NAME	INDEX NO:		
	CANDIDATE'S S	IGNATURE	
		DATE:	
213/1			
BIOLOGY			
PAPER 1			
(THEORY)			

KAKAMEGA CENTRAL SUB-COUNTY JOINT EVALUATION EXAM-2015

Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education (K.C.S.E.)

213/1

BIOLOGY

PAPER 1

(THEORY)

JULY/AUGUST-2015

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JULY/AUGUST-2015

TIME: 2 HOURS

TIME: 2 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. Write your name and index number in the spaces provided above

1

- 2. Sign and write the date of examination in the spaces provided.
- **3.** Answer *all* the questions in the spaces provided.

FOR EXAMINERS USE ONLY

Question	Maximum score	Candidate's score
1- 29	80	

This paper consists of 7 printed pages.

Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain all the pages are printed as indicated

And no questions are missing.

1.	Distinguish between Diffusion and Osmosis.	(2mks)
2.	Describe what happens during the light stage of photosynthesis. (3mks)	
3.	State two ways in which the root hairs are adapted to their functions.	(2rnks
4.	a) What is meant by the following terms:	
	i)Homeostasis.	(1mk)

ii) Osmoregulation.	(1mk)
b) Name the hormones involved in regulating glucose level in blood. (2mks)	
a) What is meant by the term allele?	(1mk)
b) Explain how the following occurs during gene mutation. (2mks) i)Deletion.	
ii) Inversion	
a) Name the cartilage found between the bones of the vertebral column. (1mk)	
b) State the function of the cartilage named in (a) above. (1mk)	

7. Give an example of a sex — linked trait in humans on:

Y- Chromosome (Imk)

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- Chromoso	me.	
State three	benefits of polyploidy in plants to a farmer.	(3mks)
Other than h	naving many features in common, state the other characteristics of a species.	(lmk)
Why are gre	een plants referred to as primary producers in an ecosystem?	(2mks)
he diagrams	below represent a set up to investigate the conditions necessary for seed gerr	mination.
_	Soaked seeds Soaked seeds	nination. Unsoake
oom temper	Soaked seeds Moist cotton wool At O°C At room to	Unsoaked
oom temper The set up w	Soaked seeds Moist cotton wool Moist cotton	Unsoaked

	Name the substances in plasma and red blood cells that transport carbon (IV) oxide. Plasma		(2mks)
	Red blood cells		
13.	State two factors that cause increase in the rate of transpiration from leaves.		(3mks)
14.	What is the significance of meiosis?		(2mks)
15.	a) State three advantages of cross — pollination.	(3mks)	
	b) State two ways by which plants avoid self— pollination.	(2mks)	
16.	The following organisms were found in a certain habitat: Water snail, Protozoa, Kingfisher, Mosquito larvae, Phytoplankton, Fish and Water weeds.		
	In the table below place the organisms in their respective trophic levels.	(3mks)	

TROPHIC LEVEL

ORGANISMS

Producers

Primary producers

Secondary producers

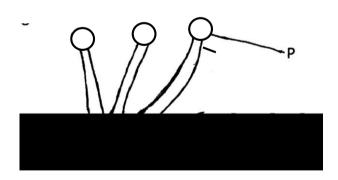
17.	Name the process by which mineral salts are absorbed by plants. (I	lmk)	
18.	Write down a word equation that represents the process of aerobic respiration. (I	lmk) 	
19.	The equation below represents a metabolic process that occurs in the mammalian liver.		
	Amino Enzymes Organic + Urea		
	Acids compounds		
	a) Name the process.		(lmk)
	b) What is the importance of the process to the mammal? ((2mks)	
20.	Name the carbohydrate stored in:		
	i) Mammalian liver		(lmk)
	ii) Potato		(lmk)

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21.	State the functions of each of the following structures in a mammalian tooth:	
	a) Pulp cavity	(lmk)
	b) Enamel (Ir	nk)
	c) Dentine (I	nk)
22.	a) State two environmental conditions that can cause seed dormancy.	(2mks
	b) Distinguish between epigeal and hypogeal type of germination. (2	 mks)
23.	a) Name the fluid that is produced by the sebaceous glands. (Ir	 mk)
	b) What is the role of sweat on the human skin? (2	 mks)
24.	Distinguish between the terms: a)Homodont and heterodont.	

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	b) Haemolysis and plasmolysis	(2mks)
25.	State three disadvantages of sexual reproduction (3mks)	
26. :	a) Name one defect of the circulatory system in humans. (Imk)	
	b) State three functions of blood other than transport.	(3mks)

27. The diagram below illustrates the structure of bread mould



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	b) State the functions of the structure labeled Q (3mks)	
28.	a)Explain the role of continental drift in evolution. (3mks)	
	b) What is meant by the term organic evolution? (Imk)	
20	What role does musus play in the stemash?	(2mks)
29.	What role does mucus play in the stomach?	(ZIIIKS)

NAME INDEX NO:

CANDIDATE'S SIGNATURE

DATE:

213/2
BIOLOGY
PAPER 2

THEORY)
JULY/AUGUST-2015
TIME: 2 HOURS

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KAKAMEGA CENTRAL SUB-COUNTY JOINT EVALUATION EXAM-2015

Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education (K.C.S.E.)

