Write a composition about:-

MY FAMILY
Read the passage below carefully and fill in the blank spaces for questions 1-15

One day _1_ was _2_ to the supermarket by _3_ aunt. When she got there _4_ she took a trolley. A basket _5_ have been too _6_ as she _7_ buying _8_ of things. _9_ picked _10_ in her _11_ list from the _12_ and the rest _13_ the counter. Kakai then joined the queue so as _14_ pay the _15_.

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<td>15</td>
<td>cashier</td>
<td>customer</td>
<td>shopkeeper</td>
<td>trolley</td>
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For questions numbered 16-50, answer each question according to the instructions given.

Choose the best answer to fill in the spaces in questions 16-22

16. Please give me _______ cup of coffee.
   A. these
   B. a
   C. an
   D. two

17. She is _______ honest pupil.
   A. a
   B. of
   C. an
   D. those

18. The morning bell rings _______ eight o'clock.
   A at
   B. on
   C. in
   D. with

19. Faith came home _______ her friend.
   A. and
   B. by
   C. with
   D. on

20. The thief was found hiding _______ the bed.
   A. through
   B. from
   C. into
   D. under

21. The wedding ceremony lasted _______ six hours.
   A. since
   B. for
   C. in
   D. starting

22. Mrs Mwaniki has been absent from school _______ last Tuesday.
   A. for
   B. up to
   C. since
   D. on

For questions 23-25, select the adverb of manner in each sentence.

23. The parents listened patiently to the speech.
   A. patiently
   B. listened
   C. speech
   D. to

24. It rained heavily as the party continued.
   A. rained
   B. party
   C. continued
   D. heavily
25. The bride was smartly dressed.
   A. dressed    B. bride
   C. smartly    D. the

For questions 26-27, select the noun in each sentence

26. My ruler is longer than yours.
   A. longer    B. my
   C. yours     D. ruler

27. They swam in the deepest river.
   A. river    B. they
   C. swam     D. deepest

Select a word that means the same as the underlined one

28. My grandfather is a wealthy man.
   A. healthy    B. rich
   C. poor      D. sick

Choose the sentence which means the same as the one below

29. Janet ate the largest mango.
   A. Janet is eating the largest mango.
   B. The largest mango was eaten by Janet.
   C. Janet gave me the largest mango.
   D. The largest mango was eating Janet.

30. Choose the sentence that is correctly written.
   A. They measured length depth height.
   B. They measured length depth and height.
   C. They measured length and height.
   D. They measured, length, depth, height.

Choose the adverbs of time in the questions numbered 31-32

31. The education officer came to our school yesterday.
   A. school    B. came
   C. yesterday  D. education officer

32. Our headteacher will talk to us in the morning.
   A. morning    B. headteacher
   C. talk       D. us

For questions 33-35 complete the sentences with the correct answer

33. A ______ of monkeys destroyed all the maize in the farm.
   A. gang    B. herd
   C. troop   D. fleet

34. In our school there is a ______ of books.
   A. pupils    B. library
   C. class     D. shoal

35. The fishermen at lake Baringo caught a ______ of fish.
   A. shoal    B. swarm
   C. herd     D. pride

For questions 36-38, complete each sentence using the best answer from the four choices given

36. Bird is to nest as ______ is to hutch.
   A. bee    B. dove
   C. rabbit D. dog

37. Soldier is to ______ as snail is to shell.
   A. pen    B. barrack
   C. web    D. nest

38. ______ is to den as horse is to stable.
   A. Bird    B. Parrot
   C. Nun     D. Lion

Choose the best answer for each question from number 39 - 44

39. Our neighbour’s cock ______ early every morning.
   A. roars    B. crows
   C. barks    D. trumpets

40. The frogs were ______ near the pond.
   A. crowing    B. hissing
   C. hooting   D. croaking

41. Our goat has given birth to a black ______.
   A. kid    B. lamb
   C. puppy   D. calf

42. The dog played with its four ______.
   A. kittens    B. cubs
   C. puppies   D. foals

43. A ______ is a person who shaves our hair.
   A. beggar    B. barber
   C. mason    D. cobbler

44. A jockey is a person who ______.
   A. rides bicycles
   B. likes jokes
   C. repairs machines
   D. rides horses

Choose the correctly spelt words in questions 45 and 46

45. A. expenice    B. shoping
    C. messenger   D. computur
46. A. secretary  B. medicine  
   C. desisie  D. doctor

**Choose the best answer for the questions below**

47. May I use your pencil? 
   A. yes, you can't  B. no, you can.  
   C. yes, you may  D. yes, no

48. They don't have _______ chicken. 
   A. much  B. a lot  
   C. a  D. many

49. Mwende has seen her _______ car. 
   A. mother's  B. mother  
   C. mothers  D. parents

50. Choose the correctly written sentence from the four written below. 
   A. tom and jack repaired the bicycle.  
   B. Juma has started his journey to Malindi?  
   C. My friends is playing with their toys.  
   D. There are flower gardens around our school.

---

**Read the passage below carefully and answer questions 51 - 60**

Once, there lived a man who loved to eat honey, but he was a lazy man. He did not make his own hives. He often found holes in the trees where the bees lived or stole honey from hives which belonged to other people.

One day he went to a forest which was a long way from his village. He saw huge trees and soon found one that had a big hole in its trunk. He put his hand inside at once.

He was greedy, lazy and also unlucky. The bees had left the hole a long time ago and a large poisonous snake had made its home there.

The snake bit the man's hand and the man ran home in great pain. His life was in danger for many days, and he could not ask anyone to help him because they would know he had been stealing again.

After a long time, he recovered from the snake bite. He built his own hives and kept his own bees. He took great care to see that no one stole honey from him and he never stole from anybody else again.

