. Pig
- B. Hen
- C. Rabbit
- D. Goat

36. The faeces from goats and sheep are called

- A. faeces
- B. dung
- C. droppings
- D. pellets

37. The sun is a star but appears bigger than other stars because it
- is nearer to us
 - produces light
 - produces heat
 - is bigger than other stars

38. The characteristic of animals that enable them to increase in number is

- movement
- growth
- reproduction
- death

39. An example of a small animal that can hop and fly is a

- frog
- butterfly
- termite
- grasshopper

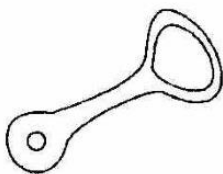
40. Water can be used in all the following EXCEPT

- recreation
- storage
- irrigation
- transport

41. Which one of the following is NOT a sense organ?

- Eye
- Ear
- Teeth
- Tongue

42. The tool below is called a



- slasher
- key holder
- tin copper
- bottle opener

43. Cattle give us all the following EXCEPT

- beef
- skin
- mohair
- butter

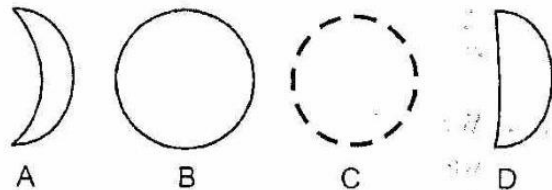
44. Cutting of wool from sheep is called

- shearing
- shaving
- wool cutting
- mutton

45. Clouds with flat bottom base and look like bundles of cotton wools are called

- nimbus
- cumulus
- status
- cirrus

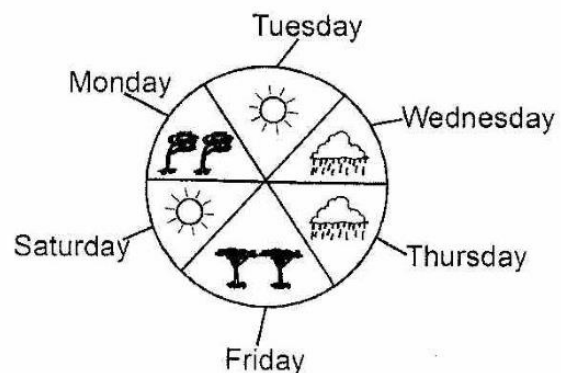
46. Which of the shapes below is a new moon?



47. When objects vibrate, they produce

- sound
- light
- noise
- heat

Study the weather chart below and answer questions 48 and 49.