213/2 BIOLOGY PAPER 2 (THEORY) JULY/AUGUST-2015 TIME: 2 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- ➤ Write your **name** and **index number** in the spaces provided above
- > Sign and write the date of examination in the spaces provided.
- Answer *all* the questions in the spaces provided.

FOR EXAMINERS USE ONLY

Question	Maximum score	Candidate's score
1- 30	80	

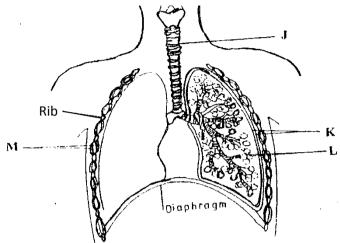
This paper consists of printed pages.

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SECTION A (40 MARKS)

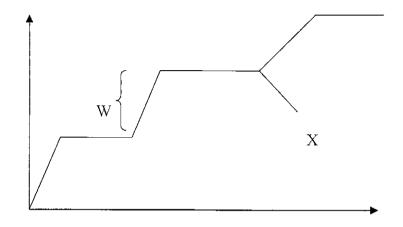
Answer all questions in this section in the spaces provided

1. The diagram below represents gaseous exchange structures in humans



a)	Name the structures labeled K,L and M	(3mks)
	K	
	L	
	M	
b)	How the structure labelled J suited to its function?	(3mks)
c)	Name the process by which inhaled air moves from the structure labeled L into blo	(1 mk)
d)	Give the scientific name of the organism that causes tuberculosis in humans.	(1mk)
2(a) T	The diagram below represents a stage during the process of germination	
i)	Name the type f germination illustrated in the diagram	(1mk)
	Give a reason for your answer in (a) (i) above	(1mk)

b. The graph below represents the growth of animals in a certain phylum.



i) Name the type of growth pattern shown on the graph

 ii) Identify the process represents by x.
 iii) Name the hormone responsible for the process in (b) above
 (1mk)

- 3. A red cow was mated with a white bull. All the F1 were neither red nor white. Such individuals are said to be roan
 - a) Using letter R to represent the gene for red colour and W to represent the gene for the white colour, workout the genotypes of the F2 off springs when F1 were mated. (4mks)

	ite down the genotypic and phenotypic ratios of F2 generation	(2mks)
	Suggest a reason why the F1 were all roan	(1mk)
d)	State the importance of a test cross?	(1mk)
	equation below represents a process that takes place in plants $C_0CO_2 + 6H_2O$ \longrightarrow $C_6H_{12}O_6 + 6O_2$	
	Name the process	(1mk)
b)	State two conditions necessary for the process to take place	(2mks)
c)	State what happens to end – products of the process	(5mks)
A fr	eshly obtained dandelion stem measuring 5cm long was split lengthwise to obtain two eces were placed in solution of different concentrations in petri dishes for 20 minutes.	
e pi	U minufes is as shown	11
e pi	O minutes is as shown Epidermis Piece in L Piece in L	

b)	State the significance of the biological process involved in the experiment	(2mks)
		• • • • •

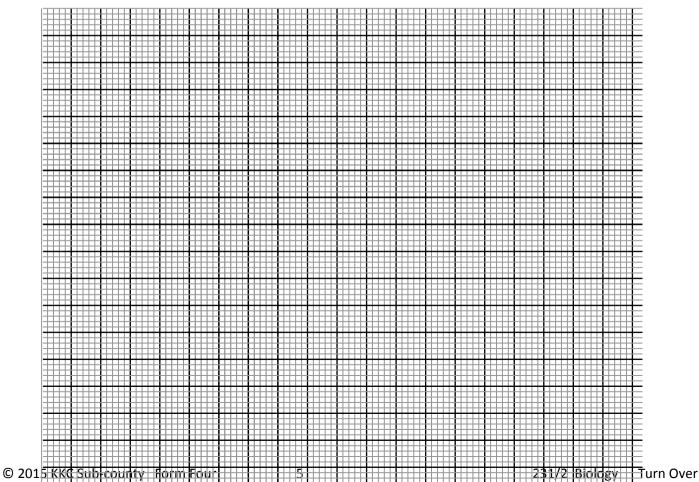
SECTION B (40 MARKS)

Answer question 6 (compulsory) and either questions 7 or 8 in the spaces provided after question 8

6. An experiment was carried out to investigate transpiration and absorption of water in sunflower plants in their natural environment with adequate supply of water. The amount of water was determined in two hours intervals. The results are as shown in the table below.

