### KIBITHUI AREA

#### KEY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image1.png" alt="Icon" /></td>
<td>Tarmac road</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image2.png" alt="Icon" /></td>
<td>Dry weather road</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image3.png" alt="Icon" /></td>
<td>Murram road</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image4.png" alt="Icon" /></td>
<td>Railway</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image5.png" alt="Icon" /></td>
<td>River and bridge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image6.png" alt="Icon" /></td>
<td>Permanent building</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image7.png" alt="Icon" /></td>
<td>Church</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image8.png" alt="Icon" /></td>
<td>Cattle Dip</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image9.png" alt="Icon" /></td>
<td>Mosque</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image10.png" alt="Icon" /></td>
<td>County Council Office</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image11.png" alt="Icon" /></td>
<td>Police post</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image12.png" alt="Icon" /></td>
<td>Tea</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image13.png" alt="Icon" /></td>
<td>Coffee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image14.png" alt="Icon" /></td>
<td>Hospital</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image15.png" alt="Icon" /></td>
<td>Game Park</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image16.png" alt="Icon" /></td>
<td>County Slaughter House</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image17.png" alt="Icon" /></td>
<td>School</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image18.png" alt="Icon" /></td>
<td>Settlement/houses/huts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image19.png" alt="Icon" /></td>
<td>Scrubs and grass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image20.png" alt="Icon" /></td>
<td>Forest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image21.png" alt="Icon" /></td>
<td>Hill</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image22.png" alt="Icon" /></td>
<td>Market</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image23.png" alt="Icon" /></td>
<td>Chief’s Camp</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

**Study the map of KIBITHUI AREA above and answer questions 1-7**

1. The economic activity likely to be carried out at the Southern part of Kibithui is ____________
   - A. mixed farming
   - B. crop farming
   - C. pastoralism
   - D. mono cropping

2. The general flow of R. Mwiyo is ____________
   - A. South
   - B. North
   - C. South east
   - D. South West

3. People of Northern part of Kibithui area are ____________
   - A. Pagans
   - B. Muslims

4. A thief was caught at Nganyuthe market. He was taken to ____________
   - A. police post
   - B. school
   - C. hospital
   - D. county council office

5. The highest administrator at Kibithui area is ____________
   - A. chief
   - B. Assistant Chief
   - C. D.O
   - D. Governor

6. The railway line on the map is likely to transport ____________
   - A. tourist
   - B. police
   - C. tree
   - D. livestock

7. The man made feature at the point XXX is ____________
8. The instrument shown above is placed 30cm above the ground in order __
   A. to be seen by the pupils
   B. to prevent water from splashing into the container
   C. to collect more water
   D. to make water warm

9. Rainfall is measured in ____ units.
   A. millimetres
   B. millilitres
   C. kilograms
   D. centilitres

10. On 12th December we celebrate ____
    A. Mashujaa day
    B. Madaraka day
    C. Jamhuri day
    D. Labour day

11. Green light in traffic lights tells us to ____
    A. stop
    B. run away
    C. cross
    D. get ready

12. The removal of top soil by water is called ____
    A. washing
    B. erosion
    C. floods
    D. dust

13. People walking by the road are called ____
    A. passengers
    B. pedestrians
    C. passerby
    D. walkers

14. Our county is headed by ____
    A. President
    B. Deputy President
    C. Governor
    D. Chief

15. Money brought from other countries is called ____
    A. dollar
    B. foreign currency
    C. shilling
    D. import

16. When people depend on each other it is called ____
    A. interdependence
    B. independence
    C. culture
    D. get together

17. ____ are people who speak in a similar manner and use words that are related.
    A. Community
    B. Asian
    C. Language group
    D. language barrier

18. People who move from one place to another with their animals are called ____
    A. Maasai
    B. Samburu
    C. pastoralists
    D. grazers

19. ____ is a person who belongs to a particular country.
    A. Foreigners
    B. Citizen
    C. Christian
    D. Police