---

51. The man in the story loved to eat honey. 
   Honey is made by _______
   A. bees  B. hives  
   C. trees  D. holes

52. The lazy man did not make his own _______ 
   A. honey  B. hives  
   C. hives  D. trees

53. What did the man see when he went to a forest? 
   A. A big hole  B. Bees  
   C. Poisonous snake  D. Huge trees

54. The man in the story was all the following except:—
   A. greedy  B. danger  
   C. lazy  D. unlucky

55. Complete the following simile. 
   As greedy as a _______
   A. man  B. bee  
   C. hyena  D. wolf

56. For how many days was the man's life in danger according to the story? 
   A. After a long time.  
   B. A long time ago  
   C. For many days  
   D. We are not told

57. The man in the story did the following after he recovered except:—
   A. he built his own hives  
   B. he kept his own bees.  
   C. he took great care of the hives  
   D. he stole honey from anybody

58. The word **bit** is underlined in the story. What is its present tense? 
   A. Bite  B. Bit  
   C. Bitten  D. Beat

59. The man in the story was stealing honey from other people. What do we call a person who steals? 
   A. Stealer  B. Thief  
   C. Stole  D. Man

60. What happened to the man that made him learn never to steal from anybody else again? 
   A. He was bitten by a snake.  
   B. He was stung by bees  
   C. He was a long way from his village.  
   D. He ran home in great pain.
Read the following passage and then answer questions 61 - 70

Going shopping can be an exciting activity. When you decide to go shopping, you should not get too excited. You should first relax and write down your shopping list. A shopping list will guide you and help you not buy things you do not need. If you do not write a list of things to buy, you may end up with things that are not necessary. This is because of buying without planning. Many people make a mistake of going to the supermarkets shelves without a shopping list and then pick other things that they do not really need. This makes one leave out important things needed or even use up all the money. Most people over-spend, which is not a good shopping habit. After picking items on your list, push the trolley towards the cashier. The cashier will calculate your bill and show you the total amount of money to pay.

If you are a wise shopper, you may get some change because of buying only the items you need. Some people do not balance the amount of money they have with the things to buy. They will fill their trolleys with everything they desire to buy but only come to find out that their money is very little when the bill is calculated. This leaves them very embarrassed. It is good to learn to be a wise shopper. Make sure you have a shopping list to guide you.

61. Going shopping can be an ______ activity.
   A. attracting  B. exciting  C. active  D. advertising

62. You should write a ______ to guide you.
   A. trolley  B. shopping basket  C. shopping list  D. cashier

63. If you go shopping without a shopping list, you may ______
   A. buy what you need.
   B. buy what is very necessary
   C. buy without planning
   D. buy many things to fill the trolley

64. The shopping basket that is pushed by shoppers in the supermarket is called a ______
   A. trolley  B. cashier  C. over-spending  D. shelves

65. The opposite of the word buying is ______
   A. bought  B. sold  C. selling  D. stealing

66. To overspend is a ______ habit.
   A. useful  B. good  C. better  D. bad

67. Who calculates the customer's bill in a supermarket?
   A. The shopper  B. The cashier  C. The banker  D. The guard

68. What is a shopping list?
   A. A list of things used in the house.
   B. A list of things found in the supermarket.
   C. A list of things you plan to buy
   D. The amount of money to spend on shopping

69. A ______ shopper may get some change.
   A. wise  B. foolish  C. dull  D. cunning

70. The best title for this passage is ______
   A. Shopping basket  B. Wise shopping  C. Shopping in the supermarket  D. Exciting shopping
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Andika insha ya kusimua kuhusu:

**RAFIKI YANGU**
Sona kifungu hiki na ujazé nafasi wazi kutoka 1-15 kwa jibu sahihi
Wambui ni msichana _1_ shule _2_. Ana adabu _3_ na tabia _4_ na kila mtu anampenda.
Zaidi ya hayo, Wambui ni msichana _5_ kuliko wote shuleni. Anaoga kila siku _6_ maji safi.

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Wapo _15_ na wembamba.

Kutoka swali la 16-30, jibu maswali kulingana na maagizo

16. Tumia kiashiria sahihi
Msichana _______ ni hodari masomoni.
A. hawa  | B. huyu  
C. hao   | D. wale

17. Je, nomino chandarua i katika ngeli ipi?
A. A - WA  | B. U - I  
C. KI - VI | D. LI - YA

18. Mama alitupikia _______ rojorojo.
A. mjuzi  | B. mchuuizi 
C. mjusi  | D. mchuuizi

19. Jibu maamkizi haya;

Habari ya jioni?
A. Njema  | B. Zuri  
C. Mzuri  | D. Sijambo

20. Kanusha sentensi ifuatayo:
Chakula kilipikwa mapema.
A. Chakula havijapikwa mapema.
B. Chakula hakipikwili mapema.
C. Chakula hakikutupikwa mapema.
D. Chakula kilikuliwa mapema.

21. Andika tarakimu hii kwa maneno: Mayai 994
A. Mia tisa tisini na nne.
B. Mia tisa tisini na manne.
C. Mia tisa sitini na nne.
D. Mia sita sitini na nne.
22. Ugonjwa wa kukohoa sana ambapo muwele anawezu kukohoa hata damu huitwa ____
   A. kipindupindu  B. ukambi
   C. mba  D. kifuakikuu

23. Kamilisha methali ifuatayo:
   Mgaaga na upwa hali wali ____
   A. sana  B. akashiba
   C. mkavu  D. tamu

24. ____ ni vazi linalovaliwa na wafanyakazi kama makanika.
   A. Bwelasuti  B. Gagro
   C. Kabuti  D. Kashiri

25. Gari limeng'o a nanga. Ni nini maana ya semi 'ng'o nanga?'
   A. Kamilisha safari
   B. Anza safari
   C. Haribu kifaa kinachoitwa nanga
   D. Pumzi kafarini

26. Tumia sifa -epesi-
   Daftari ____ limeanguka.
   A. epesi  B. nyepesi
   C. njepesi  D. jepesi

27. Tegua kitendawili kifuatacho:-
   Popoo mbili zavuka mto ____
   A. macho  B. daraja
   C. safiri  D. kaburi

28. Tumia kihuishi mwafaka :-
   Mwanafunzi alijificha ____ darasa
   alipomwona mwalimu.
   A. chini ya  B. juu ya
   C. nyuma ya  D. katikati ya

