Answer all the questions in this section

1. Give two reasons for studying government of Kenya (2mks)
2. Identify the main characteristic of a clan among traditional African community (2mks)
3. Apart from the Somali name any two other communities in Kenya that belong to the Eastern Cushites (2mks)
4. Give two archaeological evidence that shows that the Kenyan coast had contacts with outside world by 1500 (2mks)
5. Name the missionary society that established a home for freed slaves at freere town during the 19th century (1mk)
6. Give two strategic factors that made Britain interested in occupying Kenya during the 19th century (2mks)
7. State one role played by Mekatilili wa Menza in the struggle for independence in Kenya (1mk)
8. Give two characteristics of education given to Africans in Kenya during the colonial Period (2mks)
9. State one way in which education promotes national unity in Kenya (1mk)
10. Give one contribution of Daniel Toroitich Arap Moi in development of education in Kenya (1mk)
11. Mention two circumstances under which an individual’s freedom of movement may be limited in Kenya (2mks)
12. Give the main source of revenue for county government in Kenya (1mk)
13. Identify the major incidence that prompted the declaration of the state of emergency in Kenya in October 20th 1952 (1mk)
14. Give two types of democracy used in Kenya (2mks)
15. State one circumstance under which a county governor may be impeached in Kenya (1mk)
16. State one non-military function of the Kenya defense forces (1mk)
17. Differentiate between a criminal and civil disputes (1mk)
18. Name the body that reviews salaries of public servants in Kenya (1mk)

SECTION B (45MKS)

Answer three questions from this section

19. (a) state three factors that contributed to Nandi military power during the second half of the 19th century (3mks)

(b) Explain six functions of the Orkoiyot among the Nandi during the pre-colonial period (12mks)

20. (a) give three factors which facilitated the establishment of British colonial rule in Kenya by the end of the 19th century (3mks)

(b) Explain six factors that hastened attainment of independence of Kenya after 1945 (12mks)

21. (a) Give three grievances of the white settlers that were presented to the Duke of Devonshire in London in 1923 (3mks)

(b) Explain six positive effects of urbanization in Kenya during the colonial period (12mks)

22. (a) highlight the contribution of Harambee philosophy to development of Kenya since independence (5mks)

(b) Explain five reasons why the government of Kenya establishes parastatals (10mks)

SECTION C (30MKS)

Answer two questions from this section

23. (a) Give five circumstances under which a person’s right to personal liberty may be limited in Kenya (5mks)

(b) Explain five rights enjoyed by persons with disabilities in Kenya (10mks)

24. (a) State three functions of the attorney General in Kenya (3mks)

(b) Explain six functions of the public service in Kenya (12mks)

25. (a) state three principles under which devolved governments operate in Kenya (3mks)

(b) Explain six challenges facing county governments in Kenya (12mks)
GATUNDU FORM 4 EVALUATION EXAM

311/2

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

PAPER 2

2 1/2 HOURS

SECTION A (25MKS)

Answer all questions

1. Identify the historical period when oral traditions was the main source of information (1mk)
2. Give two ways through which the early man obtained food (2mks)
3. State one theory that explains the development of crop growing and animal rearing (1mk)
4. Identify one disadvantage of barter trade (1mk)
5. What were the main features of roman roads (2mks)
6. State two reasons why coal is not commonly used as a raw material in industries (2mks)
7. State two ways in which centralized authority contributed to success if Buganda Kingdom (2mks)
8. Identify the main factor that contributed to the growth of Athens (1mk)
9. State two Europeans activities in Africa before 1856 (2mks)
10. Give two peaceful method which nationalists used in south Africa in the struggle for independence (2mks)
11. State the chartered company that administered Northern Nigeria during colonialisation (1mk)
12. Name the president of Front For Liberation Of Mozambique(FRELIMO) in 1962 (1mk)
13. Identify two countries with Veto power on the security council of United Nations Organization (UNO) (2mks)
14. Name two countries that fought on side of AXIS in the second world war (2mks)
15. State two weapons used during the cold war (2mks)
16. Identify the national organization that took over the Organization of African Unity(OAU) (1mk)
17. What event promoted the entry of USA into the second world war (1mk)

SECTION B (45MKS)

Answer THREE questions from this section

18. (a) Give three ways in which Homo Erectus attempted to improve his way of life (3mks)

(b) Discuss six benefits of discovery of fire to early man (12mks)

19. (a) Identify three indigenous crops that were grown by Africans (3mks)

(b) Explain six effects of the Agrarian revolution in United States of America (12mks)

20. (a) State five disadvantages of using fire and smoke signals in communication (5mks)

(b) Explain the impact of modern means of communications (10mks)

21. (a) State three factors influencing the growth of London (3mks)

(b) Explain six problems facing Johannesburg as an urban centre (12mks)

SECTION C (30MKS)

Answer two questions

22. (a) Give three ways through which trade contributed to the rise of Asante Kingdom in the 19th century (3mks)

(b) Describe the political organization of the Asante in the 19th century (12mks)

23. (a) Name three founder members of non-aligned movement (3mks)

(b) Explain six effects of the cold war (12mks)

24. (a) State three ways in which a person can become a member of the House of Lords in Britain (3mks)

(b) Explain the functions of the British prime Minister (12mks)