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- 1. Social
- 2. Science
- 3. Mathematics
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- 5. Kiswahili
- 6. Insha
- 7. Composition
- 8. Marking scheme

D. is used for making pots.

tributaries.

B. two

River Sanaipei has

A. three

6.

STEGA SERIES STANDARD FOUR TERM 3 2014 SOCIAL STUDIES Time: 2hour

Time: 2hours:15 Min

Which one of the following was a means of

communication used in our county in the past?

A. Use of mobile phones

Study the map of Kimeto area and answer questions 1 - 7. KIMETO AREA KIME TO TOWN River 1 1 Pis Scale: **Murram Road Police Station** PS **Forest** 2.0 Church **Post Office** Tarmac Road Permanent buildings **Locational Boundary** Lake C C Coffee 7. The MAIN means of communication in Kimeto area 1. The people of Kimeto area are is by use of A. Muslims B. Christians A. letters C. Hindus B. Television D. Pagans C. Radio D. Internet People of Kimeto area use 2. for transport. The arrow of the magnetic compass always points to A. water B. air C. railway D. road A. East B. South **3.** . The MAIN tourist attraction in Kimeto area is C. West D. North A. Wildlife B. hills 9. The keeping of dairy animals in stalls where they are C. lakes D. mountains 4. The people of Kimeto area are fed is known as A. ranching B. paddocking A. maize farmers B. coffee farmers C. zero grazing D. rotational grazing C. tea farmers D. cassava farmers The Members of the County Assembly are elected to 5. The forest in Kimeto area represent areas called A. attracts rainfall. B. Wards A. Counties B. is used for making bricks. C. constituencies D. Districts C. does control soil erosion.

12.	How many counties are there in our country Kenya?	23.	The diagram above is u	
	A. Eighty seven B. Twenty seven		A. temperature	B. direction of wind
	C. Thirty seven D. Forty seven	1	C. rainfall amount	
13.	Three of the following are physical features. Which	24.	The above weather instru	ument is marked in units called
	one is NOT?		e <u>entrale ee</u> een	
	A. Hall B. Hill	7.1	A. Centimetres	B. Millimetres
	C. River D. Valley		C. Litres	D. Millilitres
14.	The vegetation that grows in the swamp are	25.	Who among the follow	ng mainly taught the youth in
14.			the traditional African s	
	A. shrubs B. reeds		A. Peers	· B. Council of elders
1/2	C. forests D. scrubs		A. Peers C. Elders	D. Warriors
15.	Which one of the following is a traditional industry?	26.	Savannah is the other r	
	A. Jua kali B. Paper making		A. grassland	
,	C. Baskets making D. Tea processing		C. Bamboo forests	
•	Use the diagram below to answer questions 16	27.		
	and 17.	27.	traditional medicine?	owing was NOT a source of
		1		D T:-1
		l .	A. Useful roots	
		20.	C. Tree barks	
1		28.		wing language groups in our
J		1 .	county are non-Africar	
		<u> </u>	A. Nilotes	B. Bantu
			C. Asians	D. Cushites
		l'	Use the diagram belo	w to answer questions
			29 and 30.	
16.	The direction marked V is	ľ	And the second of the second o	
, , , , , , ,	A. North West B. South West			
	C. North East D. South East			
17.	Which one of the following people mostly use the			
	above instruments?			
	A. Teachers B. Sailors			
	C. Doctors D. Meteorologists			
18.				
10.	A A	1		· 39
	A. community B. society			
10	C. culture D. lifestyle			
19.	On 1st June of every year, people in our country	29.	The raw material used	to make the above product is
	celebrate	77.	THE TAW IHAICHAI USCU	to make the above product is
	A. Christmas Day B. Mashujaa Day		A. vegetation	B. iron
20	C. Jamhuri Day D. Madaraka Day		C. stones	D. clay
20.	The ceremony the youth undergone before becoming	30.		
	adults is	30.	induction and a	presents a product from the
	A. wedding B. marriage		industry called	- -
	C. burial D. initiation	, w	A. pottery	B. weaving
21.	The type of vegetation growing on its own is known	١	C. blacksmithery	D. leather tanning
	as	31.	The type of chicken ke	
	A. scattered vegetation	1	A. broilers	B. growers
	B. natural vegetation		C. layers	D. chicks
	C. planted vegetation	32.	The word scrub means	<u> </u>
	D. human made vegetation		A. swampy area	B. dry bush land
22.	The name given to people belonging to a given country	ļ	C. desert area	D. cool and wet area
	is.	33.	The areas in our county	with a few people are said to
	A. Citizens B. gangs		be	
	C. congregation D. foreigners		A. thickly populated	B. thinly populated
	Use the diagram below to answer questions 23		C. sparsely populated	D. densely populated
	and 24.	34.	In our County, individu	al farmers keen fish in
		l ·	A. Lakes	B. rivers
		•	C. swamps	D. ponds
		35.		riverine vegetation is found
				· obounton is round
			A. along rivers	B. around hills
]		. acuid iiiis