29. Je, ndege wa pori mwenye madoadaoa huitwa
   A. mbayuwayu  B. heroe
   C. kanga  D. chiriku

30. Tumia kiulizi 'gani?'
   Wanafunzi ____ waliotuzwa zawadi?
   A. wagani  B. gani
   C. mgani  D. viganii

31. Chombo cha jikoni cha kupepetea nafaka huitwa ____
   A. bilauri  B. buli
   C. mchi  D. uteo

32. Andika wingi wa sentensi ifuatayo:-
   Tunda lako limeliwa.
   A. Matunda yako yameliwa.
   B. Matunda yenu imeliwa.
   C. Matunda yao yameliwa.
   D. Matunda yenu yameliwa

33. Akifisha sentensi hii:-
   Lo ____ mtoto ni mgonjwa.
   A. !  B. ,
   C. ,  D. ?

34. Akisami iliypakwa rangi ni gani?

   A. Robo  B. Subui
   C. Sudusi  D. Humusi

35. Je, jua huchomoza upande gani?
   A. Kaskazini  B. Mashariki
   C. Kusini  D. Magharibi

36. Tumia kiulizi "Pi"?
   A. Umemwona kiranja ____?
   B. wapi  C. kipi
   D. vipi

37. Je, ni saa ngapi?

   A. Saa saba na robo.
   B. Saa tatu kasoro dakika ishirini na tano
   C. Saa tisa kasoro dakika sabā.
   D. Saa moja na robo

38. Nyama zinazoshikilia meno huitwa ____
   A. fizi  B. taya
   C. kinywa  D. mapafu

39. Tumia neno sahihi kujazia sentensi.
   Moto mkaidi ____ yai.
   A. amefua  B. amevunja
   C. amevua  D. amekunja

40. ____ ni myamapori mwenye kipusa usoni
   A. Ngiri  B. Nyati
   C. Kifaru  D. Tumbiri

41. Tumia sifa -pya- kwa usahihi:-
   Jarida ____ limechapidisha.
   A. mpya  B. kipyä
   C. lipya  D. jipyä

42. Tumia kiambishi kifaacho:-
Mgonjwa ame ___ tunza mwenyewe.
A. ji
B. m
C. wa
D. ku

43. Aina ya kitambaa chepesi cha kusafishia jereha huitwa ______
A. plasta
B. pamba
C. bendjeji
D. hanchifu

44. Je, hili ni umbo gani?
A. Mraba
B. Mche mstatili
C. Mstatili
D. Kopa

45. Tumia kiunganishi sahihi:
Nilimwona ______ sikumusalamia.
A. wala
B. bila
C. kwa sababu
D. lakini

46. Kenya ni ______ ya amani.
A. inchi
B. jiji
C. nchi
D. taifa

47. Mtoto wa mwana wako utamwita ______
A. mpwa
B. mjukuu
C. kitukuu
D. umbu

48. Tumia kiulizi “ngapi”? 
Umewaona vinyonga ______?
A. wangapi
B. vingapi
C. ngapi
D. mingapi

49. Tambua kinyume cha neno lililopigiwa mstari:-
Mwalimu amandika neno ubaoni.
A. amevuta
B. ameharibu
C. amechora
D. amefuta

50. Chai ya mkandaa huwa na rangi ya ______
A. samawati
B. hudhurungi
C. manjano
D. nili

**Soma kifungu kifuatacho kisha ujibu maswali kutoka 51 - 60**

Mara nyingi redio na runinga setu zimetangaza hatari za ulevi. Tumekanywa kuhusu dawa za kulevya kama bangi, sigara na pombe. Vitu hivi ndivyo vinavyosababisha au kueneza maafa na mafuta kama matatizo makubwa kama vile wizi, ujambozi, uzururaji, wazimu na ugonjwa wa ukimwi. Mtu yeyote mwenye akili timamu lazima ajitunze na kujilinda ili awe na fya njema. Hasta
wewe mwanafunzi, ujilinde na ujichunge.
Usiyacheze maisha yako. La sivyo, utajuta na majuto ni mjukuu.

51. Redio na ______ hutangaza hatari za ulevi
A. rungu
B. wembe
C. televisheni
D. ngumi

52. Dawa za kulevya zinazozungumziwa kwenye habari hii ni ______
A. pombe, nafaka, sigara
B. bangi, pombe, pipi
C. sigara, bangi, bibo
D. pombe, sigara, bangi

53. Kisawe cha neno ‘maafa’ kama lilyvotumika kwenye habari ni ______
A. kisirani
B. wema
C. uzuri
D. upole

54. Wazimu ni ugonjwa wa ______
A. kuanguka
B. akili
C. viungo
D. kuendesha

55. Mtu mwenye akili ______ lazima ajitunze.
A. punguani
B. kamilifu
C. butu
D. majununi

56. Mwanafunzi anatakiwa kufanya nini?
A. Ajilinde na ajichunge
B. Asome na apigane
C. Awe mwizi na asome
D. Ajute na azungumze

57. Ni methali gani inayolingana na maelezo haya “Usiyacheze maisha yako”?
A. Haba na haba hujaza kibaba.
B. Tahadhari kabla ya hatari.
C. Mwenda pole hajikwai
D. Panya wengi hawachimbi shimo.

58. Wingi wa-dawa ni ______
A. madawa
B. dawa
C. mandawa
D. ndawa
59. Majuto ni ________
   A. mtukutu
   B. mkimbizi
   C. njukuu
   D. kitukuu

60. Kichwa cha habari hii ni ________
   A. pombe
   B. sigara
   C. wanafunzi
   D. dawa za kuleva.

Soma ufahamu ufuatao kisha ujibu maswali kutoka 61 - 70

Maisha katika kijiji cha Soweto yalikuwa magumu sana kutokana na halu ya umaskini. Watoto wengi waliacha masomo kutokana na ukosefu wao karbo. Hali hii ilikithiri na kufikia kwangwa cha kutisha cha watoto wengi kukata kamba kutokana na maradhi ya utapiamlo.