48. Which day was the best for planting sukuma wiki?

- Tuesday
- Monday
- Wednesday
- Friday

49. Which day was calm?

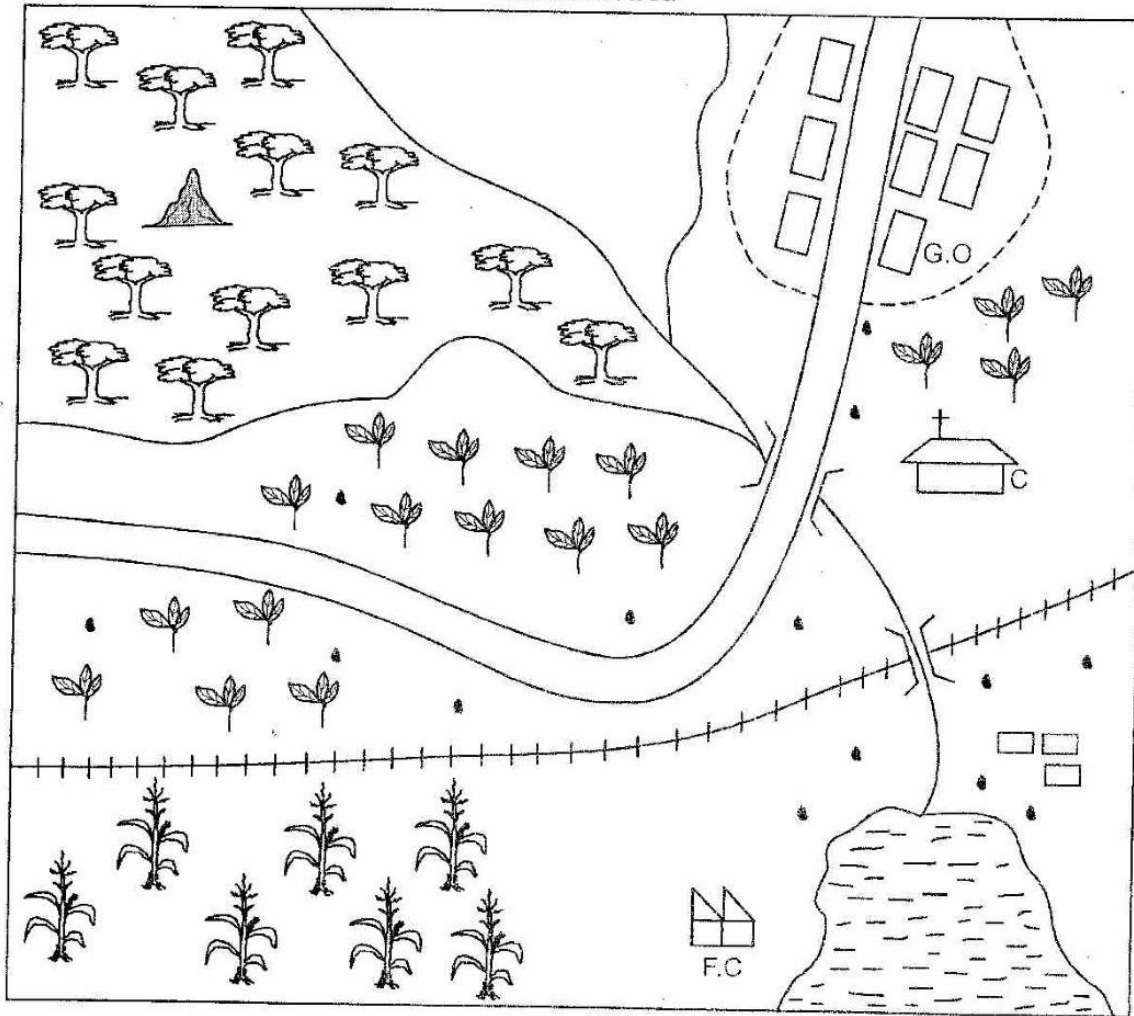
- Monday
- Tuesday
- Saturday
- Friday

50. The instrument used to measure our body temperature is called a

- windvane
- hygrometer
- thermometer
- barometer

PART I: SOCIAL STUDIES

Maneno Area



SCALE 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 KM
KEY

	Forest		Tea		Hill
	Road		Lake		Permanent building
	Settlement		Fish factory		Bridge
	Railway		Church		
	Town boundary		River Maneno		
	Maize		Governor's office		

Study the map of Maneno area and use it to answer questions 1 to 7

1. What is the direction of the forest from the lake?
A. North east B. North west
C. South east D. South west
2. The religion of Maneno people is
A. traditionalists B. Christianity
C. Islamic D. paganism
3. Which is the **MAIN** cash crop grown in Maneno area?
A. Tea B. Coffee
C. Pyrethrum D. Maize
4. River Maneno drains its water into the
A. swamp B. ocean
C. forest D. lake
5. Which of the following means of transport **CANNOT** be used in Maneno area?
A. Rail B. Road
C. Water D. Air
6. Who is the administrator of Maneno area?
A. Chief B. Governor
C. D.C D. D.O
7. People in Maneno area are **MAINLY** found along one
A. forest B. river
C. road D. railway line
8. Most nuclear families are headed by the
A. father B. mother
C. 1st born D. grandfather
9. Taking care of our forests is called
A. afforestation B. agroforestry
C. forestry D. conservation
10. Kenya has _____ counties
A. 9 B. 47
C. 57 D. 7
11. Which of the following crops is a cash crop?
A. Sorghum B. Maize
C. Cassava D. Coffee
12. The president of Kenya is called
A. Arap Moi
B. William Ruto
C. Uhuru Kenyatta
D. Mwai Kibaki
13. Rivers that flow throughout the year are called _____ rivers
A. tributary B. permanent
C. seasonal D. dry
14. People walking on the roadsides are known as
A. passengers B. pedestrians
C. travellers D. beggars
15. Many locations in our county make up a
A. county B. district
C. division D. location
16. Buying and selling of goods takes place at the
A. school B. market
C. hospital D. home
17. Moving air is called
A. water B. snow
C. wind D. nitrogen
18. Which of the followings is a cardinal point?
A. North west B. South
C. North east D. South west
19. Keeping of livestock and growing of crops is known as
A. trading
B. crop farming
C. herding
D. farming
20. Which of the following is **NOT** an element of weather?
A. Latitude B. Wind
C. Rain D. Clouds
21. A low flat land is known as
A. plain B. plateau
C. highland D. mountain