20. ____ is a place where beef cattle are kept.
    A. Ranch
    B. Lunch
    C. Boma
    D. Cattle dip

21. In the past people used to the following method of communication. Which one is not?
    A. Drumming
    B. Ululation
    C. Send young people
    D. Television

22. Perishable goods eg flowers are transported by ____
    A. railway
    B. road
    C. air
    D. water

23. This is a map of ____

24. The two peaks of Aberdare ranges are ____
    A. Kinangop and Lasasuma
    B. Lasasuma and Batian
    C. Nelion and Kinangop
    D. Lenana and Batian

25. The colour at the bottom of our flag represents ____
    A. Peace
    B. Vegetation
    C. Blood
    D. People

26. A place where there are many people living is said to be ____ populated.
    A. densely
    B. sparsely
    C. nuclear
    D. linear

27. As Juma was walking from school, the shadow pointed towards ____
    A. North
    B. East
    C. West
    D. South

28. The exchange of good for good is called ____ trade.
    A. exchange
    B. market
    C. barter
    D. currency

29. Rivers that dry up during dry season are called ____ rivers.
    A. tributaries
    B. permanent
    C. dry
    D. seasonal

30. Small rivers that join the big river are called ____
    A. tributaries
    B. swamps
    C. channels
    D. lakes

31. In the olden days children were taught by their ____
    A. church elders
    B.agemates
    C. classmates
    D. elders

32. Father, mother and children make up a ____ family.

SOCIAL STUDIES STD 4
33. The way of life is called
A. culture B. food C. clothes D. cattle
34. Who among the following is not a member of the county Assembly?
A. Speaker B. Deputy Governor C. Member from the youth D. Elected members from ward
35. In the past sick people were treated by
A. veterinary B. medicineman C. doctor D. Nurse
36. Most of people in Nyeri county are
A. doctors B. farmers C. teachers D. drivers
37. Pigs are mainly kept for
A. wool B. skin C. pork D. milk
38. Growing of trees together with crops is called
A. afforestation B. deforestation C. re-afforestation D. agroforestry
39. The activity of travelling from one place to another for pleasure is called
A. tourism B. leisure C. passenger D. wildlife
40. People who made tools from iron were known as
A. witchdoctor B. herbalists C. blacksmiths D. carpenter
41. A place where rules of a country are made is called
A. parliament B. county C. ward D. district
42. Are things people have and can use to make their lives better.
A. cars B. computers C. resources D. food
43. The following are traditional ceremonies which one is not?
A. naming ceremony B. initiation ceremony C. Christmas ceremony D. circumcision ceremony
44. Making of thing like pens, papers and clothes is called
A. manufacturing B. tailoring C. trading D. transporting
45. A cash crop found in our county that is used to make beverages is
A. cocoa B. wheat C. coffee D. avocados
46. The road sign shown means
A. road is crossed B. there is a junction C. hospital D. roundabout
47. Democracy in the school is shown in the following ways except
A. choosing prefects B. sharing ideas C. choosing clubs D. choosing hiding places
48. Which one is the main language group in our county?
A. Bantu B. Cushites C. Nilotes D. Semites
49. Food, clothes and shelter are called
A. basic need B. secondary need C. social need D. economic need
50. Rain, sunshine, wind, clouds are of wealth.
A. seasonal B. element C. climate D. farming
51. The best time of the day to do winnowing is
A. rainy B. cloudy C. sunshine D. windy
52. The physical feature marked X and Y are called
A. valley and a hill B. river and hill C. plain and hill D. lake and swamp
53. is a large area of water surrounded by land.
A. river B. stream C. plains D. lake
54. Which one of the following National parks is found in Nyeri county?
A. Aberdare B. Nakuru C. Maasai Mara D. Amboseli
55. One of the following was a traditional industry?
A. weaving B. paper making C. refining D. milk processing
56. The main work of police is to
A. guard people B. salute us C. chase thieves D. keep law and order
57. Which of the following is a moral value?
A. honest B. corruption C. robbery D. stealing
58. Acacia and cactus grow in vegetation.
A. wet B. rainy C. dry D. mountains
59. Members of county assembly represents an area called
A. constituency B. district C. county D. ward
60. Which one of the following is not a symbol of National unity?
A. national anthem B. national flag C. court of arms D. national holiday
61. Which of the following is a bad effect of weather?
A. Floods   B. Rain
C. Warm temperature D. Calm wind