Hata hivy, wazalendo wa kijiji hicho hawakukata tamaa bali waliendelea kufanya bidii katika kila shughuli huku wakiomba msada kutoka kwa serikali.

Maafisa wa afya wahezuru kijiji hicho na kumbashauri wananchi kupanda mboga na matunda mbalimbali ili kuinua kwangwa cha afya. Pia, waliusiwa kufuga wanyama wadogo wadogo wakiwemo sungura, kuku na mbuzi. Wanyama hawa wangefaa kwa kuwapa nyama.

Kweli, penye nia panaji. Wanakijiji walifuata mawaidha hayo na wakawezwa kuyashinda magonjwa yaliyosasumbua. Kutokana na ushirikiano wao waliweza kupiganza na umaskini. Kweli umoja ni nguvu utengano ni ________.

61. Taarifa hii inarejelea kijiji cha .........
   A. Soweto
   B. Kibera
   C. Afya
   D. Mathare

62. Maisha yalikuwa magumu kutokana na:-
   A. ujambazi
   B. ukosefu wa elimu
   C. umaskini
   D. wazalendo

63. Je, ni nini maana ya semi kata kamba?
   A. Kuiharibu kamba
   B. Kosa ra ha
   C. Kuugua
   D. Kufa

64. Watoto katika kijiji hiki waliangaishwa na ugonjwa wa ________
   A. safura
   B. utapiamlo
   C. ukambi
   D. shurua

65. Wananchi waliomba msaada kutoka kwa:
   A. majirani
   B. serikali
   C. wenzao
   D. wafigaji

66. Wanakijiji hawakushauriwa kufuga .........
   A. sungura
   B. ng’ombe
   C. kuku
   D. mbuzi

67. Kijiji hiki kilitembelewa na maafisa wa:
   A. kilimo
   B. fedha
   C. elimu
   D. afya

68. Kwa nini watoto wengi wakaacha masomo?
   A. Kukosa karbo
   B. Maradhi
   C. Kukosa uzalamo
   D. Kuchukia elimu

69. Wananchi hawa walipenda:-
   A. ushirikiano
   B. ugomvi
   C. umaskini
   D. magonjwa

70. Kamiliki methali hii: Umoja ni nguvu utengano ni ________
   A. dhambi
   B. udhaifu
   C. uthaifu
   D. maafa
1. Write in symbols: Forty seven thousand and one
   A. 47010  B. 47100
   C. 47001  D. 4701

2. Write the place value of digit 6 in the following 206731
   A. Thousands  B. Hundreds
   C. Thousandths  D. Ten thousands

3. Which of the following is an odd number?
   A. 462  B. 101
   C. 86  D. 100

4. Give fraction which is equivalent to the following 3/5
   A. 2/3  B. 6/5
   C. 6/5  D. 10/12

5. Kamau has 8 hens. Each hen laid 22 eggs. How many eggs did he get?
   A. 20  B. 166
   C. 176  D. 178

6. Write the place value of digit 3 in the following 10.131
   A. Thousandths  B. Hundredths
   C. Tenths  D. Tens

7. The length of a classroom is 10m 46cm. What is the length in cm?
   A. 146  B. 56cm
   C. 46cm  D. 1046cm

8. Work out: □ - 11.1 = 99.9
   A. 111  B. 110.0
   C. 11.1  D. 88.8

9. Three pupils were each given 3/10 of an orange. What fraction of the orange did they get altogether?
   A. 3/10  B. 6/10
   C. 9/10  D. 9/30

10. Divide: 552 by 24
    A. 21  B. 24
    C. 23  D. 25

11. Nyuki went round the figure below, what distance did he cover?
    ![Diagram of a figure]
    A. 222m  B. 261m
    C. 366m  D. 356m

12. Add: 5/12 + 3/12 + 4/12
    A. 11/24  B. 11/12
    C. 14/12  D. 7/12
13. **Work out**: 57469

+23486

A. 80955  
B. 80945  
C. 70955  
D. 80855

14. Nyambura was in school for 5 weeks. How many days was she in school?
A. 35 days  
B. 20 days  
C. 12 days  
D. 25 days

15. What is the length of the line below in cm?

A. 7cm  
B. 10cm  
C. 8cm  
D. 6cm

16. In a village, there were 59529 people. Out of these 23683 are adults. How many children are in that village?
A. 35846  
B. 83212  
C. 36946  
D. 36166

17. How many small squares are in the figure below?

A. 11  
B. 12  
C. 24  
D. 32

18. Macharia had $\frac{7}{11}$ of a sugarcane. He gave his friend $\frac{2}{11}$ of the sugarcane. What fraction of the sugarcane was he left with?
A. $\frac{9}{11}$  
B. $\frac{8}{11}$  
C. $\frac{11}{5}$  
D. $\frac{11}{11}$

19. How many days are there in May, June and July?
A. 92  
B. 90  
C. 91  
D. 93

20. **Work out**: sh  

55  

x  

A. sh220 360cents  
B. sh221 30cents  
C. sh222 60cents  
D. sh223 60cts

21. Which is the next number in the pattern:
36, 45, 54, 63, ______?
A. 79  
B. 65  
C. 72  
D. 69

22. Which of the following fractions is greater?
$\frac{1}{8}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{6}$
A. $\frac{1}{8}$  
B. $\frac{1}{2}$  
C. $\frac{1}{6}$  
D. $\frac{1}{3}$

23. Add: $\frac{1}{4}$litres + $\frac{1}{4}$litres + $\frac{1}{4}$litres + $\frac{1}{4}$litres =
A. $\frac{1}{4}$ litres  
B. $\frac{1}{4}$litres  
C. $\frac{1}{4}$litres  
D. 1 litre