SECTION B

ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. Surah Fiil narrates how Abraha used _____ to destroy the holy Kaaba
- A. birds B. elephants
C. horses D. rhinos
62. Surah Humaza warns Muslims against _____ behaviour
- A. lying
B. gambling
C. stealing
D. backbiting
63. Complete this missing phrase
"Qul audhu bi rabbi nas _____ Ilahi nas"
- A. Samiu nas
B. Khalaka nas
C. Maliki nas
D. Aziizu nas
64. Abulahab dispersed the congregation of the prophet at mount
- A. Marwa B. Judy
C. Swafa D. Uhud
65. "Surah Al-Fatiha" means the
- A. opening chapter
B. pillar of salaah
C. mother of Qur'an
D. seven verses
66. The hadith, "A muslim is a brother to a muslim" wants all muslims to have
- A. relationships
B. unity
C. neighbourhood
D. only brothers
67. Ihsan to worship Allah as if
- A. He is in the Mosque
B. you are dying
C. you see Him
D. you will never worship again
68. In which place do muslims carry out Istinjaah cleaning? In
- A. the Mosque
B. the bedroom
C. the toilet
D. udhu place
69. Things which make us dirty are called
- A. haraam B. najis
C. nadhif D. mukhafafa
70. When there is no water we take _____ before praying salaah
- A. tayammum B. ghusul
C. twahur D. tawaam
71. Muslims do NOT give out _____ as Zakkat.
- A. cows B. sheep
C. camels D. chicken
72. If one wants to become a muslim he must
- A. pray salaah
B. say shahada
C. go for hajj
D. fast ramadhan
73. Muslims who do every good thing on time have
- A. punctuality B. kindness
C. obedience D. honesty
74. Allah (S.W) has a total of _____ attributes
- A. one B. zero
C. 99 D. 25
75. Aqiqah celebrations are done for
- A. adult muslims
B. young born babies
C. marrying couples
D. old muslims
76. The prophet received his first wahyi when he was in
- A. cave Hira
B. Masjid Aqsa
C. his house
D. heaven

77. Muslims should avoid _____ because it lowers respect for Islam and muslims

- A. bowing
- B. borrowing
- C. respecting
- D. begging

78. Which of these Islamic names was picked from the names in Islamic calendar?

- A. Yaqub
- B. Hassan
- C. Shaban
- D. Ridhwaan

79. My friend is the **BEST** because he likes

- A. dancing
- B. praying
- C. eating
- D. travelling

80. All muslims in the world do these things **EXCEPT**

- A. driving vehicles
- B. facing Qibla in salaah
- C. reciting Qur'an in salaah
- D. sitting down in the Mosque

81. In which town did the prophet build his Mosque?

- A. Makka
- B. Jerusalem
- C. Habesh
- D. Madina

82. The prophet (P.B.U.H) preached Islam secretly for _____ years

- A. 10
- B. 3
- C. 7
- D. 5

83. During the Isra wal Miirj trip, the prophet passed through seven

- A. countries
- B. towns
- C. heavens
- D. skies

84. We hear the words "Assalaatu Khairun minan-naum" during the Adhaan of _____ prayer

- A. Dhuhur
- B. Fajr
- C. Isha
- D. Maghrib

85. The parts of the body that we should pass our dusty hands during tayammum are

- A. face and arms only
- B. face, arms and feet only
- C. face, arms, head and feet only
- D. head and feet only