		1		
		48.	Which one of the follo	owing is NOT an example of a
36.		1	weather element?	
	A. turn left		A. Rainfall	B. Vegetation
	B. stop immediately		C. Wind	D. Temperature
	C. proceed carefully	49.	Which one of the follo	owing is used to make baskets?
	D. turn to the right		A. Clay	B. Shrubs
37.			C. Papyrus	D. Trees
	referred to as	50.	In the past, the MAI	N way of transporting heavy
	A. temporary rivers B. permanent rivers		goods on land was	
20	C. young rivers D. seasonal rivers	1 .	A. roads	B. trains
38.	and a solution the	1	C. air	D. animals
	behaviour of people is referred to as	1	Use the diagram be	low to answer questions 51
	A. Constitution B. moral values		<u>and 52</u>	C 33 3
20	C. constituency D. political values	1		Martilly winter
39.	papils and teachers	1.		~ <i>////////////////////////////////////</i>
	are mainly caused by	1		X
	A. poor class performance			r <u>i</u>
	B. selfishness			
	C. lack of fairness			
40 -	D. hatred			
40.	In our County, a location is headed by a A. Governor		·	
		51.	The physical feature i	used in the above diagram is a
•	B. Member of the County Assembly C. Chief			
	D. Assistant Commissioner		A. valley	B.hill
41.			C. lake	D. river
71.	Big farms where beef cattle for meat are kept are known as	52.	The physical feature a	above is best used for
•	A. cattle boma B. ranches		A. getting fish	
	C. stalls D. paddocks		B. putting water pipeli	ne.
•	Use the diagram below to answer questions 42		C. putting a telephone	satelite.
	and 43.	52	D. building governmen	nt offices.
		53.	i ne special areas in oi	ur County set aside for wildlife
	TO MININ		are known as	
ι,	ALIMAINIA INTERNATIONAL PROPERTY AND ADMINISTRATIONAL PROPERTY AND	•	A. museum C. forest reserves	B. ranches
	TO AND INCOME.	54.	Which one of the felle	D. National Parks
		77.	Which one of the follo A. Sweet Potatoes	owing is a food crop?
42.	The instrument above is used to measure	1	C. Coffee	B. Cotton
	A. rainfall B. direction of wind	55.	Agriculture is also kno	D. Sisal
	C. temperature D. amount of sunshine	33.	A. forests	
43. .	The liquid marked X is		C. farming	B. Agro-forestry D. farmland
	A. petrol B. water	56.		owing attracts tourists to our
	C. kerosene D. mercury		county?	owing attracts tourists to our
44.	Which one of the following statements		A. Crops	B. Livestock
	CORRECTLY describes the meaning of the word		C. Desert	D. Wildlife
	weather?	57.		owing is NOT a member of a
. •	A. The height above sea level of a place.		nuclear family?	a member of a
	B. The plants growing in a place.	1	A. Uncle	B. Mother
	C. The day to day conditions of a place's atmosphere.		C. Sister	D. Brothers
	D. The amount of rain falling in a place.	58.		ty people offered their prayers
45.	Which one of the following is NOT one of the cardinal		in special places called	l people officied their players
	points of a compass?		A. temples	B. shrines
	A. North East B. West		C. Churches	D. Mosques
4.0	C. North D. South	59.		mers in our county MAINLY
16.	Long ago, people in our country were treated by		for sale are known as	at our country IVIAIIVI.Y
			A. food crops	B. staple crops
	A. doctors B. nurses		C. subsistence crops	D. cash crops
17	C. surgeons D. Herbalists	60.	The name given to a st	tream joining a main river is
17.	Which one of the following was NOT one of the			JB a manti livel 15
- *.	ceremonies in our county long time ago?		A. tributary.	B. source
	A. Marriage B. Naming		C. mouth	D. swamp
	t transportation is instruction			

	C.R.E	70	
61.	For how long did God take to create the earth?	70.	The first disciples of Jesus were mostly A. traders B. fishermen.
	A. One day B. Six days		C. tax collectors D. iron workers
	C. Seven days D. Three days	77	
		77.	Which one of the following is NOT created by God? A. Houses B. Valleys
62.	Who among the following was one of the sons of		C. Hills D. Lakes
	Noah?	78.	The father of John the Baptist was
	A. Jacob B. Cain	/0.	A. Elkanah B. Zebedee
	C. Abel D. Ham	ŀ	C. Jesee D. Zechariah
63.	Who among the following is known for his great faith	79.	God gave Moses the ten commandments on top of
* *	in God?	17.	Mount .
	A. Moses B. Abraham		A. Olive B. Olives
	C. David D. Cain		C. Sinai D. Camel
64.	Which one of the following separated Adam from	80.	Jesus fed people using five loaves of
	God?	00.	bread and two fish.
1	A. Sin B. Kindness		
	C. Riches D. Fruit		A. 7000 B. 30000 C. 450 D. 5000
65.	The person who led the people of Israel out of Egypt	81.	
	was		A. 4 days B. 40 days
	A. Joshua B. Caleb		C. 3 days D. Ten days
	C. Moses D. Aaron	82.	The first King of Israel was called
66.	A good effect of weather is		A. Solomon B. Saul
	A. strong winds that destroy buildings.		C. David D. Ahab
	B. floods that destroy farmer's crop.	83.	The angel of God called a person Israel. This person
: 	C. drought that kill livestock.		11/00
	D. rain enough for crops to do well.		A Joseph B Abraham
67.	According to Jesus, a good leader should be		C. Jacob D. Samson
	A. partial B. impartial	84.	Which work was done by Levi before he became a
60	C. proud D. poor		disciple of Jesus Christ?
68.	Which one of the following did God give to Solomon?		A. Fishermen B. Tent maker
	A. Wisdom B. many wives		C. Carpenter D. Tax collector
CO	C. Strength D. Children	85.	People who are selfish are
69.	The son of Jacob who was sold to Egypt by his		A. loving B. honest
	brothers was		C. greedy D. patient
	A. Benjamin B. Judas	86.	Who among the following was crucified together with
70	C. Reuben D. Joseph		Jesus Christ?
70.	Jesus was a refugee in A. Egypt B. Italy		A. Kings B. Women
	C. Rome D. Israel	1	C. Thieves D. Angels
71.	The mother of Samuel was called .	87.	The home town of King David was
/ 1.	A. Peninah B. Hannah		A. Bethlehem B. Jericho
•	C. Elizabeth D. Sarai		C. Jerusalem D. Capernaum
72.	Who among the following lied to the Holy Spirit?	88.	Which one of the following names means God with
<i>, 2</i> .	A. Saul B. Peter		us?
	C. Ananias D. Judas Iscariot		A. Christ B. Jesus
73.	was stoned to death.		C. Emmanuel D. John
75.	A. Ananias B. Jesus	89.	During the baptism of Jesus, the Holy Spirit was
	C. John the Baptist D. Stephen		represented by
74.	Who among the following referred to Jesus as "Prince		A. strong wind B. dove
, -t.	of Peace"?		C. cloud D. fire
	A. Prophet Isaiah B. Propeht Jeremiah	90.	James your classmate likes stealing other pupils pencils.
	C. Prophet Ezekiel D. Propeht Micah	1	As a christian, the best advice to give her is

STEGA SERIES STANDARD FOUR TERM 3 2014

SCIENCE

Time: 1 hour 40 min

- 1. Which type of teeth is used in the grinding and chewing of food?
 - A. Canines and incisors.
 - B. Premolars and incisors
 - C. Canines and molars
 - D. Molars and premolars.
- 2. Which of the following is **NOT** a symptom and sign of gum disease?
 - A. Bad breath
 - B. Cavities
 - C. Red swollen gums
 - D. Tooth sensitivity
- 3. A weed is:
 - A. a plant growing where it is not wanted.
 - B. a useful plant.
 - C. an important plant
 - D. a poisonous plant.
- 4. Which statement is **NOT** correct about cumulus clouds?
 - A. They may form high in the sky.
 - B. They are common in fine weather.
 - C. They have no specific shape.
 - D. They usually cover the whole sky.
- 5. A std 4 pupil observed the sky at night. The pupil was LIKELY to have seen:-
 - A. clouds, sun, stars.
 - B. stars, moon, clouds.
 - C. stars, sun, clouds
 - D. bluesky, clouds, moon.
- 6. Which of the livestock below is **CORRECTLY** matched with its product?