24. How many cubes are in the stack below?

A. 90  
B. 45  
C. 135  
D. 180
25. \[ \begin{align*} \text{M} & \quad \text{cm} \\
6 & \quad 45 \\
\times & \quad 5 \\
\hline 
A. & \quad 32\text{m} \quad 25\text{cm} \\
B. & \quad 30\text{m} \quad 225\text{cm} \\
C. & \quad 30\text{m} \quad 25\text{cm} \\
D. & \quad 32\text{m} \quad 52\text{cm} \\
\end{align*} \]

26. Work out: \[388.2 + 31.25 + 4\]
A. 419.49 \\
B. 423.45 \\
C. 601, 10 \\
D. 4194.9

27. Which of the following are factors of 42?
A. \(7 \times 5\) \\
B. \(6 \times 4\) \\
C. \(7 \times 6\) \\
D. \(6 \times 5\)

28. Work out: \[23 \div 47\]
A. 35 rem 42 \\
B. 36 rem 29 \\
C. 26 rem 19 \\
D. 36 rem 19

29. How many \(\frac{1}{4}\) kilograms are there in 15 kilograms?
A. 15 \\
B. 20 \\
C. 17 \\
D. 30

30. What is the length of your classroom door?
A. 2cm \\
B. 2m \\
C. 2000cm \\
D. 20m

31. Which of the following numbers are divisible by 5 and 10?
A. 252, 450 \\
B. 475, 340 \\
C. 660, 440 \\
D. 280, 325

32. Work out: \(\frac{8}{49} \times 40\)
A. \(\frac{8}{490}\) \\
B. 20 \\
C. 30 \\
D. 25

33. Muthoni went to the shop and bought 2 loaves of bread at sh45 each, 1 packet of maize flour for sh 140 and half kilogramme cooking fat for sh250. If she paid with a five hundred shilling note, how much balance did she get?
A. sh 65 \\
B. sh 20 \\
C. sh 30 \\
D. sh 12

34. Work out: \(55 \times 10\)
A. 550 \\
B. 500 \\
C. 5050 \\
D. 5500

35. The perimeter of a rectangle is 90m. If its width is 20m, what is its length?
A. 20m \\
B. 50m \\
C. 25m \\
D. 40m

36. How many shillings and cents are there in 885 cents?
A. sh 8 85cts \\
B. sh 88 5 cts \\
C. sh 8 58cts \\
D. sh 88 85cts

37. Which one of the following is a square?

A. \[\text{A}\] \\
B. \[\text{B}\] \\
C. \[\text{C}\] \\
D. \[\text{D}\]

38. A mother shared 96 oranges to her 4 children. How many oranges did each get?
A. 16 \\
B. 14 \\
C. 26 \\
D. 24

39. Work out: 8 quarter litres - 5 quarter litres
A. 3 quarters \\
B. 5 quarters \\
C. 13 quarters \\
D. 4 quarters
40. Write 0.99 as a fraction
   A. \( \frac{99}{100} \)     \( \frac{9}{10} \)     \( \frac{99}{10} \)     \( \frac{100}{99} \)

41. Add 46m 49cm to 51m 73cm
   A. 97m 122cm
   B. 98m 22cm
   C. 97m 22cm
   D. 971m 22cm

42. The width of a vegetable garden is 700cm. What is the width in metres?
   A. 0.7m
   B. 7000m
   C. 7m
   D. 70m

43. Write down the following number: One hundred and four point zero seven.
   A. 10.407
   B. 104.7
   C. 10407
   D. 104.07

44. Write \( \frac{3}{8} \) words
   A. Eight thirds
   B. Three eighths
   C. Three and eight
   D. Eight three

45. Work out: 5 \( \frac{18m}{50cm} \)
   A. 3m 10cm
   B. 3m 50cm
   C. 3m 60cm
   D. 3m 70cm

46. A boy bought 3kg of sugar. He fell down and \( \frac{3}{4} \)kg poured. How much sugar did he take home?
   A. 3\( \frac{3}{4} \)kg
   B. 2\( \frac{3}{4} \)kg
   C. \( \frac{4}{12} \)kg
   D. \( \frac{3}{12} \)kg

47. What is the time shown on the clock?
   A. Twelve minutes to eight
   B. Twenty minutes past twelve
   C. Twenty minutes to twelve
   D. Eight minutes past twelve

48. Which group consists of even numbers only?
   A. 472, 693, 4736, 700
   B. 575, 377, 6497, 17
   C. 436, 103, 829, 6619
   D. 928, 634, 300, 9166

49. Work out: \( \frac{\text{sh 119}}{70\text{cts}} \)
   A. sh 19 95cts
   B. sh18 95cts
   C. sh 19 78cts
   D. sh19 27cts

50. What is the fraction of the shaded part in the figure below?
   A. \( \frac{7}{12} \)
   B. \( \frac{3}{7} \)
   C. \( \frac{4}{12} \)
   D. \( \frac{3}{12} \)
1. Kamau wanted to cut a piece of banana to his friend. Which teeth did he use to cut the banana?
   A. Premolars  B. Canines  C. Molars  D. Incisors

2. Sisal and cotton are examples of ____ crops
   A. beverage  B. fibre  C. food  D. cereal

3. Tomothy observed thick white featherly clouds. It had a flat base. The clouds indicates ____ weather.
   A. fine  B. sunny  C. cloudy  D. windy

4. The following are all characteristics of animals. Which one is not?
   A. React to changes in the environment  B. Remove waste  C. Feed with meat  D. Reproduce young ones

5. The following are uses of water in recreation. Which one is not?
   A. Fountains  B. Swimming  C. Boat rowing  D. Skiing

6. Dead animals and plants rot. This waste matter is known as:
   A. nutrients  B. humus  C. soil  D. components

7. Which of the following are not an energy giving foods?
   A. Ugali, sugarcane  B. Honey, maize  C. Rice, green bananas  D. Sardines, peas