86. The holy Mosque Aqsa in Jerusalem is also known as Bait

- A. Al-Atiqq
- B. Al-Ma-amuur
- C. Al-arqam
- D. Al-Maqdis

87. Which choice shows the correct age of the prophet and lady Khadija when they married?

- A. Prophet 12 and Khadija 25 years
- B. Prophet 25 and Khadija 40 years
- C. Prophet 40 and Khadija 55 years
- D. Prophet 23 and Khadija 45 years

88. A good child who is learned and is of benefit to his dead parents is called

- A. Walad Swalch
- B. Amali Yantafah
- C. Swaahibul Junubi
- D. Swadaqat Jaariya

89. A muslim child should be beaten and forced, if he refuses to pray at the age of _____ years

- A. 15
- B. 7
- C. 10
- D. 5

90. The **BEST** thing for you to do when your neighbour's house is on fire is to

- A. find out where the water is
- B. weep and cry loudly
- C. call the fire brigade
- D. run and call the police

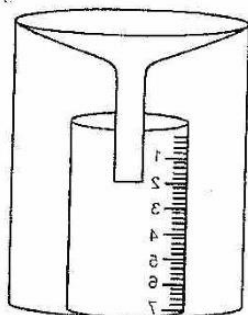
22. Trees, grasses and bushes growing in an area are referred to as

- A. plantation B. vegetation
C. crops D. mountain

23. The head of a county is called

- A. Governor B. Senator
C. M.P D. MCA

24. The following instrument is known as



- A. windvane B. thermometer
C. raingauge D. windsock

25. The above instrument is used to measure

- A. rainfall B. wind
C. sunshine D. humidity

26. The Bantu communities are **MAINLY**

- A. pastoralists B. cultivators
C. hunters D. fishermen

27. The movement of goods from one place to another is known as

- A. travelling
B. communication
C. transhumance
D. transportation

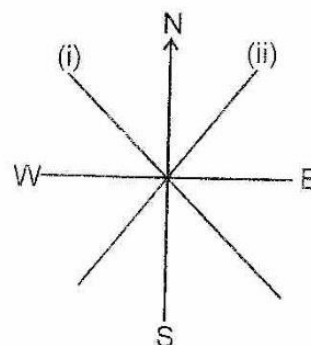
28. In the olden days, children were taught by their