	Animal	Product
A.	Poultry	Milk
B.	Goats	Mutton
C.	Sheep	Mohair
D.	Cow	Eggs

- 7. Which of the following is **NOT** a phase of the moon?
 - A. Crescent

B. Gibbous

C. Nimbus

D. First quarter

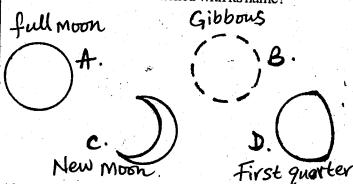
- 8. Which of the following foods is harmful to our teeth?
 - A. Carrots

B. Milk

C. Sugarcane

D. Biscuits

9. Which of the phase of the moon below is CORRECTLY matched with its name?



10. Which of the following CANNOT be used to transport water?

A. Tap

B. Drum

C. Pipe

D. Tanker

- 11. In factories, water is used to:-
 - A. water flowers.
 - B. mix substances.
 - C. row boats ferrying wood.
 - D. make fountains.
- 12. Four std 4 pupils carried packed lunch as shown below;

Kathule

Maize, beans, banana

ż	Ndinda Chapati, peas, beef	19.	Std 4 pupils observed clouds which had the following
	Momanyi Peas, rice, potatoes		characteristics:-
	Lagat Kales, ugali, pawpaw	¥ }	i) covered the whole sky.
	Who among them carried a balanced diet?		ii) irregular shaped.
	A. Momanyi B. Lagat		iii) dark grey in colour.
	C. Kathule D. Ndida		The above clouds indicate:-
13.	The soil is important in all the following ways		A. fine weather
	EXCEPT:-		B. heavy rainfall
•	A. source of air.		C. windy condition
	B. supports growth of food crops.		D. showers.
	C. home to certain animals.	20.	The soil with the largest particles is:-
	D. supports growth of crops.	·	A. clay B. loam
14.	Which of the animals below does NOT fly?		C. sand D. alluvial
	A. Bee B. Owl	21.	Which of the following BEST describes the
	C. Glow worm D. Earthworm		surrounding of an animal?
15.	The tooth problem illustrtaed below is		A. Habitat B. Home
			C. Characteristic D. Environment
			A human being developssets of teeth in the
			mouth.
	A. Tooth cavities B. Gingivities		A. 32 B. 2
	C. Bleeding gums D. Tooth decay		C. 20 D. 12
16.	Crops grown for their threads are called fibre crops.	23.	Which of the following DOES NOT show a use of
	They are grouped undercrops.		water in a farm?
	A. Food B. cash		A. Irrigation
17	C. tuber D. vegetable		B. Keeping fish.
17.	Which of the following groups of food show energy-		C. Washing utensils.
	giving food ONLY?		D. Spraying pesticides.
	A. Cabbage, tomato, carrot.	24.	Std 4 pupils heated garden soil in an open tin until
	B. Cooking oil, sugar, rice.		they saw smoke. Which component of the soil were
	C. Beef, pork, beans.		they investigating?
10	D. Green bananas, yams orange		A.Air
18.	When brushing our teeth, the brush should mainly be		B. Humus
	moved:-		C. Water
	A. upward and downward.		D. Minerals
	B. across and upward.	1	

25. The type of tooth represented by the diagram below:

A. are the last to grow.

B. are useful in holding food.

C. are between the canines and incisors.

D. are eight in human beings.

26. Pressure in liquids:-

A. increase with depth

B. decrease with depth

C. increase with height

D. depends on the size of the tap.

27. The type of tool drawn is BEST maintained by:-



A. repairing the handle

B. oiling

C. storing it properly

D. sharpening

28. Which of the animals below does **NOT** remove liquid waste in form of urine?

A. Cow

B. Sheep

C. Hen

D.Dog

29. Poultry kept for meat production are known as:-

A. hens

B. broilers

C. layers

D. cocks

30. Protective nutrients are obtained from:-

A. Legumes and cereals

B. Vegetables and fruits

C. Fruits and cereals

D. legumes and vegetables,

31. Joyce observed a cat give birth. This characteric is

A. excretion

B. transpiration

C. reproduction

D. respiration.

32. Weeds should be controlled:

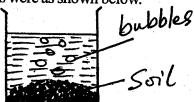
A. during the dry season.

B. during the rainy season.

C. when they dry up.

D. whenever they germinate.

33. Soil was added into a container with water and the results were as shown below.



From the experiment. It was concluded that:-

A. air has water

B. soil has air

C. water has soil

D. water has air.

34. Which of the following is NOT a use of light?

A. Drying cereals

B. Safety

C. During photosynthesis process.

D. To discourage pests.

35. Solids, liquids and gases are states of:-

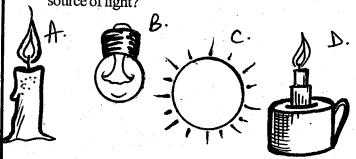
A. substances

B. fuels

C. matter

D. sinkers

36. Which of the materials below is **NOT** an artificial source of light?



37. The BEST method of controlling weeds on a nursery

A. use of chemicals		The above observation was due to the difference in:-
B. digging		A. shape B. material
C. uprooting		C. weight D. size
D. slashing	43.	All the following materials will add up to humus-
A std 5 pupil classified crops as shown below		EXCEPT
FOOD CROPS		A. decaying plants
Legumes Fruits Tuber		B. dead parts of animals
		C. plastics buried in the soil
Peas groundnuts bananas cabbage cassava oranges		D. animals waste.
Which two crops were WRONGLY classified?	44.	Sheep are reared for:-
A. Groundnuts and cabbage		A. wool B. mohair
B. Banana and cassava		C. beef D. milk
C. Peas and cabbage	45.	A four year old boy has all the following types of teeth
		EXCEPT:-
D. Oranges and cabbage		A. incisors
Which of the materials below CANNOT be used to		B. canines
make wheels of a toy car?	.*	C. molars
A. Old slippers.	16	D. premolars
B. Blocks of wool.	46.	Which of the following is NOT a source of heat
C. Bottle tops.		energy?
D. Maize cobs.		A. Sun
A combination of many signs and symptoms of		B. Cooking gas.
diseases is called:-		C. Glow worms.
A. Syndrome B. Acquired	47.	D. Kerosene A piece of wire can be made to float by:-
C. HIV D. Deficiency	147.	A. Rolling it into a ball of wire.
Which statement about the sky is CORRECT ?		B. Cutting it into a small piece.
A. The sun moves from East to West		C. Attaching feathers to it.
B. Stars are always found in the sky.		D. Attaching it to a stone.
C. The sun is nearer to the earth than clouds.	48.	Which of the following is NOT used to clean teeth?
D. The moon has only one shape.		A. Tooth paste B. Honey
Akumu was playing by dipping some materials		C. Soft stick D. Salt
in water in a basin as shown below.	49.	Which one of the following is the largest water storage?
leaf		A. Tank B. Drum
1 7		C. Dam D. Tap

Which of the following is **NOT** a vegetable?

