1. Which of the following is the scientific name for sperms?
   A. Seminal fluid  B. Testicles
   C. Spermatozoa    D. Ova

2. Which of the following is another name for a female human's oviduct?
   A. Fallopian tube  B. Birth canal
   C. Mammary glands D. Uterus

3. Which part of the male reproductive system passes sperms into the vagina?

4. A fertilized ovum develops in the ________
   A. ovary     B. oviduct
   C. uterus    D. vagina

5. What happens when an adolescent boy's voice breaks?
   A. It gets deeper
   B. It becomes higher pitched
   C. It becomes more musical
   D. It becomes hoarse and croaky

6. New born babies come into the world through the ________ or birth canal.
   A. cervix     B. vagina
   C. uterus     D. oviduct

7. Which of the following is an external male reproductive organ?
   A. Testis      B. Liver
   C. Vas deferens D. Scrotum

8. Which part of the male reproductive organs passes urine from the bladder and sperms from the testis?
   A. Penis      B. Bladder
   C. Urethra    D. Epididymis

9. Which one is an emotional change during adolescence?
   A. Becoming clever
   B. Becoming obedient to authority and at home
   C. Adolescents may have _____ of bad temper and depression in school
   D. Becoming absent from school

10. Tuberculosis is a disease that usually affects the ______
    A. nose       B. heart
    C. windpipe   D. lungs

11. Which one of the following diseases can a person be immunized with B.C.G. for protection?
    A. Malaria     B. Typhoid
    C. HIV/AIDS   D. Tuberculosis (T.B)

12. At what age is a baby immunized in order to prevent measles?
    A. 9 years     B. 6 weeks
    C. 9 months    D. 14 weeks

13. The letter 'D' in the word AIDS stands for ______
    A. dangerous   B. deficiency
    C. disease     D. doctor
14. Most people catch malaria when they ________
   A. eat a lot of sugarcane
   B. are bitten by female anopheles mosquito
   C. drink different types of water
   D. are bitten by male mosquito

15. Which advice can be given to a HIV positive person so as to protect his or her status?
   A. Practising sex with youths
   B. Use traditional medicines before having sex and after
   C. Be faithful to his/her partner and abstain from sex
   D. Have traditional healing

16. How many days do you have to wait after having unprotected sex to know whether you are HIV positive?
   A. None
   B. 30 days
   C. 60 days
   D. 90 days

17. Which one of the following is not true about AIDS?
   A. AIDS kill those who are weak and they do not eat well
   B. AIDS kills
   C. AIDS is an enemy to all of us
   D. AIDS has no cure

18. Medicines can be put into three groups. Which one is not?
   A. preventive medicines
   B. curative medicines
   C. pain killers
   D. poison

19. What is not likely to happen if we mishandle chemicals?
   A. Poisoning
   B. Burns
   C. Corroding
   D. Improves soil fertility

20. What type of pollination is taking place in the diagram shown below?
   A. Self pollination
   B. Wind pollination
   C. Insect pollination
   D. Cross pollination

21. Which of the following is not a female part of a flower?
   A. Pollen
   B. Ovary
   C. Stigma
   D. Style

22. Which of the following does not attract insect to flowers?
   A. Brightly coloured petals
   B. A sweet scent
   C. Broad-bladed leaves
   D. The presence of nectar

23. What does a fertilized ovule grow into?
   A. A seed
   B. A fruit
   C. An ovary
   D. A stamen

24. The diagram below explains about ________
   A. photosynthesis
   B. taking in of water by seeds
   C. germination of seeds
   D. dispersal of seeds

25. What is the correct name of the small hole in a seed through which water and air can pass?
26. Which of these plants named do the leaf below belong to?
A. Maize plant  B. Bean plant  C. Carrot plant  D. Cabbage plant

27. Which answer is correct about the definition of pollination?
A. The production of pollen in the anthers  B. The transfer of pollen from the anthers to the female flower parts  
C. The scattering of pollen grains by wind  D. The transfer of pollen from the stigma to the ovary

28. Which of the following is a true statement about flowers?
A. They are food storage organs  B. They are reproductive organs  C. They contain only male parts  D. They manufacture food for the plant

29. Which of the following plants is one example of plants that stores food in the roots?
A. Onions  B. Carrots  C. Tomatoes  D. Potatoes

30. Which of this is a characteristic of wind pollinated flower?
A. Brightly coloured petals  B. Sticky pollen grains  C. Have nectar  D. Produce large quantities of pollen grains

31. In the experiment below, done by std six class, it is true to say that 

![Image of dry seeds, soaked seeds, and seeds boiled in oil]

A. the seeds in all the containers did not germinate  B. the seeds germinated in container Y  
C. the seeds in container X and Z germinated  D. the seeds germinated in contain X only

32. Which one of the following statements is not true?
A. Asteroids are minor planets  B. Most asteroids are between Earth and Mars  
C. there are nearly 44,000 asteroids in the solar system  D. Asteroids form a belt

33. Which one of the following planets is closest to the sun?
A. Uranus  B. Mars  C. Mercury  D. Saturn

34. Which planet in the solar system is about 228km from the sun and has temperature of -30°C?
A. Mars  B. Earth  C. Jupiter  D. Venus

35. Your animals need a lot of proteins. The reason for this is 
A. to give them energy  B. to make them grow  
C. to protect them against diseases  D. to enable them reproduce

36. The name of the animal feed which contains alot of fibre is called ________
37. Which method of grazing do animals normally graze in a circular piece of pasture land?
A. Paddocking  B. Herding  
C. Zero grazing  D. Tethering

38. A farmer has four paddocks. He keeps his animals in each paddock for a period of 10 days, then he moves them to the next. What is the grazing cycle?
A. 10 days  B. 20 days  
C. 30 days  D. 40 days

39. Which one of the following is the best source of protein for our cattle?
A. Grass  B. Lucerne  
C. Maize stalks  D. Water

40. Paddocking makes use of
A. permanent fences  B. temporary fences  
C. electric fences  D. rope fences

41. Which of the following is not a means of preventing the spread of bilharzia?
A. Immunization  B. Wearing gumboots  
C. Always urinating in a latrine  D. Not swimming or standing in fresh water

42. Which one of the following is not a symptom of typhoid?
A. Coughing  B. Fever  
C. Vomiting  D. Diarrhoea

43. Which one of the following is not a water-borne disease?
A. Cholera  B. Malaria  
C. Typhoid  D. Bilharzia

44. Which one of the following is a sign and symptom of bilharzia?
A. Vomiting  B. Presence of blood in faeces

45. Which one of the following circumstances is not necessary to take a HIV test?
A. If you are pregnant  B. If you are being interviewed  
C. If your partner tells you that he/she is infected  D. If you want to get involved in a sexual relationship

46. Which one of the following disease infection that can destroy lung tissue?
A. Tuberculosis  B. Whooping cough  
C. Measles  D. Malaria

47. HIV/AIDS also worsens the country’s ________ because the skilled workers are lost to the disease.
A. economy  B. transport  
C. food  D. health

48. The diagram drawn is of a maize grain. Which part develops into a root?
A. Plumule  B. Cotyledon  
C. Radicle  D. Testa

49. The food in the above diagram is stored in the ________
A. testa  B. plumule  
C. radicle  D. endosperm

50. When is adolescence said to being?
A. At the age of 10  B. At the age of 19  
C. When you have had a child  D. At puberty