- A. teachers B. church leaders
C. elders D. none

29. The type of a vegetation that has many trees growing close together is known as

- A. savanna B. forest
C. scrub D. grassland

Use the compass to answer questions 30 and 31



30. The direction shown by (i) is known as

- A. North west B. West north
C. North east D. East north

31. The direction marked (ii) is known as

- A. North west B. West north
C. North east D. East north

32. A place that has very few people living there is said to be _____ populated

- A. densely B. sparsely
C. nuclear D. linear

33. Our national flag has _____ colours

- A. 3 B. 6
C. 2 D. 4

34. Which of the following is **NOT** a major language group?

- A. Agikuyu B. Bantu
C. Nilotes D. Cushites

35. On 1st June we celebrate _____ day

- A. Labour B. Madaraka
C. Jamhuri D. Mashujaa

36. What liquid is used in a thermometer?

- A. Mercury B. Water
C. Spirit D. Acid

37. _____ family is made up of uncles, aunts and cousins

- A. Nuclear B. Single parent
C. Clan D. Extended

38. The sun sets in the _____

- A. East B. North
C. West D. South

39. Dairy cows are kept for
 A. meat B. milk
 C. skin D. hooves
40. In the olden days _____ trade was used
 A. barter B. money
 C. internal D. local
41. Pyrethrum is used to make
 A. oil B. medicine
 C. herbicides D. insecticides
42. The Maasai homestead is called a
 A. hut B. manyatta
 C. granary D. boma
43. _____ is in charge of a school
 A. Head boy B. Class teacher
 C. Head teacher D. Chairman
44. The **BEST** soil for modelling is _____ soil
 A. loam B. sand
 C. clay D. alluvial
45. Which of the following is a moral value?
 A. Honesty B. Corruption
 C. Robbery D. Stealing
46. All the followings are economic activities
EXCEPT
 A. tourism B. mining
 C. trade D. games
47. Crops that are grown for home use are called
 A. cash B. subsistence
 C. folder D. horticulture
48. The Agikuyu call their God
 A. Ngai B. Nyasaye
 C. Engoro D. Enkai
49. The traditional medicine was given to patients
 by people called
 A. doctors B. sorcerers
 C. herbalists D. witches
50. _____ is obtained from sheep
 A. Wool B. Honey
 C. Milk D. Eggs
51. The **MOST** expensive form of transport is
 A. air B. rail
 C. road D. water
52. Which of the following makes tourists afraid
 to visit our country?
 A. Lions B. Terrorists
 C. Rain D. Bad roads
53. Acacia and cactus grow in _____
 vegetation
 A. wet B. rainy
 C. dry D. mountain
54. When people of different communities play
 games together they make
 A. enemies B. families
 C. traders D. friendship
55. A good head boy should be
 A. rich B. kind
 C. famous D. strong
56. The white colour of our national flag stands
 for
 A. peace B. vegetation
 C. blood D. people
57. Which of the following is **NOT** a child right?
 Right to
 A. life B. education
 C. marry D. food
58. The **MAIN** work of police is to
 A. guard vips
 B. salute us
 C. chase thieves
 D. keep law and order
59. Poultry refers to
 A. fish B. domestic birds
 C. wild animals D. hens
60. The road sign below tells the driver that there
 is _____ ahead



- A. a stop over B. danger
 C. a bump D. a mountain

PART II: RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

SECTION A

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. God created Adam and Eve and put them in the garden of
A. Samaria B. Eden
C. Ur D. Tigris
62. Jesus had _____ disciples
A. 10 B. 11
C. 9 D. 12
63. The Holy Spirit does **NOT** produce
A. love
B. kindness
C. jealousy
D. peace
64. Samuel's father was
A. Saul B. David
C. Elkana D. Joseph
65. _____ was sent by God to rescue the children of Israel from slavery
A. Moses B. Saul
C. Samson D. David
66. _____ was told by God to build an Ark
A. Stephen B. Noah
C. Seth D. Abel
67. The Bible has _____ books
A. 33 B. 28
C. 66 D. 47
68. When Jesus walked on water He showed that He had power over
A. death B. people
C. nature D. disciples
69. Who betrayed Jesus?
A. Paul B. Judas
C. Stephen D. James
70. The last book of the Bible is called
A. Revelation
B. Matthew
C. Genesis
D. Malachi
71. Abraham was called by
A. Isaac
B. Holy Spirit
C. Jesus
D. God
72. Before Simon Peter and Andrew were called by Jesus they were
A. rulers
B. fishermen
C. farmers
D. teachers
73. _____ was sold by his brothers
A. Joseph
B. Benjamin
C. Reuben
D. Moses
74. "I was thrown into a den of lion. I am"
A. Moses B. David
C. Daniel D. Abraham
75. Who among the following gave his service in the temple by helping priest Eli?
A. Caleb
B. Samuel
C. Joshua
D. Daniel
76. Who denied Jesus three times?
A. Peter B. Paul
C. Samuel D. Daniel
77. Jesus raised the daughter of _____ from death
A. Martha
B. Hannah
C. Joseph
D. Jairus

78. When Moses died, the children of Israel were led to the promised land by

- A. Moses
- B. Harun
- C. Joshua
- D. Abraham

79. The name Emmanuel means

- A. Saviour of mankind
- B. God with us
- C. son of God
- D. ruler of earth

80. _____ was a place of worship for the Jews

- A. Synagogue
- B. Church
- C. Shrine
- D. Temple

81. Dolisin a class four girl can serve the community by

- A. treating sick people
- B. playing games
- C. reading story books
- D. helping the needy