8. The following are forms of matter. Which one is not?
   A. Swimming  B. Solids  C. Liquids  D. Gases

9. King Wanga placed a bottle top in water as shown below.
   ![Image of a bottle top in water]

   They later crushed the bottle top and found that it sank. The pupils were investigating about?
   A. Size  B. Shape  C. Material  D. Colour

10. Tally made a tank as shown below.
    ![Image of a tank]

    The best point to fix a tap on the tank is __________
    A. D  B. A  C. B  D. C

11. We cut napier grass using a _______
    A. knife  B. saw  C. jembe  D. panga

12. The type of teeth shown below is known as:
    ![Image of a tooth]
    A. canine  B. molar  C. incisor  D. premolar
13. Eye glasses should be given by ______
   A. glasses doctors  B. head doctors
   C. eye doctors    D. body doctors

14. A toilet is also called_______
   A. pit latrine    B. water closet
   C. water tank   D. a cleanser

15. These plants grow in water and near water except:
   A. mangrove tree  B. carrot plant
   C. papyrus plant  D. water lily

Use the weather chart below to answer the question below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DAY</th>
<th>MORNING</th>
<th>AFTERNOON</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Monday</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tuesday</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wednesday</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thursday</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friday</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

16. Wednesday was a _______ and ______ day.
   A. sunny, cloudy
   B. windy, cloudy
   C. sunny, windy
   D. sunny, calm

17. The surrounding of an animal make up its ______
   A. food          B. shelter
   C. environment  D. reproduction

18. The broilers are chicken kept for meat. They are ready to be slaughtered after:
   A. one year     B. two months
   C. 9 months    D. half a year

19. The soil that contains very fine particles is known as ______
   A. clay soil  B. sandy soil
   C. loam soil  D. organic matter

20. Which one of the following groups of foods make a balanced diet?
   A. Rice, sweet potatoes, meat
   B. Bread, green bananas, sukuma wiki
   C. Beans, fish, cabbages
   D. Meat, potatoes, oranges

21. The following are forms of energy. Which one is not?
   A. Light  B. Sky
   C. Sound  D. Heat

22. The following are natural ways of lighting a house. Which one is not?
   A. Sky lights  B. Windows
   C. Doors  D. Electricity

23. The following are uses of heat. Which one is not?
   A. Ironing  B. Drying clothes
   C. Cooking  D. Taking Photographs

24. The following are types of foods which can cause tooth decay. Which one is not?
   A. Cakes  B. Biscuits
   C. Raw carrots  D. Sweets

25. Pupils from Muirungi Primary School were told by their teachers to name the crops grown around their school. They gave out the names of the following plants: - Coconut, sunflower. The pupils gave examples of ______ crops.
   A. oil  B. fibre
   C. beverage  D. vegetable

26. The diagram below shows ______ weed.
   A. wandering jew
   B. mexican marigold
   C. black jack
   D. oxalis
27. The process of controlling weeds where dry grass is spread around the plant is known as
   A. slashing           B. mulching
   C. uprooting           D. driping
28. Karimi observed the sky at night. For eight days he observed that the moon kept on changing shapes. The different shapes are called_____
   A. phases of the sky
   B. phases of the sun
   C. phases of the moon
   D. phases of the stars
29. A______ has strong hind legs for hopping.
   A. bee               B. locust
   C. mosquito           D. ant
30. All the following transport water except:
   A. tap                  B. pipes
   C. tankers              D. cans
31. Wet soil from a riverbed feels______ while wet soil from a building site loses water______.
   A. sticky, slowly
   B. rough, quickly
   C. sticky, quickly
   D. little rough, quickly
32. We should always take______ water everyday
   A. plenty of
   B. little
   C. a glass of
   D. two glasses of
33. When light bounces off the mirror we say light has been______.
   A. refracted
   B. reflected
   C. bent
   D. bounced
34. A tailor uses a______ to cut out cloth and waiters in a hotel use______ to open soda bottles.
   A. knife, bottle opener
   B. fishing rod, bottle crate
   C. pair of scissors, bottle opener
   D. pair of scissors, knife
35. Foods that protect our bodies against diseases are called:
   A. energy giving foods
   B. herb foods
   C. vitamins
   D. proteins
36. The following are uses of light. Which one is not?
   A. Encourages pests
   B. Plant use to make food
   C. Taking of photographs
   D. See clearly
37. The following are safety measures when one is using a hammer:
   i. Remove your hand
   ii. Hold a nail upright on a piece of wood.
   iii. Drive the nail into the wood
   iv. Hit the nail slightly while still holding until it enters
   Which of the following is correctly arranged?
   A. i, ii, iii, iv
   B. iv, iii, ii, i
   C. ii, iv, i, iii
   D. iii, iv, i, ii
38. Class four pupils made four holes along a height of a tin as shown:

   They poured water into the tin. Which hole produced the longest jet?
39. Oiling tools prevents them from:
   A. becoming blunt
   B. decaying
   C. drying
   D. rusting
40. The last four teeth to come out in adult life are known as:
41. A special type of thread covered with wax that cleans between the teeth is known as:-
A. dental carries  B. plaque
C. dental cavities  D. dental floss

42. What is the meaning of the following initials H.I.V.?
A. Acquired Immunodeficiency Virus
B. Acquired Immune deficiency Syndrome
C. Human Immunodeficiency Virus
D. Human Immuno Virus

43. The following are legumes. Which one is not?
A. Kales  B. Beans
C. Greengrams  D. Peas

44. Wandering jew is a _______
A. vegetable  B. crop
C. weed  D. cloth

45. The following are ways used in grouping the clouds. Which one is not?
A. Size  B. Height
C. Appearance  D. Shape

46. The diagram below shows an animal.

How does the animal drawn above move? It
A. glides  B. gallops
C. crawls  D. slithers

47. Pupils from Ruchu Primary went for a field study near their neighbour’s farm. They found a dog with its tongue out. This is known as __
A. hunting  B. panting
C. gurdung  D. fluffing

48. Pupils were given home work by their teacher to draw the diagrams shown below.

Which method shown above is not a way of storing water?