52. Jesus raised Lazarus to show that he had power over____
A. nature B. people C. death D. sickness

63. Buying and selling things in the temple showed__________
A. order in the temple B. people feared God C. respect to the house of God D. disrespect to the house of God

64. The small boy who gave his five loaves of bread and two fish showed that he was____
A. selfish B. unselfish C. greedy D. unkind

65. Jesus prayed in the garden of____
A. Golgotha B. Eden C. Gethsemane D. Jordan

66. Which one of the following is a way of giving service at home?
A. Playing football B. Fetching firewood C. Stealing D. Fighting

67. Who among the following made the right choice?
A. Anania B. Judas C. Saphira D. ham

68. Jesus was baptised by____
A. John the disciple B. John the baptised C. Simon Peter D. sons of Zebedee

69. A group of people who believe that Jesus Christ is their Lord and Saviour is called____
A. Jesus community B. Bulhaism community C. Islam community D. Christian community

70. Moses married Zipporah a daughter of a midian priest called____
A. Aaron B. Elimelech C. Jethro D. Abraham

71. Jesus overcame evil by being____
A. prayerful B. brave C. unfaithful D. preaching

72. Jesus was tempted by the devil after____
A. crucifixion B. birth C. baptism D. resurrection

73. Who among the following were sisters of Lazarus?
A. Mary and Martha B. Martha and Elizabeth C. Martha and Naomi D. Ruth and Naomi

74. Eli the priest was helped by____ in the temple.
A. Zachariah B. Samwel C. Elikanah D. Jesus

75. The early followers of Jesus Christ were first called Christian at____
A. Jerusalem B. Jericho C. Bethlem D. Antioch

76. Solomon asked God to give him one of the following. Which one?
A. Money B. Long life C. Wisdom D. Friends

77. The following items should be shared except____
A. food B. house C. toothbrush D. wealth

78. After the floods in the times of Noah the water dried up after___days.
A. 150 B. 50 C. 140 D. 40

79. The Luo call their God____
A. Mulungu B. Murungu C. Ngai D. Nyasaye

80. Eli Eli lama Sabachthani Matthew 27:33--50. These words means___
A. My God why have you abandon me B. open up C. rise and walk D. being on the cross

81. By healing the paralysed man, Jesus showed he had power____
A. to forgive sins and heal the sick B. over nature C. over death D. over life

82. We serve the country by doing one of the following. Which one?
A. Playing hid and seek B. Burning charcoal C. Planting trees D. Fighting one another

83. Sharing work make work all the following except____
A. easier B. enjoyable C. promote unity D. promote hatred

84. Jesus means____
A. saviour B. Christ C. Immanuel D. Wonderful counsellor

85. Elimelech the husband of Ruth went to Moab to look for____
A. land B. cattle C. food D. water

86. When God called Moses, he said he was the God of all the following except____
A. Jacob B. Isaac C. Abraham D. David

87. Adam and Eve were given the garden of____
A. Gethsemane B. Eden C. Jordan D. Canaan

88. The mother of Jesus Christ was known as____
A. Elizabeth B. Ruth C. Mary D. Naomi

89. David son of Jesse killed a Philistine called____
A. Goliath B. Samson C. Saul D. Jonathan

90. All the following are elements of weather except____
A. cloud B. wind C. water D. rain