82. The father of Abraham was

- A. Isaac
- B. Terah
- C. Harun
- D. Ur

83. The paralysed man was healed by Jesus because he had

- A. courage
- B. sin
- C. faith
- D. trust

84. Lazarus had _____ sisters

- A. 3
- B. 2
- C. 4
- D. 1

85. _____ separates man from God

- A. Sin
- B. Jesus
- C. Love
- D. Hope

86. Moses was given the ten commandments on Mt. _____

- A. Horeb
- B. Paradise
- C. Gethsamane
- D. Sinai

87. People who are unkind are

- A. honest
- B. selfish
- C. pure
- D. kind

88. Jesus fed _____ people with five loaves of bread and two fishes.

- A. 5000
- B. 3000
- C. 2000
- D. 6000

89. Abraham had two sons called

- A. Ishmael and Esau
- B. Isaac and Jacob
- C. Ishmael and Isaac
- D. Isaac and Esau

90. Which of the following should **NOT** be done in church?

- A. Playing
- B. Praying
- C. Singing
- D. Teaching

STANDARD FOUR 2014
MARKING SCHEME

ENGLISH	KISWAHILI	MATHS	SCIENCE	SOCIAL STUDIES	
1. B	1. A	1. A	1. A	1. B	51. A
2. A	2. C	2. B	2. C	2. B	52. B
3. D	3. B	3. C	3. B	3. A	53. C
4. B	4. D	4. D	4. C	4. D	54. D
5. C	5. B	5. D	5. B	5. D	55. B
6. D	6. A	6. A	6. A	6. B	56. A
7. B	7. C	7. C	7. C	7. C	57. C
8. D	8. D	8. A	8. D	8. A	58. D
9. C	9. B	9. A	9. A	9. C	59. B
10. A	10. A	10. B	10. C	10. B	60. C
11. C	11. C	11. C	11. B	11. D	R.E.
12. D	12. C	12. D	12. C	12. C	61. B
13. B	13. D	13. D	13. B	13. B	62. D
14. D	14. B	14. C	14. D	14. B	63. C
15. C	15. D	15. B	15. A	15. C	64. C
16. C	16. A	16. D	16. C	16. B	65. A
17. A	17. B	17. A	17. D	17. C	66. B
18. D	18. D	18. C	18. B	18. B	67. C
19. C	19. C	19. B	19. A	19. D	68. C
20. B	20. A	20. D	20. C	20. A	69. B
21. D	21. C	21. C	21. C	21. A	70. A
22. B	22. B	22. A	22. B	22. B	71. D
23. A	23. D	23. B	23. A	23. A	72. B
24. C	24. A	24. C	24. C	24. C	73. A
25. A	25. C	25. D	25. D	25. A	74. C
26. B	26. B	26. D	26. A	26. B	75. B
27. D	27. A	27. C	27. C	27. D	76. A
28. B	28. C	28. B	28. B	28. C	77. D
29. C	29. B	29. A	29. D	29. B	78. C
30. A	30. A	30. D	30. D	30. A	79. B
31. C	31. C	31. C	31. B	31. C	80. A
32. D	32. B	32. A	32. A	32. B	81. D
33. A	33. A	33. B	33. B	33. D	82. B
34. C	34. D	34. D	34. C	34. A	83. C
35. D	35. B	35. C	35. B	35. B	84. B
36. D	36. C	36. A	36. D	36. A	85. A
37. A	37. A	37. C	37. A	37. D	86. D
38. C	38. B	38. D	38. C	38. C	87. B
39. D	39. C	39. C	39. D	39. B	88. A
40. D	40. D	40. B	40. B	40. A	89. C
41. B	41. D	41. B	41. C	41. D	90. A
42. A	42. A	42. C	42. D	42. B	
43. B	43. B	43. B	43. C	43. C	
44. C	44. C	44. A	44. A	44. C	
45. D	45. D	45. C	45. B	45. A	
46. D	46. B	46. D	46. C	46. D	
47. C	47. D	47. B	47. A	47. B	
48. A	48. A	48. C	48. C	48. A	
49. C	49. C	49. A	49. D	49. C	
50. B	50. D	50. B	50. C	50. A	