49. The following are uses of water in a farm. Which one is not?
A. Irrigation  B. Watering animals
C. Rearing fish  D. Boat racing

50. Pupils from Gichami Primary put some water in a tin and covered it with a small lid as shown below.

They later placed the tin on fire. After ten minutes they lifted the lid. What did they observe on the lid?
A. Water droplets  B. Mineral salts
C. Bubbles  D. Some insects
1. Which is the lowest area in Mavuno area?
   A. Kona village  B. Gitati village  
   C. Muhati area  D. Gakuru village

2. Mavuno area is likely to be a _________.
   A. District  B. County  
   C. Province  D. Country

3. The airstrip in Mavuno area is likely to carry:
   A. cattle  B. tourists  
   C. fruits  D. fish

4. What is the direction of the airstrip from the church?
   A. South  B. East  
   C. North  D. West

5. River Maguta has ________ tributaries.
   A. four  B. one  
   C. three  D. two

6. People of Mavuno area are ________.
   A. christians  B. hindus  
   C. muslims  D. pagans

7. The main means of transport in Mavuno area is ________.
   A. water  B. road  
   C. air  D. on foot

8. A long chain of hills are called ________.
   A. aberdare  B. mountain  
   C. ranges  D. forest

9. The following rivers have their source in Aberdare ranges except:

10. The main type of trees found in scrub vegetation is:
    A. cactus  B. marshes  
    C. baobab  D. acacia

11. The County bordering Nyeri County to the East is ________.
    A. Murang'a  B. Kirinyaga  
    C. Laikipia  D. Nyandarua

12. The ________ part of Nyeri County is covered by grassland.
    A. Northern  B. Central  
    C. Eastern  D. Southern

13. The arrow of the windvane points where the wind is blowing ________.
    A. after  B. to  
    C. from  D. against

14. The compass direction marked V is ________.

   A. North East  B. South East  
   C. South West  D. North West
15. Which one of the following is the odd one out?
A. Aembu  
B. Abaluhya  
C. Taita  
D. Maasai

16. Areas that have high population like towns are said to be ______ populated.
A. thinly  
B. densely  
C. highly  
D. sparsely

17. The way of life of people in different communities in the Country is called ______.
A. ceremonies  
B. dressing  
C. culture  
D. moral values

18. The following are festivals except: ______.
A. drama  
B. naming  
C. harvest  
D. music

19. The town marked H is likely to be: ______.
A. Nyeri  
B. Naromoru  
C. Karatina  
D. Othaya

20. The river marked W is ______.
A. Thuthi  
B. Sagana  
C. Honi  
D. Gura

21. The shaded area marked K is ______.
A. Kabiru -ini  
B. Aberdare  
C. Mt. Kenya  
D. Chinga dam

22. Which one of the following physical features is not found in our country?
A. Lake  
B. Valley  
C. Dam  
D. Forest

23. Most of the rivers in our country drain to river ______.
A. Gura  
B. Thuthi  
C. Mathioya  
D. Sagana

24. Tumutumu hill is found in which district?
A. Tetu  
B. Mathira West  
C. Mathira East  
D. Mukurwe-ini

25. Traditional ironworkers were called ______.
A. carvers  
B. blacksmiths  
C. potters  
D. traders

26. ______ materials are taken to the industries to make finished products.
A. Leather  
B. Bad  
C. Raw  
D. Weaving

27. People used ______ to weave fabrics and to make baskets and ropes.
A. fibres  
B. wood  
C. clay  
D. leather

28. The trade where people exchanged goods they had with the ones they did not have is called: ______.
A. modern trade  
B. giving trade  
C. currency trade  
D. barter trade

29. Which one of the following is not a major trading centre in our county?
A. Kiganjo  
B. Kiria-ini  
C. Kiawara  
D. Endarasha

30. People who are paid to carry goods are called ______.
A. pack animals  
B. donkey  
C. porters  
D. taxi

31. Tourism is important because ______.
A. visitors come to see us  
B. farmers get money after selling their crops to tourist hotels  
C. the wild animals get food  
D. it helps us to learn English

32. Trading activities were conducted ______ in the past.
A. in shops  
B. at the chief's office  
C. in open-air markets  
D. in shops

33. Game reserves are managed by ______.
A. policemen  
B. District Commissioners  
C. Kenya wildlife Service [KWS]  
D. Local County government

34. The natural homes of wildlife are called ______.
A. habitats  
B. forests  
C. museums  
D. game parks

35. Which one of the following is not an example of an airstrip or airfield in our County?
A. Karatina  
B. Nyeri  
C. Gakawa  
D. Mweiga

36. The road sign below means: ______.
A. danger ahead  
B. no road ahead  
C. hospital ahead  
D. road junction

37. Which one of the following traditional forms of communication is not non-verbal?
A. Fire and smoke  
B. Ululations  
C. Beating of drums  
D. Blowing horns

38. Which one of the following tourist attractions is found in both Nyeri and Kirinyaga counties?
A. Gura falls  B. Aberdare  
C. Mount Kenya  D. Chania falls

39. Horticultural crops involves growing of flowers and ————
A. vegetables  B. wheat  
C. coffee  D. pyrethrum

40. The following items were made from leather except:
A. sandals  B. spears  
C. ropes  D. clothes

41. _______ is a person who belongs to a particular Country.
A. Society  B. Dweller  
C. Citizen  D. Kenyan

42. Which one of the following is not a traditional industry?
A. Glass making  B. Basketry  
C. Pottery  D. Iron-working

43. Watering of plants where there is little or no rainfall is ________
A. planting  B. swamping  
C. drying  D. irrigation

44. The waterfalls found in our County is ————
A. Gikira falls  B. Sagana falls  
C. Gura falls  D. Thitu falls

45. Gourds for storing milk and water were made from:
A. Mungo  B. calabash  
C. pumpkins  D. clay

46. ________ is not a member of a nuclear family
A. Father  B. Mother  
C. Uncle  D. Children