B. Lettuce

D. Cabbage

A. Pawpaw

C. Kales

38.

39.

40.

41.

42.

STANDARD FOUR TERM 3 2014

MATHEMATICS

Time: 2 Hours

- 1. Write 111011 in words:-
 - A. One hundred thousand eleven hundred.
 - B. One hundred and eleven thousand and eleven.
 - C. Eleven thousand one hundred and eleven.
 - D. One hundred and eleven thousand one hundred and eleven.
- 2. Work out:-

$$0.34 + 1.394 + 163.23 =$$

- A. 177, 51
- B. 164, 964
- C. 1649.64
- D. 164. 9064
- 3. What is the sum of the odd numbers between 10 and
 - 20?
 - A. 56

B. 5

C. 75

- D. 60
- 4. Work out:-

$$6842 + 19233 + 156 =$$

- A. 26231
- B. 25231
- C. 26321
- D. 25132
- 5. The angle which is less than 180° by greater than
 - 90° is known as _____ angle.
 - A. acute
- B. reflex
- C. right
- D. obtuse
- 6. Work out :-

$$8 \times \frac{2}{17} =$$

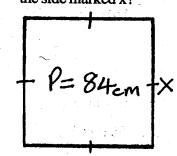
- A. 17/16
- B. 11/16

C. 16/17

- D. 8/24
- 7. Convert ⁹/₁₀₀ into a decimal
 - A. 0.009
- B. 90
- C. 0.9

D. 0.09

- 8. How many cents are in 12 shillings 45 cts?
 - A. 1245 cts
- B. 12450ct
- C. 165ct
- D. 12045
- 9. What is the appropriate unit for measuring the length of your Mathematics Text book?
 - A. Metres
- B. Centimetres
- C. Millimetres
- D. Litres
- 10. The perimeter of the square below is 84cm. Calculate the side marked x?



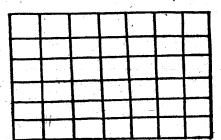
- A. 44cm
- B.336cm
- C. 42cm
- D. 21cm
- 11. What is $\frac{1}{3}$ of 48?
 - A. 18

B. 24

C. 12

- D. 16
- 12. Work out :-
 - Sh
- Ct
- 44
- 75
- X
- 8
- A. Sh 355
- 40ct
- B. Sh 352
- 600ct
- C. Sh 358
- 00ct
- D. Sh 352
- 00ct

13. How many squares units are in the figure below?



- A. 39
- B. 45
- C. 49
- D. 42
- 14. $\frac{1}{2}L + \frac{1}{2}L + \frac{1}{2}L =$
 - A. $1^{1}/_{2}$ L
- B. 3/4L
- C. 21/2L
- D. 3L
- 15. The year 2012 was a leap year. Which was the previous leap year?
 - A. 2008
- B. 2016
- C. 2020
- D. 2010
- 16. Work out :-

12 689

- A. 507 rem 5
- B. 57 rem 5
- C. 58 rem 75
- D. 56 rem 5
- 17. Work out :-

Wks	Day
8	4
2	6

- A. 6 wks
- 5 days
- B. 6 wks
- 1 day
- C. 5 wks
- 8 days
- D. 5 wks
- 5 days
- 18. 44 quarter kilograms =

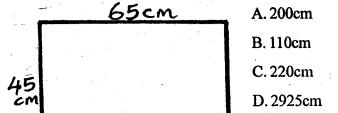
_half Kg

A. 176

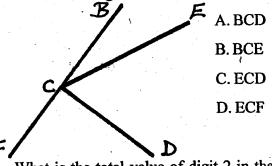
B. 22

C. 88

- D. 11
- 19. Find the perimeter of the rectangle drawn below?



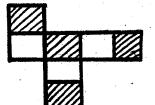
- 20. The time 4.50 written in the long form is
 - A. ten minutes to four.
 - B. fifty minutes past four.
 - C. ten minutes to five.
 - D. ten minutes past four.
- 21. A journey took 68 hours. How many ays and hours was the journey?
 - A. 2 days 20 hours
- B. 20 days 2 hours
- C. 5 days 8 hours
- D. 2 days 2 hours
- 22. Which of the angles is the smallest?



- 23. What is the total value of digit 2 in the number
 - 127849?
 - A. Two hundred thousand
 - B. 2000
 - C. Twenty Thousand
 - D. 200 000
- 24. A teacher gave 18 books to each of her 30 pupils in class. How many books did she give out altogether?
 - A. 560
- B. 48
- C. 480
- D. 540
- 25. Collect the like terms:

$$m+n+2m+3n=$$

- A.4m+3n
- B.4n+3m
- C.5n + 2m
- D.n+m
- 26. What fraction is shaded in the figure below?



- A.1/4
- B. 1/2
- C. 5/4
- D. $^{3}/_{8}$

- 27. What is 9/10 written as a decimal?
 - A. 0.09
- B. 0.009

C. 0.9

- D. 0.0009
- 28. Study the table below then complete the blank spaces.

1/2Litres	1/4 Litres
	12
18	36
24	
	18

	Litres	¹/2Litres	1/4 Litres
A.	6	8	48
В.	48	6	6
C.	9	6	48
D.	6	9	48

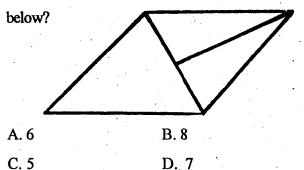
- 29. A tailor bought 14m 25cm of a material. How many trousers did he make if one trouser was using 95 cm of the material?
 - A. 15

B. 19

C.18

- D. 22
- 30. Work out:

- A. 379. 99
- B. 378. 01
- C. 379.01
- D. 378.01
- 31. How many points of intersection are in the figure



- **32.** Which of the numbers below is divisible by both 2 and 5?
 - A. 1449
- B. 5028

33.
$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{3}{8} + \frac{5}{8} =$$

A. 9/8

B. 1/8

C. 8/.

- D. 6/8
- 34. Natalia is 1M 40cm. She is 35cm taller than Naomi. How tall is Naomi?
 - A. 1m 75cm
- B. 1m 25cm
- C. 2m 5cm
- D. 1m 5cm

- A. 6. 68
- B. 18.14
- C. 6. 58
- D. 7.48
- 36. Owira covered a distance of 1215M in one day. The following day, he covered 2370 Metres more. How many metres did he cover in the two days?
 - A. 3558M
- B. 3585M
- C. 3855M
- D. 3505M
- 37. Work out :-

A. 204

B. 28

C. 24

- D. 240
- 38. Halima had 40 Litres of juice. She packed the juice in 1/2 Litre container. How many containers did she fill?
 - A. 160
- B. 20

C. 10

- D. 80
- 39. Which of the fractions below is the smallest?