Time of day	Amounts of water in grams		
	Transpiration	Absorption	
11 00 – 13 00	33	20	
13 00 – 15 00	45	30	
15 00 – 17 00	52	42	
17 00 – 19 00	46	46	
19 00 – 21 00	25	32	
21 00 – 23 00	16	20	
23 00 - 01 00	08	15	
$01\ 00 - 03\ 00$	04	11	

a) Using the same axes, plot graphs to show transpiration and absorption of water in grams against time of the day (7mks)



c)	Acco	unt for the shape of graph of:	
	i)	Transpiration	(3mks)
	ii)	Absorption	(3mks)
d)	What	would happen to transpiration and absorption of water if the experiment was ours?	continued till 05 (2mks)
e)	Name	e two factors that may affect transpiration and absorption at any given time	(2mks
f)		nin how the factors you named in (e) above affect transpiration	(2mks
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	tate the	ere aspects of light that are important in photosynthesis	(3mks)
) D	tate the	ere aspects of light that are important in photosynthesis e how the leaves of plants are adapted to carry out photosynthesis.	(3mks) (17mks)
) D	tate the escribe	ere aspects of light that are important in photosynthesis	(3mks)
) D	tate the escribe	ere aspects of light that are important in photosynthesis e how the leaves of plants are adapted to carry out photosynthesis. e the process of fertilization in a flowering plant	(3mks) (17mks) (16mks) (4mks)
) D	tate the escribe	ere aspects of light that are important in photosynthesis e how the leaves of plants are adapted to carry out photosynthesis. e the process of fertilization in a flowering plant e changes that take place in a flower after fertilization	(3mks) (17mks) (16mks) (4mks)
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) D	tate the escribe	ere aspects of light that are important in photosynthesis e how the leaves of plants are adapted to carry out photosynthesis. e the process of fertilization in a flowering plant e changes that take place in a flower after fertilization	(3mks) (17mks) (16mks) (4mks)

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NAME	INDEX NO:
	CANDIDATE'S SIGNATURE
	DATE:

231/3 BIOLOGY PAPER 3(PRACTICAL) JULY/AUGUST-2015 TIME: 1³/₄ HOURS

KHWISERO SUB-COUNTY JOINT EVALUATION EXAM - 2015

Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education (K.C.S.E.)

231/3 BIOLOGY PAPER 3(PRACTICAL) JULY/AUGUST-2015 TIME: 1³/₄ HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, Index number and name of your school in the spaces provided above
- **Sign** and write the **date** of examination in the spaces provided.
- This paper consists of three questions
- Answer **all** the questions in the spaces provided.

FOR EXAMINERS USE ONLY

QUESTION	MAXIMUM SCORE	CANDIDATE'S SCORE
1	12	
2	18	
3	10	
TOTAL SCORE	40	

This paper consists of 4 printed pages.

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and that no questions are missing.

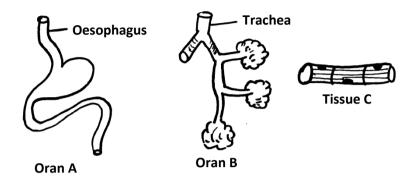
1. You are provided with 8cm³ solution **Q**, Iodine solution, Benedict's solution, 10% sodium hydroxide solution, 1% copper sulphate solution means of heating test tube rack, 3 dry test tube and a water bath.

Use the provided reagents and apparatus to establish food substances present in solution **Q**. Fill the observation and conclusion in the table provided.

	Food	Pro	cedure	Observation	Conclus	sion
	substance					
						(0 1
						(9 mks)
(b)	(b) How would you test for the presence of Vitamins in solution Q					(1mk)
(c)	State two food sub	stance in Q a	and enzyn	nes in human beings that wo	ould digest them	(2mks)
	Food substa	ance	F	Enzyme from pancrease		

You are provided with specimen labeled R. observe it keenly and answer the o	questions that
follow.	
(a) Suggest the class of the plant from which the specimen was obtained.	(1mk)
(b) Give two reasons for your answer	(2mks
(c) Observe the leaf on, the twig of the specimen R. Describe the leaf.	(3mks
(d) Pluck out the open flower from the twig . cut the flower longitudinally using scarpel or razor blade exposing the inner parts.	
(i) Suggest the agent of pollination of the above flower.	(1mk)
(ii) Give three reasons your answer in d(i) above	(3mks)
(f) Obtain turnayana sastian of specimen C using the seemal and observe the	
(f) Obtain transverse section of specimen S using the scarpel and observe the Using a handlens, observe and draw one of the cut surface labeling all the pa	
(l) Calculate the magnification of the drawing.	(1

3 Observe the diagram of various organs obtained from human beings .



(i) Identify the system represented by the organs A and B. A: B:	(2mks)
(ii) State the muscles that line inner walls of system A and muscles that make up tissue C A	(2mks)
C:	(1mk)
(iv) How are the 'bag like' structures in B suited to their function.	(3mks)
(v) Why do tracheoles in insects, lack chitinous rings?	(2mks)