47. Chicken reared for meat are called ————
A. poultry  B. broilers  
C. beef farming  D. layers

48. ________ is not a resource.
A. Soil  B. Water  
C. Wildlife  D. Road

49. The headquarters of our County is in ————
A. Othaya  B. Nairobi  
C. Nyeri  D. Karatina

50. Traditional doctors who collect their medicines from different types of plants are called
A. nurses  B. herbalists  
C. doctors  D. witchdoctors

51. Beef cattle are kept in large farms called ————
A. zero grazing  B. paddocks  
C. forests  D. ranches

52. Rivers that dry up during the dry season are known as ———— rivers.
A. permanent  B. dry  
C. seasonal  D. net

53. When we resolve our differences, we live ————
A. in peace  B. unhappily  
C. in poverty  D. in sadness

54. The main tourist attraction in Aberdare national park is:
A. beautiful sites  B. wildlife  
C. traditional food  D. traditional dances

55. The major cause of road accident in most roads of our county is ________
A. poor roads  B. use of unroadworthy vehicles  
C. careless use of the roads  D. careless traffic officers

56. The weather instrument below is used to measure:
A. strength of the wind  B. temperature  
C. direction of wind  D. amount of rainfall

57. An example of planted forest is found in:
A. Mount Kenya forest  B. Aberdare forest  
C. Karima hill  D. Nyana hill

58. The carrying away of soil by water and wind is called soil ————
A. protection  B. cover  
C. transport  D. erosion

59. Rainfall is measured in ————
A. °C  B. mm  
C. km  D. cm

60. All the plants found in an area are known as:
A. vegetation  B. vegetables  
C. forests  D. trees

C.R.E

61. ________ means “The place of the skull”
A. Gethsemane  B. Calvary  
C. Sinai  D. Olives

62. When Jesus raised Lazarus, He showed he had power over ————
A. creation  B. death  
C. evil  D. resurrection

63. “Wherever you go, I will go; wherever you live, I will live. Your people will be my people, and your God will be my God. These words were said by Ruth to ————
A. Orpha  B. Mahlon  
C. Elimelech  D. Naomi

64. What was the name of Hannah’s son?
A. Samuel  B. Joseph  
C. David  D. Esau

65. ________ would not let Jesus wash his feet?
A. Judas  B. Andrew  
C. Simon  D. James

66. When Jesus fed 4000 people ———— baskets were collected as left overs.
A. 12  B. 3  
C. 8  D. 7
67. Adam and Eve had been told by God not to eat fruits from the tree in the middle of the garden because if they ate they would:
A. die
B. be seen
C. not be satisfied
D. live forever

68. Who among the following made a good choice
A. Adam
B. Ananias
C. Levi
D. Sapphira

69. By promising her only son to God Hannah was
A. selfish
B. unselfish
C. obedient
D. unfair

70. Which one of the following is not an African Independent church?
A. The Akorino church
B. African Divine church
C. African Inland church
D. The Legio Maria church of Africa

71. Service given by people who do not ask for payment is __________ service.
A. voluntary
B. emergency
C. christian
D. social

72. When Sarah was 99 years old and Abraham 100 years, God gave them a son called
A. Samuel
B. Jacob
C. Ismael
D. Isaac

73. Jesus healed the Centurion's servant at
A. Nazareth
B. Galilee
C. Jericho
D. Capernaum

74. Which one of the following is not a way of expressing peace in traditional African society?
A. Shaking hands
B. Drinking beer during parties
C. Through marriages
D. Reading together

75. “I will ask the father, and he will send you a helper, who will stay with you for ever” The helper being referred to is:
A. The holy spirit
B. Jesus
C. Mother
D. prophet

76. When Peter preached on the day of Pentecost, ______ people believed and were baptized.
A. three hundred
B. three thousand
C. thirty
D. ten

77. The following are christian communities in Kenya except:
A. The Akorino churches
B. The Presbyterian Church of East Africa
C. The Methodist church
D. Hinduism

78. When Jesus healed the ten lepers, the one who was thankful was a
A. jew
B. samaritan
C. levite
D. priest

79. King Ahab had a wife called:
A. Deborah
B. Naomi
C. Lydia
D. Jezebel

80. Angel Gabriel informed Mary about the birth of Jesus. This is called
A. Annunciation
B. Resurrection
C. Ascension
D. Census

81. The Pharisee and the tax collector went to church to pray. In his prayer the Pharisee was not
A. arrogant
B. proud
C. humble
D. self-conceited

82. Lazy people in the traditional African communities are mocked through all the following except:
A. songs
B. prayers
C. stories
D. riddles

83. On his way to school, Kamau, a std 4 boy found a fifty shillings note lying on the road. As a Christian what should he do?
A. Give the teacher on duty
B. Buy sweets and share with his friends
C. Take it back to his mother at home
D. Give it as an offering to the church

84. The early Christians did all the following except:
A. hated each other
B. shared meals
C. worshipped together
D. sold their properties

85. Kamau, a std 4 boy at Mucharage Primary school can serve in his church by doing all the following except:
A. singing
B. reading the bible
C. praying
D. stealing

86. Prophet ______ prophesied about the birth of the prince of peace.
A. Micah
B. Isaiah
C. Joel
D. Jeremiah

87. Three of the following are sacred places for the traditional African communities. Which one is not?
A. Church
B. Caves
C. Hills
D. Mountains

88. ______ is the last book in the Old Testament while ______ is the last in the New Testament.
A. Genesis and Mathew
B. Exodus and Mark
C. Malachi and Revelation
D. Mathew and Numbers

89. We respond to Jesus’ salvation by all the following except:
A. hating our enemies
B. showing kindness to others
C. being good to everyone
D. having joy even in difficulties

90. Which one of the following is not a fruit of the Holy Spirit?
A. Joy
B. Patience
C. Humility
D. Anger
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MATHS</th>
<th>ENGLISH</th>
<th>KISWAHILI</th>
<th>SCIENCE</th>
<th>SOCIAL STUDIES</th>
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