A. $\frac{1}{9}$

B. 1/6

C. 1/12

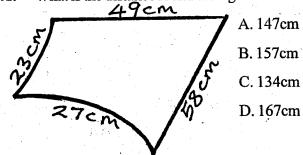
- D.1/4
- 40. 12 x 8 =
 - A. 72

B. 84

C. 108

D. 96

41. What is the distance round the figure below?



- 42. A trader had 6- one hundred shilling notes.He changed all the money into ten shilling coins.How many coins did he get?
 - A. 120
- B. 60

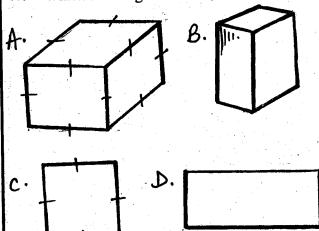
C. 40

- D. 50
- 43. A book has 224 pages. A Pupil would read 8 pages per day. How long did it take the pupil to read all the pages?
 - A. 28 days
- B. 1792 days
- C. 208 days
- D. 280 days
- 44. Which set of the numbers below is made up of even numbers only?
 - A. 80, 49, 36, 52
 - B. 61, 73, 79, 83
 - C. 17, 980, 114, 815
 - D. 120, 32, 88, 1420
- 45. Use 'greater than', 'less than' or equal to complete the statement

	A contract of the contract of		
1/			 1/
7/ -			٠,
' 5		 	 . 11

- A. equal to
- B. less than
- C. greater than
- D. none
- **46.** What is the approximate length of your classroom door?
 - A. 200cm
- B. 200m
- C. 20m
- D.2cm

47. Which of the figures below shows a cube?



The table below shows the type and number of pupils sold by a fruit vendor in a day. Use it to answer questions 48 to 50.

Type of	Tally	Number of
fruit	Marks	Fruits
Pineapples	 -	8
Melons		17
Apples	 	
Oranges	#####	22
Pawpaws	##	14

- 48. Which type of fruit was sold to most?
 - A. Apples
- B. Melons
- C. Oranges
- D. Pawpaws
- 49. Which of the following shows the tally marks that would represent the number of melons?

- 50. How many fruits were sold altogether?
 - A. 80

B. 79

C. 78

D. 61

STEGA SERIES

STANDARD FOUR TERM 3 2014

ENGLISH

Time: 1hour 40 minutes

	Choose the most su	uitable word to fill the blan	ık spaces numbered 1-15.	
	Everyonet	owards the field. It was a	2 July morning.We we	e very cold. P.E. time
was	a lot of fun for all of us	. It3 the time, that	everyone ran round the field	.At <u>4</u> time, one
5	scream and shout	as they wished.		
	After that the teacher	rs would divide us6	groups where we played	d games. Each group
com	peted to be 7	best. My group always	8 the others.	rangan dan kacamatan dan kalendarian dan kacamatan dan kacamatan dan kacamatan dan kacamatan dan kacamatan dan Kacamatan dan kacamatan da
	l was a very9	runner. I played every gam	ne with a lot of skill.In football	I was the best10.
We	always <u>11</u> ar	nd celebrated our victory	12 the other teams	
	<u>13</u> was the	best time I ever14	at school.It kept us longing	to go to school 15
of al	the fun.			
1.	A. run	B. ran	C. running	D. rang
2 .	A. warm	B. cool	C. hot	D. cold
3.	A. is	B. has	C. were	D. was
4.	A. this	B. that	C. those	D. these
5.	A. can	B. will	C. would	D. shall
6.	A. to	B. into	C. for	D. in
7.	A. one	B. those	C. they	D. the
8.	A. defeated	B. won	C. beaten	D. win
9.	A.first	B. top	C. bad	D. fast
10.	A. scorer	B. goal	C. playing	D. score
11.	A. shout	B. cheered	C. jeered	D. clap
12.	A. against	B. for	C. on	D. by
13.	A. Then	B.Those	C. These	D.This
14.	A. hard	B. herd	C. had	D. heard
15.	A.because	B. due	C. hence	D then

+	For questions 16-1	8, choose the opposite		A. pace	B.peace
	of the underlined w	vord		C. piece	D. place
16.	This is a <u>wide</u> road.		24.	We wondered	they were.
	A. long	B. narrow	,	A.where	B. were
e e	C. short	D. big		C. why	D. we
17.	He is the king	ng co st unit		Choose the best of	ption to complete these
	A. princess	B. president		sentences.	
	C. prince	D. queen	25.	Wheremy	rubber?
18.	She is my <u>sister</u> .		-	A. am	B. were
. ***	A. niece	B. nephew		C.are	C. is
	C. brother	D. friend	26.	How old	_you now?
	Write the past tense	of the underlined word.		A. were	B. was
19.	The dig their shamba	a.		C. is	D. are
	A. dag	B. dug	27.	Hegiven a pre	esent yesterday.
	C. dugged	D. digged		A. were	B. was
20.	He <u>brings</u> milk every	day.		C. were	D. are
	A. brought	B. bring		Write the word that	means the same as the
	C. bringing	D. buy		underlined word.	
21.	Everyone should writ	<u>e</u> in ink.	28.	Eveyone was <u>happy</u> .	
	A. right	B. written		A. sad	B. pleased
	C. writing	D. wrote		C. good	D. scared
•	Choose the correct	word to fill in the blank	29.	They built a <u>big</u> hous	e.
	spaces.		-	A. small	B. large
22.	It isturn to	visit us.		C. thin	D. fat
	A. they	B. there	30.	He is very <u>smart.</u>	
	C. their	D. the		A. neat	B. quick
23.	Everyone should ens	ure we have		C. stupid	D. dirty

C. stupid

D. dirty

Read the following passage and then use it to answer questions 31-40.

The hare and the tortoise were friends no more. Every time the hare would cheat the tortoise. This time the two had vowed that they would not even cross the same path.

However, one day as tortoise was on his way to the market, he heard a cry from the nearby bush. "What could that cry be all about? Who could it be crying in such pain?" the tortoise wondered. To him it sounded like a little child who was in real danger.

When the tortoise peeped, he could hardly see anything but the cry was now even louder. Help! please help me get out of this trap. The tortoise decided to ask what the problem was. But the only reply he got was a soft groan. He decided to go nearer and see for himself.

Immediately he stepped into the bush he fell with a heavy thud. He had fallen into a deep trap. Although he cried loudly, nobody came to rescue him. His shell cracked into many pieces. He was in great pain. The hare had again tricked the tortoise. That is why tortoise's shell is cracked.

har	e had again tricked t	he tortoise. That is why tor
31.	. Why did hare ar	nd tortoise break their
	friendship?	
	A. They were friend	ls no more.
	B. Hare was bad.	
	C. Hare always che	eated tortoise.
	D. Tortoise always	cheated hare.
32.	When would hare c	heat tortoise?
•	A. Every time	B. Always
	C. Sometimes	D. Never
33.	Where was tortoise	going when he heard the
	cry?	
٠	A. To work	B. During the day
	C. To the Market	D. To the river
34.	Tortoise thought that	the cry was that of ;
	A. Hare	B. His child
	C. A child	D. A sick person
35.	What did tortoise see	when he looked through

B. An injured child

D. A deep pit

the bush?

A. Nothing

C. Something

crac se's	cked into many pieces shell is cracked.	He was in great pain.The					
36.	. The word peep used	d in the passage means:					
	A.See	B. Look					
	C. Watch	D. listen					
37.	When the tortoise asl	ked who was crying in pain,					
	he received:						
	A.An answer	B.No answer					
	C. Only groans	D. Only shouts					
88.	Where did the tortois	se land when he went into					
	the bush?	•					
	A. In a pit	B. In a hole					
	C. On the ground	D. In a trap					
9.	Why was the tortoise	in great pain?					
	A. His shell had crack	red.					
	B. He had been hurt.						
	C. He had fallen down.						
	D. He had been trapped again.						
0.	The best title for this p	The best title for this passage is:					
	A. A trap						

B. Two friends

C. Why totorise has a cracked shell

Read the passage below carefully and then answer questions 41-50.

It was the market day. At every Friday, Gathongo farmers from all the neighbouring homes brought their farm produce to the market. Potatoes were in plenty. They carried them in sacks. Carrots and cabbages were also in the market. What shocked us most was how cheap the carrots were.

Others carried arrow roots and sweet potatoes and beautifully displayed them in the market with different colours. Tomatoes and onions were there in plenty. Whatever one wanted, it was readily available. We could tell the area was very productive. At one corner of the market, there was a large heap of green maize. Many people bought this to cook their traditional food which was called githeri.

All types of green vegetables were readily available. Ranging from spinach, kales and other traditional green vegetables. Some farmers also carried chicken and eggs for sale.

The market was very busy with people buying and selling. It was the best day to go out and buy food because it was cheap then.

41.	When was the market day?
-----	--------------------------

- A.Everyday
- B. Any day
- C. Saturday
- D. Friday
- **42.** Who brought goods to the market?
 - A. The carts
- B. Farmers
- C. Traders
- D. Cars
- 43. What was very shocking about the market?
 - A. There was a lot of food.
 - B. The carrots were very cheap.
 - C. Everyone went to the market.
 - D. It was very colourful.
- **44.** The arrow roots and sweet potatoes;
 - A. Had one colour.
 - B.Were plenty
 - C. Were very cheap.
 - D. Were beautifully displayed.
- 45. The area was productive because;
 - A. anything one wanted was there.
 - B. there was everything in the market
 - C. the food was fresh.
 - D. the food was cheap.
- **46.** Why did people buy green maize?
 - A. It was in a large heap.
 - B. It was plenty.
 - C. It was available
 - D. To cook with a mi

47.	The following are examples of green vegetables				
	except				
	A. Cabbages	B. Spinach			
	C. Tomatoes	D. Kales			
48. Apart from plants, the farmers also sold					

- A. Chicken and eggs
- B. Potatoes
- C. Onions
- D. Goats
- **49.** Why was the market day the best day to buy food?
 - A. Everybody was at the market.
 - B. It was very busy.
 - C. Food was cheap.
 - D. There was a lot of food.
- **50.** The **best** title for the above passage is:
 - A. Market day at Gathongo
 - B. Farming in the village.
 - C. Good business.
 - D. A visit to a supermarket.

STEGA SERIES DARASA LA NNE MUHULA WA TATU 2014 KISWAHILI

MUDA: 1: DAKIKA 40

D. asiweze

	Chagua jibu lifaalo zaid	di kati ya yale manne	e uliyopewa k uja zia mape	ngo 1-15.
				u <u>4</u> alfabeti na <u>5</u> maana
na				usi ni lazima mtu <u>9</u> mipangilio
				inavyoandikwa au linavyoendelezwa.
				ila mwanafunzi kujifuza <u>14</u>
	kuitumia Kamusi ili <u>15</u>			
1.	A. na	B. ya	C. si	D. ni
2.	A. la	B. wa	C. cha	D. za
3.	A. na	B. kwa	C. kwenye	D. ndani ya
4.	A. cha	B. za	C. wa	D. na
5.	A. kutolewa	B. kutoa	C. kutia	D. kutoesha
6.	A mingine	B. vingine	C. pengine	D. mengine
7.	A. hivyo	B. haya	C. hii	D. hizo
8.	A. rahisi	B. urahisi	C. umoja	D. uharaka
9.	A. Akujie	B. Ajiue	C. Ajue	D. Aeleze
10.	A. kutokana na	B. kuandama	C. kutoana na	D. kulingana na
11.	A. lenyewe	B. yenyewe	C. chenyewe	D. zenyewe
12.	A. hiyo	B. hao	C. hivyo	D. hicho
13.	A. vizuri	B. mzuri	C. mazuri	D. nzuri
14.	A. vile	B. jinsi	C. ambavyo	D. hali
15.	A. awe	B. asije	C. aweze	D. asiweze

	Kutoka swali la 16-30 chagua jibu sahihi.	23 .	Ninajisomea kitabu hii
16.	Jua hutua upande wa		Ji imetumika kumaanisha nini?
	A. mashariki.		A. nasoma mwenyewe.
	B. kusini		B. mtu mwengine anasoma.
	C. kaskazini.		C. nitamsomea mwengine.
	D. magharibi		D. kuosma ni kwa wengine.
17 .	Kamilisha sentensi:	24.	hurekebisha kiwango cha sukari mwilini.
	Alisoma kwa bidiihakupita mtihani vizuri.		A. Ufizi
	A. kwa sababu		B. Figo
	B. bila		C. Ini
	C. wala		D. Moyo
	D. lakini	25.	Alipohisi uchovu wa njaa nyingi
18.	Sehemu iliyotiwa rangi huandikwaje kwa maneno		A. alipiga miguu
			B. alipiga miayo
			C. alipiga chafya
			D. alipiga mbio
	A. robo	26.	Kanusha: Nimekuja kwako
	B. sudusu		A. Sijaja kwako.
	C. humusi		B. Sikuji kwako.
	D. thumuni		C. Sitakuja kwako.
19.	Mguu wangu ulipovunjika ulitiwa		D. Siji kwako.
	A. bendeji	27.	Ni kitendo kipi hakifanyiki shambani?
	B. kitambaa		A. Kupalilia
	C. machele		B. Kuangua
	D. plasta		C. Kupanda
20.	Chagua kinyume cha mkate mweupe pepepe!		D. Kukaanga
	A. Mkate mweusi tititi	28.	Rangi ya upinde iliyo chini kabisa ya upindi huwa
	B. Mkate mweusi pepepe		ndiye gani?
	C. Mkate mweusi ndindindu.		A. Samawati
	D. Mkate mweusi gubigubi.		B. Urujuani
21.	Yafuatayo ni mazao ya shambani isipokuwa		C. Manjano
			D. Nyekundu
	A. maharagwe	29.	Ndege wanaowavutia watalii katika maziwa huitwa
	B. mahindi		
	C. mgomba		A. korongo
	D. mtama	.] .	B. Heroe
22.	Tumia - ote kwa usahihi		C. kipanga
	Wakatiumeihsa.	1.	D. mbayuwayu
	A. wote	30.	. Wingi wa ubeti ni
	B. yote		A. beti
	C. lote	1	B. mabeti
	D. zote		C. mbeti

Soma taarifa ifutayo kisha ujibu maswali 31-40 yafuatayo

Hapo zamani za kale paliishi Sungura na Kobe. Wanyamna hawa waliishi pamoja na wanyama wengine wa porini. Hakuna mnyama aliyemla mnyama mwengine. Wote walikuwa wakila majani ya porini na nyasi. Zingetokea nyakati fulani ambapo wanyama wangepanga mashindano ya muziki au mbio.

Baada ya kuishi kwa muda mrefu; sungura alimwambia kobe rafiki yake kwamba angependa kuoa. Basi akaanza kumtafuta mchumba. Alitembea kote porini mpaka alipompata binti mzuri sana wa mflame. Akampenda sana ingawa binti mwenyewe hakumpenda kwa sababu ya masikio yake marefu.

Basi alimwendea Kobe, rafiki yake wa chanda na pete. Akamwambia aende akazungumzia binti yule. Kobe alienda taratibu. Akamsalimu kwa heshima yule binti alimwona Kobe kuwa bora kuliko Sungura kwa sababu alifurahisha, akamfanya acheke sana hadi akalia. Alipoenda kwa mfalme alimwambia angependa kuolewa na Kobe. Mfalme naye aliipanga harusi kubwa ili mwana wake aolewe. Aliwaita wanyama wote waje kuhudhuria.

Harusi ilikuwa ya kufana, vyakula vya aina nyingi viliandaliwa, pamoja na sharubati ya matunda. Jambo hili lilimkasirisha sana Sungura hadi urafiki wao ukavunjika. Akaanza kutafuta njia ya kulipiza kisasi.

- A. waliishi porini
 B. waliishi katika nyumba moja
 C. waliishi na watu
 D. waliishi mjini
 32. Ni wanyama gani waliokula nyama?
- 32. Ni wanyama gani waliokula nyama? A. Simba
 - B. Pundamilia
 - C. Kobe
 - D. Hakuna
- 33. Ni jambo gani linaloonyesha wanyama waliishi kwa furaha?
 - A. Harusi za kila siku.
 - B. Nyimbo na mashindano.
 - C. Kula pamoja.
 - D. Kuishi pamoja.

. 34.	Chakula maalumu cha wanyama kilikuwa
	A. nyama
	B. miti
	C. matunda
	D. majani
35 .	Sungura na kobe
	A. hawakuwa wameoa.
	B. kobe alikuwa na familia.
	C. hakutaka kuoa.
	D. walikuwa wajanja.
36 .	Sungura alitaka kumwoa nani?
	A. Binti Kifaru
	B. Binti ndovu
	C. Binti mfalme
	D. Bintiye Kobe
37 .	Msichana huyu hakumpenda sungura kwa nini?
	A. Mkia mkubwa
	B. Alikuwa mjanja
	C. Alikuwa mdogo
	D. Masikio makubwa
38.	Binti mfalme alimpenda Kobe kwa sababu
	A. alikuwa mpole na alifurahisha.
	B. alikuwa na masikio madogo.
	C. alikuwa mkubwa sana.
	D. alikuwa mdanganyifu.
39.	Mfalme alikuwa mwenye heshima kwa binti yake
	kwa sababu
	A. alikataza ndoa.
	B. hakuifanya arusi.
	C. alikubali ombi la mwana wake.
	D. hakumwalika sungura.
40.	Urafiki wa Sungura na Kobe ulivunjika lini?
	A. Sungura alipora.
	B. Kobe alipomwoa binti mfalme.
	C. Wote walipooa.
	D. Kobe alipokataa kuoa.
	Soma ufahamu huu kisha ubibu maswali
	<u>41- 50.</u>
	Shuleni ni mahali ambapo wanafunzi kutoka sehemu
mbali	mbali hukutana na walimu wao ili wapate
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

kufundishwa. Katika shule, wanafunzi hufunzwa masomo

mbali mbali kama vile Hisabati, Kiingereza, Kiswahili,

michezo yaani-kwata sanaa na uchoraji, muziki. Kifaransa na masomo ya tarakilishi katika shule nyingine.

Shule nyingi za umma zina wanafunzi wengi sana kuliko zile za kibinafsi. Watoto wanapokuwa shuleni hujifunza mengi kutoka kwa wenzao katika michezo na kadhalika. Wanafunzi hujifunza kukaa na wenzao. Kuwasubiri wenzao au kuchukua nafasi na pia wao hujifunza kujitegemea.

Walimu nao huwafundisha watoto tabia nzuri ambazo zitawasaidia katika maisha yao. Tabia hizi ni kama vile kutii au kujiheshimu mwenyewe na wakubwa wako. Hufunzwa jinsi ya kuishi na wenzao na pia kufanya mambo mengi.

Walimu huwafunza umuhimu wa usafi wao wa mwili, wa shule, nyumbani na mazingira yao. Wao huelewa kuwa mazingira machafu yaweza kuleta magonjwa mengi kama vile waba au kipindupindu. Pia walimu huwahimiza kuomba Mungu katika kila jambo. Mwanafunzi anapokuwa shuleni hujifunza pia kuikuza talanta aliyopewa na Mungu. Ni muhimu kwa kila mwanafunzi kujitahidi na kujifunza mengi anapokuwa shuleni.

tu iup	With the straight.
41.	Wanafunzi huenda shuleni
	A. kutembea.
	B. kupata marafiki.
	C. kupata mafunzo.
	D. kuimba tu.
42.	Mwanafunzi akitaka kujua watawala mbalimbali
*	atasoma somo lipi?
	A. Hisabati
	B. Masomo ya jamii
	C. Sayansi
	D. Kiswahili
43 .	Somo la Kifaransa na tarakilishi
,	A. hufunzwa katika shule zote.
	B. hufunzwa katika shule za msingi.
	C. halifunzwi kabisa.
	D. hufunzwa katika shule nyingine.
44.	Ni shule zipi zenye wanafunzi wengi?
	A. Za umma
	B. za kibinafsi

C. za msingi D. za Sekondari

45 .	Mwanafunzi akijifunza kusubiri tunasema ana nini?
	A. Uvumilivu
	B. Werevu
	C. Subira
	D. Mzuri
46.	Tabia nzuri wanazofunzwa na walimu zitawasaidia
	A. siku zijazo
	B. leo tu
	C. shuleni tu
	D. nyumbani tu
47.	Mtu akitaka kuheshimiwa lazima
	A. awe mkali
	B. awe mwerevu
	C. akasirike
• .	D. awaheshimu wenzake
48.	Mtu aweza kupata kipindupindu akifanya nini?
•	A. Akikosa kwenda shule
	B. Akiwa mchafu
	C. Akiendelea kula
	D. Asiposoma kwa bidii
49.	Ipi si talanta kati ya hizi?
	A. Kukimbia
	B. Wizi
	C. Uimbaji
1	D. Uchoraji
50.	Mwanafunzi anapokuwa shuleni
	A. anafaa kujua machache.
	B. anafaa kufunzwa na mwalimu tu

C. anafaa kuwa mvivu

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STEGA SERIES KISWAHILI SEHEMU YA PILI: INSHA DARASA LA NNE MUHULA WA TATU 20

	DARASA LA NNE MUHULA WA TATU 2014 MUDA: DAK. 40-
Andika insha y	a kupendeza juu ya:
•	<u>UMUHIMU WA MITI</u>
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NAME										
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STEGA SERIES (11) ENGLISH SECTION B: COMPOSITION STD 4 TERM 3 2014 TIME: 40 MINS										
Write an interesting story about:										
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STEGA SERIES - STD 4

MARKING SCHEME 2014

ENGLISH	KISWAHIL	<u>I</u> <u>MATHS</u>	SCIENCE	SOCIAL STUDIES		
1.B 31.C	1.D 31.A	1. B 31.C	1. D 31 C	1. B 31. A	61.B	
2.D 32.A	2. C 32. A	2. B 32. C	2. B 32. D	2. D 32. B	62. D	
3. D 33. C	3. B 33. I	3. C 33. A	3.A 33.B	3.A 33. C	63. B	
4. A 34. C	4. C 34. I) 4.A 34.D	4. C 34. A	4. B 34. D	64.A	
5. C 35. A	5.A 35.A	5. D 35. C	5. B 35. C	5.A 35.A	65. C	
6. B 36. B	6. D 36. (C 6, C 36. B	6. B 36. C	6. B 36. C	66. D	
7. D 37. C	7. A 37. I	7. D 37. C	7. C 37. C	7.A 37.D	67. B	
8. A 38. D	8. B 38. I	I .	8. D 38. D	8. D 38. B	68. A	
9. D 39. A	9. C 39. (9. A 39. B	9. C 39. A	69. D	
10. A 40. C	10.B 40.1		10.A 40.A	10.B 40. C	70.A	
11.B 41.D	11.A 41.	The state of the s	11.B 41.B	11.C 41.B	71.B	
12. A 42. B	12. D 42. I		12. C 42. B	12. D 42. C	72.C	
13. D 43. B	13. A 43. I		13. A 43. C	13.A 43.D	73, D.	
14. C 44. D	14. B 44. A		14. D 44. A	14. B 44. C	74.A	
15. A 45. A	15. C 45.		15. D 45. C	15. C 45. A	75. C	
16.B 46.D	16. D 46. A		16. B 46. C	16. A 46. D	76.B 77.A	
17. D 47. C	17. D 47. I		17. B 47. C	17. B 47. C	77.A 78.D	
18. C 48. A	18.B 48.1		18.A 48.B	18. C 48. B	79. C	
19. B 49. C	19. D 49. I		19. B 49. C	19. D 49. C	80. D	
20. A 50. A	20.A 50.1		20. C 50. A	20. D 50. D	81.A	
21. D	21. C	21. A	21. D	21. B 51. B	82. B	
22. C	22. A	22. B	22. B	22. A 52. C	83. C	
23. B	23. A	23. C	23. C	23. C 53. D	84. D	
24.A	24.C	24. D	24. B	24. B 54. A	85. C	
25. C	25. B	25. B	25. D	25. C 55. C	86. C	
26. D 27. B	26. A	26. B	26. A	26. A 56. D	87. A	
	27. D	27. C	27. D	27. B 57. A	88. C	
28. B	28. B	28. C	28. C	28. C 58. B	89. B	
29. B	29. B	29. A	29. B	29. D 59. D	90. D	
30.A	30. A	30.B	30. B	30. A 60. A	Military and the second se	

A COMPOSITION MARKING SCHEME

MARKING CRITERION

- 1. The composition will be assessed according to the following guidelines.
 - The maximum mark will be 40 and the minimum (mark 01)
- Does the script show that the candidate can communicate accurately, fluently and imaginatively in English? Accuracy (8 marks)
 - a) Correct tenses and agreement of verbs (4 marks) b) Accurate use of vocabulary (4 marks)
- c) Following a sequence (4 marks) (16)

c) Correct spelling (4 marks)

d) Correct punctuation (4 marks)

Fluency (8 marks)

- a) Words in the correct order (4 marks)
- b) Sentence connection and paragraphs (4 marks) d) Ideas developed in logical sequence (4 marks)

- Imagination (8 marks)
 - a) Unusual but appropriate use of words and phrases (4 marks)